

High Baryon Densities Achievable in the Fragmentation Regions at RHIC and LHC

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Outline

- McLerran-Venugopalan model for glasma
- Energy-momentum conservation to compute excitation energy and rapidity loss of the projectile and target nuclei
- Use space-time picture to estimate compression of the nuclei
- Estimate initial entropy/baryon which straddles the purported critical point
- Can the experiments be done?

Energy-Momentum Conservation

$$d\mathcal{P}_P^\mu = -T_{\text{glasma}}^{\mu\nu} d\Sigma_\nu$$

Projectile four-momentum/area: $\mathcal{P}_P^\mu = (\mathcal{E}_P, 0, 0, \mathcal{P}_P)$

hypersurface: $d\Sigma_\nu = (dz, 0, 0, -dt)$

Glasma energy-momentum tensor:

$$T_{\text{glasma}}^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{A} + \mathcal{B} \cosh 2\eta & 0 & 0 & \mathcal{B} \sinh 2\eta \\ 0 & \mathcal{A} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \mathcal{A} & 0 \\ \mathcal{B} \sinh 2\eta & 0 & 0 & -\mathcal{A} + \mathcal{B} \cosh 2\eta \end{pmatrix}$$

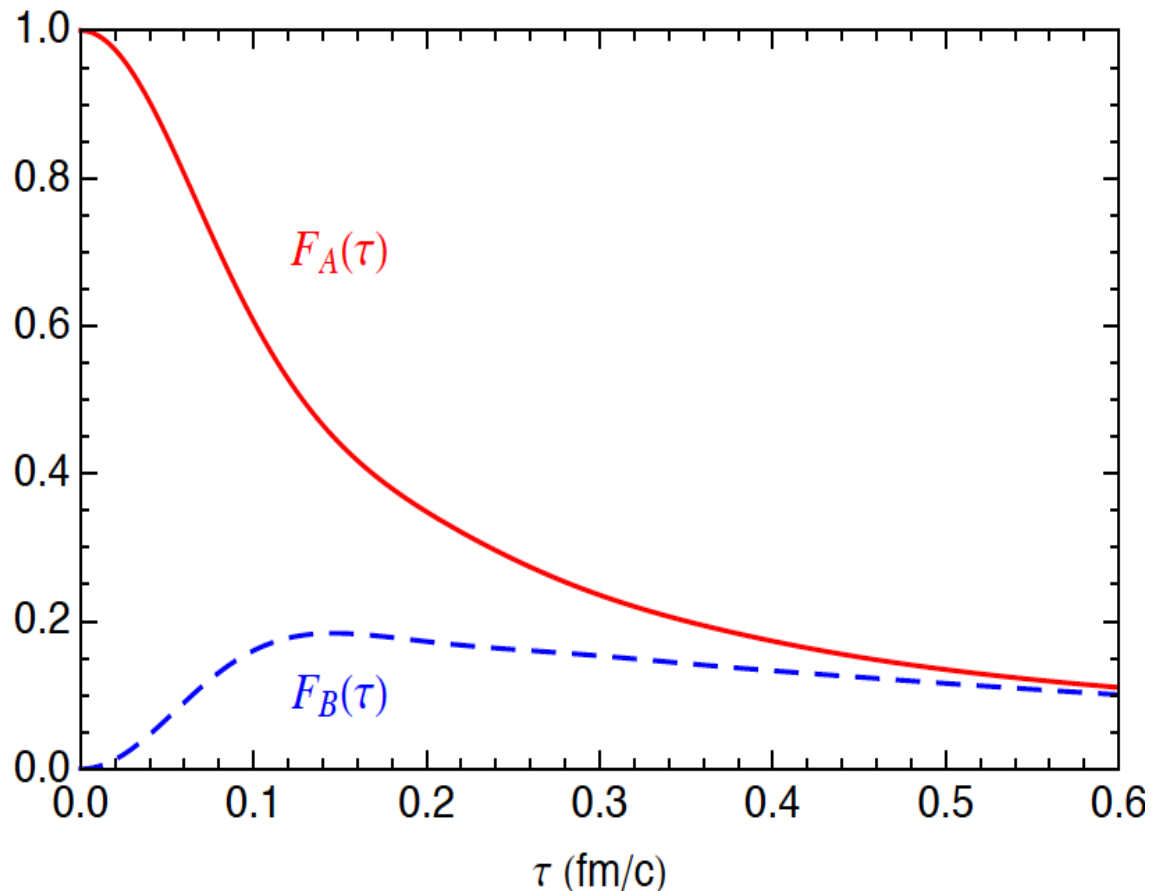
$$\mathcal{A} = \varepsilon_0 F_{\mathcal{A}}(\ln(Q^2/\Lambda_{QCD}^2), Q\tau)$$

$$\mathcal{B} = \varepsilon_0 F_{\mathcal{B}}(\ln(Q^2/\Lambda_{QCD}^2), Q\tau)$$

M. Li and J. I. Kapusta

arXiv:1602.09060

PRC, in press



Initial Conditions and Input Parameters

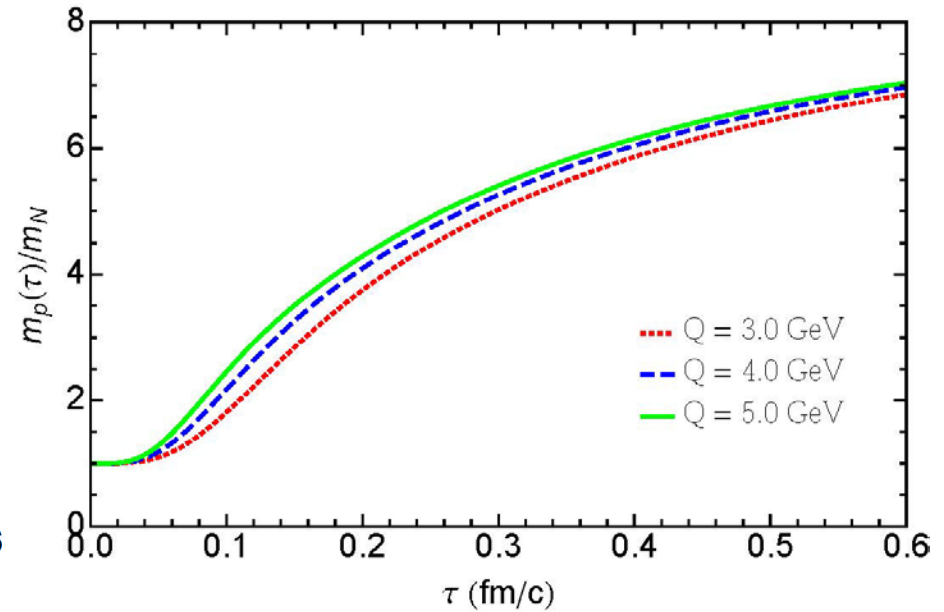
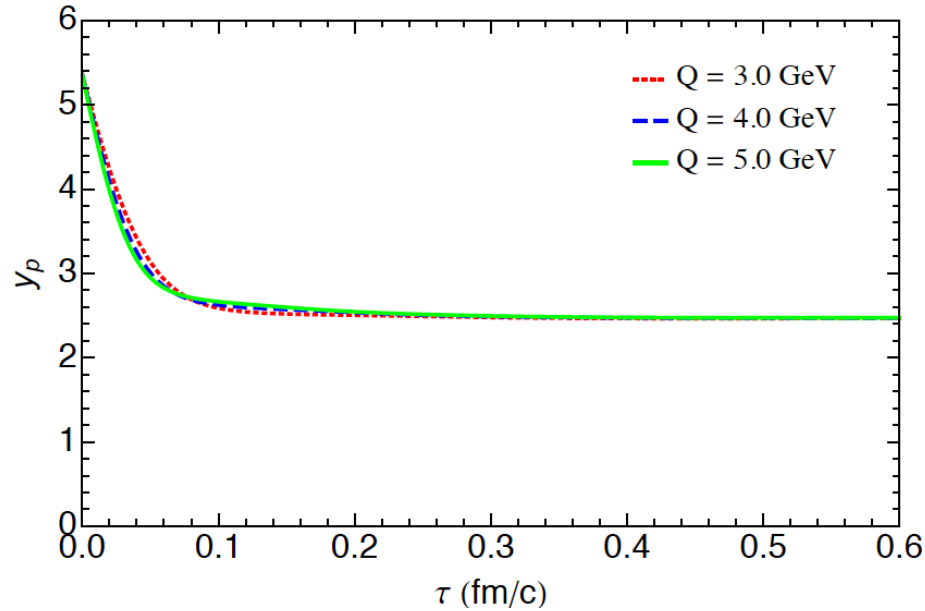
UV Cut-off Scale: $3 \text{ GeV} \leq Q \leq 5 \text{ GeV}$

Initial Energy Density
from Heinz et al.

$$\varepsilon_0(r_\perp) = \varepsilon_0(r_\perp = 0) \left(\frac{T_A(r_\perp)}{T_A(0)} \right)^2$$
$$T_A(\vec{r}_\perp) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \rho_A(\vec{r}_\perp, z) dz$$
$$\varepsilon(r_\perp, \tau = 0.6 \text{ fm}/c) = 30 \text{ GeV}/\text{fm}^3$$

Colliding Nuclei: Au-Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

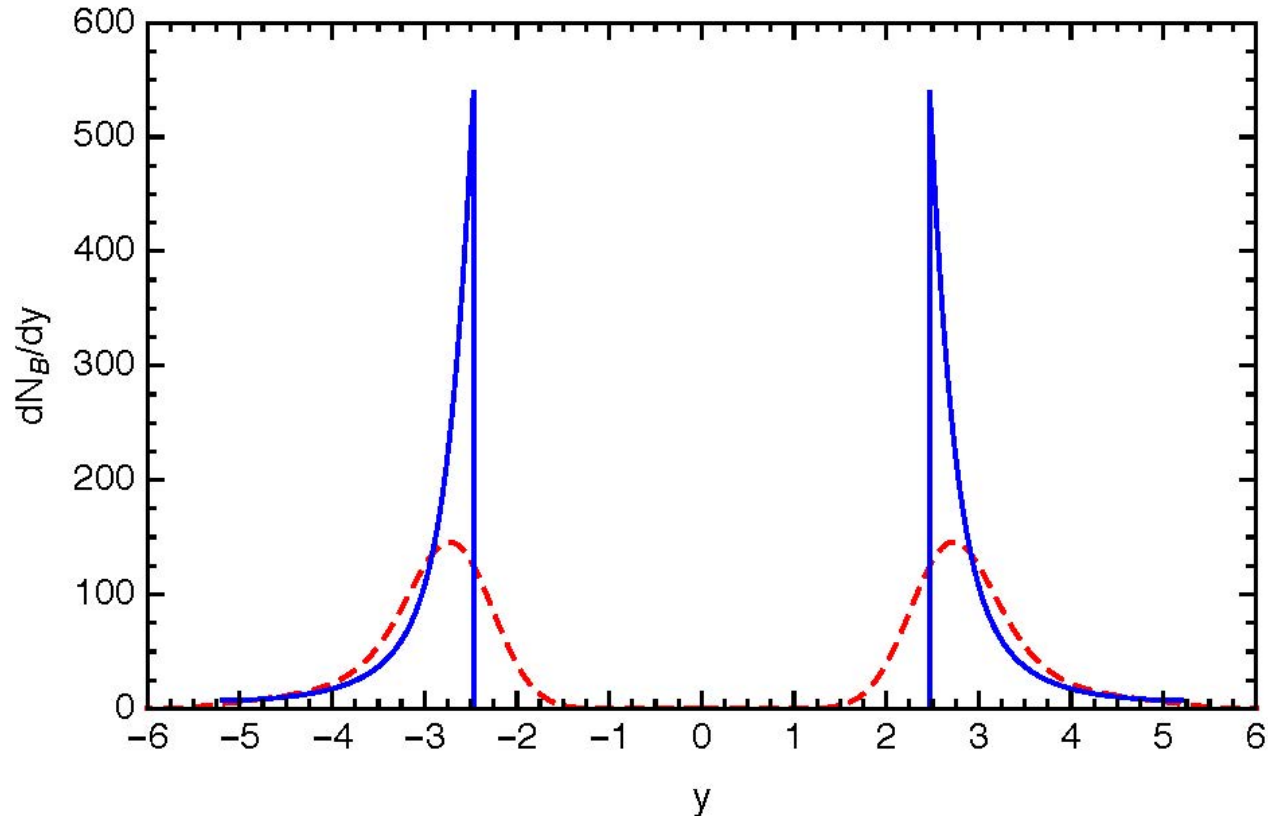
Rapidity Loss and Excitation Energy (central core)



$$y = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{E + P_z}{E - P_z},$$

$$v_z = \tanh y$$

Net-Baryon Rapidity Distribution



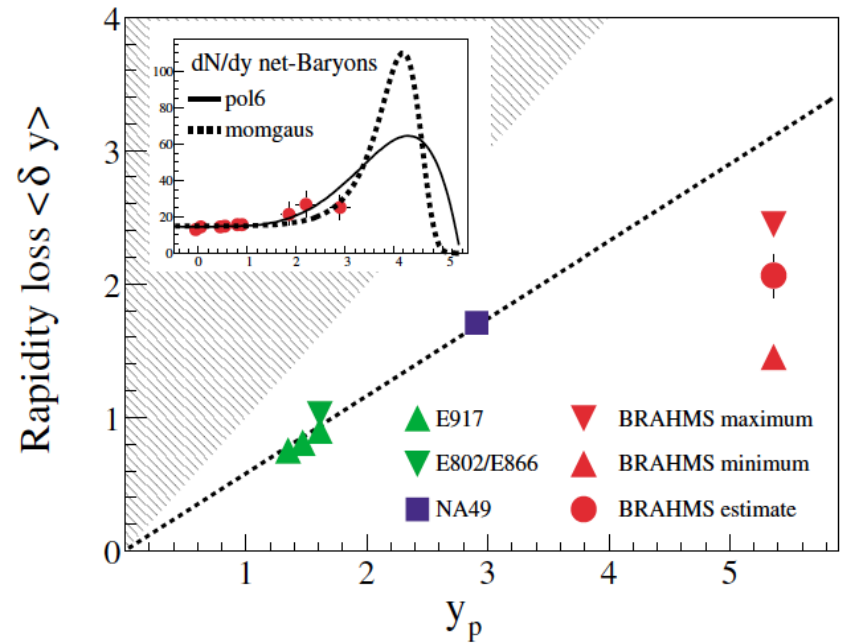
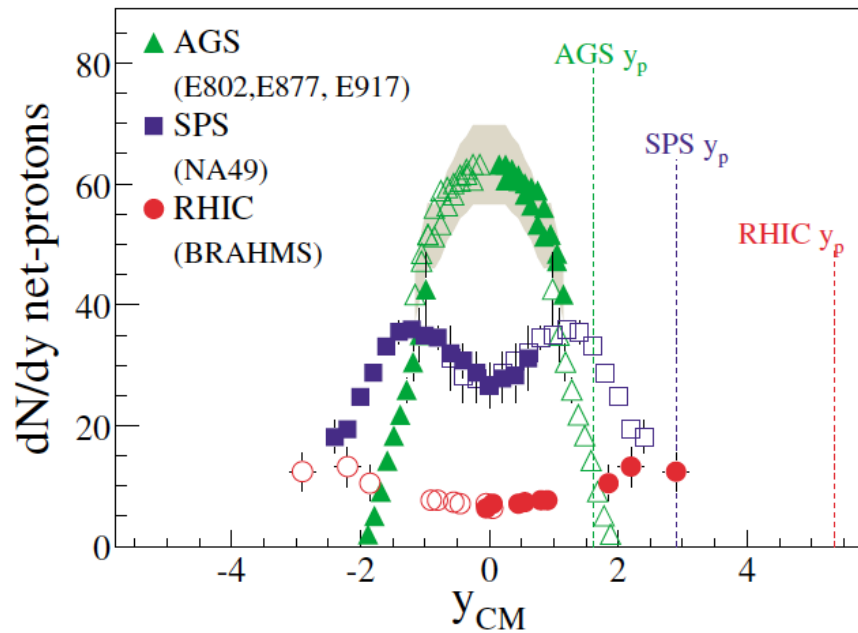
Thermal smearing

$$\exp(-\Delta y^2 / 2\delta^2)$$

$$\delta^2 = T / m = 0.16$$

$$\langle \delta y \rangle \simeq 2.42$$

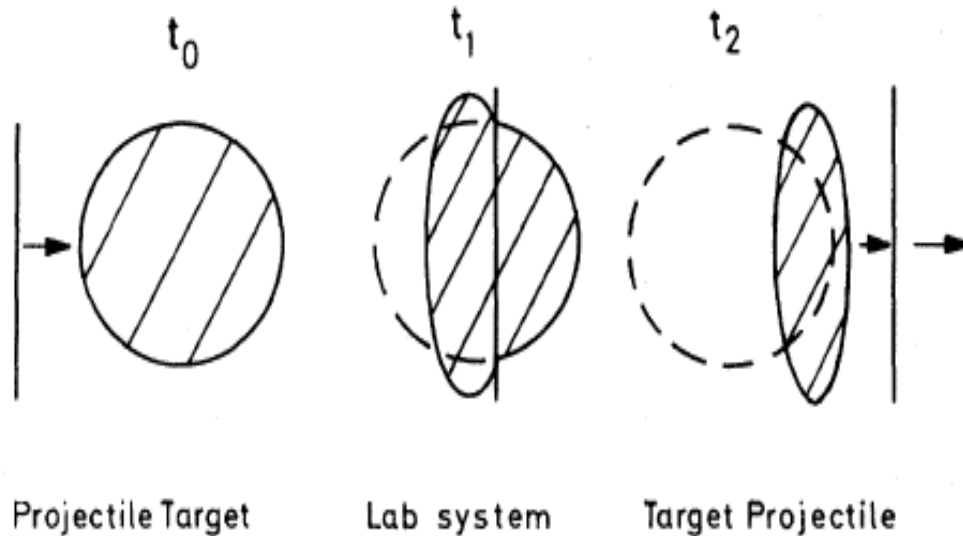
Baryon Stopping Data (0-10% centrality)



I. G. Bearden, et al.
 [BRAHMS Collaboration],
 PRL 93, 102301 (2004)

$$1.45 < \langle \delta y \rangle < 2.45$$

Nuclear Compression



$$\Delta z = (1 - v)z$$

$$\Delta z' = \gamma \Delta z = e^{-y} z$$

In the rest frame of the **Target**

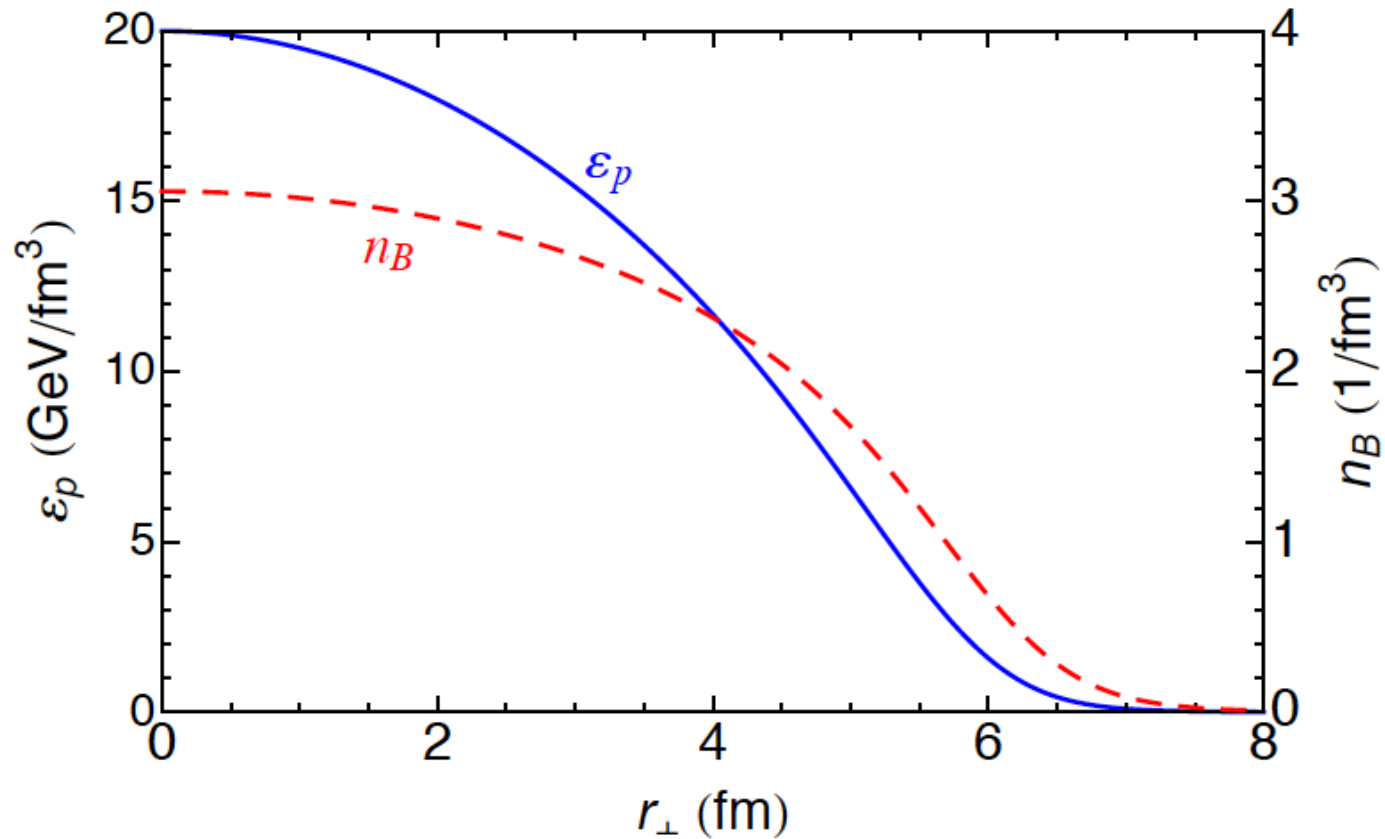
In the rest frame of the **Fireball**

R. Anishetty, P. Koehler and L. McLerran, Phys. Rev. D22, 2793(1980)

L. P. Csernai, Phys. Rev. D 29, 1945 (1984)

M. Gyulassy and L. P. Csernai, Nucl. Phys. A460, 723(1986)

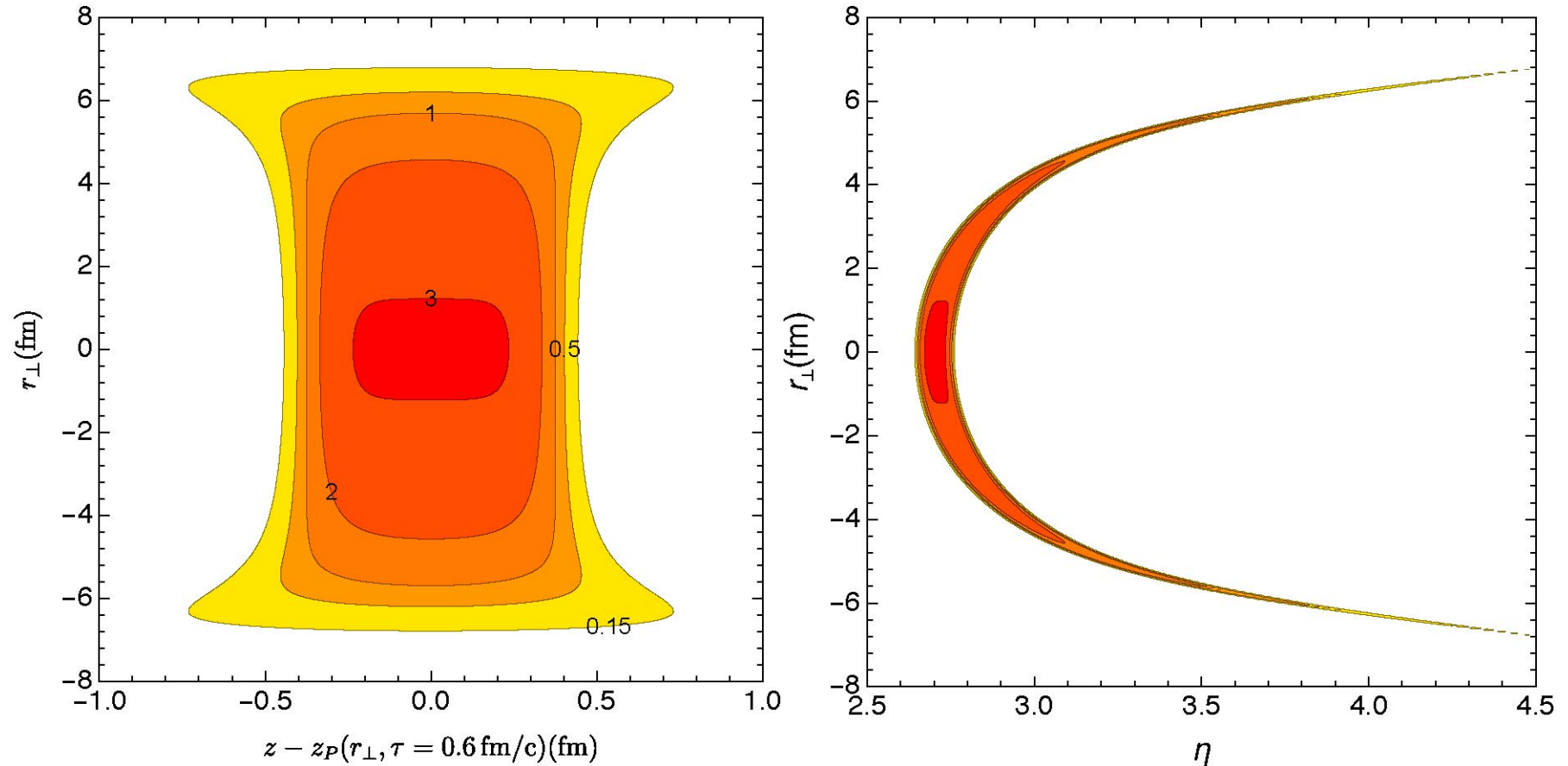
Baryon and Energy Densities



$$n_B(\vec{r}_{\perp}, z = 0) = e^{\Delta y} n_0(\vec{r}_{\perp}, z = 0)$$

$$\epsilon_P = M_P(\tau = 0.6 \text{ fm}/c) n_B$$

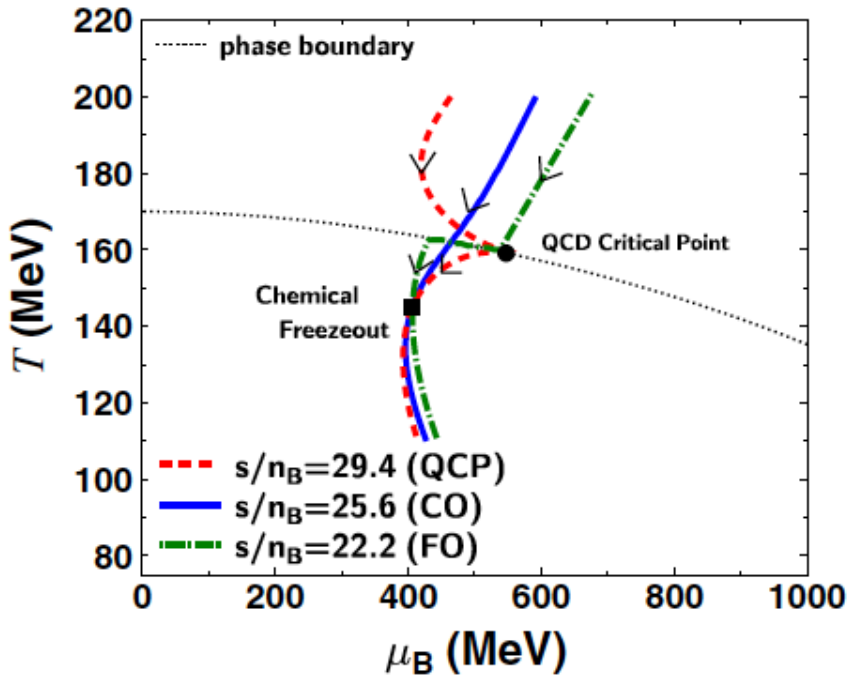
Local Baryon Density



Contours in units of baryons/ fm^3

Temperature and Chemical Potential

n_B (baryons/fm ³)	ε_P (GeV/fm ³)	T (MeV)	μ_B (MeV)	s/n_B
3.0	20.0	299	1061	26.2
1.5	5.5	205	1007	18.9

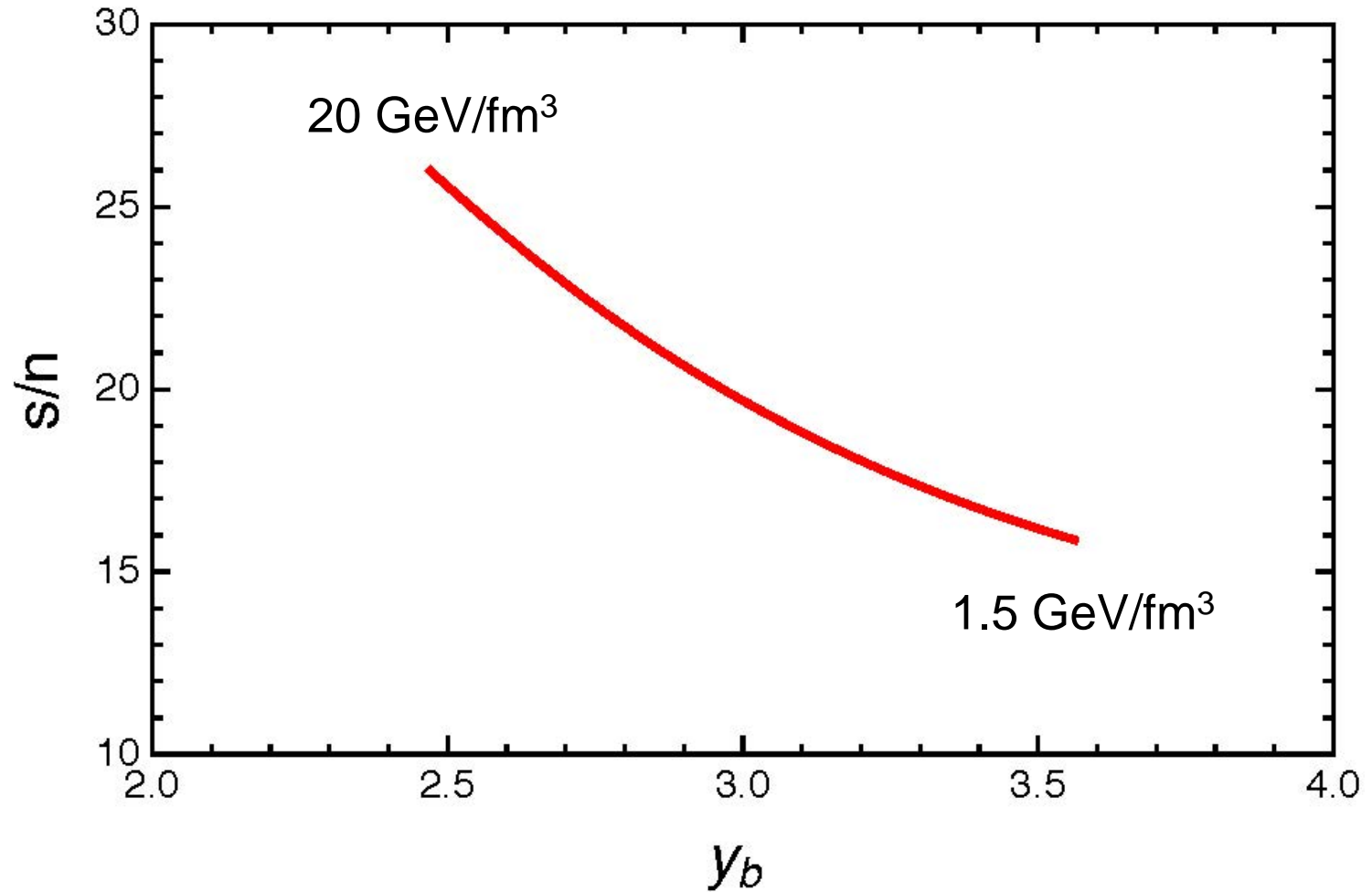


Three flavors of free massless quarks with zero net strangeness

$$P(T, \mu_B) = \frac{19\pi^2}{36} T^4 + \frac{1}{9} T^2 \mu_B^2 + \frac{1}{162\pi^2} \mu_B^4$$

M. Asakawa, S. A. Bass, B. Muller and C. Nonaka, Phys. Rev. Lett. 101, 122302 (2008)

Beam Energy or Rapidity Scan?



The Future

Other projectile-target combinations, non-central collisions

Other models for the glasma energy-momentum tensor

Initial conditions for 2nd order viscous hydrodynamics

Can measurements be made at these high rapidities?

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