



The COMPASS spectrometer: status and performance

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COMMON
MUON and
PROTON
APPARATUS for
STRUCTURE and
SPECTROSCOPY



THE COMPASS COLLABORATION

Bielefeld, Bochum, Bonn (ISKP), Bonn (PI), Burdwan and Calcutta,
CERN, Dubna (LPP and LNP), Erlangen, Freiburg, Heidelberg,
Helsinki, Mainz, Moscow (INR), Moscow (LPI), Moscow (State University),
München (LMU), München (Technical University), Nagoya, Protvino,
Saclay, Tel Aviv, Torino (University and INFN),
Trieste (University and INFN),
Warsaw (SINS), Warsaw (TU)

More than 200 physicists from 26 Institutes



PHYSICS OBJECTIVES

Nucleon spin structure

- Gluon polarization $\Delta G(x)$
- Flavour-dependent helicity functions $\Delta q(x)$
- Transverse-spin distribution functions $\Delta_T q(x)$
- Spin-dependent fragmentation (ΔD^{Λ}_q)

COMMON MUON and PROTON APPARATUS for STRUCTURE and SPECTROSCOPY

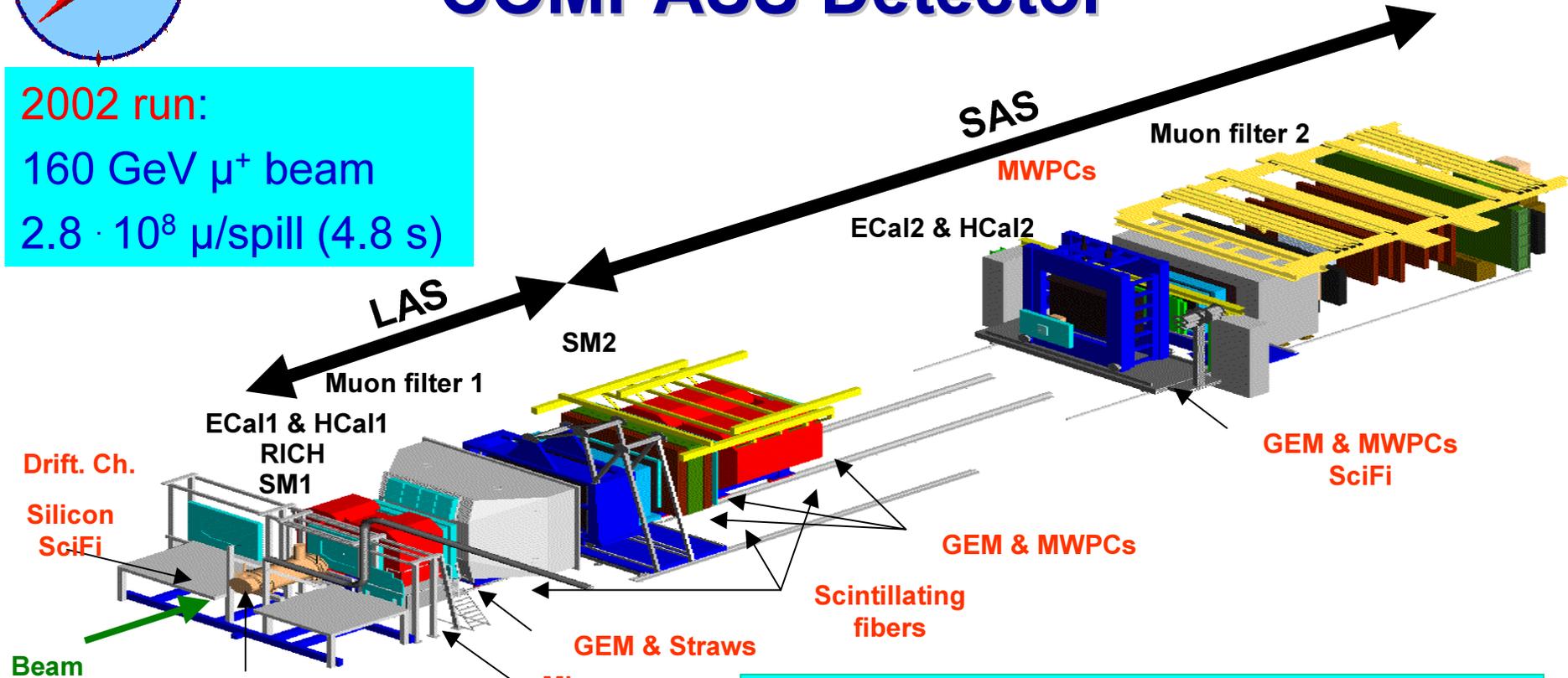
Spectroscopy

- Primakoff reactions
 - **Polarizability of π and K**
- Glueballs and hybrids
- Charmed mesons and baryons
 - **Semileptonic decays**
 - **Double-charmed baryons**



COMPASS Detector

2002 run:
 160 GeV μ^+ beam
 $2.8 \cdot 10^8$ μ /spill (4.8 s)



2 stage spectrometer: LAT, SAT
tracking: VSAT, SAT, LAT
calorimetry: Ecal1, Hcal1, Ecal2, Hcal2
PID: RICH-1, μ -wall1, μ -wall2
Polarised Target

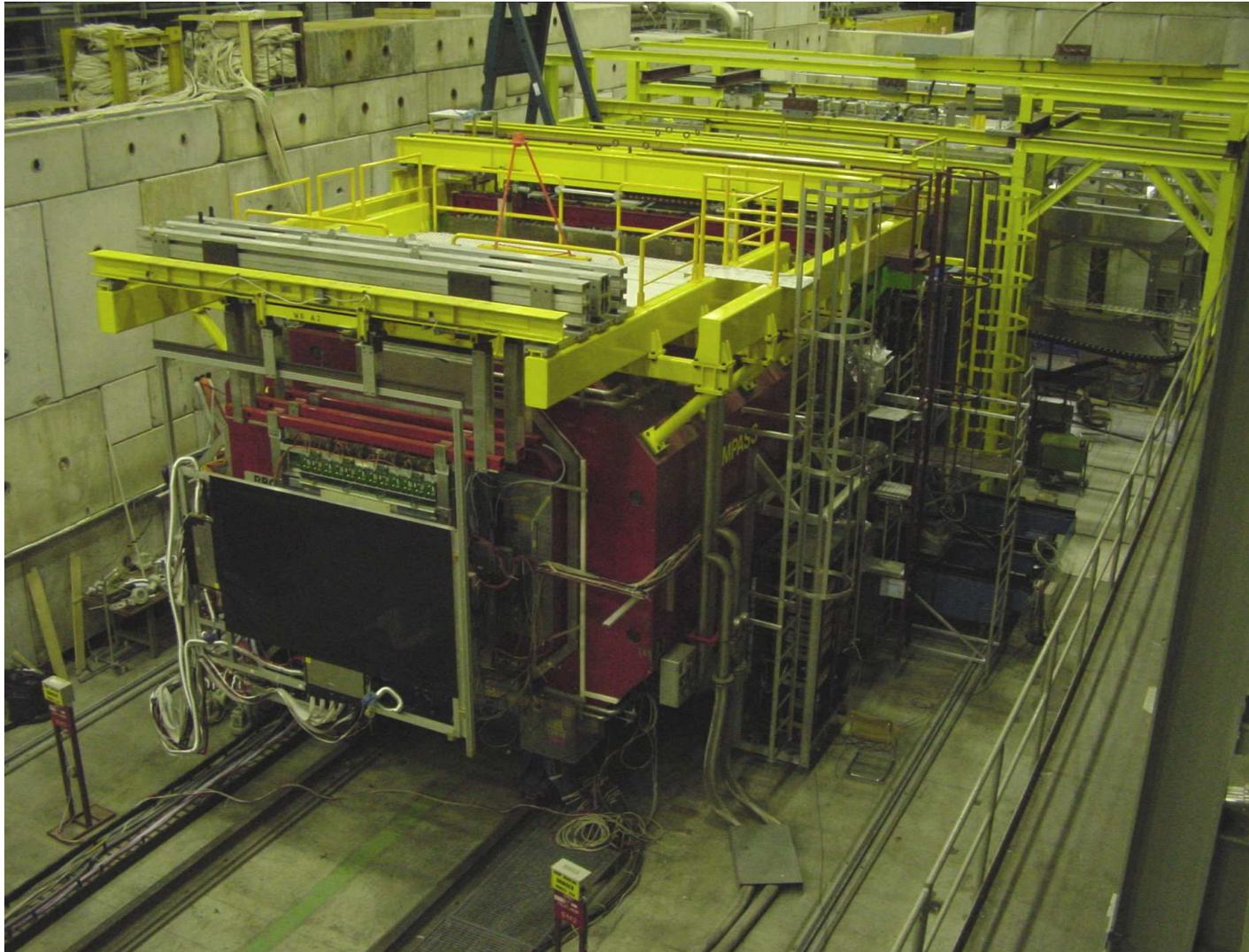


LARGE MECHANICAL STRUCTURES

SOME EXAMPLES



SAS + SM2 in the hall



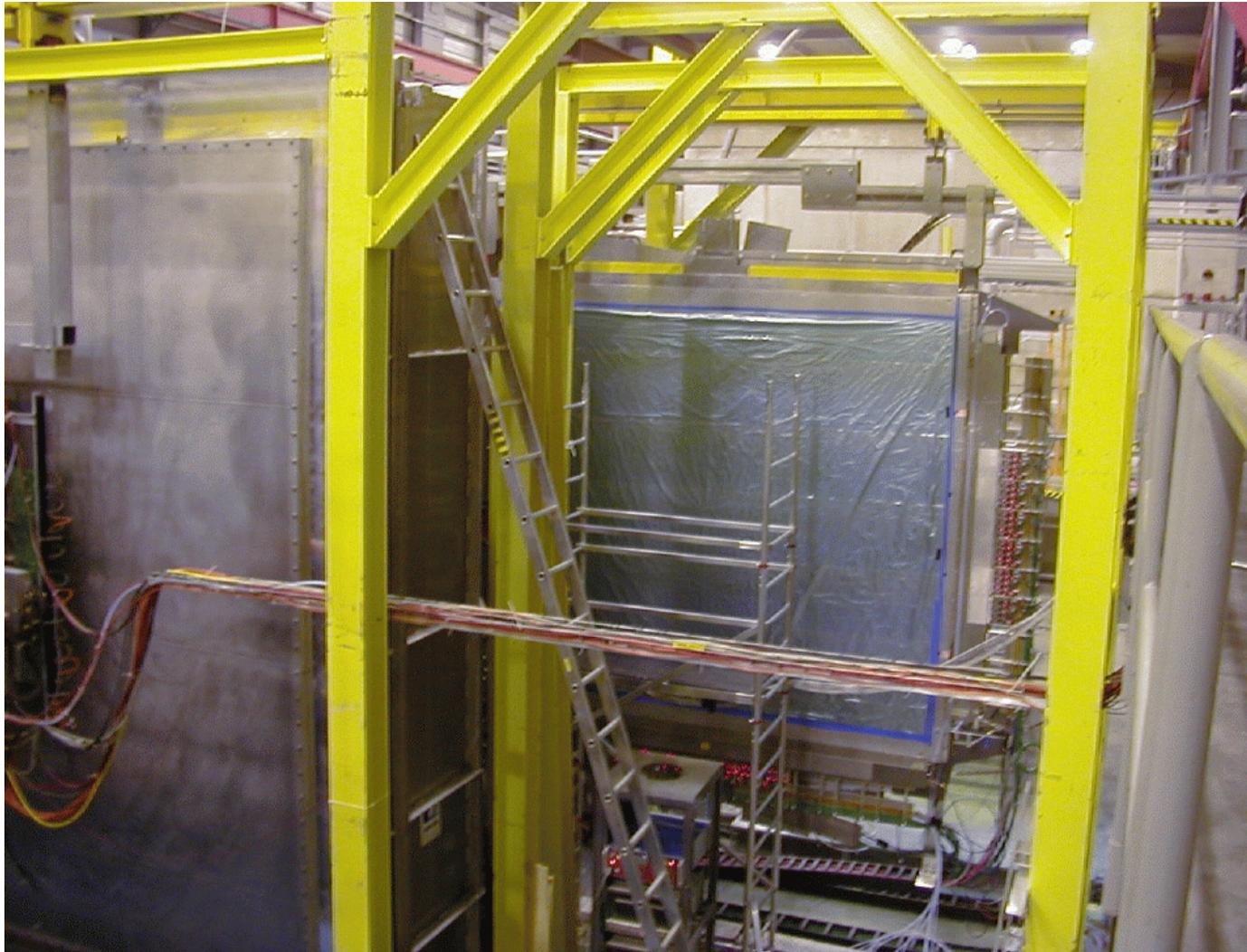


ECAL1 frame





TRACKER SUPPORT IN RICH-1 REGION

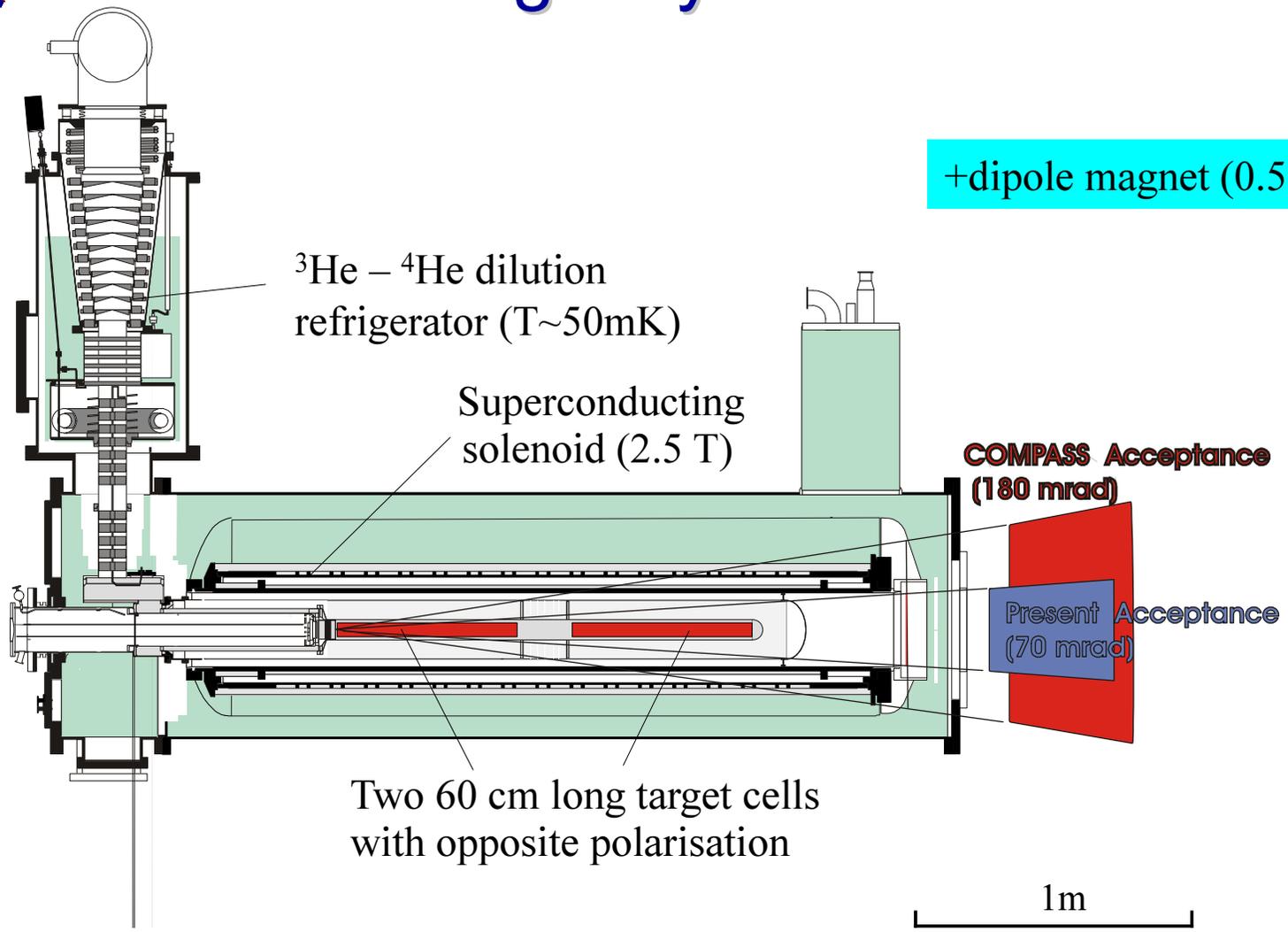




POLARIZED TARGET

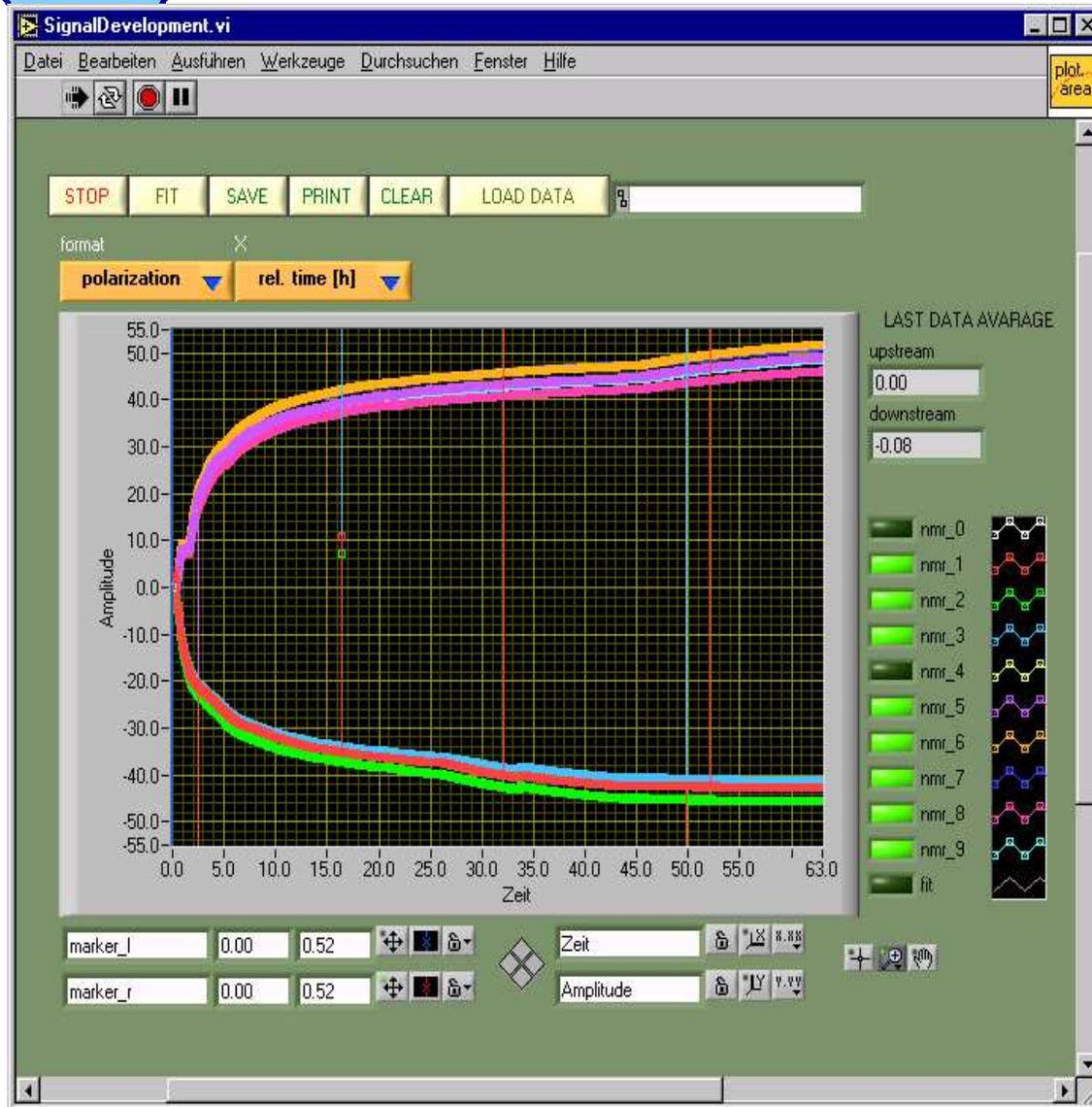


Target system





^6LiD Target



Dynamic Nuclear Polarization

Dilution factor ~50%

Maximum P values

- 49% + 57%

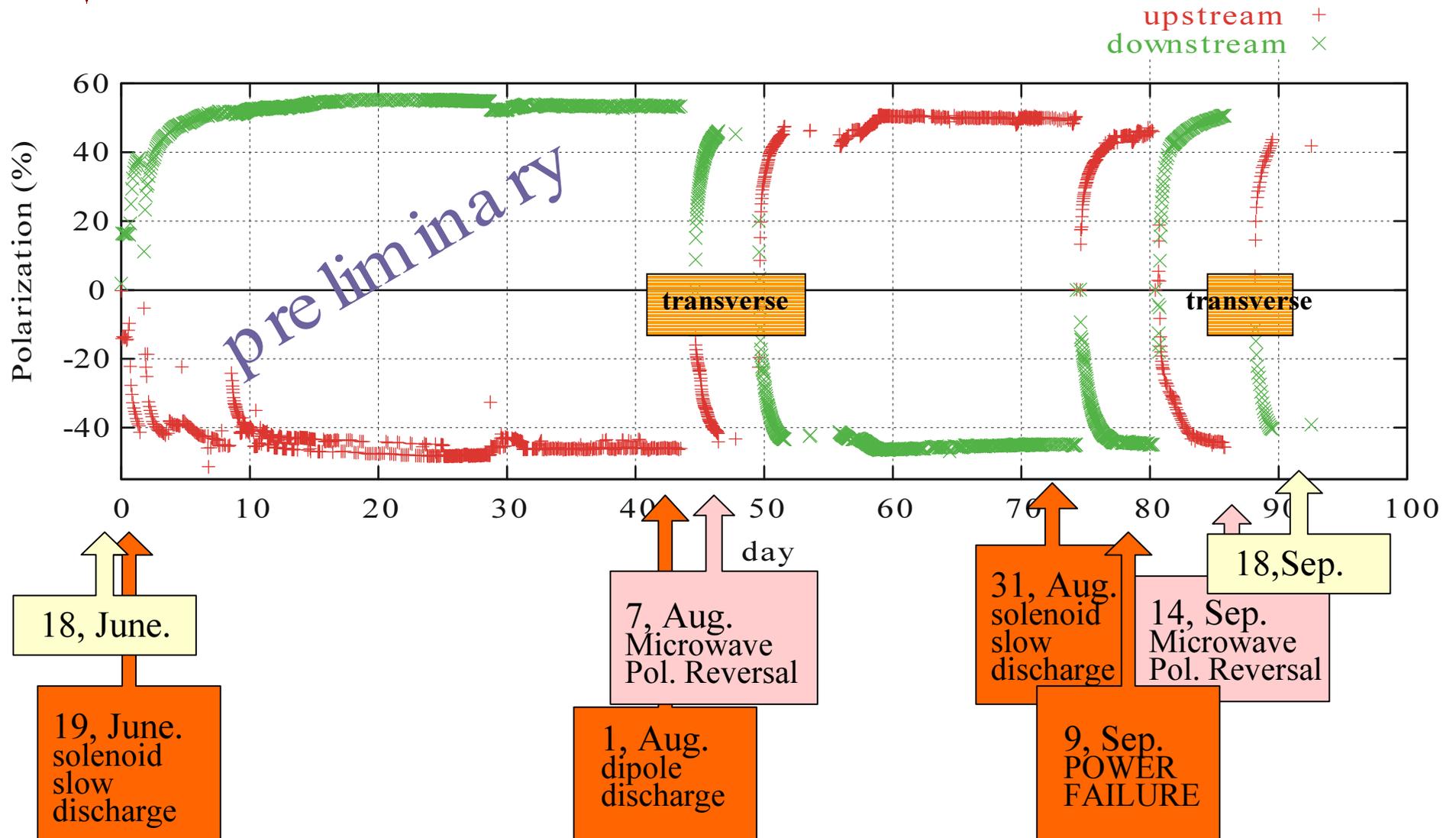
Spin relaxation time:

**-Longitudinal spin (2.5 T):
too long to be
measured**

**-Transverse spin (0.5 T):
>1000 hours**



^6LiD Target Polarization 2002



Future Physics @ COMPASS

26-27 September 2002

S. Dalla Torre



TRACKERS

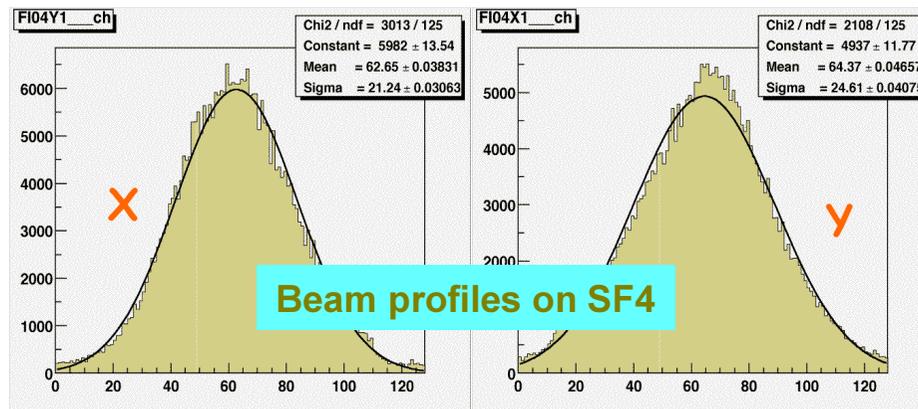
VERY SMALL ANGLE TRACKERS



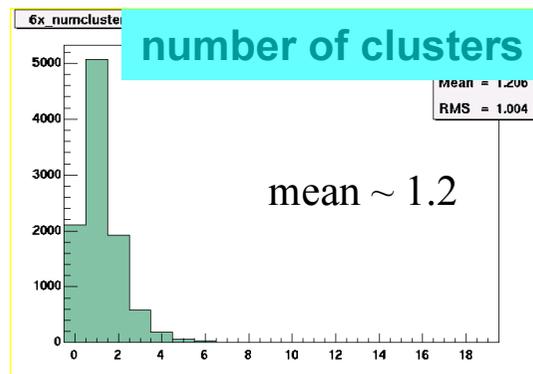
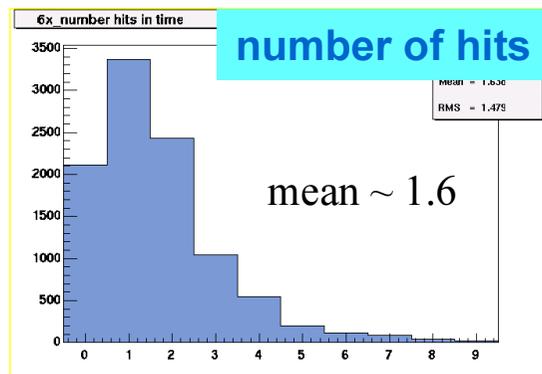
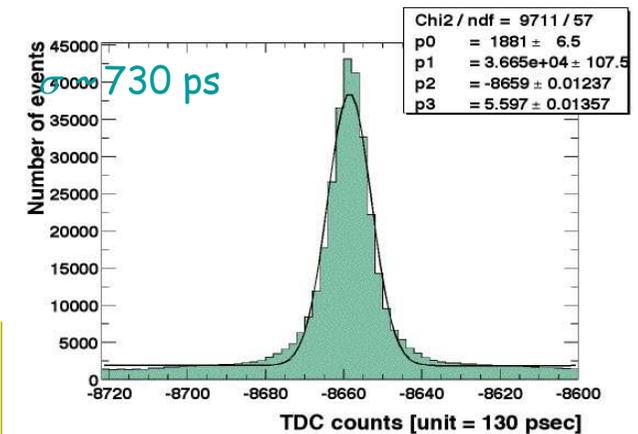
Scintillating Fiber Detectors

• 9 stations, 21 coordinates, 2668 fibre ch.s, 4008 discr. ch.s

- efficiency: typically 99%
- enormous rate capability: 5 MHz per fiber
- time resolution: 450 to 550 ps
- spatial resolution: 130 to 250 μm



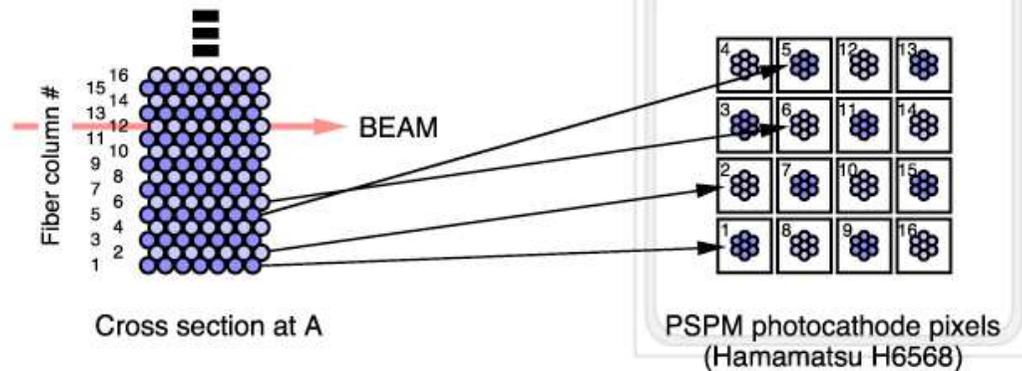
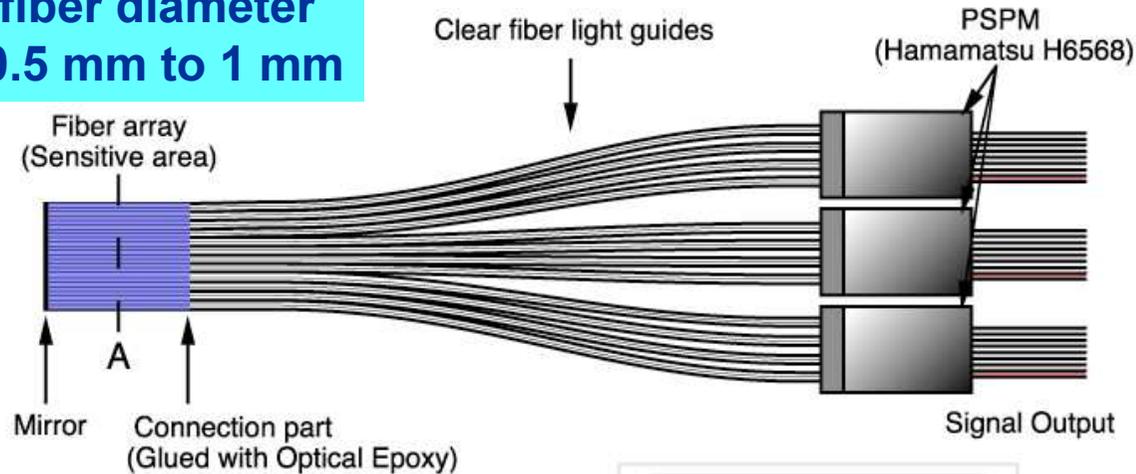
time difference "SF1X -SF1Y"
(time resolution SF1: $\sigma \sim 520$ ps)





SciFi

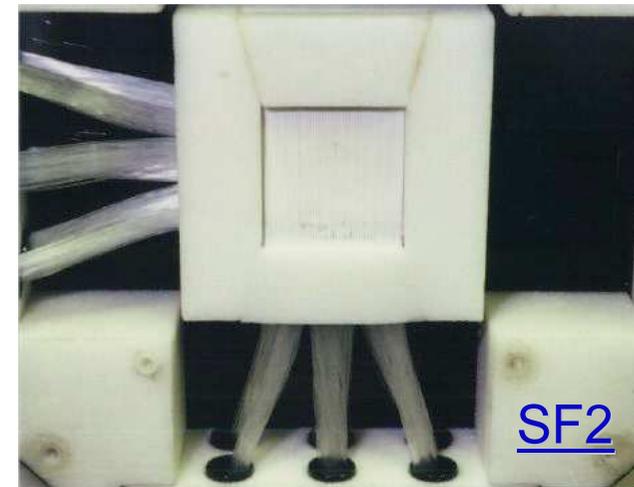
**fiber diameter
0.5 mm to 1 mm**



Position-Sensitive Photomultiplier (PSPM):

H6568MOD (HAMAMATSU)

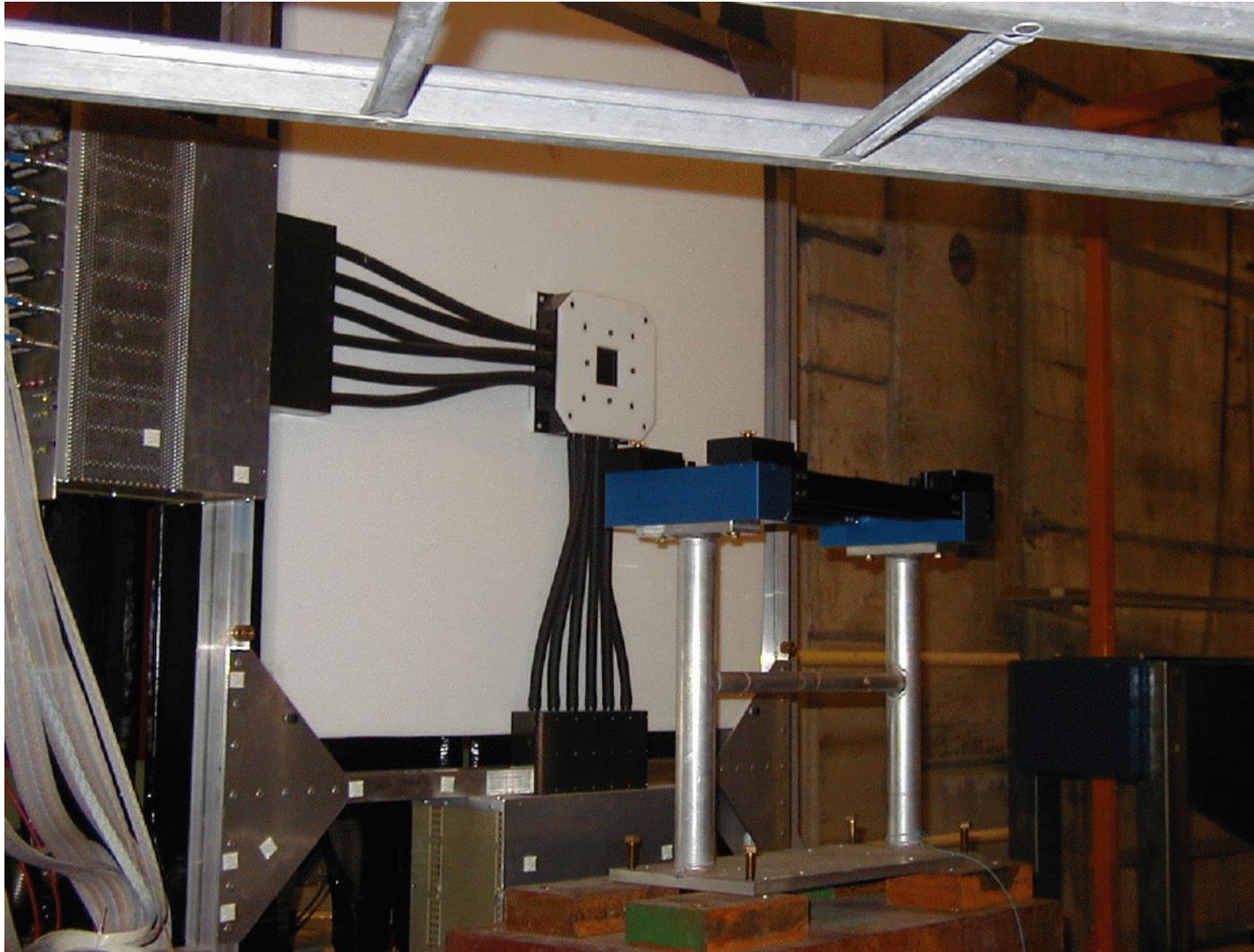
- 16 ch Multi-Anode
- Booster for the last 4 stages of dynodes



**Sensitive area:
7-layers of Kuraray SCSF-78MJ 0.5 mm Ø**



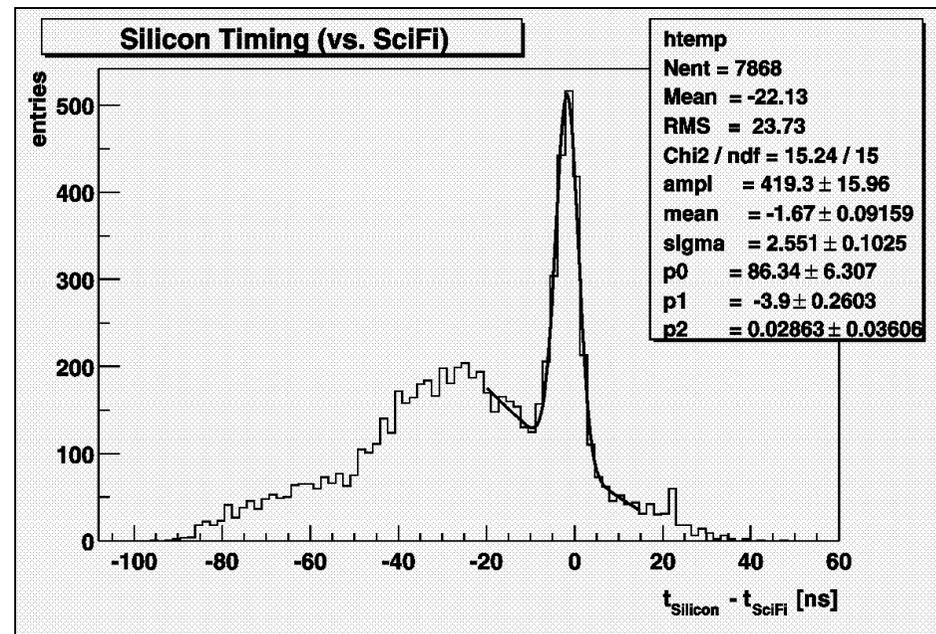
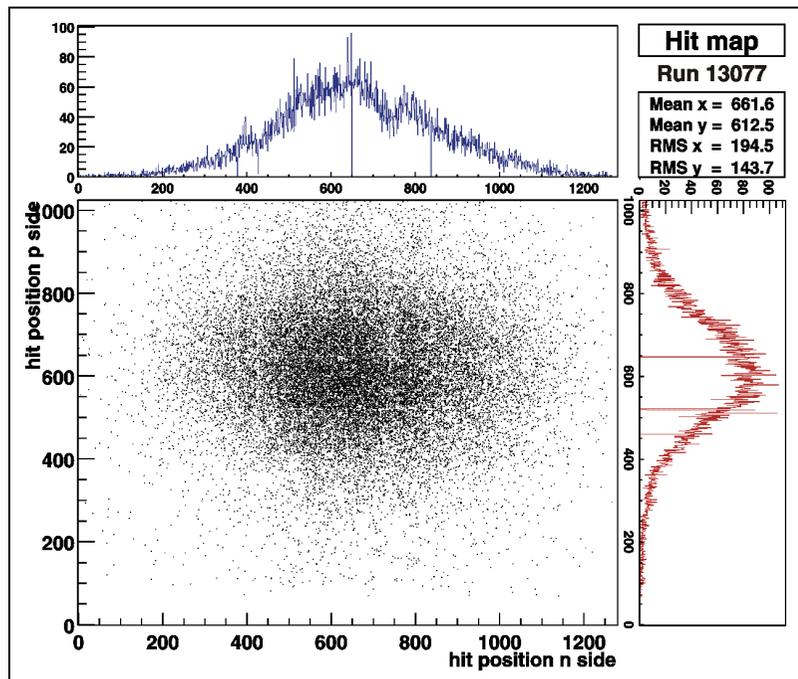
SciFi





Silicon trackers

- 2 stations, i.e. 4 double sided silicon detector operated in 2002
- strip pitch 50 μm
- dimensions 50 x 70 mm^2
- time resolution 2.5 ns
- efficiency $\sim 99\%$





TRACKERS

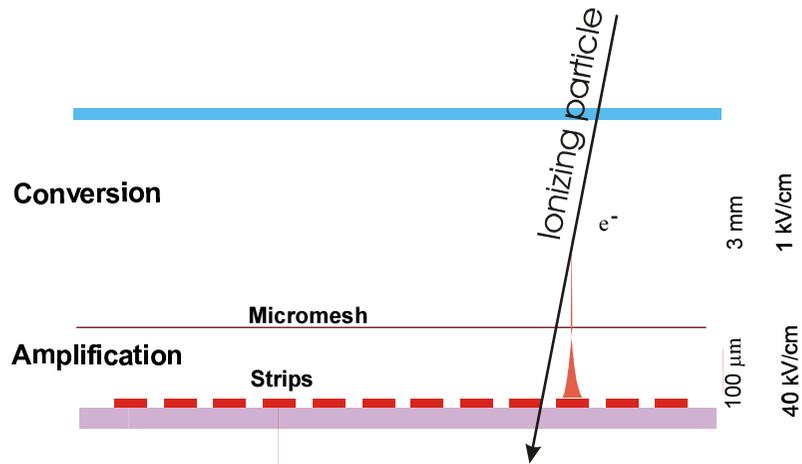
SMALL ANGLE TRACKERS



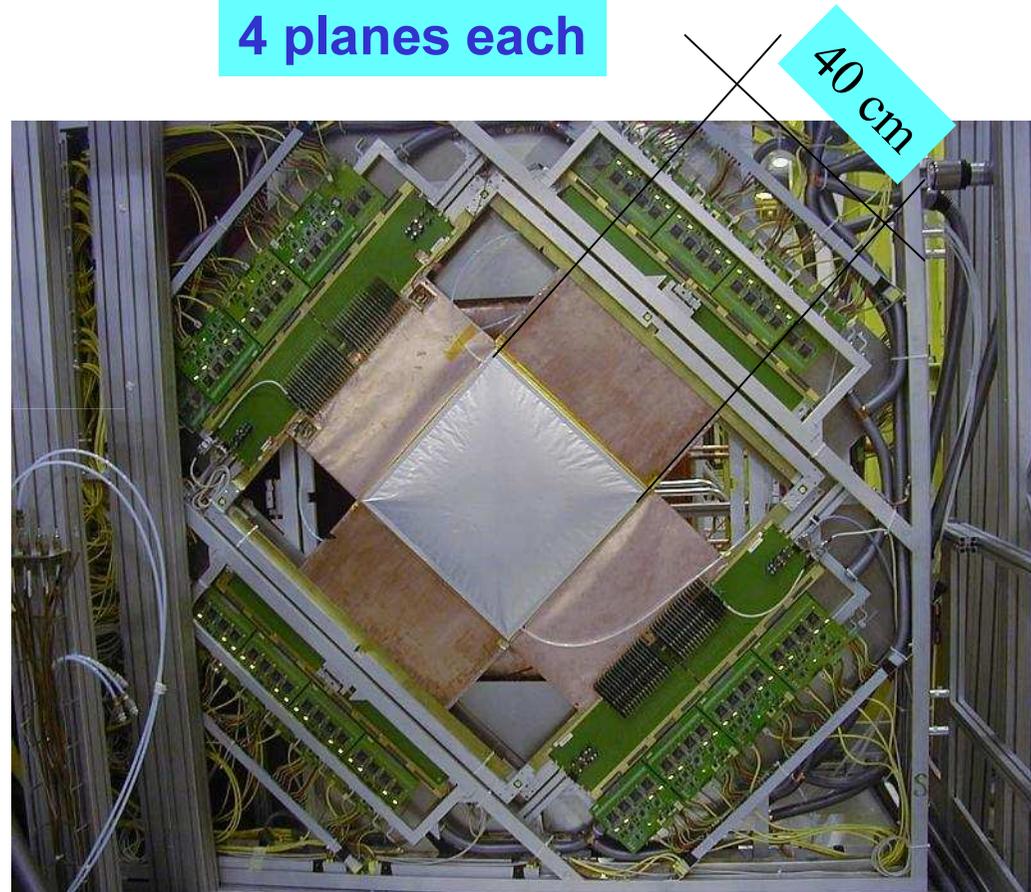
MicroMegas (Micro Mesh Gas Detectors)

2002 run:
3 stations,
4 planes each

Novel gaseous detector



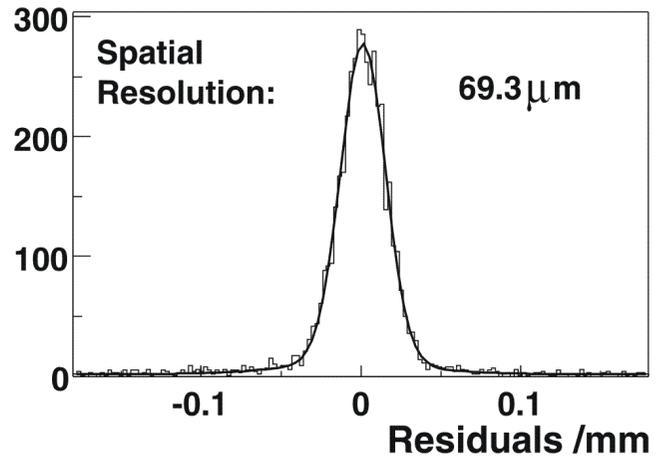
40x40 cm²,
dead zone: 5 cm Ø



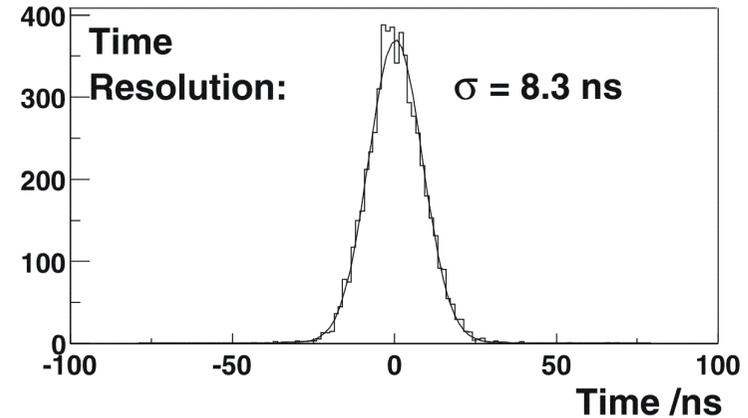


MicroMegas

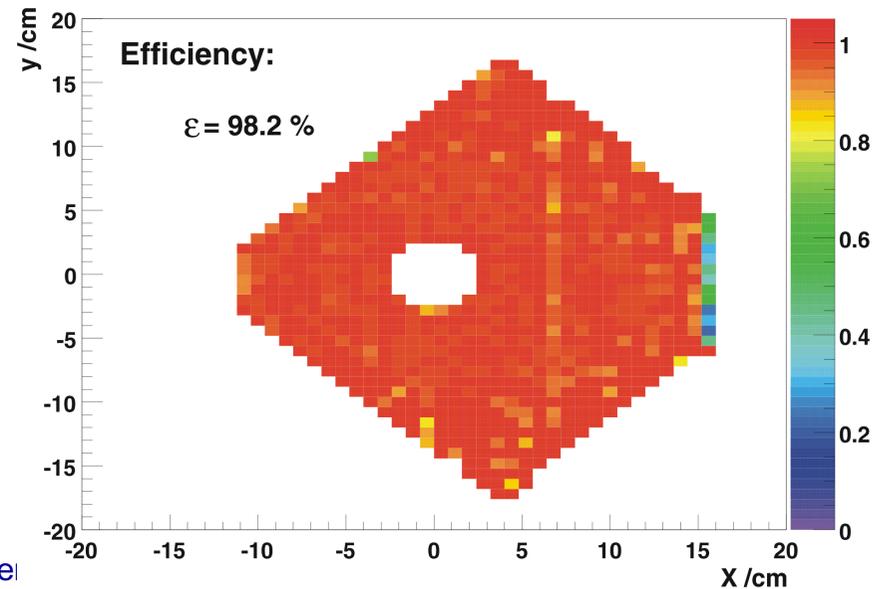
**spatial resolution
below 70 μm**



time resolution below 10 ns



**efficiency
larger than 97%**

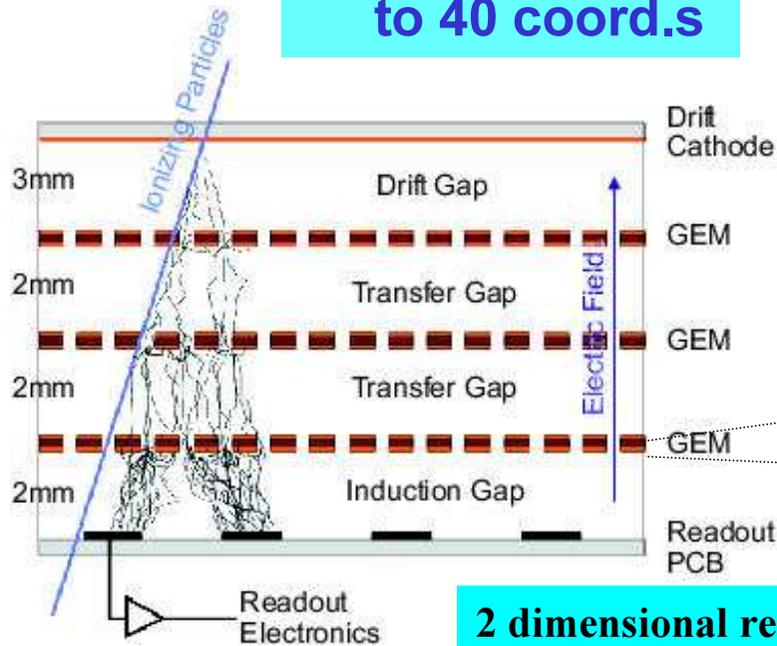
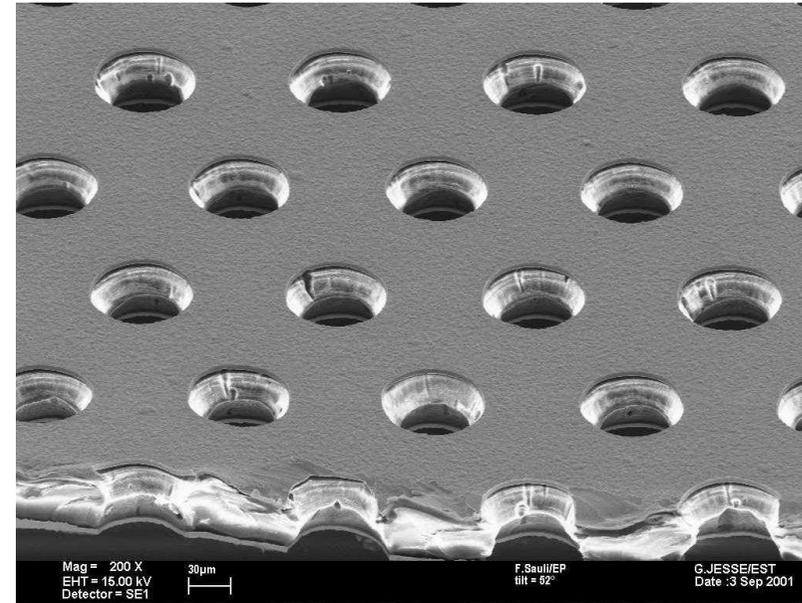




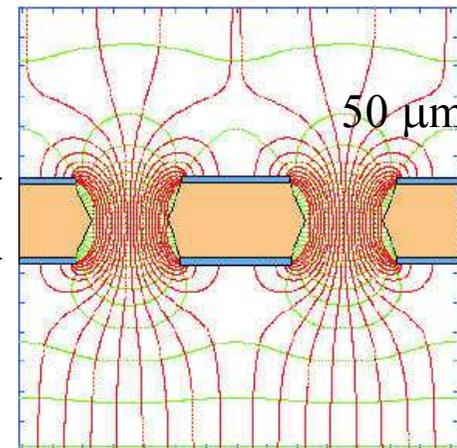
GEMs

- novel gaseous detector

2002 run:
10 stations,
2 detectors each
corresponding
to 40 coord.s



2 dimensional read-out



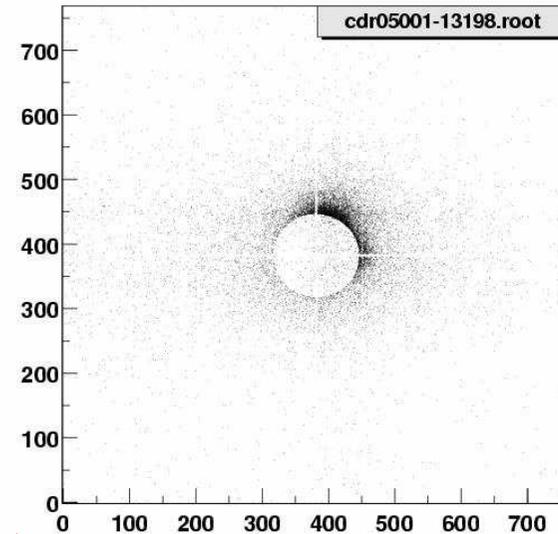


GEMs

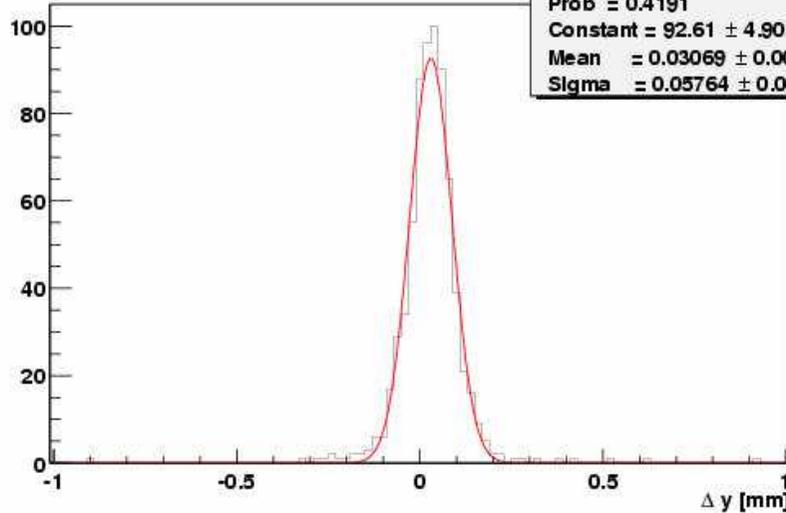
- two dimensional read-out
- spatial resolution $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$
- time resolution $\sim 12 \text{ ns}$
- efficiency $\sim 96 - 97\%$

GM01XY Hit map

30 x 30 cm²



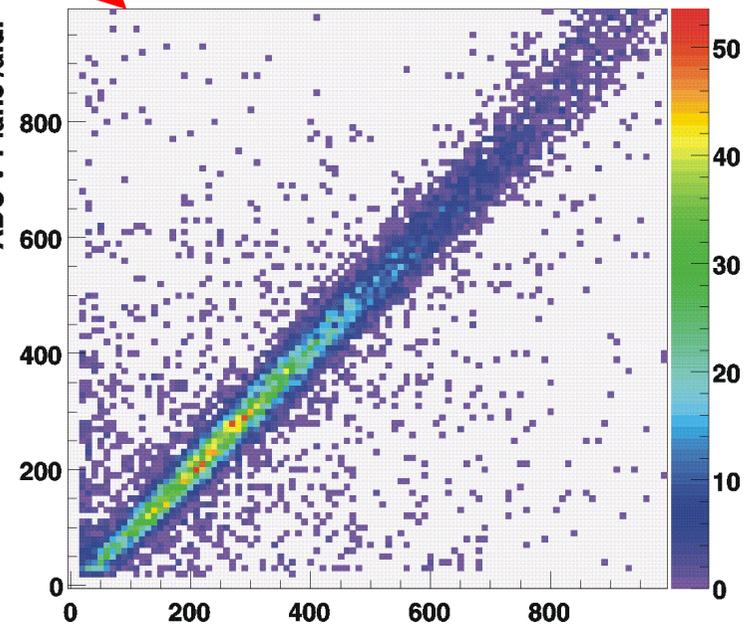
Distance from Track Y



Chi2 / ndf = 34.17 / 33
Prob = 0.4191
Constant = 92.61 ± 4.903
Mean = 0.03069 ± 0.002235
Sigma = 0.05764 ± 0.002088

amplitude
correlation

ADC v-Plane /a.u.



ADC u-Plane /a.u.
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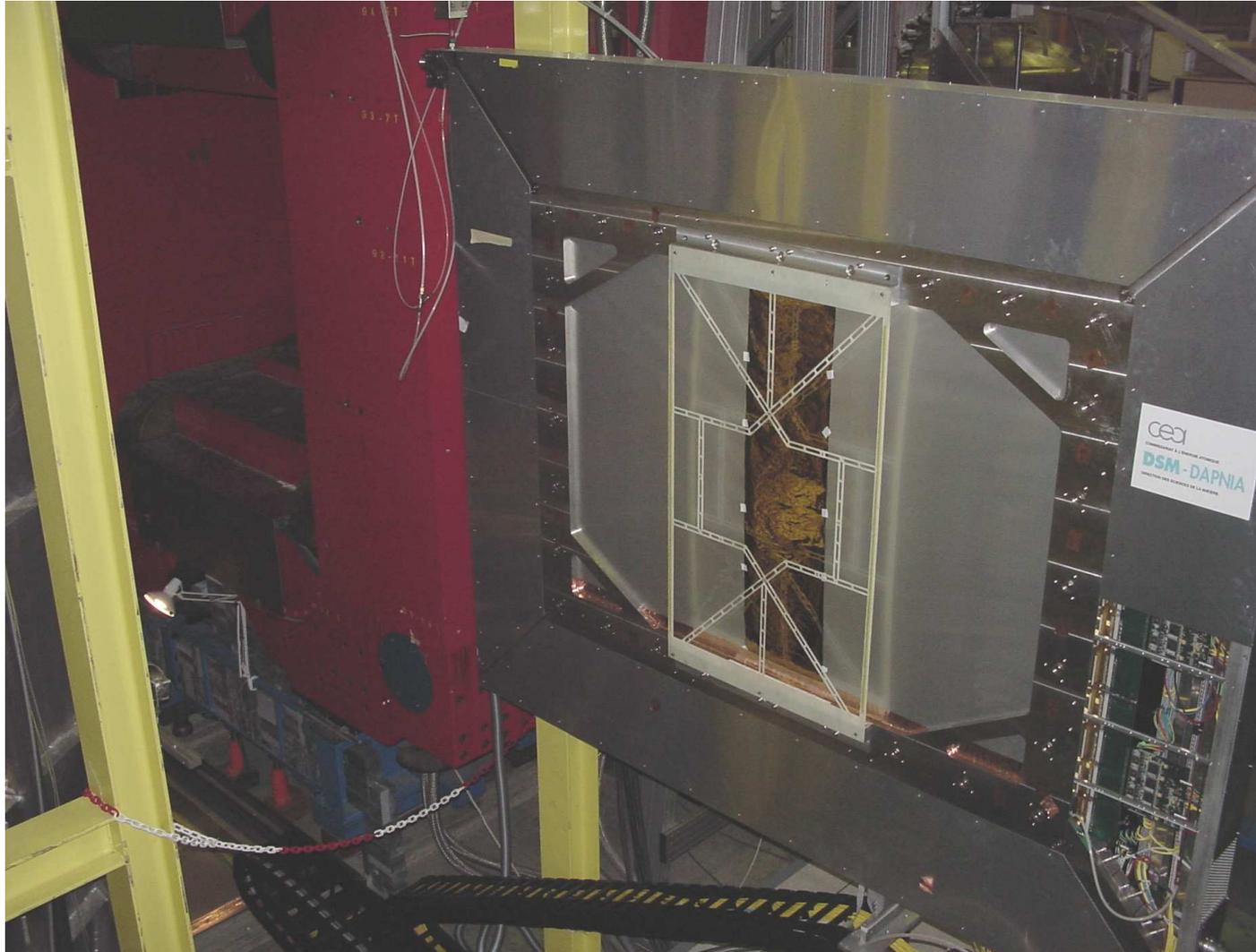


TRACKERS

LARGE ANGLE TRACKERS



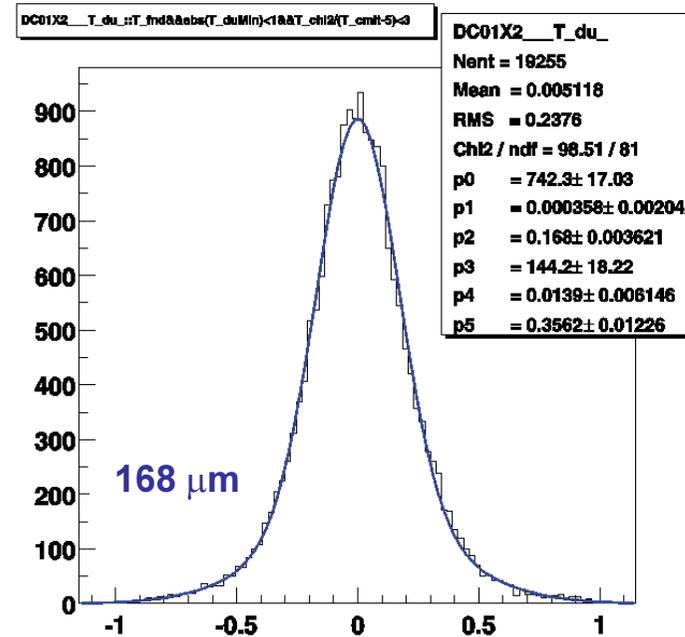
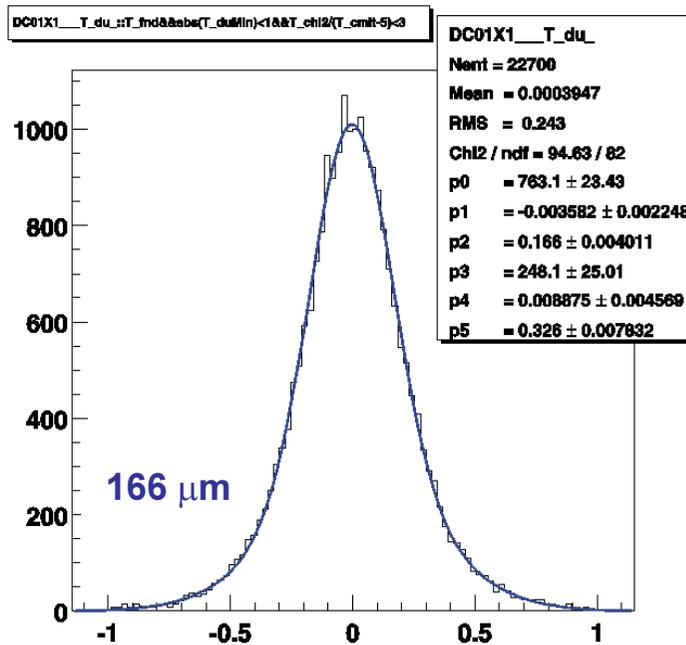
Drift Chamber (SDC)





Drift Chamber (SDC)

- Large Area Tracking in SAS
- 3 chamber in 2002
- Each chamber provides 8 coordinates with resolution $\sim 170 \mu\text{m}$
- Efficiency 95 – 99.8 %

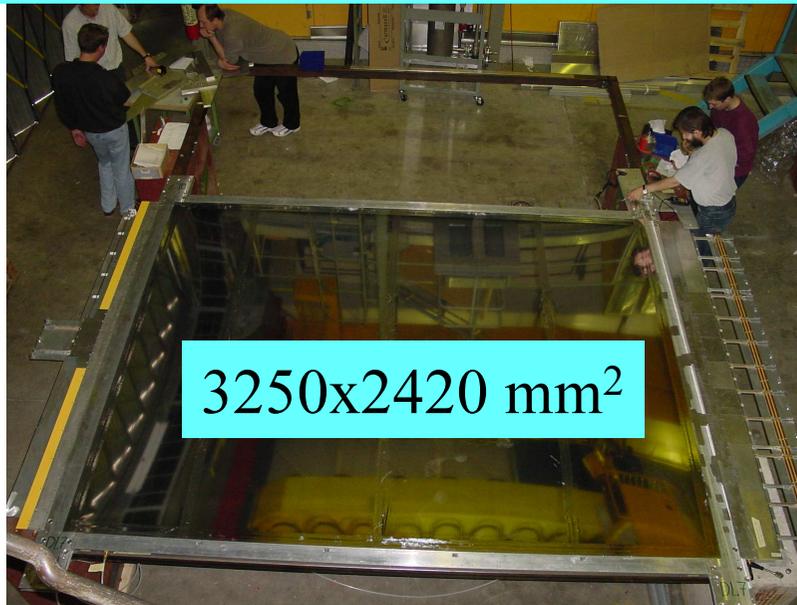




STRAWs

- 9 DLs operational in year 2002:
1 full station (6 DLs) + 1 half station
efficiency 85 – 98%
spatial resolution ~ 270 μm
- construction in Dubna completed:
all 15 DLs built

gluing of aluminized mylar foil



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Assembly of first Straw Module (6 DL's)



10 mm straws

Typical dimensions
Of a Double Layer (DL)

6 mm straws

Hole

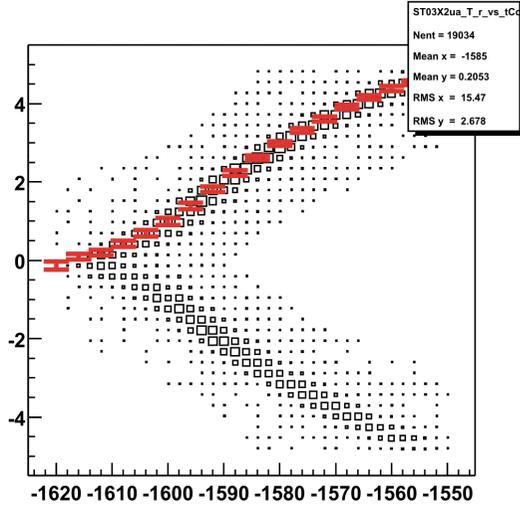
160 x 230 mm²

10 mm straws



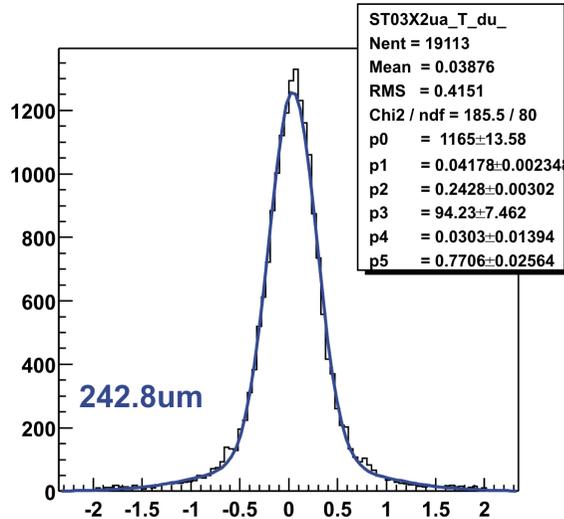
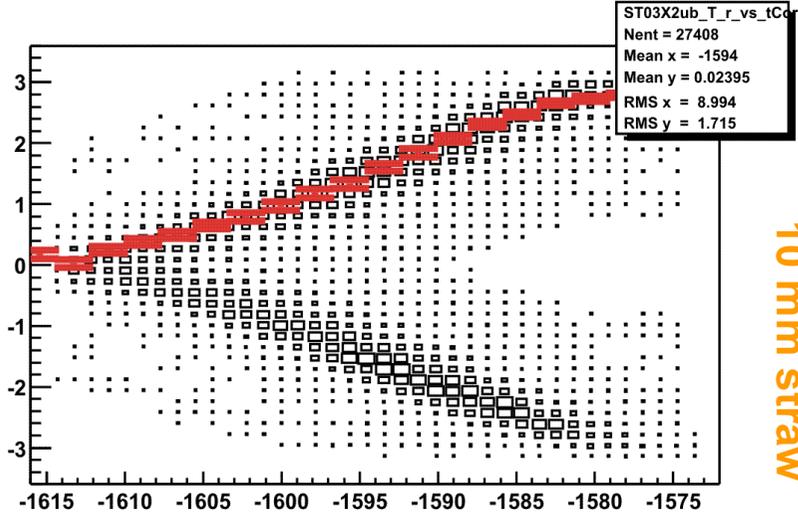
STRAWs tracking results

6 mm straw

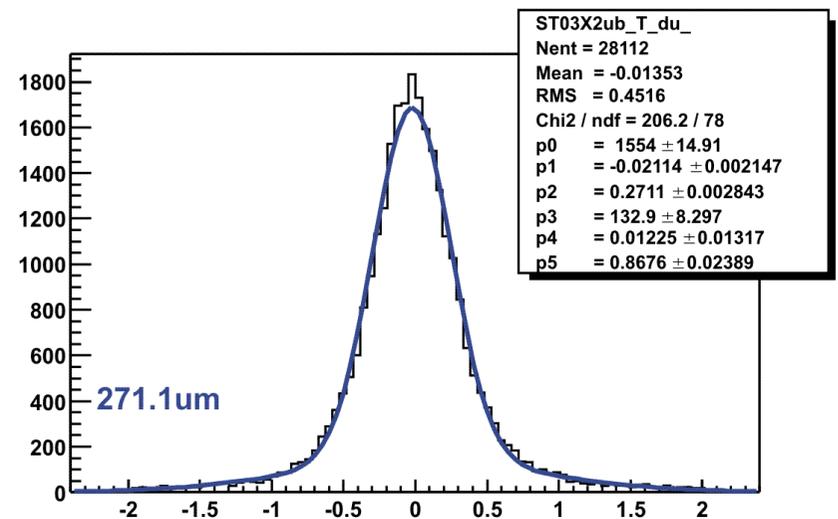


RT relations

10 mm straw



residuals

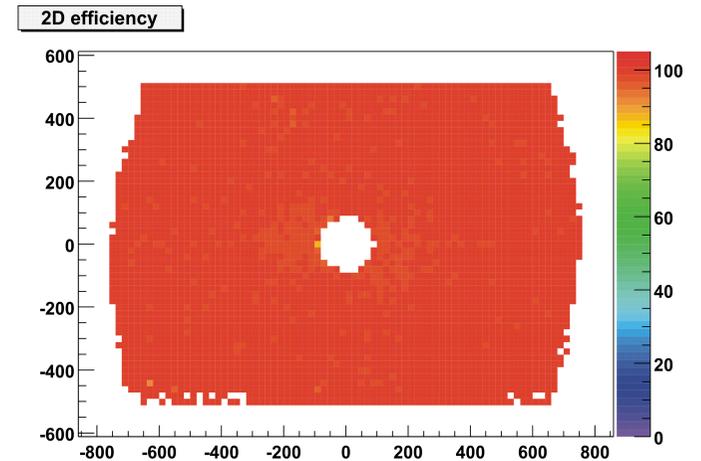
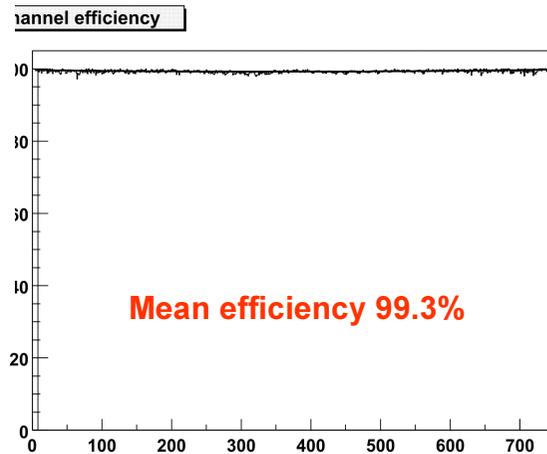
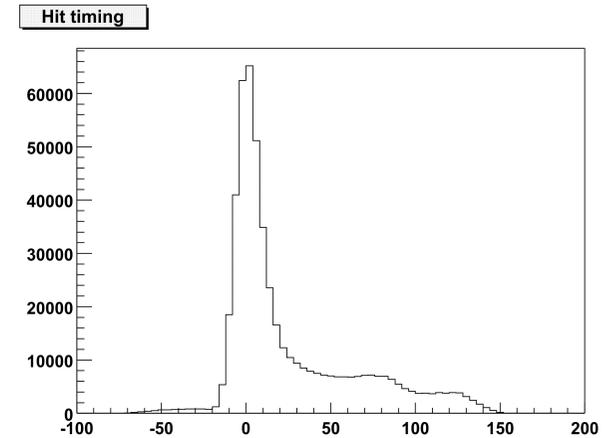
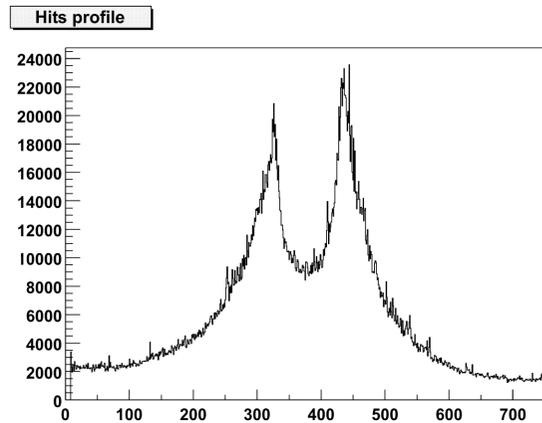




MWPCs

- Backbone tracking system in SAS
- 11 stations installed for a total of 34 planes

- Gas mixture:
70% Ar, 20% CF₄, 10% CO₂
- High voltage:
4.25 kV
- Discr. threshold:
4fC





W45: Large Area Drift Chambers for SAS

**2 detectors,
in total 8 planes**





COMPASS CALORIMETRY



COMPASS CALORIMETRY

- **HCAL 1**

sandwich: Fe + scintillator +
planar WLS for read-out

fully mounted and instrumented

$$\pi : \frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{59.4\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 7.6\%$$
$$e : \frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{24.3\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 0.6\%$$

- **HCAL 2**

sandwich: Fe + scintillator +
WLS fibres for read-out

fully mounted and instrumented

$$\pi : \frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{65\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 4\%$$

- **ECAL 1**

lead glass (blocks from GAMS +
OLGA)

not mounted (supports in
production)

$$\frac{\sigma}{E} = \frac{5.8\%}{\sqrt{E}} \oplus 2.3\% \quad \text{(GAMS)}$$

- **ECAL 2**

lead glass (from GAMS,
mounted) + sandwich
(pappardelle or shashlik)

LG mounted and partially
instrumented



HCAL1

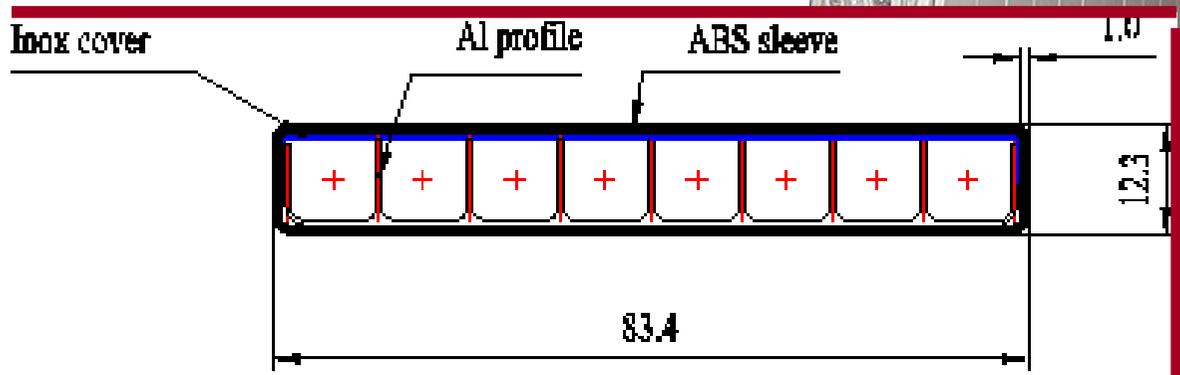
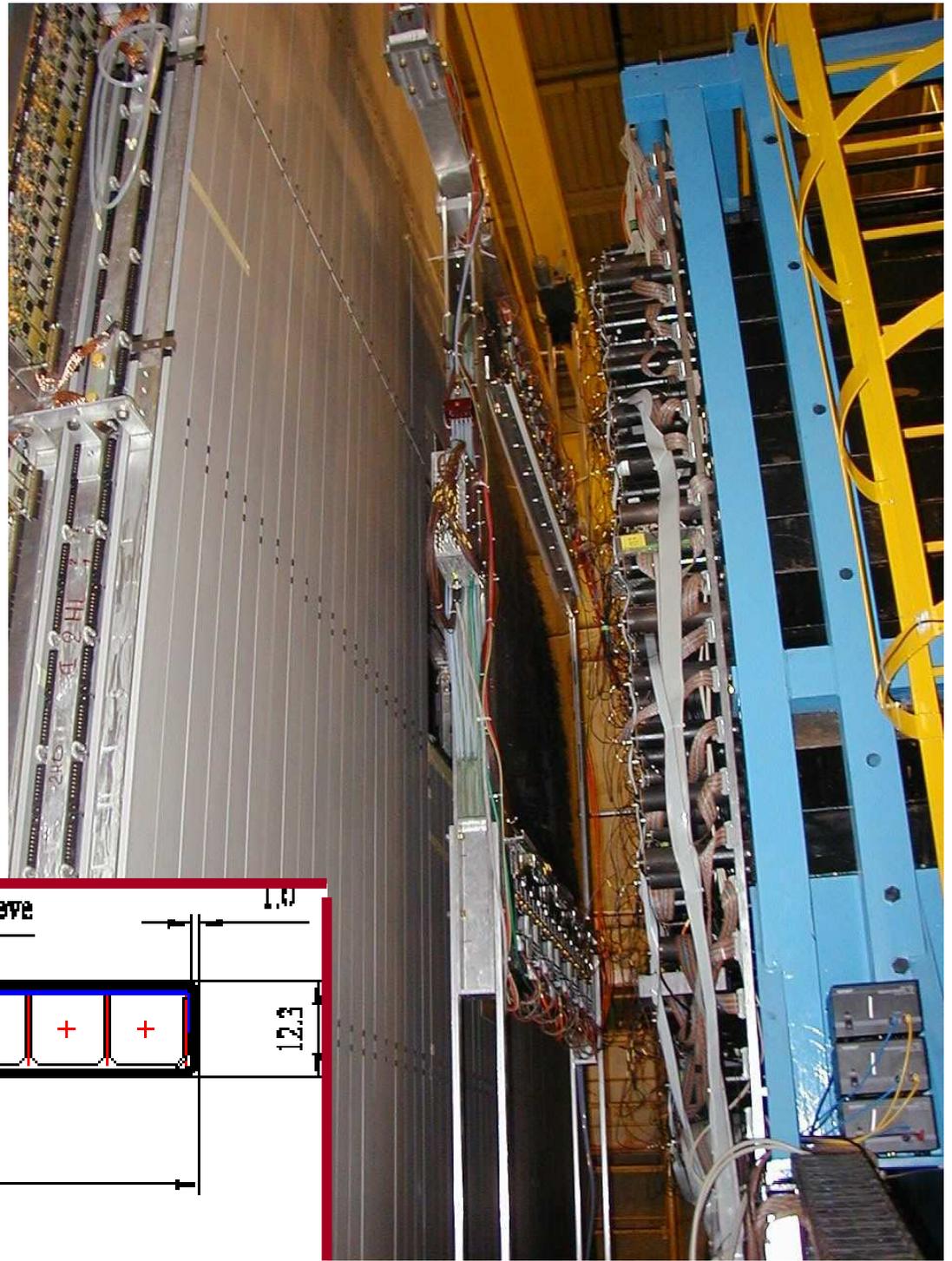




COMPASS PID

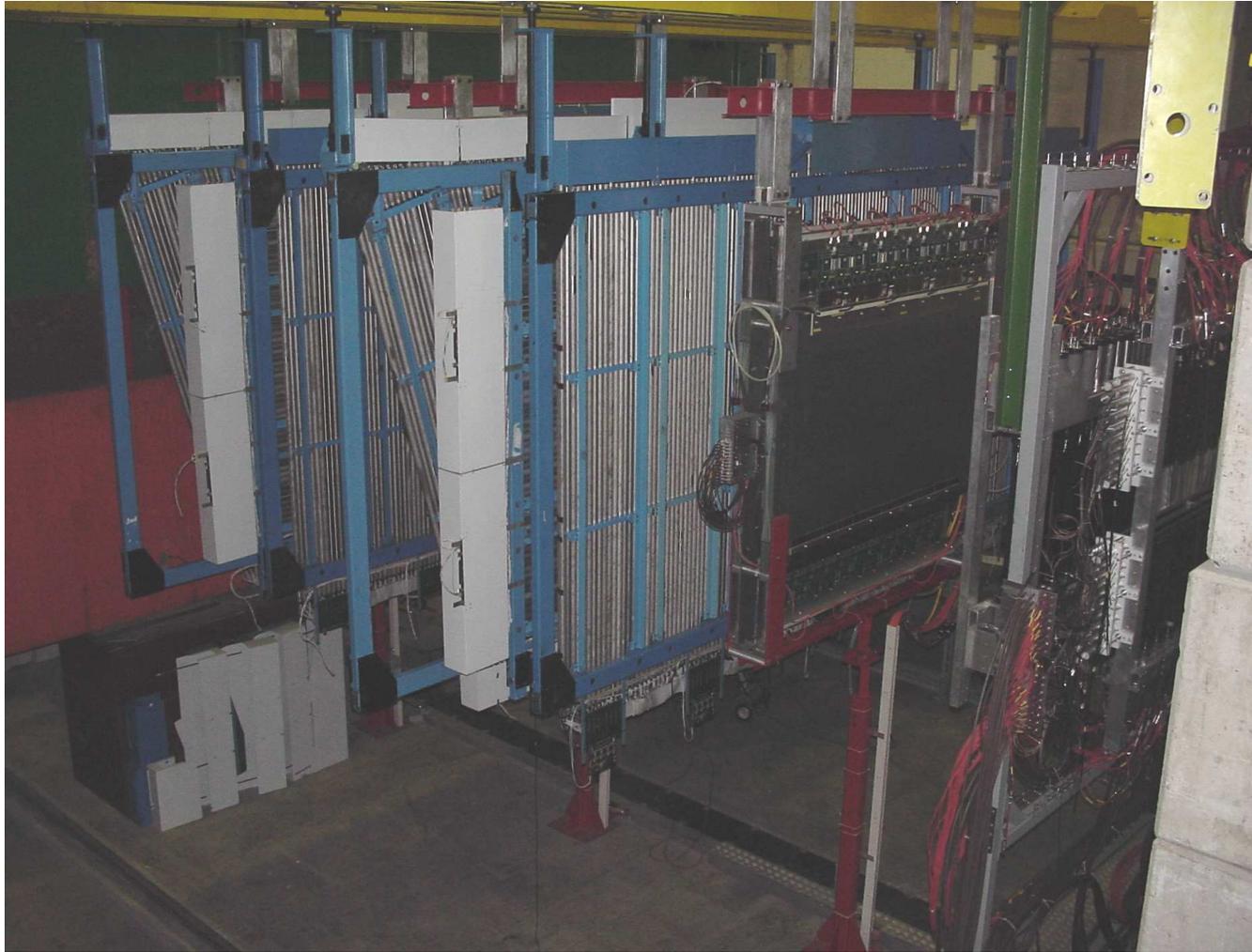


Muon Wall 1





Muon Wall 2

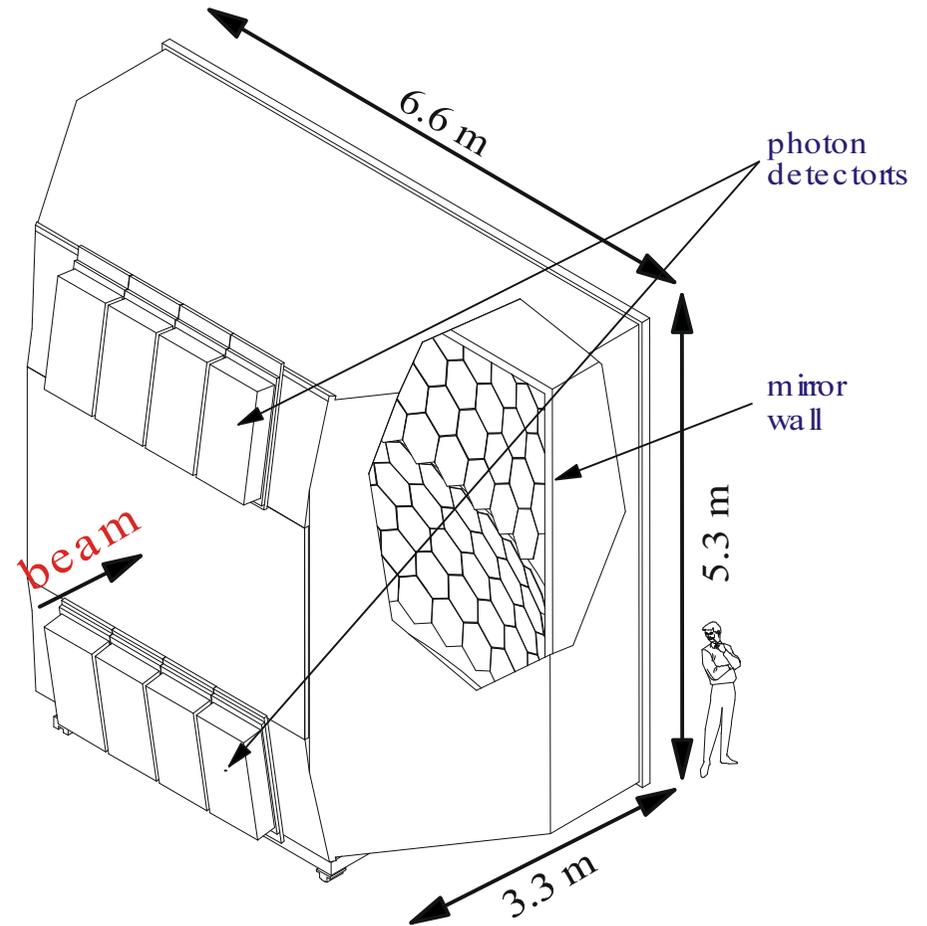




RICH1

Ring Imaging Cherenkov

- 80 m³ (3 m C₄F₁₀)
- 116 VUV mirrors (3.3 m focal length)
- 5.3 m² VUV detectors
 - MWPC CsI photon-sensitive cathodes
 - 8x8 mm² pads
- 84k channels of analog read-out

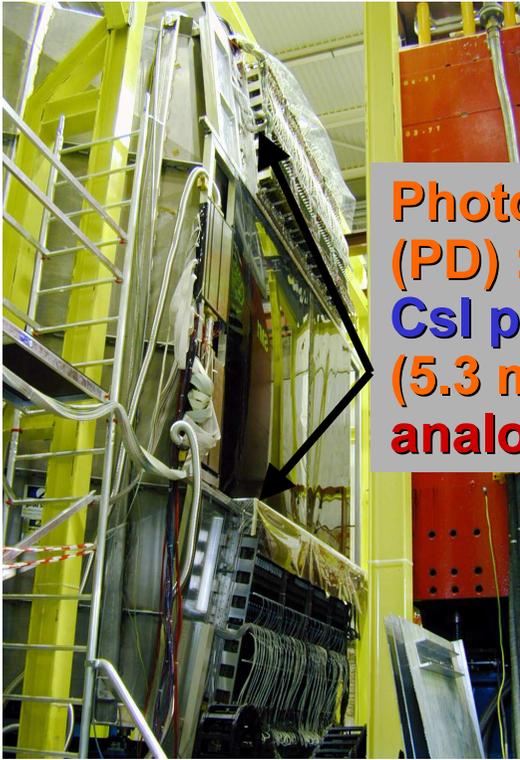
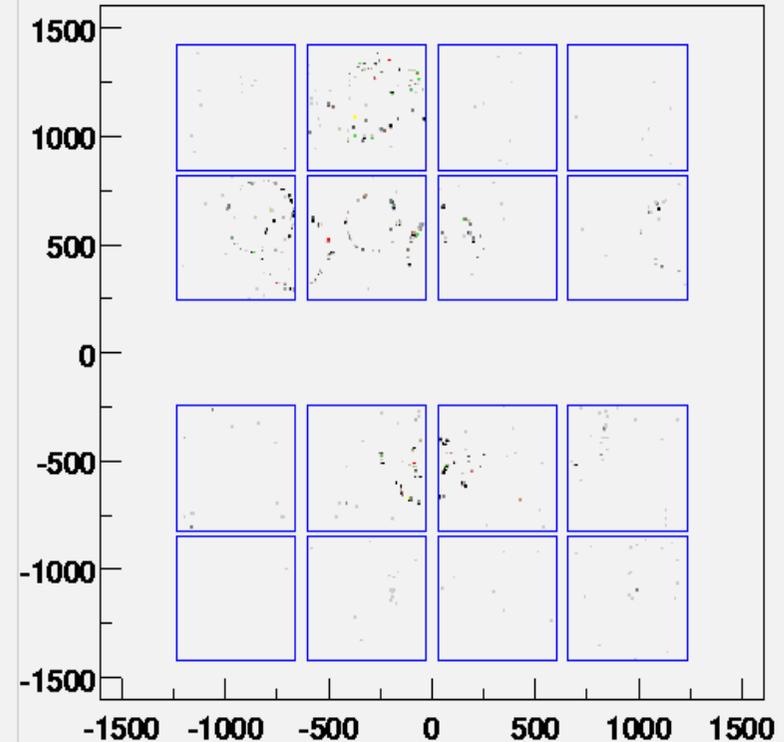


RICH-1

Photon detectors
(PD) : MWPCs with
CsI photocathodes
(5.3 m²), 84,000
analog read-out ch.s

VUV mirror
wall, 21 m²,
116 mirrors

an event from
on-line
display

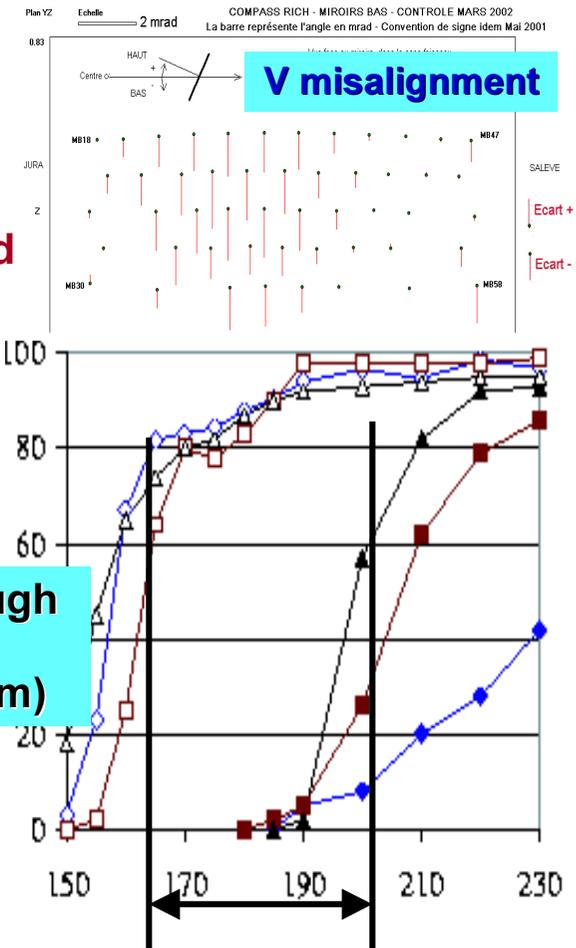
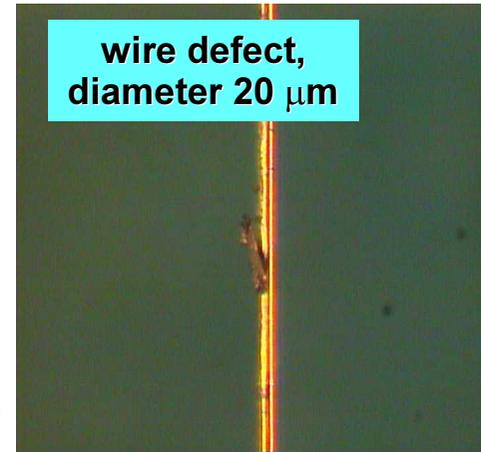




RICH-1, MORE WORK NEED FOR ...

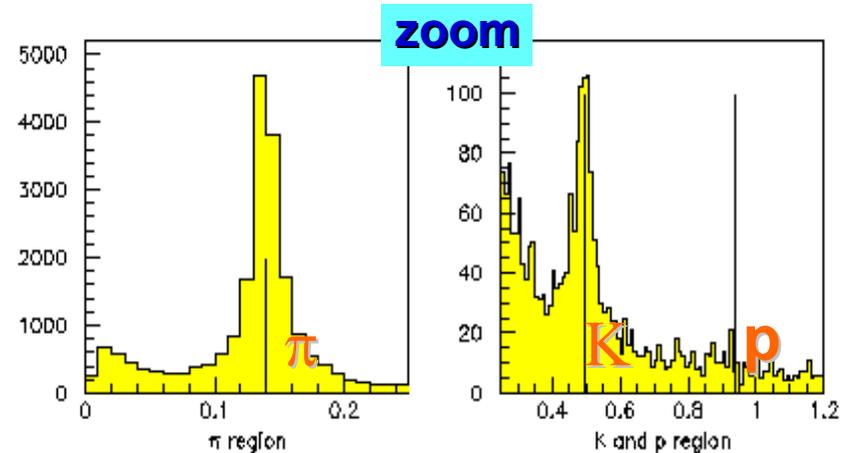
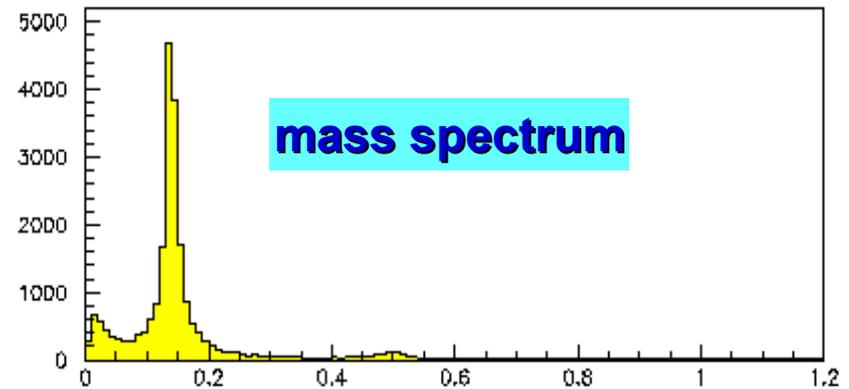
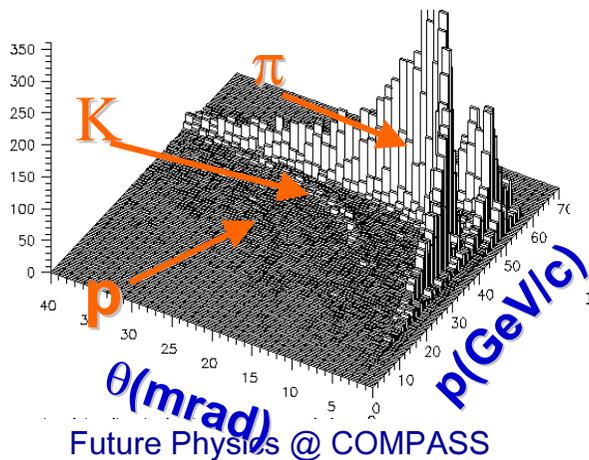
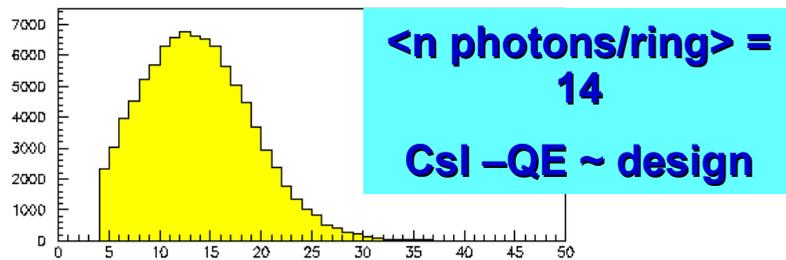
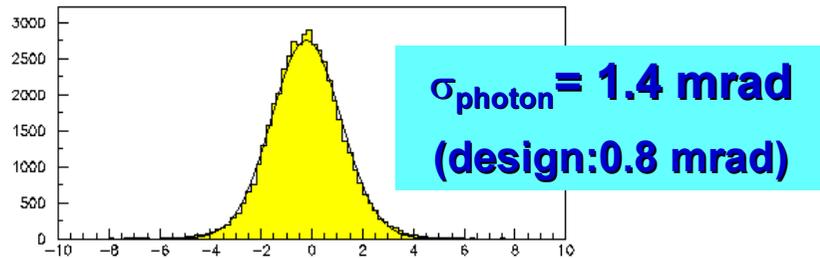
- **Photon Detectors electrical stability**
Run 2001: 2 PDs (over 8) OK
problem identified: local defects of anode wires
replacement of wires
Run 2002: 5 PDs (over 8) OK
- **stability of mirror angular alignment:**
misalignment up to 1.5 mrad, position correlated
repeated checks, RICH thermalisation,
on-line monitoring of mirror alignment
being studied
- **Radiator gas VUV transparency:**
raw gas cleaning
on-line gas filtering
gas consumption

Transmission through
5 m of
gas (1 bar) vs. $\lambda(\text{nm})$



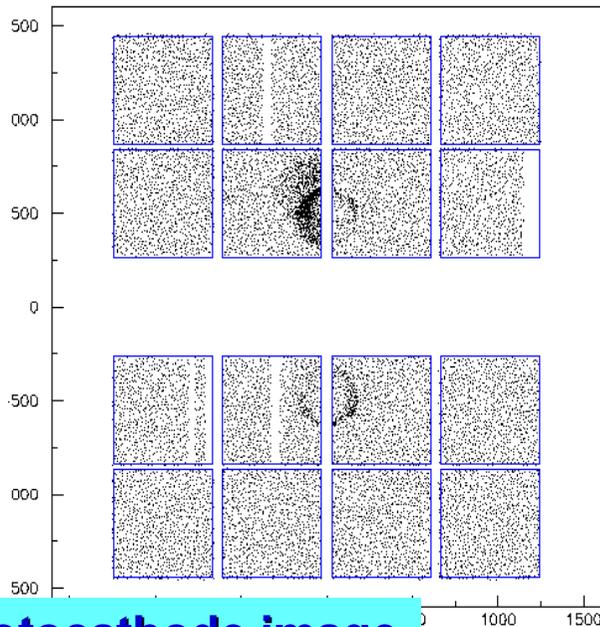
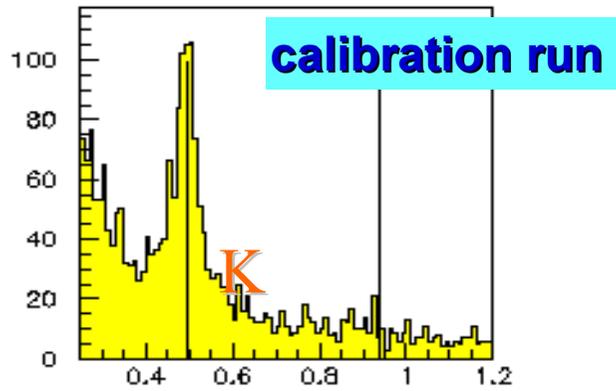


calibration runs (low beam intensity)

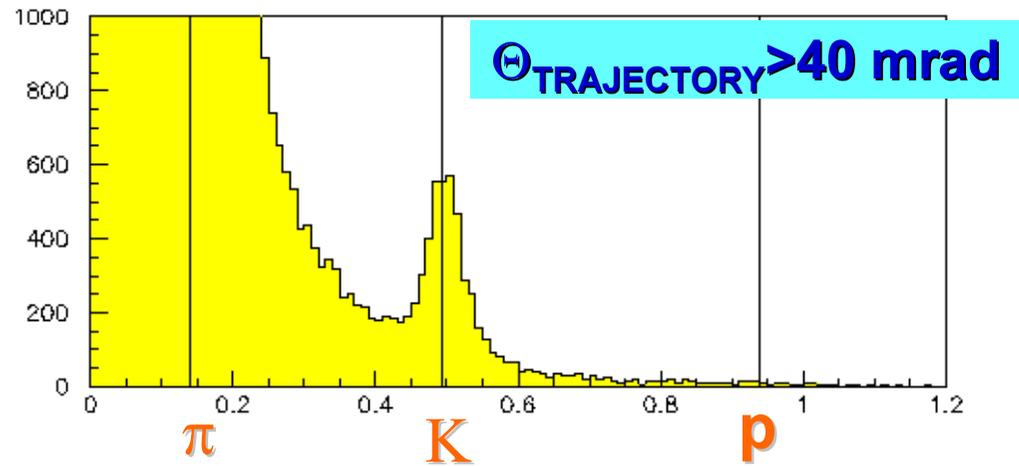
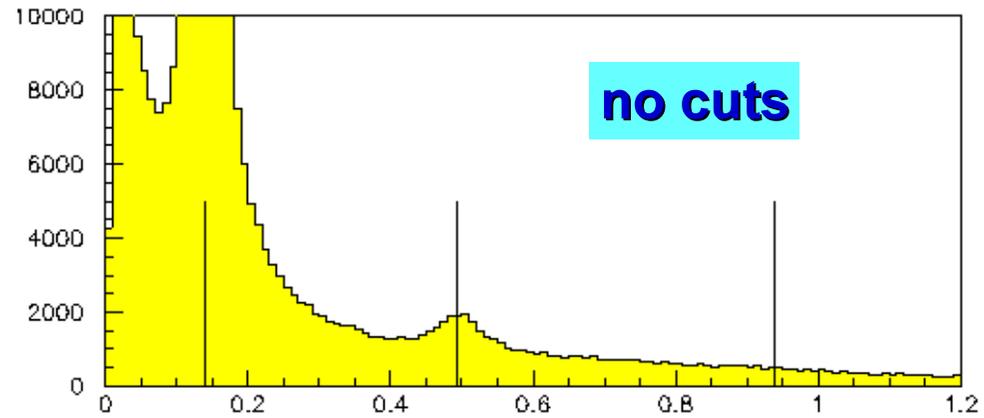




PHYSICS RUNS



photocathode image, superimposed events





COMPASS TRIGGER

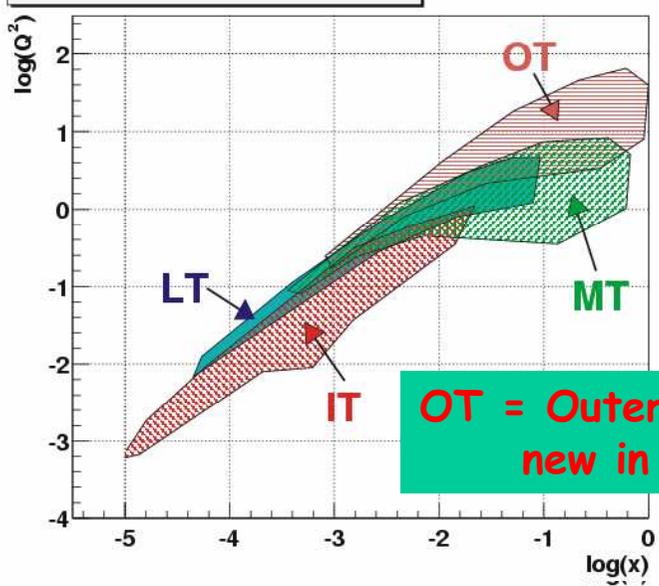


TRIGGER

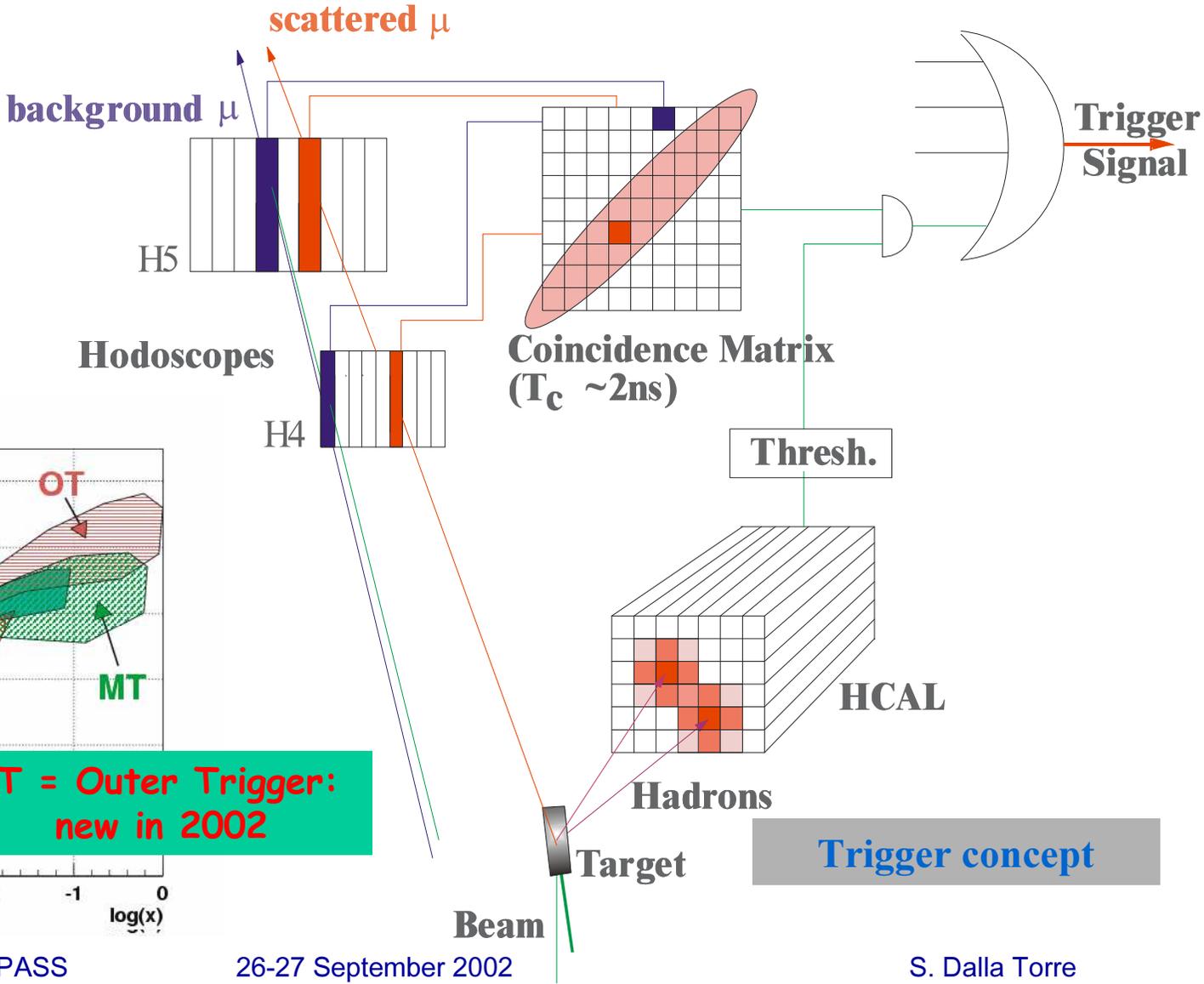
Trigger: $(H4 * H5) * (HCAL1 \vee HCAL2)$

- Trigger hardware:**
- ~ 500 channels
 - discriminator boards with mean-timer
 - matrix boards

Kinematic ranges for IT, LT, MT, OT



OT = Outer Trigger: new in 2002



Trigger concept



DETECTOR SUMMARY: Comparison with Initial lay-out

Detector	In. Lay-out	2001 run	2002 run
Target	⁶ LiD	⁶ LiD	⁶ LiD
Solenoid	COMPASS	SMC	SMC
BMS	4	4	4
Scint. Fibers	18	18	21
Silicon	4	2	4
GEM	20	14	20
Micromegas	12	6	12
Drift Chambers	16	8	24
Straws	15	4	9
MWPC	30	30	34
W45	0	0	8
Muon Walls	100%	10%	100%
HCAL	100%	10%	100%
RICH mirrors	116	116	116
RICH PDs	8	8	8
RICH radiator	100%	50%	100%
DAQ	100%	50%	100%





FEATURES

- Pipelined readout architecture
- **Fully extendable**
- **Data transfer via S-Link**
- Buffering of burst (SPS duty cycle ~30%)
- **Network event-builders**

REQUIREMENTS AND PERFORMANCES

- **Channels : 191 k**
- **Trigger rates: 5 kHz, dead time: 7%**
- **Event size ~ 40kB**
- **Data rates: 220 MB/s in spill, 60 MB/s DC**

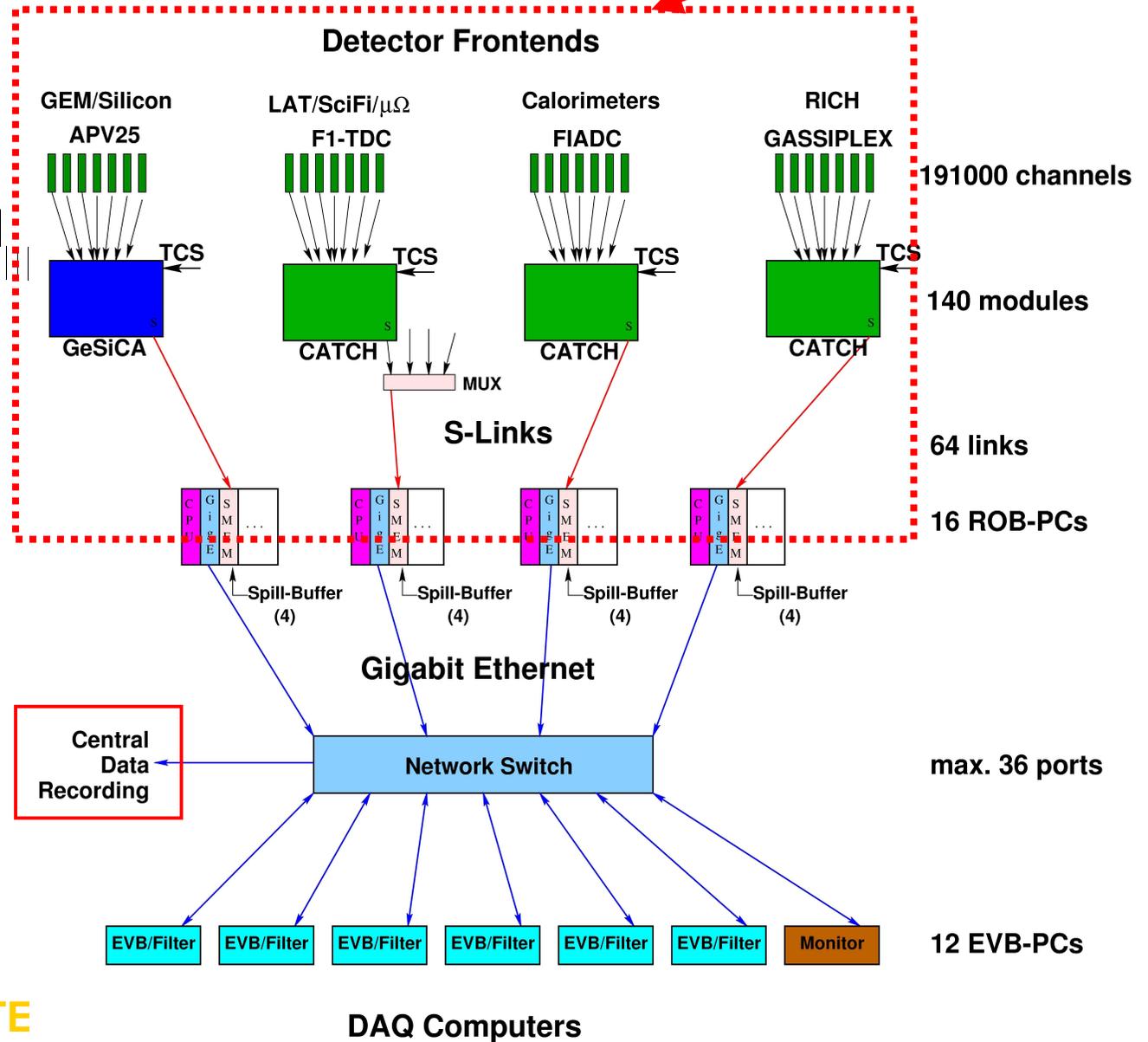
DAQ SOFTWARE:

based on ALICE DATE

Future Physics @ COMPASS

FE & DAQ

custom!



26-27 September 2002

S. Dalla Torre



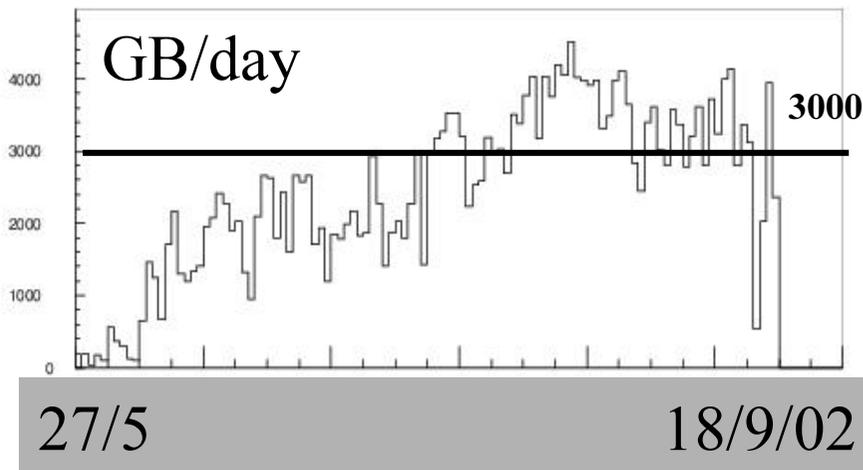
DAQ & FRONTEND DURING 2002 RUN

FRONTEND & DAQ stability
improved during the run:

Uptime of FE& DAQ:
– 6-8 July: 57%
– 26-27 Aug.: 85%

in particular:

- **Limitations in Central Data Recording**
 - **Total data rate \geq maximum originally planned**
 - **at EOR, $\sim 2 \times$ foreseen rate**

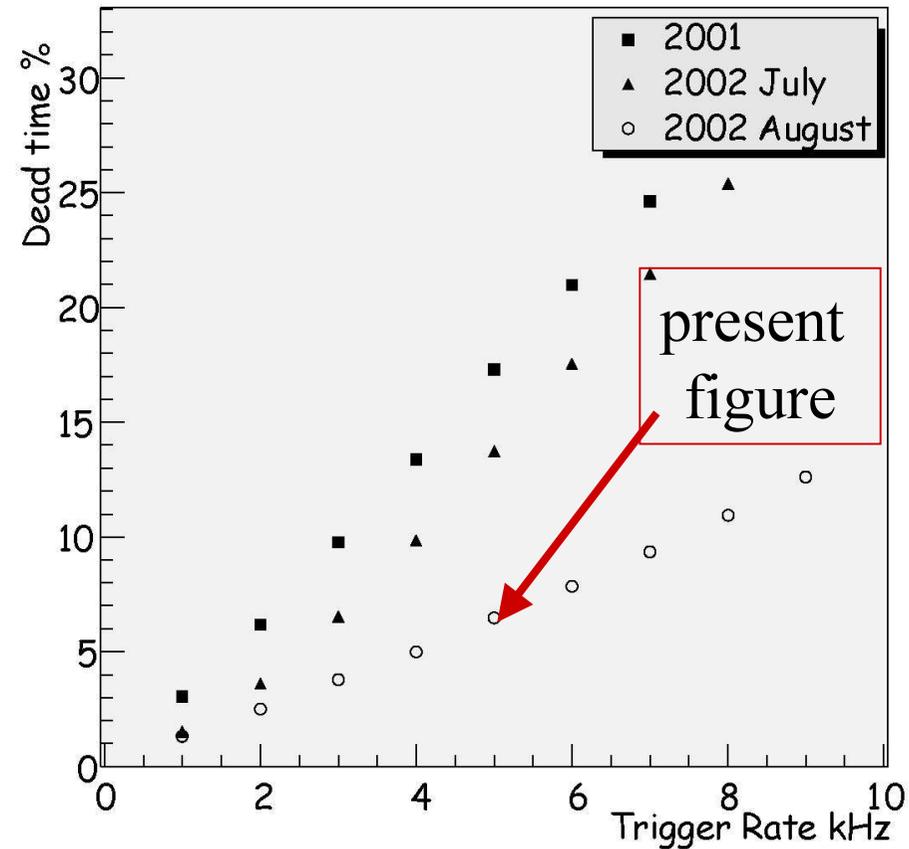


**total: 260TB,
i.e. 5 G events**



Frontend and DAQ Performance

- **5 kHz** trigger rate
- Dead time: $13\mu\text{s}$,
5 triggers in $300\mu\text{s}$
→ 7% dead time
- **improved performances coming**





NECESSARY COMPLEMENTS OF A MODERN EXPERIMENT



DETECTOR CONTROL SYSTEM (DCS)

aims:

- operator control of HV, LV, ...
- monitoring and long-term periods archiving of parameters (HV, LV, crates, gas system, P and T sensors, data taking, cooling systems, data from SPS)
- alarm handling and information visualisation

COMPASS DCS uses Framework, based on PVSS, CERN designed for LHC experiments

COMPASS DCS has 3 layers:

- **supervision layer** (PVSS II SCADA system running on Linux PC)
- **process management layer** (PCs work stations with Linux and NT systems, VME CPUs)
- **device level** using fieldbuses (like VME, CAN bus, Profibus, serial RS232 lines)



DETECTOR CONTROL SYSTEM (DCS)

Status

- **system started** with large support from CERN/IT division
- **sub-systems included**
- **only basic functionality** implemented
- **optimisation required** to make it more stable and fast

Detectors							
/ Systems	CAEN HV	CAEN LV	ISEC HV	WIENER LV	Gas Monit	AMS	DAQ Crates DCS connect
Hodoscopes	368 ch						+
BMS	256 ch					20 V	+
SciFi J	30 ch						+
SciFi G	188 ch						+
GEM	20 ch	100 ch			PLC2		+
Silicon		16 ch				16 T	+
MM/DC	40 ch			6 crates			+
STRAW			160 ch	1 crate	PLC2	33 T/H	+
RICH	16 ch			8 crates	PLC1,2	16 T	+
MWPC	28 ch				PLC2	144 V	+
mW1	16 ch				+	3 V	+
mW2	20 ch				+	23 V	+
DC W4/5	16 ch						+
HCAL1						20 V	+
HCAL2							+
ECAL1							
ECAL2							
SM1,SM2						3 MF	
DAQ							Data File
PT							Data File
SPS							Data File
NMR							Data File
Monochromator					+		OPC server
888 Exp Hall						15 T/H	
Total	958 ch	116 ch	160 ch	15 crates	2 PLC	294 ch 16 crates	



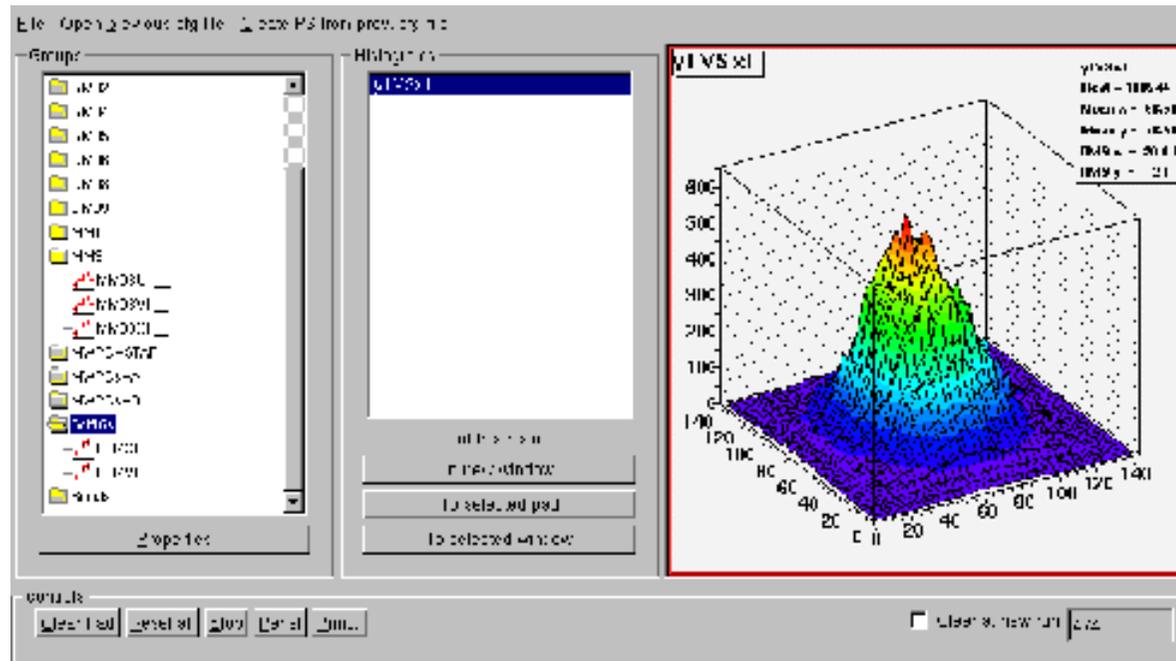
ON-LINE DATA MONITORING

COOOL

up-to-date on-line monitoring
code in **C++**
built on **ROOT** libraries
sharing **decoding** with off-line
software

data from DAQ farm (event
builder PCs)

~ **80 events/burst** (over~25000)
analyzed





ELECTRONIC LOG-BOOK

- information access via www
- edited by shift crew
- paste in histograms, tables
- data taking information automatically transferred, including monitoring hist.s
- data from SPS and PT also transferred

Begin of the shift:

Saturday 07 September

Crew members: E.-H. Heinsius
 R. Jahn
 D. Peshelkronov
 T. Reichetz

Target shift: E. Reichetz

tob7:
 tob8:
 tob9:
 tob10:
 tob11:
 tob13:
 tob14:

Summary of the shift:

0:25 reboot of pccotb06
 Trigger HV was off, therefore too high trigger rate
 1:00-6:00 DAQ-Frontend Rate Tests
 6:00-7:00 Test of physics run
 7:10-7:55 Silicon timing scan

RICH PD4 tripped and brought back up after 2 hour wait.
 Recording most of the time disabled to speed DST production.

3115 02:08 E.-H.Heinsius **DAQ** run23182 30kHz:

SourceID	Type	#Events	#Hits	#Trig	RateFrac	Special	log id
273 L45		0,8970	30,000	61,9833	0,1003	0,3960	222863
203 FH		1,3621	32,000	33,2722	0,0405	0,1723	127523
365 FH		0,2850	32,000	55,4221	0,0093	0,1555	244420
387 FH		0,1825	32,000	33,4733	0,0035	0,0951	2323833
733 CBI		0,0000	0,0000	262,0402	0,0000	0,0000	0
640 S*		0,0000	0,0000	197,5784	0,0000	0,0000	0
620 EC, D		0,0000	32,000	20,2500	0,0000	0,0000	0
520 K04		0,0000	32,000	281,2657	0,0000	0,0000	0

3116 02:36 E.-H.Heinsius **RICH** PD4 tripped

3117 03:57 E.-H.Heinsius **RICH** PD4 back at 19C

3118 05:36 E.-H.Heinsius **DAQ** test phase 2: test

This time DC,MM,W45,Si excluded from tests.

Start with 40kHz run 23192
 GEM errors:

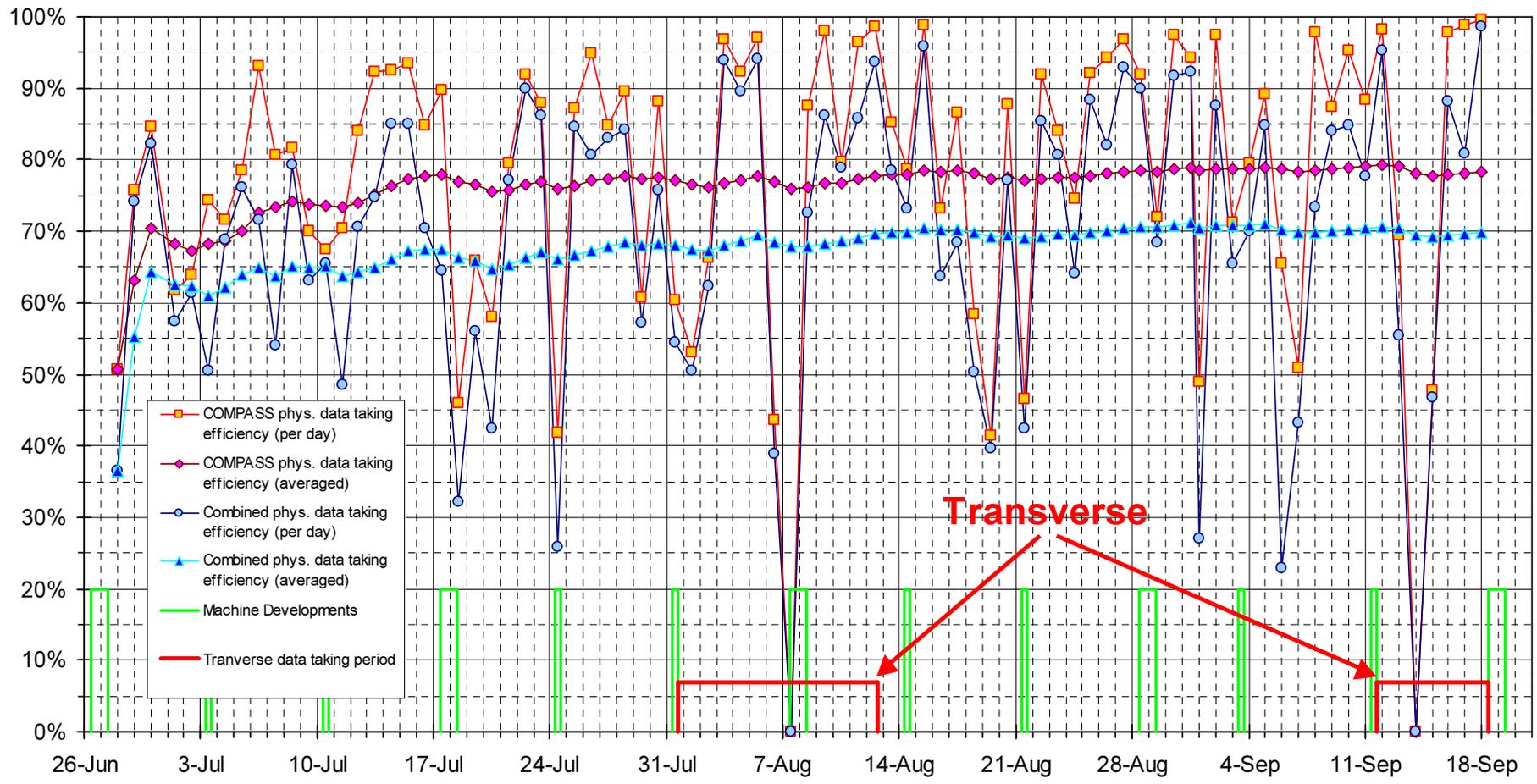
General comments submitted during this shift:

Comment nb	Time	Author	Domain
3112	01:11	E.-H.Heinsius	Trigger All HV for Hodoscop

Switched on on PVSS
 rates where before switching off



CONCLUSION: COMPASS DATA TAKING EFFICIENCY



Future Physics @ COMPASS

26-27 September 2002

S. Dalla Torre



THANK YOU