



**E**-science grid facility for  
**E**urope and **L**atin **A**merica

## A Symbiotic Deployment of a Service Grid and an Opportunistic Grid over the same e-Infrastructure: the EELA-2 Experience

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- As the grid technology matures, more and more infrastructure enter in production
- Following the sharing spirit of grids, a lot of attention has recently been placed in the **integration** and **interoperation** of production grid infrastructures
- Integration/interoperation is normally achieved at the grid middleware level
  - Several approaches have already been proposed
  - Choosing the right approach depends not only on the middleware that are used, but also on the **motivations** for the integration/interoperation



## The “Why” question

- Before we present **how** we approach integration/interoperation of a Service Grid with an Opportunistic grid in the EELA-2 project, let us try to understand **why** one would like to integrate/interoperate two PGIs
- As in any partnership, a good understanding of the **value** that each partner gets and yields is crucial for the long-term **sustainability** of the partnership

- Let us take a look at the main stake holders involved
  - Resource owners
    - These, ultimately, are the ones that decide for or against the “operation”
    - **Possibly** driven by technical arguments from application users and infrastructure administrators
  - Users
    - Want more/better **resources** (that they find in the other PGI)
      - *Ideally without giving up the resources they already have access*
    - Want more/better **functionalities** (that they find in the other PGI)
      - *Ideally without having to change their application*
  - Administrators
    - “Is there a change? I am against!” 😊



# The “Why” question in the EELA-2 context

- **Very dissimilar application users and resource providers**
  - Few large/medium labs with strong links with large labs and their associated projects
    - They normally place non-trivial processing, storage, communication, and, most importantly, coordination requirements on the grid middleware
    - Although a non-negligible amount of jobs are in fact **embarrassingly parallel** sub-tasks of the same application (ie. Bag-of-Tasks – **BoT**)
    - They need and **can cope with the difficulties** of installing and, most importantly, maintain operational a sophisticated service grid
  - Many small labs, mostly working in isolation or starting to develop collaborations with other labs
    - Nevertheless, access to non-trivial amounts of computing resources enable these labs to improve their methodological approach
      - *Almost all their jobs are **BoT***
    - They **do not need, nor are able to, cope with the difficulties** of installing and maintain operational a sophisticated service grid
      - *Nevertheless, they want to be able to take part in larger cooperations with larger research labs*



# The “Why” question in the EELA-2 context

- **In summary:**
  - Large/Medium labs need a service grid based on a rich grid middleware
    - They have chosen **gLite** as such middleware
    - The first phase of the EELA project has successfully deployed such a PGI
    - **But** it would be nice if the resources of the small labs (that could not use gLite) could also be integrated in the grid
  - Small labs would rather build a grid that is supported by a simpler middleware target to efficiently execute BoT applications
    - Opportunistic grid middleware are the correct choice for them
    - They have chosen **OurGrid** as such middleware
      - *More details about OurGrid later*
    - **But** they want to cooperate with the larger labs and for that, they are required to provide their share of contribution to the whole system



# Promoting symbiosis

- By “integrating” the gLite-based Service Grid with the OurGrid-based Opportunistic grid we aim at:
  - Increase the size of the OG, by exploiting idle resources in the SG (**more and better resources for the OG**)
  - Leverage the virtualization infrastructure of OurGrid to provide gLite worker nodes on the shared machines of the OG and on dedicated machines running OurGrid (**more resources to the SG**)
    - OurGrid’s incentive mechanism/scheduling policy guarantees fair sharing of resources
  - Provide a specialized service for the execution of some of the BoT applications that currently execute on the SG (**better functionality for SG users**)
    - This allows improved performance for these applications
    - Has the side effect of improving the performance of the other applications that run on the SG, due to the smaller workload it will need to deal with



# The “How” question

- Now that we know why, let us discuss **how** we integrated a gLite-based SG with an OurGrid-based OG
- Several integration approaches have already been proposed
  - Gateways/Bridges
    - “Transforms” the grid resources of one grid in resources of the other grid by implementing a suitable bridge interface
      - *The EDGeS project is working on a generic bridging technology*
  - Gliding-in
    - “Install” part of the grid middleware of one grid in the resources of the other grid on the fly (through pilot jobs)
- We propose a **conviviality** approach that is based on having the two middleware (or parts of them) installed in the resources that wish to provide this feature
  - It achieves similar effect of the gliding-in approach





## If only everyone were trustworthy

- **Security issues is arguably the most complicated matter when interoperating two PGI**
- **OurGrid is meant to operate in a very promiscuous environment**
  - Peers do not trust each other
  - Yet, they need to cooperate
- **There are different security aspects to take into account**
  - How to **protect resources** from malicious users?
  - How to **protect the applications** from malicious resources?
  - How to **prevent free-riding**?



# If only everyone were trustworthy

- **Different security aspects are treated differently**
  - How to protect resources?
    - Very conservative approach based on “the administrator denial-of-service” approach 😊
      - *Remote jobs run inside a **virtual machine with limited disk access and no access to the network** (remember it only supports BoT)*
  - How to protect applications?
    - Very liberal approach – I mean, the user is left on its own
      - *Tasks may indicate a **user-defined checking mechanism** to be applied to the output of jobs (eg. to verify the existence of a watermark in an appropriate place)*
      - *We have implemented **credibility-based scheduling** (a la BOINC), but it is not in the supported software*
  - How to prevent free-riding
    - The **Network-of-Favors** incentive mechanism
    - Asymmetric cryptography used to prevent impersonation



## OurGrid in a nutshell (1/2)

job:

label: my\_rendering\_example  
requirements: (os=linux)

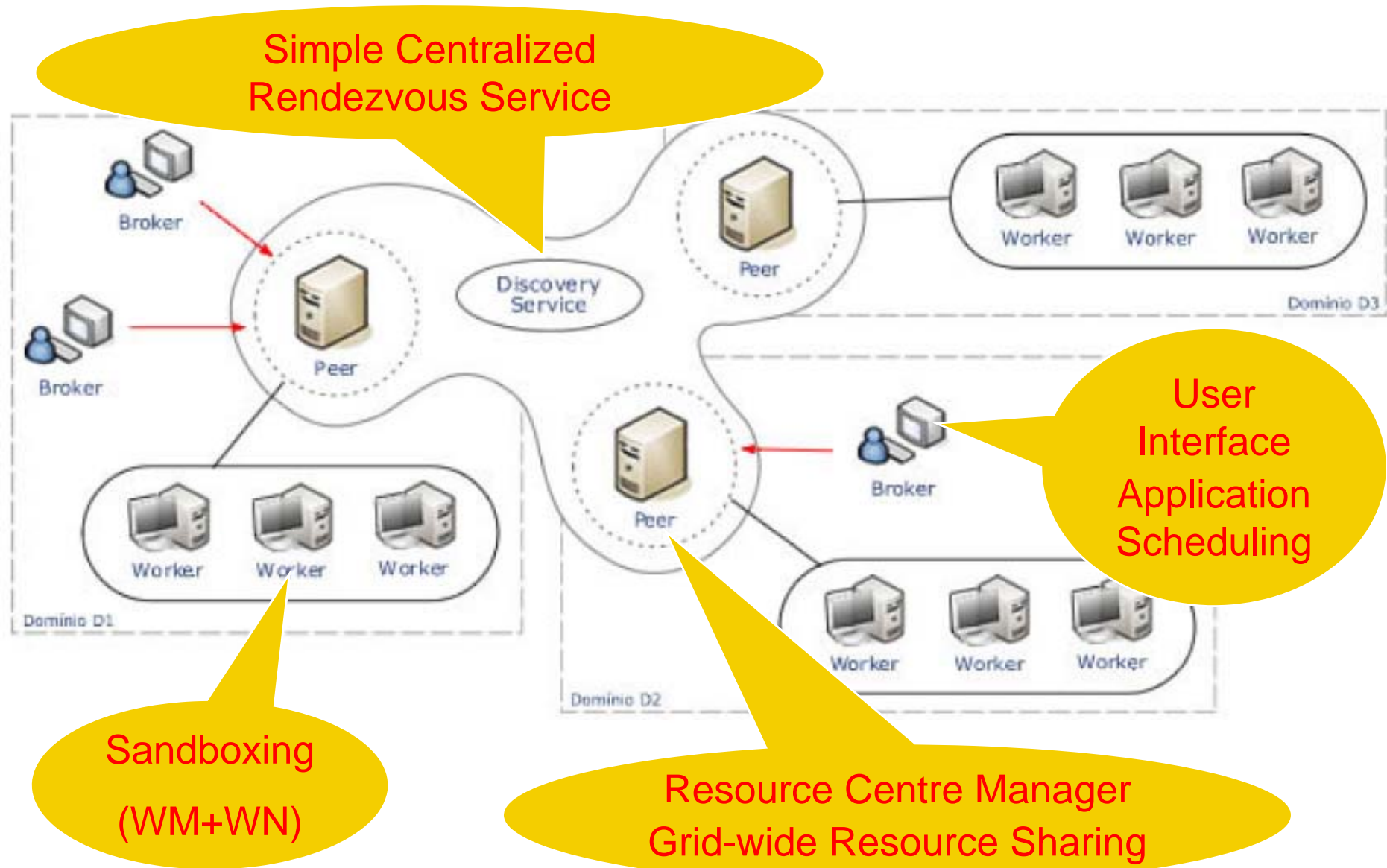
task:

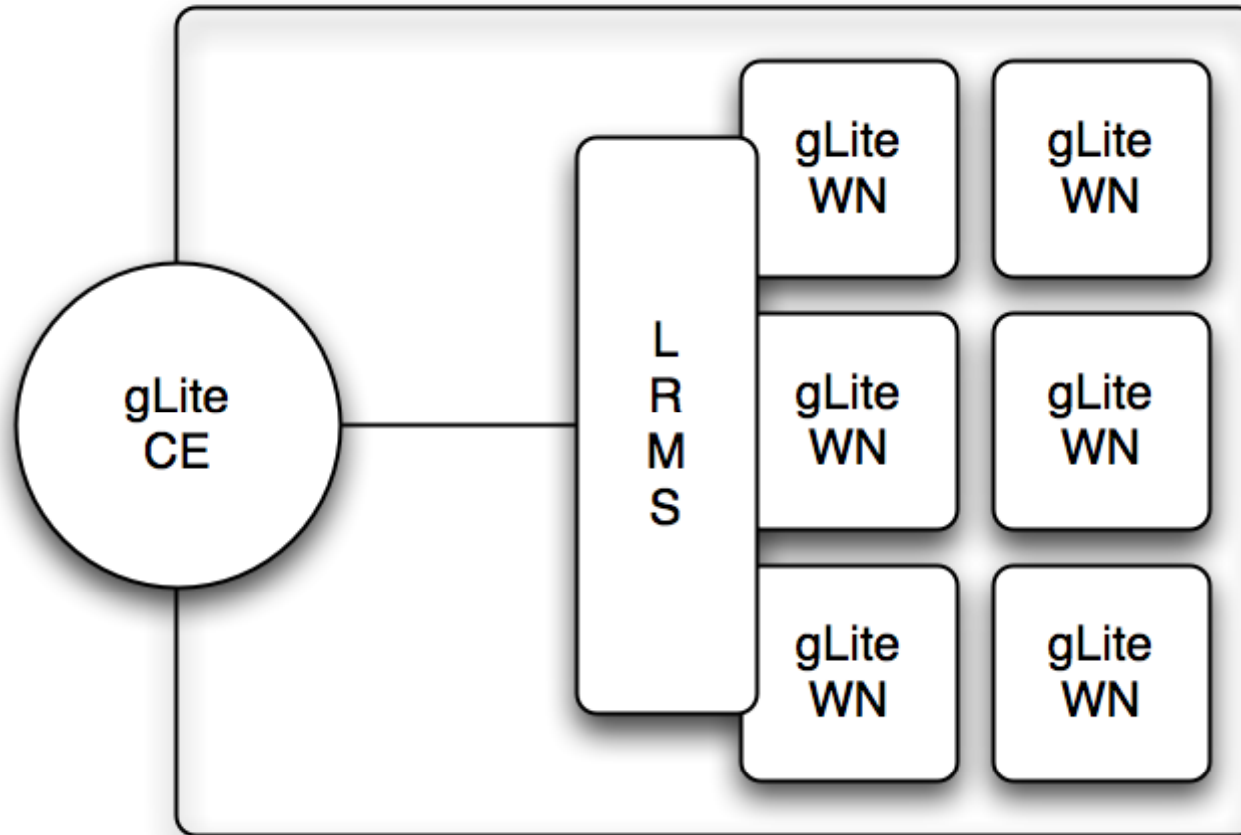
init:           store render \$STORAGE  
                  put input-1 \$PLAYPEN  
remote:         render < input-1 > output-1  
final:          get output-1 output-1  
check:          ./my\_check output-1

task:

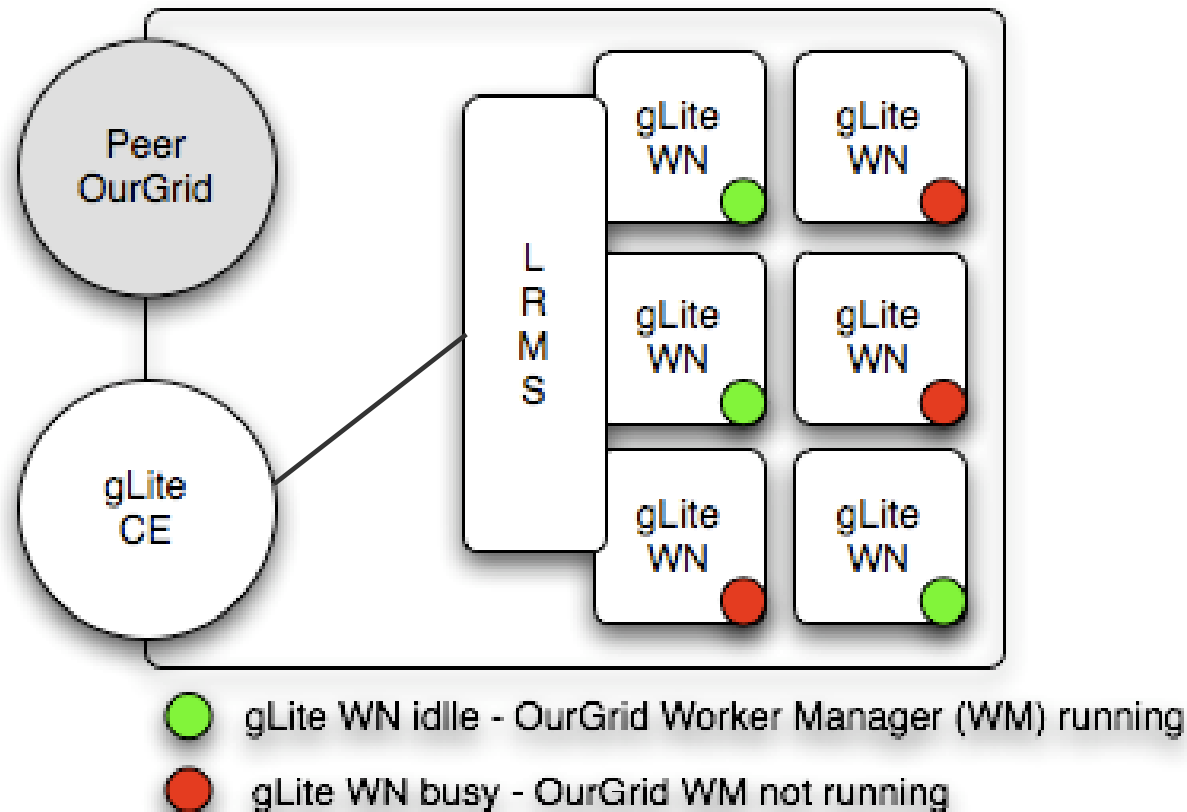
init:           store render \$STORAGE  
                  put input-2 \$PLAYPEN  
remote:         render < input-2 > output-2  
final:          get output-2 output-2  
check:          ./my\_check output-1

...

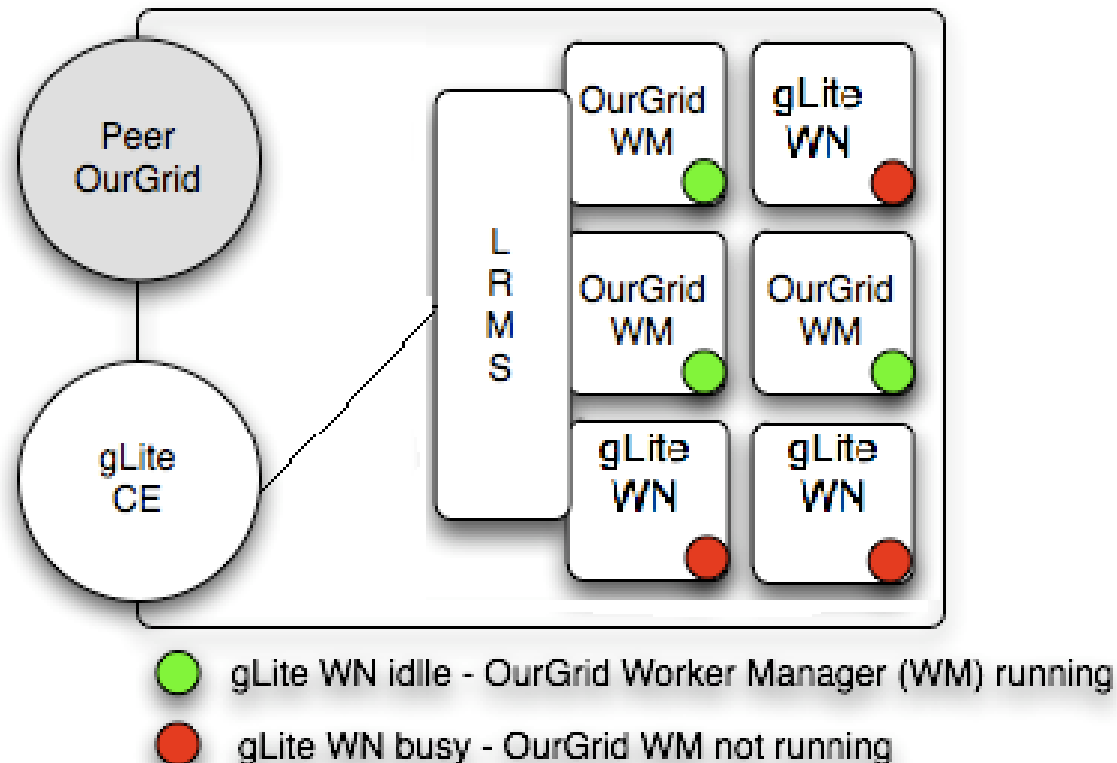




- Allowing idle resources in an EELA-2 gLite resource centre to be exposed as OurGrid resources



- Allowing resources of an OurGrid resource centre to be exposed as virtual gLite resources





## Current status and future work

- Latest version of OurGrid just released with support for the exploitation of idle cycles in service grids
  - Available for download at both:
    - <https://forge.eu-eela.eu/projects/ourgrid-eela/>
    - <http://www.ourgrid.org/>
  - Customized installation guide available for sites already running gLite
- Installation of gLite in OurGrid sites and mapping of gLite BoT jobs in OurGrid jobs to be released within a couple of months
- Evaluate the impact of the conviviality in a production environment





## Concluding remarks

- **More information on the EELA-2 JRA1 activities at the project's website:**
  - <http://www.eu-eela.eu/>
- **For OurGrid specificities, visit:**
  - <http://www.ourgrid.org/>
- **Contact me at:**
  - [fubica@dsc.ufcg.edu.br](mailto:fubica@dsc.ufcg.edu.br)

**Thanks for your attention!**