

SRS TIMING ANOMALY

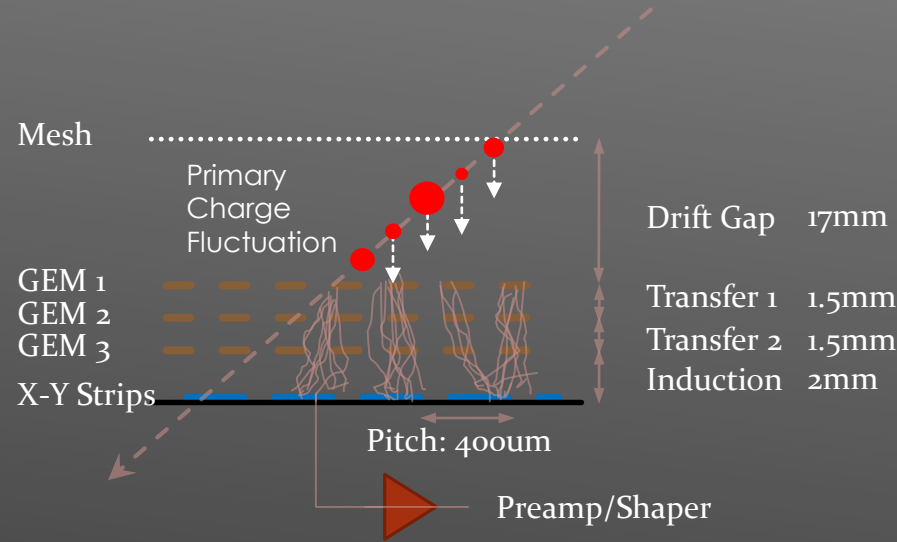
RD51 Mini-Week

June 9, 2015

M. Phipps, BNL

USING THE SRS TO MEASURE TIME WITH AN EXTENDED DRIFT GEM DETECTOR

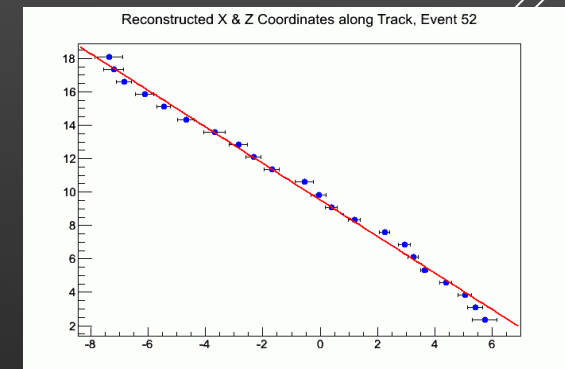
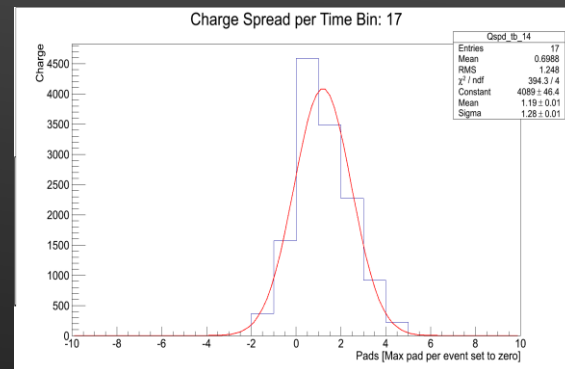
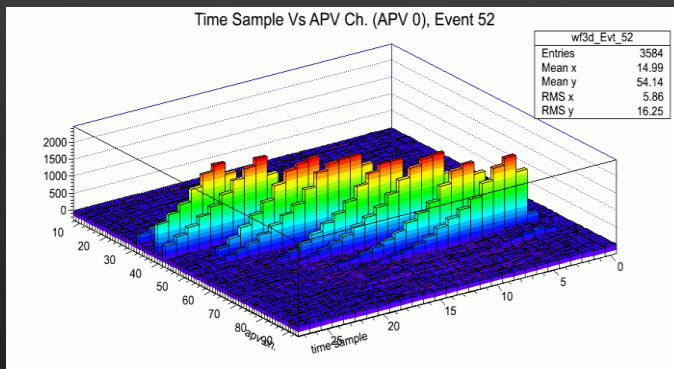
- Detector concept: Improve GEM resolution at large angles by widening drift gap and allowing vector reconstruction
- Dependent on timing resolution and shaping time of readout system



Angled track from test beam data

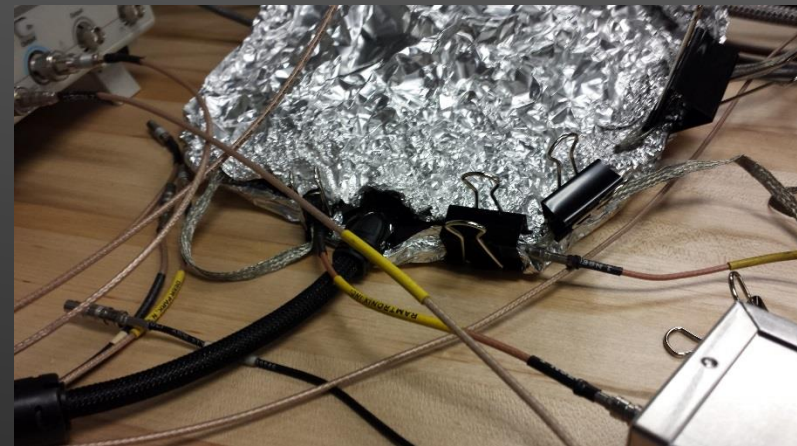
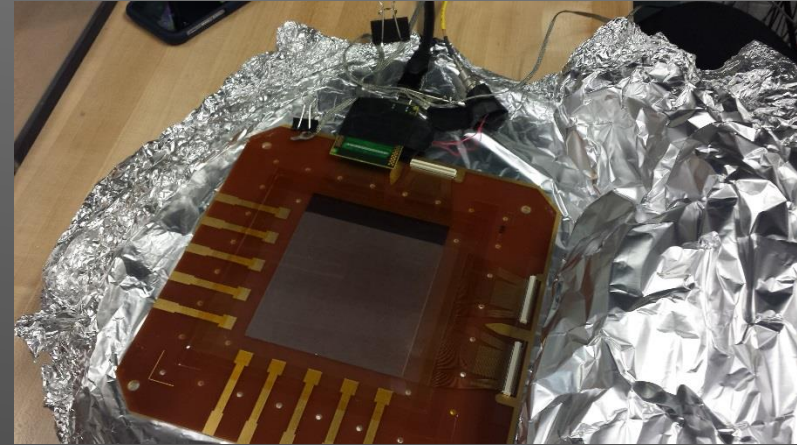
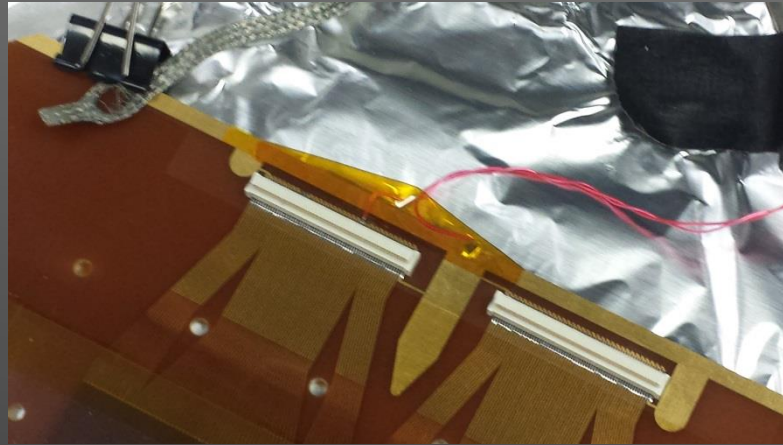
Track reconstruction: Find centroid for each time slice

Track reconstruction: Use edge of time bin to reconstruct z coordinate



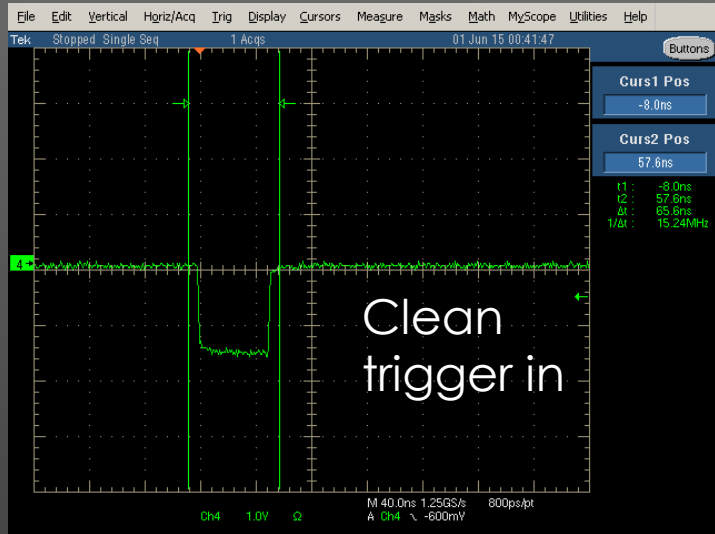
Timing Resolution of SRS Studied In-Lab Using Function Generator

- Twisted pair soldered directly to 2 separate readout strips
- Circuitry on APV protected
- Grounding connections made and board wrapped in aluminum foil for shielding
- Signal In: Function gen -> capacitor box -> Compass board
- Signal Out: SRS



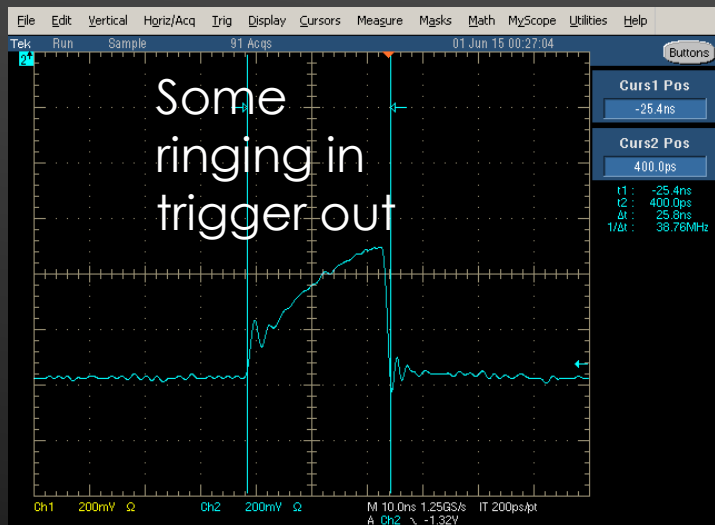
EXPECTED TIMING JITTER: 25/SQRT(12) EFFECT FROM UN-SYNCED CLOCKS

NIM
Trg In
to
SRS



Trigger
on Trg In
on
scope

Trg Out
from
SRS



Measure
SRS Trigger
Jitter



25 /
Sqrt(12)

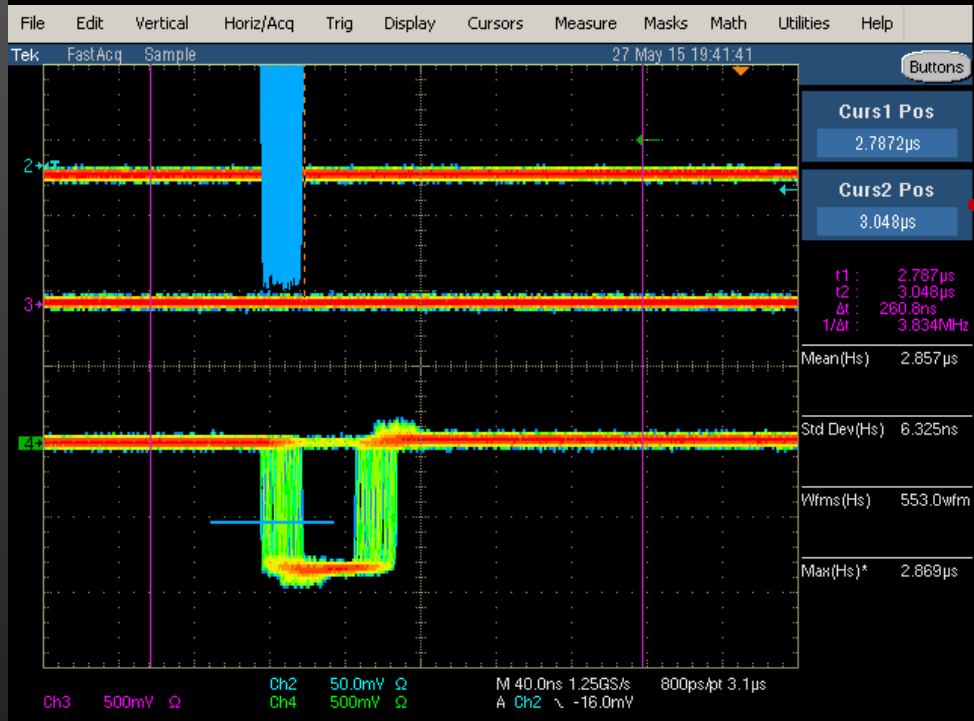
4

Use Function Generator to Go In and Out of Phase with SRS



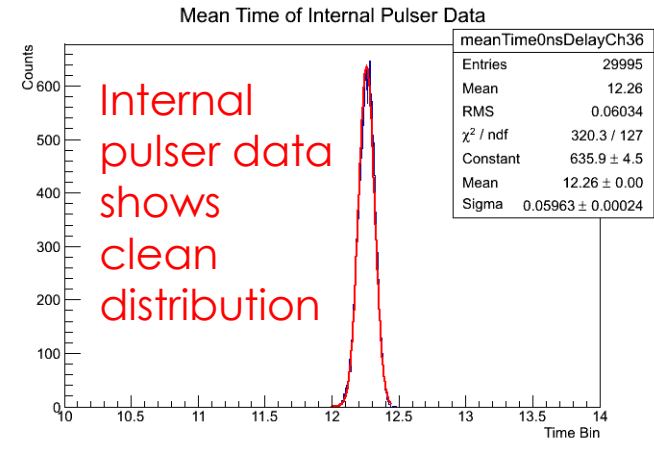
“In phase” External Pulser

“Out of phase” External Pulser

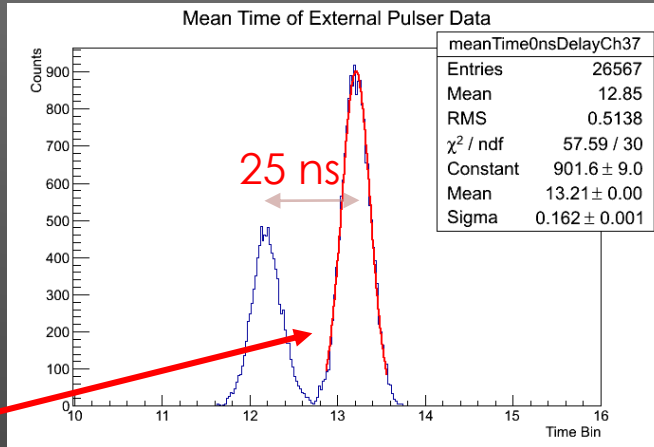


- Note:**
- Pulser and SRS clocks drift over time
 - Cannot be perfectly in phase w/o syncing clocks

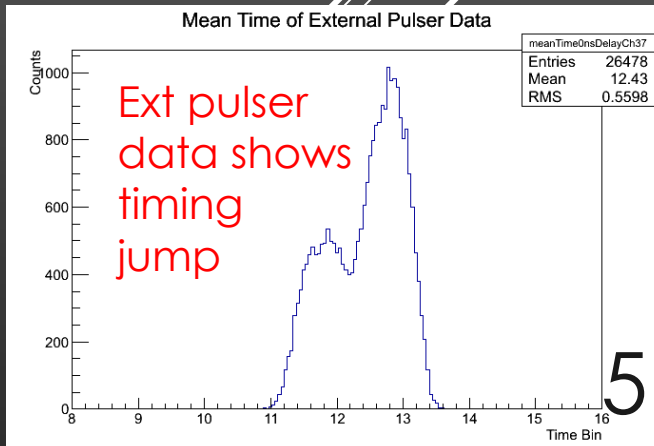
Mean time of waveform
SRS Internal Pulser



In Phase External Pulser

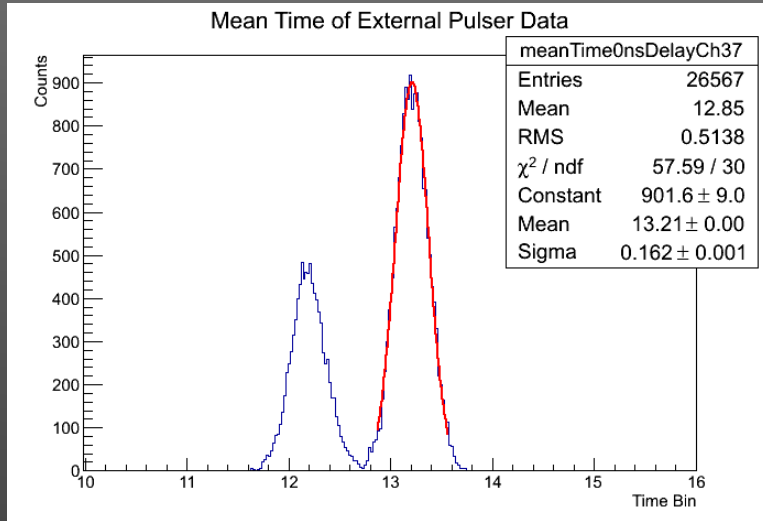


Out of Phase External Pulser

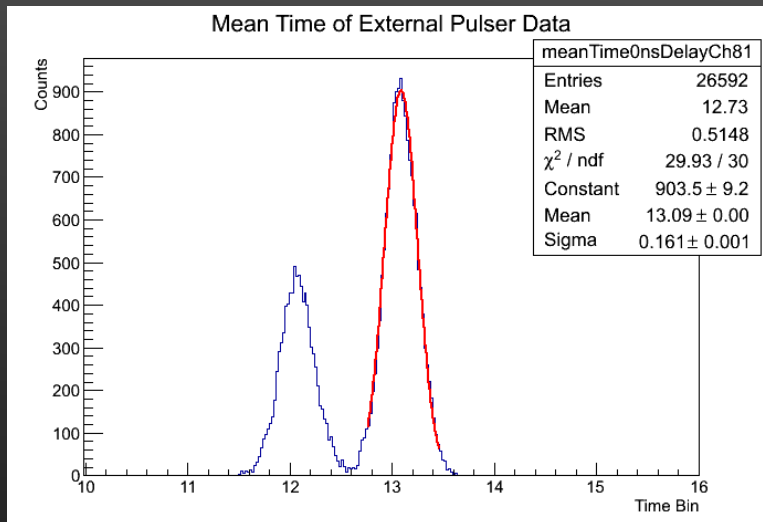


Investigating the Timing Jump Further: “Measure our Measurement” from In Phase (sigma = 0.97 ns) External Pulser Data

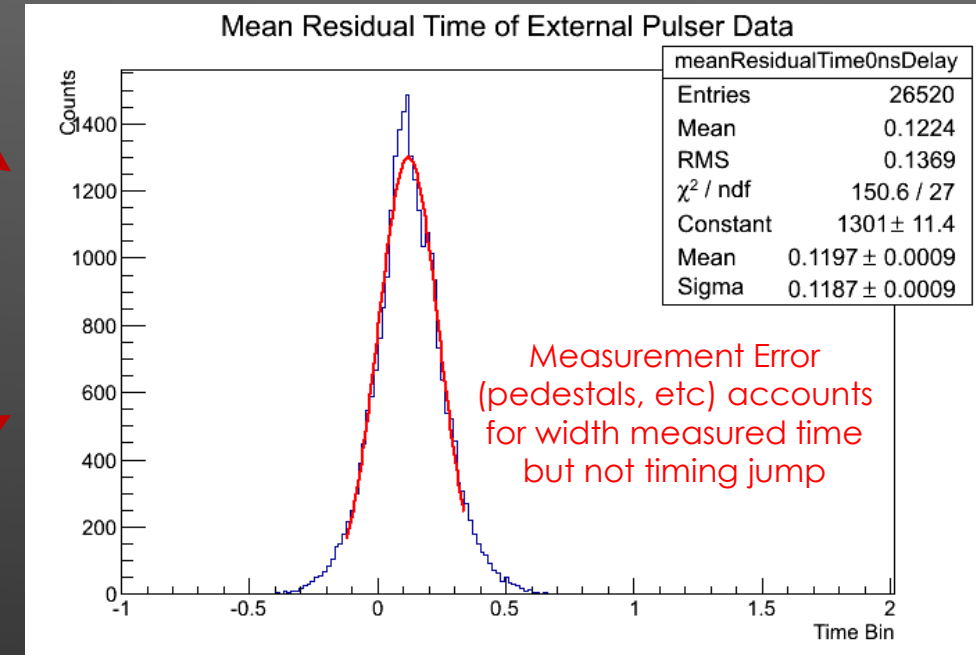
Mean Time of
Channel 1



Mean Time of
Channel 2



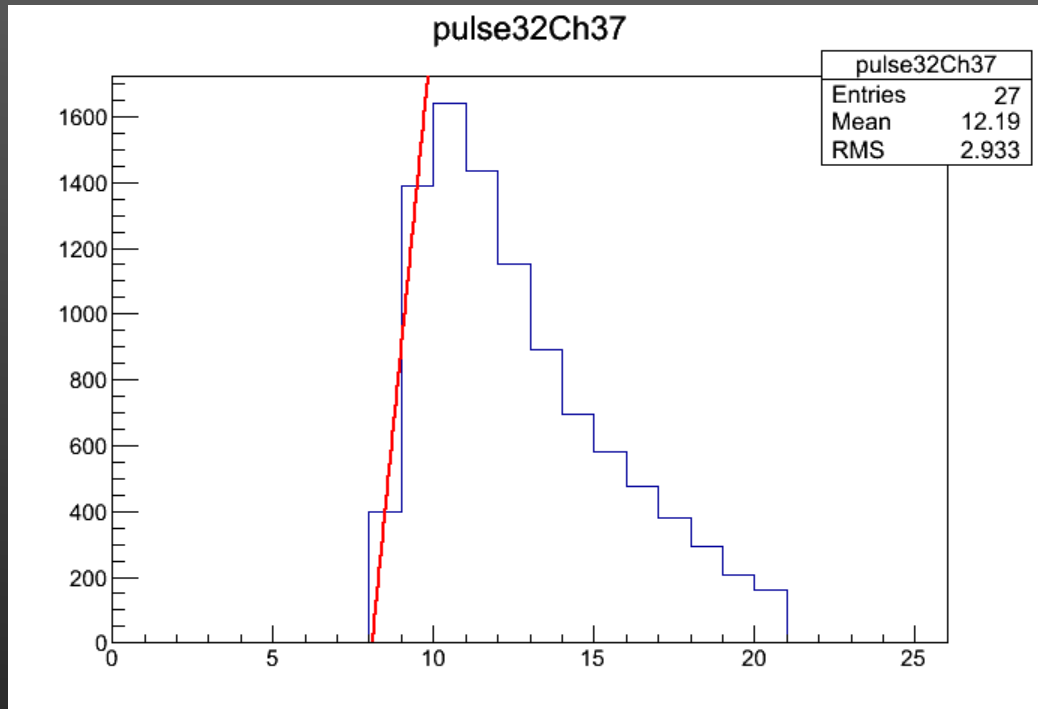
Residual Mean
Time of Two
Channels



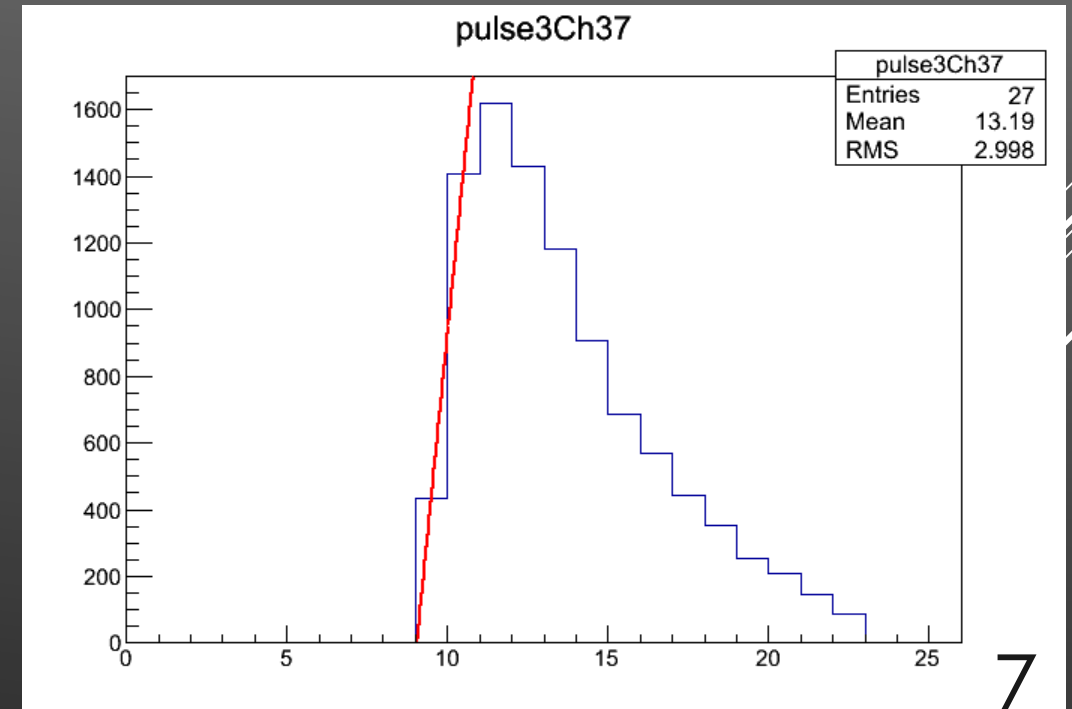
Investigating the Timing Jump Further: Waveforms from the two timing peaks are identical

- Same pulse shifted in time
- Discreteness visible in raw data plots

Peak 1

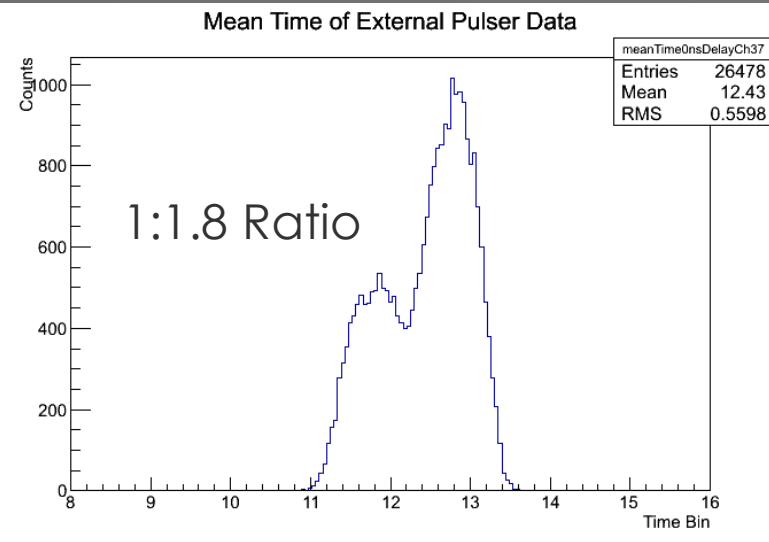
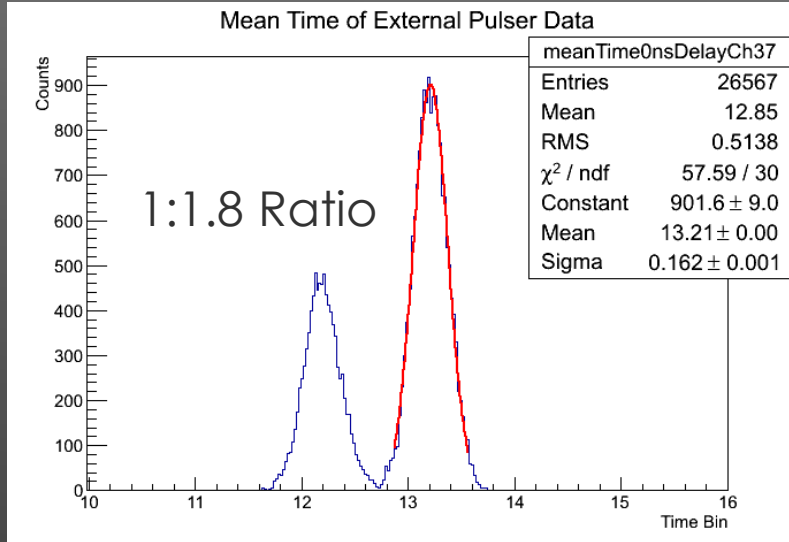


Peak 2



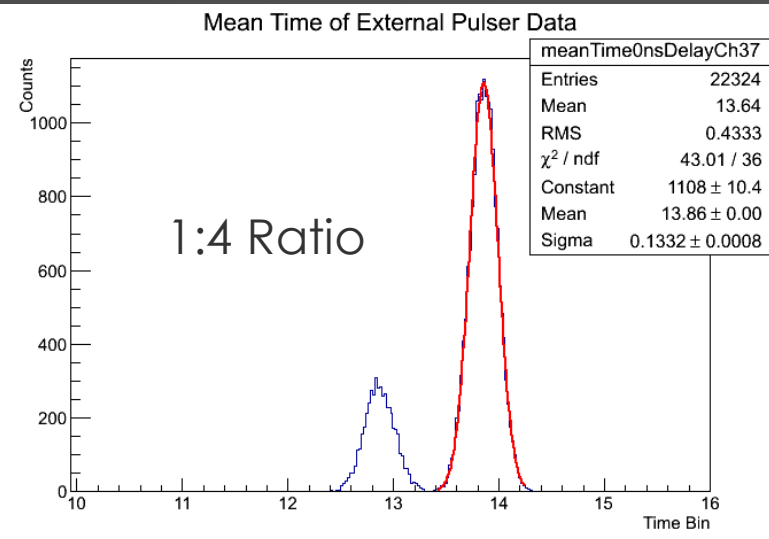
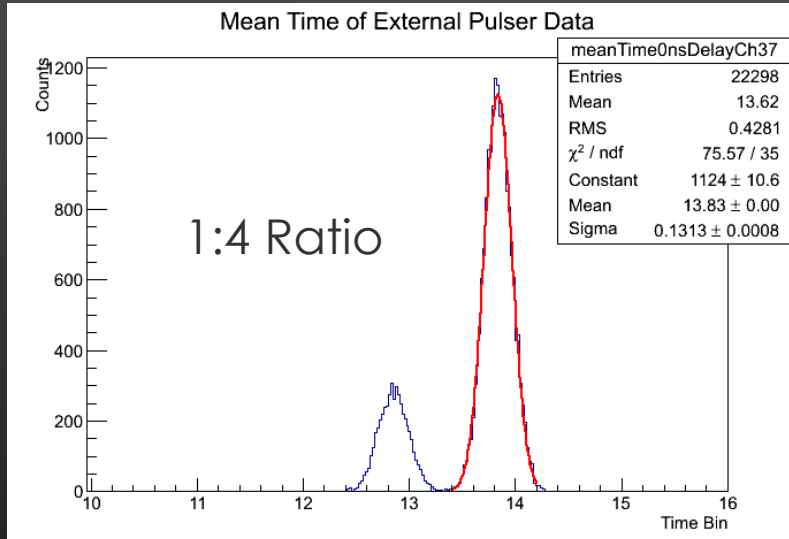
Investigating the Timing Jump Further: Fluctuations in Frequency of Timing Jump

In Phase/Out of
Phase Ext. Pulser
Data Shown On
Previous Slides



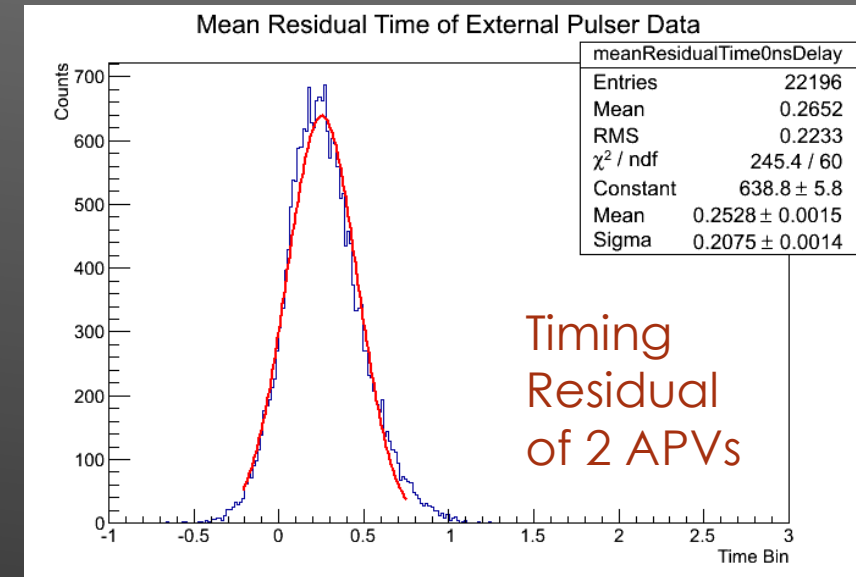
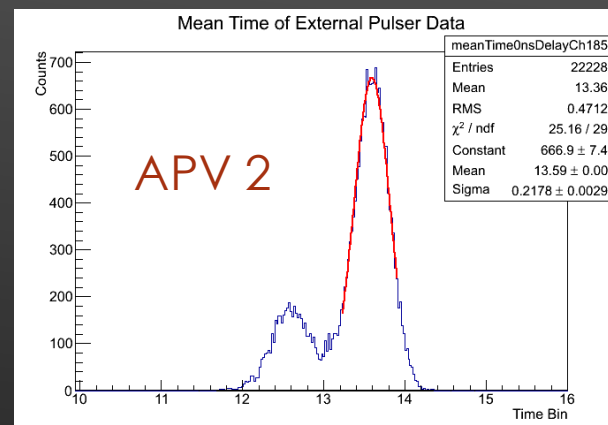
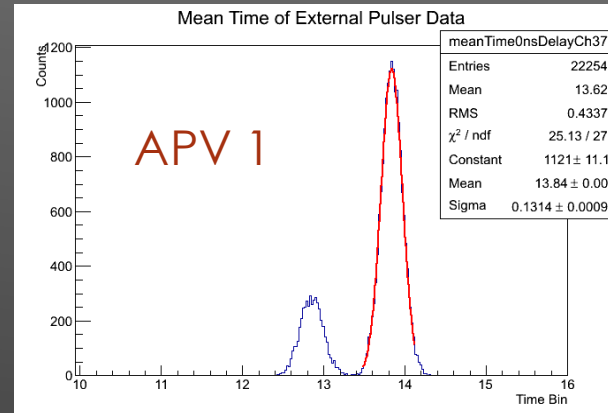
- Ratio Consistent in Short Term
- Fluctuates on Different Days (Strange – Temperature Dependence?)

In Phase Ext. Pulser
Data Taken on
Same Day ...
Different
Day/Same Test
Conditions as
Upper Plots



INVESTIGATING THE TIMING JUMP FURTHER: DO 2 APVS JUMP TOGETHER? ... YES

- Tested external pulser on channels from two separate APVs
- Both showed timing jump
- But timing residual between the two channels was single peaked -> jump happens together

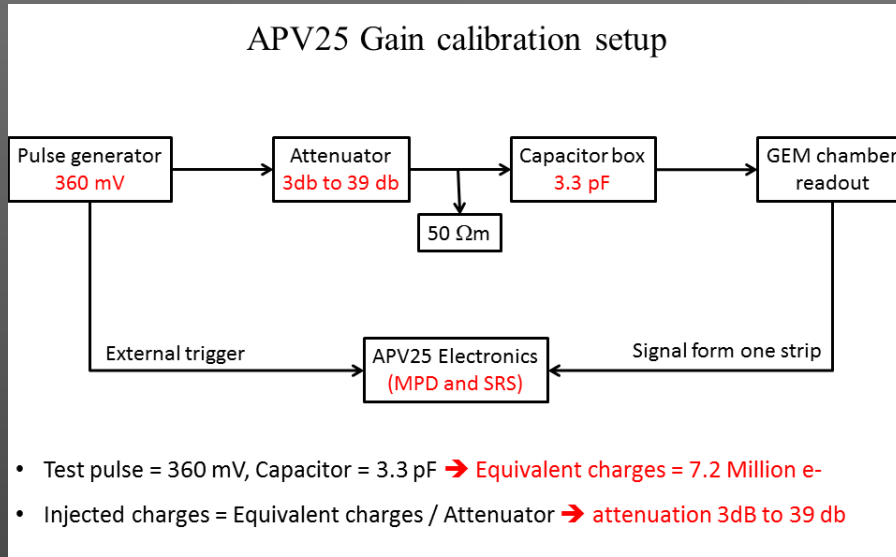


Similar Results at
University of Virginia

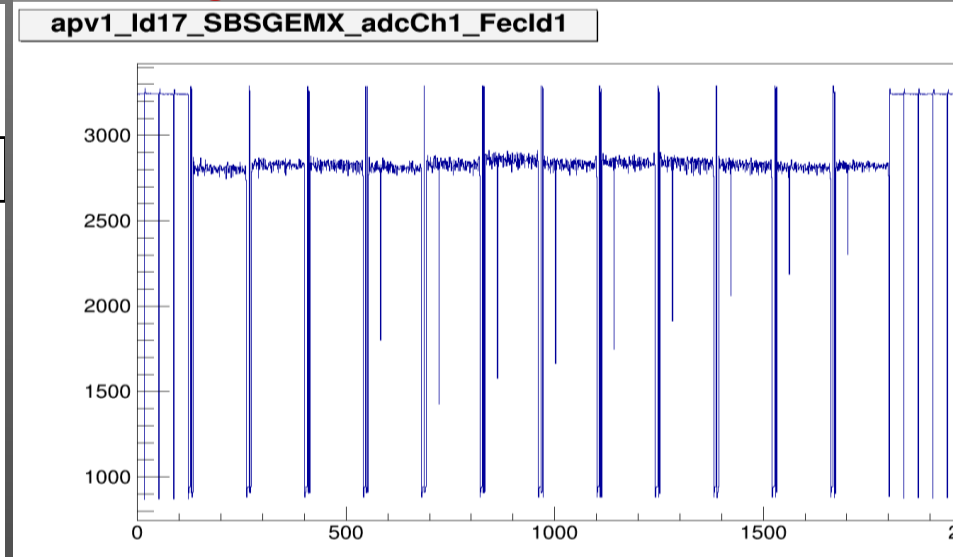
SLIDES FROM KONDO GNAVO

APV25 signal timing with external pulse generator (U of Virginia: Oct. 2012)

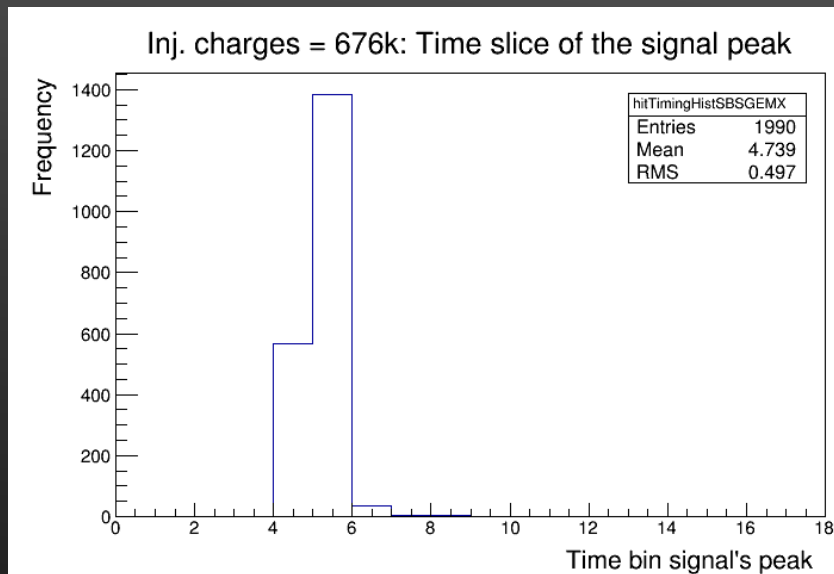
Setup APV25-SRS with external pulse



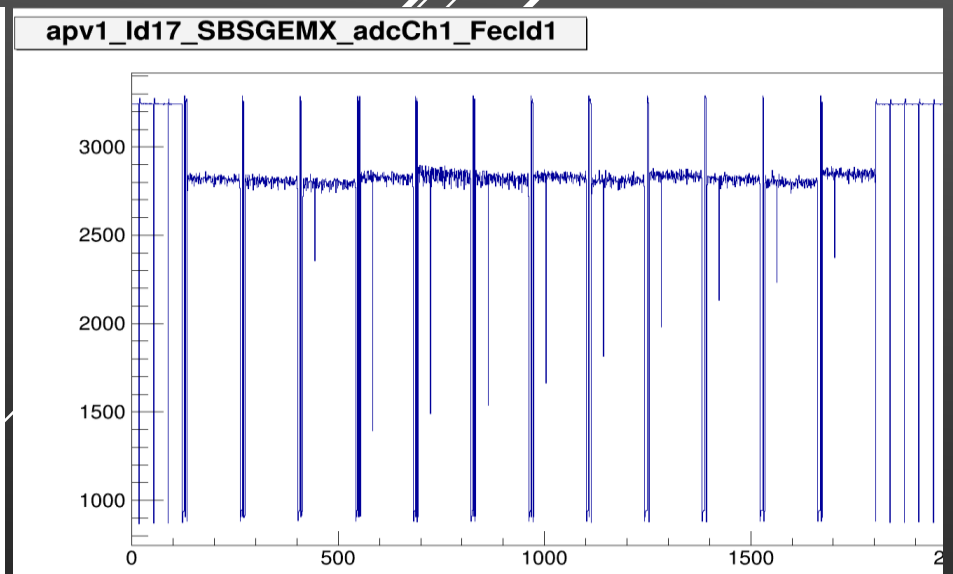
Signal peak at time slice 5



Distribution of time slice of the peak



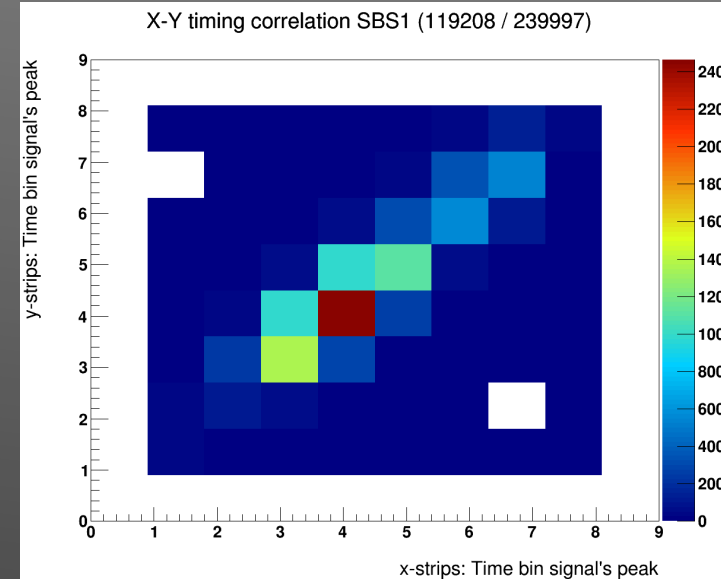
Signal peak at time slice 4



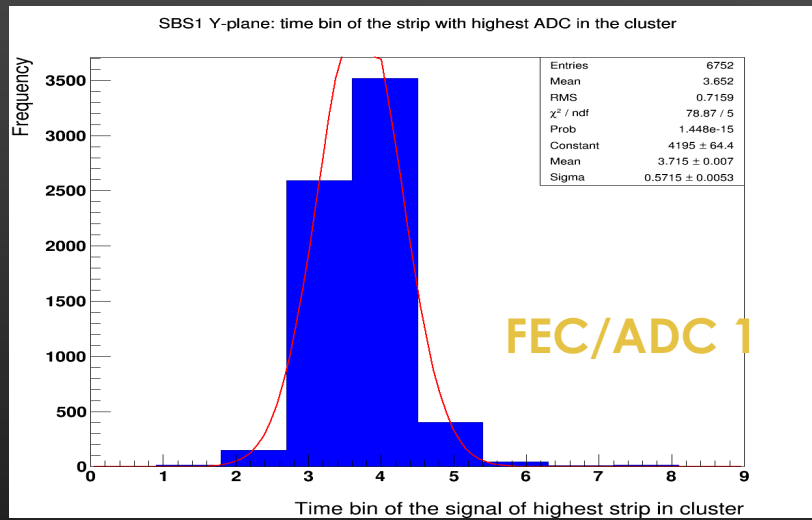
APV25 signal timing with FTBF Test beam data (U of Virginia: Oct. 2013)

- Study of the timing of the APV25-SRS signal from test beam data taken with SBS GEM at Fermilab
- Distribution shown for hit x and y strips
- APV25 on x and y on **to different FEC/ADC** combos
- Good timing x/y correlation
- Peak of the timing spread over at **least two time slices**

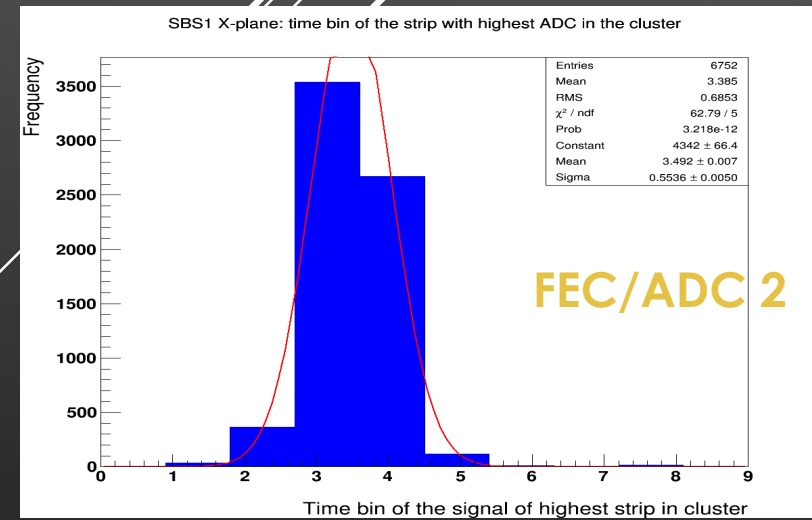
Timing correlation x-strips/y-strips



Time slice of signal peak x-strips



Time slice of signal peak x-strips



SRS Timing Jump

What it Isn't

- Not dependent on width of discriminated NIM pulse
- Apparently not caused by ringing on our end
- Not dependent on test setup. Present when we directly inject on strips as well as normal GEM operation
- Not dependent on relative location within time bin. Same distribution for 5, 10, 15, ... ns delay between external pulser channels
- Not dependent on particular APV: ie when one APV jumps both jump

What it Is (or might be)

- Appears to be caused by something in external trigger pipeline – timing jump not there for internal pulser triggered data but is for external pulser triggered data
- Smaller (trigger) peak seems to come first
- Ratio of timing jumps consistent in the short term but changes by the day
- ~25 ns apart. One clock cycle.
- Discreteness is visible by eye in raw data plots. Obvious 1 time bin shift in line with observed ratio
- Present for random as well as cyclic (function generator) triggers. Random triggers have full $\sqrt{12}$ effect convoluted in data, while cyclic triggers have $< \sqrt{12}$ convoluted
- Ringing effect within FEC/SRS?
- Ideas???