

## Planning the Phase 2 Challenges

Les Robertson December 2004

CERN – European Organisation for Nuclear Research Geneva, Switzerland

les.robertson@cern.ch



### Planning for LHC Startup

- December 2004
  - Experiment requirements and computing models published
  - -- reviewed by LHCC in January 2005
  - Develop high level plan for the ramp-up to 2007, with service and computing challenges
- First quarter 2005 Phase 2 Planning Group
  - Establish resource plans for Tier-0, Tier-1 and major Tier-2s
  - Understand the probable Tier-2/Tier-1 relationships
  - Detailed service and computing challenge plan
  - Initial plan for Tier-0/1/2 networking
- MoU Task Force prepare "final" version of the LCG MoU
  - April 2005 → C-RRB
- July 2005 Technical Design Report
  - Detailed plan for installation and commissioning the LHC computing environment



## **Service and Computing Challenges**

 Developing a plan for ramping up the services for Phase 2, linking

#### -- Service Challenges

- check out the infrastructure/service to iron out the problems before the experiments get fully involved
- schedule allows time to provide permanent fixes for problems encountered

#### -- and Experiment Computing Challenges -

- checking out the computing model and the software readiness
- not linked to data challenges
  - which should use the regular, permanent grid service



## Target Data Rates Tier-0 → Tier-1

- Simple model CERN Tier-0
  - CERN Tier-0 distributes to the Tier-1s
    - One copy of the raw data
    - n copies of the ESD

Re-calculate when new estimates available at end 2004

Using the April 2004 estimates of event sizes, trigger rates this gives a nominal data rate:

CERN → Tier-1s ~ 1.3 GBytes/sec

- The service must be capable of sustaining at least twice this nominal data rate (catch up after problem at CERN)
- This does **not** include traffic generated by processing at the Tier-1s and Tier-2s (including the CERN Tier-1/2)
- Network provisioning must be much higher



## Tier-0/Tier-1 Aggregate Data Rates (PP run)

Nominal acquisition rates from summer 2004 *MBytes/sec* 

	ALICE	ATLAS	CMS	LHCb	Total
Raw (PP)	20	320	100	20	460
ESD (PP)	2	160	50	40	252
ESD copies	1	2	6	6	
ESD total rate	2	320	300	240	862
Total (PP)	22	640	400	260	1322

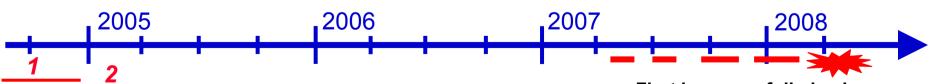


### Dec04 - Service Challenge 1

- Basic high performance data transfer 2 weeks sustained
- CERN + 3 Tier-1s (FNAL, NIKHEF, Lyon)
- Target 500 MB/sec disk-disk between CERN and Tier-1s
  - Aggregate and individually

### Mar05 - Service Challenge 2

- Reliable file transfer service
- CERN + ≥ 5 sites
- Target 500 MB/sec mass store (disk) mass store (disk)
- 1 month sustained



First beams - full physics run

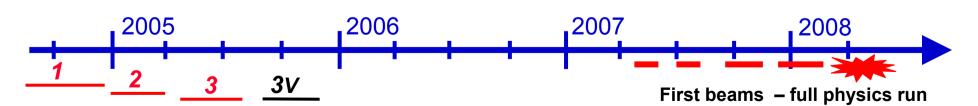


### Jul05 - Service Challenge 3

- Tier-0/Tier-1 base service
  - acquisition reconstruction recording distribution
  - canned applications, real data
- CERN + ≥ 5 Tier-1s
- 300 MB/sec. mass store (disk + tape)
- sustained 1 month
- ~5 Tier-2 centres at lower bandwidth

### Preparation for --

Tier-0/1 model verification - two experiments concurrently at ~50% of nominal data rate





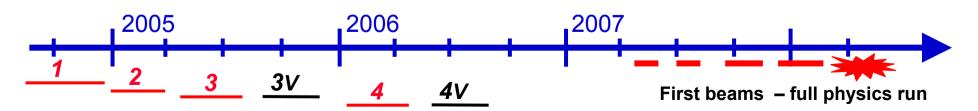
### Apr06 - Service Challenge 4

- Tier-0, ALL Tier-1s, major Tier-2s operational at full target data rates (~1.2 GB/sec at Tier-0)
- acquisition reconstruction recording distribution,
  PLUS ESD skimming, servicing Tier-2s

### Preparation for ..

Tier-0/1/2 full model test - All experiments

- 100% nominal data rate, with processing load scaled to 2006 cpus
- sustained 1 month





### Nov06 - Service Challenge 5

- Infrastructure Ready at ALL Tier-1s, selected Tier-2s
- Tier 0/1/2 operation sustained 1 month
- twice target data rates (~ 2.5 GB/sec at Tier-0)

### Preparation for ..

Feb07 - ATLAS + CMS + LHCb + ALICE (proton mode)

- Tier-0/1/2 100% full model test

