



***ATLAS Higgs Boson Searches
via Vector Boson Fusion***

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Physics at the LHC

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OUTLINE

¶ **INTRODUCTION AND EXPERIMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS**

¶ **LOW MASS RANGE DISCOVERY CHANNELS**

¶ **RECENT PROGRESS IN INTERMEDIATE MASS RANGE**

¶ **FURTHER ISSUES**

¶ **SUMMARY**

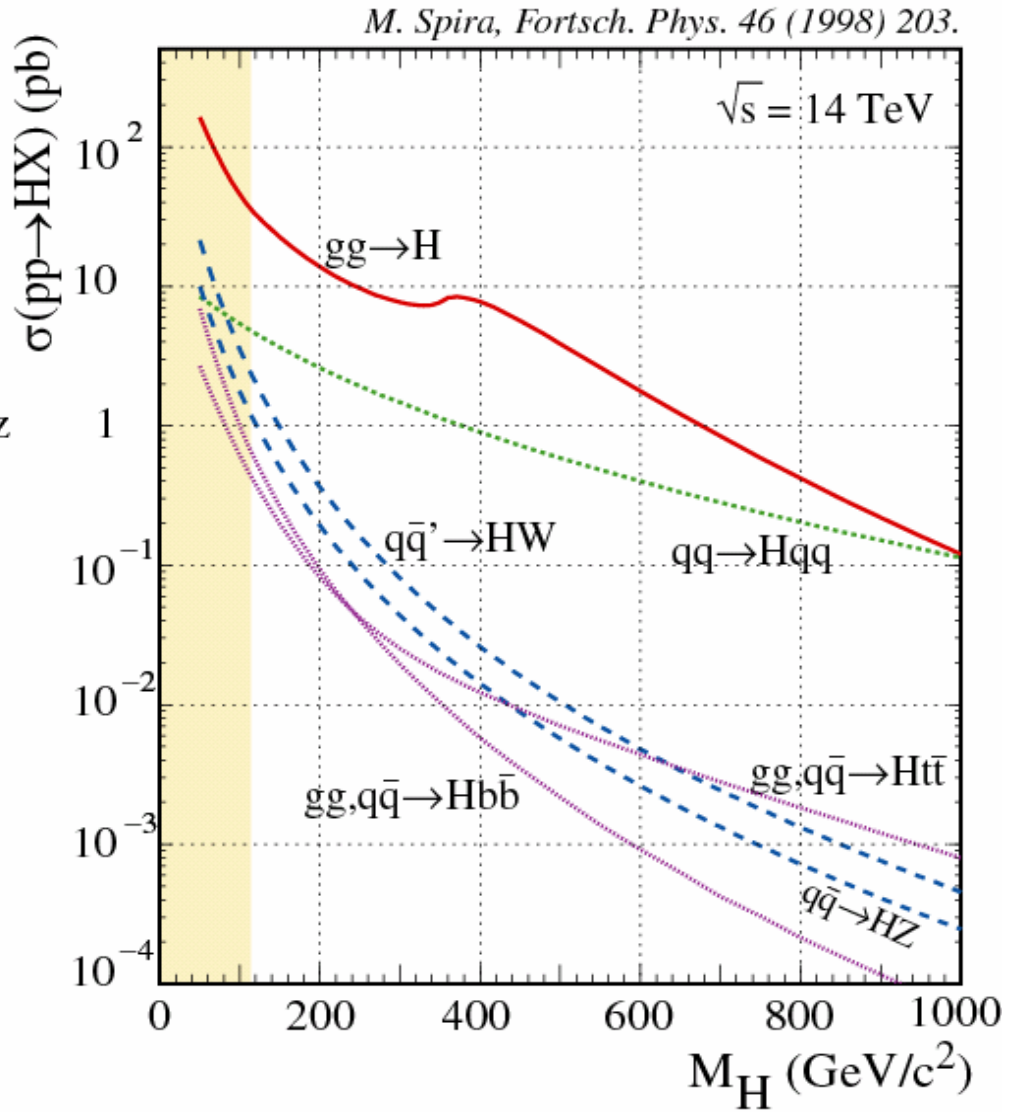
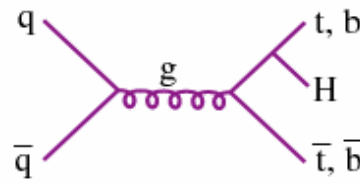
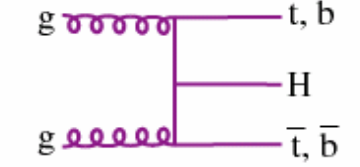
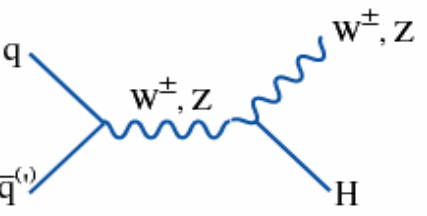
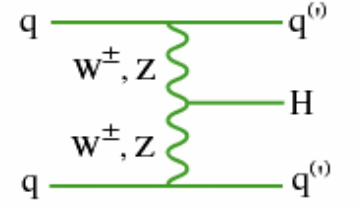
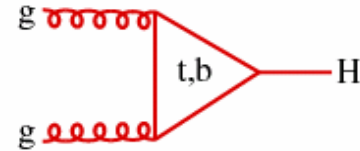
STANDARD MODEL HIGGS PRODUCTION AT LHC

Direct:
Gluon Fusion
 large bkg. close
 to LEP limit

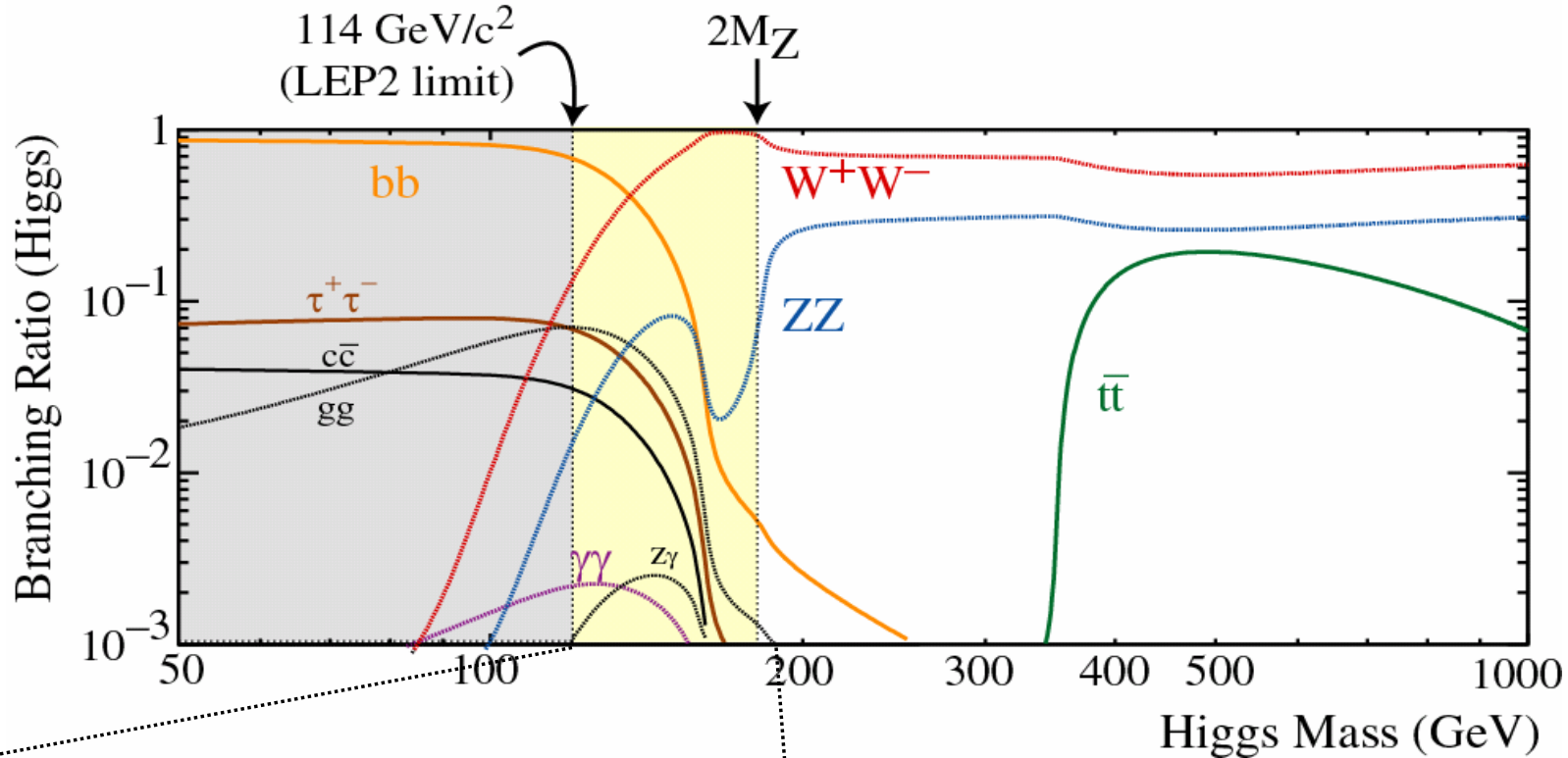
**Vector Boson
 Fusion (VBF):**
 Distinct Final
 State

**Associated
 Production
 (W or Z):**
 Small σ

**Associated
 Production
 (tt or bb):**
 Small σ



STANDARD MODEL HIGGS DECAY



“Low” Mass Range
(i.e., LEP2 limit to $\sim 2 M_Z$)

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: smallest BR but best resolution

$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$: good BR but poor resolution

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: via VBF

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^- \nu$ or $\ell^\pm \nu qq$: via VBF

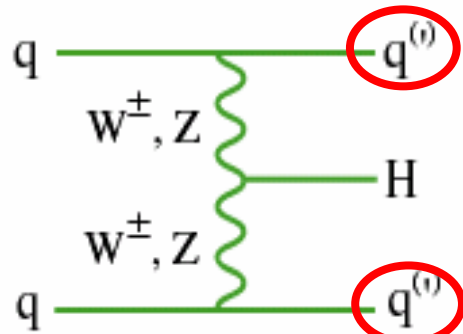
$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell^\pm$

VBF production mode enhances low mass Higgs sensitivity

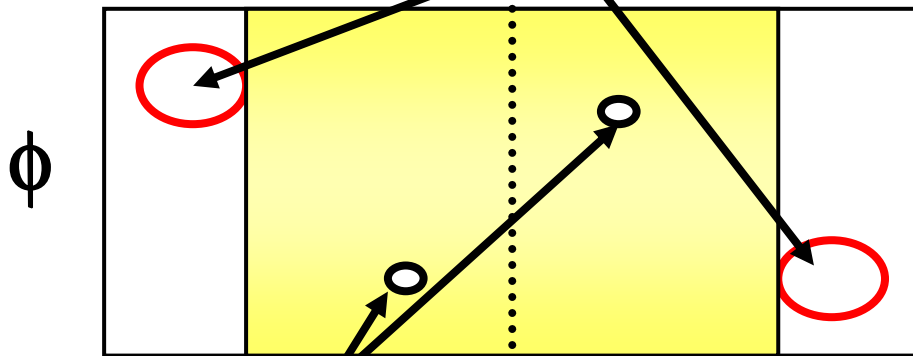
- Rainwater & Zeppenfeld (1997)
- Beyond SM: Invisible Higgs decays (Eboli and Zeppenfeld, 2000)
- Improves Higgs parameters measurements (couplings)

DISTINCT VBF EXPERIMENTAL SIGNATURES

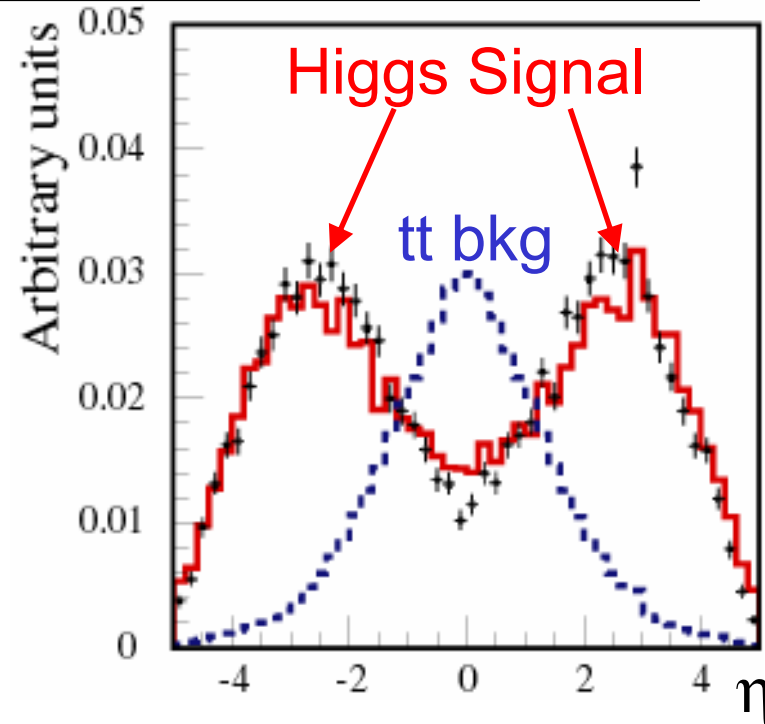
VBF Production Mode yields a distinct final state:
two initial quark jets have small scattering angle \rightarrow high η signatures
AND
suppression of central jet activity due to lack of color exchange



Forward Tagging Jets



Higgs Decay η



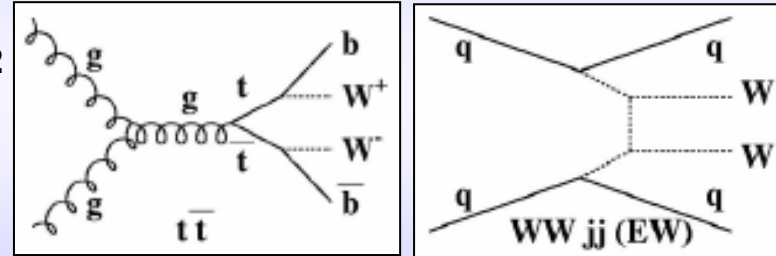
Feasibility studies:
CMS Note 2003/033
ATLAS SN-ATLAS-2003-024
Updates and new studies in progress

LOW MASS VBF FINAL STATES

$H \rightarrow WW^* \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ or $\ell\nu qq'$

- Strongest channel: $125 < M_H < 190 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Higgs mass from transverse mass (M_T)

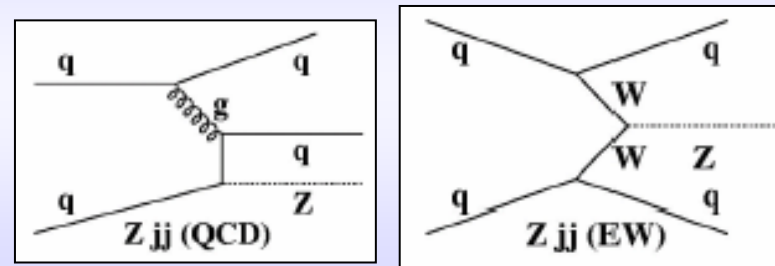
Main Background



$H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu\ell\nu$ or $\ell\nu\nu \text{ had.}\nu$

- Strong near LEP limit $M_H \sim 115 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Higgs mass from collinear approximation $M_{\tau\tau}$ with $\Delta M_H/M_H \sim 10\%$

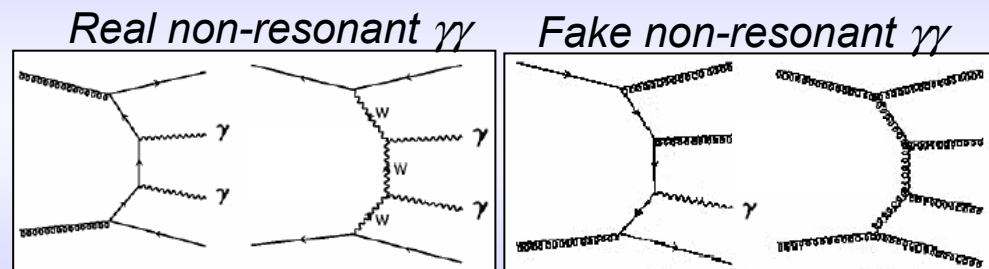
Main Background



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (2 jets VBF-style)

- Sensitive: $115 < M_H < 150 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Excellent Higgs mass from $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ with $\Delta M_H/M_H \sim 1.4\%$

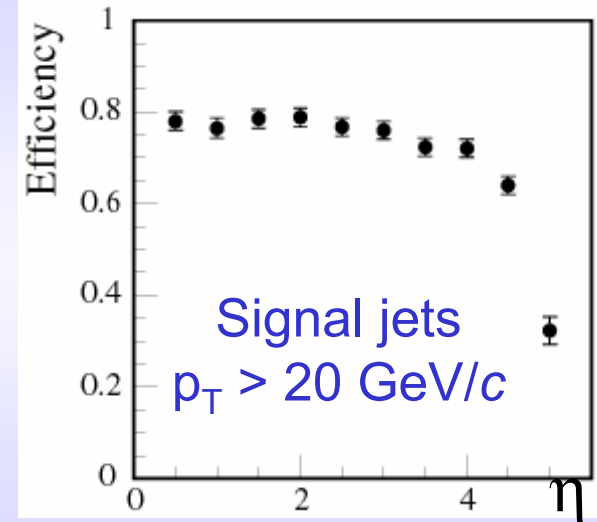
Main Background



JETS: TAGGING AND VETO

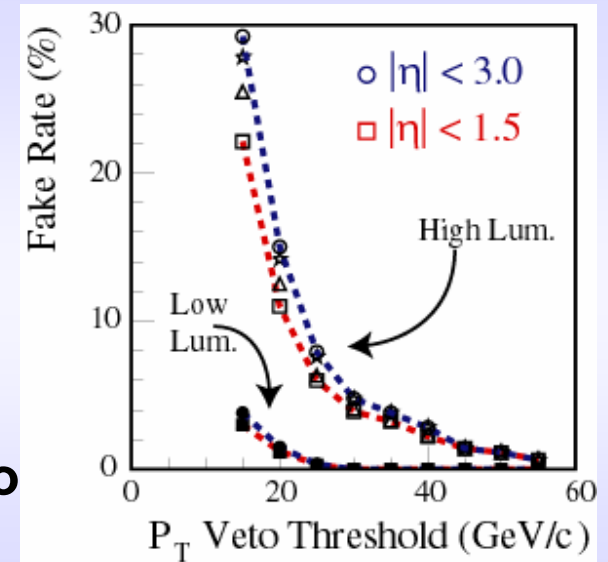
FORWARD JET TAG

- Forward jet tag reconstruction studies with full simulation
- Tag jets searched for within full calorimeter coverage ($|\eta| < 4.9$)
- Jets with highest p_T in + and - rapidity regions taken as tag jets



FAKE JET VETO

- Jets from pile-up in central and forward regions could degrade
- Studies in full simulation as function of LHC luminosity
- Low luminosity: jet veto threshold of 20 GeV/c
- High luminosity: steep rise – veto must be raised to ~ 30 GeV/c



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¶ LOW MASS RANGE VBF DISCOVERY CHANNELS

- $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ and $\ell\nu qq'$
- $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- COMBINED STANDARD MODEL HIGGS SENSITIVITY
- INVISIBLE HIGGS DECAYS

¶ RECENT PROGRESS IN INTERMEDIATE MASS RANGE

¶ FURTHER ISSUES

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$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow e\nu e\nu$

HIGGS MASS RECONSTRUCTION

- For $M_H < 2M_W$: W's at rest in Higgs center-of-mass: $M_{\ell\ell} \approx M_{\nu\nu}$

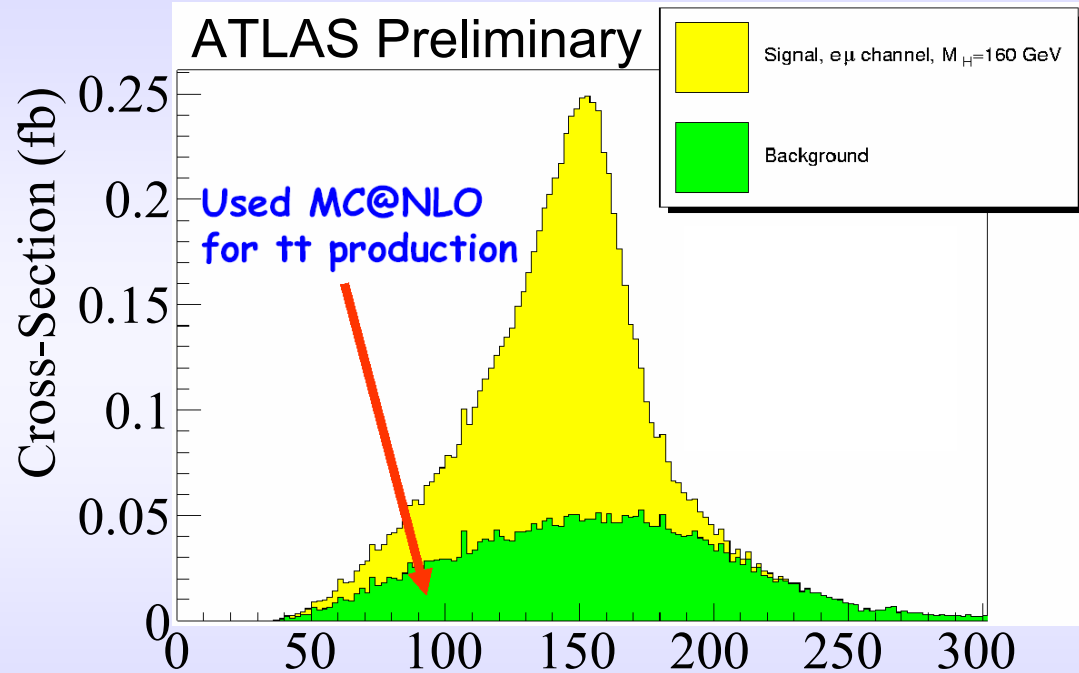
$$E_T^{\ell\ell} = \sqrt{(P_T^{\ell\ell})^2 + m_{\ell\ell}^2}$$

$$E_T^{\nu\nu} = \sqrt{(P_T^{miss})^2 + m_{\ell\ell}^2}$$

$$M_T = \sqrt{(E_T^{\ell\ell} + E_T^{\nu\nu})^2 - (\mathbf{p}_T^{\ell\ell} + \mathbf{p}_T^{miss})^2}$$

ANALYSIS STRATEGY

- Lepton identification
- p_T cuts on leptons
- Two energetic and well rapidity-separation for tag jets
- Leptons between tag jets
- Lepton criteria (angular, invariant mass, p_T)
- Tau veto
- Invariant mass of two tag jets
- Transverse momentum balance
- Jet veto

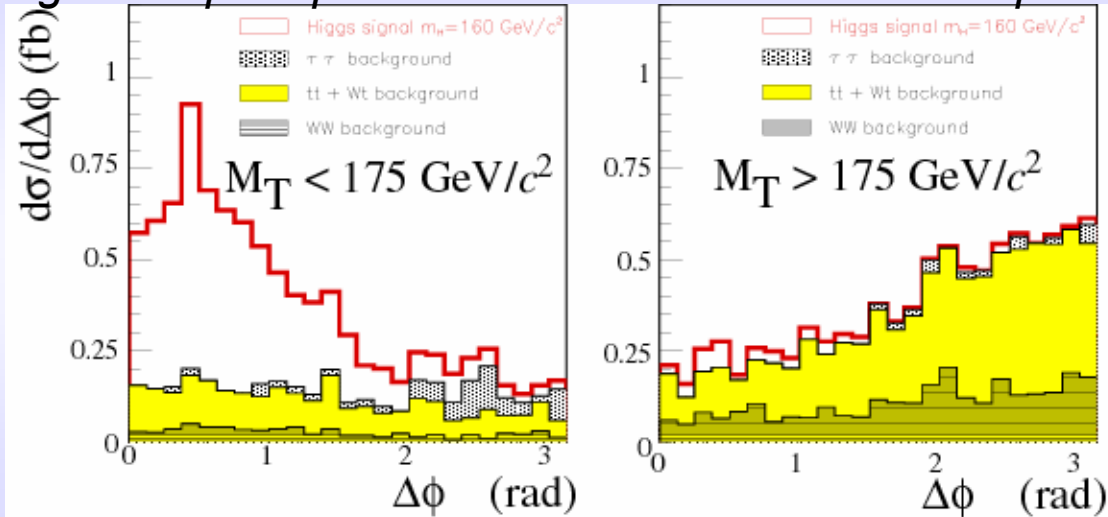


Multivariate (NN) analyses are also being developed with promising ~45% improvement

SELECTED $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ ANALYSIS DETAILS

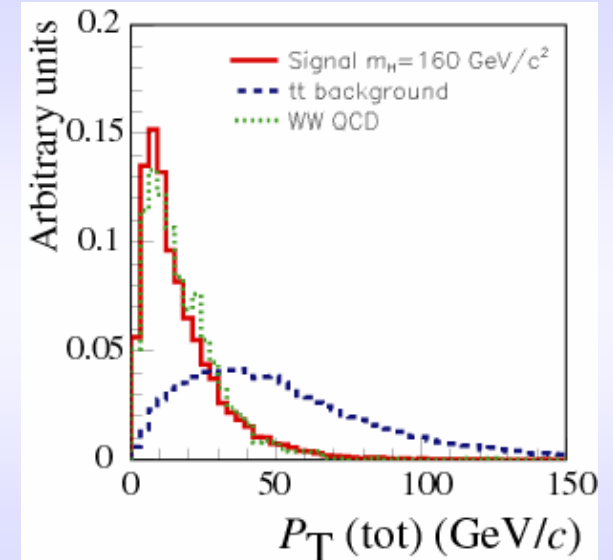
Azimuthal opening angle of lepton pair sensitive to kinematics and spin of Higgs boson

LEPTON
KINEMATIC/SPIN-0
CONSISTENCY



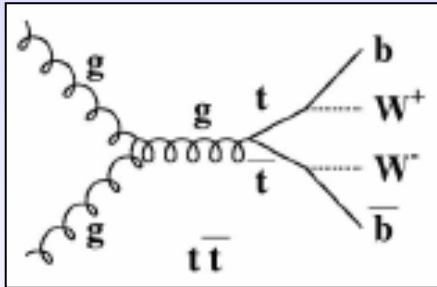
TRANSVERSE
MOMENTUM
BALANCE

- If no hard initial- or final-state gluons, p_T of Higgs balanced by p_T of tag jets
- $$\mathbf{P}_T^{tot} = \mathbf{P}_T^{\ell,1} + \mathbf{P}_T^{\ell,2} + \mathbf{P}_T^{miss} + \mathbf{P}_T^{j,1} + \mathbf{P}_T^{j,2}$$
- At high luminosity, only broadening of p_T distribution; largely insensitive to jets from pile-up

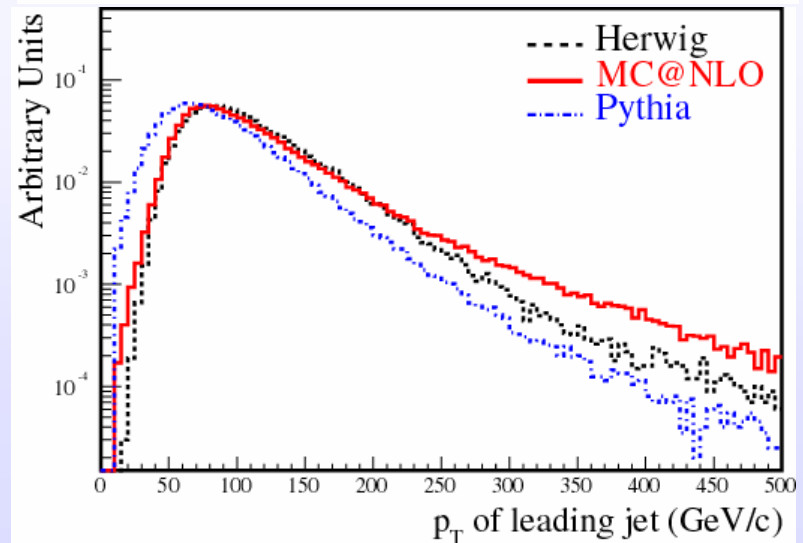
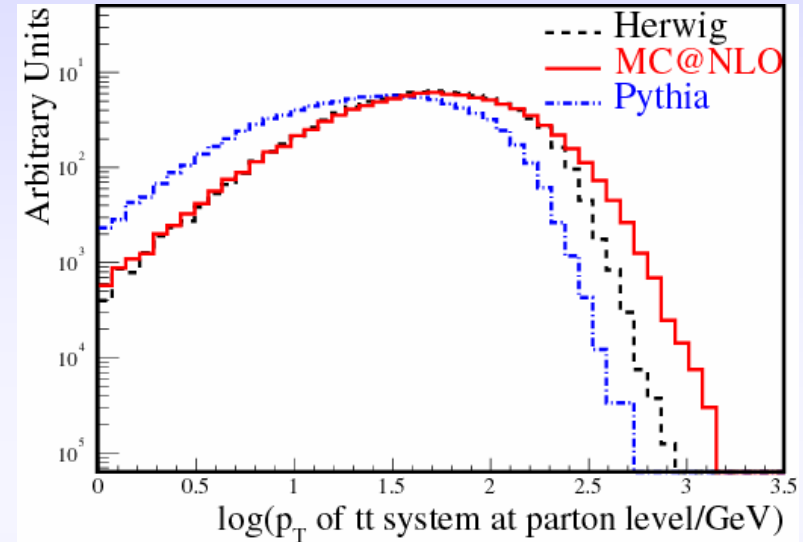


$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$ STUDIES OF tt BACKGROUND

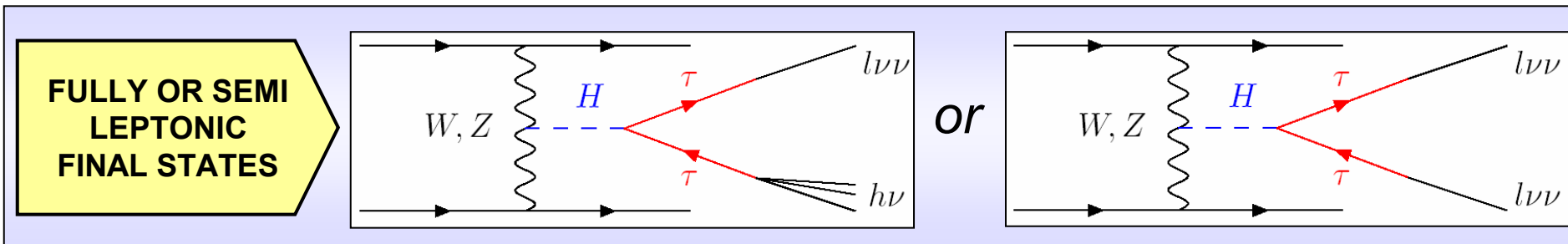
Differences between *PYTHIA*, *HERWIG*, and *MC@NLO* studied for tt +jets processes which comprise the main background for $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$



- **PYTHIA** and **HERWIG** use **Leading Order (LO)** calculation of tt process combined with leading log. treatment of higher orders described by **Parton Shower (PS)** approximation
- **MC@NLO** combines **PS** and **NLO** calculations
- **Strong difference** in p_T distributions observed
- **Fortunately**, overall analysis level discovery potential does not suffer significantly ($\sim 10\%$) \rightarrow **robustness**

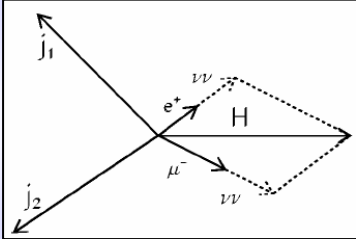


$H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$



HIGGS MASS RECONSTRUCTION

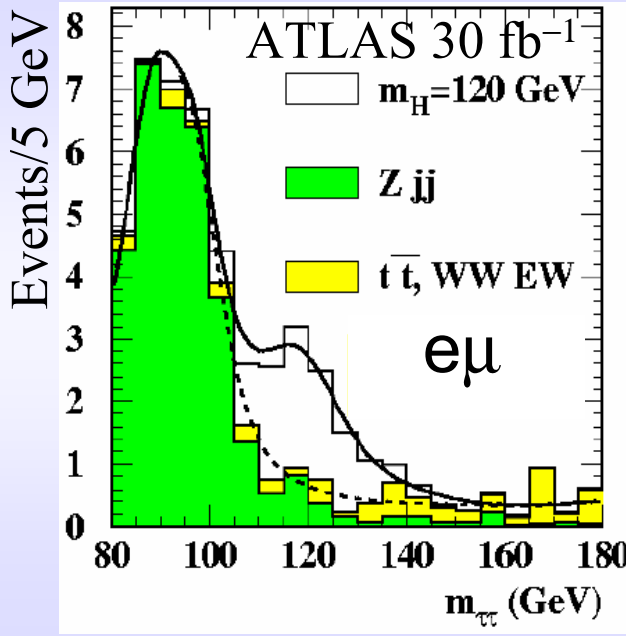
- Visible lept. or had. decay products = τ direction
- Use \cancel{p}_T to solve for fraction of visible τ energy
- $m_{\tau\tau} = m_{\ell\ell} / \sqrt{x_{\tau 1} x_{\tau 2}}$ yields 10% resolution



ANALYSIS STRATEGY

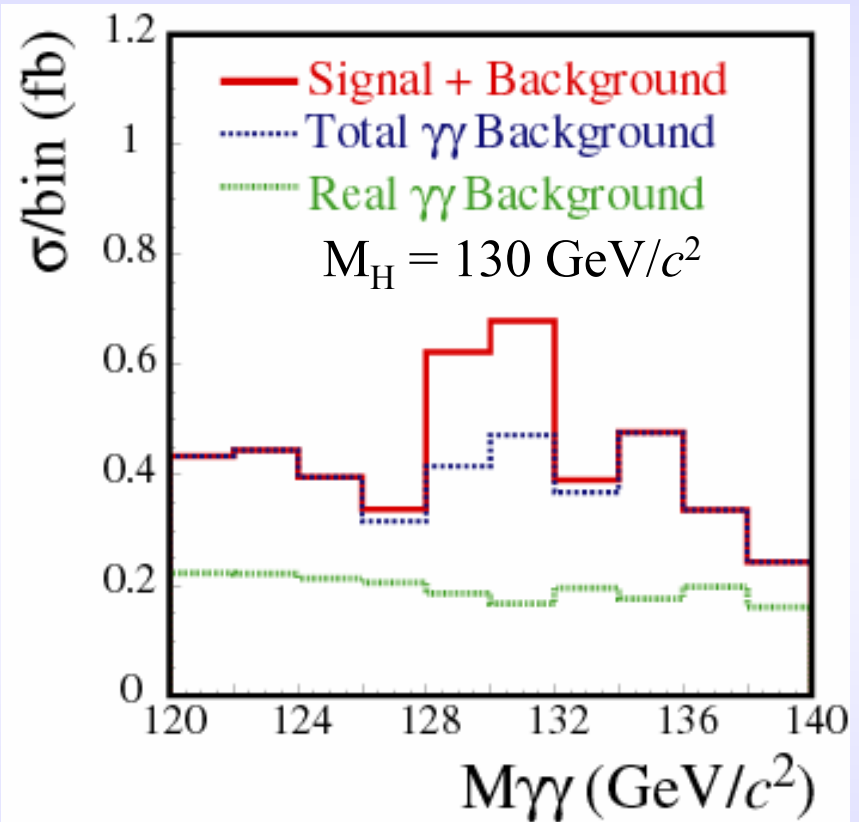
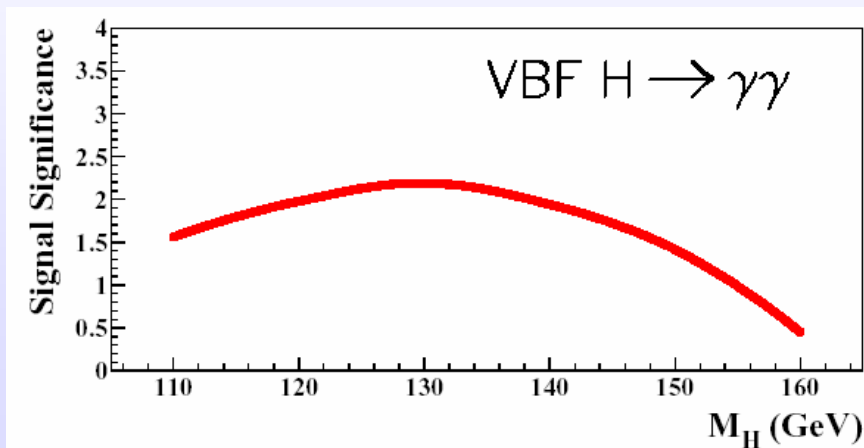
- Lepton identification and isolation
- b-jet veto
- Two energetic and well rapidity-separation for tag jets
- Missing transverse momentum
- High invariant mass of two tag jets
- Central jet veto
- Limited aximuthal separation of tag jets
- Valid tau reconstruction
- Mass window around Higgs mass

Multivariate (NN) analyses are also being developed with promising ~45% improvement

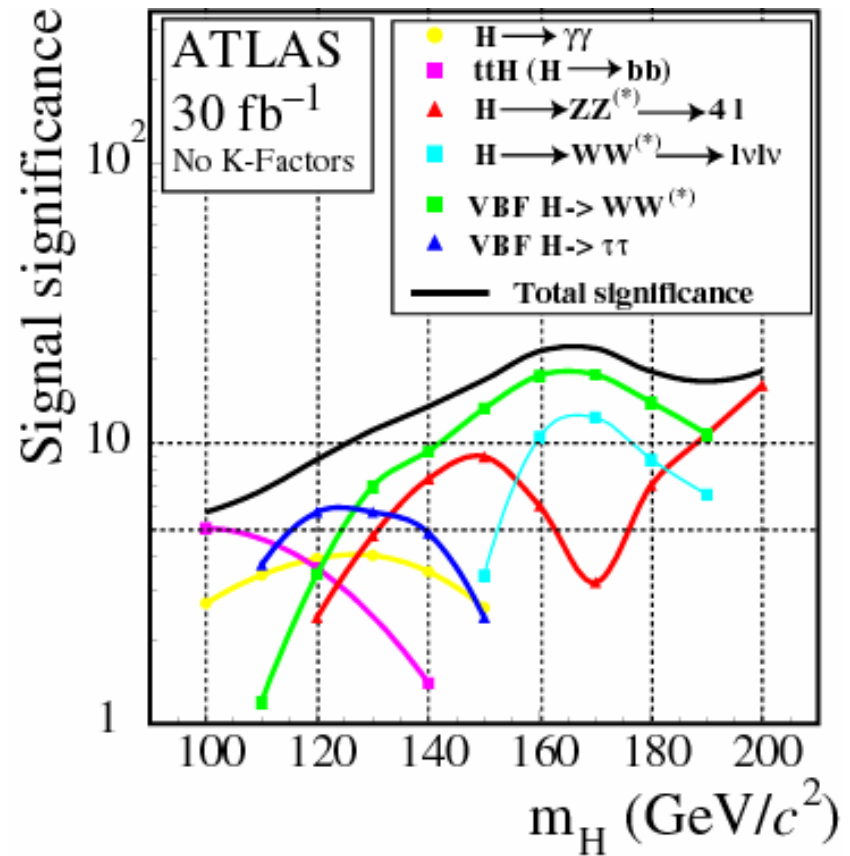
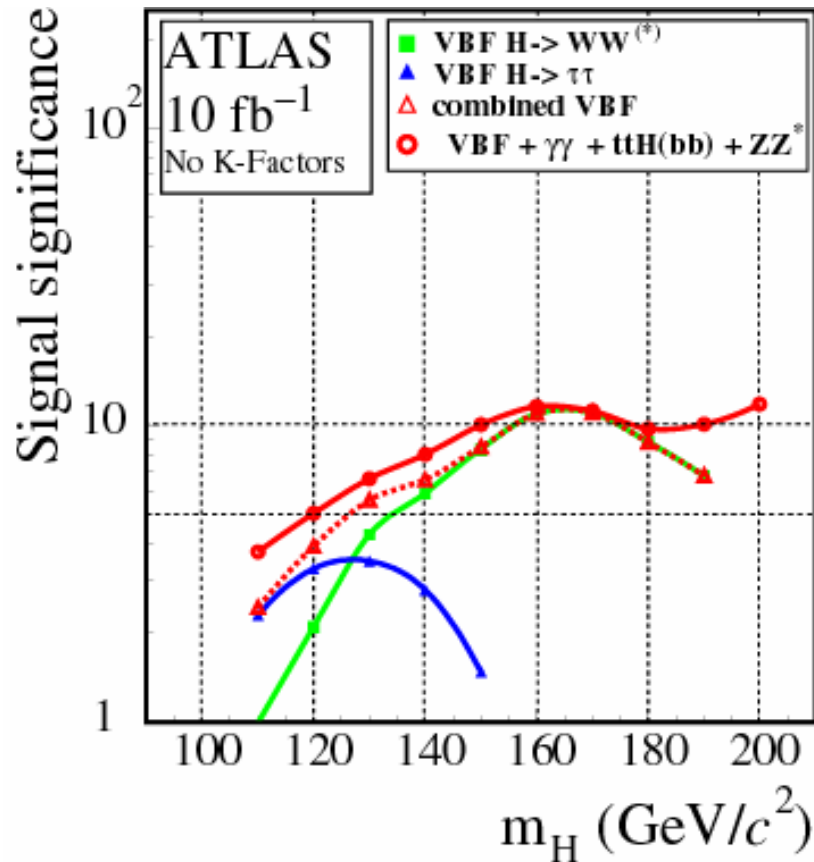


$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ WITH VBF

- Complements inclusive $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ analyses
- Excellent calorimeter performance allows $M_{\gamma\gamma}$ to resolve Higgs mass to $\sim 1.4\%$
- Analysis Strategy to reject real and fake di-photon background:
 - Photon p_T cuts
 - Two tagging jets with large rapidity separation
 - Photons between tagging jets
- $\sim 2\sigma$ sensitivity for 30 fb^{-1}



STANDARD MODEL HIGGS SENSITIVITY



N.B. Updated and revised sensitivities incorporating most recent VBF developments and improvements are in progress

INVISIBLE HIGGS DECAYS VIA VBF

In a variety of models and scenarios beyond the SM, Higgs could decay to new weakly interacting particles (i.e., invisible decay products)

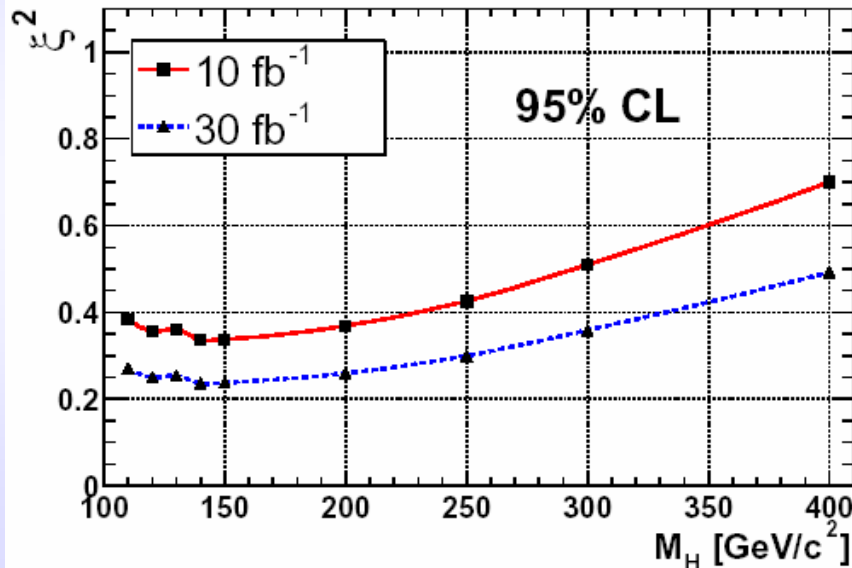
SIGNAL

- Two high $|\eta|$ tagging jets
- considerable \cancel{p}_T in central region
- need to augment LVL1 \cancel{E}_T trigger with 2 jets, if not x2.5 less sensitive

BACKGROUND

- Zjj with $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$
- Wjj with $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, ℓ undetected
- QCD multi-jet with semileptonic decays and/or undetected particles

	m_H (GeV/c ²)	110	120	130	140	150	200	250	300	400
L (fb ⁻¹)	$\sigma(\phi_{jj} < 1)$ (fb)	55.4	60.0	59.1	63.5	63.1	57.8	50.1	41.8	30.5
10	$\xi^2(\%)(\text{stat})$	19.4	18.0	18.3	17.0	17.1	18.7	21.5	25.8	35.4
	$\xi^2(\%)(\text{stat+sys})$	38.5	35.6	36.1	33.6	33.8	36.9	42.6	51.0	70.0
30	$\xi^2(\%)(\text{stat})$	11.2	10.4	10.5	9.8	9.9	10.8	12.4	14.9	20.4
	$\xi^2(\%)(\text{stat+sys})$	27.1	25.0	25.4	23.6	23.8	26.0	30.0	35.9	49.2



Model-dependent parameter

$$\xi^2 = \text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{Inv.}) \times \frac{\sigma(\text{qq} \rightarrow \text{qq}H)}{\sigma(\text{qq} \rightarrow \text{qq}H)_{\text{SM}}}$$

Via VBF, possible to probe ξ^2 values down to 35% for $m_H = 140 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and down to 70% for $400 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

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INTERMEDIATE MASS VBF MODES

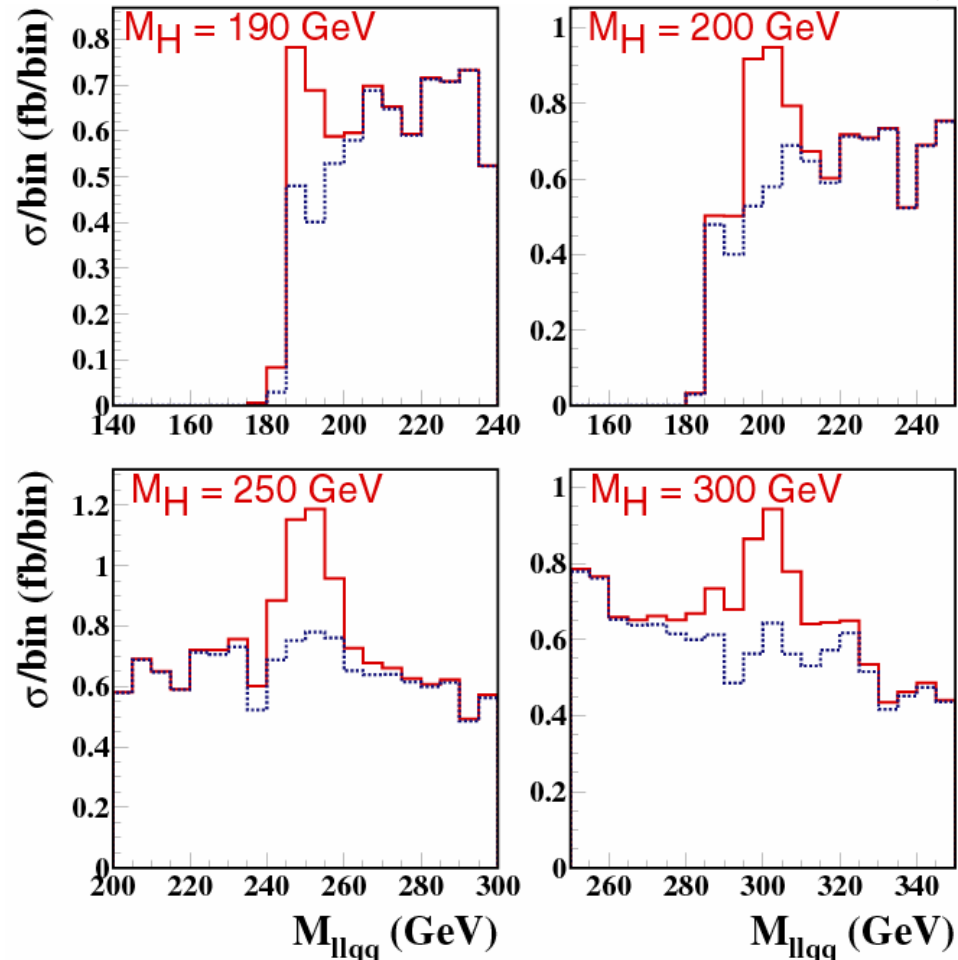
For $2M_Z < M_H < 600 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ possible to complement/confirm powerful $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ with VBF modes $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq$ and $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq'$

- Re-use almost all features of low mass VBF analyses
- For $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq$:
 - jet ambiguity issue resolved with use of Z mass
 - two oppositely charged leptons of same flavour
 - no b-tag since $Z \rightarrow bb$
 - Kinematic fit improves reconstructed Higgs mass resolution to $\sim 2.5\%$

$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq$
ATLAS 30 fb⁻¹ Preliminary

$M_H(\text{GeV})$	S	B	S/B	σ_L
190	18.9	31.2	0.61	3.47
200	27.3	52.8	0.52	3.76
300	39.3	116.1	0.34	3.75
500	20.1	124.2	0.16	1.98

Preliminary



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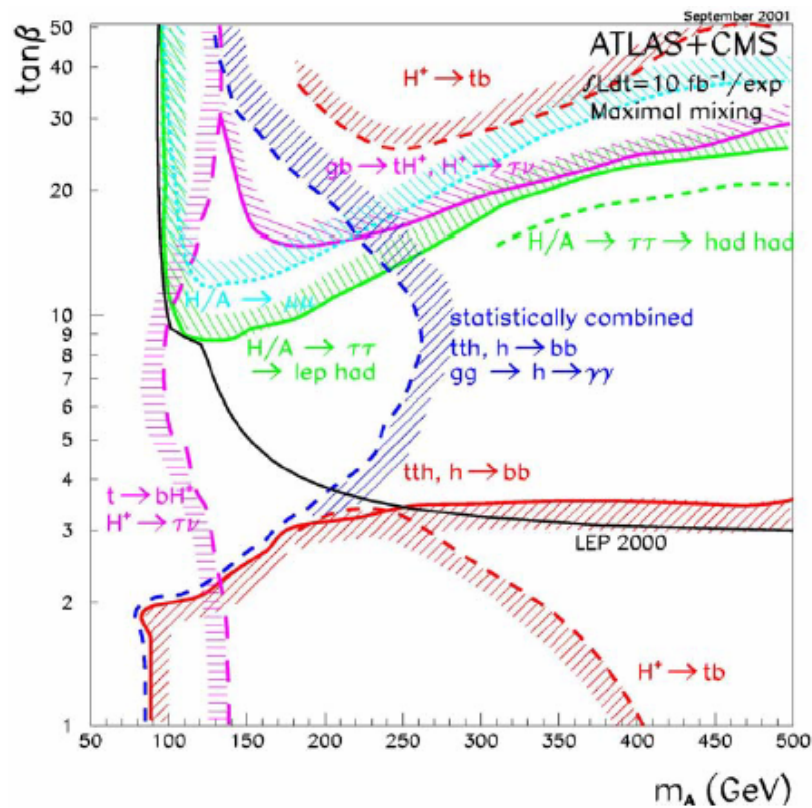
- MSSM HIGGS WITH VBF
- MEASUREMENT OF HIGGS PARAMETERS

¶ SUMMARY

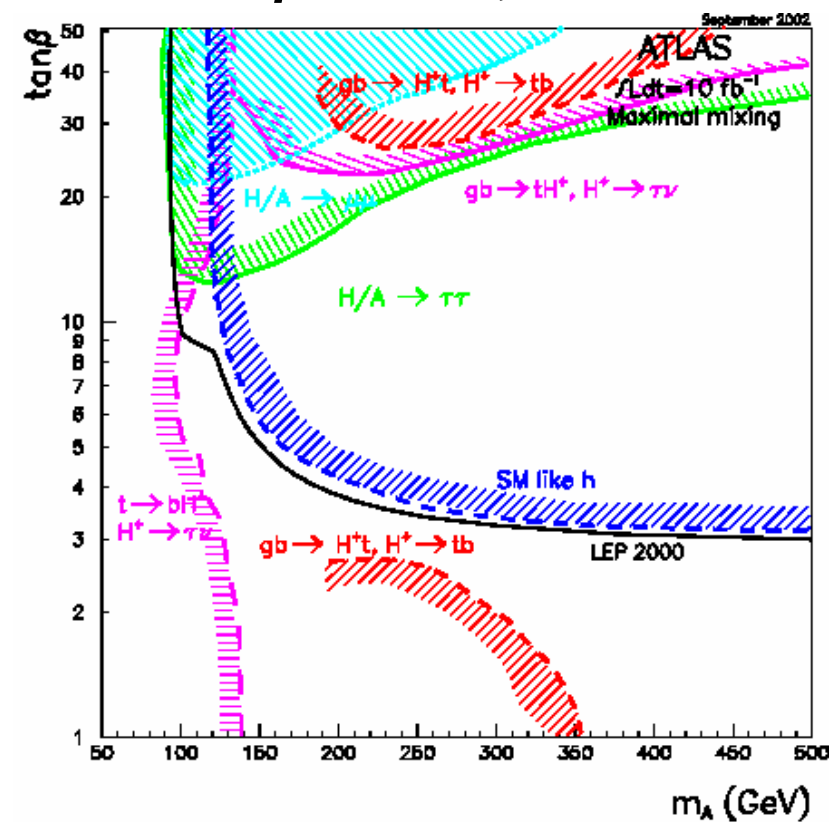
VBF ENHANCEMENT OF MSSM HIGGS SENSITIVITY

Use of VBF channels in SM-like Higgs Searches allows single experiment to cover $\tan\beta/m_A$ plane (including LEP200 limit) with 10 fb^{-1}

2 experiments, no VBF



1 experiment, with VBF

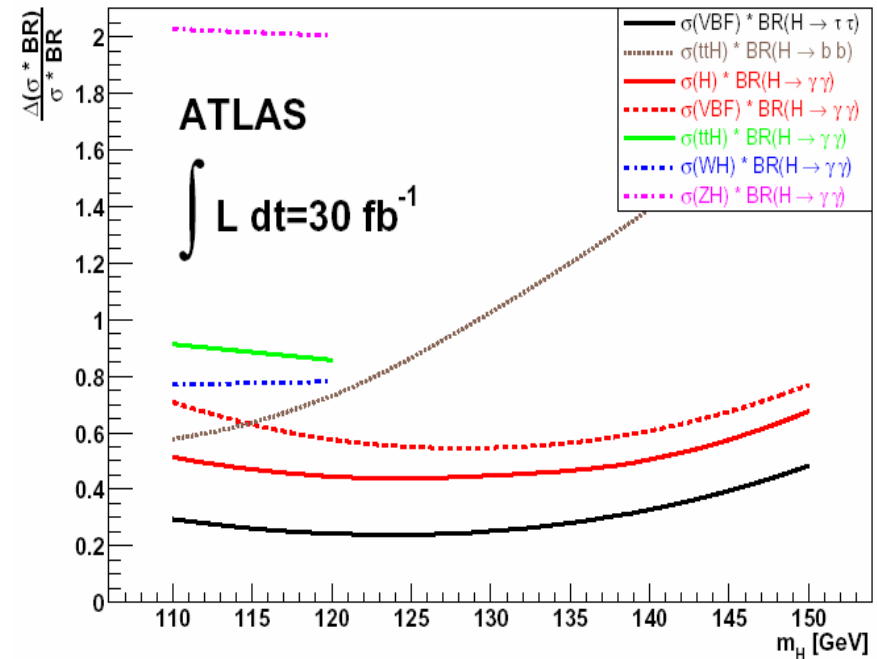


MEASUREMENT OF HIGGS PARAMETERS

To verify existence of Higgs boson, it is necessary to determine its parameters (e.g., couplings); VBF channels offer significant aid to do this.

Production	Decay	Mass range
 GF: Gluon Fusion ($gg \rightarrow H$)	$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$	110 GeV - 200 GeV
	$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	110 GeV - 200 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	110 GeV - 150 GeV
 WBF: Weak Boson Fusion ($qq \rightarrow H$)	$H \rightarrow ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4l$	110 GeV - 200 GeV
	$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu$	110 GeV - 190 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow l\nu\nu l\nu\nu$	110 GeV - 150 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow l\nu\nu \text{ had}\nu$	110 GeV - 150 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	110 GeV - 150 GeV
 ttH	$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu (l\nu)$	120 GeV - 200 GeV
	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	110 GeV - 140 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (not included)	110 GeV - 150 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	110 GeV - 120 GeV
 WH	$H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow l\nu l\nu (l\nu)$	150 GeV - 190 GeV
	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	110 GeV - 120 GeV
ZH	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	110 GeV - 120 GeV

Source: M. Dürrssen, ATLAS Physics Note 2003-030



Intermediate Mass VBF analyses allow direct measurement of coupling ratio:

$$\frac{\sigma \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow WW)_{\text{VBF}}}{\sigma \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow ZZ)_{\text{VBF}}} = \frac{\Gamma_{HWW}}{\Gamma_{HZZ}}$$

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SUMMARY

- **Standard Model Higgs boson searches in VBF modes significantly enhances low mass sensitivity from roughly 120 GeV/c² to 2M_Z**
 - **Distinct final state features: forward jet tagging and central jet veto**
 - **Studies of main backgrounds with different generator techniques indicate analyses are robust**
- **ATLAS has encouraging preliminary results with extending VBF to intermediate mass ranges from 2M_Z to 500 GeV/c² as confirmation mode**
- **VBF modes are promising for Invisible Higgs searches**
- **Large portion/all of relevant MSSM Higgs parameter space can be covered with a single experiment using VBF modes**
- **VBF allows measurement of Standard Model Higgs parameters**