Prospects for measuring Top Pair Production using likelihood method at ATLAS in 10 TeV p-p Collisions

> DPF-2009, Detroit, MI July 28, 2009

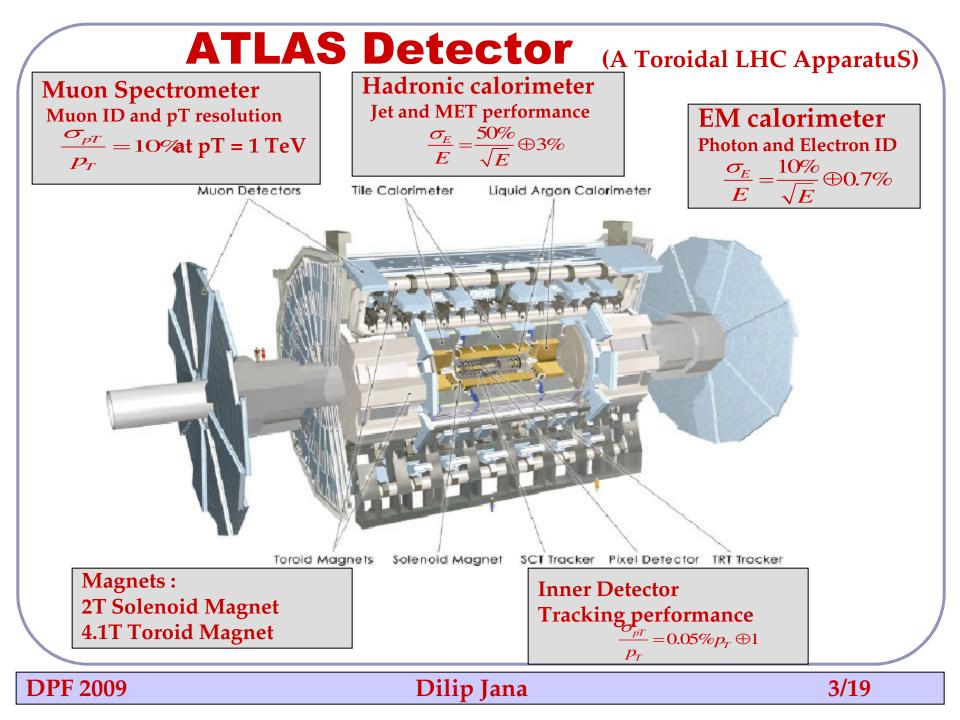
Dilip Jana University of Oklahoma on behalf of ATLAS Collaboration



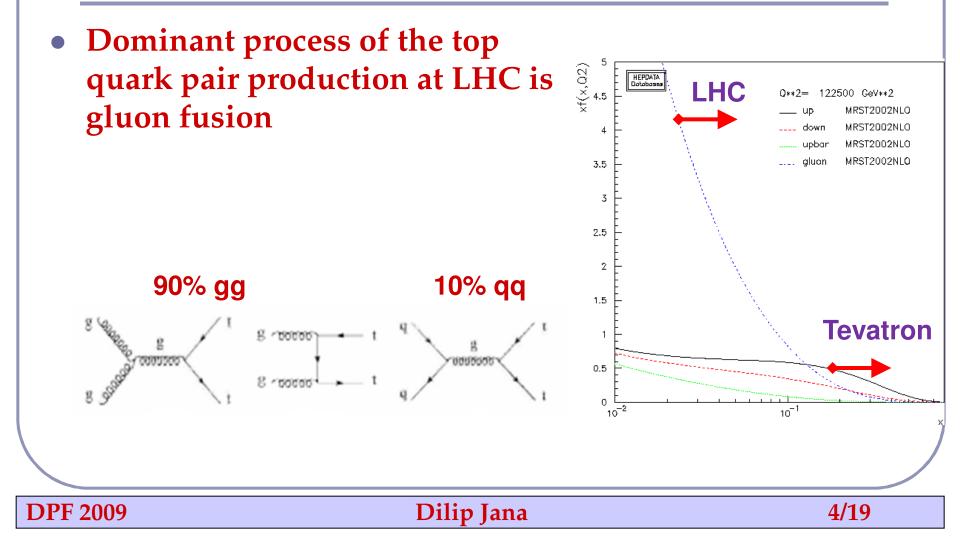


Introduction and Motivation

- Any new physics related with EWSB may be coupled to top quark leading to deviation of ttbar production cross-section and top kinematics.
- Top quark is one of the main backgrounds for Higgs and SUSY searches.
 - Have to measure accurately inclusive ttbar cross section
 - Have to investigate the ttbar kinematic characteristics
- ttbar events will be useful for the detector calibration, in particular for the b-tagging efficiency measurements.



Top quark pair production at the LHC



Top quark decays

DPF 2009

	Name	Signature	BR	X-sec
q q q w b e, µ w b	Fully Hadronic	jets	45.7%	191.5
	Lepton + Jets	e + jets	17.2%	71.9 pb
		μ + jets	17.2%	71.9 pb
	Dilepton	eµ + jets	3.18%	13.3 pb
		μμ + jets	1.59%	6.67 pb
		ee + jets	1.59%	6.67 pb
	Tau + jets	τ + jets	9.49%	39.8 pb
	Lepton + Tau	$\tau + e/\mu + jets$	3.54%	14.8 pb
	Tau + Tau	2τ+ jets	0.49%	2.06 pb
	total	all	100%	419 pb

Lepton + jets Channel

• Signal: $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WWb\bar{b} \rightarrow (jj)(l\nu)b\bar{b}$

 $l = e, \mu$

- Background:
 - W+Jets production
 - Single top production
 - Di-boson production
 - QCD multijet production
- Method:
 - Make use of the kinematical differences between signal and background events → construct likelihood templates for signal and (combined) backgrounds
 - Use likelihood templates to estimate the number of expected ttbar events.

Object Selection

• Electron Selection:

- reconstructed in inner tracker and EM calorimeter
- one Isolated electron with pT > 20 GeV
- $0 < |\eta| < 2.47$
 - 1.37 < |η| < 1.52 excluded
- E_T in a cone of radius 0.2 around the electron axis < 6 GeV

Muon Selection:

- reconstructed in inner detector and muon spectrometer
- one isolated muon with
 pT > 20 GeV
- **0< |η| < 2.5**
- E_T in a cone of radius 0.2 around the muon axis < 6 GeV

Object Selection

• Jet Selection:

- Jets are reconstructed in η-φ space with the cone of radius 0.4 based on the energy deposited in the calorimeter towers.
- pT > 20 GeV
- 0< |η| < 2.5
- No overlap between jet and lepton
 - △R (e, jet) > 0.2
 - ΔR (μ, jet) > 0.3

Missing Et (MET) Selection: MET> 20 GeV

DPF 2009

Event pre-selection

- Pass trigger:
- Require exactly one isolated lepton
- EtMiss > 20 GeV
- At least 4 jets with Pt > 20 GeV
- At least 3 jets with Pt > 40 GeV

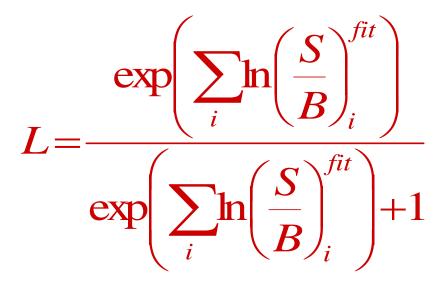
1		
ATLAS work in progress	Muon	Electron
in proo	Analysis	Analysis
tt	1573	1302
W+jets	835	589
Single top	110	105
Di boson	8	7
S/B	1.65	1.85

Expected events at 10 TeV and at 100 pb⁻¹



Likelihood Analysis

 Find topological variables that will help to separate ttbar from Background (e.g: W+jet, QCD, single top, diboson).



DPF 2009

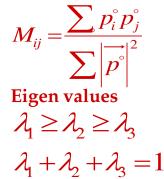
Dilip Jana

10/19

Likelihood Variables

- Following variables used:
 - Exp(-8*Aplanarity)
 - Aplanarity $=\frac{3}{2}\lambda_3$
 - Centrality
 - C=H_T/H; H_T= scalar sum of pT of jets, H= scalar sum of energy of jets

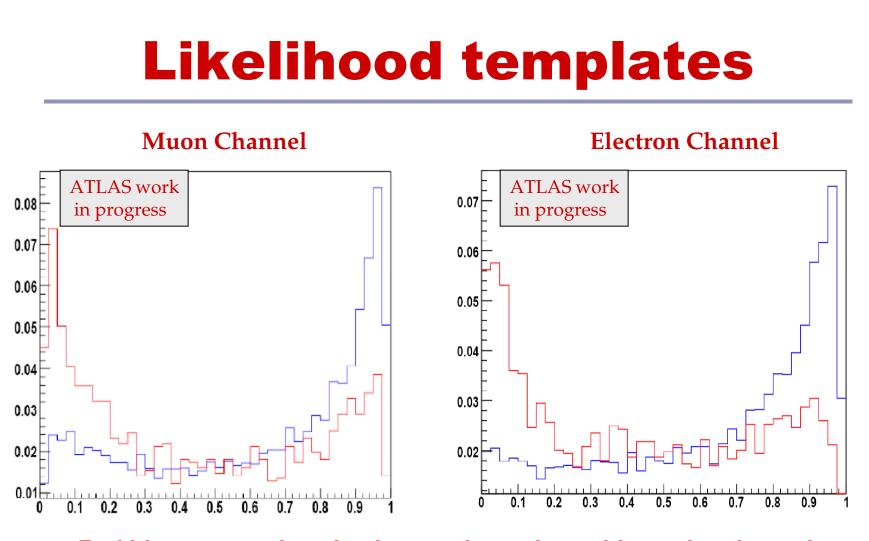




- Sphericity $\left(=\frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)\right)$ • $\Delta\eta(j2,j3)$
- Lepton Eta

• θ (lepton, jet) $\longrightarrow \theta$ (lepton, Jet_i) = 2* $\left| a \tan\left(e^{-\eta(lepton)}\right) - a \tan\left(e^{\eta(Jet_i)}\right) \right|$

DPF 2009



Red histograms show background templates, blue - signal templates

DPF 2009

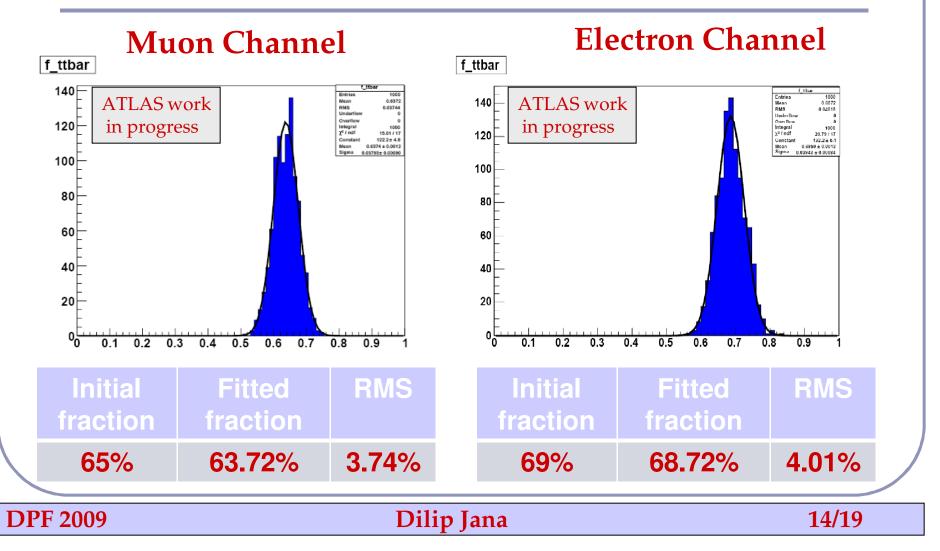
Dilip Jana

12/19

Pseudo-experiment

- To check the stability of the LH and to estimate the expected statistical error with likelihood method, perform ensemble tests with different mixture of the signal and backgrounds.
- In each case used the numbers of events corresponding to 100 pb⁻¹.
- Plot the likelihood distribution for the "data" (mixture of signal and backgrounds).
- Use LH templates for ttbar and W+jets to fit the "data" likelihood distribution and compare initial fractions to the fractions obtained from fit

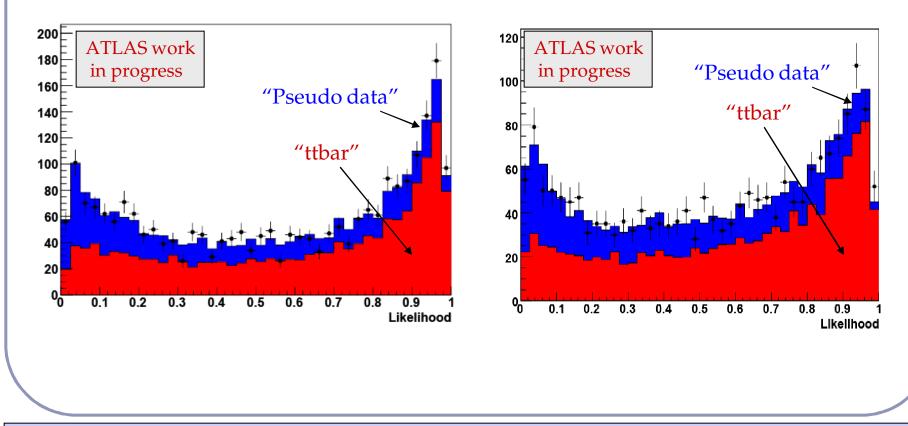
Result from the Pseudo-experiments (100 pb⁻¹)



Result from the Pseudo-experiments

Muon Channel

Electron Channel





Dilip Jana

15/19

Systematics uncertainty

- Major source of systematics:
 - JES
 - MC generator dependence
 - Trigger
 - Muon ID, Electron ID $\sigma_{i} = \sigma \pm \Delta \sigma_{i} = \frac{N^{tt} \pm \Delta N_{i}^{tt}}{(\varepsilon \pm \Delta \varepsilon_{i})BL}$
 - ISR/FSR
 - PDF

i = systematics uncertainty is determined by varying the source by 1 standard deviation up and down. Propagate this variation into both the fitted number and the signal efficiency resulting a new value of the cross-section (as shown in the formula above).

Summary of Systematic uncertainties

Source	Error	1
Trigger	± 1.0% ATLAS We in Progre	ork ess
Lepton ID	± 1.0%	
JES : 5%	± 10%	
10%	± 20%	
MC generator	±5.0 %	
ISR/FSR	Work in progress	
PDF	Work in progress	
Dilip Jana		

DPF 2009

tt cross-section (100 pb⁻¹)

Muon Channel



 $\frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma} = 3.74\%(stat) \pm 11\%(syst)$

Electron Channel

 $\frac{\Delta\sigma}{\sigma} = 4\%(stat) \pm 11\%(syst)$





Conclusions

- Top quark pair cross section measurements will be among the first physics measurements in ATLAS.
- The measurement with likelihood templates provides a good cross check for more simple measurements, and is complimentary in many ways to other methods.
- First results on the top quark pair cross section can be obtained with 100 pb⁻¹ in lepton + jets channel.

