

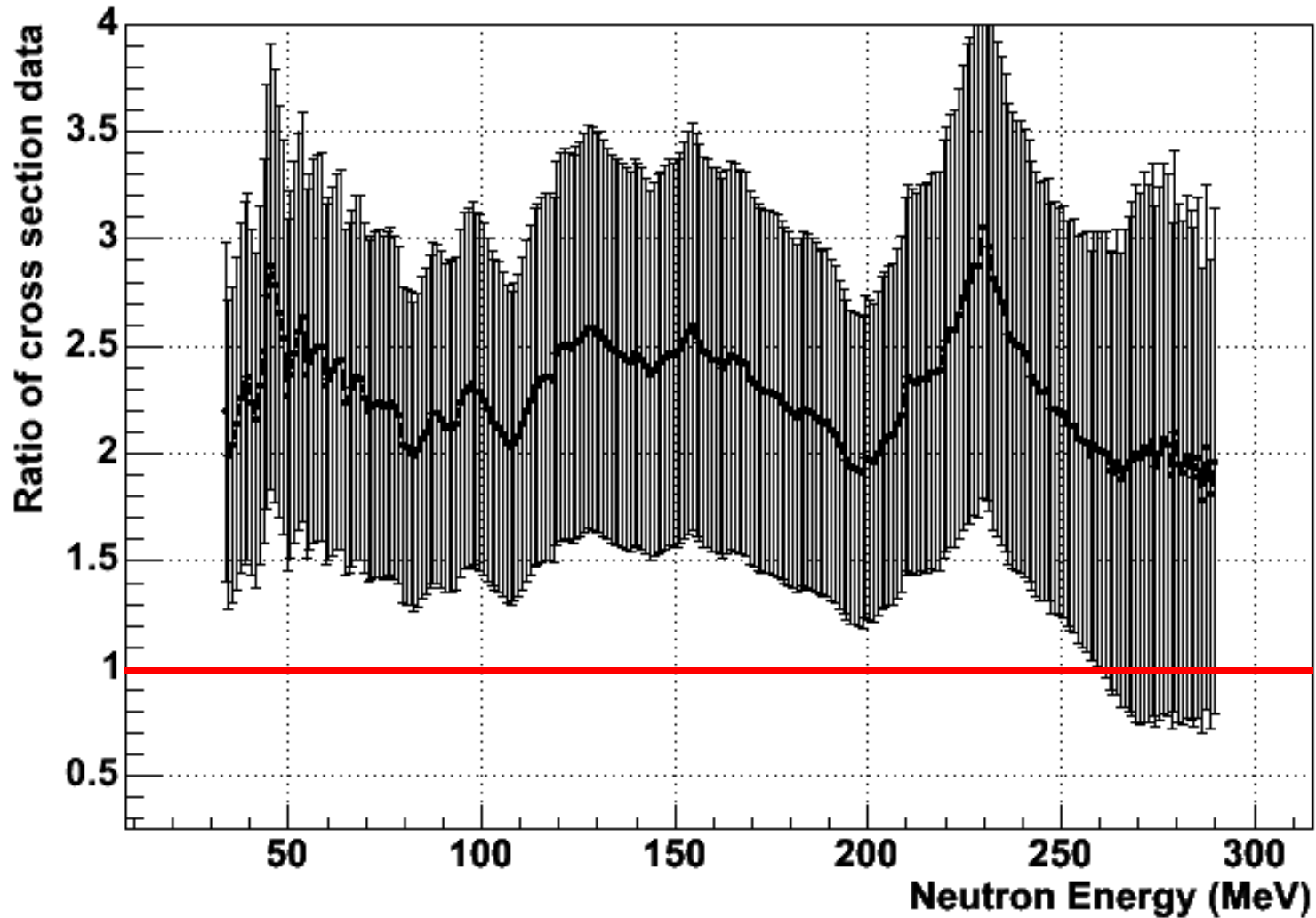
Brief Update on Simple Benchmarks

- **(p,xn) double differential production cross sections:**
 - Mostly worked on understanding errors of experimental data
 - “Los Alamos” data: Nucl Sci Eng 102, 110, 112, 115
 - “Hamburg” data: Phys Rev C47, 1647 (1993)
 - “Saturne” data: Phys Rev Lett 82, 4412 (1999), Phys Rev C 65, 044621 (2002)
 - Documenting results
- **Pion absorption below 1 GeV:**
 - Work in progress



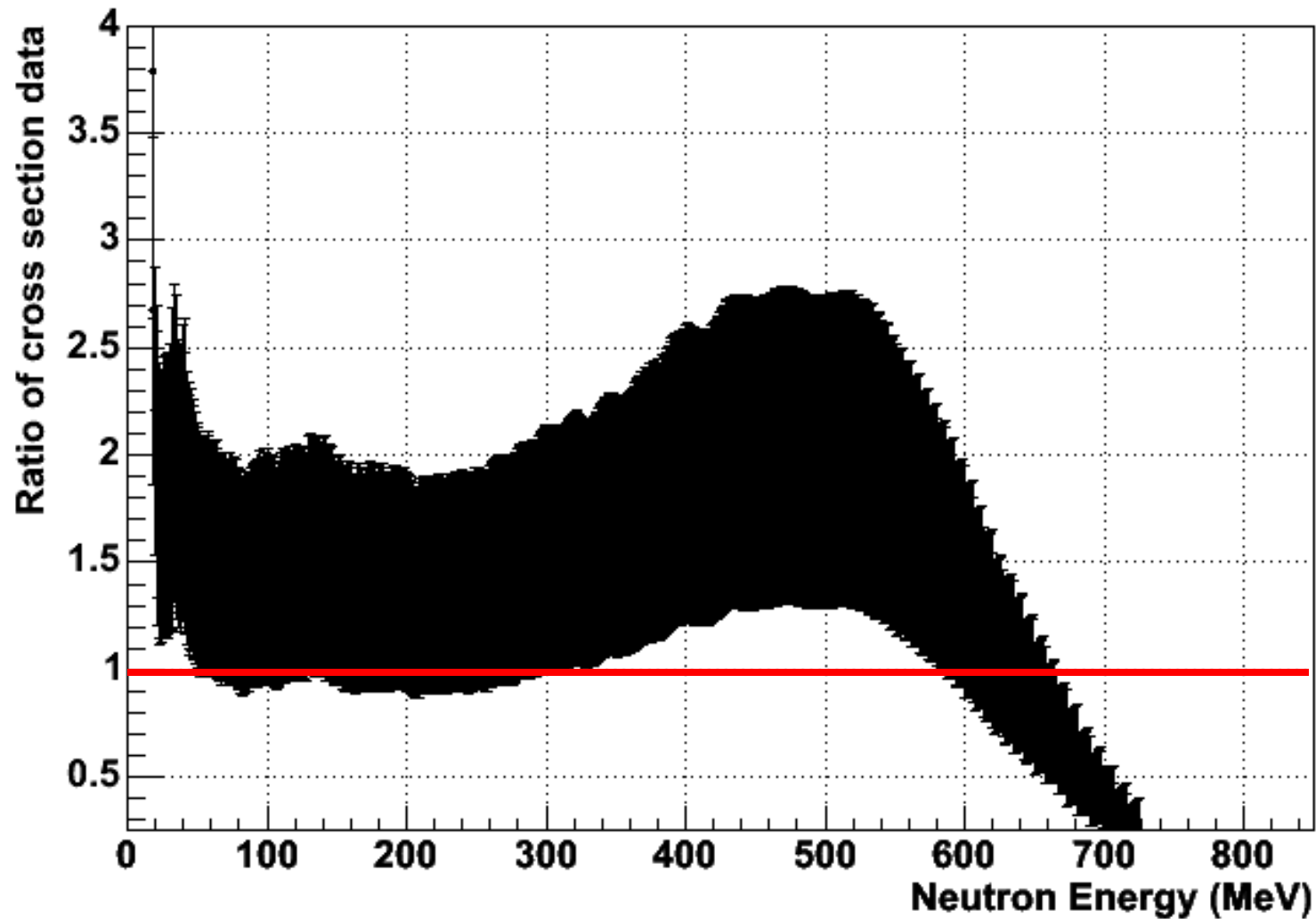
Comparison with Hamburg Data (I)

Ratio Hamburg (Al, 800MeV, 120deg) / Los Alamos (Al, 800MeV, 120deg)



Comparison with Hamburg Data (II)

Ratio Hamburg (Pb, 800MeV, 30deg) / Los Alamos (Pb, 800MeV, 30deg)



Comparison with Saturne Data

**Warning: data compared for different angles
(and thick vs thin targets)!**

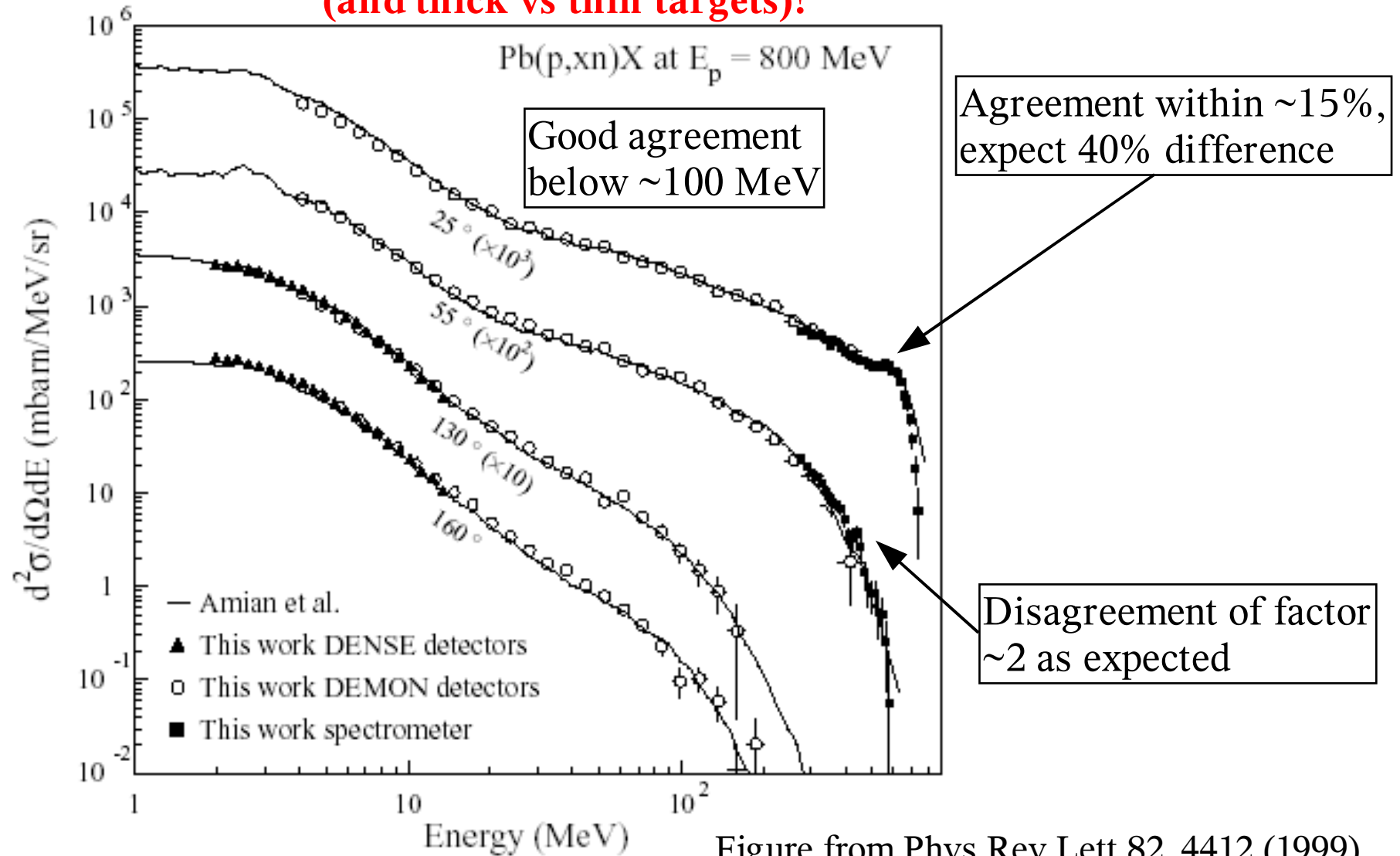
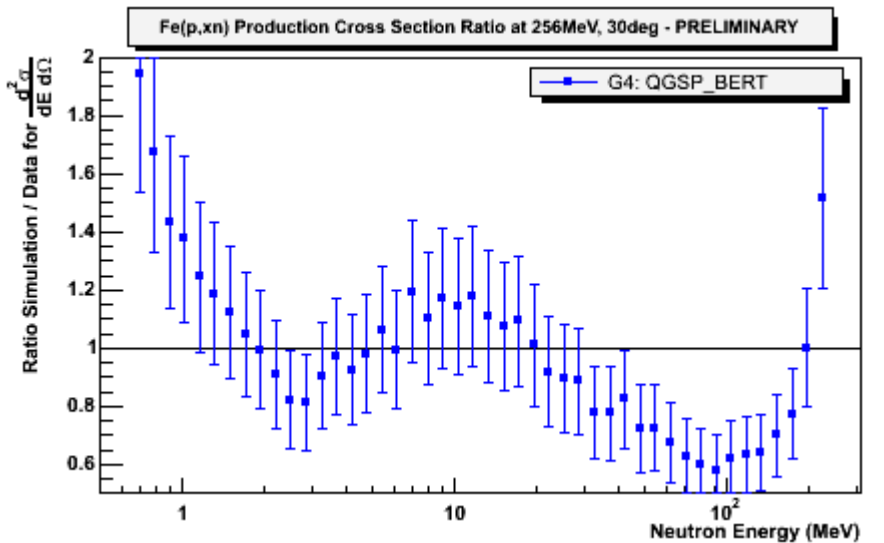
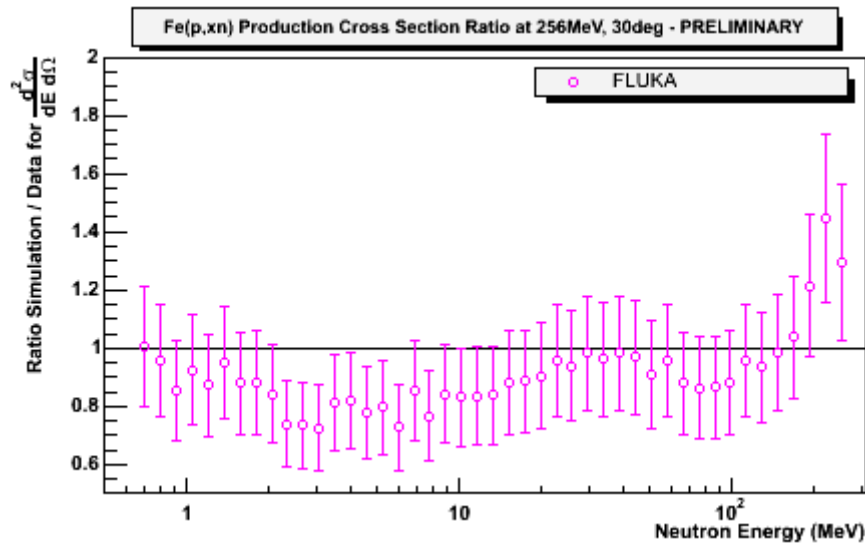
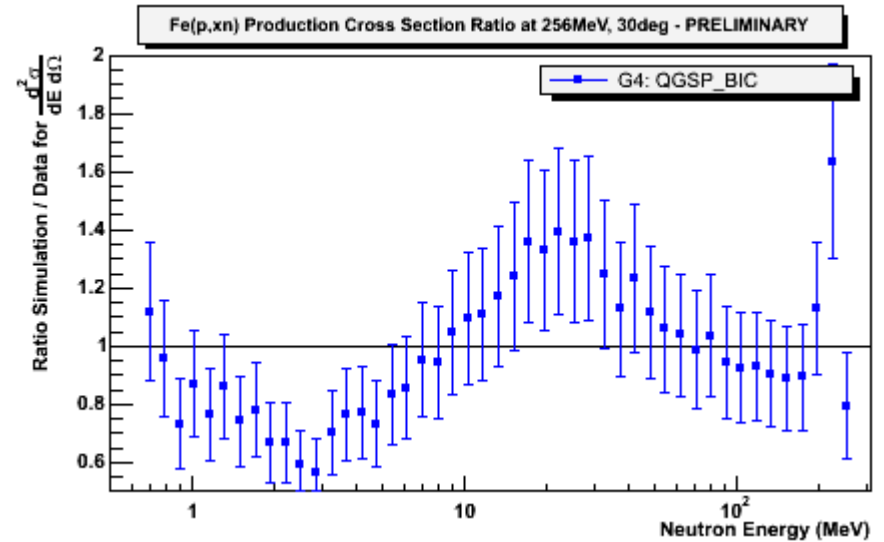
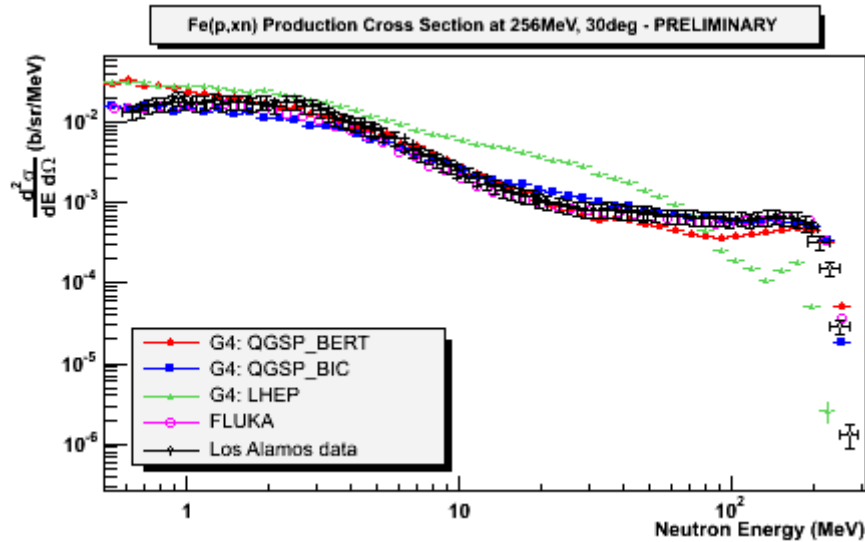


Figure from Phys Rev Lett 82, 4412 (1999)



Sample Results: Fe(p,xn) at 30° (256MeV p)



Conclusion

- **Los Alamos data seems confirmed by Saturne measurements**
- Systematic errors on double-differential cross sections from Los Alamos:
 - Neutron detector efficiency: 20%
 - Uranium filter transmission (only for 597MeV and 800MeV p):
 - 5% below 20MeV neutron energy
 - 20% above 20MeV neutron energy
 - Background, air attenuation, dead time, charge normalization: 9%
 - **Total systematic error: 22% to 30%** (plus <5% statistical error)
- Given the above systematic errors, **typical agreement between Fluka, QGSP_BERT, QGSP_BIC and Los Alamos data is at level of 1 to 2 sigmas**

