

Vector boson and charmonium production in p+Pb and Pb+Pb collisions with ATLAS at the LHC

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Strangeness in Quark Matter 2016
UC Berkeley



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Electroweak Bosons γ, W, Z in Heavy Ions: PHYSICS

The electroweak bosons can only interact with gluons at one loop and beyond, thus enabling:

- Estimation of effective *parton distribution functions* in collisions involving heavy ions
- Study of the *binary scaling* assumptions made in modeling ion-ion collisions
- Tool for validation of *centrality modeling*
- Approximate calibration of initial *jet energies* in boson-jet events

ATLAS Results for EW Bosons

Pb+Pb collisions:

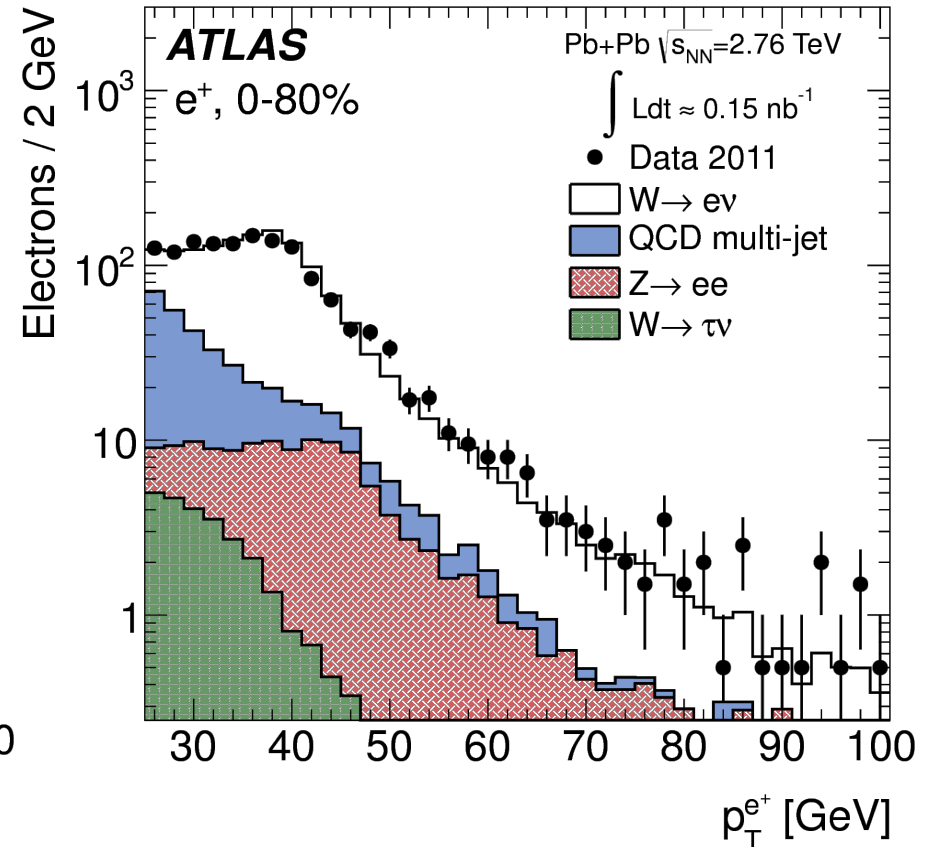
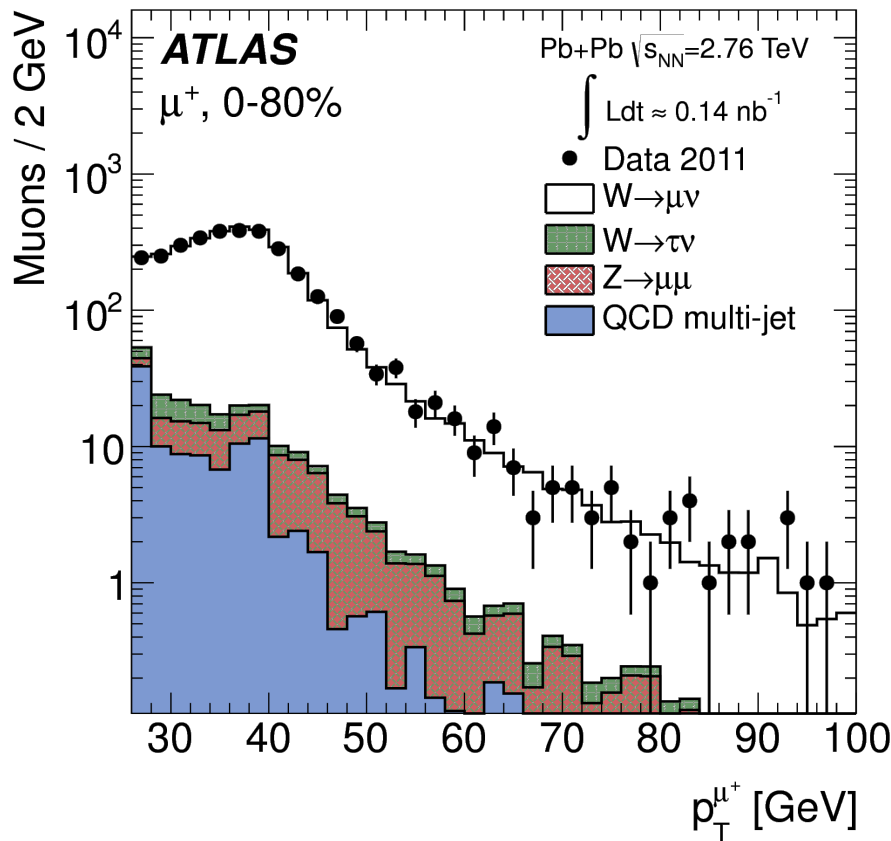
- W bosons in Pb+Pb, [Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 23, 1-30](#)
- Z bosons in Pb+Pb, [PRL 110 \(2013\) 022301](#)
- Inclusive photons in Pb+Pb, [PRC 93, 034914 \(2016\)](#)
- γ +jet momentum imbalance in Pb+Pb, [ATLAS-CONF-2012-121](#)
- Z+jet momentum imbalance, [ATLAS-CONF-2012-119](#)

p+Pb collisions:

- Z bosons in p+Pb, [PRC 92, 044915 \(2015\)](#)
- W bosons in p+Pb, [ATLAS-CONF-2015-056](#)

W bosons in lead-lead collisions

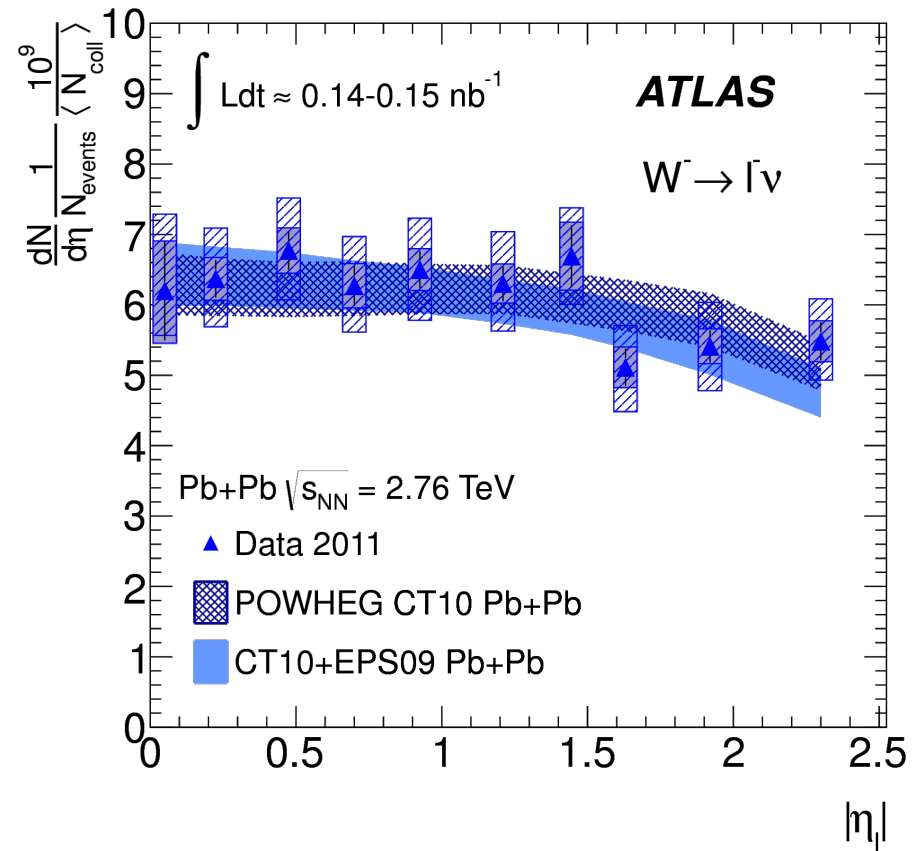
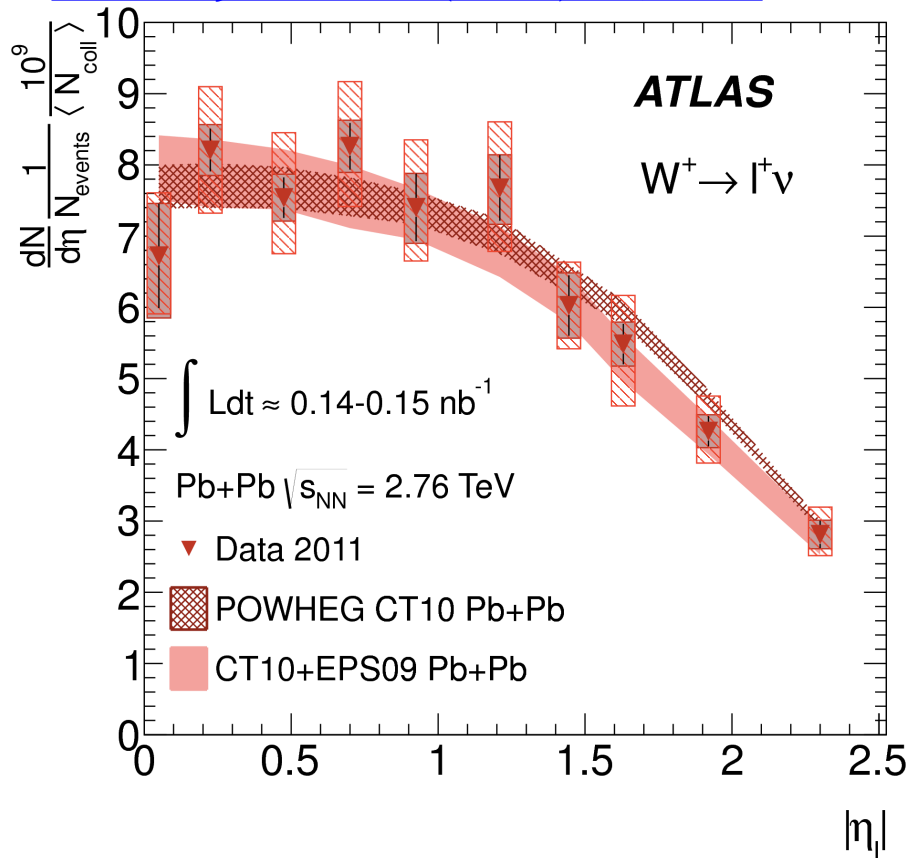
[Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 23, 1-30](#)



- Combined signal from e^-/e^+ and μ^+/μ^- , measured with different ATLAS systems.
- Isolation cuts.
- Analysis constrained by missing p_T and transverse mass.

Parton distribution functions: W in lead-lead collisions

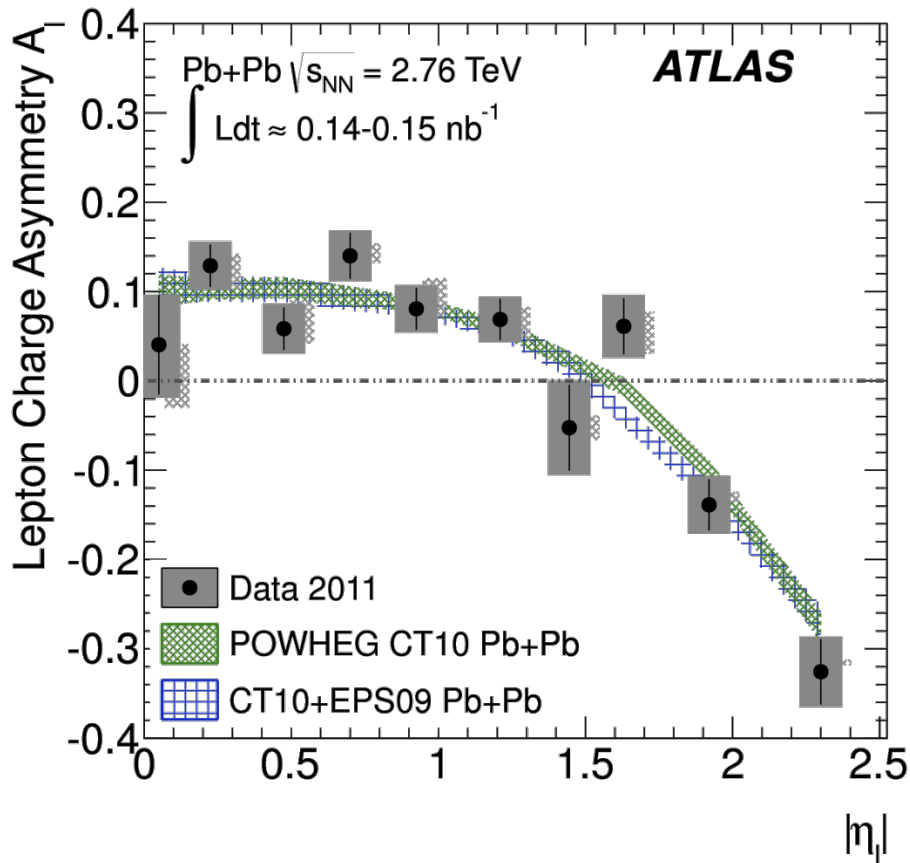
[Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 23, 1-30](#)



- POWHEG with CT10 PDF set
- EPS09 corrections: (anti)shadowing, EMC, Fermi [[JHEP03:071 \(2011\)](#)]
- Within the existing uncertainties, no visible PDF modifications

Lepton Charge Asymmetry: W in lead-lead collisions

[Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 23, 1-30](#)



The lepton charge asymmetry agrees well with theoretical predictions using QCD at NLO with CT10 PDF sets with and without EPS09 nuclear corrections

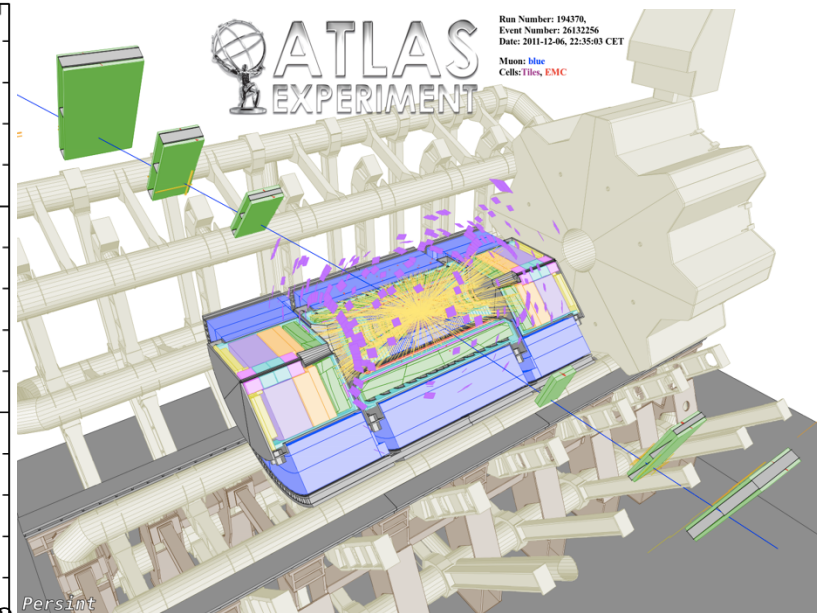
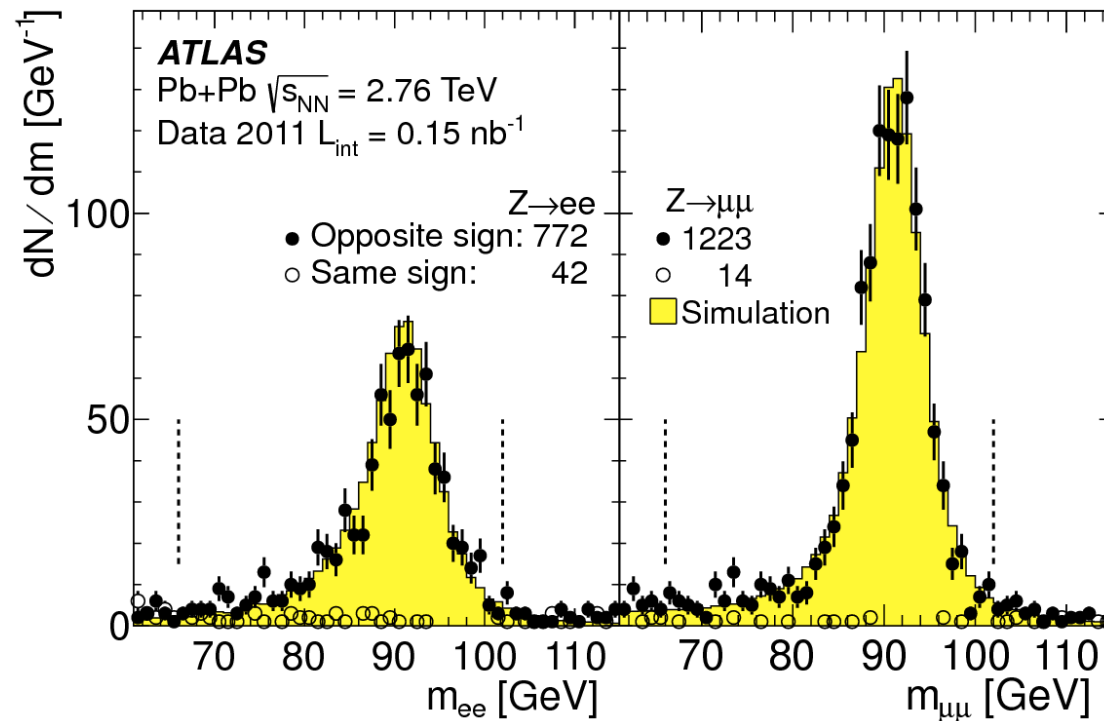
corrected \pm stat. \pm syst.

	$W \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu$	$W \rightarrow e \nu_e$
$W^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu$	$5870 \pm 100 \pm 90$	$5760 \pm 150 \pm 90$
$W^- \rightarrow l^- \nu$	$5680 \pm 100 \pm 80$	$5650 \pm 150 \pm 110$
W^+ / W^-	$1.03 \pm .03 \pm .02$	$1.02 \pm .04 \pm .01$

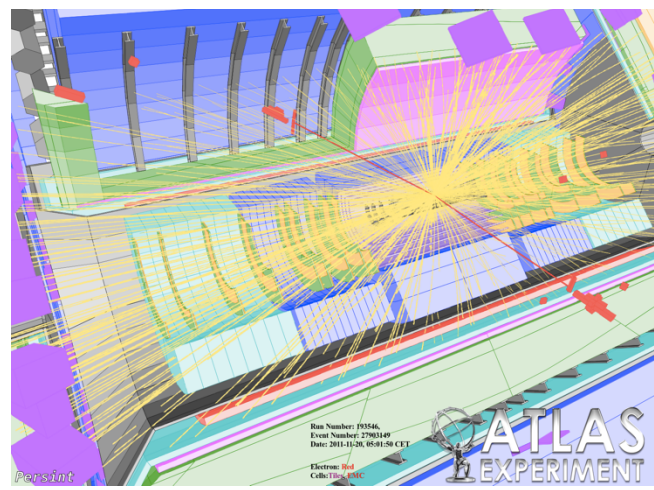
μ and e give consistent results

The basic asymmetry pattern in pp is understood based on the nature of the interaction.

Z boson in lead-lead collisions



[PRL 110 \(2013\) 022301](#)



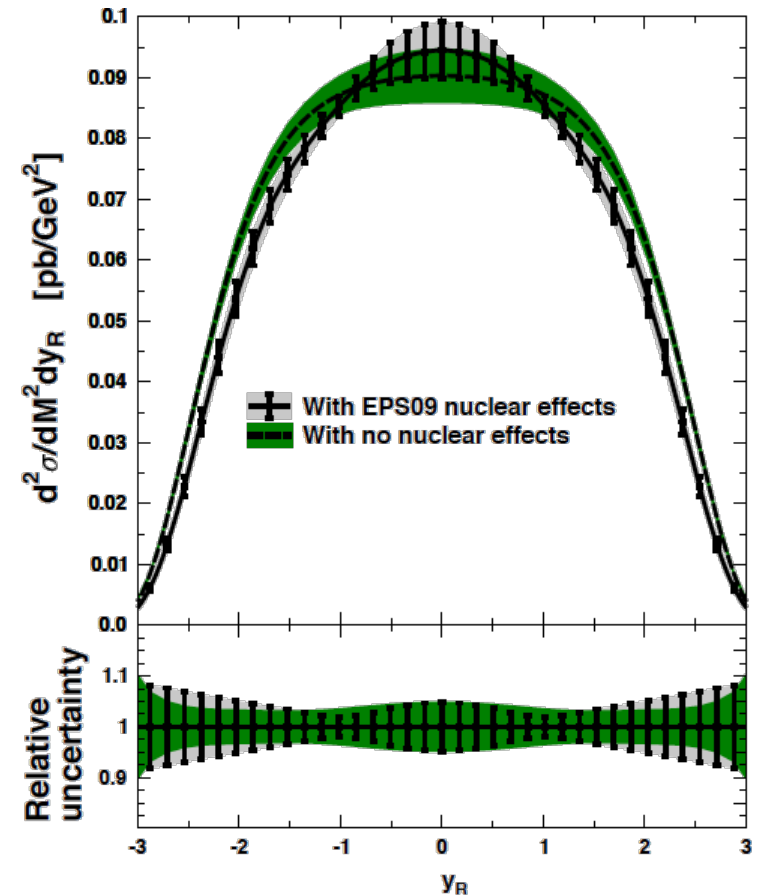
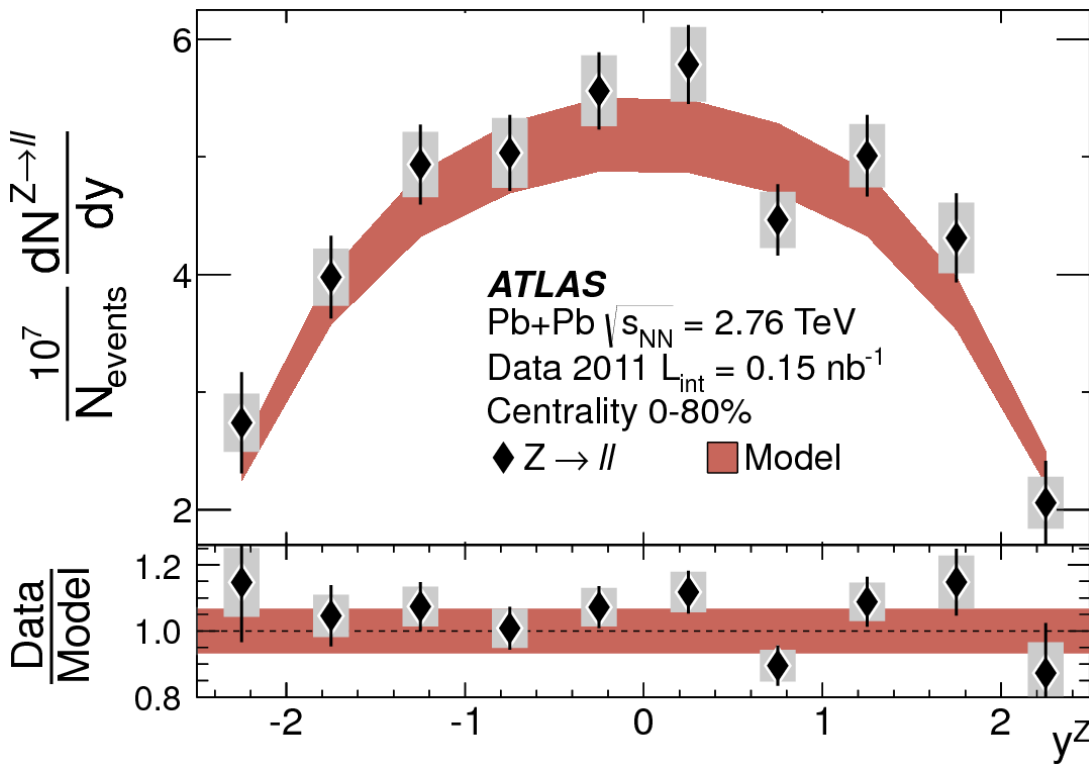
Combined signal from e^-/e^+ and μ^+/μ^- , measured with different ATLAS systems.

Lineshape, distributions well reproduced in simulation.

Parton distribution functions: Z in lead-lead collisions

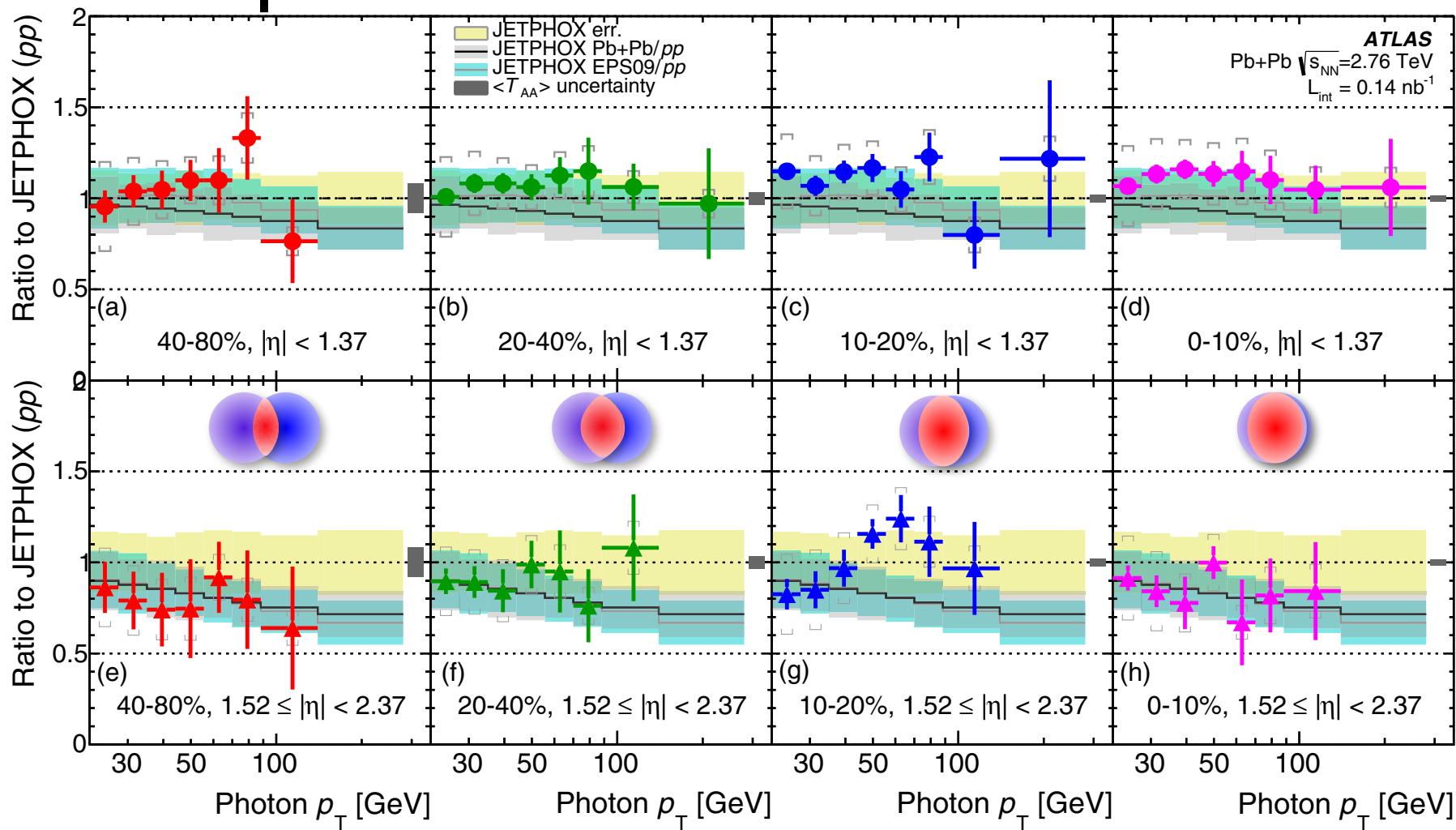
[PRL 110 \(2013\) 022301](#)

[H. Paukkunen, C. Salgado JHEP03:071 \(2011\)](#)



Model: PYTHIA per-event yields using NNLO p+p calculations scaled by $\langle T_{AA} \rangle = \langle N_{\text{Coll}} \rangle / \sigma_{pp}$. Including p+n and n+n would increase the cross section by 3%.

Parton distribution functions: direct photons in lead-lead collisions



JETPHOX (NLO pQCD), CTEQ 6.6 pdfs, u/d quark reweighting

JETPHOX + EPS09 [[JHEP 0904 \(2009\)](#)]

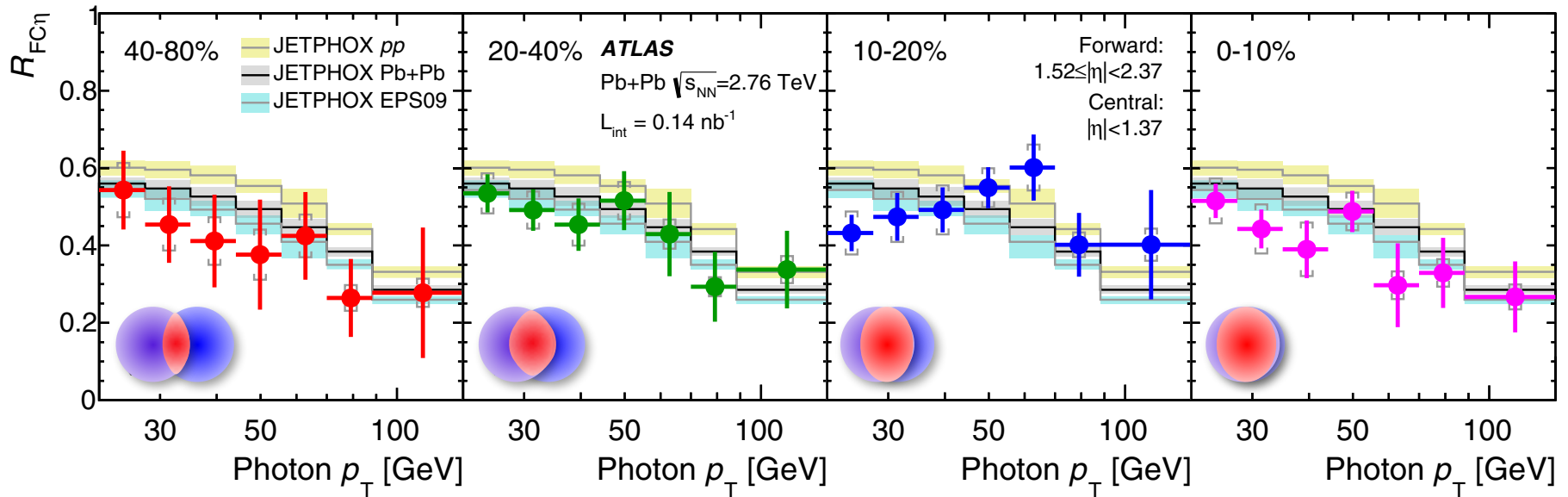
[PRC 93, 034914 \(2016\)](#)

Forward-central ratio

Direct photons in lead-lead collisions

$$\frac{1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37}{|\eta| < 1.37}$$

[PRC 93, 034914 \(2016\)](#)

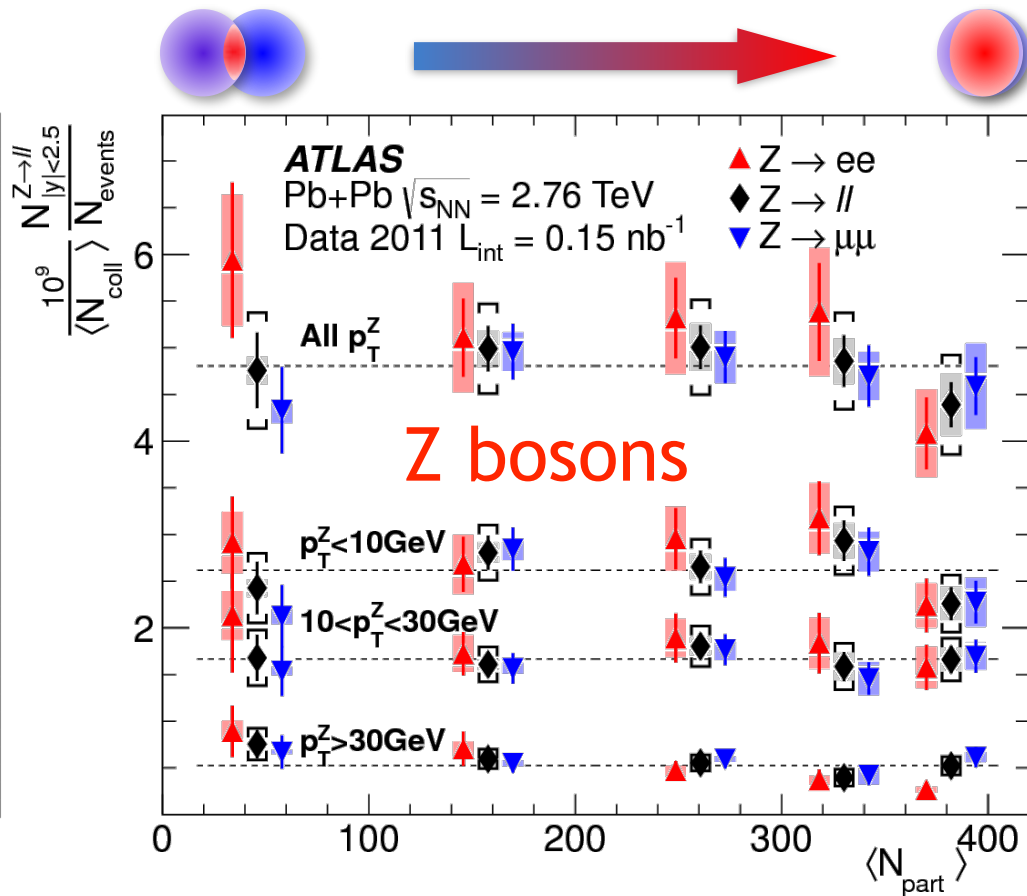
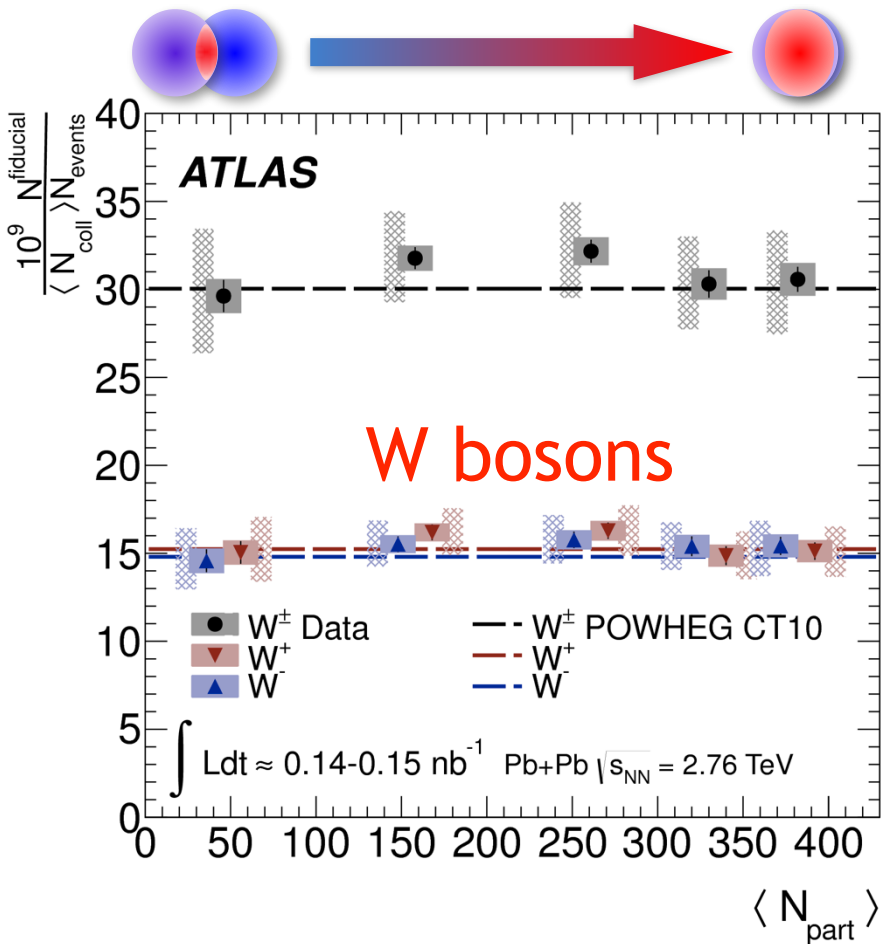


Reduction of several experimental uncertainties in this ratio. Isospin effects visible, particularly for central events.

$\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle$ scaling in lead-lead collisions

[Eur. Phys. J. C75 \(2015\) 23, 1-30](#)

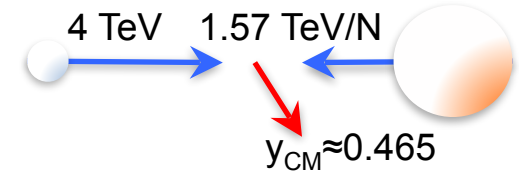
[PRL 110 \(2013\) 022301](#)



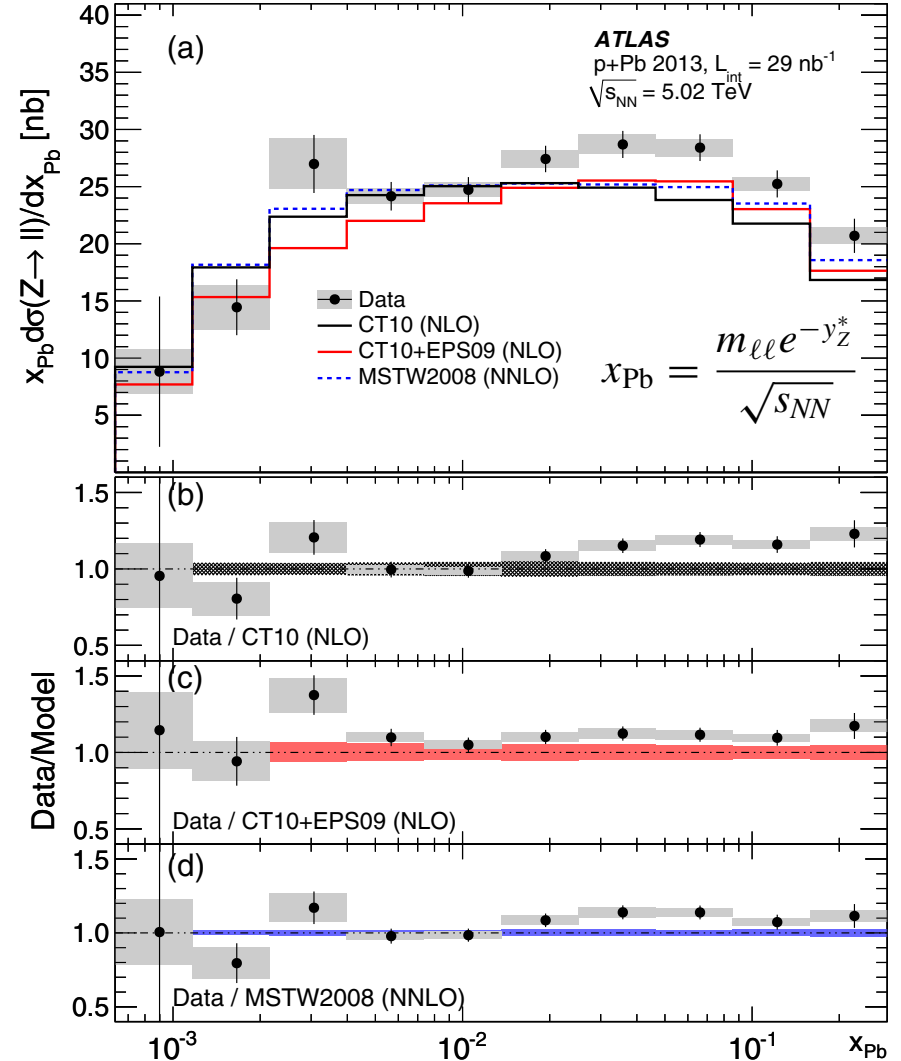
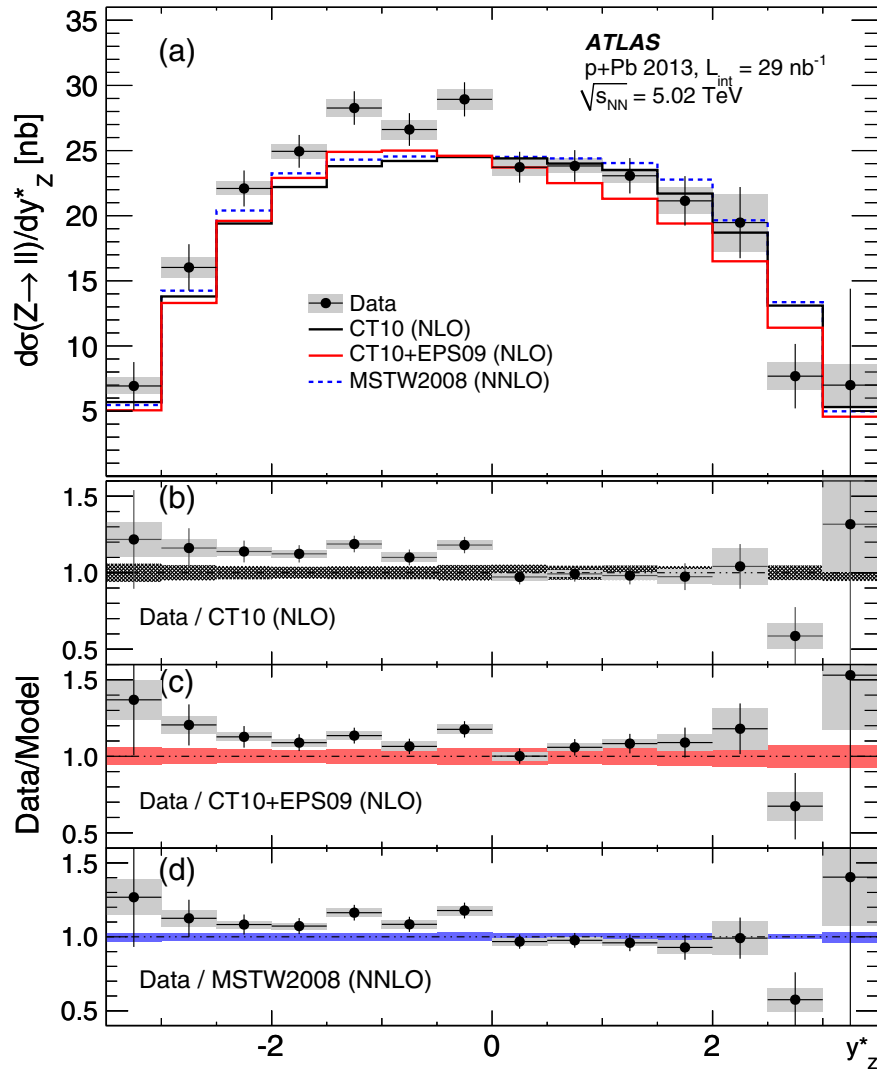
Boson yields in PbPb scale with $\langle N_{\text{coll}} \rangle$

Direct photons show similarly consistent behavior.

Z boson in p+Pb collisions



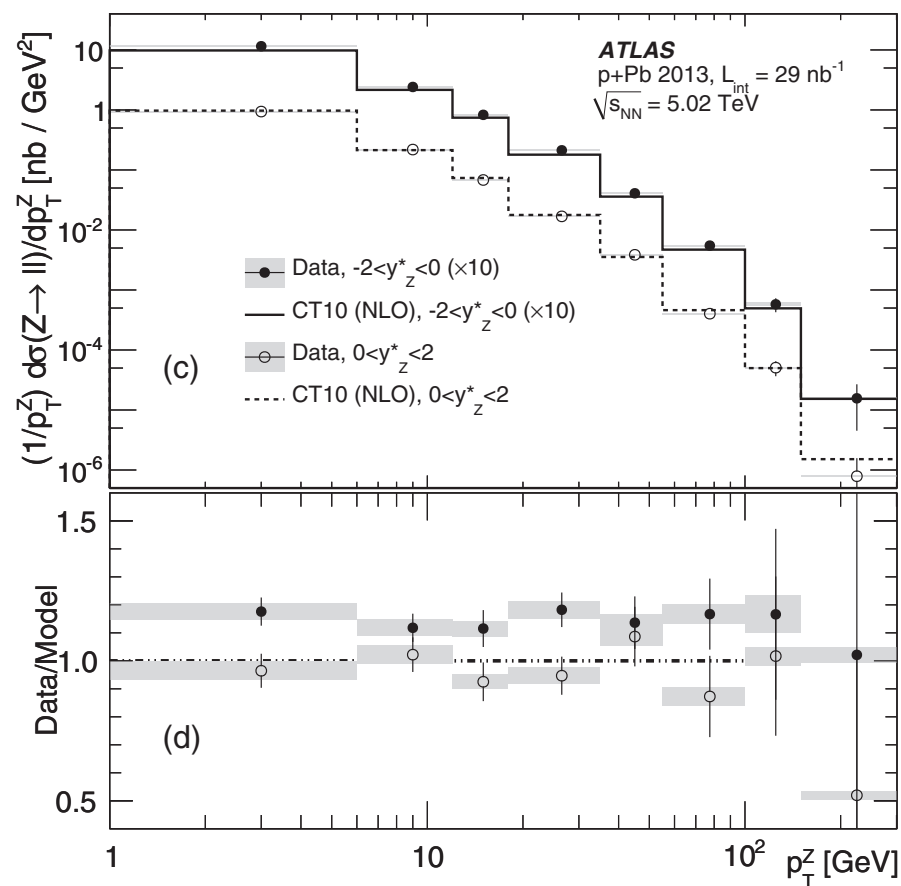
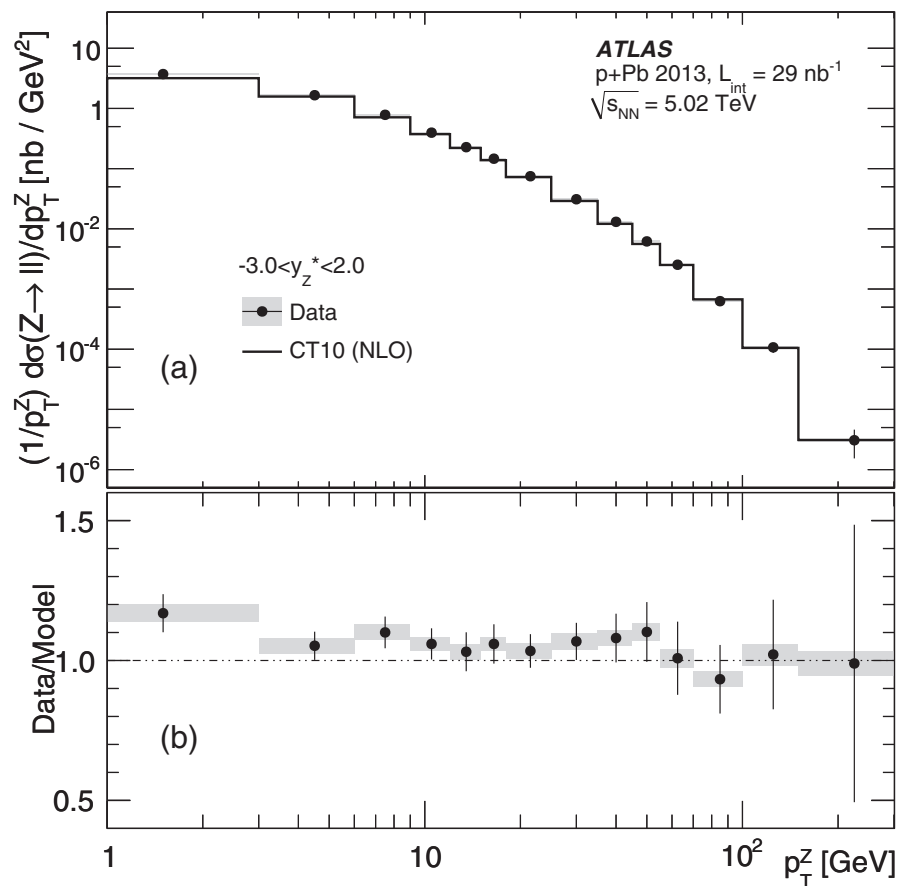
[PRC 92, 044915 \(2015\)](#)



Some tension between current model descriptions and data

Z boson in p+Pb collisions - p_T dependence

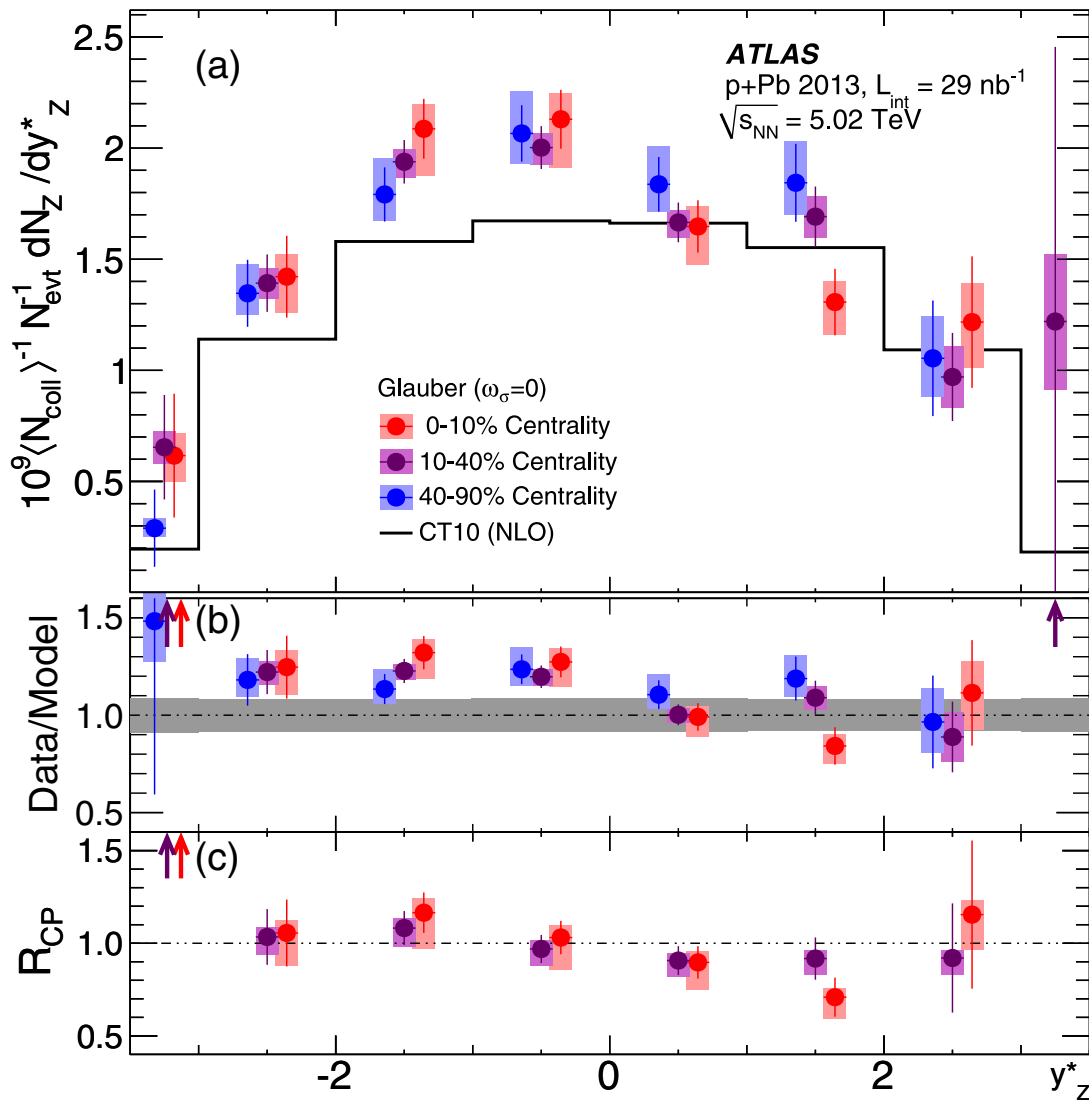
[PRC 92, 044915 \(2015\)](#)



Reasonable agreement between the experimental measurement and the MC simulation shape.

Z boson in p+Pb collisions - rapidity

[PRC 92, 044915 \(2015\)](#)

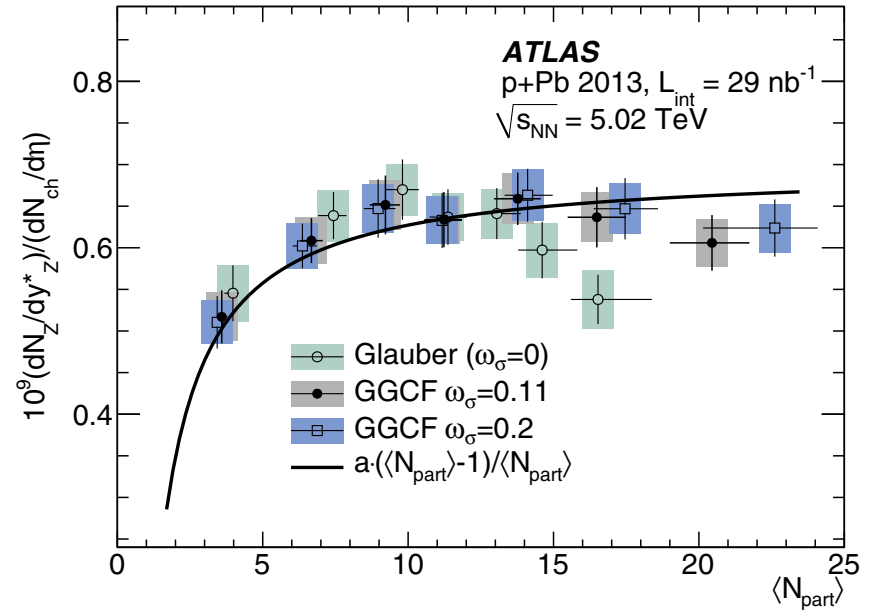
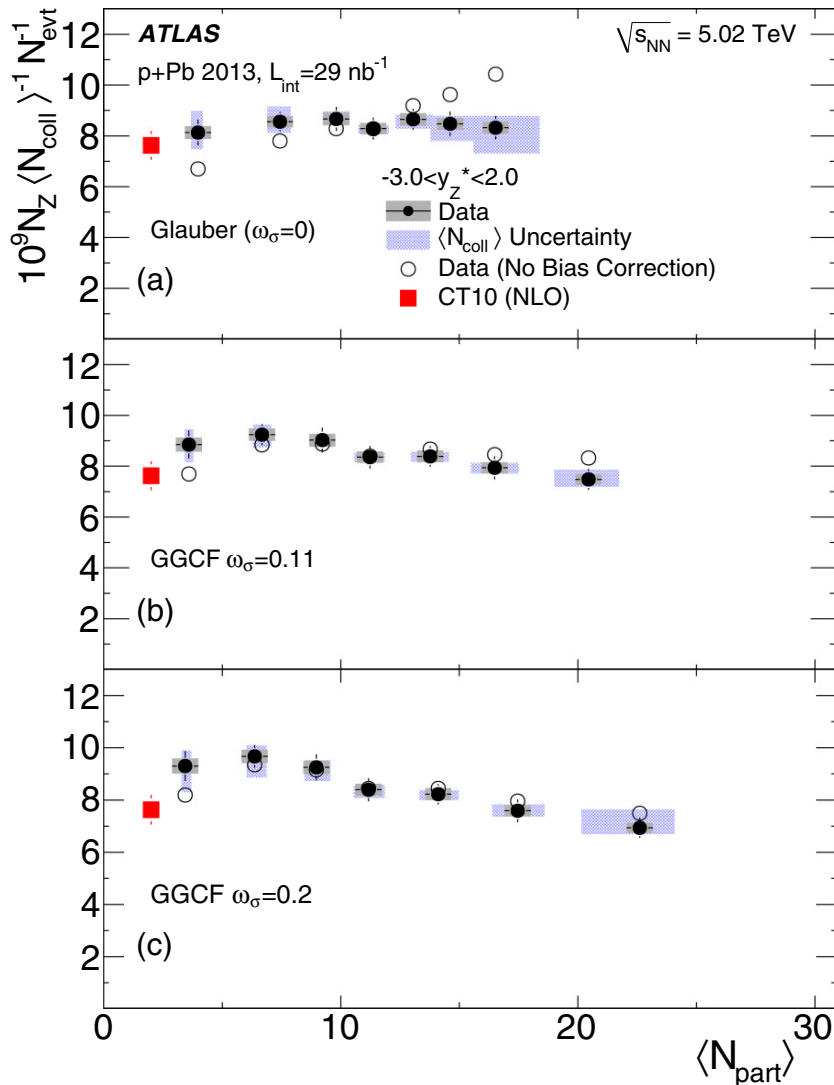


Per-event yield is generally independent of centrality after all corrections

Systematic shape difference in lead-going direction relative to CT10 (NLO)

Z boson in p+Pb collisions - centrality

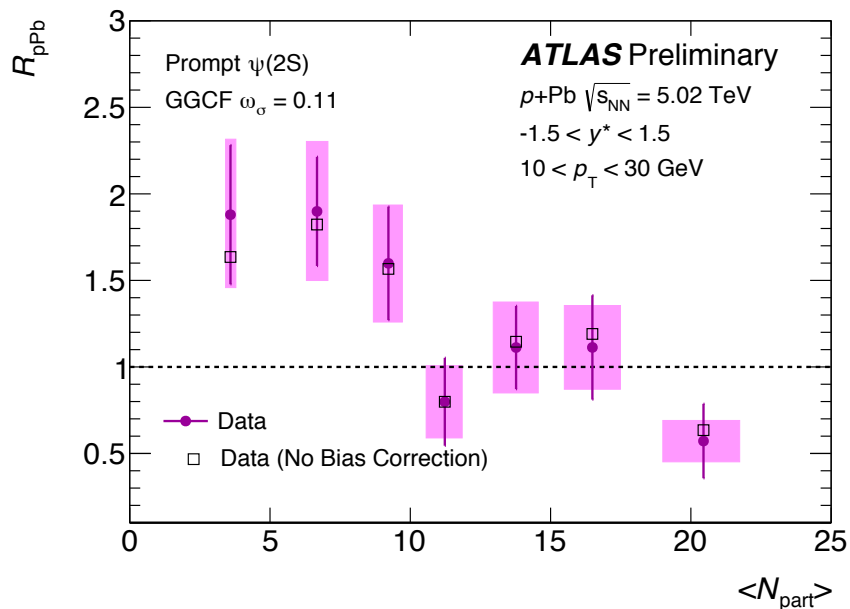
[PRC 92, 044915 \(2015\)](#)



Reasonable consistency with binary scaling, after bias correction, for three models.

Fairly good consistency with charged particle multiplicity

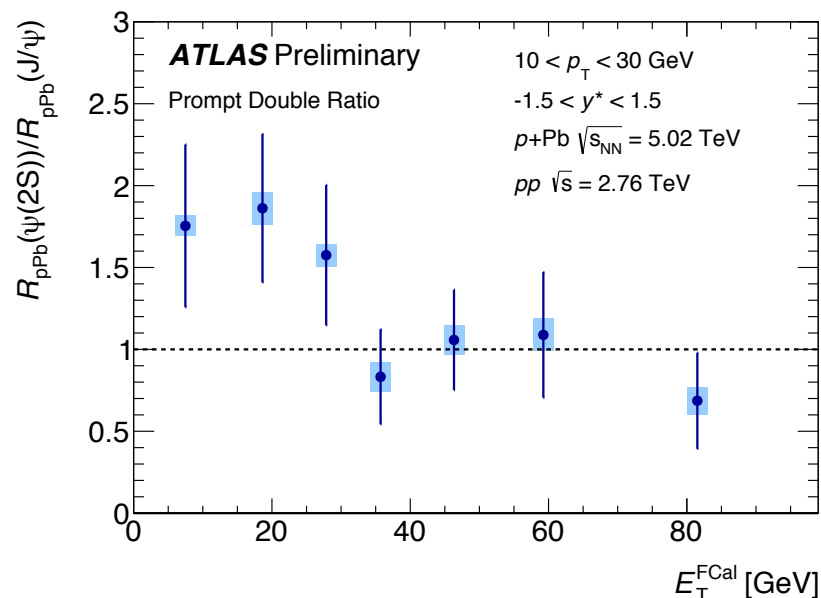
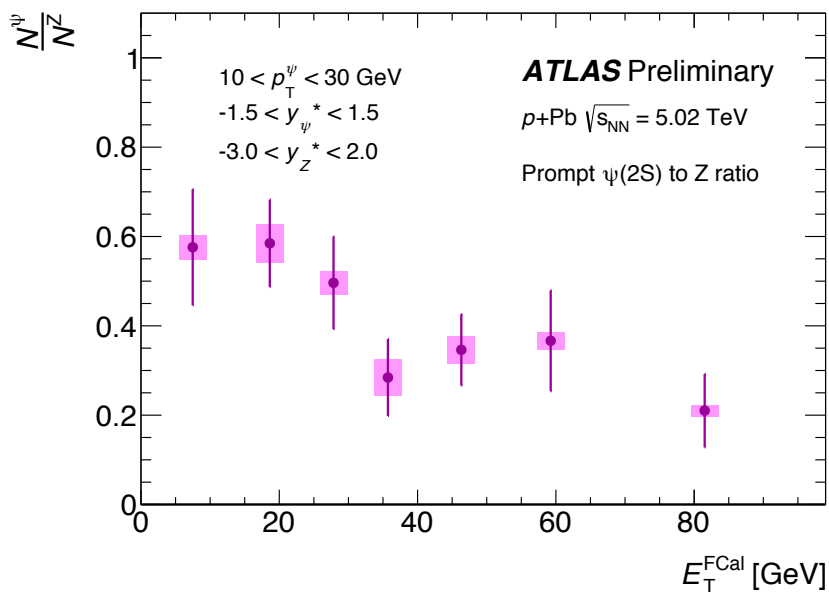
$\psi(2S)$ normalized to Z and J/ ψ



Enhancement at low centrality seen in R_{pPb}
 Same pattern obtained if normalized to Z and J/ ψ !

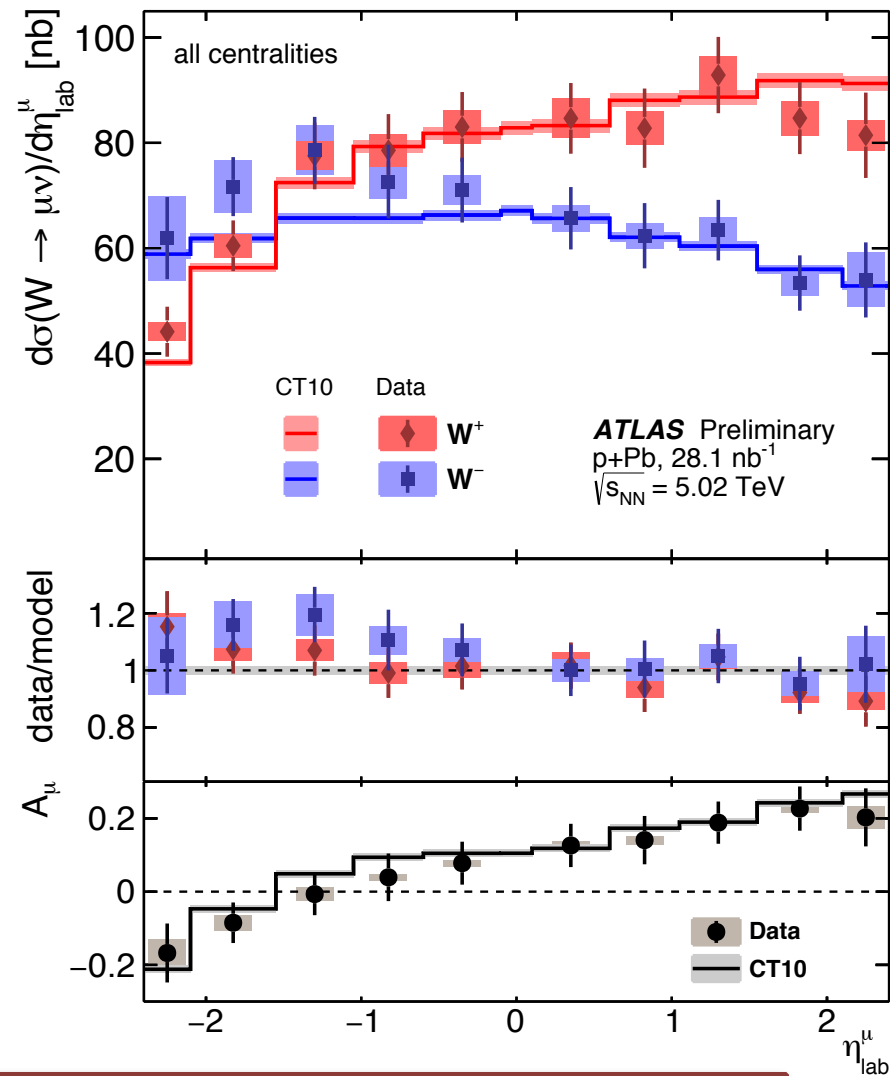
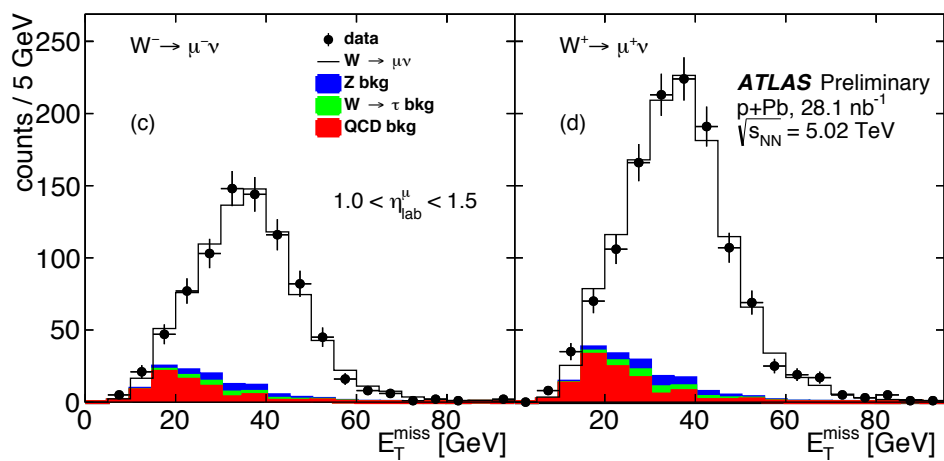
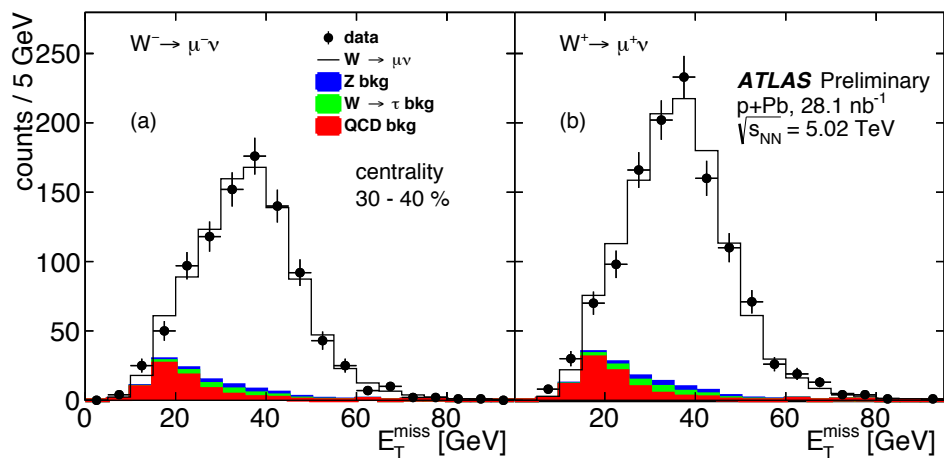
See Qipeng Hu talk Monday morning

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-023](#)



W in p+Pb

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-56](#)

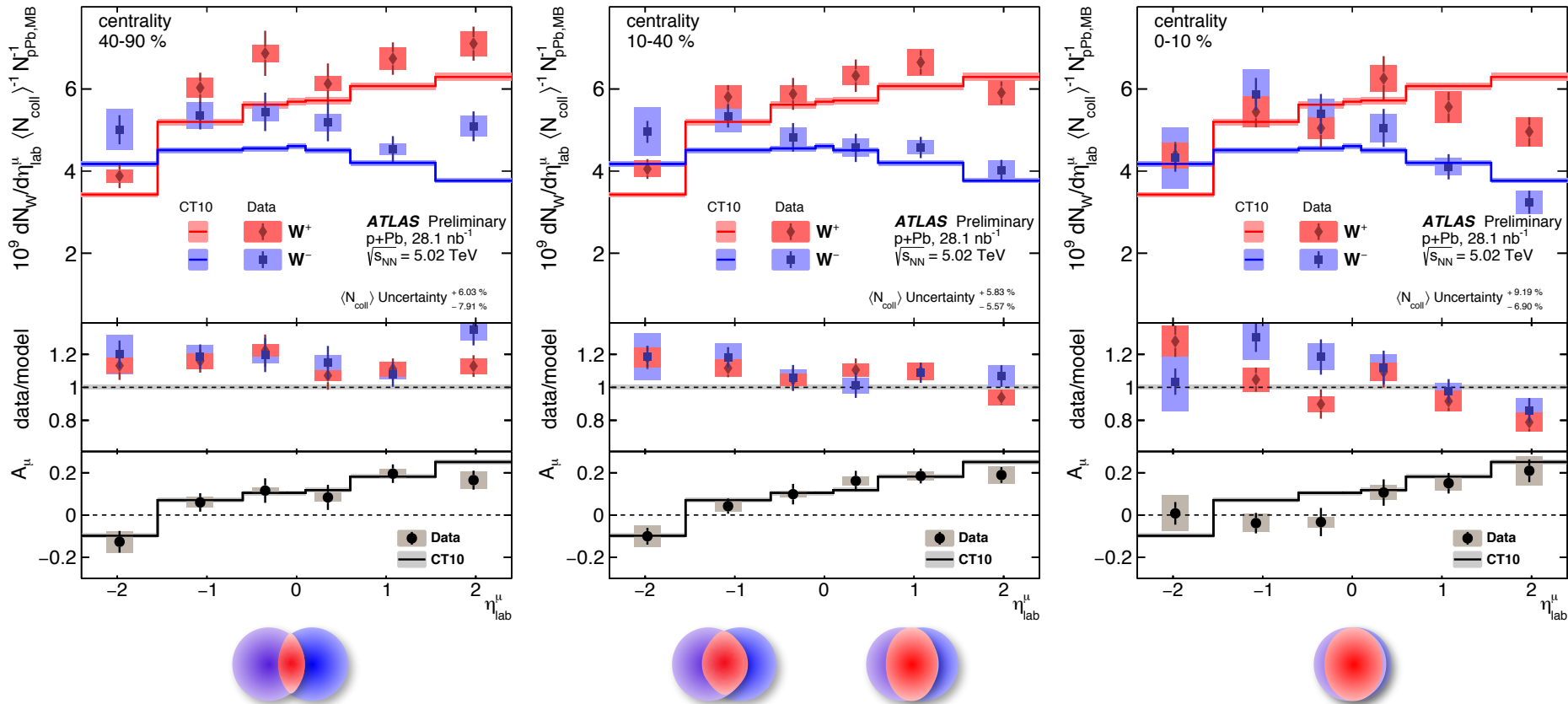


Very little background!

Fairly good agreement with CT10, centrality integrated

W in p+Pb: Dependence on η

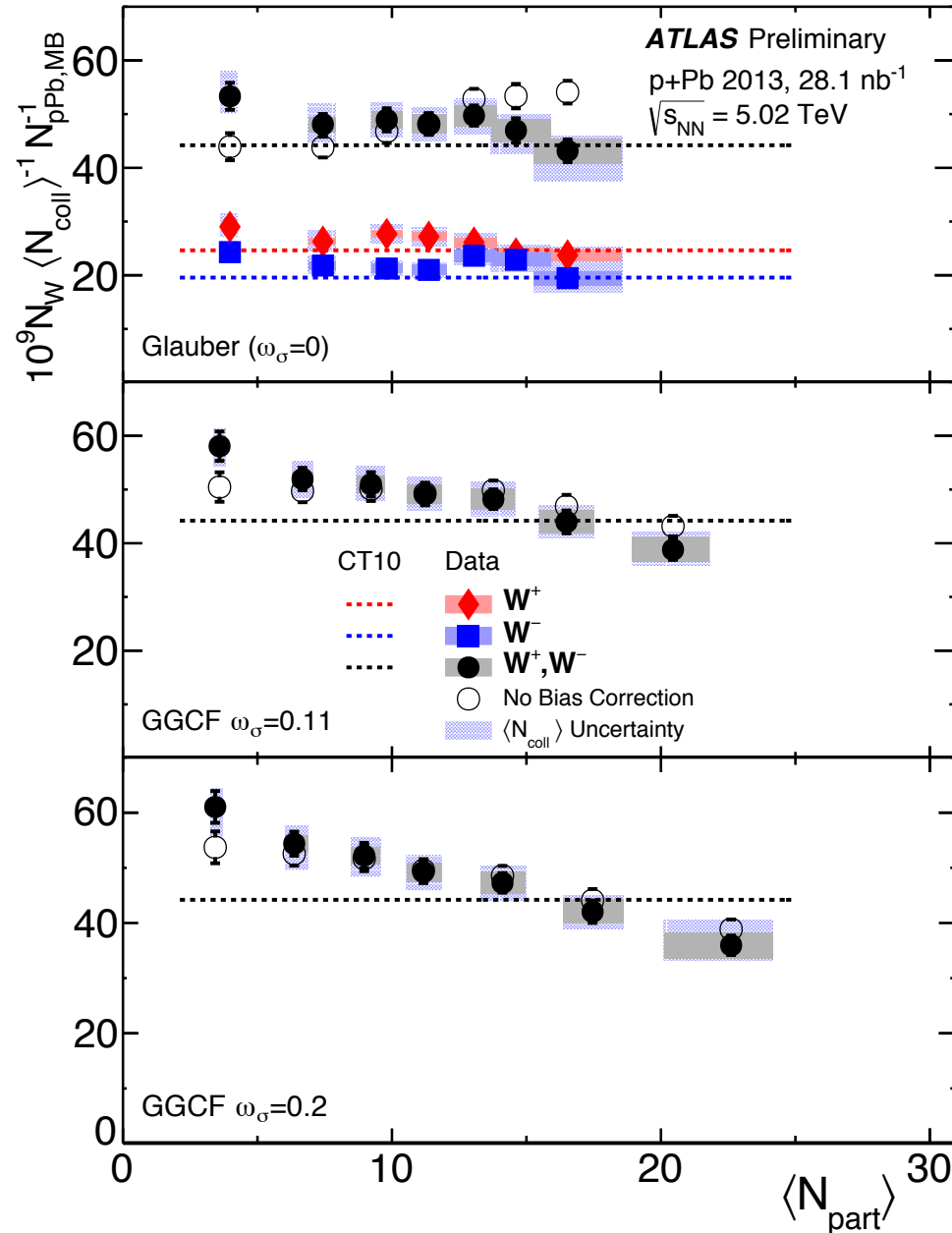
ATLAS-CONF-2015-56



Basic agreement with CT10, less so for peripheral

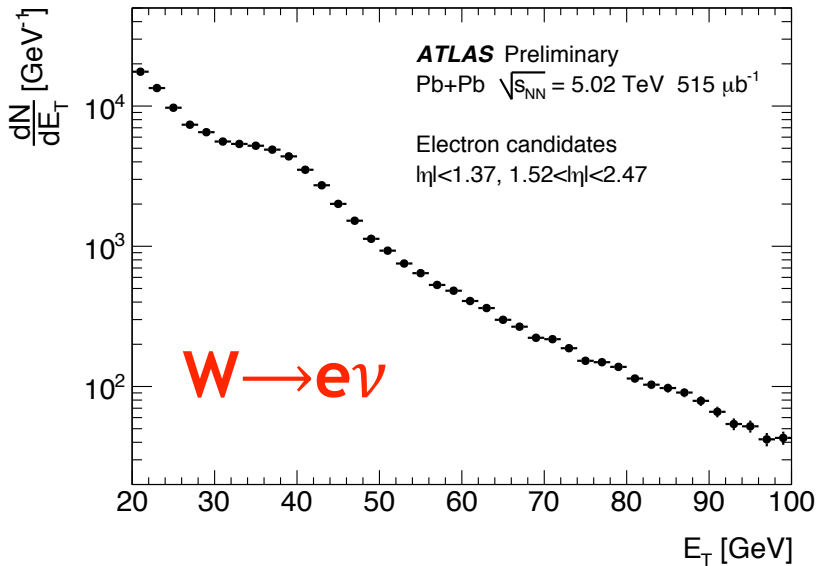
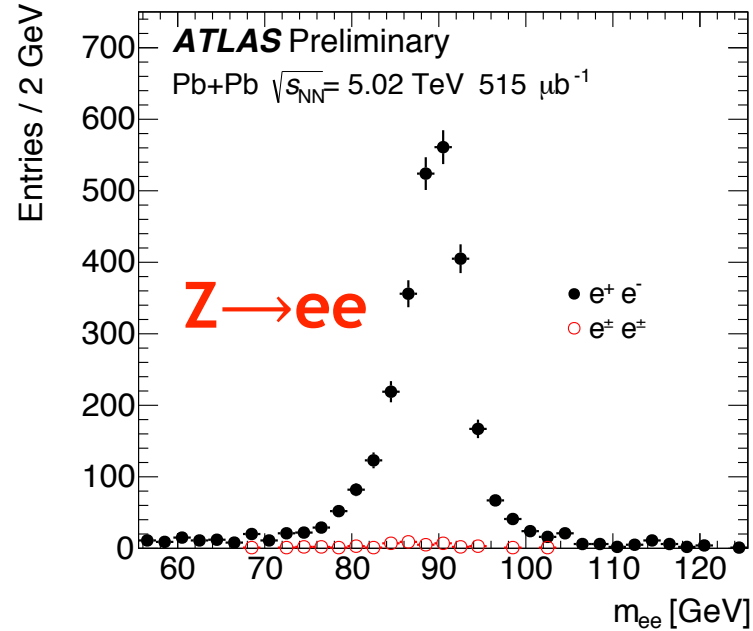
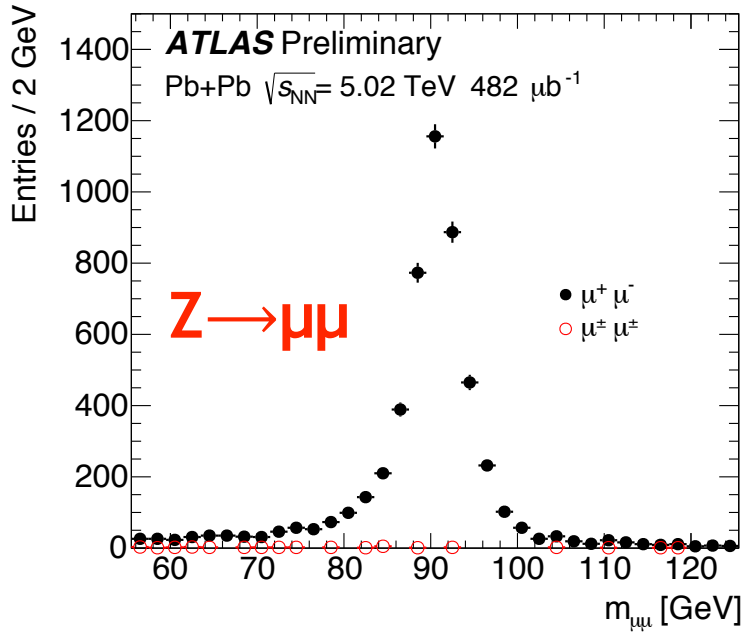
W in p+Pb: Centrality

[ATLAS-CONF-2015-56](#)



Best model description is given by Glauber + centrality bias correction, assuming binary scaling

5 TeV Pb+Pb data preview

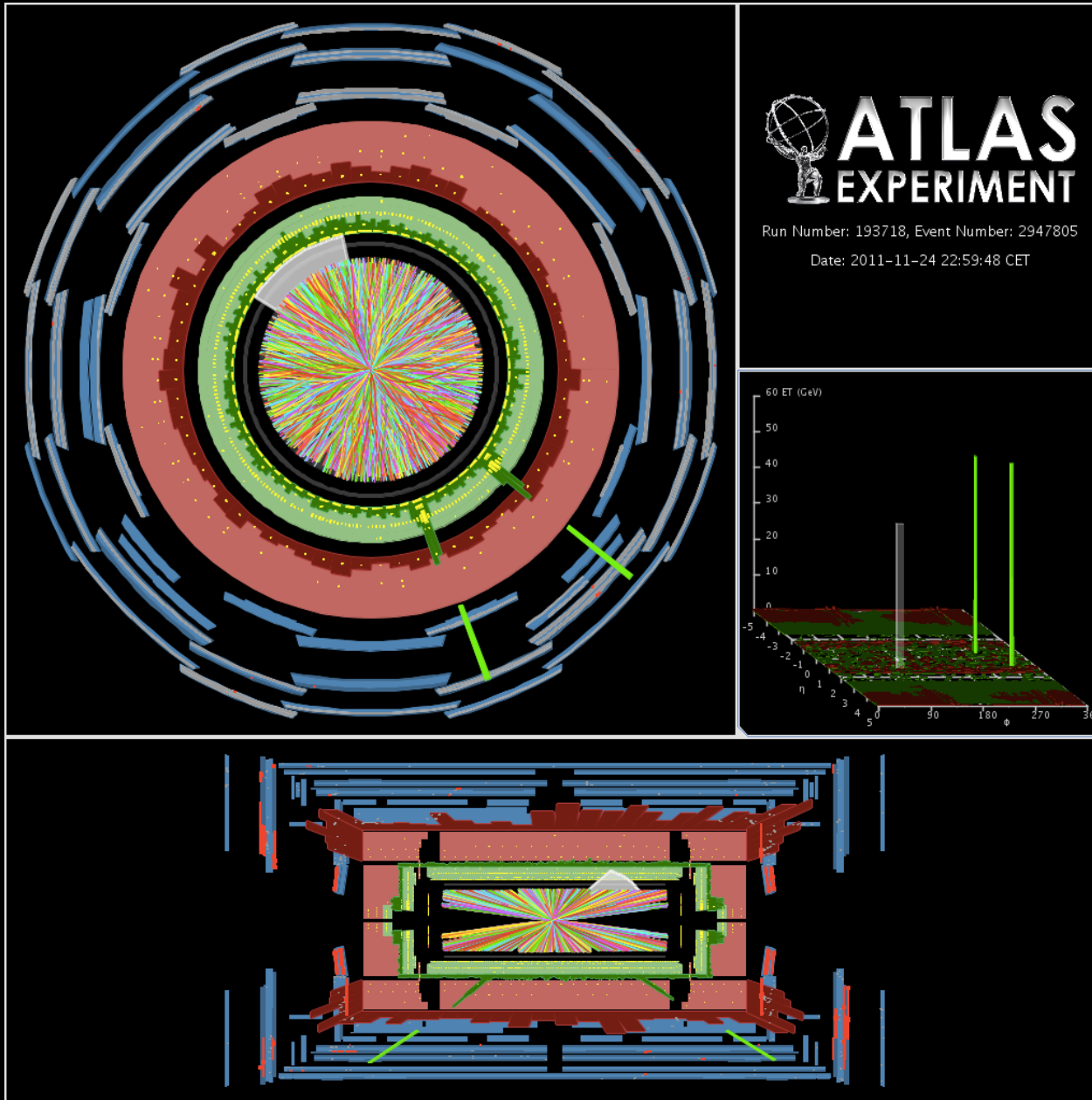


Anticipation of much better precision for 5 TeV Pb+Pb EW bosons!

Conclusions

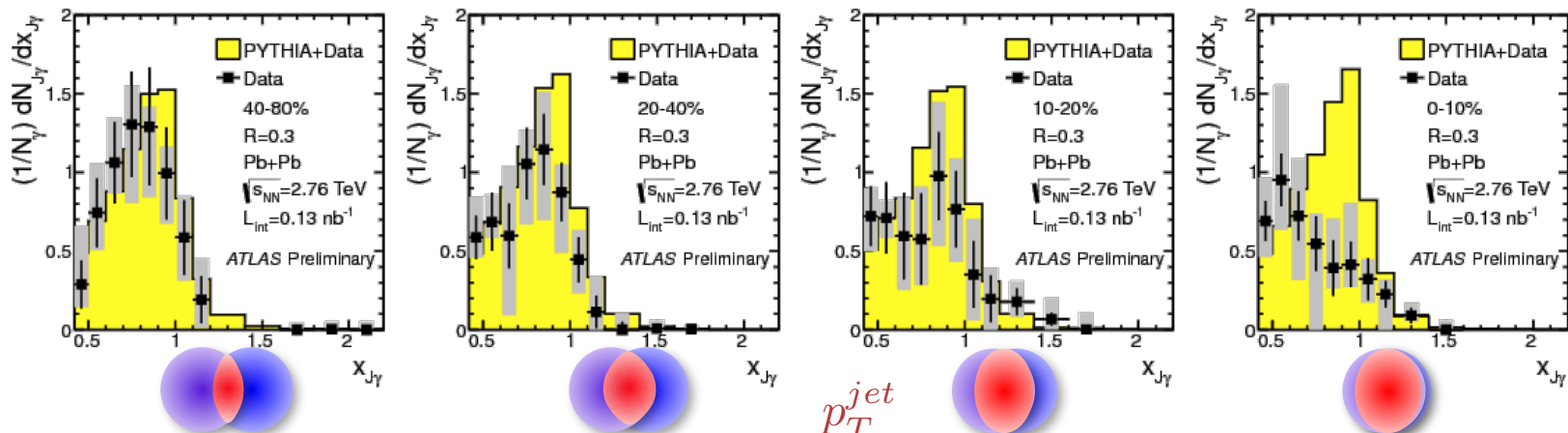
- ATLAS measurements clearly support binary scaling in Pb+Pb collisions.
- Binary scaling is also supported in p+Pb collisions, but with some questions remaining
- Several hints of nuclear effects in p+Pb collisions, especially in Pb-going direction, perhaps beyond EPS09
- New use of Z yield to validate centrality estimations
- With LHC Run 2 Pb+Pb data, we will approach measurement precision for quantitative tests of nuclear models with photons and with Z-bosons

Boson - Jet Correlations



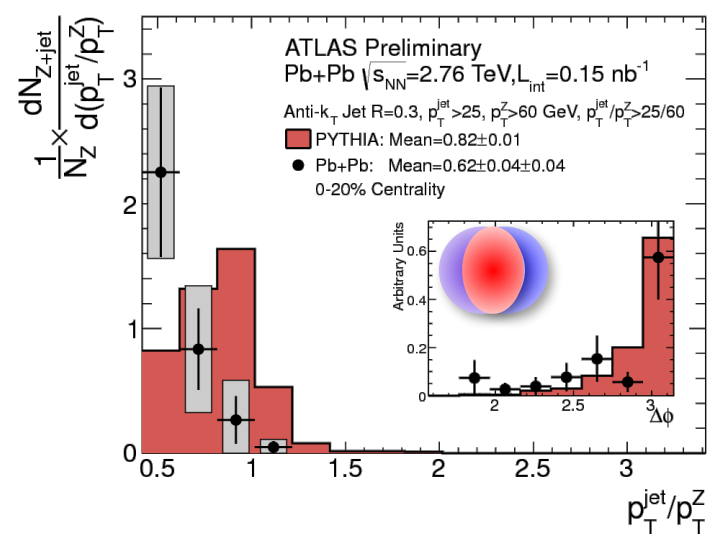
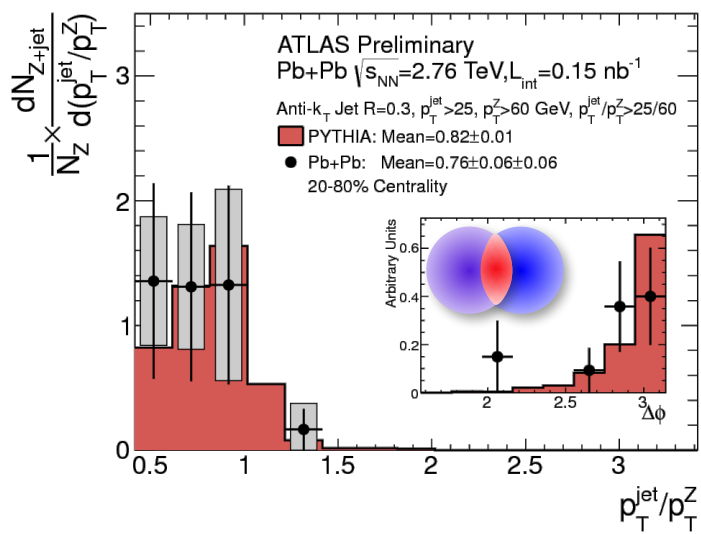
Boson-jet correlations in Pb+Pb collisions

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-121](#)



γ -jet

$$x_{J\gamma} \equiv \frac{p_T^{jet}}{p_T^{\gamma}}$$



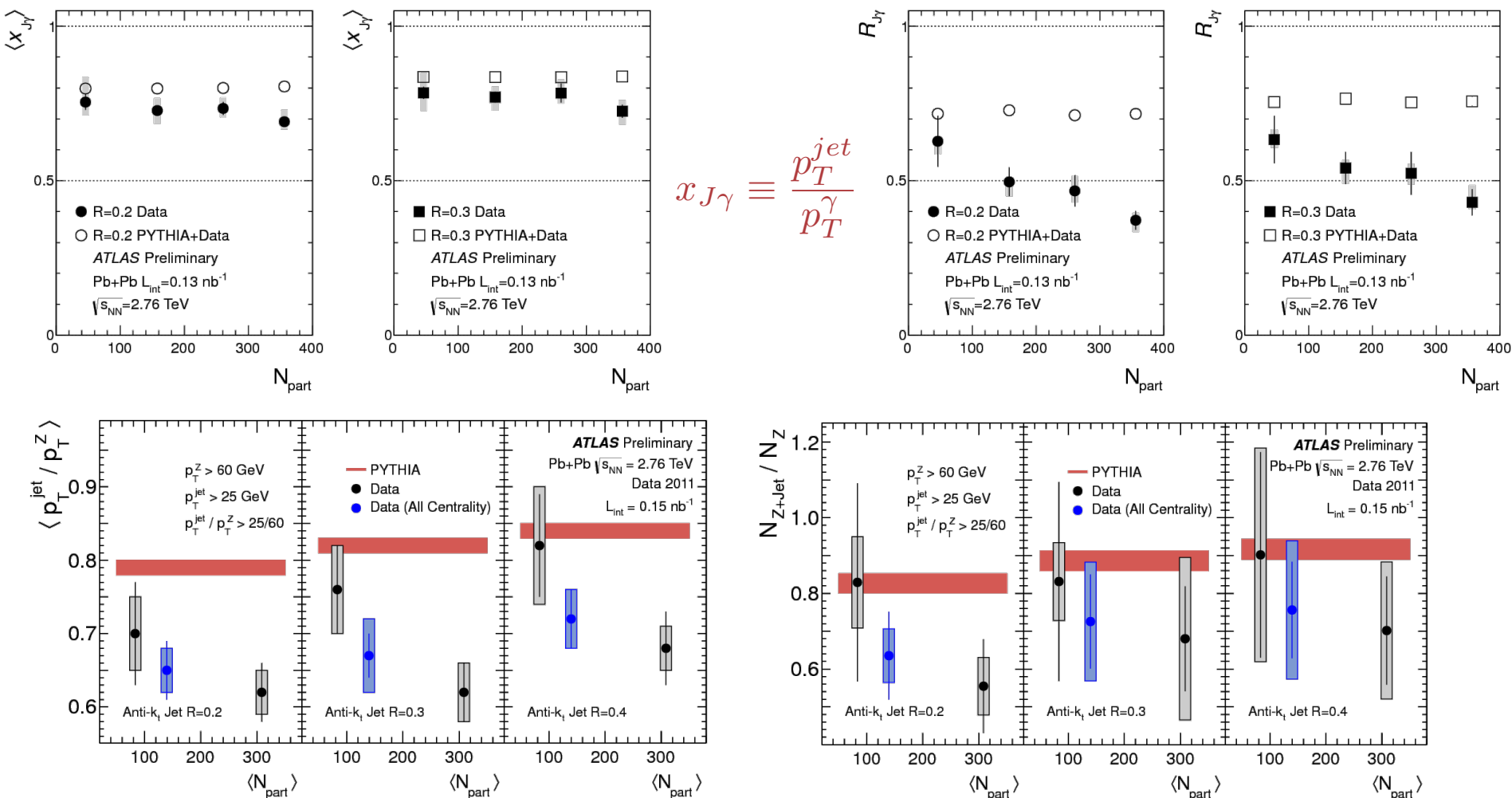
Z-jet

Clear centrality dependence measured with direct photons.
 Proof of principle using Z-jet events (36 events).

[ATLAS-CONF-2012-119](#)


Boson-jet correlations in Pb+Pb collisions

ATLAS-CONF-2012-121

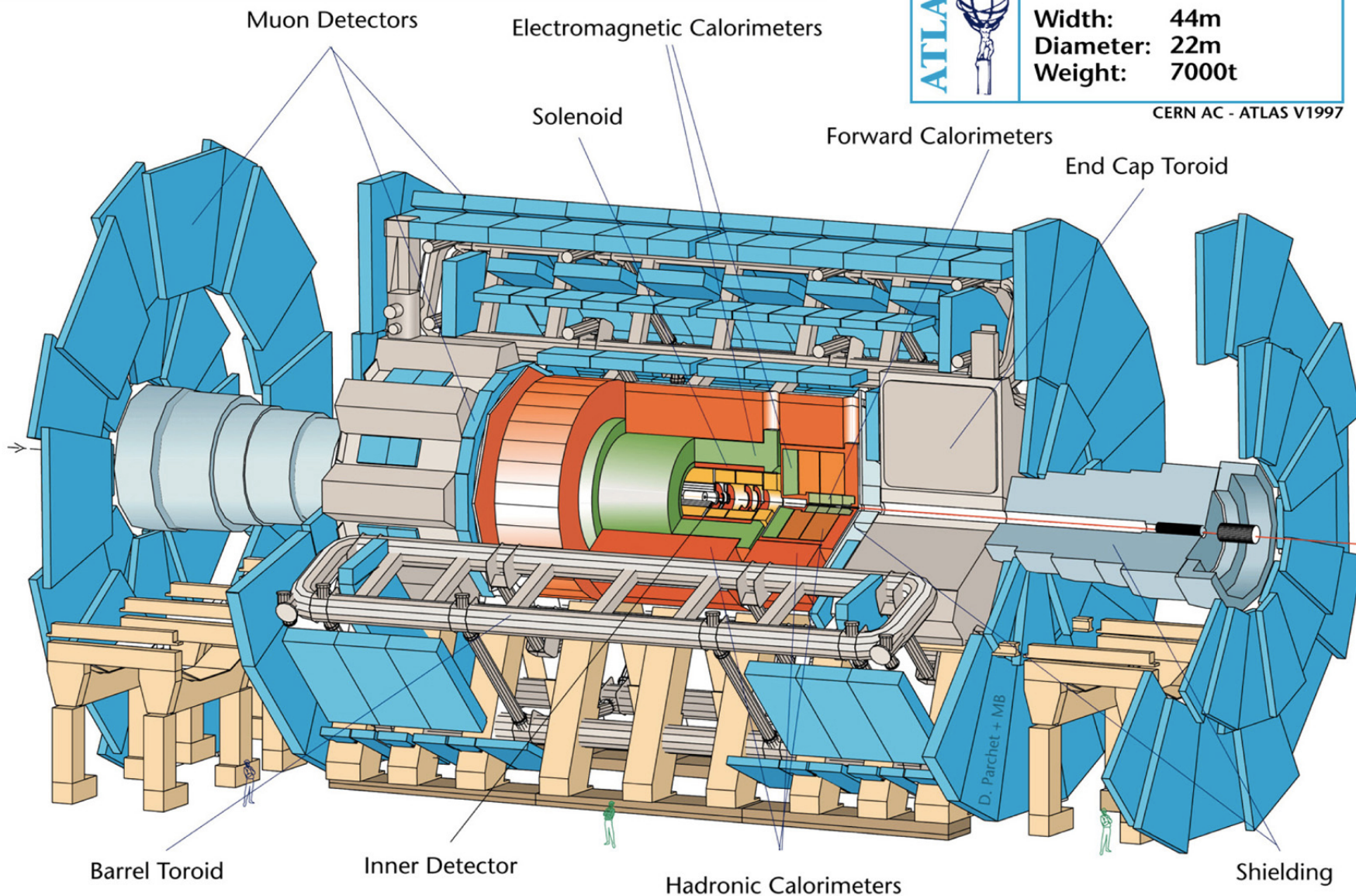


The momentum balance and the production rates change with centrality for direct photons; similar indication with Z – jet correlation.

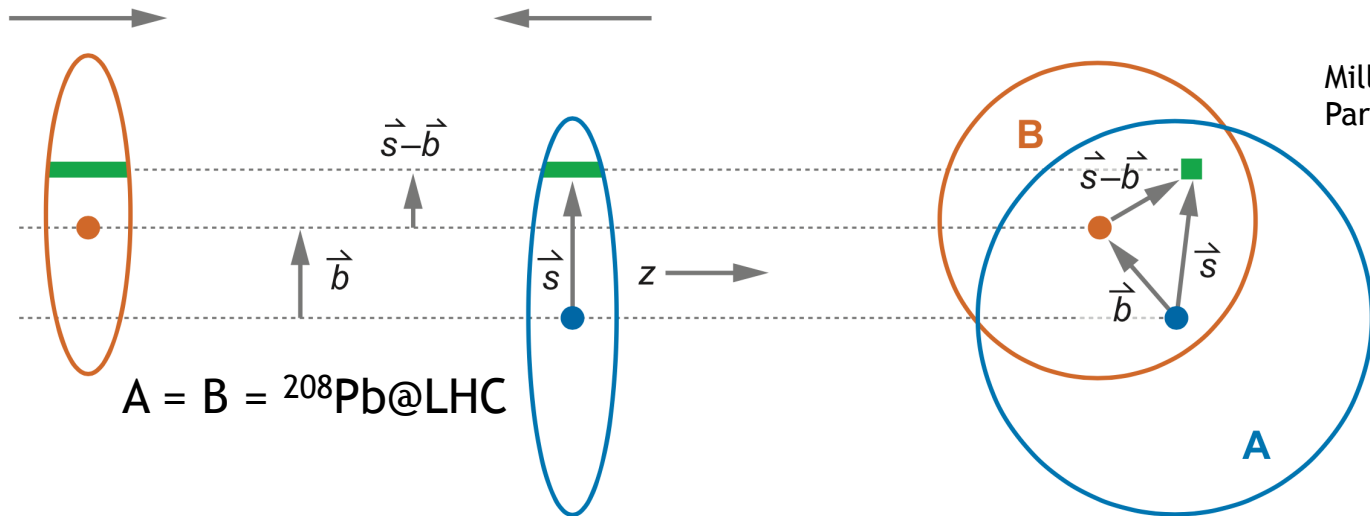
ATLAS at the CERN LHC

ATLAS 	Detector characteristics
	Width: 44m
	Diameter: 22m
	Weight: 7000t

CERN AC - ATLAS V1997



Reminder: geometric considerations



Miller et al., Annu. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. 2007. 57:205-43

$$T_A(\mathbf{s}) = \int \rho_A(\mathbf{s}, z_A) dz_A$$

probability/area of nucleon at \mathbf{s}

$$T_{AA}(\mathbf{b}) = \int T_A(\mathbf{s}) T_A(\mathbf{s} - \mathbf{b}) d^2 s$$

Density overlap as a function of impact parameter \mathbf{b}

$$N_{Coll}(b) \sim T_{AA}(b) \cdot \sigma_{inel}^{NN}$$

Number of binary collisions as a function of impact parameter \mathbf{b}

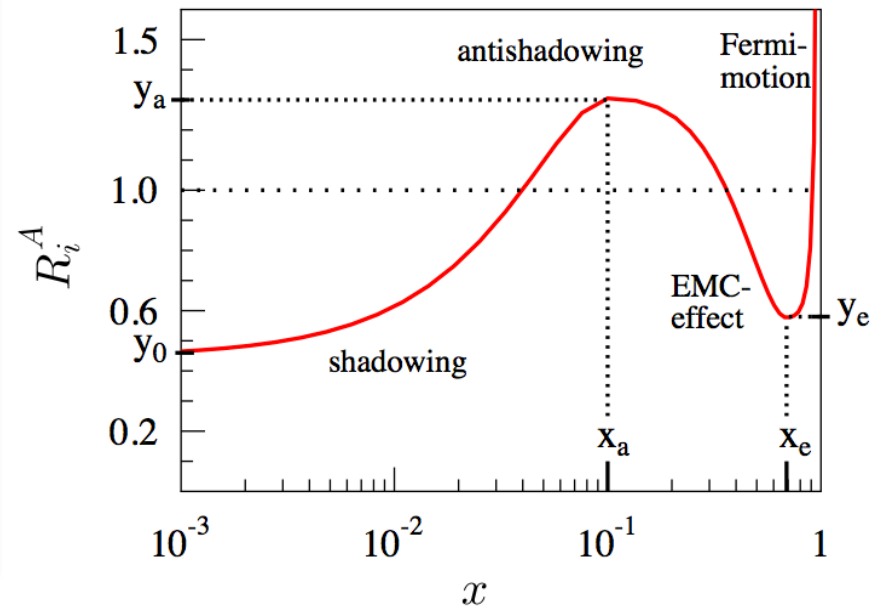
N_{Coll} can be estimated from experimental data via the “Glauber model”
 Number of participants in the collision, N_{Part} , ranges from 2 to 416.

Potential partonic in-medium effects

- Gluon saturation
- Gluon shadowing
- Partonic energy loss
- Modified parton distributions and fragmentation functions

Example reference: “EPS09” - Eskola, Paukkunen, Salgado ([JHEP0904:065,2009](#))

- medium-modified PDFs
- NLO, constrained by DIS on nuclei, Drell-Yan in p+A, and inclusive pion production in d+Au and p+p



Their fits constrain nuclear modifications R_i for parton flavor i to the free proton PDF from the CTEQ6.1M set.

$$f_i^A(x, Q^2) \equiv R_i^A(x, Q^2) f_i^{\text{CTEQ6.1M}}(x, Q^2)$$

Kinematic requirements

Direct photons

- $22 < p_T < 280$ GeV
- $|\eta| < 1.37$ (central) and $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37$ (forward)

Z bosons

- $|\eta_Z| < 2.5$ and $66 < m_Z < 116$ GeV

W bosons

- lepton $p_T > 25$ GeV, missing $p_T > 25$ GeV, $m_T > 40$ GeV and $0.1 < |\eta| < 2.5$ (excluding $1.37 < |\eta_e| < 1.52$)