

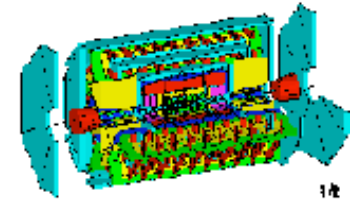


# TeV4LHC Workshop

J. Huston

Michigan State University

[huston@msu.edu](mailto:huston@msu.edu)



First Meeting 16 - 18 Sept. '04 Fermilab • Midterm meetings at Brookhaven & CERN • Final meeting at Fermilab, Fall '05

## TeV4LHC WORKSHOP

*Using the data & experience from the Tevatron to prepare for the LHC*

**TeV4LHC Organizing Committee:**  
 Georges Anselos (U. Montreal)  
 Ulrich Bauer (SUNY at Buffalo)  
 Marcela Carena, Chair (FNAL)  
 Sally Dawson (BNL)  
 Dan Green (FNAL)  
 Ian Hinchliffe (LBNL)  
 Young-Kee Kim (U. Chicago)  
 Joe Lykken (FNAL)  
 Stephen Mrenna (FNAL)  
 Heidi Schellman (Northwestern)  
 John Womersley (FNAL)

**Working Groups**  
 QCD, Top & Electroweak Physics,  
 Higgs, and Physics Landscape.

**Contacts:** Cynthia M. Szama (FNAL)  
[sazama@fnal.gov](mailto:sazama@fnal.gov) + [tev4lhc-org@fnal.gov](mailto:tev4lhc-org@fnal.gov)

**Information & Registration:** <http://conferences.fnal.gov/tev4lhc/>

Fermilab National Accelerator Laboratory • 385 • Office of Science, U.S. Department of Energy

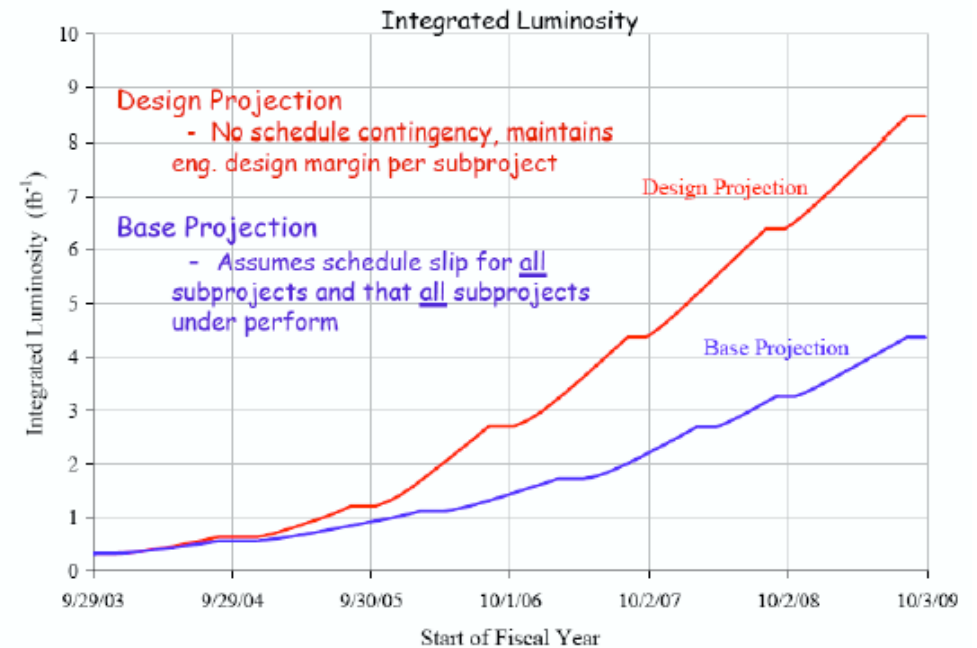
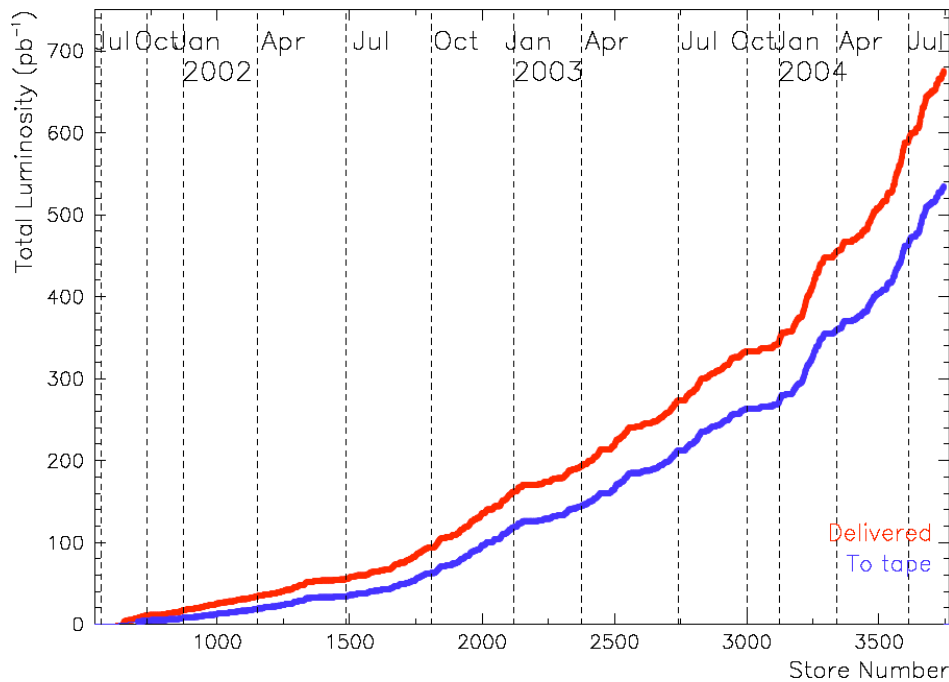


# Tevatron Performance



~400 pb<sup>-1</sup> available for analysis

ultimately 4-9 fb<sup>-1</sup>



...currently in the middle of a shutdown for upgrades

# Now onto TeV4LHC



- First meeting Sept. 16-18

The purpose of the workshop is to bring together the Tevatron and LHC experimental groups and the theoretical community to make the best possible use of data and experience from the Tevatron in preparing for the LHC experimental program. This will include understanding how to use Tevatron data to improve event modelling and theoretical understanding of cross sections for the signals and backgrounds at LHC, and also how to use experience with real problems at the Tevatron to best prepare for the challenges of doing analysis at the LHC.

- Physics groups

- ◆ QCD

- ▲ pdf's and event classification
- ▲ hard scattering and hadronization

- ◆ Top and electroweak

- ◆ Higgs

- ◆ Physics landscape

# Physics group goals

TeV LHC

## ● QCD

- ◆ pdf's and event classification
  - ▲ extraction of pdf's purely at high-momentum transfers
  - ▲ establishment of jet contracts between experiments and theorists
  - ▲ subtleties and practicalities of jet algorithms
- ◆ hard scattering and hadronization
  - ▲ testing of matrix element-parton showering matching
  - ▲ underlying event tunes and model development
  - ▲ tests of hadronization and tunes/universality of tunes

## ● Top and Electroweak

- ◆ top production and decay
- ◆ analysis techniques
- ◆ improved tagging strategies

great deal of overlap



# Physics groups goals



## ● Higgs

- ◆ Wh, Zh with  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ : can we use what we have learned at the Tevatron to make these modes more easily accessible at the LHC?
- ◆ **b-tagging: what have we learned at the Tevatron about tagging b's/apply to LHC**
- ◆ bb invariant mass resolution: how can we use our experience at the Tevatron to improve this at the LHC?
- ◆ associated production of Higgs and  $t\bar{t}$ : can we use our experience with top at the Tevatron to optimize this at the LHC?
- ◆ associated production of SUSY Higgs and b's (at large  $\tan\beta$ ):
- ◆ **vector-boson fusion: what have we learned about forward jets that can help us tag vector-boson-fusion processes at the LHC?**
- ◆ **Higgs decay to two photons: what have we learned about photons at the Tevatron that can help us at the LHC?**
- ◆ Higgs decay to  $WW \rightarrow$  leptons: can the Tevatron search help us optimize this at the LHC?
- ◆ Higgs decay to tau's: what have we learned about taus at the Tevatron?
- ◆ advanced analysis techniques - how can our experience at the Tevatron be used for Higgs at the LHC?
- ◆ **theory: what calculations can we do to improve our predictions of signals and backgrounds at the Tevatron/LHC, as well as to improve our modeling?**
- ◆ are there signals for standard model and non-standard Higgs that we have overlooked?

# Physics group goals

## ● Physics landscape

- ◆ how do the solutions to analysis problems for searches at the Tevatron generalize to the LHC?
  - ▲ are current Tevatron background techniques adequate for the LHC?
  - ▲ can new analysis ideas (NN, specialized jet reconstruction, energy flow) be employed at the LHC?
  - ▲ how about pure signature-based searches?
- ◆ how will measurements and searches at the Tevatron impact theoretical predictions for the LHC?
  - ▲ impact of searches for Z-primes and W-primes?
  - ▲ constraints from SUSY searches\_impact of better measurements of  $M_{top}$  and  $M_W$ ?
  - ▲ how are the Tevatron and the LHC complementary?

# TeV4LHC goals

TeV4LHC

- First of all, this is also a TeV4TeV workshop
- Essentially everything we're doing is useful/necessary for understanding and exploiting the Tevatron Run II data

Workshops at Brookhaven & CERN • Final meeting at Fermilab, Fall '05



WORKSHOP

data & experience  
from the Tevatron  
are for the LHC

Contacts: Cynthia M. Sazama (FNAL)  
sazama@fnal.gov • tev4lhc-org@fnal.gov

Physics,  
type.

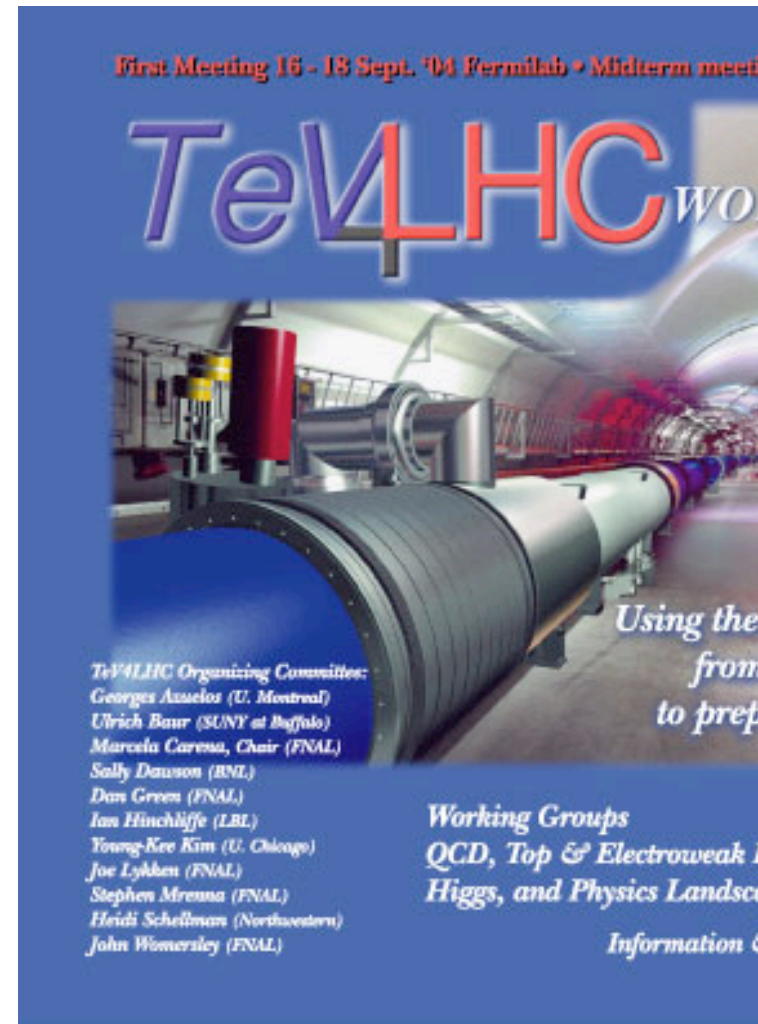
Registration: <http://conferences.fnal.gov/tev4lhc/>

Fermilab National Accelerator Laboratory • Office of Science • U.S. Department of Energy

# TeV4LHC goals



- But of course, what we learn at the Tevatron is also useful for the LHC
  - ◆ the Tevatron is the only place to gain hands-on experience in hadron-hadron collider physics
- And the LHC experimenters is us
  - ◆ we can get credit for the LHC doing what we need for the Tevatron
  - ◆ I assume that's one of the reasons for 250 registrants





# Conveners

- QCD (2 subgroups)

- ◆ F. Chlebana, S. Ellis, W. Giele, J. Huston, W. Kilgore, S. Mrenna, W-K. Tung, M. Wobisch, M. Zielinski

- Top/EW

- ◆ C. Gerber, T. Tait, E. Thomson, D. Wackerroth

- Higgs

- ◆ A. Dominguez, I. Iashvili, S. Willenbrock

- Physics Landscape

- ◆ R. Demina, B. Dobrescu, D. Rainwater, M. Schmitt

# QCD group

- Most of the tools we want to produce/develop in this workshop are QCD-related

- ◆ ME/MC generation
- ◆ NLO
- ◆ jet algorithms
- ◆ pdf's and pdf uncertainties
- ◆ ...
- ◆ I don't even know why people are going to the other groups

*-my ed. comment*

- Note that there have been a series of previous meetings organized by Steve Mrenna and myself dealing with these types of issues for Run 2

- ◆ [cepa.fnal.gov/patriot/mc4run2/index.html](http://cepa.fnal.gov/patriot/mc4run2/index.html)

First Meeting 16 - 18 Sept. '04 Fermilab • Midterm meetings at Brookhaven & CERN • Final meeting at Fermilab, Fall '05

## TeV4LHC WORKSHOP

Using the data & experience from the Tevatron to prepare for the LHC

**TeV4LHC Organizing Committee:**  
Georges Aad (U. Montreal)  
Ulrich Bauer (SUNY at Buffalo)  
Marcela Carena, Chair (FNAL)  
Sally Dawson (BNL)  
Dan Green (FNAL)  
Ian Hitchlife (LBL)  
Young-Kee Kim (U. Chicago)  
Joe Lykken (FNAL)  
Stephen Mrenna (FNAL)  
Heidi Schulz (Northwestern)  
John Womersley (FNAL)

**Working Groups**  
QCD, Top & Electroweak Physics,  
Higgs, and Physics Landscape.

**Contacts:** Cynthia M. Sazama (FNAL)  
sazama@fnal.gov • tev4lhc-org@fnal.gov

**Information & Registration:** <http://conferences.fnal.gov/tev4lhc/>

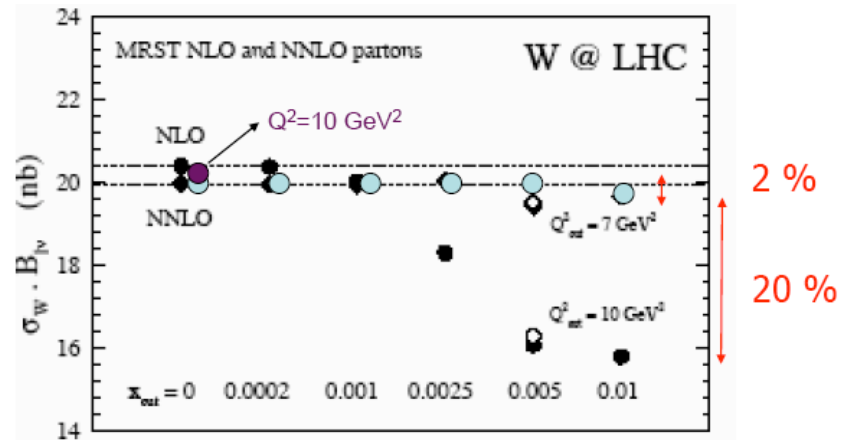
# Topics of investigation

## ● PDF's and event classification

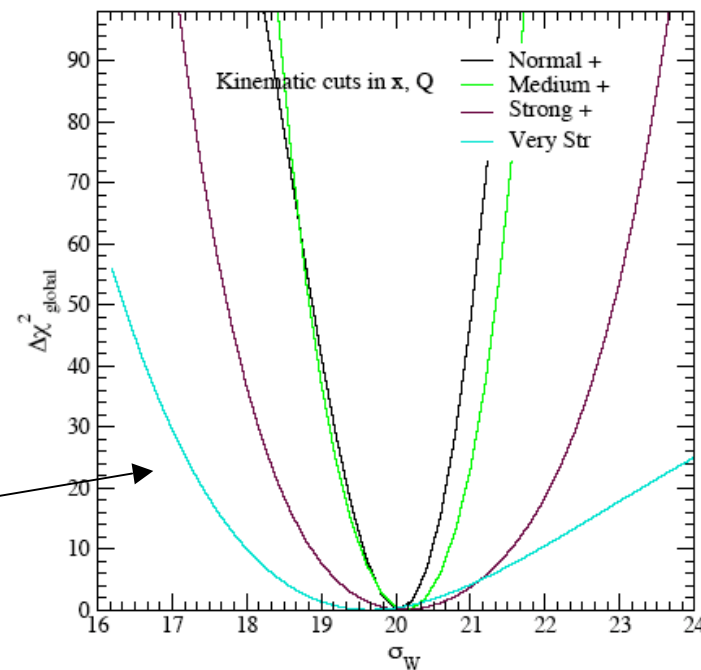
- ◆ is NLO DGLAP evolution sufficient for describing Tevatron/HERA/LHC data? What is the impact of NNLO pdf's and cross sections
- ◆ pdf uncertainties and efficient use in analyses/calculations
  - ▲ why aren't you using LHAPDF (if you're not)?
  - ▲ v3 of LHAPDF at [durpdg.dur.ac.uk/lhapdf3/](http://durpdg.dur.ac.uk/lhapdf3/)
- ◆ impact of Tevatron data on global pdf fits
  - ▲ do stand-alone fits using only Tevatron (or LHC) data make sense?
- ◆ jet algorithms, both cone and  $k_T$ 
  - ▲ are theorists and experimentalists looking at the same thing?
  - ▲ are experimentalists really looking at what they think they're looking at?

# NLO DGLAP

- Is there a *tension* between HERA and Tevatron data requiring NNLO DGLAP to resolve?
  - ◆ MRST study: [hep-ph/0308087](http://hep-ph/0308087)
- Recent CTEQ study indicates as more severe cuts are made in  $x$  and  $Q^2$  in global analysis, uncertainty on  $W$  cross section at the LHC increases but central value remains relatively constant
  - ◆ see talk in Monday session
  - ◆ this curve corresponds to little HERA data in fit ( $Q^2 > 100 \text{ GeV}^2$ )



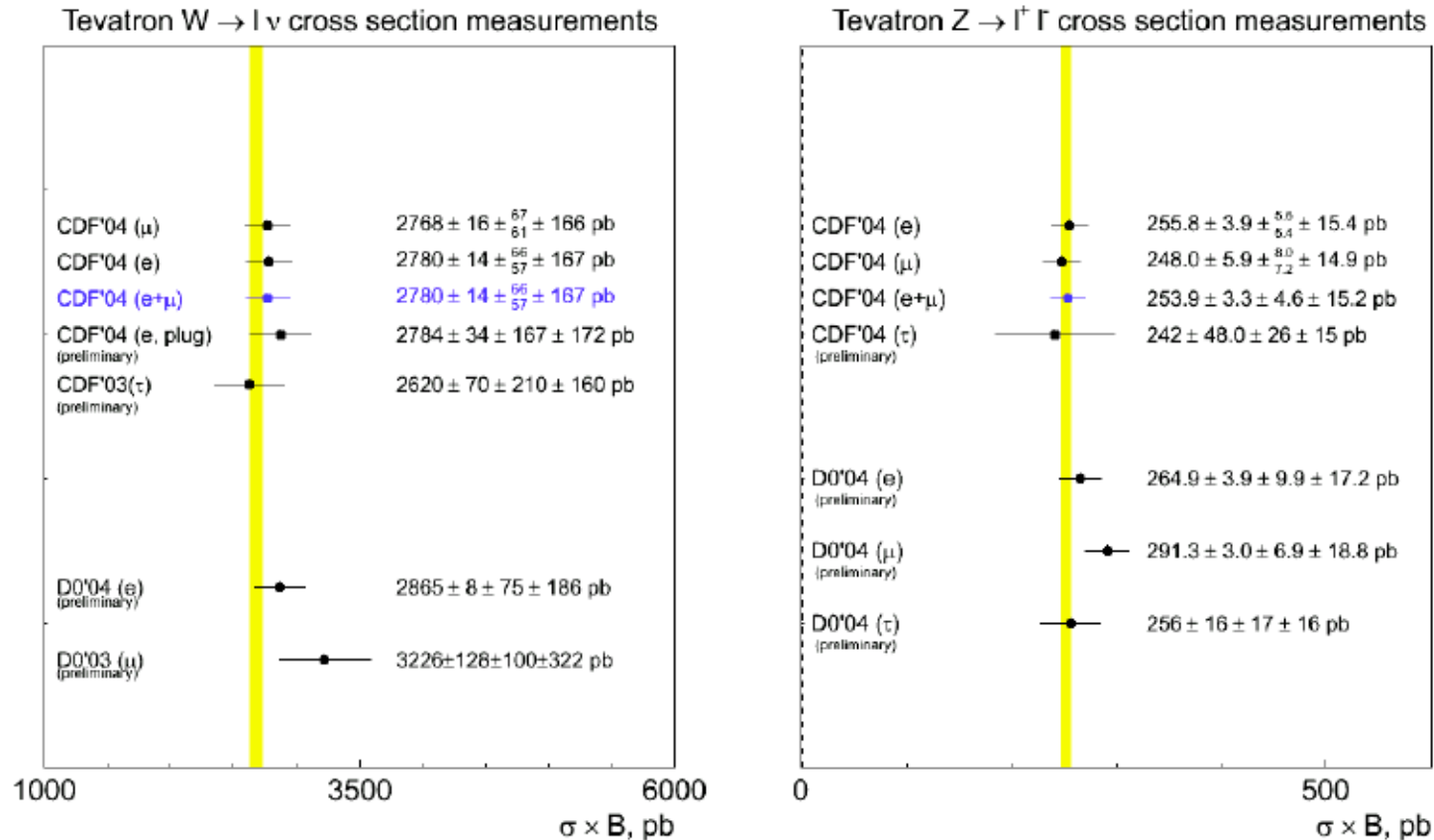
● shows the results of applying  $x$  cuts to the CTEQ6 data set and performing a NLO fit.



LM study of  $W$  cross section at the LHC using CTEQ6 dataset

# W cross section at the Tevatron

## Inclusive W/Z x-section measurements



- Overall good agreement with the NNLO calculations
- Experimental uncertainties (~6%) dominated by the luminosity

# W cross section as luminosity monitor

TeV LHC

## $W \rightarrow l \nu$ as luminosity monitor

- Current method based on  $\sigma_{inel}(\text{ppbar}) = 61.7 \pm 2.4 \text{ mb @ } 1.96 \text{ TeV (4\%)}$
- Can we do better using the cross section for  $W \rightarrow l \nu$  measurement?
- Recent paper by Frixione and Mangano (hep-ph/0405130) investigate contributions of uncertainties in acceptance calculation to the  $W \rightarrow l \nu$  x-sec measurement (currently  $\sim 2\%$ )
- Tevatron and LHC would benefit from experimental and theoretical work

# PDF uncertainties

- MRST uses  $\Delta\chi^2$  of 50 for 90% CL; CTEQ uses  $\Delta\chi^2$  of 100
  - ◆ each analysis contains over 2000 data points from a variety of processes
  - ◆ Santa Barbara accord:  $\Delta\chi^2=70$ ?
- In new version of LHAPDF, can keep all pdf's in memory at same time
  - ◆ generate events using central pdf; store pdf\*pdf weights for error pdf's
  - ◆ what sort of problems if this technique is used with parton shower Monte Carlos where initial state Sudakov factors depend on the slopes of the pdf's

J. Campbell, J. Huston; hep-ph/0405276

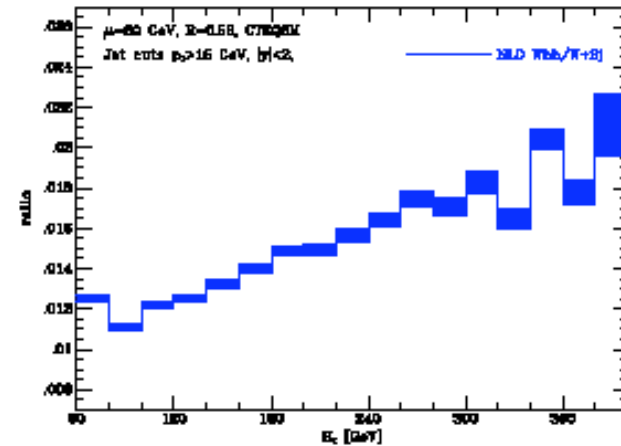
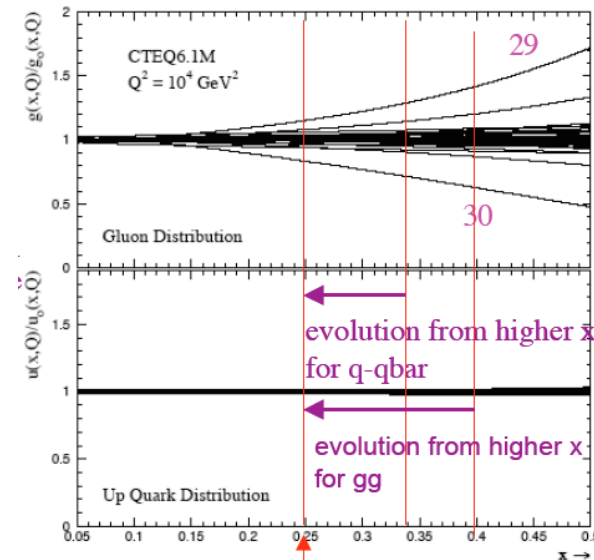


Figure 19: The PDF uncertainty for the ratio of  $Wb$  and  $Wjj$ , plotted as a function of  $H_T$ , calculated using the CTEQ6 error PDF set.



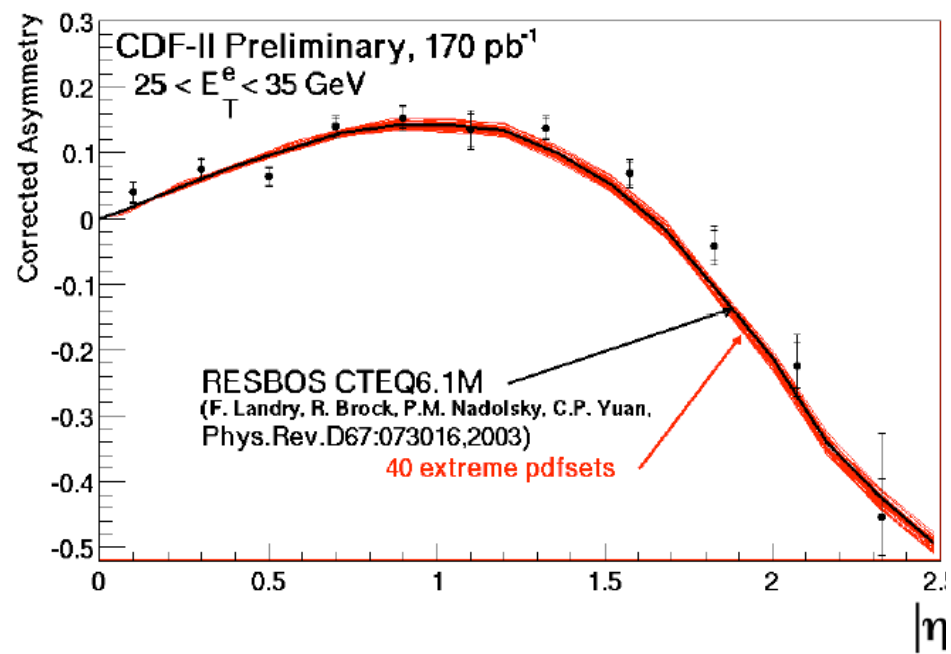
x value for central  $t\bar{t}$  production

top at the Tevatron; study in progress

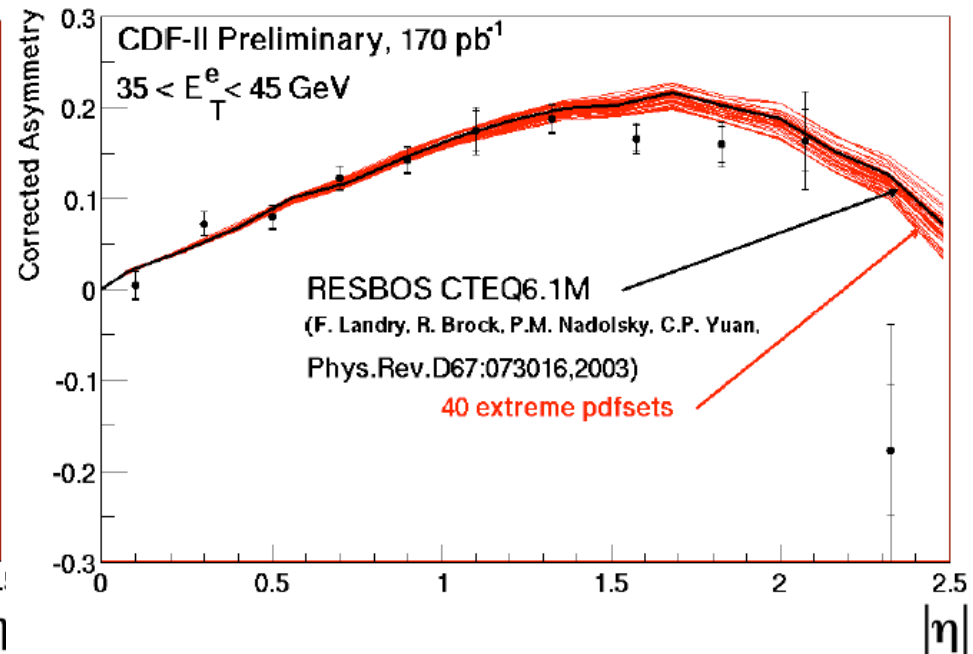
# W asymmetry

error pdf's that have largest impact on W mass uncertainty also cause large deviations at high  $\eta$

CTEQ6.1M with RESBOS at NLO



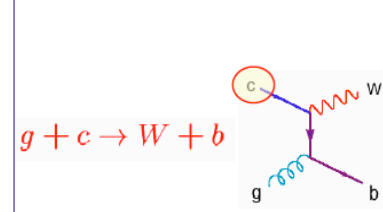
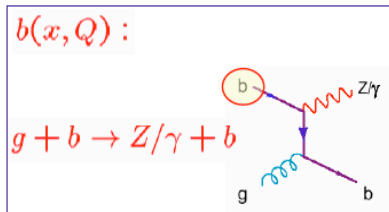
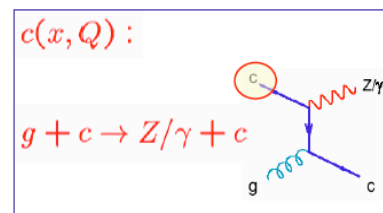
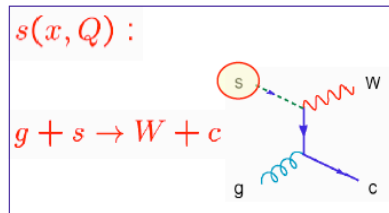
CTEQ6.1M with RESBOS at NLO





# Heavy flavor pdf's

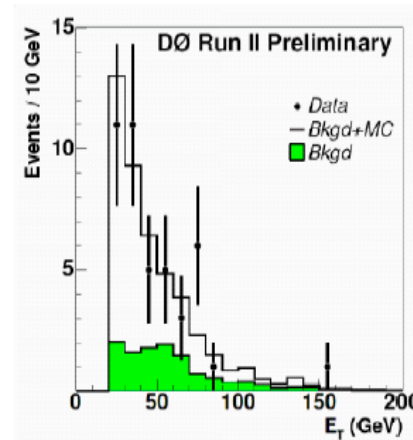
Probing the Sea Quark PDFs:  $s, c, b$   
using tagged final states  $W/Z/\gamma + c/b$  ?



## The D0 measurement of $Zb/Zc$

$$\frac{\sigma(Z+b)}{\sigma(Z+j)} = 0.024 \pm 0.005(stat) \begin{matrix} +0.005 \\ -0.004 \end{matrix} (syst)$$

Theory NLO (F.Maltoni et al.): 0.018 +/- 0.004



Main sources of systematic uncertainty:

- b/c tagging efficiencies
- background estimation
- theory uncertainty on  $\sigma(Z+c)/\sigma(Z+b)$

## Proposal for the TEV4LHC

Study “inclusive” bottom measurements in  $W/Z$  production

Why ?

**theory:** we can predict cross sections extremely well  
**experiment:** new approach, maybe better sensitivity

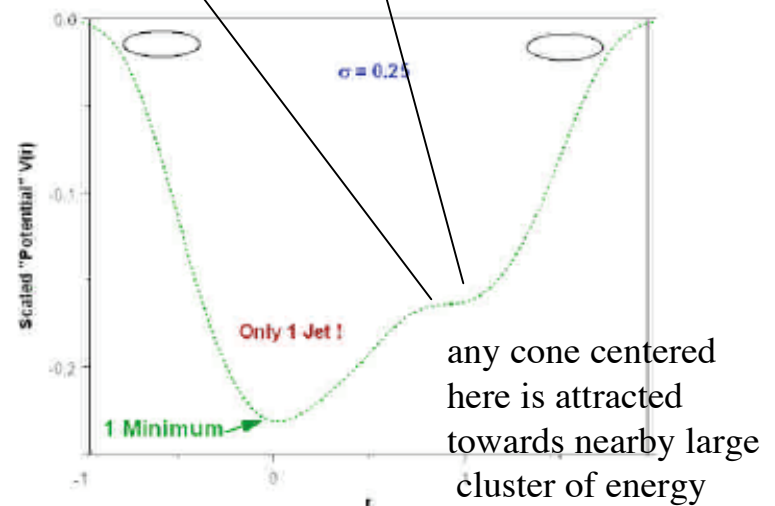
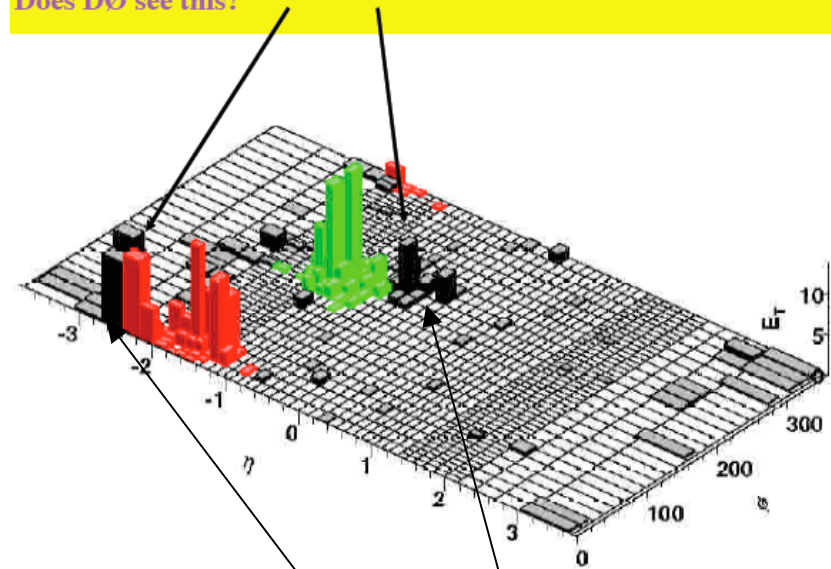
How ?

**theory :** perform the new NLO (and NNLO) calculations for  $Z$  and  $W$  that are needed  
**experiment:** look at what CMS has done, use CDF and DO data for  $Wbb$  and  $Zbb$  to test feasibility, find efficiencies, etc...

# Jet algorithms

- Run II analyses in CDF and D0 use both cone and  $k_T$  jet algorithm
- CDF has used both JetClu (Run I) and midpoint (Run II) algorithms; D0 solely midpoint
  - ◆ subtle issues (and solutions) regarding use of midpoint algorithm
  - ◆ See hep-ph/0111434, S. Ellis, J. Huston, M. Tonnesmann, *On Building Better Cone Jet Algorithms*

Missed Towers (not in any stable cone) – How can that happen?  
Does D0 see this?



# Topics of investigation

- Hard scattering and hadronization
  - ◆ testing of matrix element-parton showering matching
    - ▲ CKKW
    - ▲ MLM (L stand for Luigi by the way)
  - ◆ comparisons to NLO where available
    - ▲ *validation* of matching
  - ◆ pilot studies with MCatNLO
  - ◆ testing new parton shower approaches
  - ◆ underlying event tunes and model development
    - ▲ Is Tune A universal? Can Tune A be improved?
    - ▲ Can Jimmy be tuned to Tevatron? Can we get a better name for Jimmy?
    - ▲ extrapolations to LHC
  - ◆ hadronization corrections
    - ▲ crucial for NLO comparisons, especially at low  $E_T$

# Matrix element-parton shower matching TeV LHC

- Les Houches accord for interface between matrix element and parton shower programs has become universal
- But need to control size of unwelcome logs

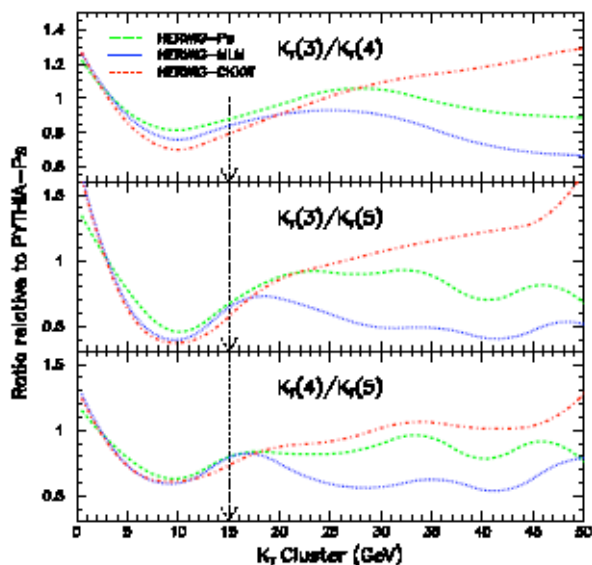


Figure 26: Similar to Fig. 19 but comparing the distributions from HERWIG and PY using the pseudo-shower procedure, HERWIG using the MLM procedure, and HERWIG using the CKKW procedure for a matching scale of 15 GeV.

mlm: June 11 meeting of ME/MC

*The problem of Leading-log-order double counting*

is of  $O(\alpha_s)$  relative to the LO process

instead gives a contribution to  $\sigma_{3\text{-jet}}$  of order

$$\alpha_s \log \frac{(p_2 + p_3)^2}{E_{T\text{jet}}^2} \approx \alpha_s \left( \log \frac{p_T^{\max}}{p_T^{\min}} + \log \frac{1}{\Delta R} \right) \approx O(1)$$

Double counting, since this configuration is already generated by showering:

- mlm and CKKW approaches for controlling logs both in use at Tevatron

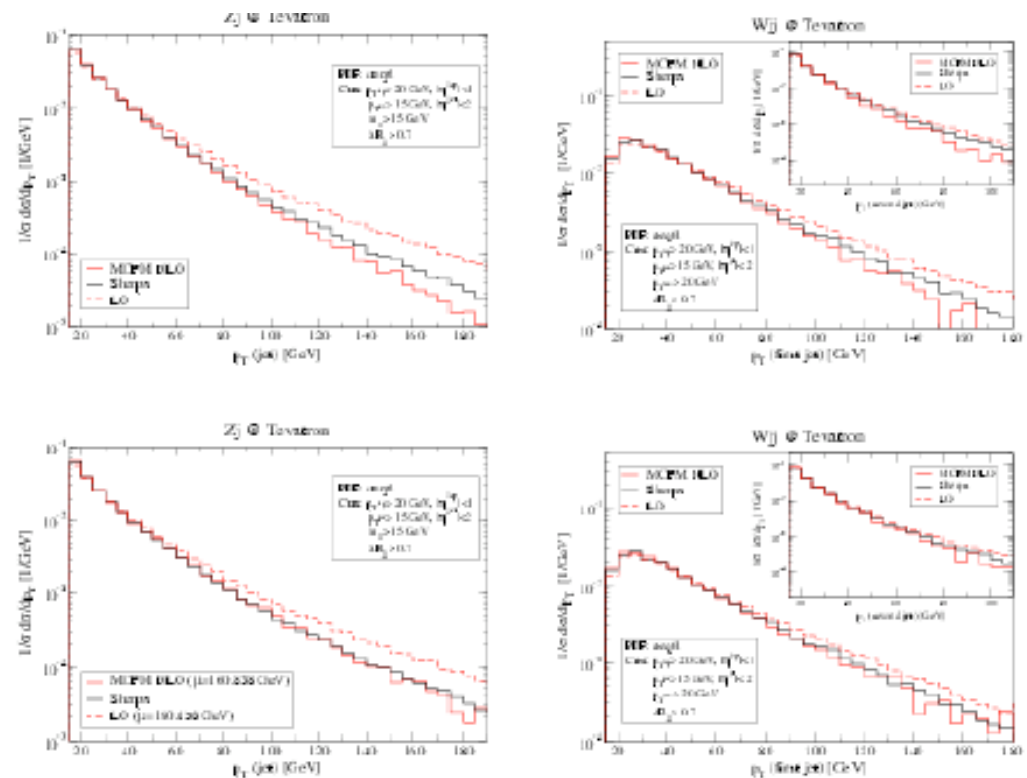
S. Mrenna and P. Richardson  
 hep-ph/0312274

systematic errors from comparison

# W/Z + jets at the Tevatron

- Interesting physics and a great laboratory for testing theoretical tools
- In the near future, we will produce absolute W/Z + n jet cross sections corrected to both hadron and parton level in a wide variety of kinematic variables
- So that easy comparison to any LO/NLO calculation can be made

Frank Krauss: comparisons of Sherpa and MCFM



# NLO vs LO behavior

Don't rely just on LO predictions J. Campbell, J. Huston; hep-ph/0405276

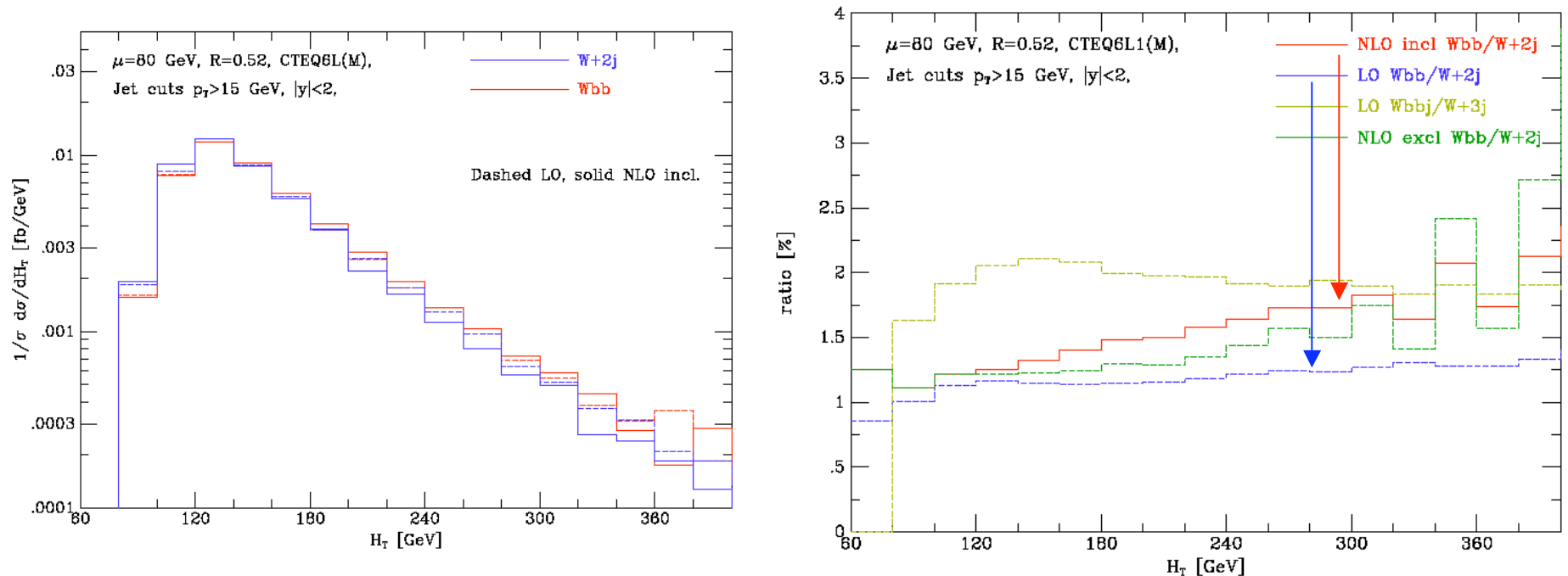


Figure 12: The  $H_T$  distributions for  $Wb\bar{b}(j)$  and  $Wjj(j)$ , normalized to the same area.

$Wbb$  and  $Wjj$  have similar  $H_T$  distribution at LO; different at NLO  
Consequence:  $H_T$  not used in fitting for heavy flavor fraction in top searches in  $W + jets$  channel at CDF

# Background studies for $WW \rightarrow H$ at LHC TeV4LHC

- For  $W+ \geq 2$  jets at Tevatron

- ◆ look at  $|\eta_1 - \eta_2|$  as a function of  $p_T^{\text{jetmin}}$
- ◆ Compare to MCFM LO/NLO, Herwig/Pythia/CKKW

- For  $W+ \geq 3$  jets

- ◆  $\Delta\eta_3^*$  distribution as a function of  $p_T^{\text{min}}$  and  $|\eta_1 - \eta_2|$
- ◆ 3 jet fraction as a function of  $p_T^{\text{jet3}}$

Dieter Zeppenfeld; talk at TeV4LHC

Expected (LO) cross sections for 2, 3 jets in  $W^\pm$  production;  $B(W \rightarrow e\nu, \mu\nu)$  included

$p_{Tj} > 15 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_j| < 3$

	$W+2j$	$W+3j$	$\sigma_3/\sigma_2$
$ \eta_1 - \eta_2  > 2$	15 pb	3 pb	19%
$p_T^{\text{tag}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$			
$M_R = m_W$	3.2 pb	1.4 pb	44%
$M_R = p_{Tj}$	4.2 pb	2.6 pb	62%
$ \eta_1 - \eta_2  > 3$	0.8 pb	0.37 pb	47%

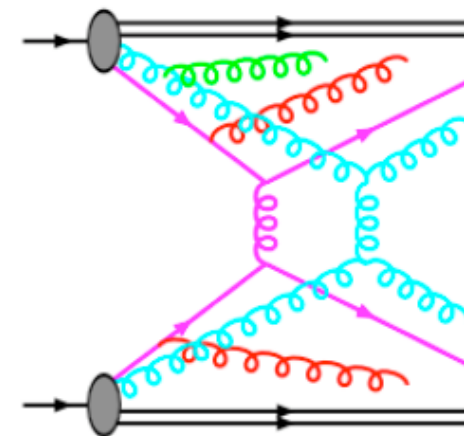
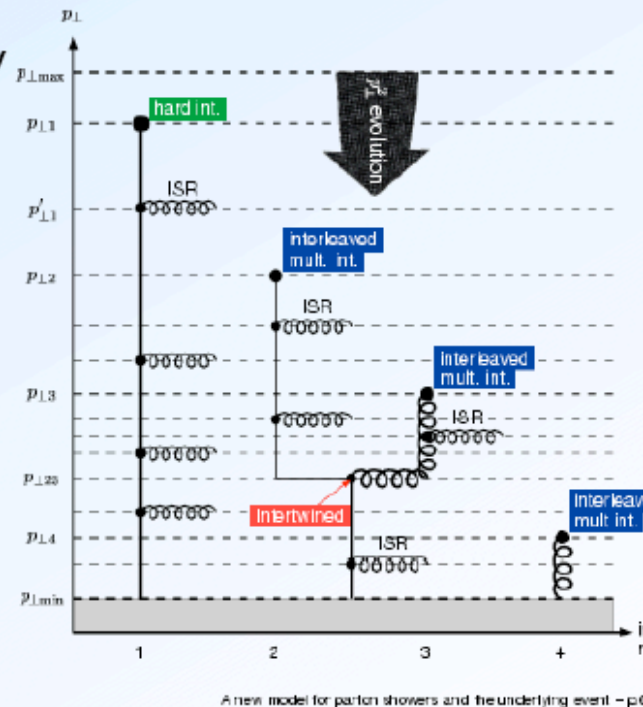
- No NLO calculation for  $W+3j$  available  
→ substantial scale dependence
- 3 jet fraction is large  
→ fixed order perturbation theory insufficient

More reliable predictions from parton shower programs?

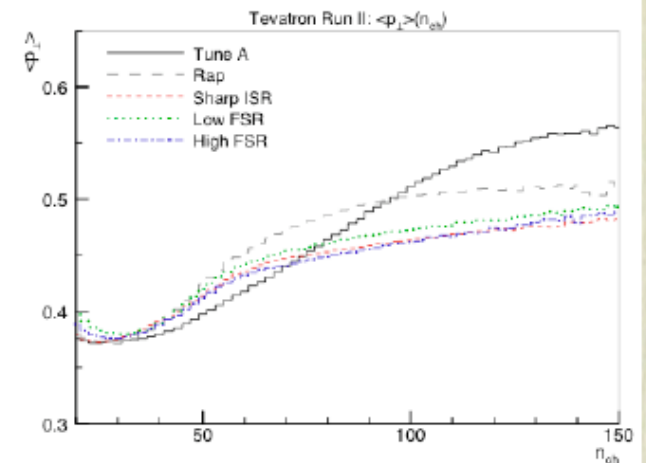
# New parton showers

New  $k_T$ -ordered parton shower: Sjostrand and Skands: hep-ph/0408032

- This led us to develop a new sophisticated model for UE (and min-bias)  $\rightarrow$  JHEP 0403 (2004) 053.
- But still each interaction was considered separately, with *its* set of ISR and FSR.
- That's probably not the way it happens in real life...
- **The new picture:** start at the most inclusive level,  $2 \rightarrow 2$ . Add exclusivity progressively by evolving *everything* downwards in *one* common sequence:  $\rightarrow$  **Interleaved evolution**
- ( $\rightarrow$  also possible to have interactions **intertwined** by the ISR activity?)



$\dots \langle p_{\perp} \rangle (n_{ch})$  problematical



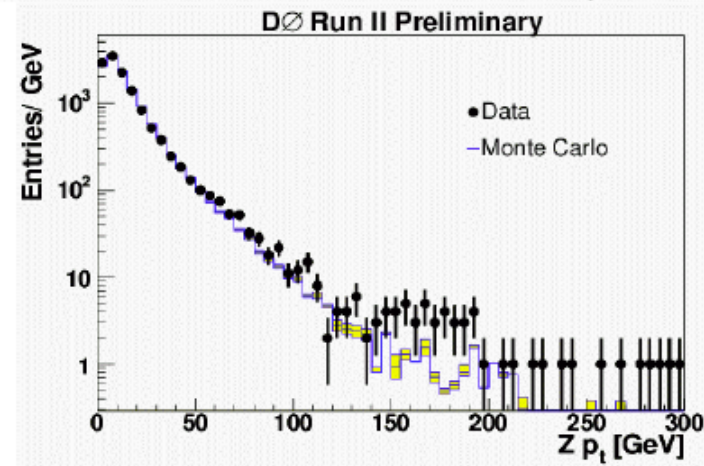
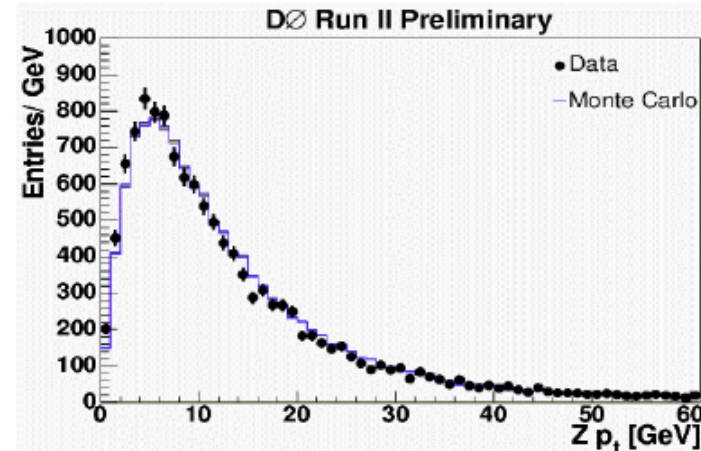
$\rightarrow$  how are final-state colours correlated?



# Soft gluon radiation

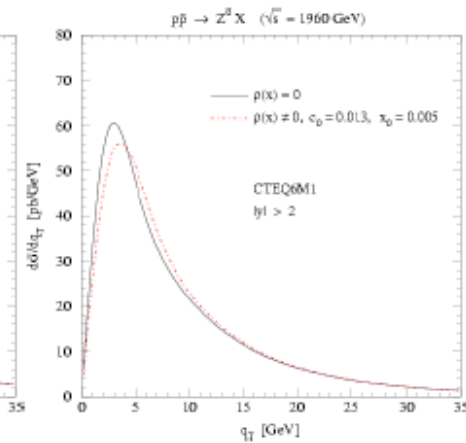
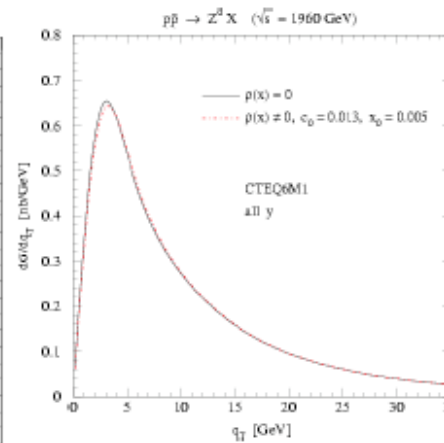
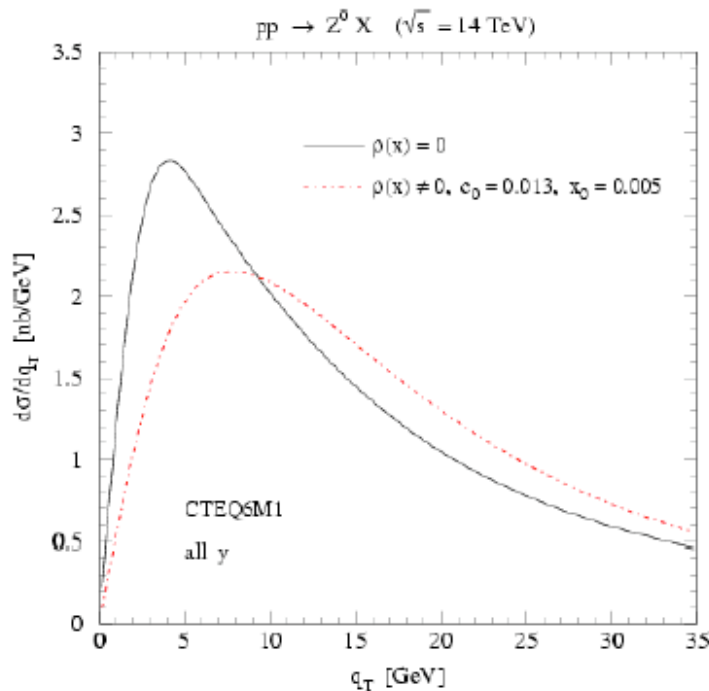
## Run II differential W/Z cross sections

- $d\sigma(pp\bar{p} \rightarrow W/Z)/d p_T$
- Low Pt end: one of the important inputs for W mass and width measurement
- Need good understanding of the resolution (exp)
- Need understanding of the soft gluon resummation (th)
- High-Pt end: any hints of new physics?
- Need good understanding of backgrounds



# Soft gluon radiation

## Rapidity dependence important at LHC



S. Berge et al., hep-ph/0401128

Dashed line includes additional terms responsible for the broadening of the distributions at low-x.

Can we learn something useful for the LHC by measuring  $d\sigma(pp\bar{p}\rightarrow W/Z)/d p_T d\eta$ ?

# Topics of investigation

## Single Top searches

- DØ and CDF have set limits on the production of single top production

95% C.L. limits Observed (Expected)		
Channel	CDF (pb)	D0 (pb)
s+t	<17.8 (13.6)	<23 (20)
t	<10.1 (11.2)	<25 (23)
s	<13.6 (12.1)	<19 (16)

Run II ( $\sim 160 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )

Analyses turns out to be harder (experimentally) than expected from phenomenological predictions  
Something to keep in mind when making predictions about Higgs search at LHC.

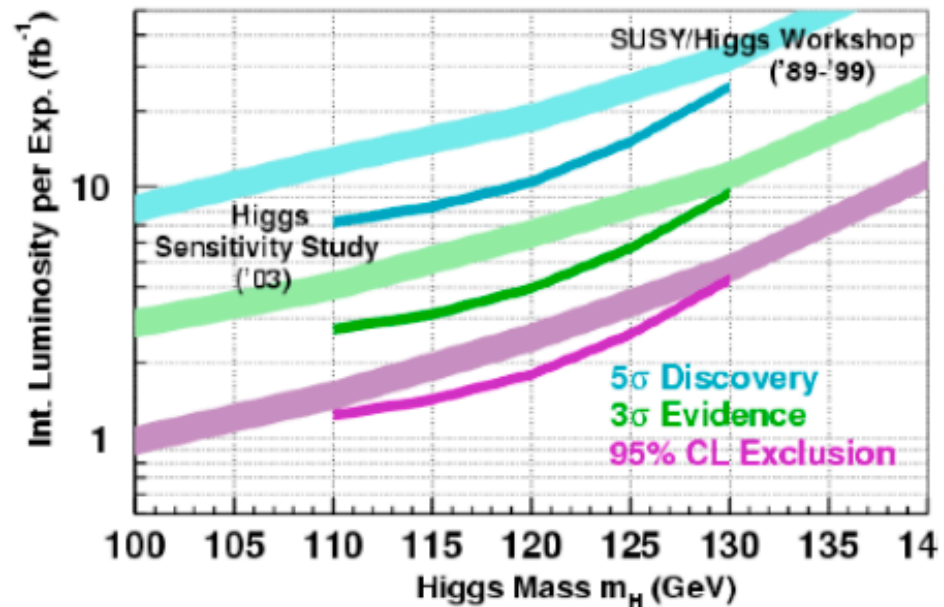
## Single top observation

- Current analyses would need several  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  for observation
  - Particle ID, b-tagging not as efficient as predicted
  - Large systematic uncertainties from background modelling and detector understanding
  - Analyses methods need optimization to make an observation soon
- Work in progress
  - Ever improving particle ID and understanding of detector effects
  - Accurate models for signal and background benefits from recent NLO calculations
  - Working on multivariate analysis techniques (NN, Matrix Element, ...)
- Need to work with theorists to identify variables that give good signal-background separation - not just at parton level, but for experimental observables.

## Combined Results

- x Combined DØ/CDF result
  - x Assumes luminosity from two experiments
- x 10% dijet mass resolution
- x Run IIB silicon
- x Width of HSG bands determined by method uncertainty
- x No systematics included
- x Width of SHWG bands given by analysis uncertainty
- x SHWG included  $H \rightarrow WW$ 
  - x contributes at high  $m_H$

Tevatron Higgs Sensitivity Group June 2003 Update



Low mass region 95% excl. or  $3\sigma$  by 2008  
This is difficult region at LHC

## Open Questions

**Apart from a brief presentation of CDF results, the biggest questions might be:**

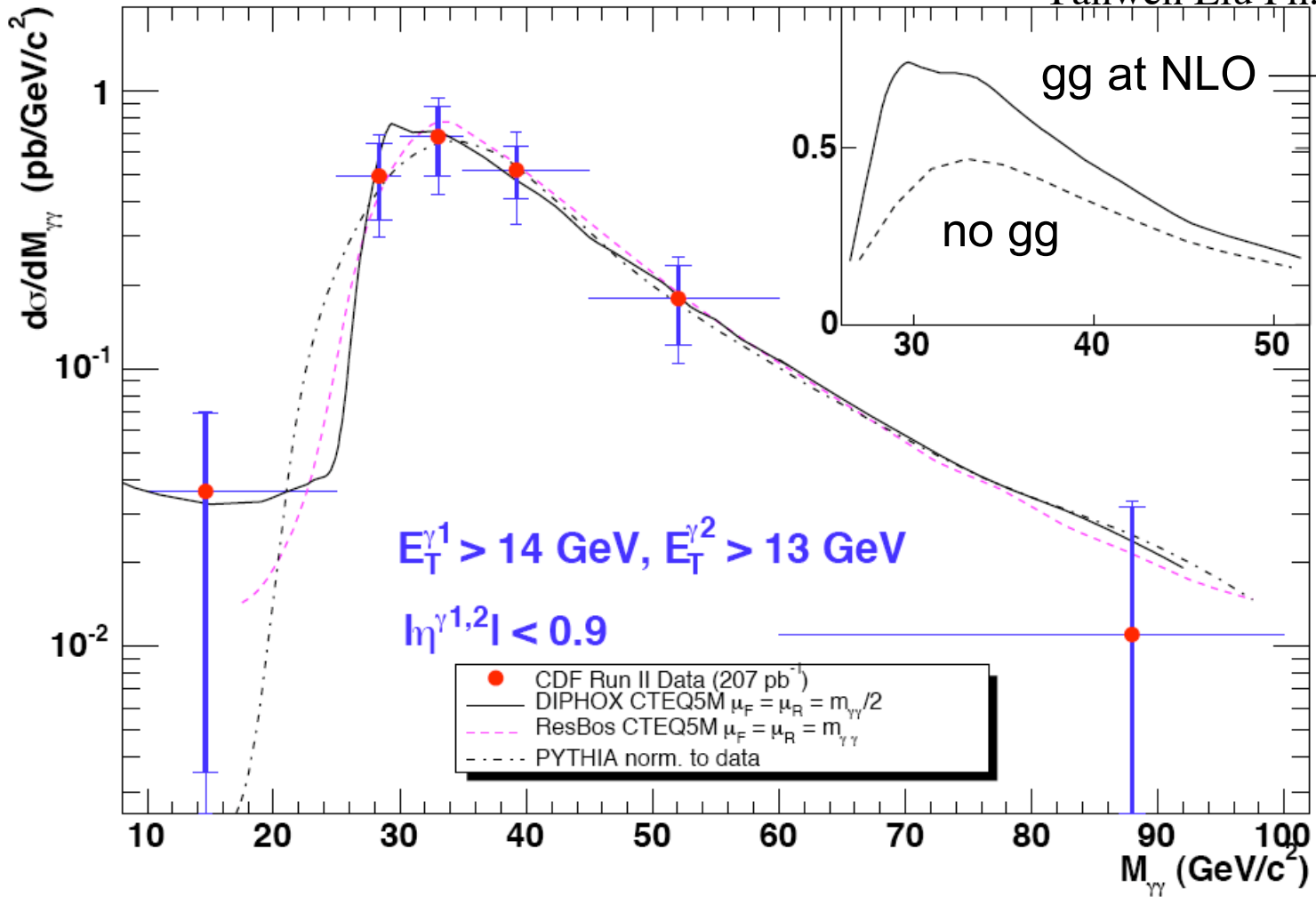
- Does LO/NLO get the SM diphoton x-sec and  $p_T$  right ?
- How accurately can we state that?
- Is that the only significant background to the Higgs search or will dijets be a big problem?
- The latter probably can't be answered by us easily, but if we look into the existing LHC work, we could probably comment on it.

e.g.) If the fake rate seems reasonable, or

Does CDF Monte Carlo predict the right fake rate?

# Diphotons in Run 2

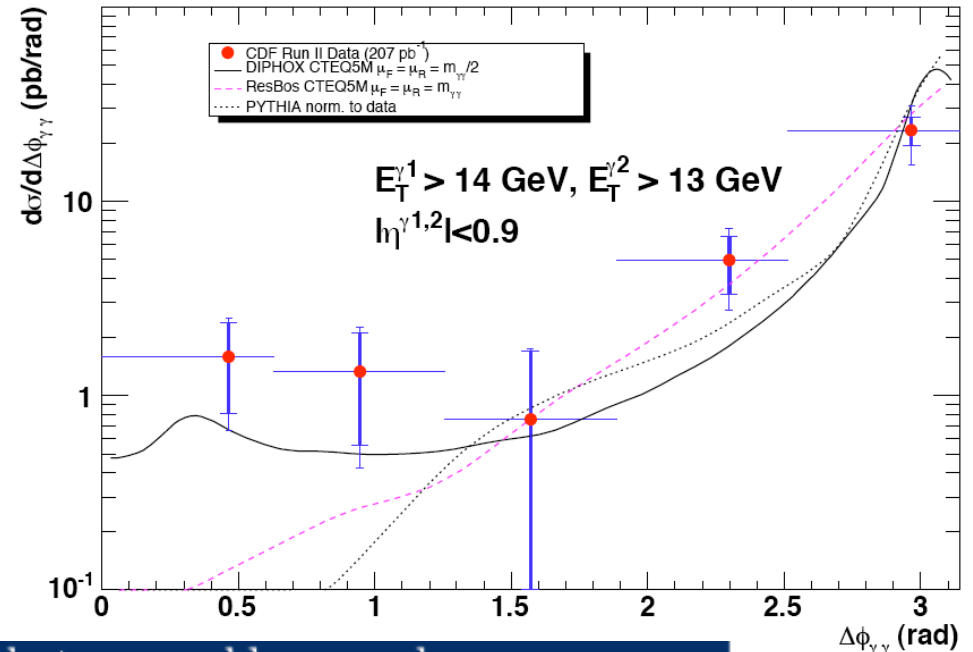
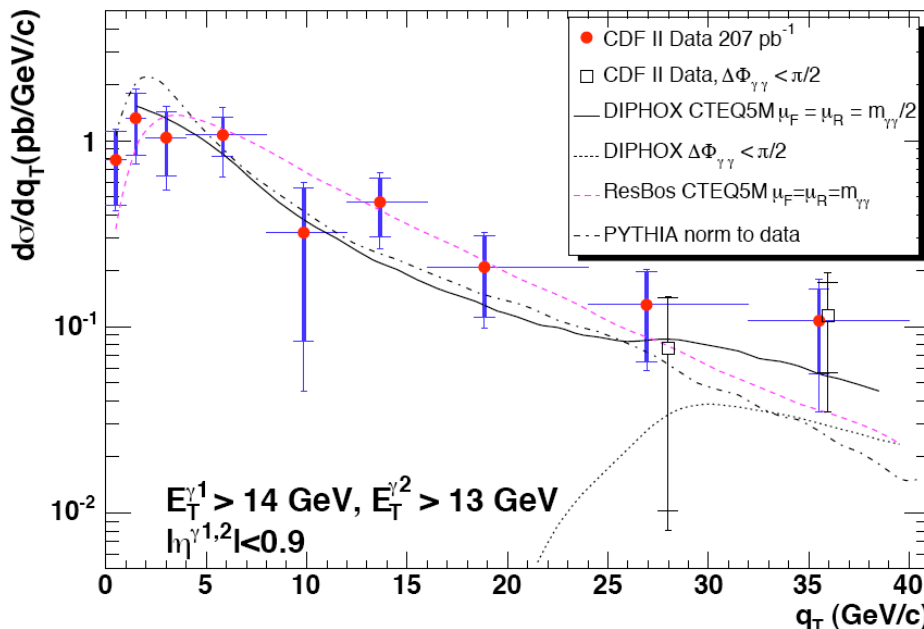
Yanwen Liu Ph.D 2004



K-factor for gg is large (100%)

# Other diphoton variables

small  $q_T$ , large  $\Delta\phi$ : effects of gluon resummation evident  
 large  $q_T$ , small  $\Delta\phi$ : NLO fragmentation important



- LO PYTHIA low by a factor  $\sim 2.0$ , but reasonable mass shape
- DIPHOX breaks down at low  $q_T$  due to singularities in NLO
- RESBOS does better at low  $q_T$  due to continuous ISR resummation
- DIPHOX shows additional source at low  $m(\gamma\gamma)$ , small  $\Delta\phi$ , and  $q_T > 30$  GeV. These are  $(qg \rightarrow gq\gamma \rightarrow g\gamma\gamma)$  where the  $q$  fragmented to a photon

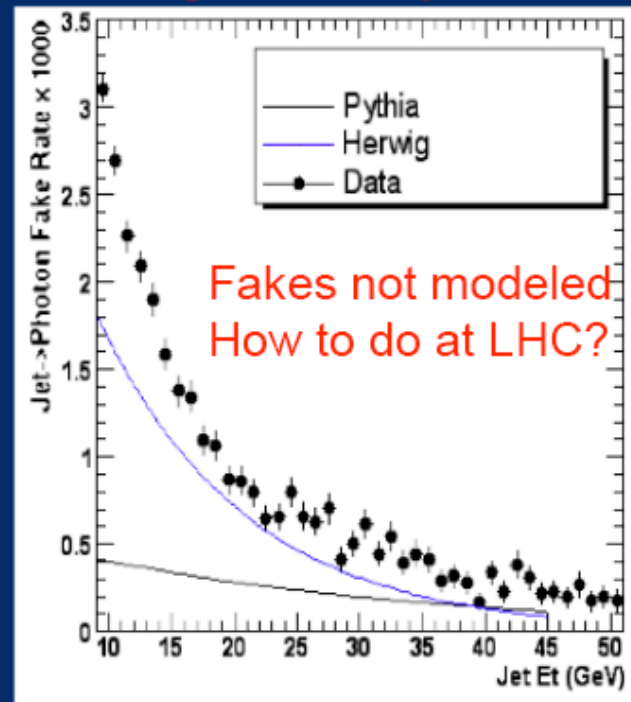
We need a full NLO resummed calculation.



## Photon Fake Rate from Data A. Nikitenko (Plenary Talk)

- Rate of jets with leading meson ( $\pi^0, \eta$ ) which cannot be distinguished from prompt photons: Depends on
  - detector capabilities, e.g. granularity of calorimeter
  - cuts!
- Systematic error about 30-80% depending on  $E_t$
- Data higher than PYTHIA and HERWIG
- PYTHIA describes data better than HERWIG

CDF (preliminary result)



At TeV  $\text{Jet} \rightarrow \gamma$  miss ID is obtained from  $\gamma$ +jet data.  
We should evaluate how does it work with LHC detectors

# Physics Landscapes



## Proposed Topics

- The  $E_T$  spectrum and *e.g.* evidence for extra dimensions.
  - inject more realism into this experimental study (and the others, too)
  - adopt Tevatron techniques for controlling *fake*  $E_T$
  - evaluate impact of jet energy scale, PDF uncertainties, instrumental backgrounds, and the underlying event
- Investigate light  $\tilde{t}_1$  and  $\tilde{b}_1$  signals at the LHC
  - is discovery feasible?
  - what triggers are needed? (recall small  $\Delta M$  case)
  - study *b* and *c*-tagging – *especially for very high energy jets*
- What is the  $Z'$  and  $W'$  reach at the LHC, for *realistic simulations*?
  - scrutinize lepton-ID, especially at high energies (calorimetry, tracking ...)
  - impact of underlying event on isolation
  - note  $W'$  search involves large  $E_T$
  - what can be done with di-jets (already quite ‘interesting’ at Tevatron)
  - verify previous background calculations

# Physics Landscapes

- advanced reconstruction of electrons which Brems
  - identify and handle asymmetric calorimeter clusters
  - this is mainly a ‘tools’ study with wide ranging applications
  - $D\bar{D}$  can investigate this directly with data
- lepto-quark and techni-color signals
  - current simulations are not very realistic
  - impact of underlying event on lepton isolation, and jet reconstruction?
  - existing techniques are based on tevatron analyses and probably are not optimal for the LHC
  - work can proceed in parallel with the Tevatron analyses



- Identify cases in which Tevatron data is essential
  - as input to theoretical calculations (models).
  - to interpret signals seen at both Tevatron and LHC
- Extend model-independent approaches like the one proposed by *Carena, Daleo, Dobrescu & Tait*
  - render Tevatron results in this formalism
  - What happens if you hypothesize an extra  $SU(2)$ , ie.,  $W$ 's ?
  - make contact with the experimental studies for  $Z'$  (above)
- Gordy Kane proposes looking at ‘patterns’ of data to select-out the best candidates models.
  - can we come up with test cases (in the spirit of the benchmark points and slopes)?
  - what kinds of ‘inclusive’ measurements make sense?

# Websites and future meetings



- TeV4LHC:  
[conferences.fnal.gov/tev4lhc/](http://conferences.fnal.gov/tev4lhc/)
- QCD
  - ◆ [www.pa.msu.edu/~huston/tev4lhc/wg.htm](http://www.pa.msu.edu/~huston/tev4lhc/wg.htm)
  - ◆ see also [www.pa.msu.edu/~huston/tevqcdwg/wg.htm](http://www.pa.msu.edu/~huston/tevqcdwg/wg.htm)
- TopEW
  - ◆ [www.hep.anl.gov/tait/tev4lhc/topew.html](http://www.hep.anl.gov/tait/tev4lhc/topew.html)
- Higgs
  - ◆ [www-clued0.fnal.gov/~iashvili/TeV4LHC\\_higgs/higgs.html](http://www-clued0.fnal.gov/~iashvili/TeV4LHC_higgs/higgs.html)
- Landscape
- Next meeting will be at Brookhaven Feb 3-5, 2005
- Follow-up meeting at CERN in late April, 2005
- Final meeting at Fermilab in the fall of 2005
- Many of the issues are in common with the HERALHC workshop, cf
- 09/17/2004• Hera4LHC: Introduction, pdfs and diffraction *Albert de Roeck* 35 min [ppt](#)
- Hera4LHC: Heavy quarks, jets and event generators *Michael Seymour* 35 min [pdf](#)

# You're all wondering, How can I enlist?

TeV4LHC

- Four listserver mailing groups have been set up:

tev4lhc-qcd

tev4lhc-higgs

tev4lhc-topew

tev4lhc-landscape

- If you would like to subscribe to the working groups, here are the instructions:
  - ◆ To subscribe to a mailing list called MYLIST
    1. Send an e-mail message to [listserv@fnal.gov](mailto:listserv@fnal.gov)
    2. Leave the subject line blank
    3. Type "SUBSCRIBE MYLIST FIRSTNAME LASTNAME" (without the quotation marks) in the body of your message.



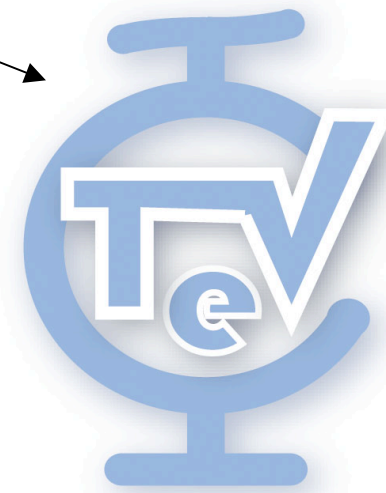
# Another workshop

TeV4LHC

- Physics at TeV Colliders

- ◆ From  $800 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  at the Tevatron to  $30 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at the LHC
- ◆ May 2-20
  - ▲ right after CERN meeting of TeV4LHC

note catchy new logo seen for the first time at CERN here



- 2 main working groups

- ◆ SM and Higgs
- ◆ BSM and Higgs modeling

