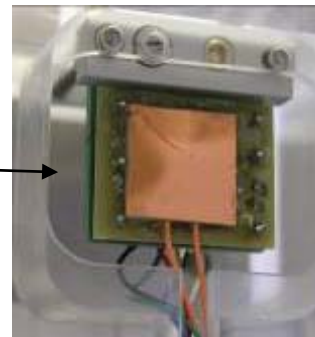
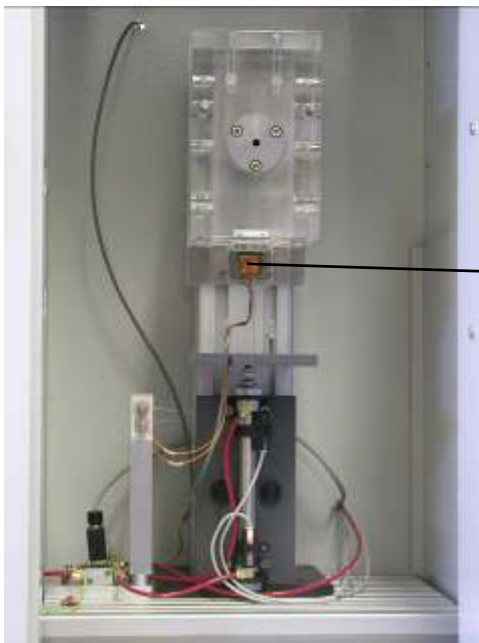


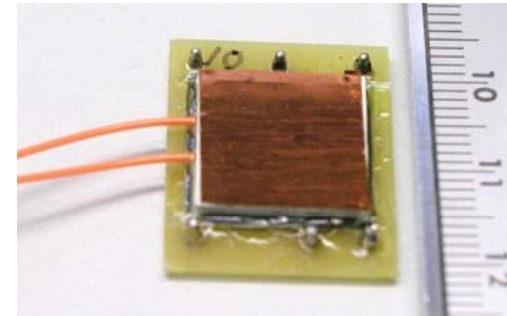
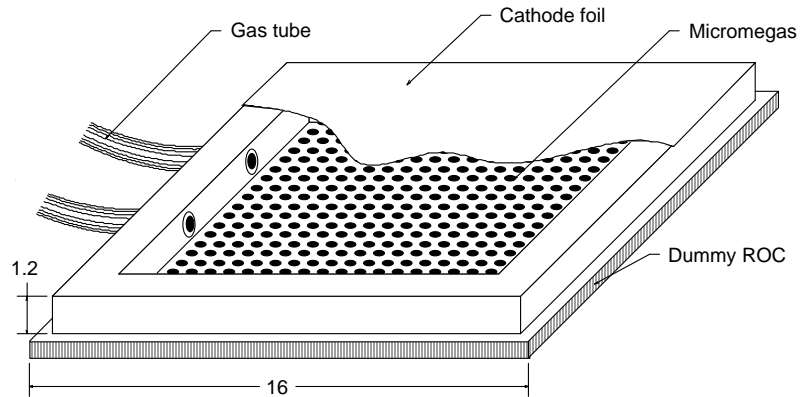
Nikhef irradiation facility

- ◆ Using ^{90}Sr source 5 GBq
 - 1 – 2 MeV electrons (mips)
- ◆ Set-up in H038a operational
 - 2 channel gas flow control
 - 2 channel remote controlled HV
 - Remote controlled irradiation stage
 - Moving in or out
 - DAQ hardware and software (Labview) operating

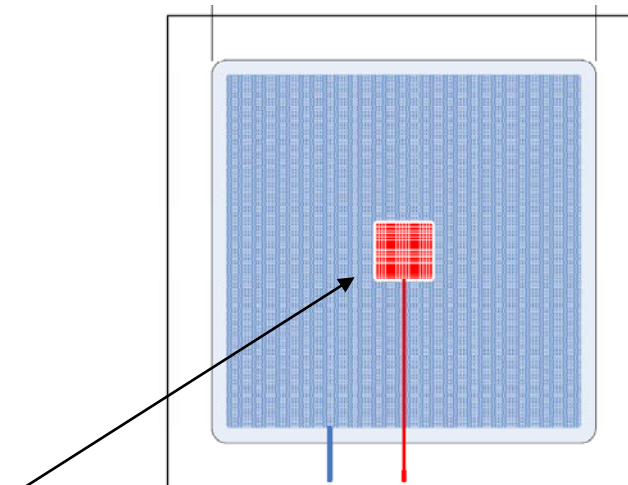


DAQ interface

Detector: GOSSIP 20 chamber



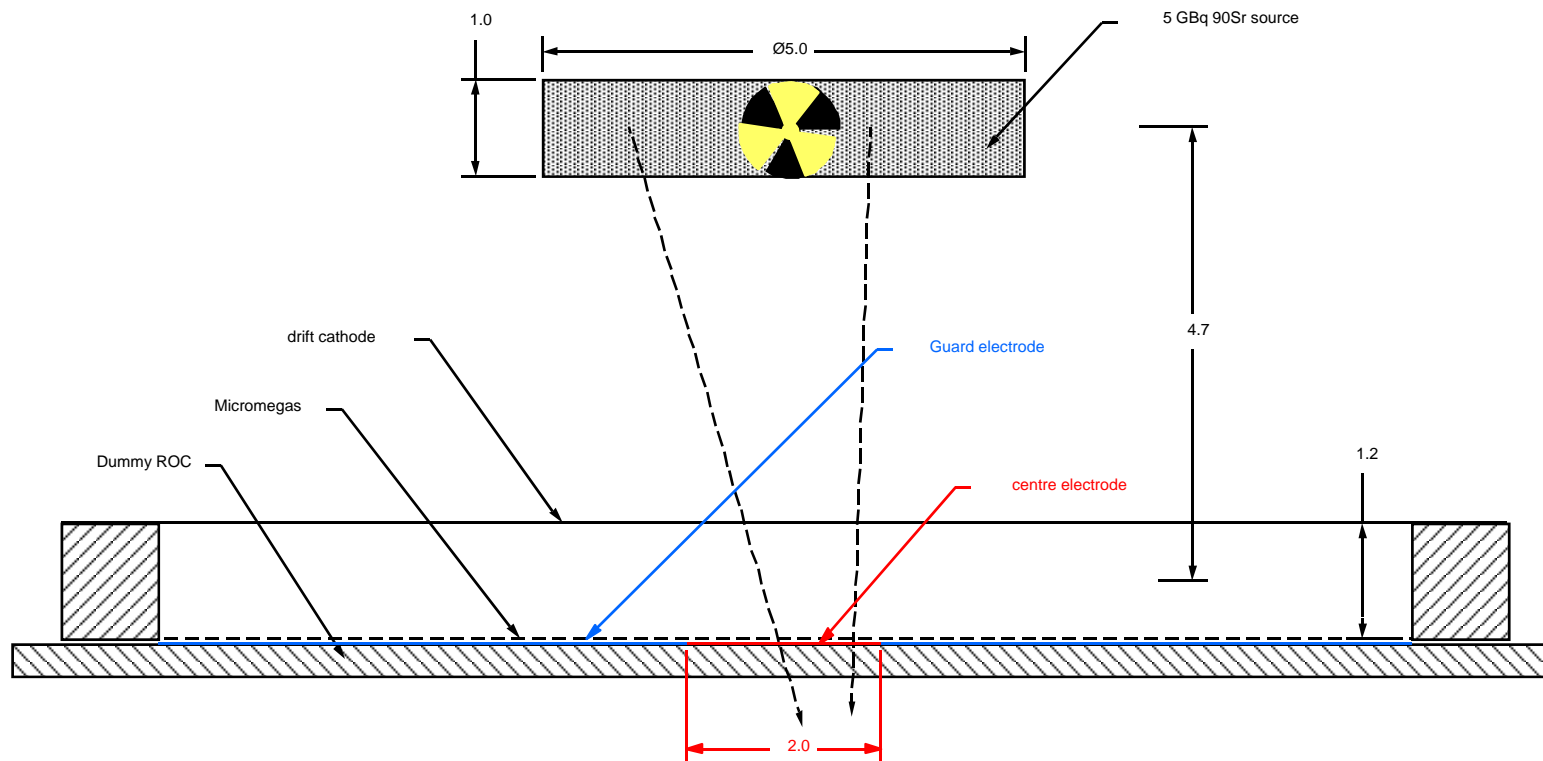
- ◆ Drift volume 13 x 13 mm, 1.24 +/- 0.01 mm high
- ◆ Short charge collection path
- ◆ Signal electrode: 2 x 2 mm structure of 1089 pads (red)
- ◆ Micromegas has circular pads on 60 μm pitch
- ◆ Closed gas volume of 210 μl



Signal electrode

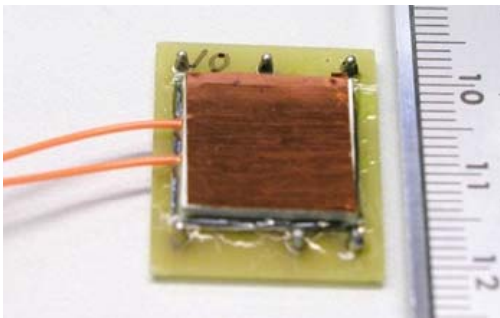
Geometry

- ◆ Minimal distance sample – source is now 3.95 mm



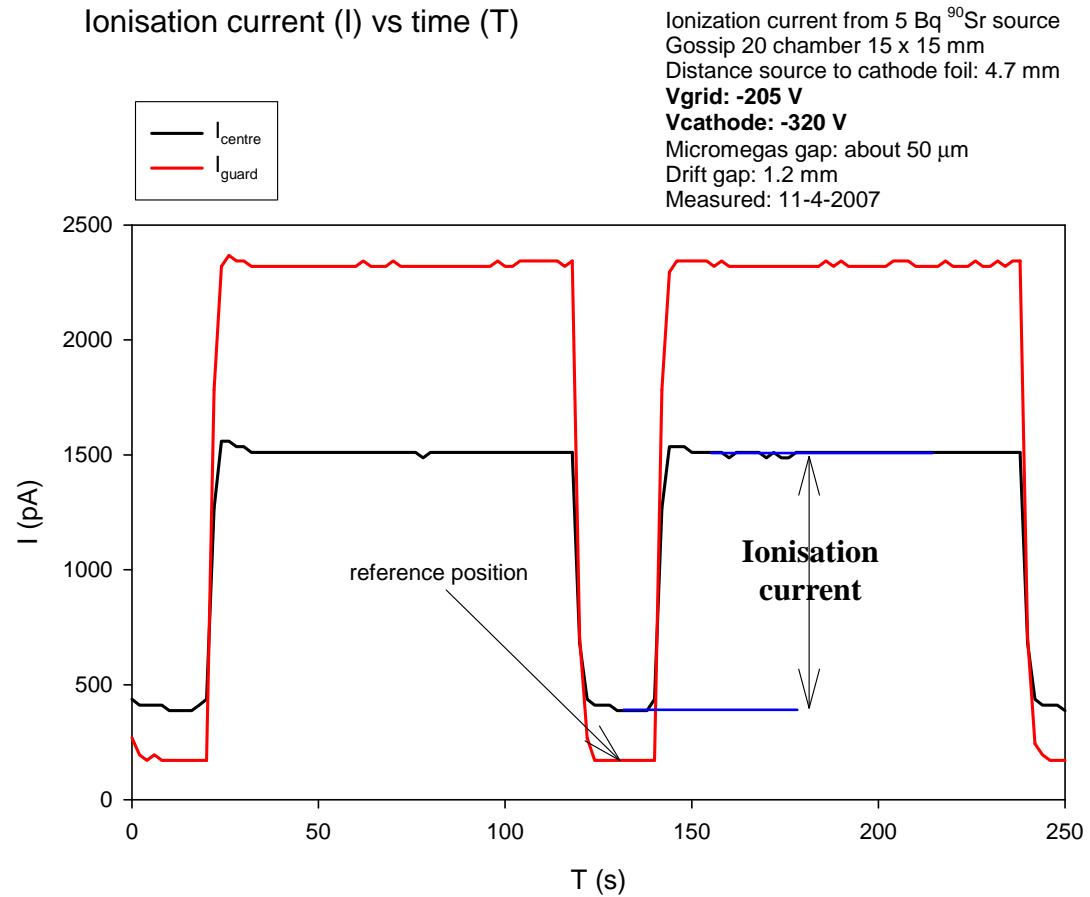
Stage with Gossip sample

- ◆ Detector should be mounted on a 'sample board' (25.4 x 20.3 mm)
- ◆ 6 electrical connections
 1. Grid voltage
 2. Field voltage
 3. GND
 4. Centre current
 5. Guard current
 6. Thermistor
- ◆ Registration of barometric pressure and sample temperature
- ◆ Gas IO (two 0.8 mm Peek tubings)
- ◆ Periodical background measurement by moving the sample from the source



Typical raw data

- ◆ Ionisation current calculated off-line by subtracting baseline current



Actual irradiation rate

- ◆ Calculated using ionization chamber
- ◆ Minimal workable distance: 3.95 mm (distance source to centre sample)
 - $\Rightarrow 2.3 \times 10^9$ mips/cm²/s
 - $\Rightarrow 1.4 \times 10^{15}$ mips/cm²/week

Calculated particle rate as a function of the distance d to a ⁹⁰Sr source
Corrected for ionization measurement on 9-4-08 and for 2.5% covered pixels

