

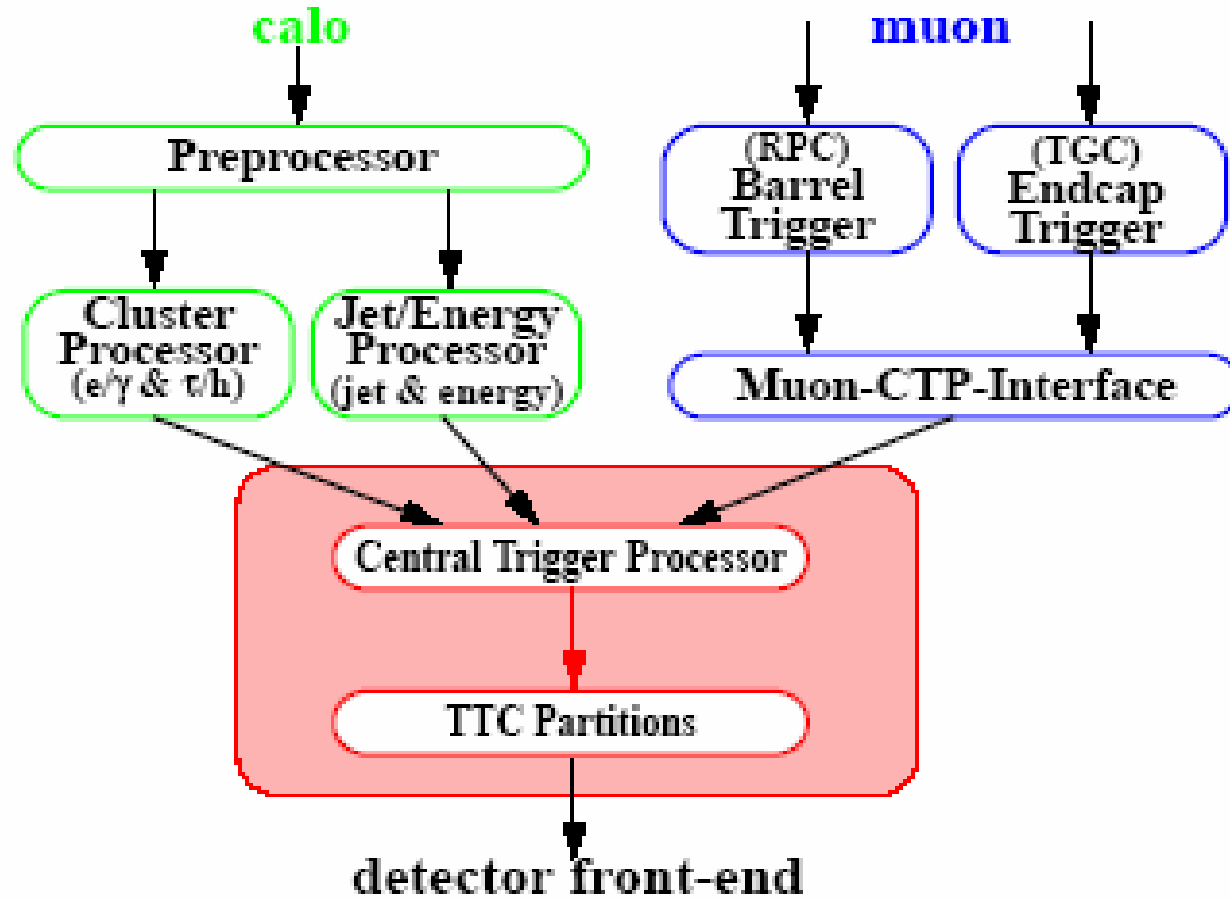
# ATLAS Local Trigger Processor

P. Borrego Amaral<sup>a</sup>, N. Ellis<sup>a</sup>, P. Farthouat<sup>a</sup>, P. Gallno<sup>a</sup>,  
H. Pessoa Lima Junior<sup>b</sup>, T. Maeno<sup>a</sup>, I. Resurreccion Arcas<sup>a</sup>,  
J. M. de Seixas<sup>a</sup>, G. Schuler<sup>a</sup>, R. Spiwox<sup>a</sup>, R. Torga Teixeira<sup>a</sup>, T. Wengler<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> CERN

<sup>b</sup> University Rio de Janeiro

# Level-1 Trigger Overview



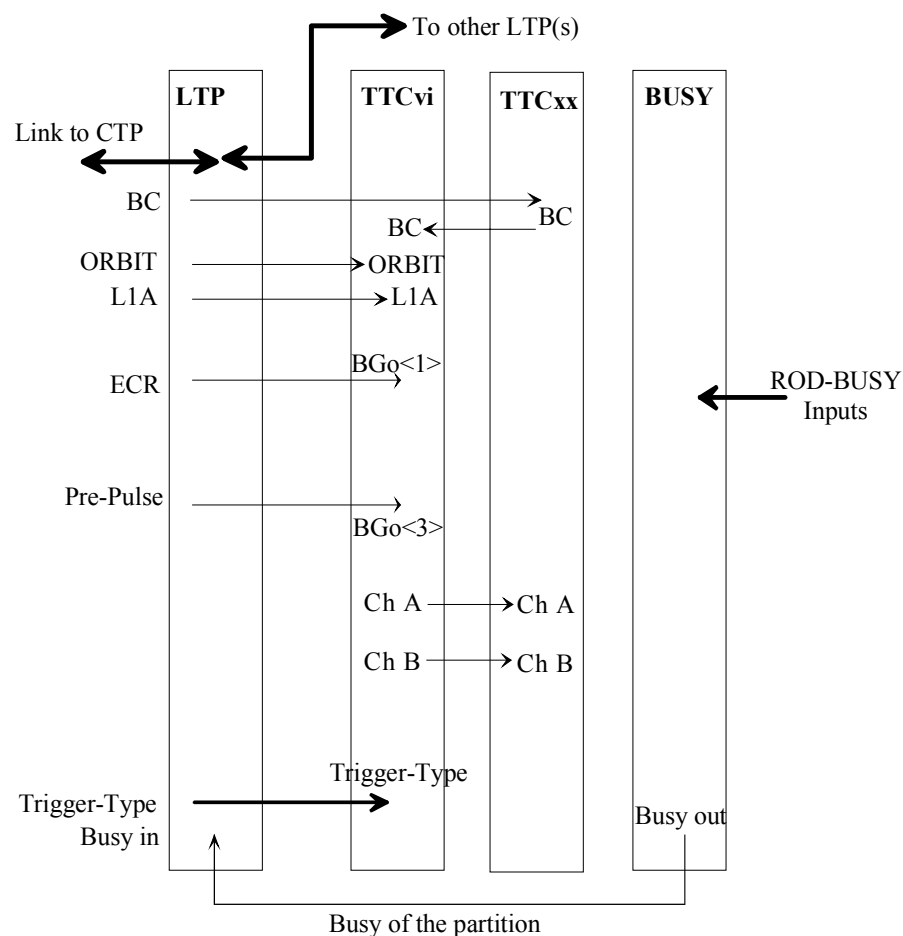
# Why a Local Trigger Processor module?

- Need for an interface between the Central Trigger Processor and the TTC partitions
  - TTC signals transmission
  - Dead-time (BUSY) handling
  - Calibration requests capability
- Need for stand-alone operation of partitions
  - Including capability for running several partitions
  - Dealing with dead-time

→ *LTP module and CTP-Link*

# TTC Partition Root

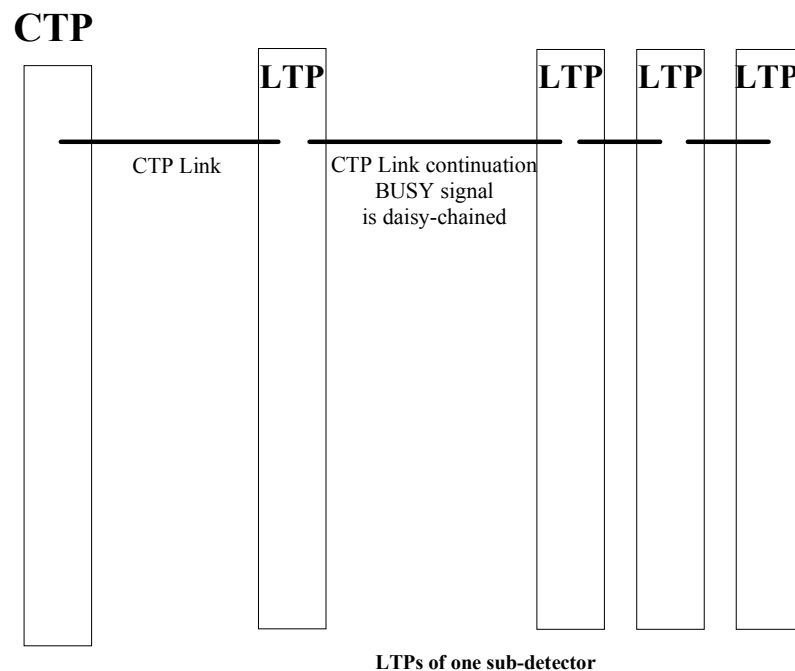
- 4 modules
  - LTP
  - TTCvi
  - TTCxx (vx, ex or tx)
  - ROD-BUSY module
- LTP receives the CTP-Link from the CTP and allows to run in stand alone mode
  - i.e without the CTP



# CTP Link

- It contains →
- One link per sub-detector
  - Several LTPs daisy chained on this link
  - Up to 20 links delivered by the CTP
- LVDS signals

<b>BC</b>	LHC clock
<b>ORBIT</b>	LHC ORBIT signal
<b>L1A</b>	L1 Accept signal
<b>Trigger-Type</b>	8-bit trigger-type word issued by the CTP with each L1A
<b>ECR</b>	Event Counter Reset signal
<b>Pre-Pulse</b>	A signal issued by the CTP indicating that in N BC a L1A will be issued.
<b>BUSY</b>	The BUSY signal generated by the RODs of the sub-detector
<b>Calibration</b>	3-bit word issued by the sub-detector and used by the CTP to generate calibration triggers

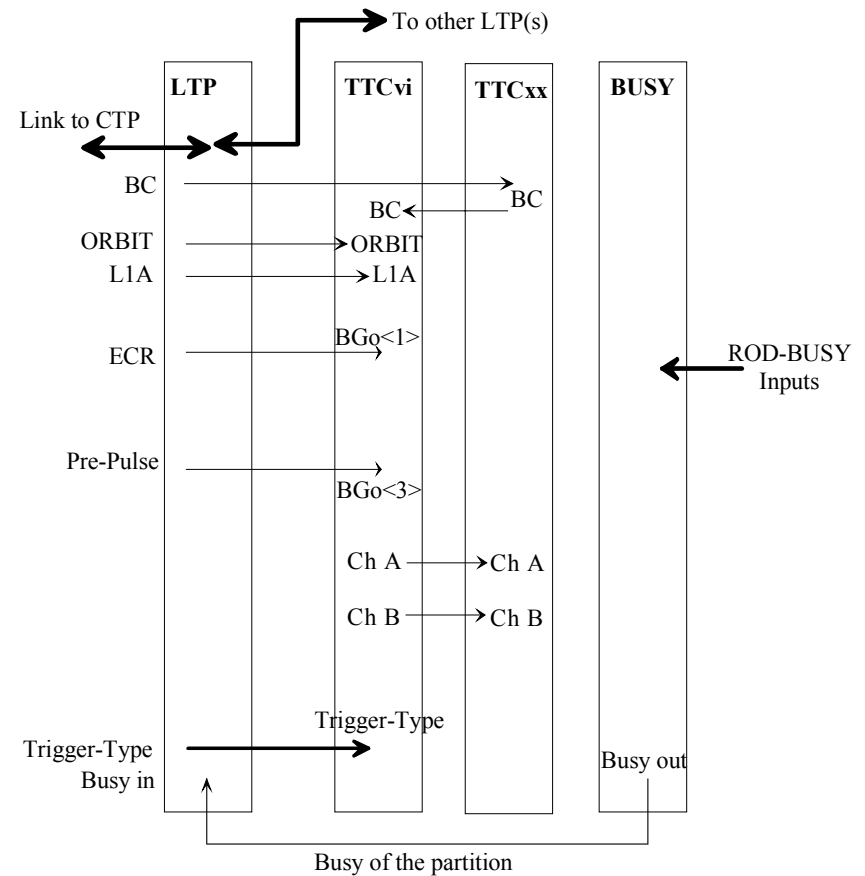


# LTP Basics

- Contains the interface to CTP functionality
  - Connection to the CTP with possibility to daisy chain
    - Output link
  - Connection to the TTCvi and TTCxx (TTCex or mx or vx)
- Contains all the tools to generate local triggers, local commands (B-Go), trigger-type
- Handles the dead-time when in local mode
- Is able to act as a master on the output link
  - Allows to easily drive several TTC partitions from one LTP
    - Assuming they are on the same link
    - Mainly for TTC partitions from the same sub-detectors

# LTP in global mode

- Get all the timing and trigger signals from the CTP
  - BC, Orbit, ECR, Pre-Pulse, L1A
- Send the Busy signal and the calibration requests to the CTP



# Calibration requests

- **Input to CTP:**
  - Each sub-detector: 3-bit calibration trigger
  - 16 sub-detectors and other sources of calibration triggers defined
  - CTP contains 4-bit LHC turn counter: each turn is assigned to one sub-detector
- **Generate L1A when:**
  - Calibration trigger input has value  $\equiv 1 \dots 7$
  - Current LHC turn is allocated to the sub-detector
  - Current BCID is in BCID group for calibration: e.g. empty bunches, large gap
  - No dead-time generated by CTP, no external BUSY
- **Identify calibration trigger:**
  - Trigger type word
- **Timing to be set-up by sub-system**
  - e.g. when should a pulser fire to get data in phase with L1A

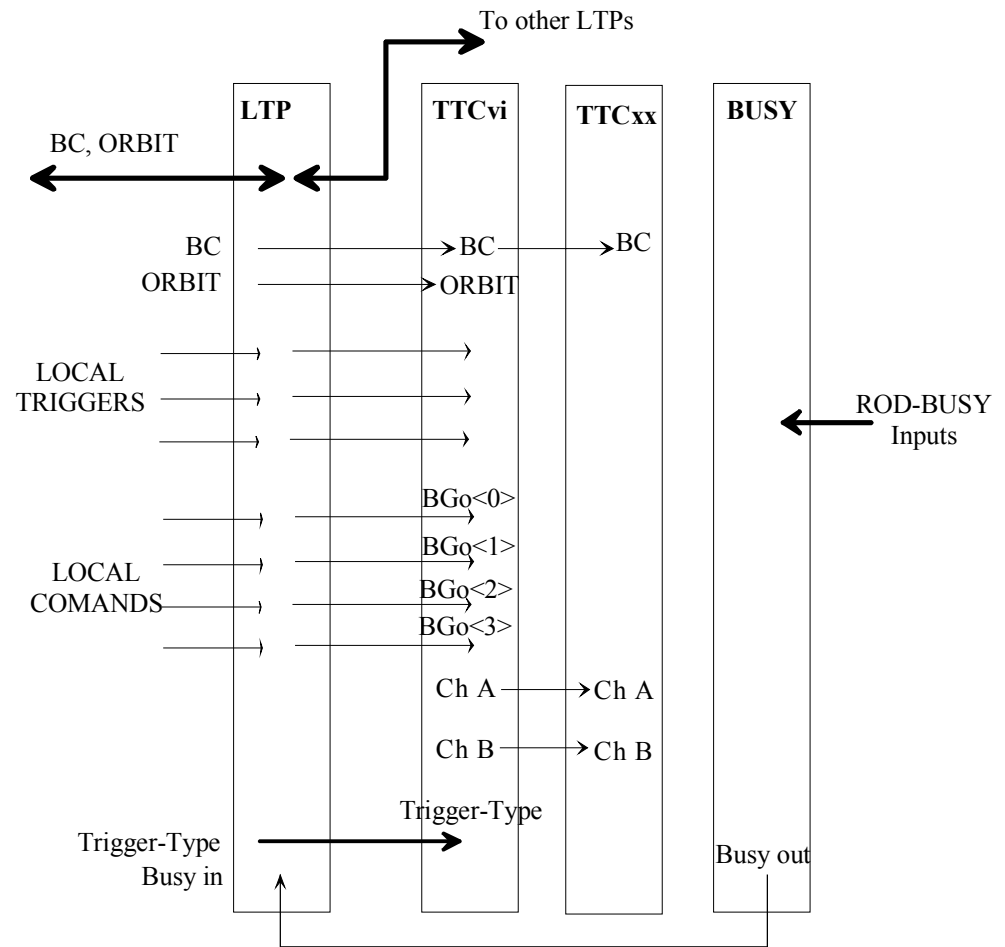


# Role of the LTP in Stand-alone Mode

- Generates local trigger and handles locally the dead-time
- Generates “Trigger\_type”, synchronisation signals, ... for some special calibration runs
- Must allow to have several separate partitions from several sub-detectors running together
  - e.g Calorimeter(s) with Level-1 calorimeter

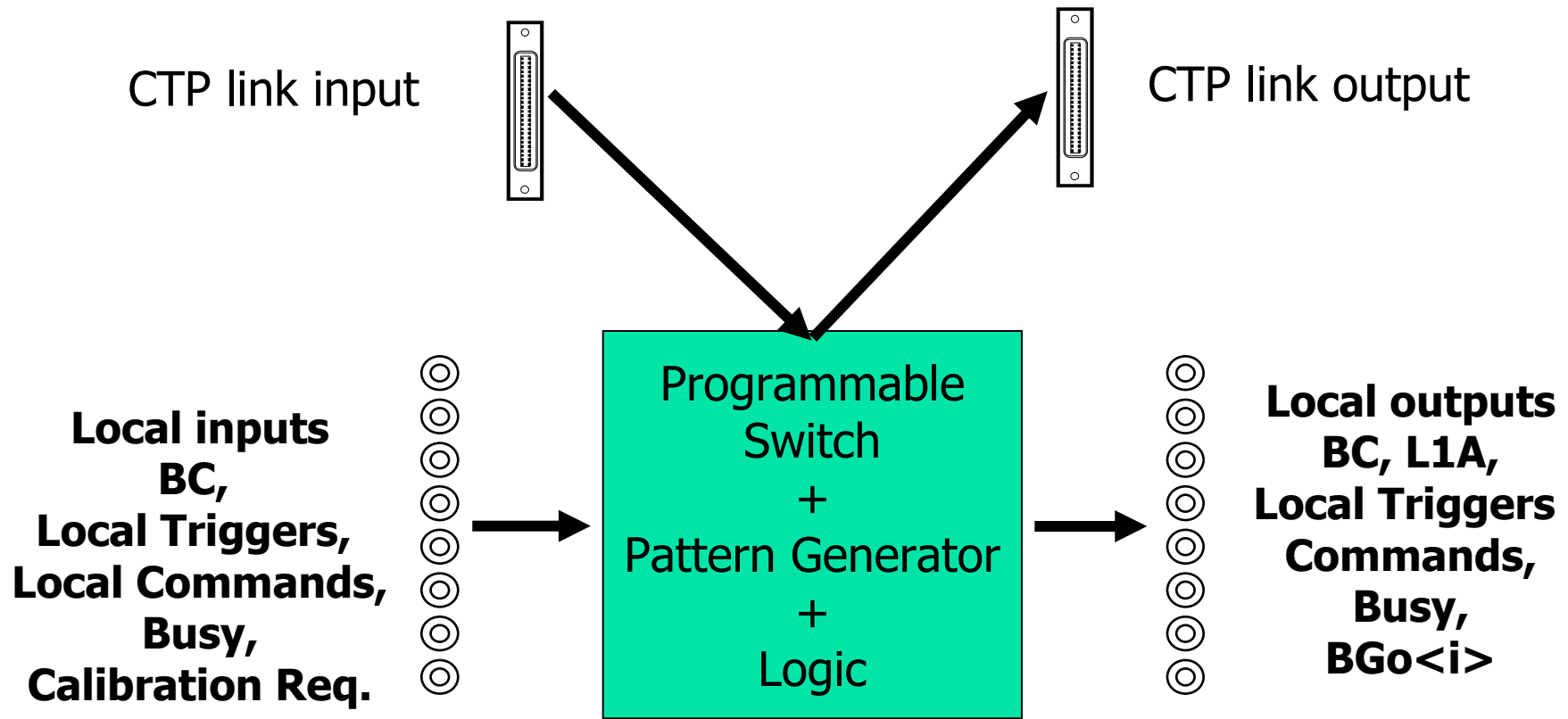
# LTP in stand-alone mode

- Use local triggers and local commands
  - May still use BC and Orbit from the CTP
- Handle the Busy to introduce local deadtime
- May drive its output CTP Link towards other LTPs and receive Busy signals from these other LTPs



<sup>1</sup> TTCtx, TTCex, or TTCvx

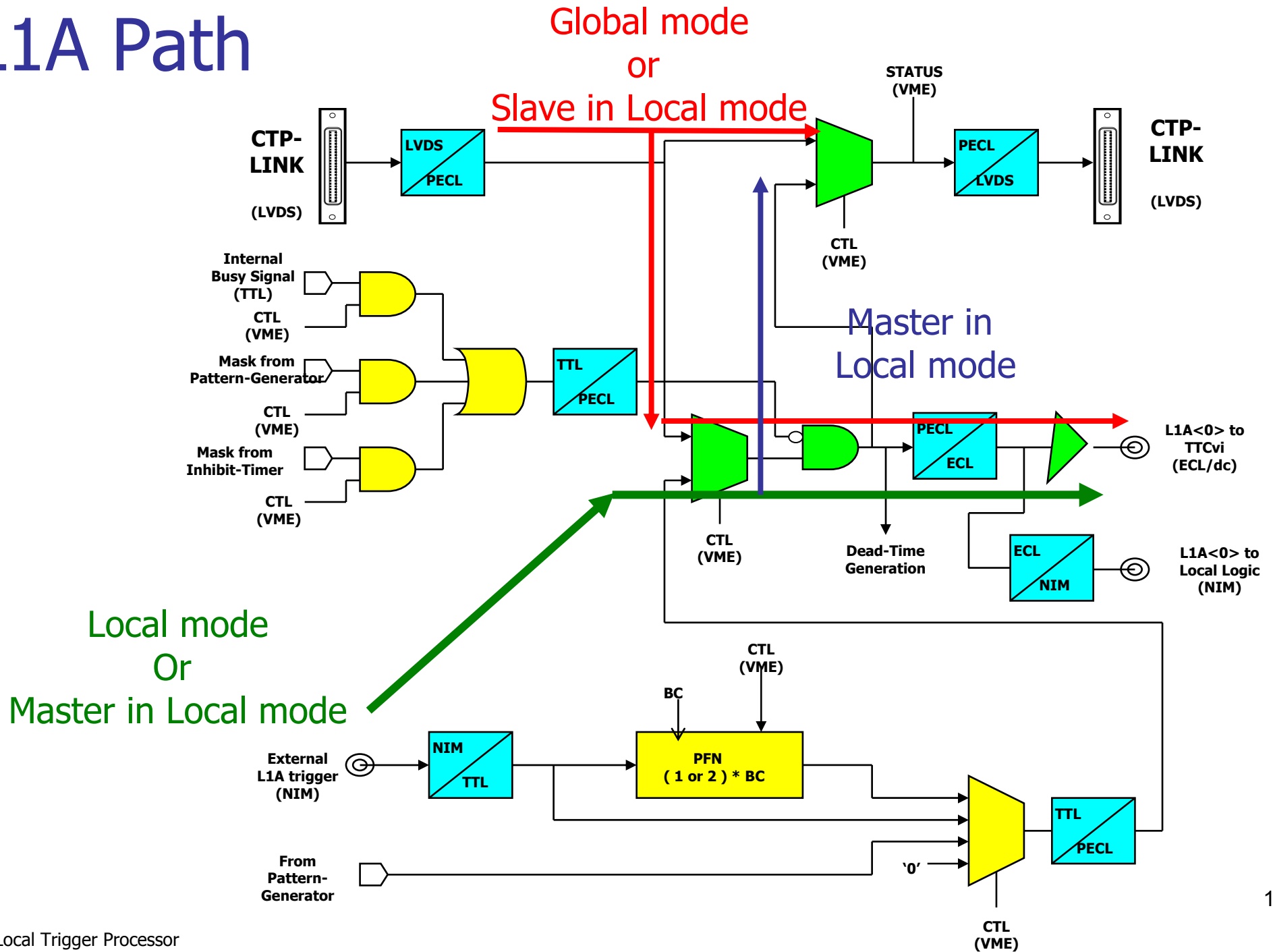
# Block Diagram



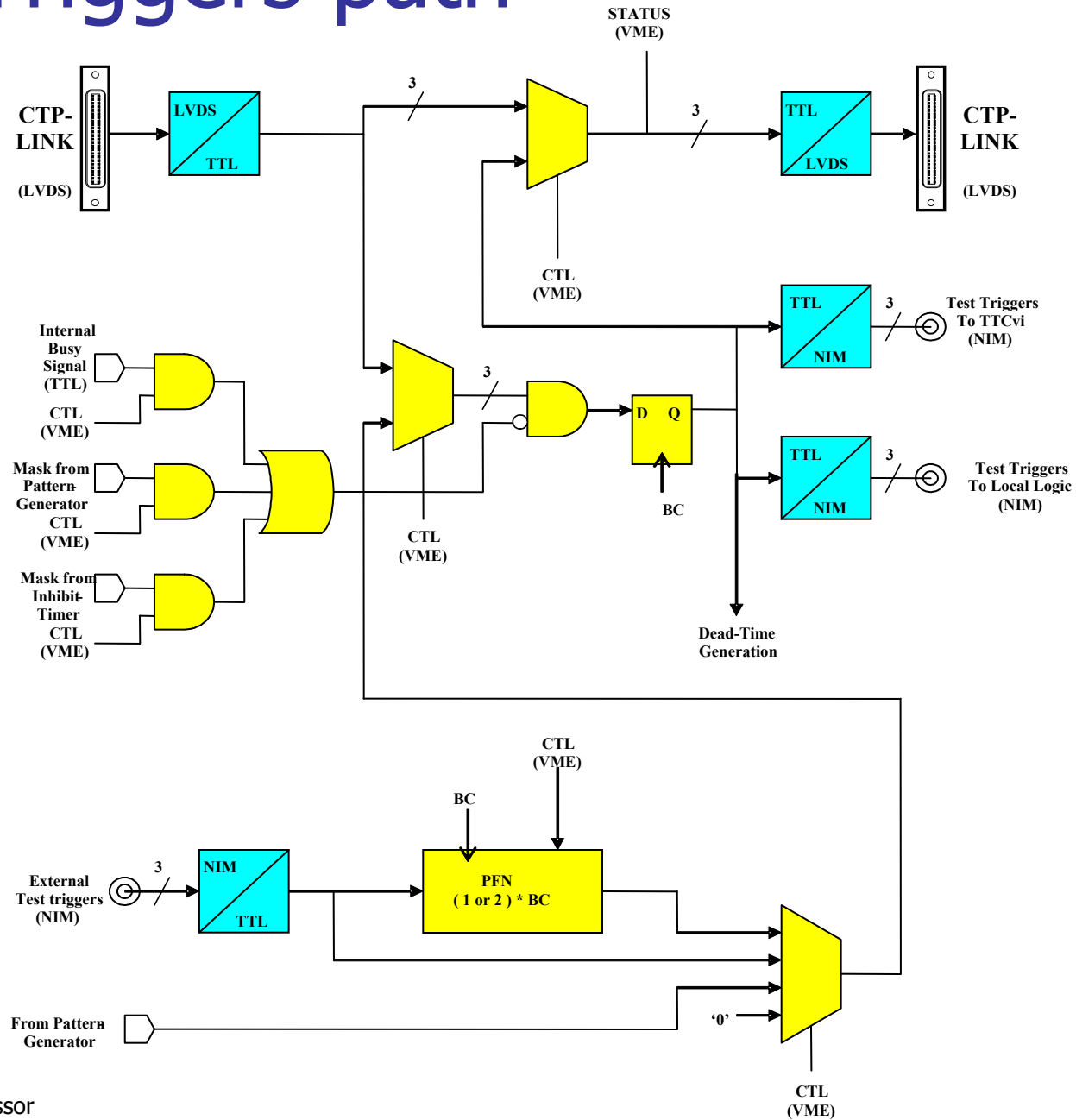
# Internal Pattern Generator

- An internal sequencer allows to generate any signal at any given time within a LHC turn
- Can be used in global mode to send to the CTP the 3-bit calibration request
- Can be used in stand-alone mode for generating any signal
  - Triggers, BGo<i>, ...
- 1 MWord RAM
  - Read-out with BC → 26 ms time coverage
  - One shot or continuous mode
  - Can be started by ORBIT or Pre-Pulse or a VME access

# L1A Path

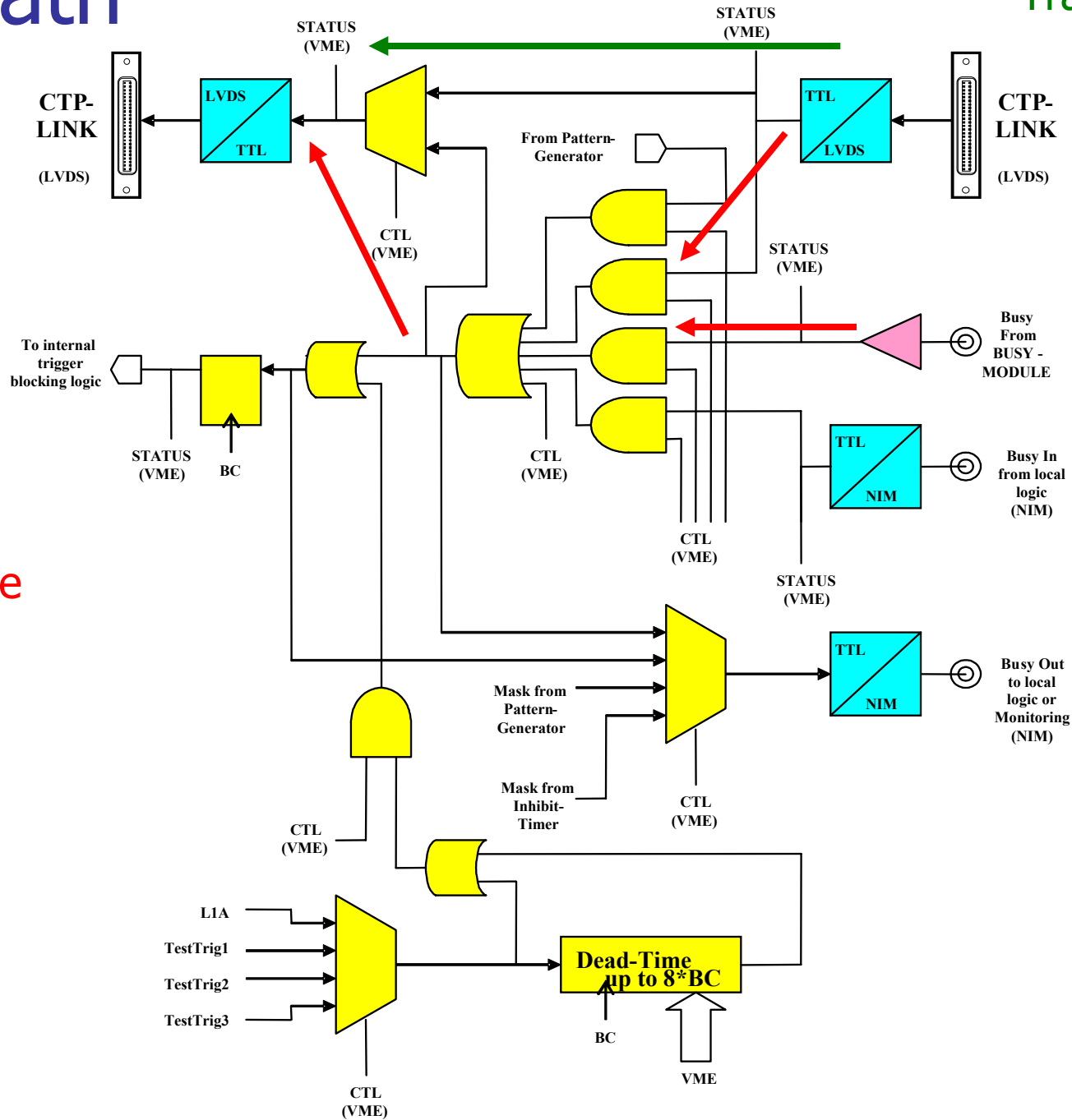


# Test Triggers path



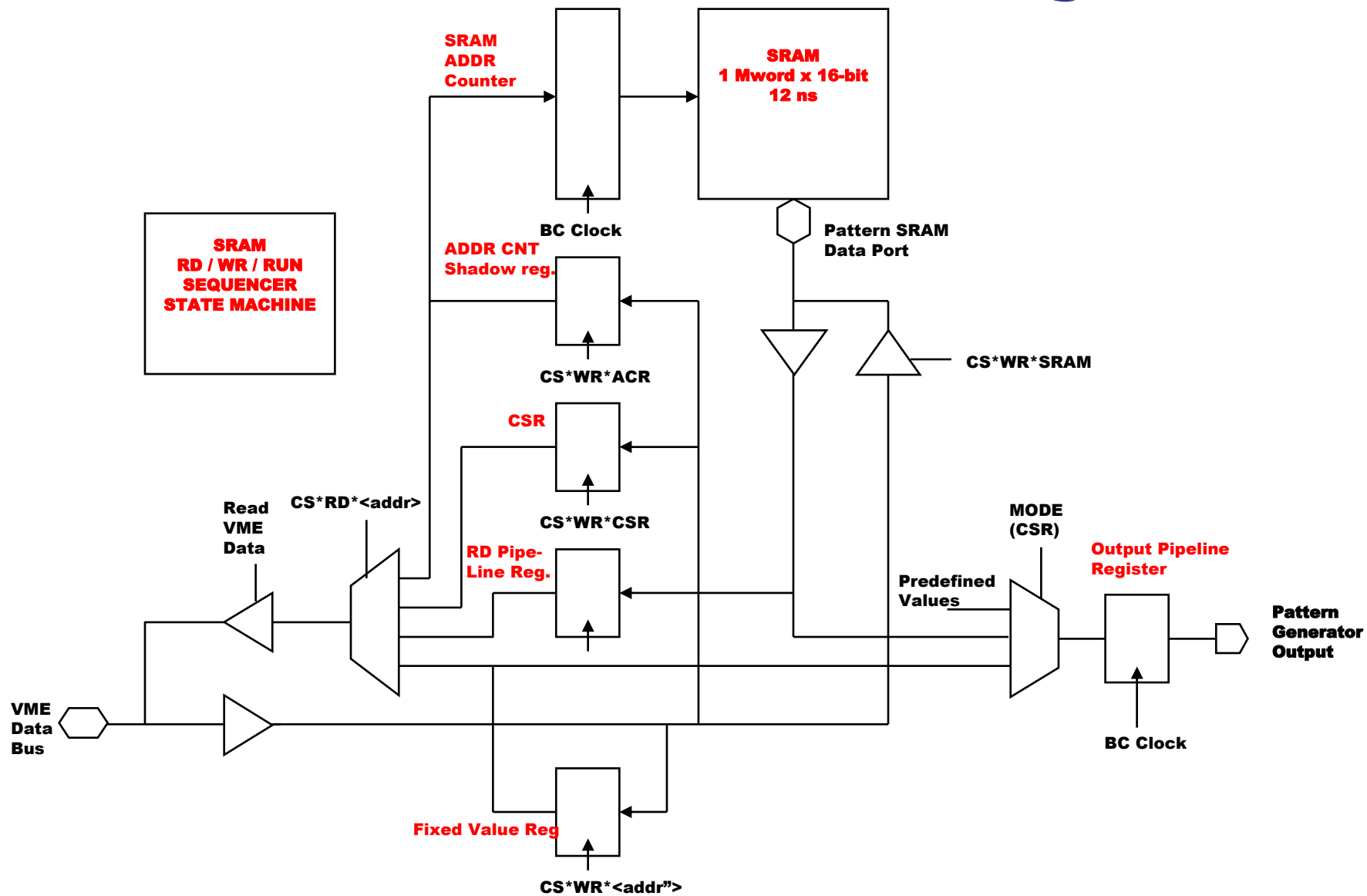
# BUSY path

Transparent



Global mode

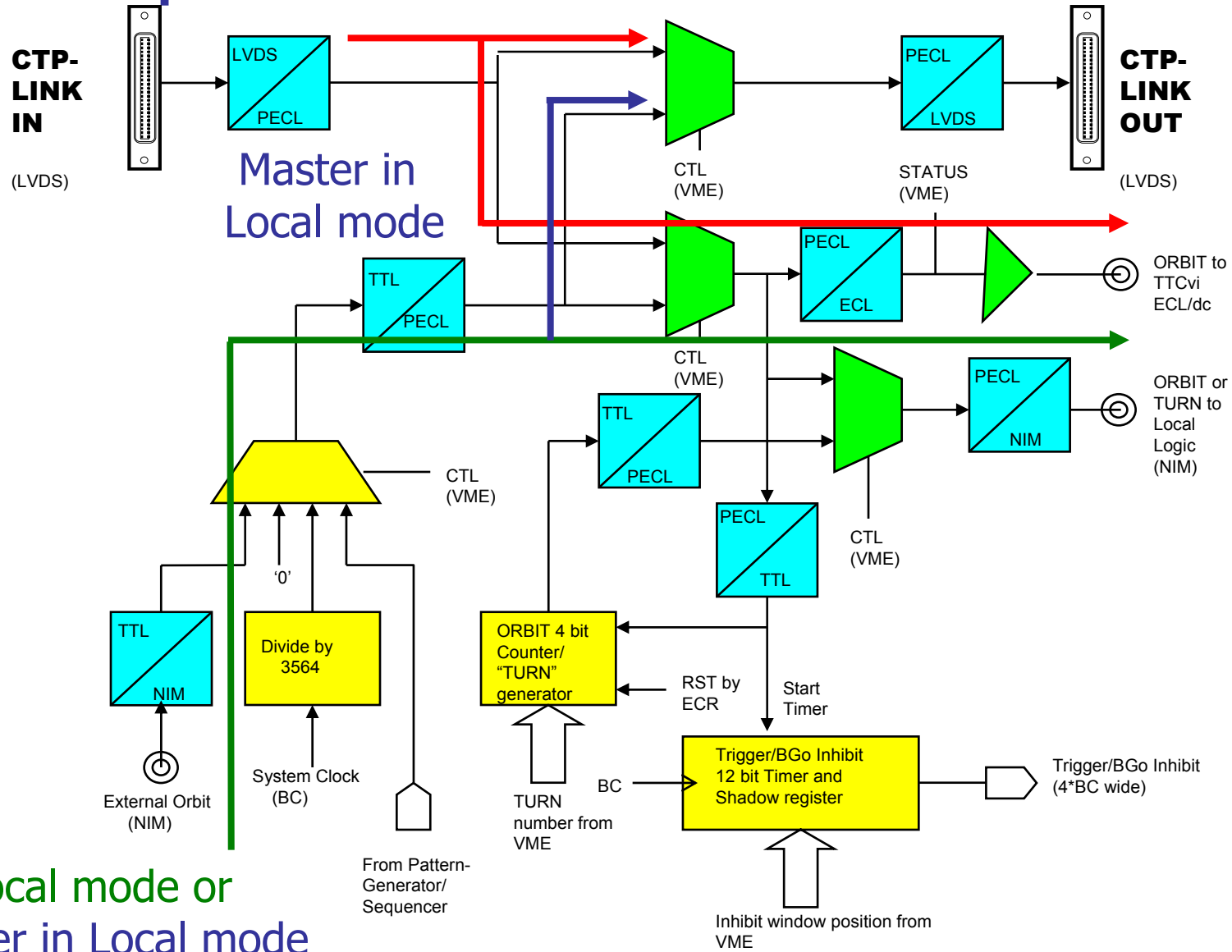
# Pattern Generator Block Diagram





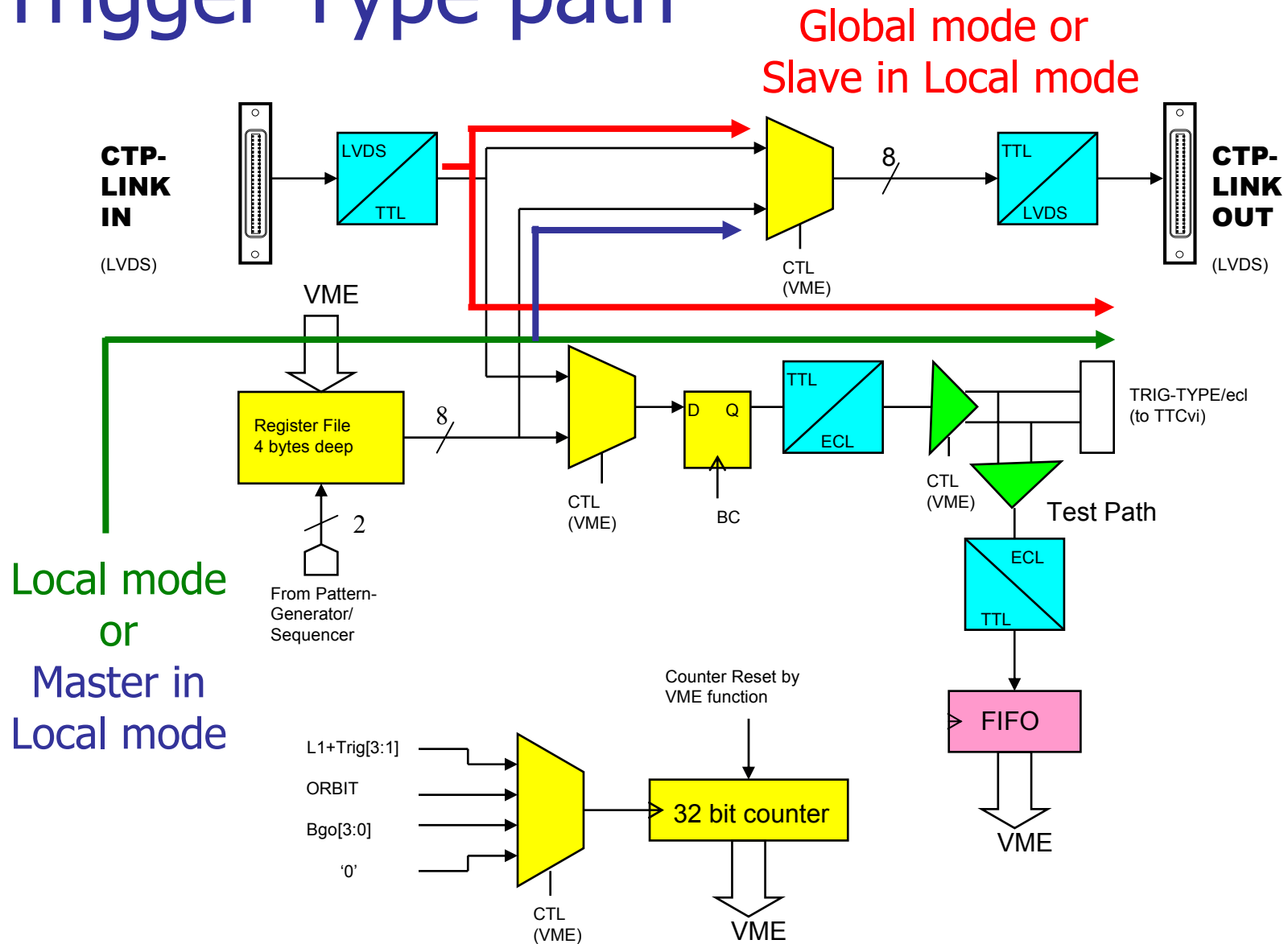
# Orbit path

Global mode or Slave in Local mode



Local mode or Master in Local mode

# Trigger Type path



# Technology

- LVDS on the CTP LINK
- Internal logic in PECL for BC, ORBIT and L1A
- 5V TTL remaining logic
- NIM and ECL for external connections to the TTCvi and local equipment
- CPLD's by ALTERA (ISP)

## Cable & Connectors

- CTP LINK Cable: 25 twisted pairs screened, max length 30 m
- Cable skew tests has been done – will wait for test-beam results – before deciding on final selection of cable brand
  - See EDMS document: ***ATL-DA-TN-0001***
- Local (short) cables, linking LTP's together, can be flat cables
- 50 pin 3M Micro Delta Ribbon connectors are used

# Logic implementation

## Firmware in 8 CPLD's

1. Pattern Generator Control and FSM
2. Pattern Generator Memory Address Counter
3. BC & ORBIT paths' CSR's, BC divider, Inhibit Timer, Event Counter
4. Trigger Selector MUX and CSR's for L1A and Test Triggers
5. Trig-Type Register File, CSR, Diagnostic FIFO ctl
6. B-Go[3..0] source selector and associated CSR's
7. BUSY and Dead-Time logic & selector, CSR, Calibration path, TURN counter
8. VMEbus Interface and Interrupter

# Status

- 6 LTP modules assembled
- Tested and debugged
- All functions works
- In system tests during October 2004 25 ns test-beam run
- Documentation in progress and partly entered in the EDMS
- EDMS Description: ***Atlas\_LTP*** / EDMS Id: ***EDA-00508 v.0***

# LTP Pictures

