

Site Administrator Software Requirements

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Overview

- Authentication
- Authorisation
- Auditing
- Grid Middleware
- Application Software
- Storage Mangement
- Quality of Service



Authentication and Authorisation

- CAs must be trustworthy. 🗐
- CAs must publish a CPS to establish that trust.
- Access completely at the discretion of a site.
- Individual users can be accepted and banned from a site.
- · Centrally managed VO servers.
- · VOs must be trustworthy.
- VOs should publish equivalent of a CPS, a VOPS?
- Reliable maintained information, secure machine,
- Users or VOs must sign a site's acceptable user guidelines, possibly a boolean, e.g. both Datagrid and UK guidelines. €



Auditing

- Data stored must be owned by someone.
- The police may want to know who owns data.
- Processes running must be owned by someone.
- A site may want to know who is 'breaking' the site.
- The site needs to have reliable contact information for a person.
- Contact information maintained by the VO.



Grid Middleware

- Middleware software to be installed must be supplied with:
- Documentation, installation instructions.
- List of port numbers, both inbound and outbound.
- Port numbers both within a site (iptables) and to the internet (site firewall).
- Which user the software runs as, root or a non priveleged user. If root why root. €
- What data should be backed up with methods for recovery.



Grid Middleware

- Middleware to interfere with a site to the minimum. The ideal:
- Dedicated nodes run middleware.
- Production nodes are untouched.
- Middleware interfaces the grid to the existing production system.
- Sorfware should not impose local uid, gids, usernames and groupnames.
- Software should adhere to the File Heirarchy Standard and the Linux Standard Base.
- Log files should be rotated.



Application Software

- Installed application software is agreed betwean a VO and site.
- A single directory will allocated to a VOs software.
- The directories location will be made available to the VO but may be dynamic.
- Installation method could be a package (eg rpm) to be installed by the site or managed manually by a VO software manager.
- Sites are not experts on VO software.
- A VO should certify its own software and publish the software's status.



Application Software

- Application software must be 'safe'.
- No user writeable space and under strict control of a known software manager.
- No root cron jobs.
- No services or open ports.
- No suid scripts.
- If not 'safe' then the software is considered middleware.



Storage Mangement

- The internal storage is managed by a site.
- A site can offer a user a maximum space available and a maximum file size.
- The eventual location of the data will then be assigned by the site. The LFN is the only reference a user has to data.
- A site may need to transfer data from one location to another location to reorganise or for disaster recovery.
- Methods and tools should be provided for a site to reorganise its data while maintaining those pointers.
- Tools provided to verify any catalogues.



Quality of Service

- Different sites may offer different quality of service.
- Data may be archived to tape, on raid or scratch.
- A machine room may be covered 24/7 but a machine could just be someones desktop.
- Sites need methods and tools to advertise this information.
- Sites need to be able to inform people or middleware of expected breaks in services.