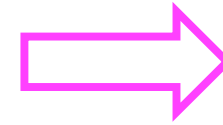


Recent progress in String Phenomenology

- I. **Modern String Theory & particle physics** →
D-branes
- II. **Supersymmetric Standard Model**
w/ (intersecting) D-branes
- III. **New non-perturbative effects: D-instanons**
Phenomenological implications: Majorana neutrino masses, μ -parameter, modified Yukawa couplings...
- IV. **Conclusions/outlook**

Quest to unify forces of nature



Green&Schwarz'84

String Theory – most promising candidate

as a consistent (finite) quantum theory of strings where elementary particles arise as massless excitations of strings.

In particular, gravitons - massless excitations of closed strings

Quantum gravity for free!

Standard Model of elementary particle interactions (strong, weak & electromagnetic) based on Non-Abelian Gauge theory

$$SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$$

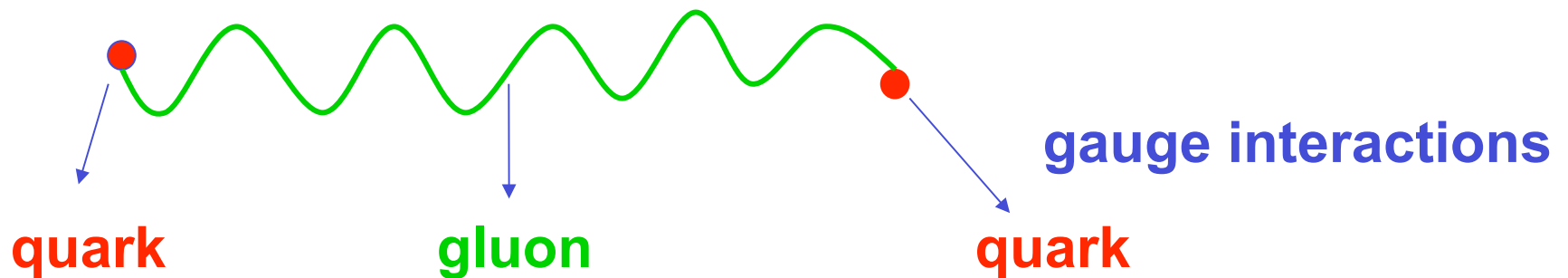
Force mediated via spin 1-particles: gluons, W-bosons & photon

3-families:

$$Q_L \sim (\underline{3}, \underline{2}, 1/6) - \text{quarks}$$

$$L \sim (\underline{1}, \underline{2}, -1) - \text{leptons, etc.}$$

chiral matter



Modern String Theory (w/ D-branes) – geometric origin!

Perturbative String Theories (small string coupling)

Hull&Townsend'94

Witten'95



Non-perturbative Unification

11 dimensional supergravity

Phenomenologically promising g_{IIA} -strong ↗

Recent (MSSM): Bouchard, M.C., Donagi'05

Lebedev, Nilles, Raby, Ramos, Ratz
Vaudrevange, Wingerter'07-'09

Type IIA superstring

g_{IIA} -weak (closed) ↖

Heterotic $E_8 \times E_8$ string

(hybrid closed)

M-theory

Type IIB superstring

(closed)

Heterotic $SO(32)$ string

(hybrid closed)

Type I superstring

w/advent of

(open)

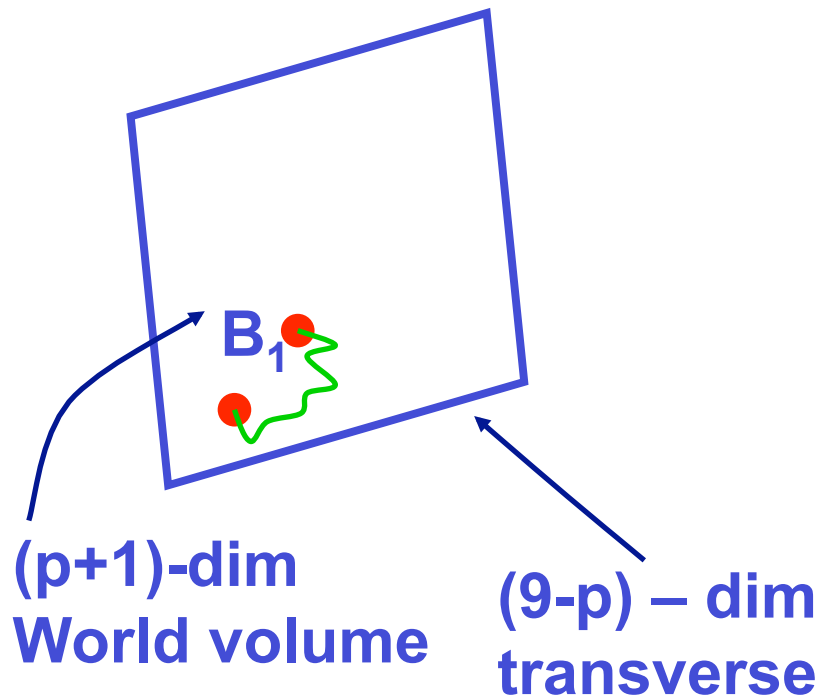
D-branes

Modern perspective on particle physics ←

Different String Theories related to each other by Weak-Strong Coupling **DUALITY**

D-branes & non-Abelian gauge theory

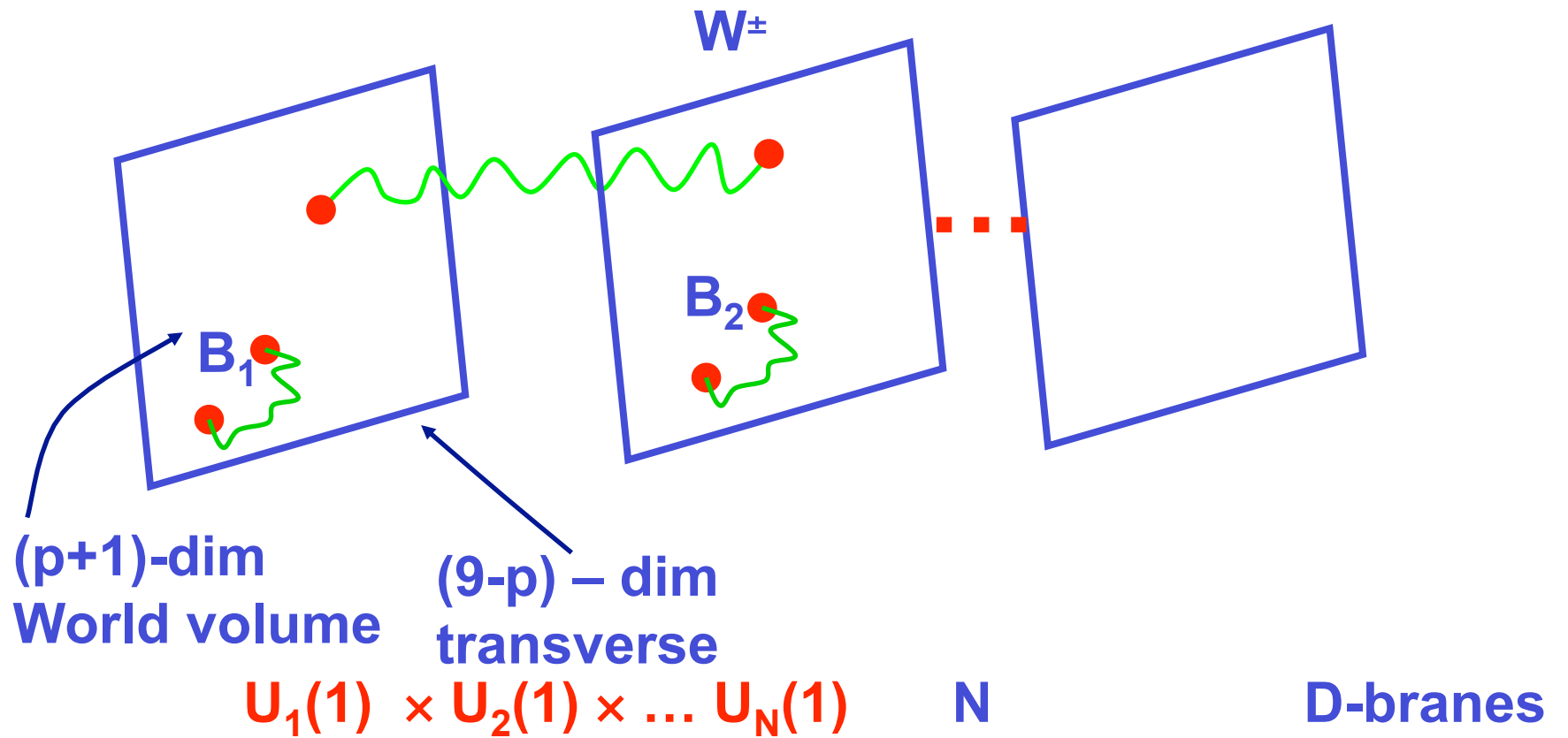
D p-branes (focus on field theory side; for AdS/CFT
c.f., C. Herzog's talk)



$B_1=U(1)$ spin-one particles as massless excitations
of open strings w/boundaries on a D-brane

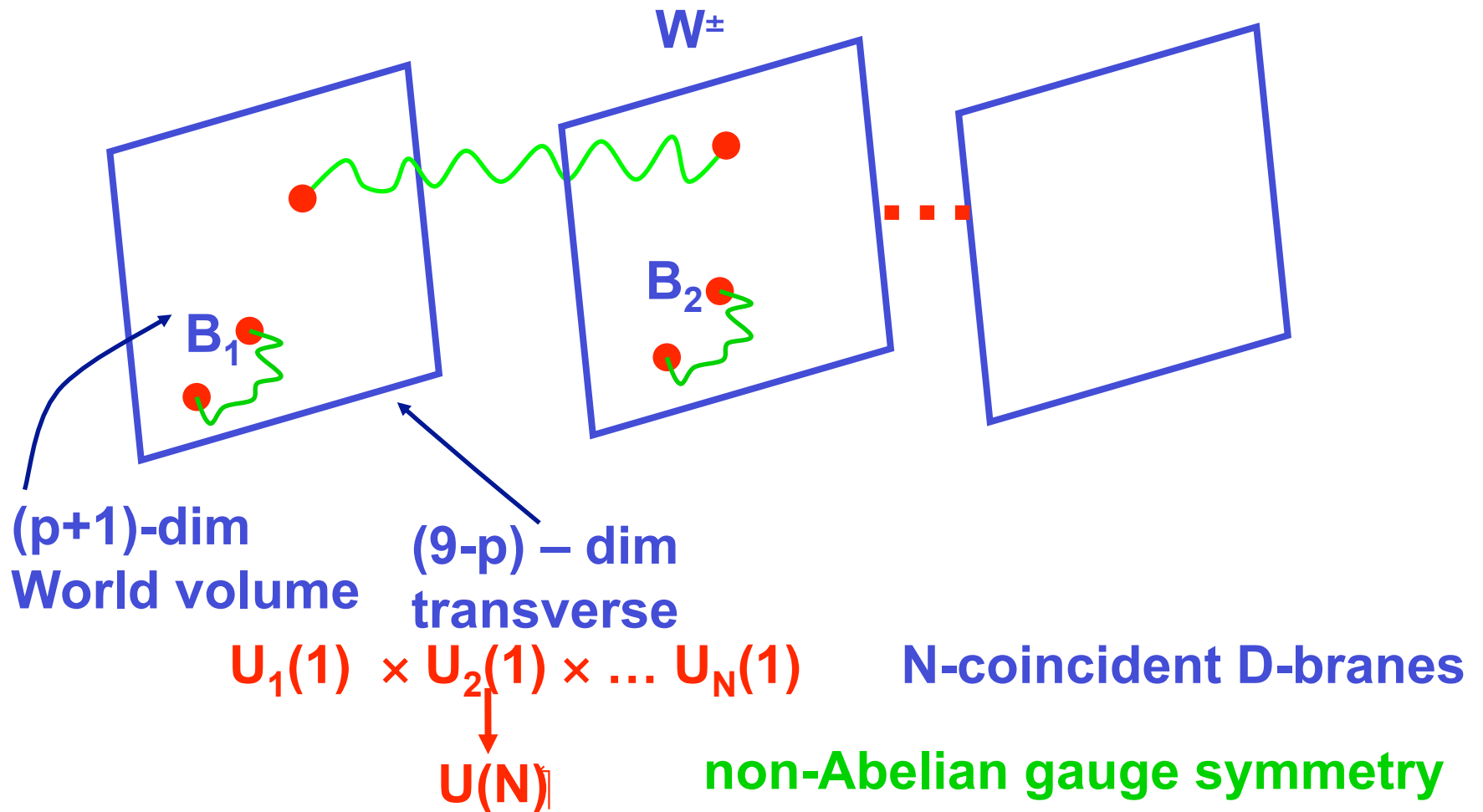
D-branes & non-Abelian gauge theory

D p-branes



D-branes & non-Abelian gauge theory

D p-branes



FIELD THEORY SIDE of D-branes (as boundaries of open strings)

(i) non-Abelian gauge symmetry

N-coincident D-branes



$U(N)$

(ii) Appearance of matter



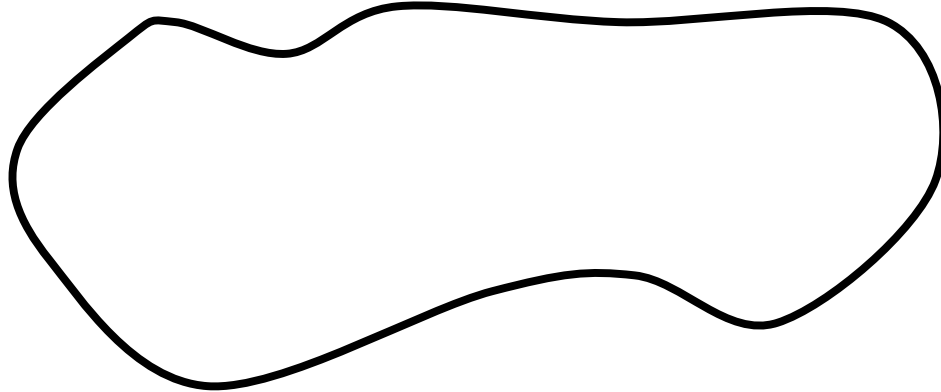
turn to compactification

Compactification

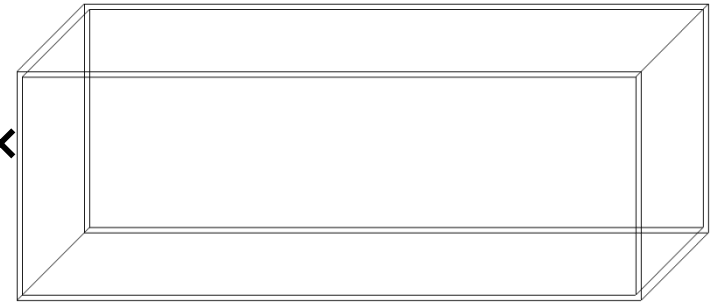
$D=9+1$ \longrightarrow $D=3+1$



X_6 -special space (Calabi-Yau) \times $M_{(1,3)}$ -flat



\times

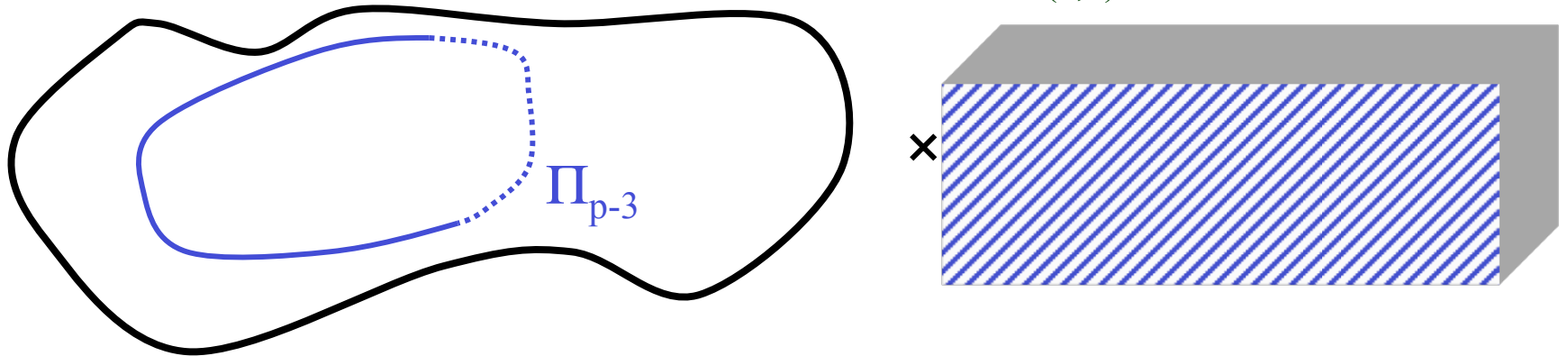


Compactification

$D=9+1$ \longrightarrow $D=3+1$



X_6 -special space (Calabi-Yau) \times $M_{(1,3)}$ -flat



D p-branes – extend in p+1 dimensions:

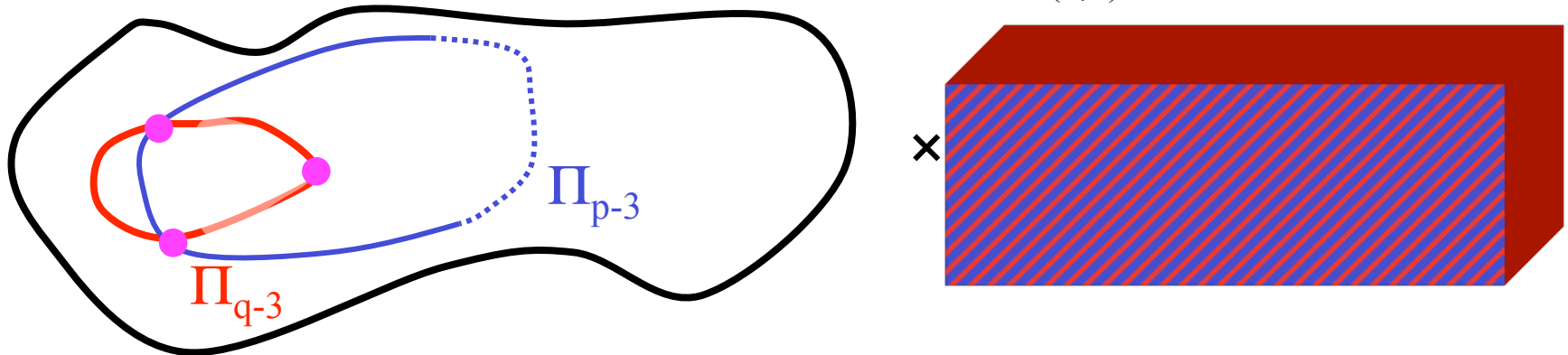
3+1-our world $M_{(3,1)}$; (p-3)-wrap Π_{p-3} cycles of X_6

Compactification

$D=9+1$ \longrightarrow $D=3+1$



X_6 -special space (Calabi-Yau) \times $M_{(1,3)}$ -flat



D p-branes – extend in p+1 dimensions:
3+1-our world $M_{(3,1)}$; (p-3)-wrap Π_{p-3} cycles of X_6

D q-branes – extend in q+1 dimensions:
3+1-our world $M_{(3,1)}$; (q-3)-wrap Π_{q-3} cycles of X_6

$$\begin{aligned} &\Pi_{q-3} \cap \Pi_{p-3} \\ &\Pi_{q-3} \subset \Pi_{p-3} \end{aligned}$$

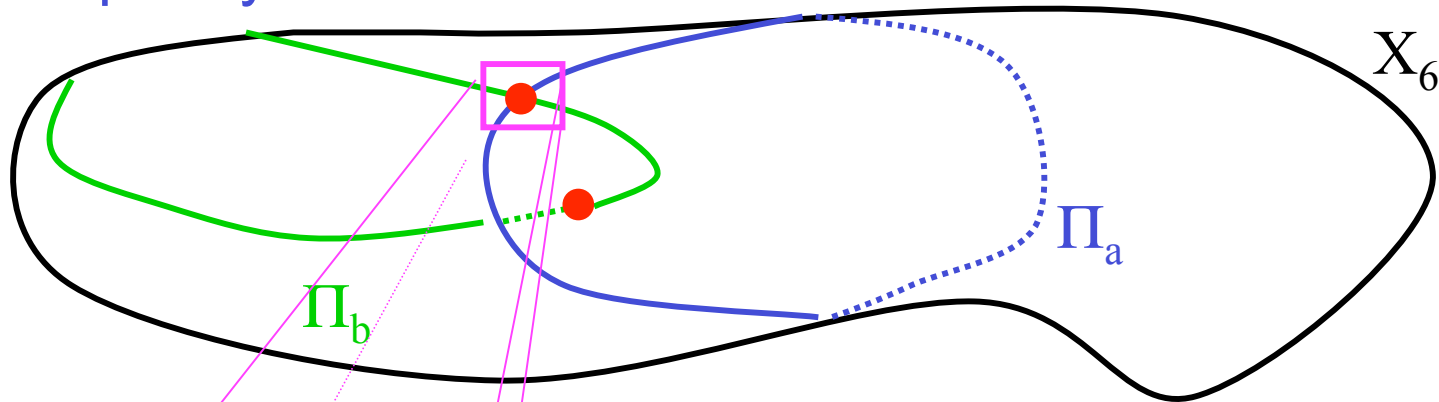


**Rich
structure**

D-branes at singularities & Wilson lines: Aldazabar et al. 98....
 M.C.,Wang&Plümacher'00;M.C.Wang&Uranga'01...

Intersecting D6-branes

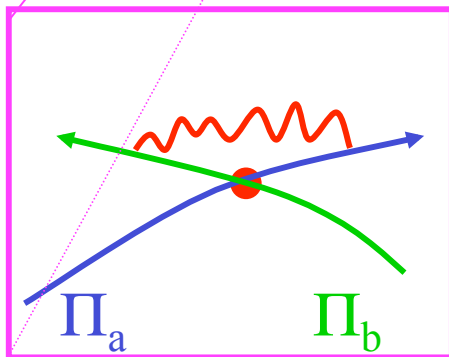
wrap 3-cycles Π



In internal space intersect at points:

Number of intersections $[\Pi_a] \circ [\Pi_b]$ - topological number

Geometric origin of family replications!



Berkooz, Douglas & Leigh '96

At each intersection-massless string excitation-

spin $\frac{1}{2}$ field ψ - matter candidate

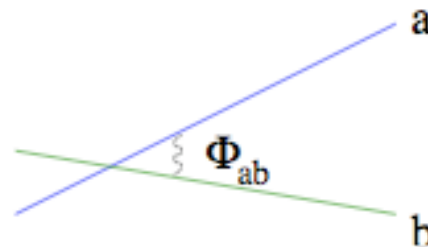
Geometric origin of matter!

Model Building with Intersecting D-branes

[Blumenhagen, Görlich, Körs, Lüst '00] , [Aldazabal, Ibáñez, Rabadan, Uranga '00] ...

Engineering of semi-realistic constructions w/ Intersecting D6-branes wrapping three-cycles Π – **Standard Model:**

- **Non-Abelian gauge symmetry** $SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$
→ $U(N)$ as a stack of N -coincident D-branes
- **Chiral matter** quarks & leptons
→ at intersections of D-branes in internal space; bi-fund.



- **Family replication** 3-copies of fermion families
→ no. of D-brane intersections in internal space $\Pi_a \circ \Pi_b$
→ **Origin of Standard Model Geometric!**

Status

- $\mathcal{O}(100)$ inequivalent SUSY global toroidal orbifold SM & GUT models (geometric phase) with semi-realistic features
- typically suffer from chiral exotics - limitations of orbif. constr.

realistic (Yukawa) couplings? - focus in the rest

- moduli stabilization ? - separate topic

[M.C., Uranga, Shiu, hep-th/0107143, 017166] .. Just MSSM [Gmeiner, Honecker, 0806.3039]

Rational Conformal Field Theory constructions-promising

[Dijkstra, Huiszoon, Schellekens, hep-th/0411129] ...

- models without chiral exotics

- couplings in principle calculated, but hard & hierarchy?

- non-geometric phase-moduli stabilization?

- **New Developments: (local) F-theory GUT's/SM's...**

[Donagi, Wijnholt, 0802.2969], [Beasley, Heckman, Vafa, 0802.3391] ...

- intersecting D7- branes wrapping four-cycles in CY

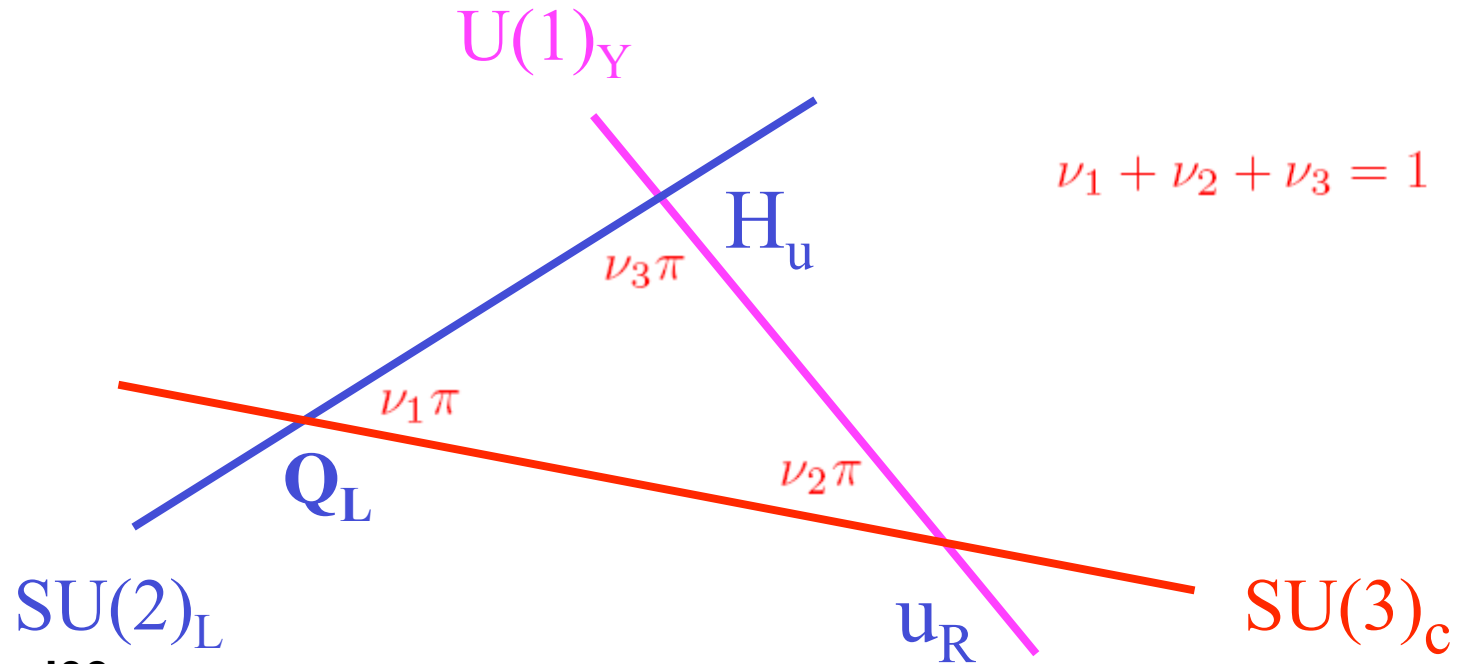
[in F-theory part of geometry of singular 8-dim. CY]

promising local MSSM (E8-symmetric intersection point) [Vafa et al'09]

global models? - work in progress [Marsano, Saulina, Schaefer-Nemeki '09], ...

Yukawa Couplings

Intersections in internal space (schematic on i^{th} -two-torus)



w/Papadimitriou'03

(Conformal Field Theory Techniques)

$$Y = (2\pi)^{\frac{3}{2}} g_{st} \prod_{i=1}^3 \left[\frac{\Gamma(1 - \nu_1^i) \Gamma(1 - \nu_2^i) \Gamma(1 - \nu_3^i)}{\Gamma(\nu_1^i) \Gamma(\nu_2^i) \Gamma(\nu_3^i)} \right]^{\frac{1}{4}} \sum_I \exp\left(-\frac{A_I^1 + A_I^2 + A_I^3}{2\pi\alpha'}\right)$$

Geometric!

← quantum part

← classical part A_I^i -triangle areas on i^{th} two-torus lattice
Cremades, Ibáñez, Marchesano'03

Specific coupling issues

- Neutrino masses (if there) -Dirac & of order of charged sector masses

Majorana neutrino masses – absent

- μ -parameter – typically absent
- SU(5) GUT models – absent $10 10 5_H$ couplings
- Hierarchical supersymmetry breaking, e.g., à la Polonyi

Perturbative absence of all such couplings due to violation of “anomalous” U(1)

→ non-perturbative effects due to D-instantons
(non-perturbative violation of “anomalous” U(1))

Extensive past literature on instantons in string theory ...

New stringy instanton effects in (open string) charged sector:

[Blumenhagen, M.C., Weigand, hep-th/0609191]

[Ibañez, Uranga, hep-th/0609213]

- charged matter coupling corrections

[Florea, Kachru, McGreevy, Saulina, 0610003]

- supersymmetry breaking

Further developments: many papers...

Turin/Rome group, Munich group, Madrid/CERN group, Penn Group, Stanford group, etc.

D-Instantons–Heuristics

Relevant objects in Type IIA : Euclidean $D2$ -branes (E2-branes), wrapping three-cycles Ξ

Rules: quantize (open) strings – zero modes
determine effective instanton action

Key features:

- Integrate over zero modes localized on $E2$
→ In path integral each fermionic zero mode has to appear for relevant instanton induced couplings exactly once

D-instantons – Heuristics

Euclidean E2-brane on internal three-cycle Ξ :

$$W_{np} \propto e^{-S_{E2}} = \exp \left[\frac{2\pi}{\ell_s^3} \left(-\frac{1}{g_s} \int_{\Xi} \text{Vol}_{\Xi} + i \int_{\Xi} C_3 \right) \right]$$

C_3 Ramond-Ramond three-form transforms under $U(1)_a$ of D_a -brane

(due to Chern-Simons terms in D-brane Wess-Zumino action expansion) \longrightarrow

Exponential not gauge invariant under $U(1)_a$!

$$e^{-S_{E2}} \rightarrow e^{i Q_a(E2) \Lambda_a} e^{-S_{E2}}$$

$$Q_a(E2) = N_a \int \delta(\Xi) \wedge \delta(\Pi_{q-3}^a) \wedge e^{F_a} = N_a \Xi \circ (\Pi_a - \Pi'_a)$$

Consequence:

If $Q_a(E2) \neq 0$ for some a , superpotential for charged fields:

$$W = \prod_i \Phi_i e^{-S_{E2}} \quad \text{w/} \quad \sum_i Q_a(\Phi_i) + Q_a(E2) = 0 \quad \text{for every } a.$$

Non-perturbative breakdown of $U(1)_a$

D-instantons introduce a new hierarchy

$$\text{couplings} \propto \mathcal{R}e(e^{-S_{E2}}) = e^{-\frac{2\pi}{\ell_s^3 g_s} \text{Vol}_{E2}}$$

$$\text{Use } \frac{1}{\alpha_{\text{GUT}}} = \frac{1}{\ell_s^3 g_s} \text{Vol}_{D6} \longrightarrow \mathcal{R}e(e^{-S_{E2}}) = e^{-\frac{2\pi}{\alpha_{\text{GUT}}} \frac{\text{Vol}_{E2}}{\text{Vol}_{D6}}}$$

Stringy!

In general no field theory analog à la gauge instantons

Constraints on Zero Fermionic Modes:

I. 3-cycle wrapped by instanton: RIGID & invariant under orientifold projection

“ O(1) ”-instantons \longrightarrow 4 bosonic modes x_E^μ & only 2 fermionic modes θ_α

yield directly superpotential measure: $\int d^4 x_E d^2 \theta$

II. Zero modes (strings between $E2$ and $D6_a$):

\longrightarrow Localized at the each intersection of $E2$ and $D6_a$ branes:

One single fermionic zero mode λ_a

Euclidean D2-brane
(wrapping rigid 3-cycle)

D6_a-brane

λ_{Ea} -fermionic zero mode

Geometric!

$$Q_a(E2) = N_a \Xi \circ (\Pi_a - \Pi'_a)$$

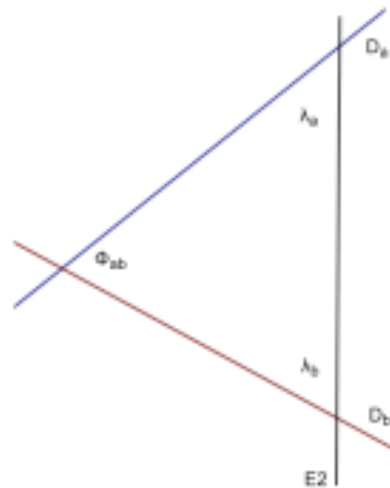
in agreement with $e^{-S_{E2}} \longrightarrow e^{i Q_a(E2) \Lambda_a} e^{-S_{E2}}$

Ralph Blumenhagen, M. C., Timo Weigand, hep-th/0609191

Develop conformal field theory **instanton calculus** to determine non-perturbatively induced superpotential couplings quantitatively

No time!

Building blocks: disc-level couplings of two λ modes to matter Φ_{ab} : $S = \int_{\Xi} \lambda_a \Phi_{ab} \bar{\lambda}_b$



In instanton effective action

$$\int d^4x d^2\theta d\lambda_a d\bar{\lambda}_b e^{-S_{E2} + \int_{\Xi} \lambda_a \Phi_{ab} \bar{\lambda}_b} \rightsquigarrow \phi_{ab} e^{-S_{E2}}$$

Superpotential due to O(1) instantons:

Specific coupling w/ each $U(1)_a$ charge violated by $\sum_i Q_a^i$

- Engineer intersections of O(1) instantons with D_a -branes w/ total charges of λ_a 's: $Q_a(E2) = -\sum_i Q_a^i$

- Identify disc diagrams that soak up each λ precisely ones

Specific Examples:

i Majorana neutrino masses original papers, ...

ii Nonpert. Dirac neutrino masses [M.C., Langacker, 0803.2876]

iii 10 10 5 GUT couplings

[Blumenhagen, M.C., Lüst, Richter, Weigand, 0707.1871]

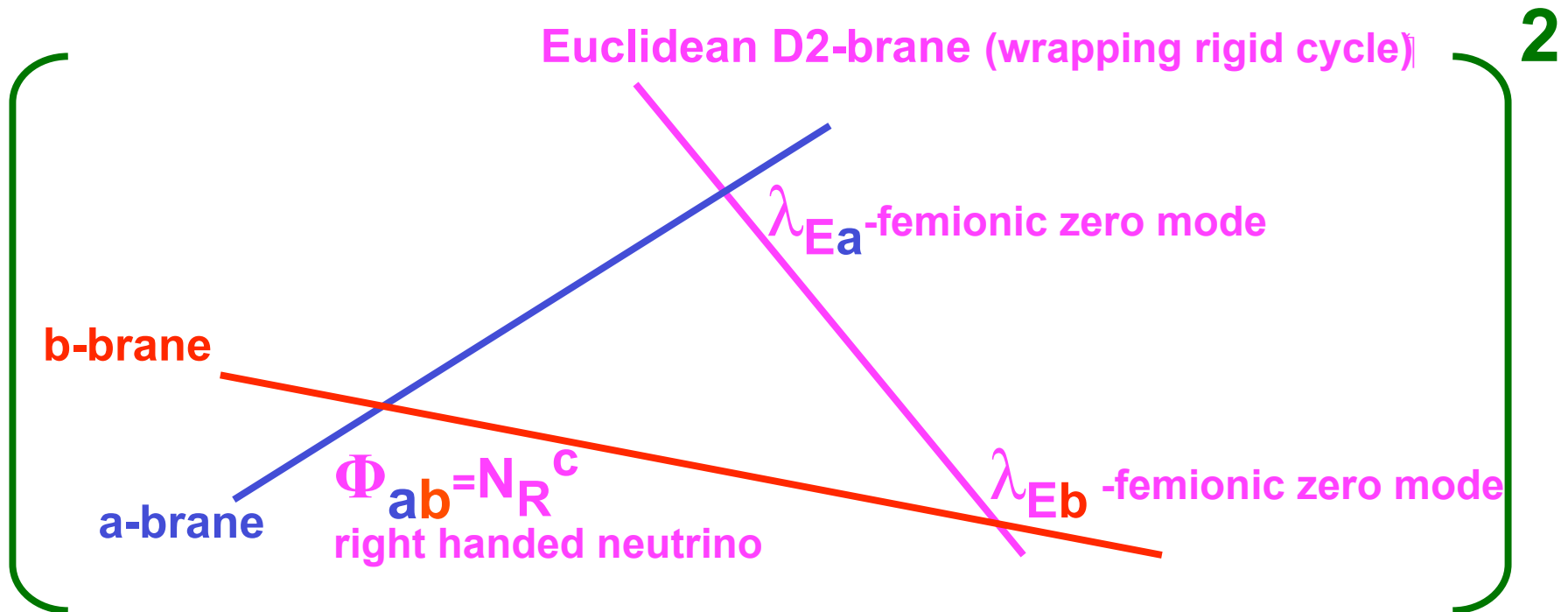
one-instanton effect $\longrightarrow g_s \rightarrow 1$ (M-theory on G_2)

iv Polonyi-type couplings

[Aharony, Kachru, Silverstein 0708.0493] [MC, Weigand 0711.0209, 0807.3953]

[Heckman, Marsano, Saulina, Schafer-Nameki, Vafa 0808.1286]

Majorana Neutrino Masses:



E2-instanton w/ $[\Pi_{SM}]^\circ[\Pi_{E2}] = 0$, $[\Pi_a]^\circ[\Pi_{E2}] = 2$ & $[\Pi_b]^\circ[\Pi_{E2}] = -2$

Fermionic zero modes appear precisely ONCE

→ Non-zero non-pertubative coupling: $M_m N_R^c N_R$
Geometric!

Concrete realisations on $T^6/\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}'_2$

[M. C., Robert Richter, Timo Weigand, hep-th/0703028]

→ Engineered to yield Majorana Mass $M_m \sim 10^{10}$ GeV

Together w/ Dirac Masses (Yukawa couplings à la before) $M_D \sim$ TeV

$$\rightarrow M_\nu \sim M_D/M_m^2 \sim \text{eV}$$

→ **Stringy Realization of**

Seesaw mechanism for neutrino masses!

Hierarchical superpotential couplings (neutrino masses, Yukawa couplings...)

Typically demonstrated within local orbifold Type IIA chiral SU(5) GUT's

Challenge: global models

Type I theory with magnetized D9-branes \longrightarrow

First chiral GUT's on globally defined Calabi-Yau spaces
(algebraic geometry) [M.C., T. Weigand, 0711.0209, 0807.3953]

\longrightarrow four-family SU(5) GUT's

with Majorana masses or Polonyi term in the desirable regime

Most examples w/ $O(1)$ -instantons based on $SU(5)$ GUT's

How about Multi-stack (local) Standard Models?

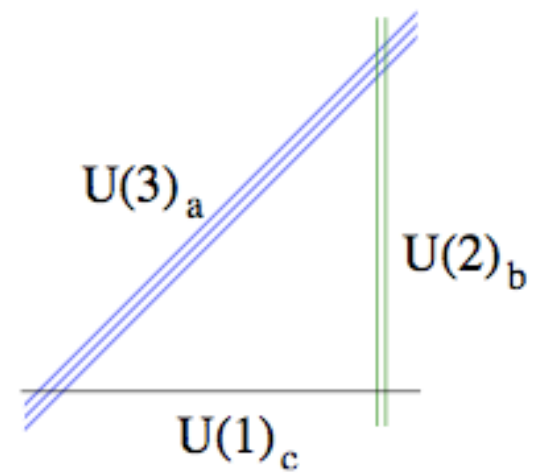
Addressed for Madrid Quiver

[Ibáñez, Richter, 08111583]

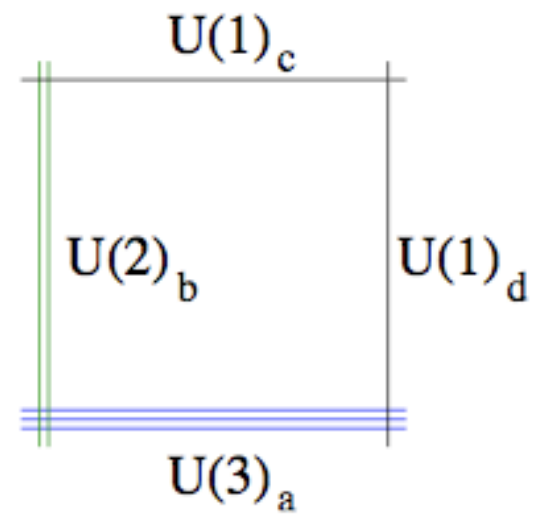
→ Systematic Analysis of Instanton Effects for MSSM

[M.C., Halverson & Richter, 0905.3379]

Employ three-stack MSSM $U(3)_a \times U(2)_b \times U(1)_c$



& four-stack MSSM $U(3)_a \times U(2)_b \times U(1)_c \times U(1)_d$



Perturbative Analysis of three- and four-stack MSSM Spectra

à la [Anastasopoulos,Dijkstra,Kiritsis,Schellekens,hep-th/0605226]

→ of order 10000 quivers

Analysis at non-perturbative level:

MSSM models with potentially desirable Yukawa textures

- absence of R-parity violating couplings also at non-perturbative level
- presence of top perturbative Yukawa couplings
- O(1) instanton induces a desired Yukawa coupling which do not simultaneously generate μ term
- neutrino masses via seesaw or non-perturbative Dirac masses]

→ on the order of 50 models w/ potentially desirable textures

→ further work

Solution #	q_L		d_R			u_R		L			E_R			N_R			H_u				H_d	
	(a, b)	(a, \bar{b})	(\bar{a}, c)	(\bar{a}, \bar{d})	Γ_a	(\bar{a}, \bar{c})	(\bar{a}, d)	(b, \bar{c})	(b, d)	(\bar{b}, d)	(c, \bar{d})	\perp_k	\perp_d	\perp_b	$\perp_{\bar{b}}$	(c, d)	(\bar{c}, \bar{d})	(b, c)	(\bar{b}, c)	(b, \bar{d})	(\bar{b}, \bar{d})	(\bar{b}, \bar{c})
1	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
2	3	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
3	3	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
4	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
5	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
6	3	0	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
7	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
8	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
9	3	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
10	2	1	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1
11	2	1	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1
12	2	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1
13	2	1	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	1
14	1	2	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1
15	0	3	0	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
16	0	3	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
17	0	3	0	0	3	0	3	1	2	0	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
18	0	3	0	0	3	0	3	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
19	0	3	0	0	3	0	3	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
20	0	3	0	0	3	1	2	1	2	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
21	0	3	0	0	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
22	0	3	0	0	3	1	2	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
23	0	3	0	0	3	1	2	3	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
24	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
25	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	0	3	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
26	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
27	0	3	0	0	3	2	1	2	1	0	0	2	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
28	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
29	0	3	0	2	1	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
30	0	3	0	1	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
31	0	3	0	0	3	3	0	1	2	0	1	2	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Solutions for hypercharge $U(1)_Y = \frac{1}{6}U(1)_a + \frac{1}{2}U(1)_c - \frac{1}{2}U(1)_d$

Summary/Outlook

- (a) Development of techniques **for consistent constructions w/ D-branes** (primarily focus on Type I/II)
- (b) Sizable number of semi-realistic models:
systematic searches
- (c) Coupling calculation developed –Yukawa couplings, etc.
- (d) **Non-perturbative (D-instanton) effects:**
New hierarchical couplings
 - within **local** (Type IIA)& **global** (Type I) chiral GUT's
 - classification of (local) MSSM multi-stack models
w/potential for realistic textures – **constrained**

Foresee further **progress**:

DEVELOPMENT of TECHNIQUES! →
constructions on **general Calabi Yau spaces**

Quantitatively improve **realistic model constructions**,
including further progress **on globally consistent models**
with desired non-perturbative effects

F-theory (D-branes part of singular 8-dim Calabi Yau)
promising →

at early stages of **globally consistent constructions**

FULLY REALISTIC CONSTRUCTIONS
particle spectrum & interactions?

NOT THERE YET, BUT GETTING BETTER AT IT

(efforts presented here will play a role)