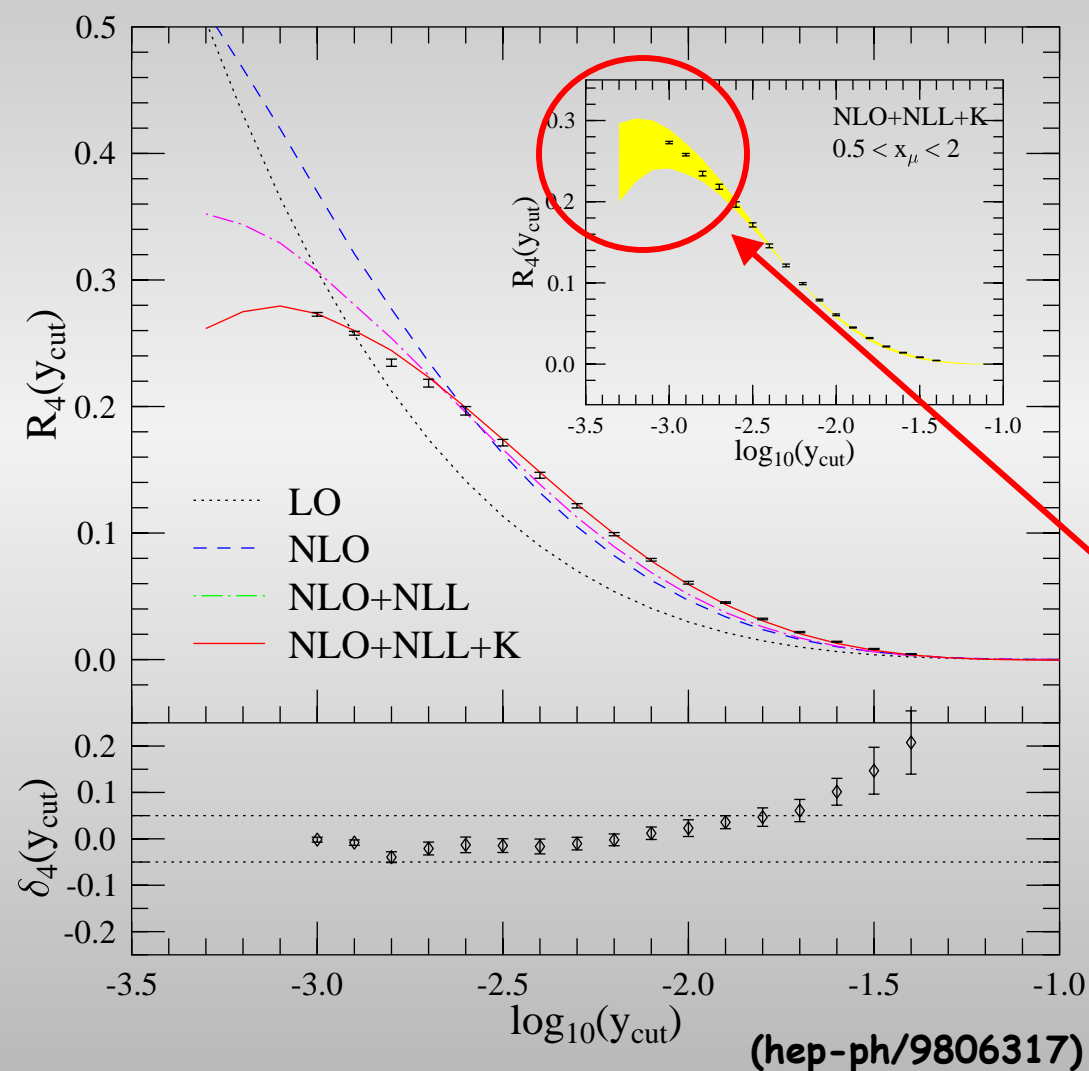


# Update on 4-Jet Analysis

- PN527 finished for summer conferences 2004
- remaining open questions:
  - fit range
  - combination of energy points
  - include other 4-Jet sensitive event shapes
    - Thrust-Minor
    - D-Parameter
- prepare paper draft and publish
- investigation of BZ-angle distribution

# Fit Range

Durham algorithm



ALEPH has smaller  
systematic error  
compared to OPAL  
➤ Fit range

reduced fit  
range, starting at  
higher  $y_{\text{cut}}$  values  
decreases  
sensitivity to  $x_\mu$

# Fit Range

- fit range now determined by sensitivity on  $x_\mu$  and hadronisation correction
- smaller fit range  $\rightarrow$  (slightly) larger statistical error
- looser requirement for size of detector correction
  - at LEP2 WW BG can be large ( $>$  factor 2)
  - WW BG evaluated in great detail in systematic error
- additional systematic error by varying fit range by  $\pm 1$  bin
  - average change using 50 MC sub samples
  - small additional contribution

old fit range: 0.001-0.178 (LEP1) ; 0.0004-0.0072 (LEP2)  
new Fitrange: 0.024-0.042(LEP1) ; 0.0013-0.0072(LEP2)

# Combination of $\alpha_s$

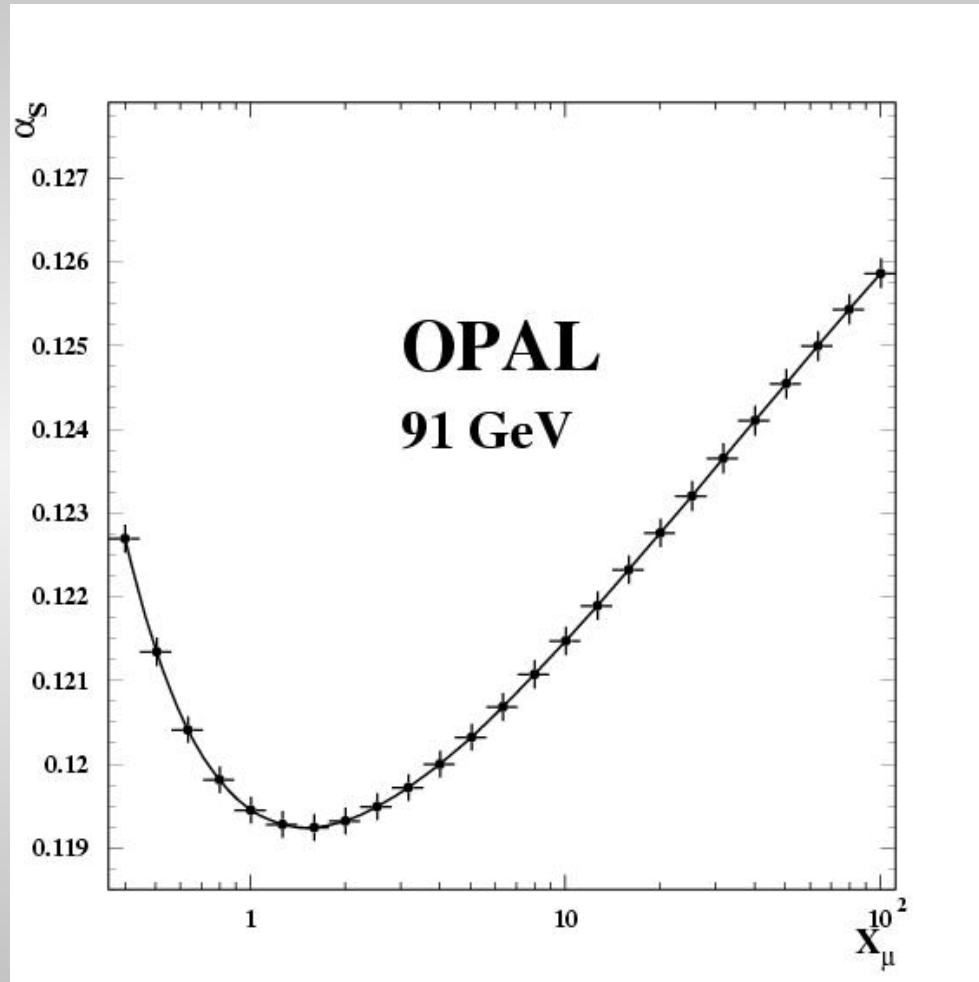
in PN527:

- combination of  $\alpha_s$  within energy point using luminosity weighted average
- combination to single  $\alpha_s$  with LEP QCD WG method
- not really coherent

**NOW:**

- LEP QCD WG method for all combinations
- minor changes

# $x_\mu$ dependence on $\alpha_s$



ALEPH determines  $\alpha_s$   
with  $x_\mu$  free

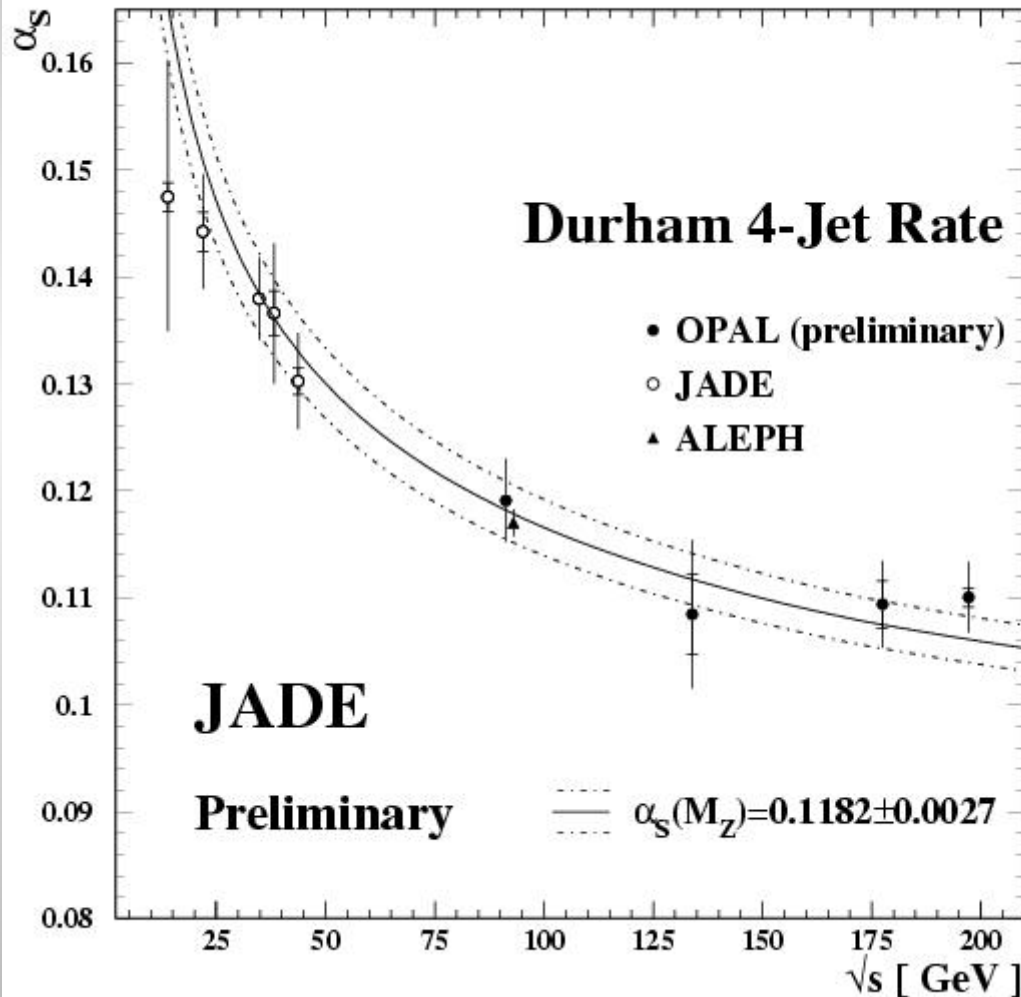
- $x_\mu$  around 0.7

ALEPH, 0.6 OPAL

- determine  $\alpha_s$   
dependence on  $x_\mu$
- scale  $x_\mu$  at minimum

➤ small scale error

# Evolution of $\alpha_s$



New combined value:  
 $0.1193 \pm 0.0021$

(dominated by  
LEP1 ~90%)

old:  $0.1208 \pm 0.0038$

**ALEPH** :  $0.1170 \pm 0.0013$

NLO+NLLA,  $x_\mu$  free

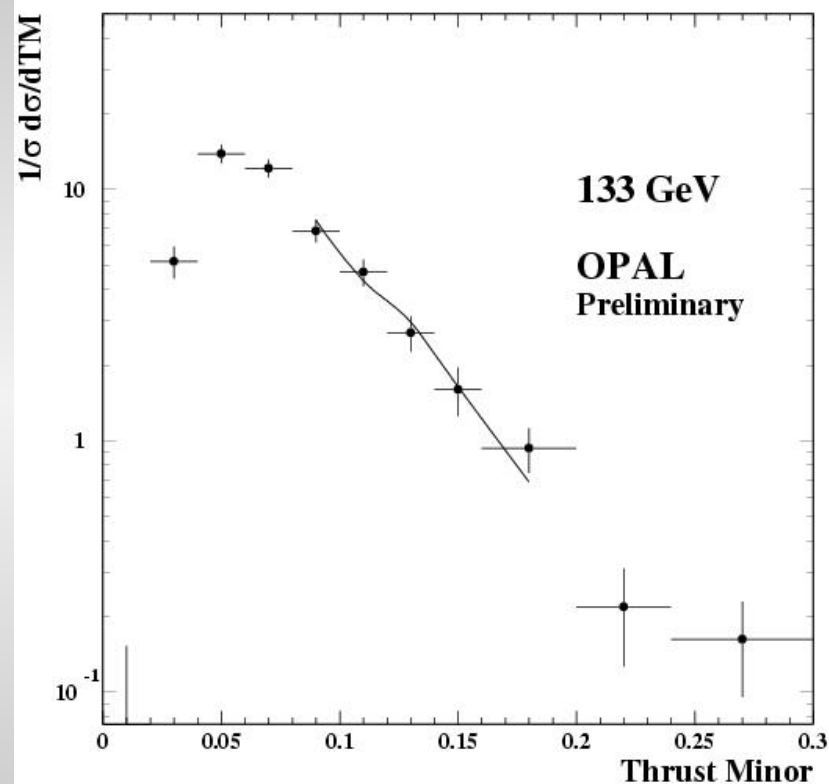
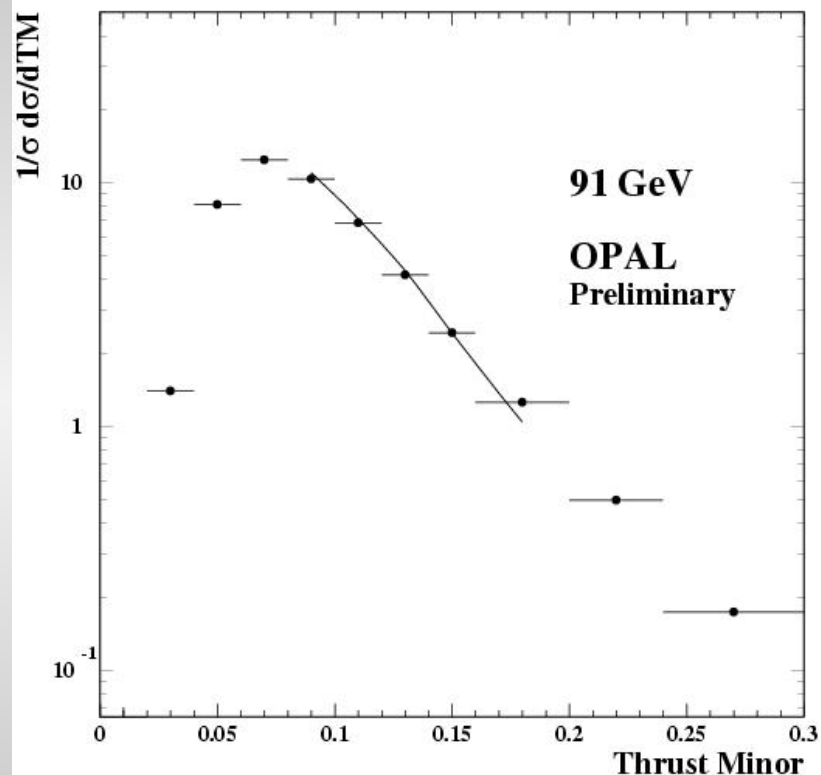
**DELPHI**:  $0.1175 \pm 0.0030$

NLO,  $x_\mu$  free ~0.01

# Additional 4-Jet Observables

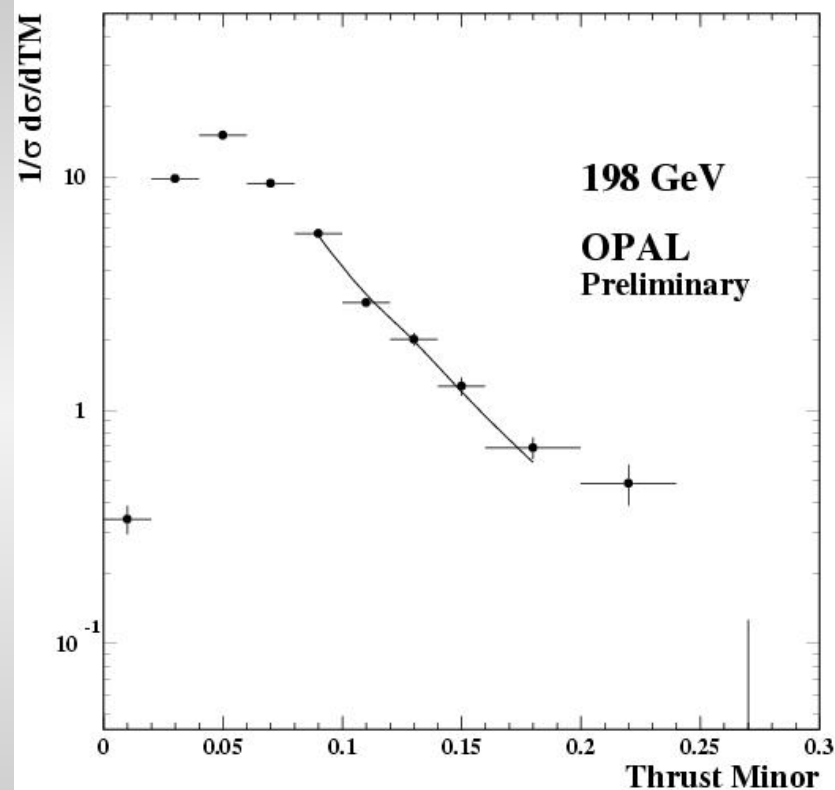
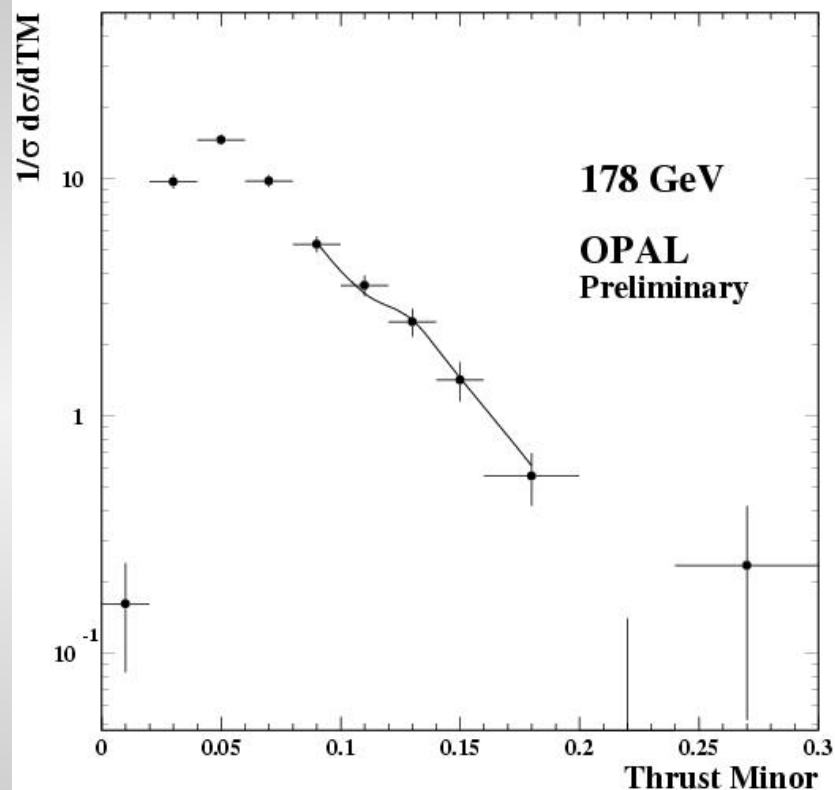
- investigate further 4-jet observable
  - Thrust-Minor and D-Parameter
- only NLO prediction available, no NLLA
- perform fit with  $x_\mu$  as free parameter
  - take  $0.5 * x_\mu^{\min}$  and  $2.0 * x_\mu^{\min}$  as systematic scale uncertainty
- perform fit with  $x_\mu$  set to 1

# Thrust-Minor



Fit looks OK

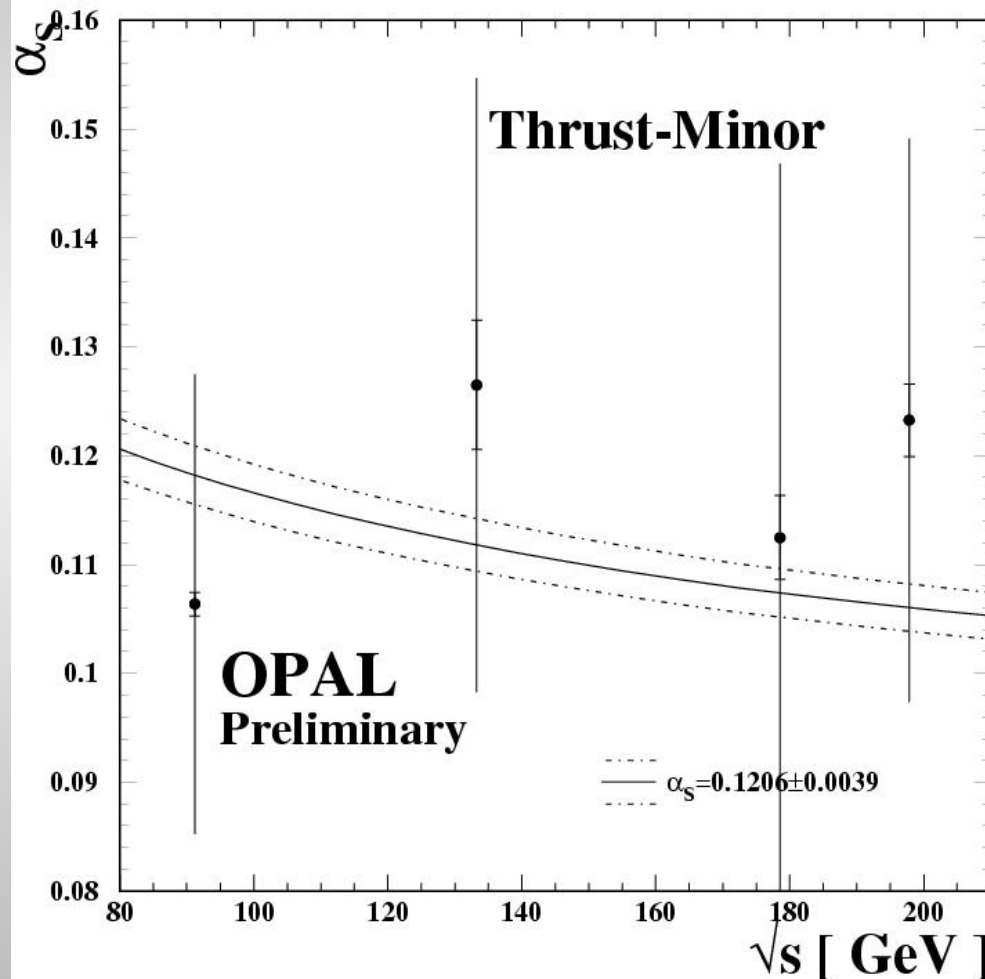
# Thrust-Minor



Fit looks OK

large uncertainties from scale dependence

# Thrust-Minor

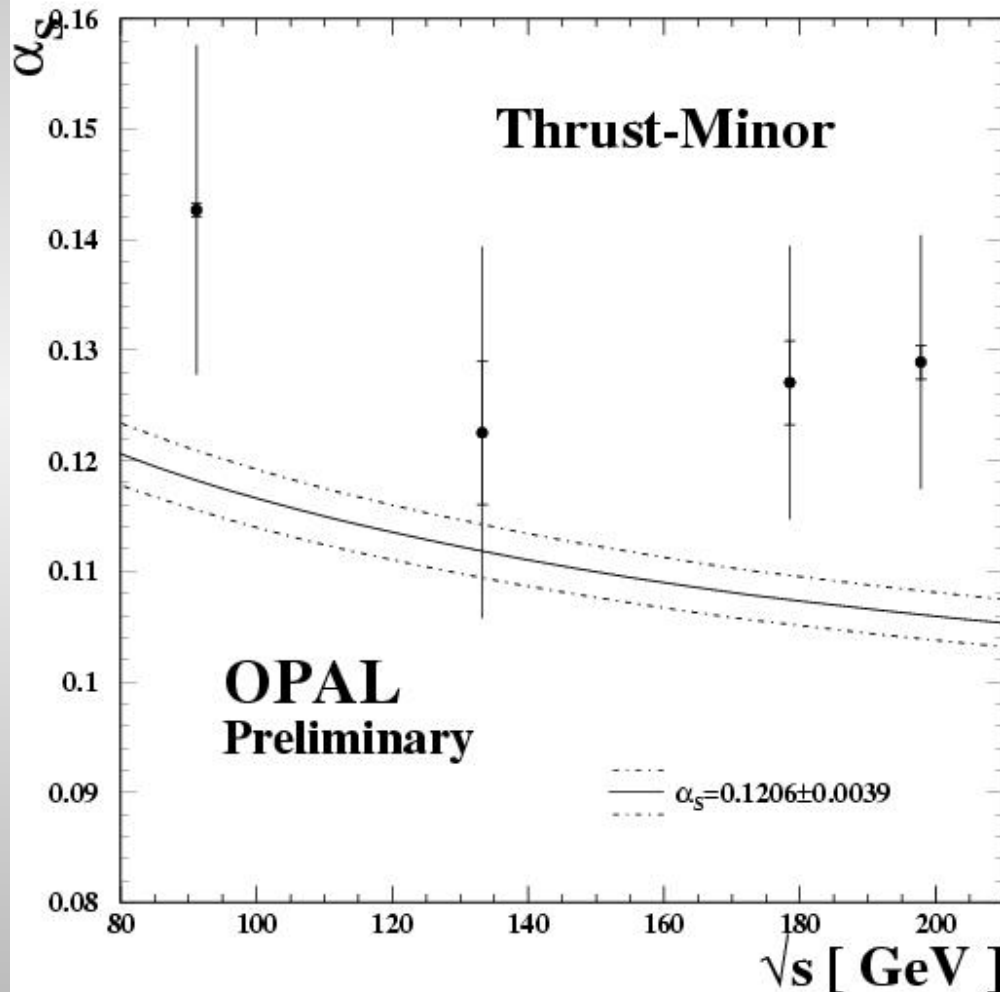


little sensitivity on  $\alpha_s$

combined:  
 $\alpha_s = 0.1129 \pm 0.0232$

NOTE: large error

# Thrust-Minor



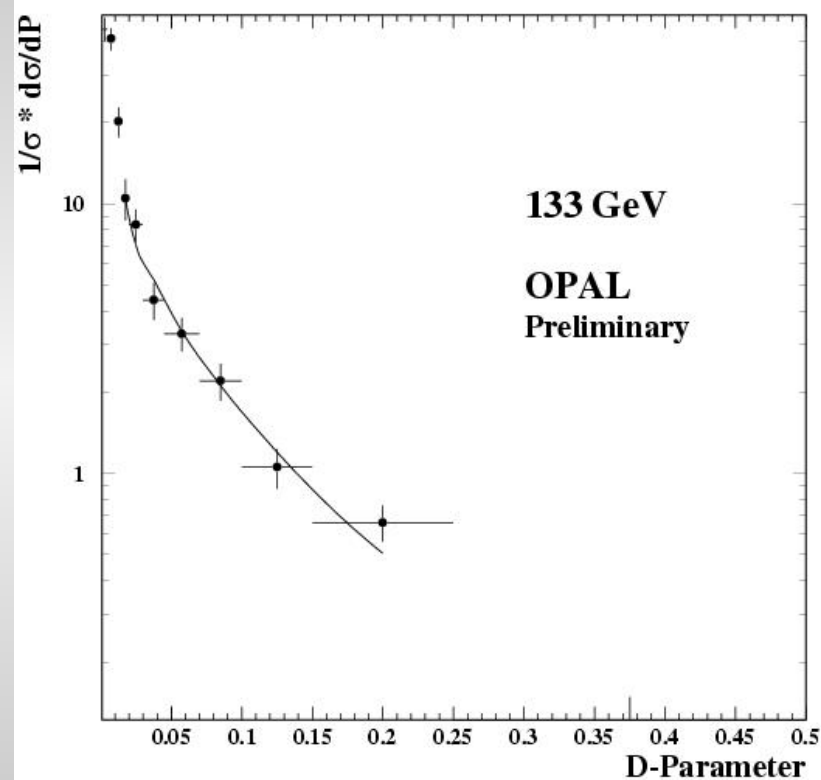
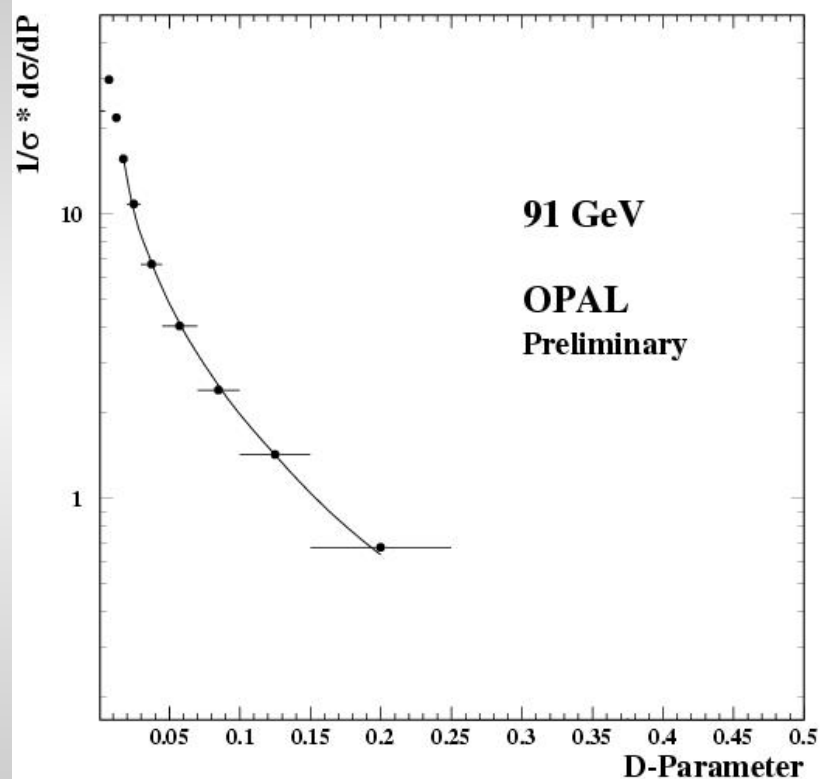
scale set to  $x_\mu=1$

combined:

$$\alpha_s = 0.1452 \pm 0.0164$$

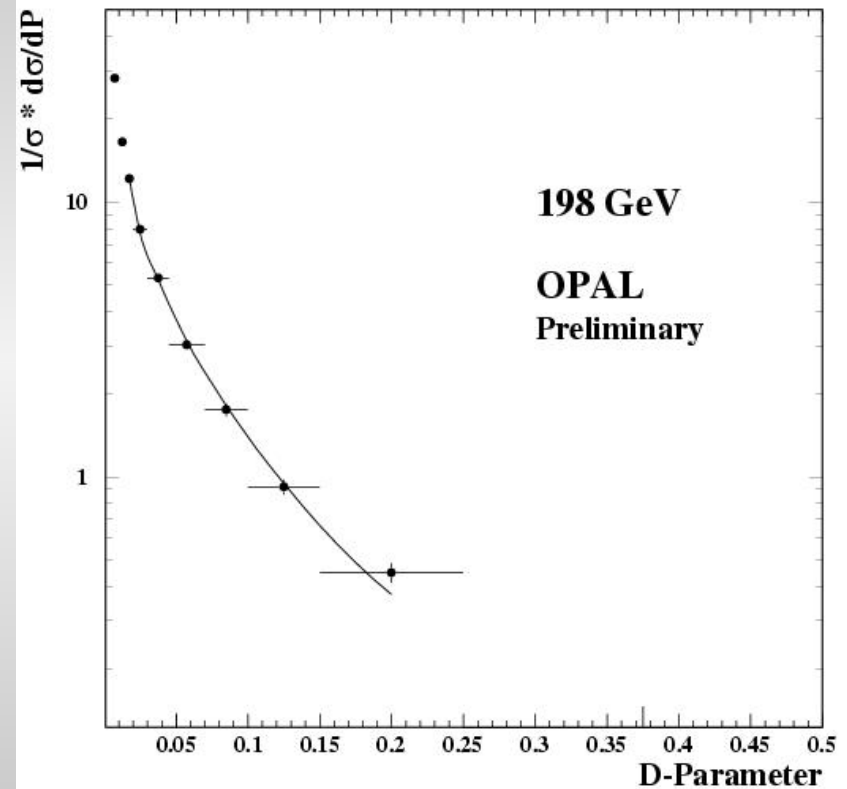
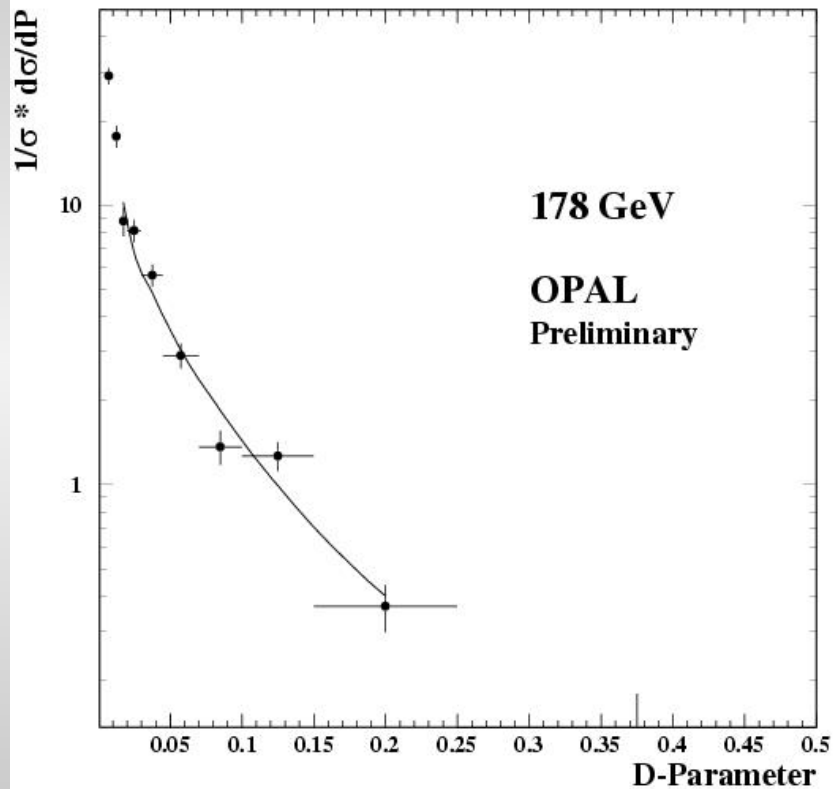
(1.6  $\sigma$  from  $R_4$  value)

# D-Parameter



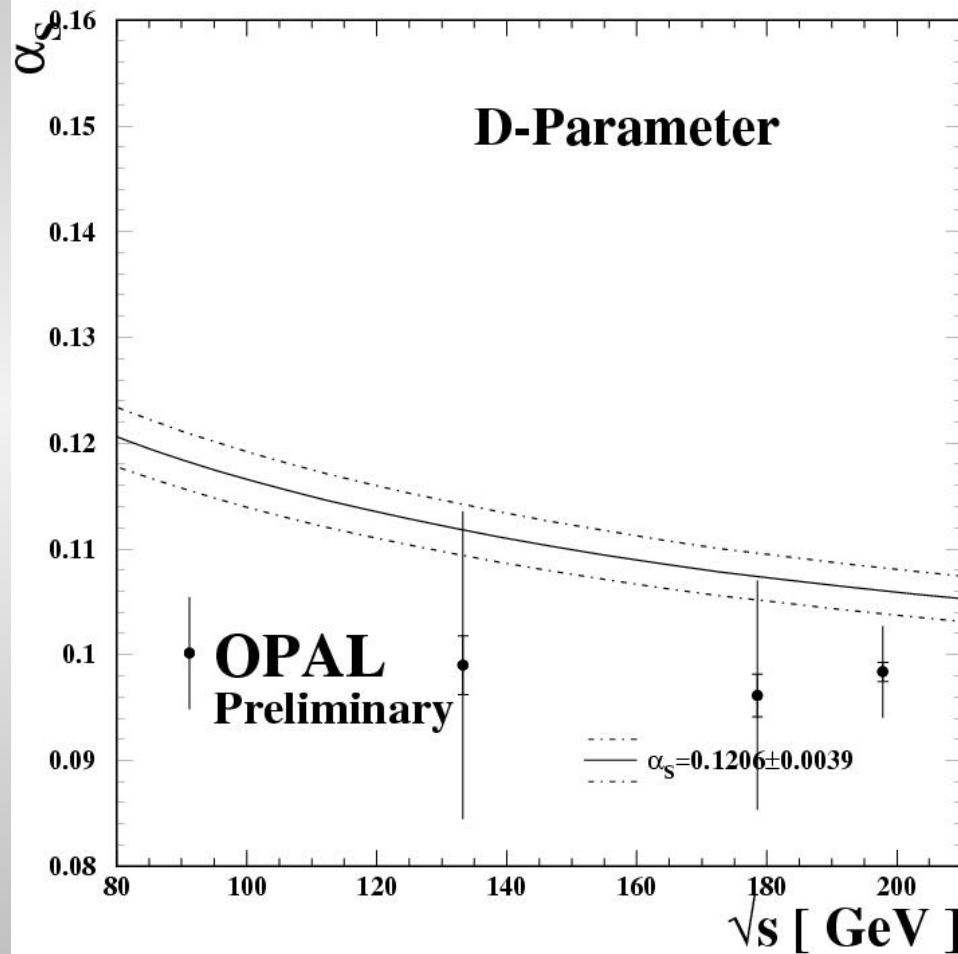
Fit looks OK

# D-Parameter



Fit looks OK

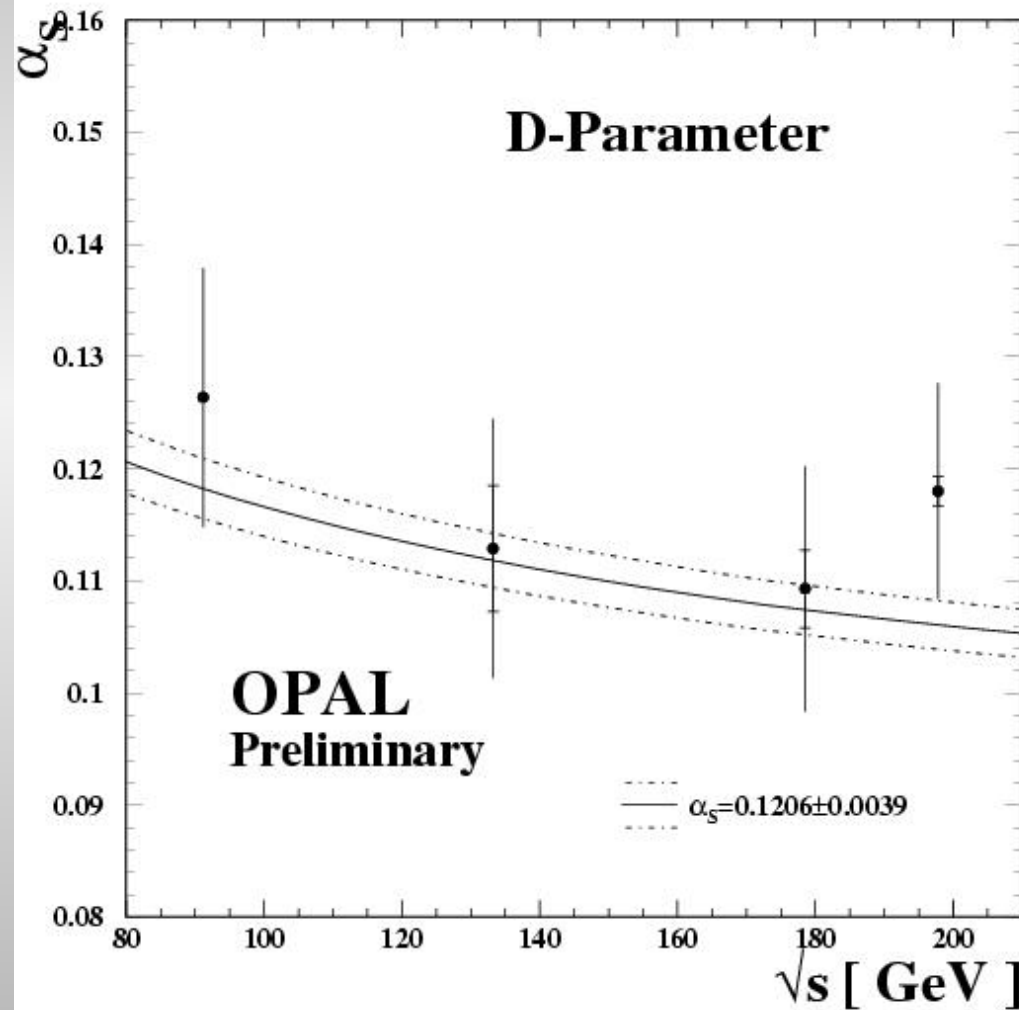
# D-Parameter



combined:  
 $\alpha_s = 0.1048 \pm 0.0047$   
(3.1  $\sigma$  from  $R_4$  value)

syst. error from  
scale uncertainty  
underestimated

# D-Parameter



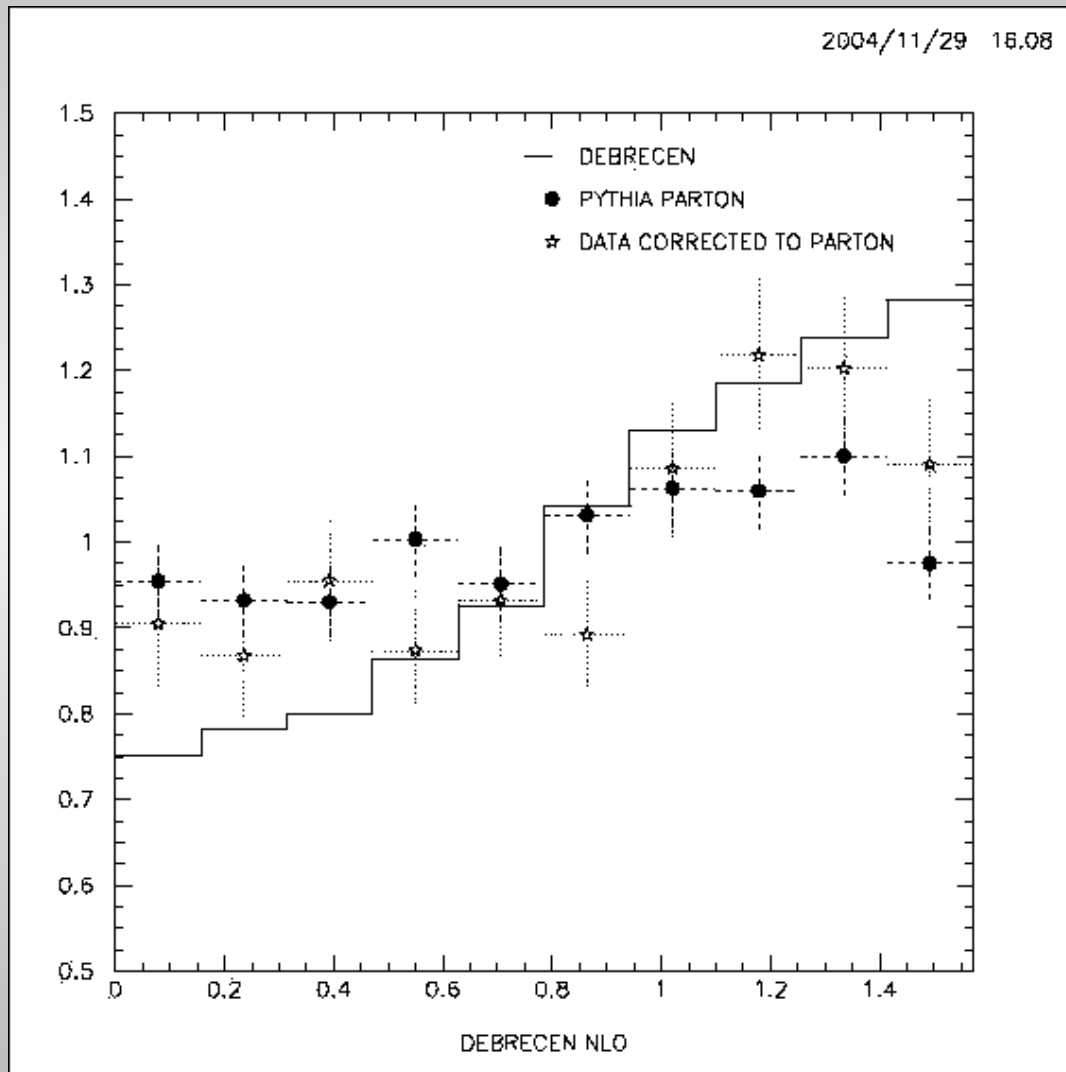
scale set to  $x_\mu = 1$

combined:  
 $\alpha_S = 0.1298 \pm 0.0125$

# Investigations of BZ-Angle

- simulate Bengston-Zerwas Angle distribution using debrecen event generator
  - following cuts are applied:
    - $Y_{34} > 0.012$
    - $Y_{45} < 0.006$
    - $\cos \theta_{12}$  and  $\cos \theta_{34} < 160^\circ$
- cuts also applied on Pythia MC
  - at detector, hadron and parton level
  - calculate corrections
- cuts also applied on data
  - correct for detector and hadronisation
  - compare with Pythia and debrecen prediction

# Investigations of BZ-Angle

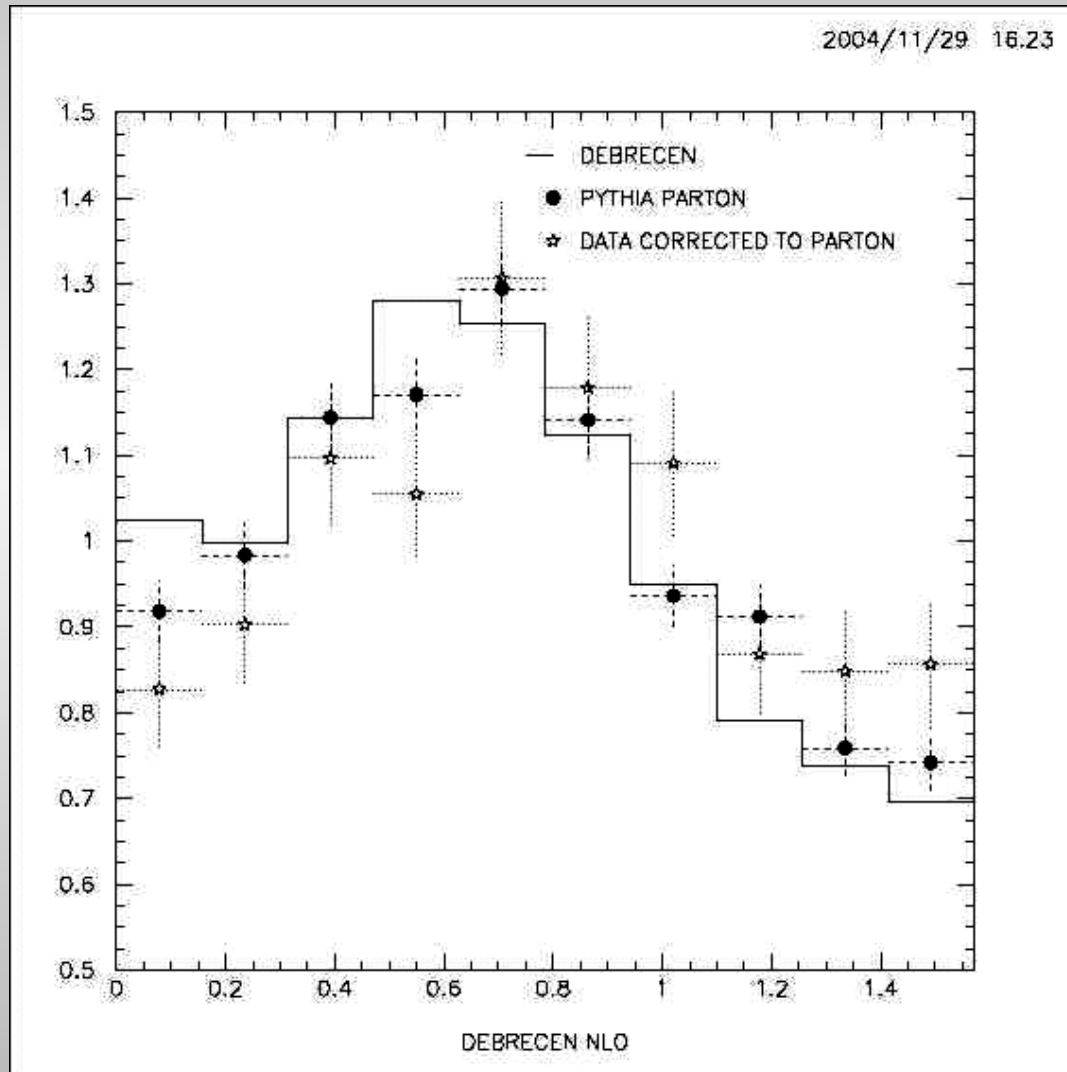


invariant mass of  
two least energetic  
jets < 20 GeV

$$\left( \frac{(\text{debrecen-Pythia})}{\sigma} \right)^2 = 12.3$$

$$\left( \frac{(\text{debrecen-Data})}{\sigma} \right)^2 = 1.99$$

# Investigations of BZ-Angle



invariant mass of  
two least energetic  
jets > 20 GeV

$$\left( \frac{(\text{debrecen-Pythia})}{\sigma} \right)^2 = 1.19$$

$$\left( \frac{(\text{debrecen-Data})}{\sigma} \right)^2 = 2.42$$

# Investigation of BZ-Angle

## Comment:

- selection of  $qqqq$  and  $qqgg$  events in debrecen not possible (color factors?  $C_A / C_F$  separation)
- QCD ntuple from the  $R_4$  analysis used, information on  $qqqq/qqgg$  lost
- variable  $m_3+m_4$  not possible in debrecen since particles are massless
- further investigation, in particular to repeat Analysis, would require big effort

# Conclusion

- four-jet rate analysis refined  
smaller fit range leading to a smaller error  
final value:  $0.1193 \pm 0.0021$   
evaluate  $x_\mu$  dependence
- conversion of the PN in paper soon
- analysis of Thrust-Minor and D-Parameter
  - no coherent picture
  - include in publication
  - take  $R_4$  results with a grain of salt...
- differences between Debrecen and Pythia parton shower model seen for certain phase space cuts