

Middleware components in EGEE David Fergusson NeSC Training team dfmac@nesc.ac.uk

www.eu-egee.org

http://egee-intranet.web.cern.ch







This presentation includes slides and information from many sources:

- Roberto Barbera (Slides on middleware are based on presentations given in Edinburgh, April 2004)
- Frederic Hemmer & Erwin Laure (JRA1)
- Other colleagues in EGEE
- The European DataGrid training team
- Authors of the LCG-2 User Guide v. 2.0 : Antonio Delgado Peris, Patricia Méndez Lorenzo, Flavia Donno, Andrea Sciabà, Simone Campana, Roberto Santinelli https://edms.cern.ch/file/454439//LCG-2-UserGuide.html
- Additional slides and preparation by Mike Mineter



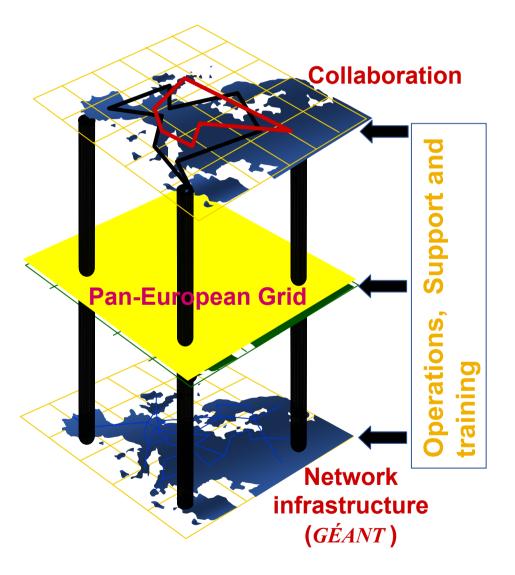
Outline

- Overview
- Major components
 - Information services
 - Data management
- Lifecycle of a job
- Summary



CGCC Towards a European e-Infrastructure

- To underpin European science and technology in the service of society
- To link with and build on
 - National, regional and international initiatives
 - Emerging technologies (e.g. fibre optic networks)
- To foster international cooperation
 - both in the creation and the use of the e-infrastructure

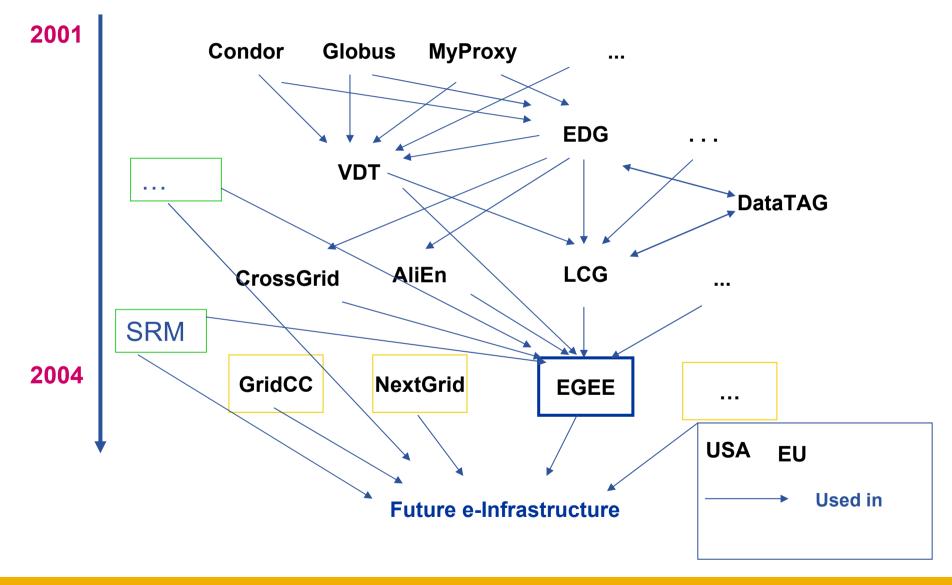




- Local cluster always faster (speed of light)
 - Is there always a local cluster? hospitals
 - Cost of local cluster vs on-demand access
 - Adequate local cluster (capacity)?
- Clinical collaboration
- Future data growth (Clinical decision support)
 - Individual patient data :
 - Scans
 - Individual genetics
 - Family history
 - Proteomic profiles
- A cluster is fine for prototyping but not adequate for fully distributed real world solutions

- eg. Pharma companies moving to leverage global systems





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Virtual Data Toolkit

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- http://www.cs.wisc.edu/vdt/
- Condor Group
 - Condor/Condor-G
 - DAGMan
 - Fault Tolerant Shell
 - ClassAds

Globus Alliance

- Job submission (GRAM)
- Information service (MDS)
- Data transfer (GridFTP)
- Replica Location (RLS)

• EDG & LCG

- Make Gridmap
- Certificate Revocation List Updater
- GLUE Schema

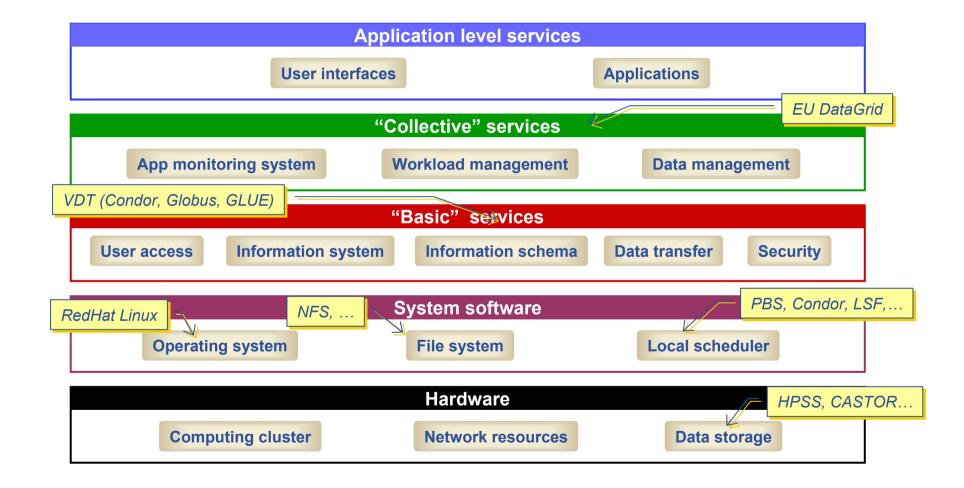
• ISI & UC

- Chimera & Pegasus
- NCSA
 - MyProxy
 - GSI OpenSSH
 - UberFTP
- LBL
 - PyGlobus
 - Netlogger
- Caltech
 - MonaLisa
- VDT
 - VDT System Profiler
 - Configuration software
- Others
 - KX509 (U. Mich.)



Current production mware: LCG-2

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

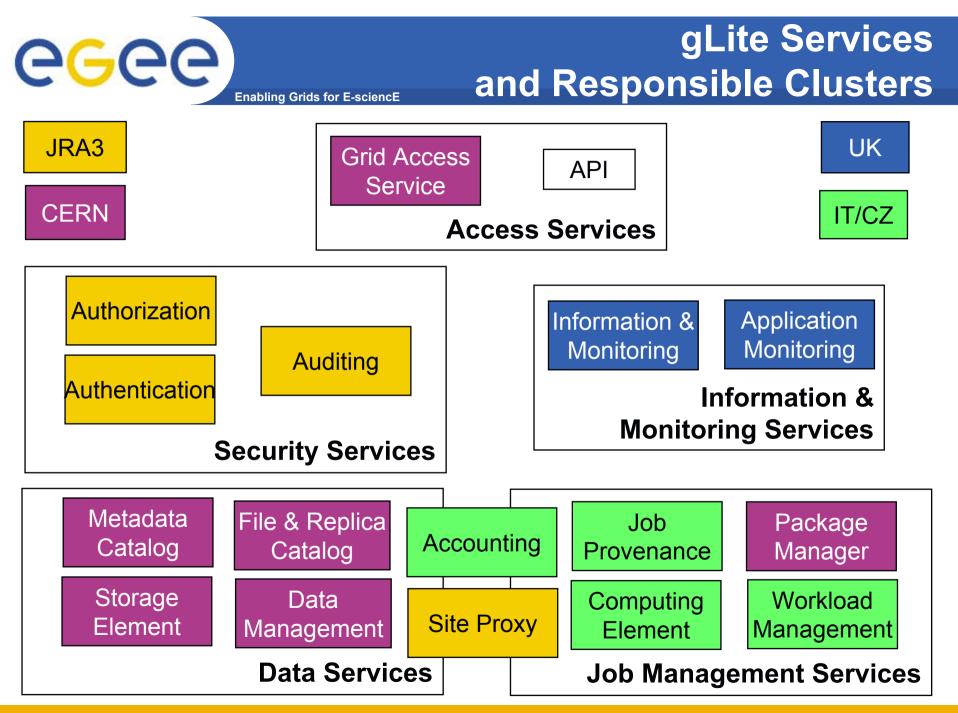


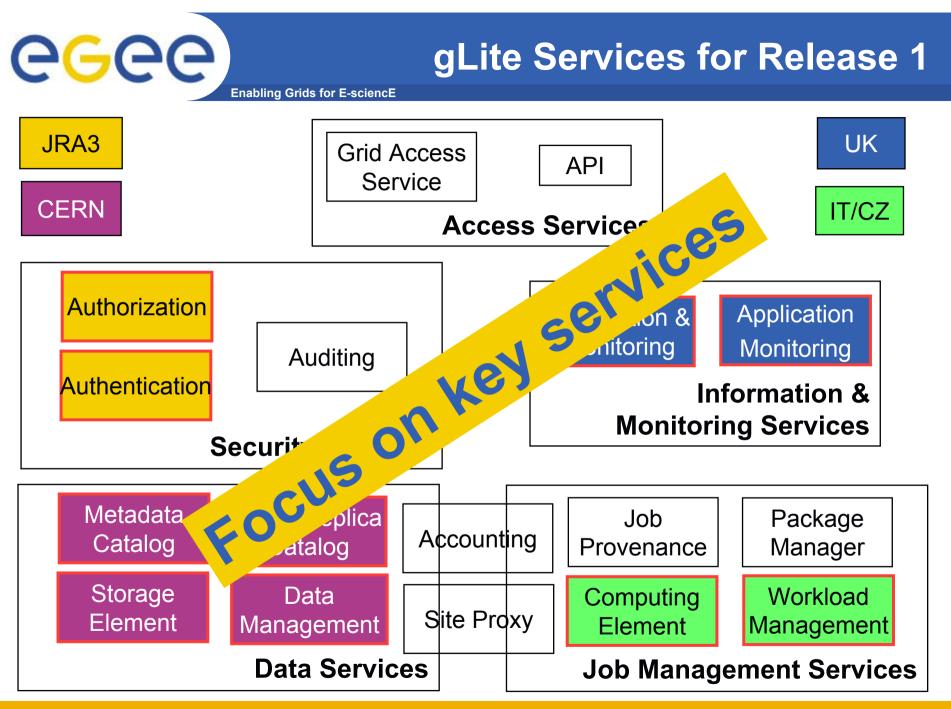




Web services based service architecture









gLite Services for Release 1 Software stack and origin (simplified)

- Computing Element
 - Gatekeeper (Globus)
 - Condor-C (Condor)
 - CE Monitor (EGEE)
 - Local batch system (PBS, LSF, Condor)
- Workload Management
 - WMS (EDG)
 - Logging and bookkeeping (EDG)
 - Condor-C (Condor)
- Storage Element
 - File Transfer/Placement (EGEE)
 - glite-I/O (AliEn)
 - GridFTP (Globus)
 - SRM: Castor (CERN), dCache (FNAL, DESY), other SRMs

- Catalog
 - File and Replica Catalog (EGEE)
 - Metadata Catalog (EGEE)
- Information and Monitoring
 - R-GMA (EDG)
- Security
 - VOMS (DataTAG, EDG)
 - GSI (Globus)
 - Authentication for C and Java based (web) services (EDG)



Main Differences to LCG-2

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- Workload Management System works in push and pull mode
- Computing Element moving towards a VO based scheduler guarding the jobs of the VO (reduces load on GRAM)
- Distributed and re-factored file & replica catalogs
- Secure catalogs (based on user DN; VOMS certificates being integrated)
- Scheduled data transfers
- SRM based storage
- Information Services: R-GMA with improved API and registry replication
- Prototypes of additional services
 - Grid Access Service (GAS)
 - Package manager
 - DGAS based accounting system
 - Job provenance service
- Move towards Web Services





Outline

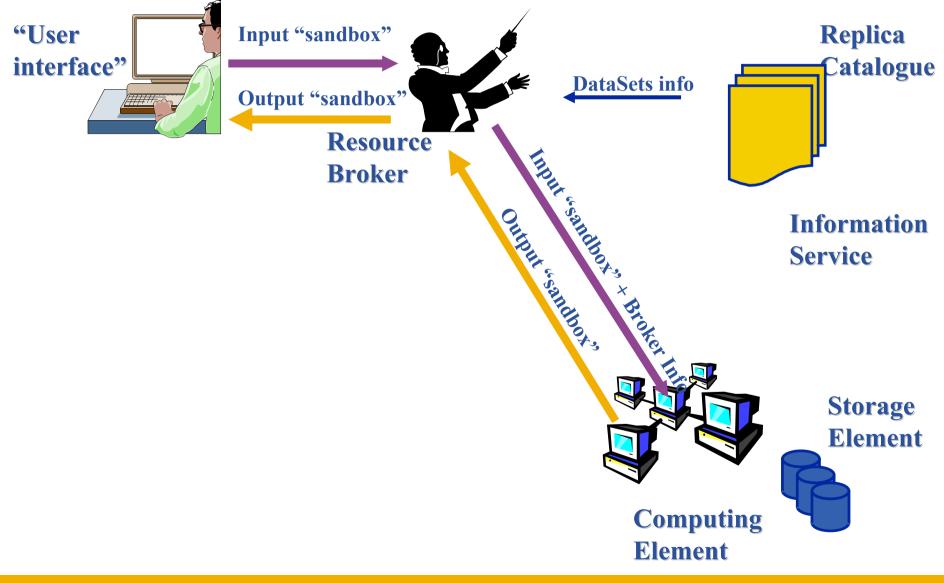
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Major components

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



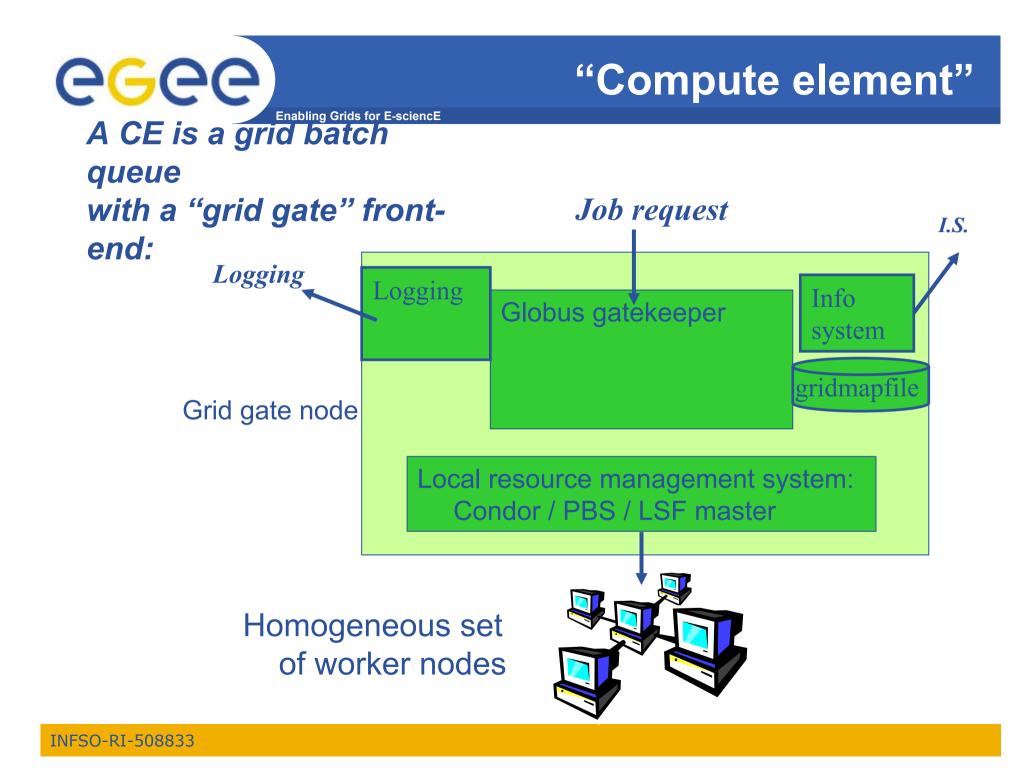


User Interface node

- The user's interface to the Grid
- Command-line interface to
 - Proxy server
 - Job operations
 - To submit a job
 - Monitor its status
 - Retrieve output
 - Data operations
 - Upload file to SE
 - Access file
 - ...
 - Other grid services
- Also C++ and Java APIs

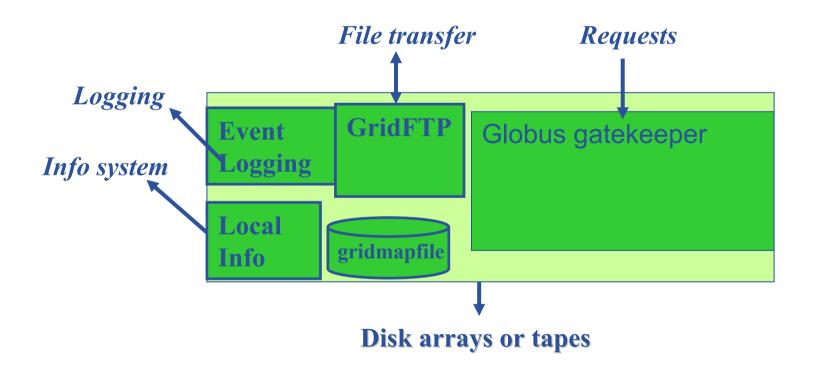


 To run a job user creates a JDL (Job Description Language) file





• Storage elements hold files: write once, read many





Distributed scheduling

- multiple UI's where you submit your job
- multiple RB's from where the job is sent to a CE
- multiple CE's where the job can be put in a queuing system
- Distributed resource management
 - multiple information systems that monitor the state of the grid
 - Information from SE, CE, sites



Resource Broker nodes

- Enabling Grids for E-sciencE
- Run the Workload Management System
 - To accept job submissions
 - Dispatch jobs to appropriate Compute Element (CE)
 - Allow users
 - To get information about their status
 - To retrieve their output
- A configuration file on each UI node determines which RB node(s) will be used
- When a user submits a job, JDL options are to:
 - Specify CE
 - Allow RB to choose CE (using optional tags to define requirements)
 - Specify SE (then RB finds "nearest" appropriate CE, after interrogating Replica Location Service)





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- Who did what when??
- What's happening to my job?
- Usually runs on Resource Broker node
- See LCG-2 user guide for a bit more on this



Accounting

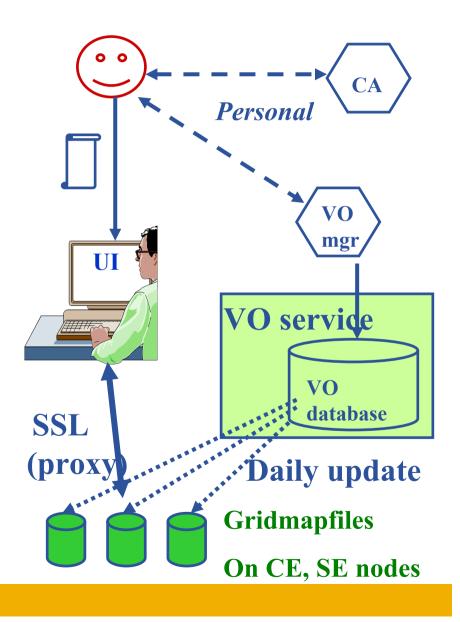
SE & CE info **Job Submit Even** Author. 109.54.11.5. Job Query &Authen. Publish Logging & **Book-keeping Job Status**

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Authentication, Authorisation

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- Authentication
 - User obtains certificate from CA
 - Connects to UI by ssh
 - Downloads certificate
 - Invokes Proxy server
 - Single logon to UI then
 Secure Socket Layer with
 proxy identifies user to
 other nodes
- Authorisation currently
 - User joins Virtual Organisation
 - VO negotiates access to Grid nodes and resources (CE, SE)
 - Authorisation tested by CE, SE:
 - gridmapfile maps user to local account





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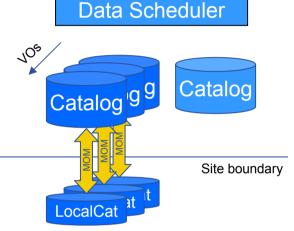
Data Management Services

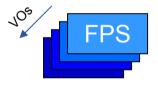
Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

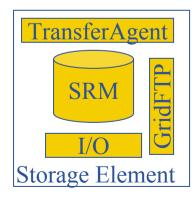
- Efficient and reliable data storage, movement, and retrieval on the infrastructure
- Storage Element

GGGGG

- Reliable file storage (SRM based storage systems)
- Posix-like file access (gLite I/O)
- Transfer (gridFTP)
- File and Replica Catalog
 - Resolves logical filenames (LFN) to physical location of files (URL understood by SRM) and storage elements
 - Hierarchical File system like view in LFN space
 - Single catalog or distributed catalog (*under development*) deployment possibilities
- File Transfer and Placement Service
 - Reliable file transfer and transactional interactions with catalogs
- Data Scheduler
 - Scheduled data transfer in the same spirit as jobs are being scheduled taking into account e.g. network characteristics (collaboration with JRA4)
 - Under development
- Metadata Catalog
 - Limited metadata can be attached to the File and Replica Catalog
 - Interface to application specific catalogs have been defined







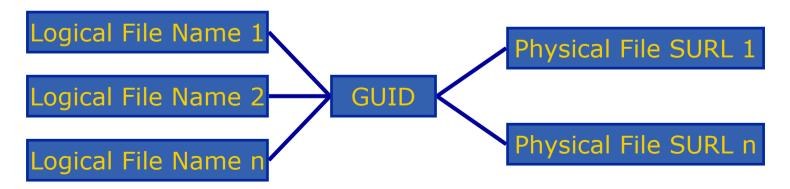


- User data: generally file-oriented (some RDBMS exceptions exist)
- Small files: On UI; passed to/from CE via sandbox
- Large files: require SE
 - Replica files on different SEs
 - Fault tolerance
 - Performance:
 - run job on CE "close" to data
 - share load on SE
 - Replica Catalogue what replicas exist for a file?
 - Replica Location Service where are they?



Naming Conventions

- –Logical File Name (LFN)
 - An alias created by a user to refer to some item of data e.g. "Ifn:cms/20030203/run2/track1"
- -Site URL (SURL) (or Physical File Name (PFN))
 - The location of an actual piece of data on a storage system e.g. "srm://pcrd24.cern.ch/flatfiles/cms/output10_1"
- -Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
 - A non-human readable unique identifier for an item of data e.g. "guid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6"





File Catalogs in LCG

- File catalogs in LCG:
 - They keep track of the location of copies (replicas) of Grid files
 - The DM tools and APIs and the WMS interact with them

EDG's Replica Location Service (RLS)

- Catalogs in use in LCG-2
- Replica Metadata Catalog (RMC) + Local Replica Catalog (LRC)
- Some performance problems detected during Data Challenges

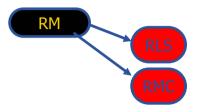
New LCG File Catalog (LFC)

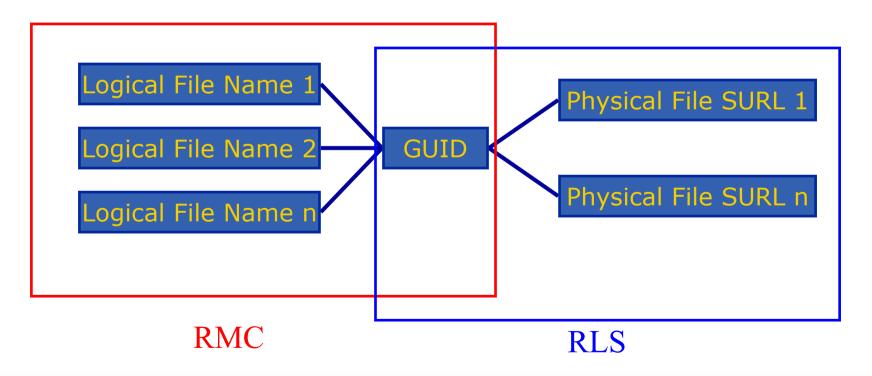
- In production in next LCG release; deployment in January 2005
- Coexistence with RLS; migration tools provided
- Accessible by defining: \$LCG_CATALOG_TYPE=Ifc and \$LFC_HOST
- Better performance and scalability
- Provides new features: security, hierarchical namespace, transactions...

CGCC Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Replica Metadata Catalog (RMC) Replica Location Service (RLS)

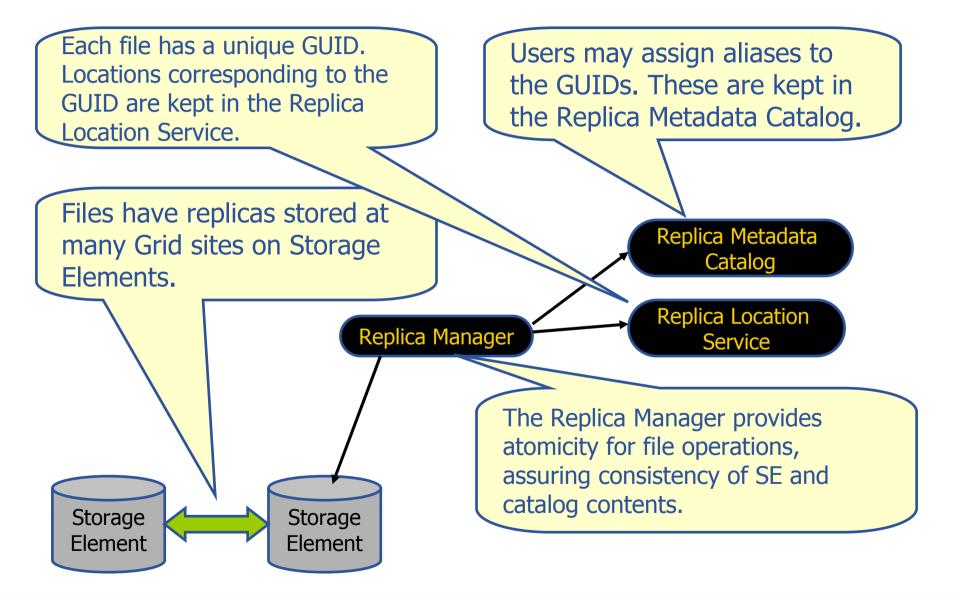
- RMC:
 - Stores LFN-GUID mappings
- RLS:
 - Stores GUID-SURL mappings







Data Replication Services: Basic Enabling Grids for E-sciencE Functionality



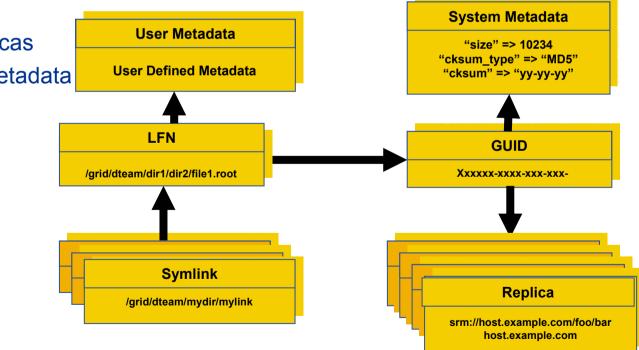


File Catalogs: The LFC

One single catalog

• LFN acts as main key in the database. It has:

- Symbolic links to it (additional LFNs)
- Unique Identifier (GUID)
- System metadata
- Information on replicas
- One field of user metadata



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File Catalogs: The LFC (II)

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

• Fixes performance and scalability problems seen in EDG Catalogs

- Cursors for large queries
- Timeouts and retries from the client

Provides more features than the EDG Catalogs

- User exposed transaction API (+ auto rollback on failure)
- Hierarchical namespace and namespace operations (for LFNs)
- Integrated GSI Authentication + Authorization
- Access Control Lists (Unix Permissions and POSIX ACLs)
- Checksums

Interaction with other components

- Supports Oracle and MySQL database backends
- Integration with GFAL and Icg_util APIs complete
- New specific API provided

New features will be added (requests welcome!)

- ROOT Integration in progress
- POOL Integration will be provided soon
- VOMS will be integrated



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- Efficient and reliable scheduling of computational tasks on the available infrastructure
- Started with LCG-2 Workload Management System (WMS)
 - Inherited from EDG
 - Support partitioned jobs and jobs with dependencies
 - Support for different replica catalogs for data based scheduling
 - Modification of internal structure of WMS

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

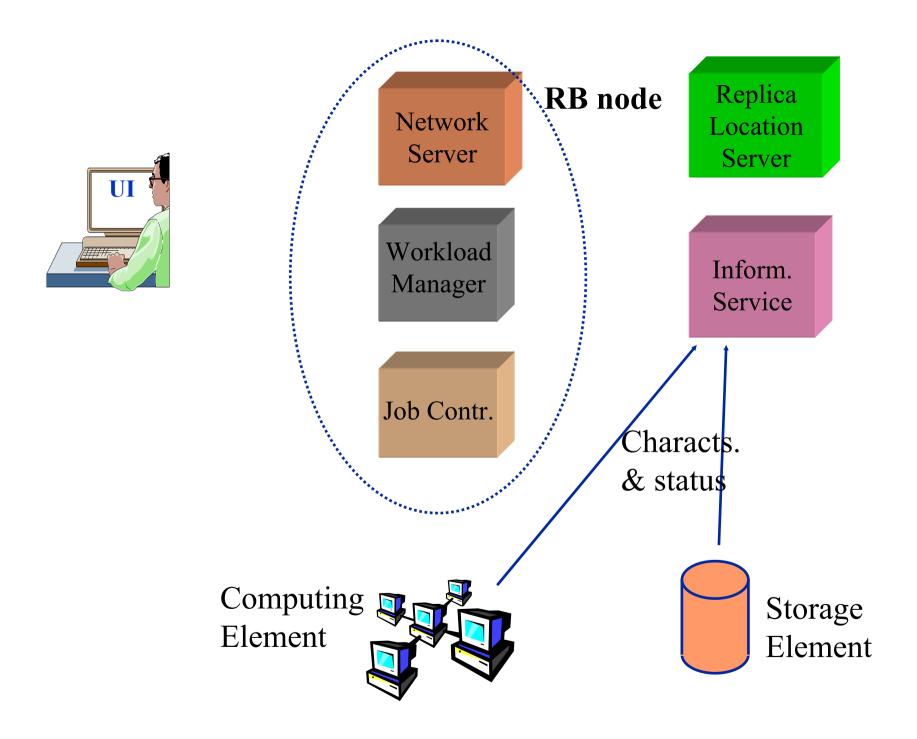
- Task queue: queue of pending submission requests
- Information supermarket: repository of information on resources
- Better reliability, better performance, better interoperability, support push and pull mode
- Under development
 - Web Services interface supporting bulk submission (after V1.0)
 - Bulk submission supported now by use of DAGs
 - Distributed superscheduling (interaction among multiple WMSs)

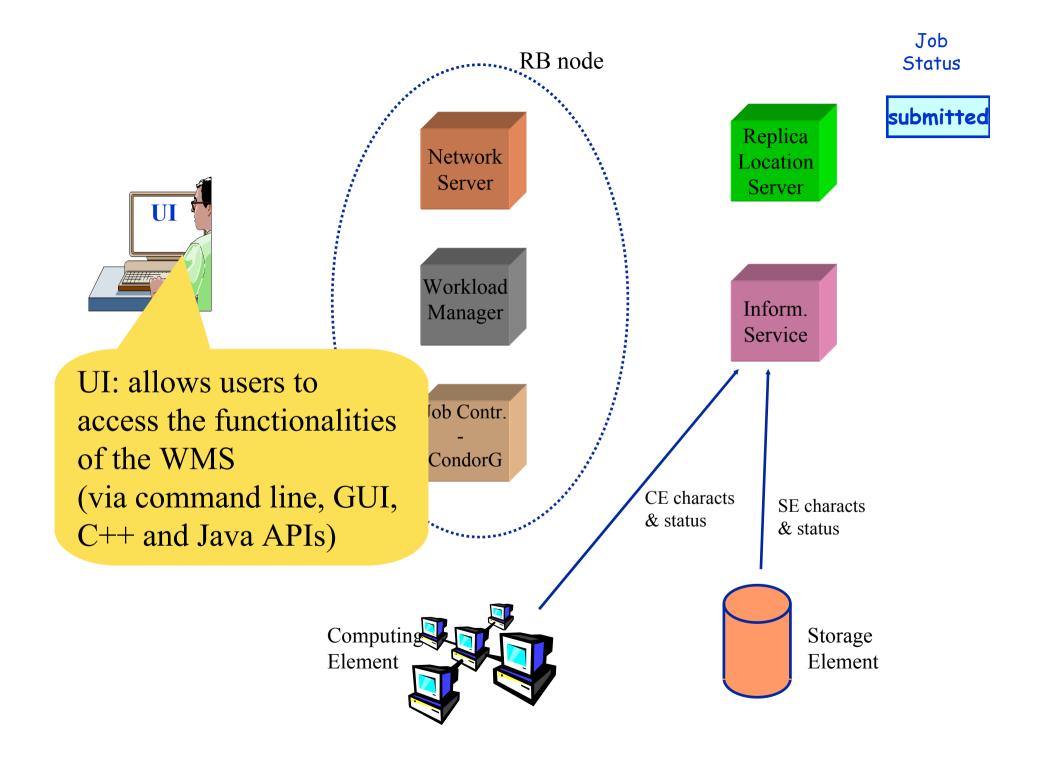
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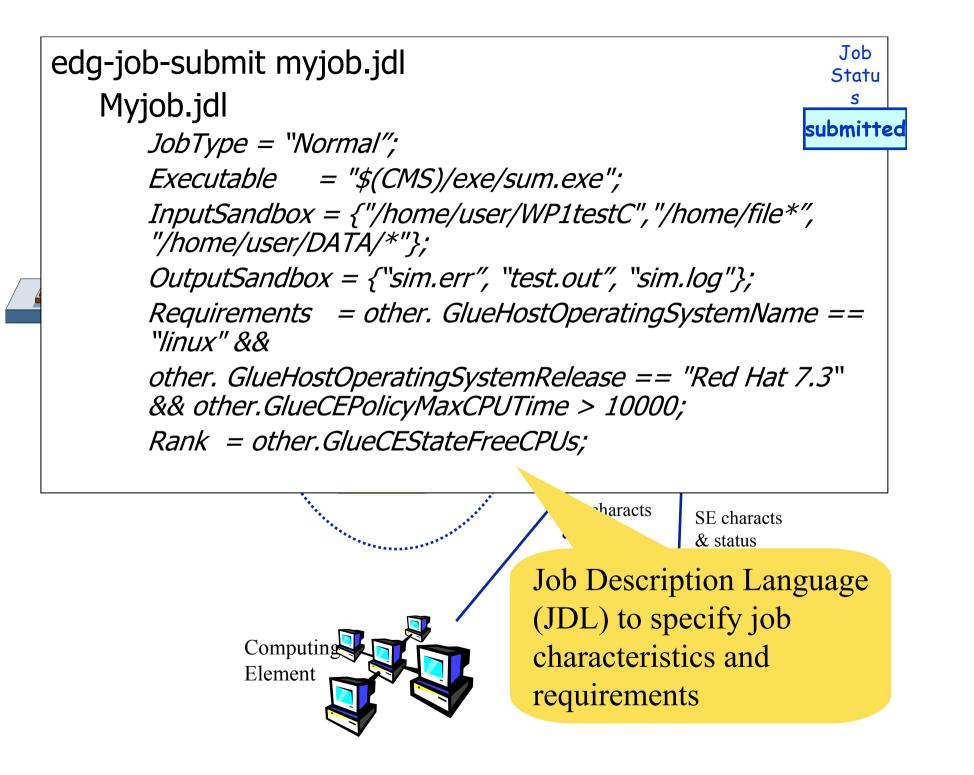
Job Management Services II

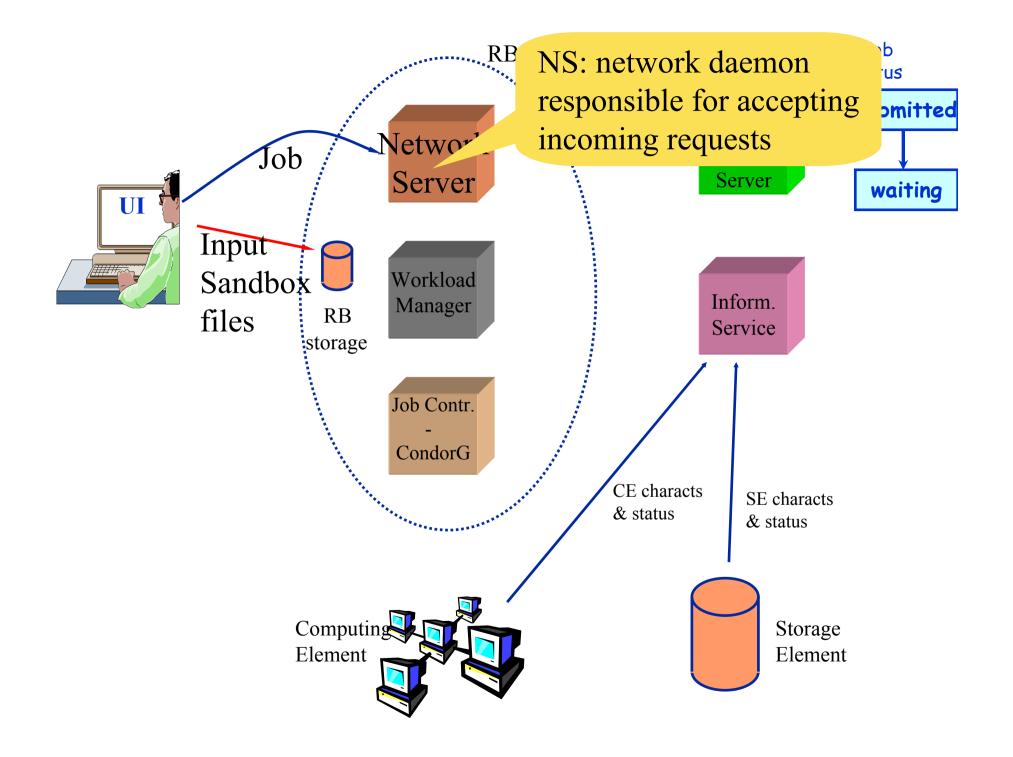
Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

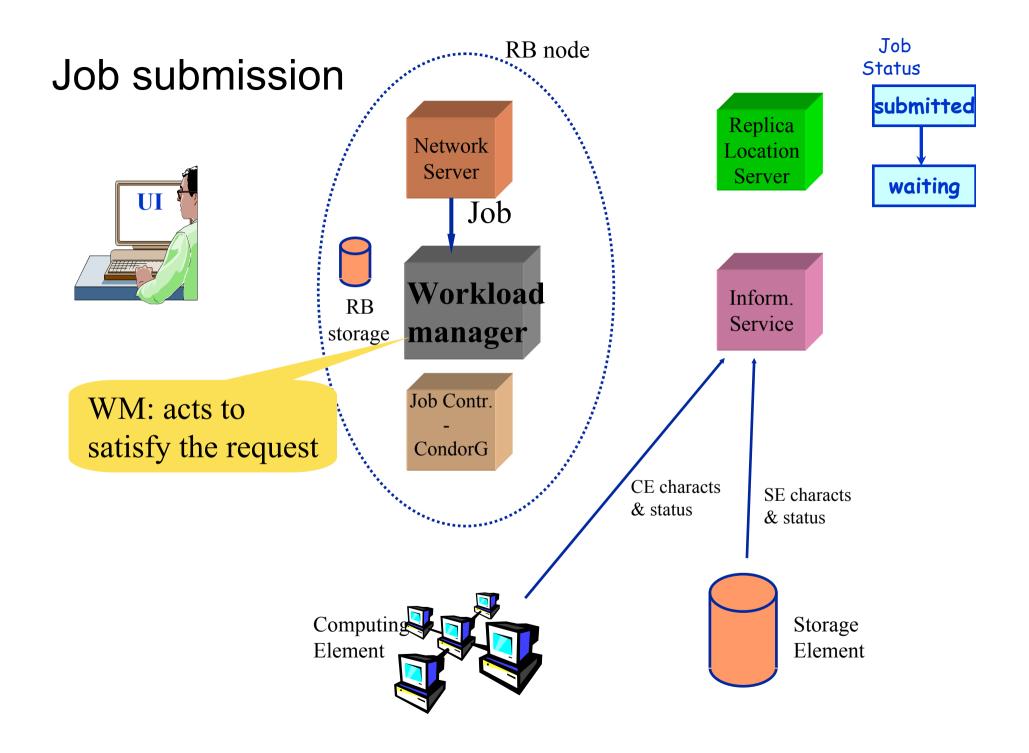
- Computing Element (CE)
 - Service representing a computing resource
 - CE moving towards a VO based local scheduler
 - Incorporates new technologies provided by Condor and Globus
 - Web service interfaces
 - job management requests (run, cancel, suspend, resume, ...)
 - Still under development
 - Policy based notifications on changes of the CE (pull model)
- Job Provenance
 - Keeps track of definition of submitted jobs, execution conditions and job life cycle for a long time under development
- Grid Accounting (DGAS)
 - Accumulates Grid accounting information about the usage of Grid resources by users / groups (e.g. VOs) for billing and scheduling policies. Under development
- VOMS
 - Virtual Organization Membership Service
- Advanced Reservation service under development
- Assured backward compatibility (to facilitate migration from current SA1 infrastructure)

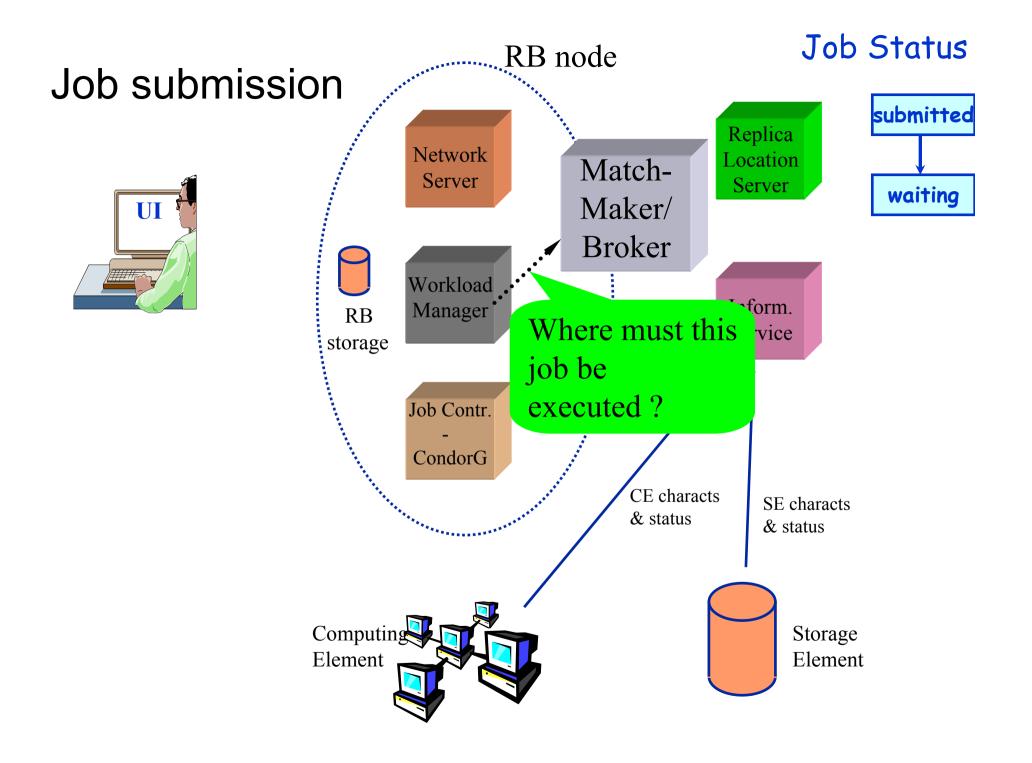


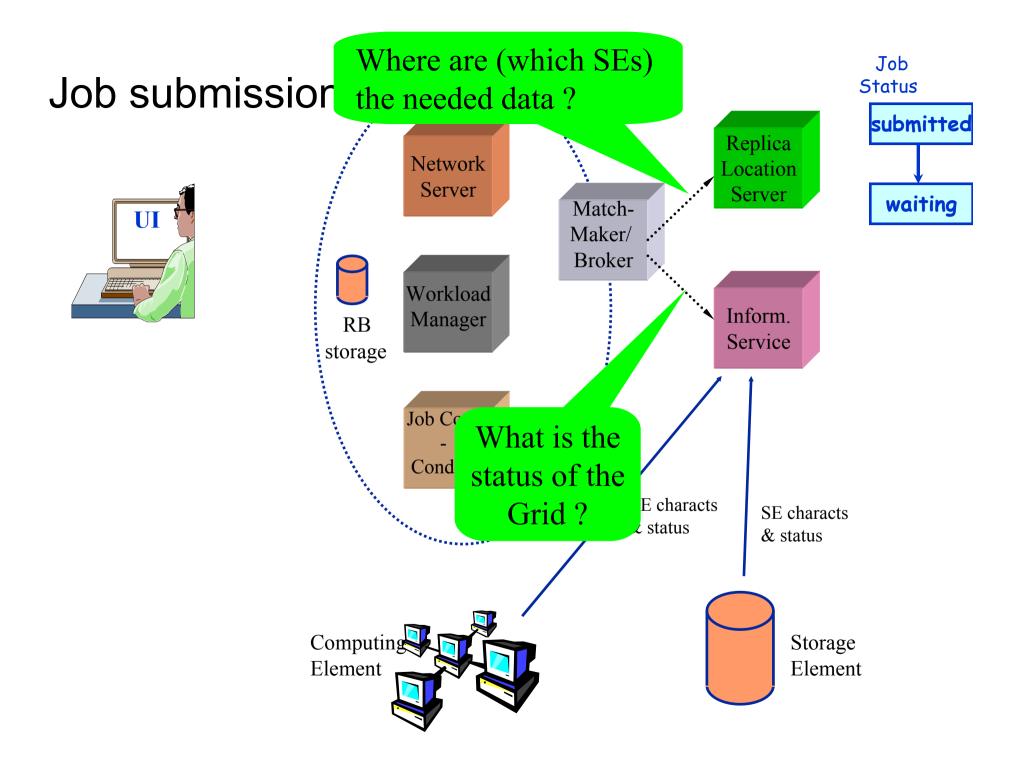


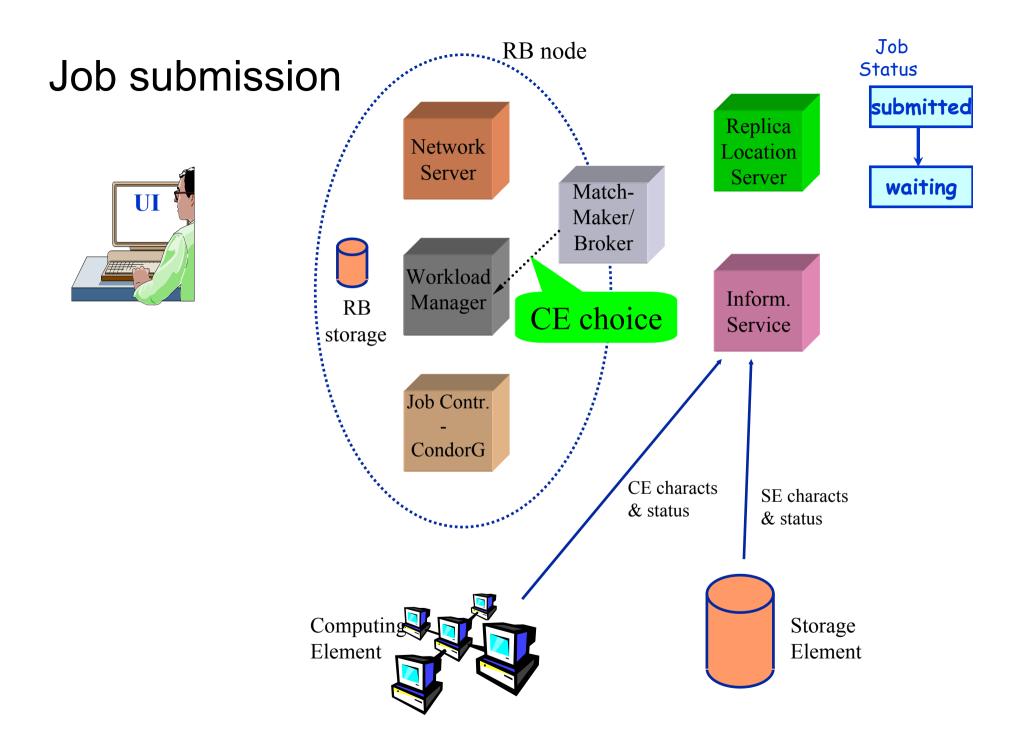


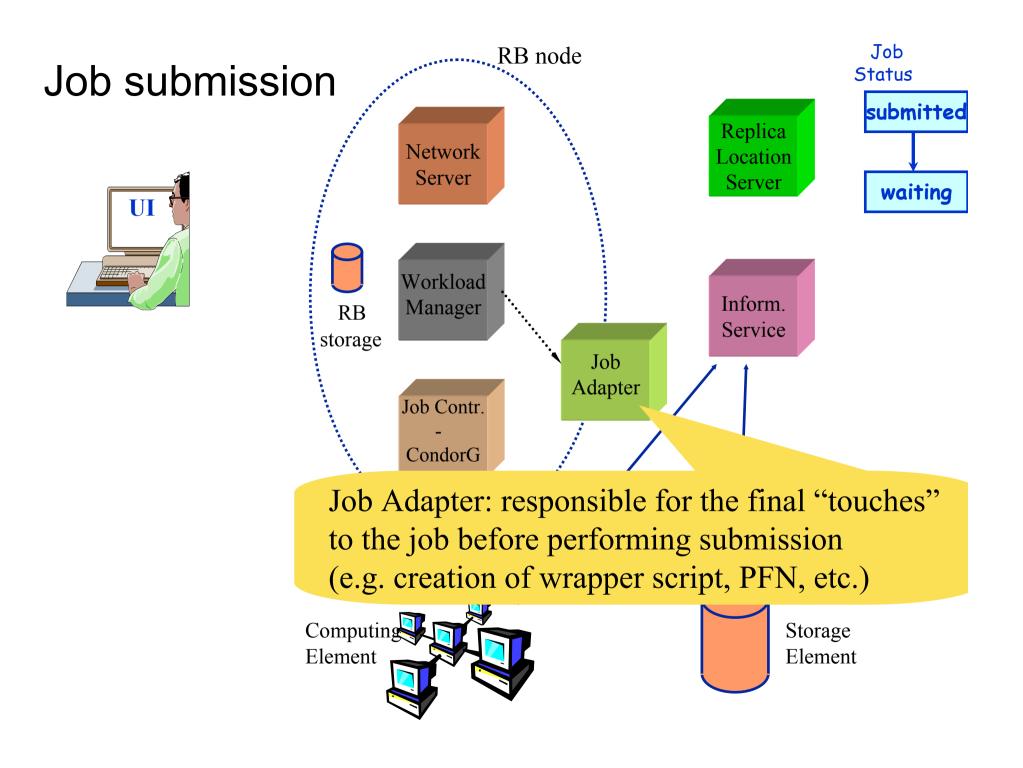


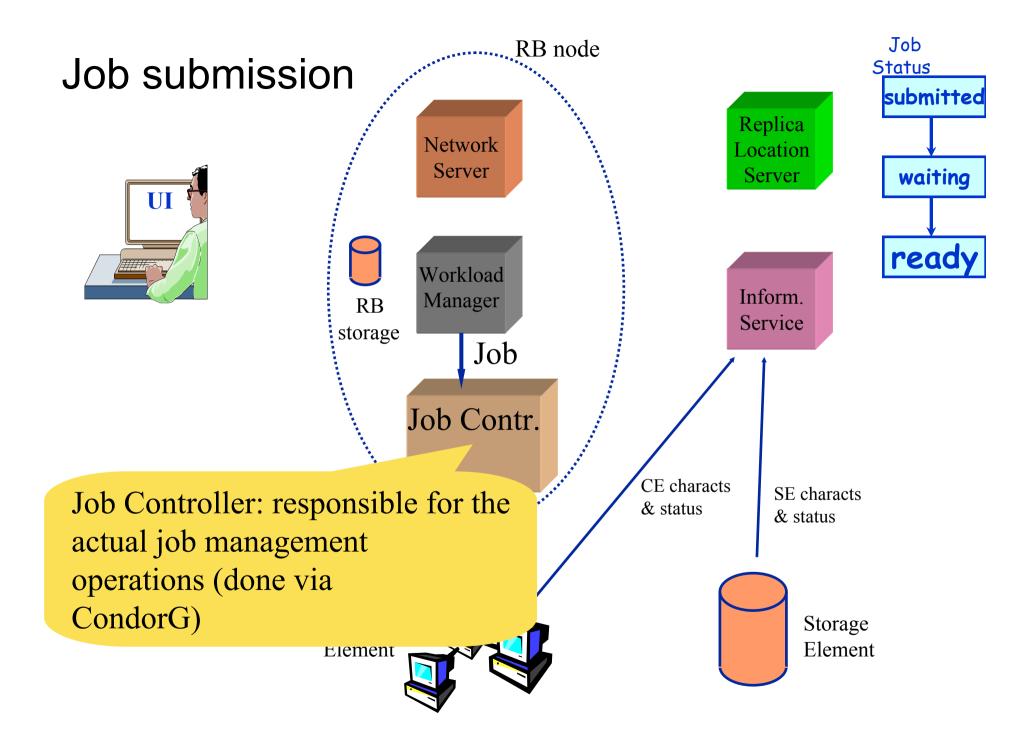


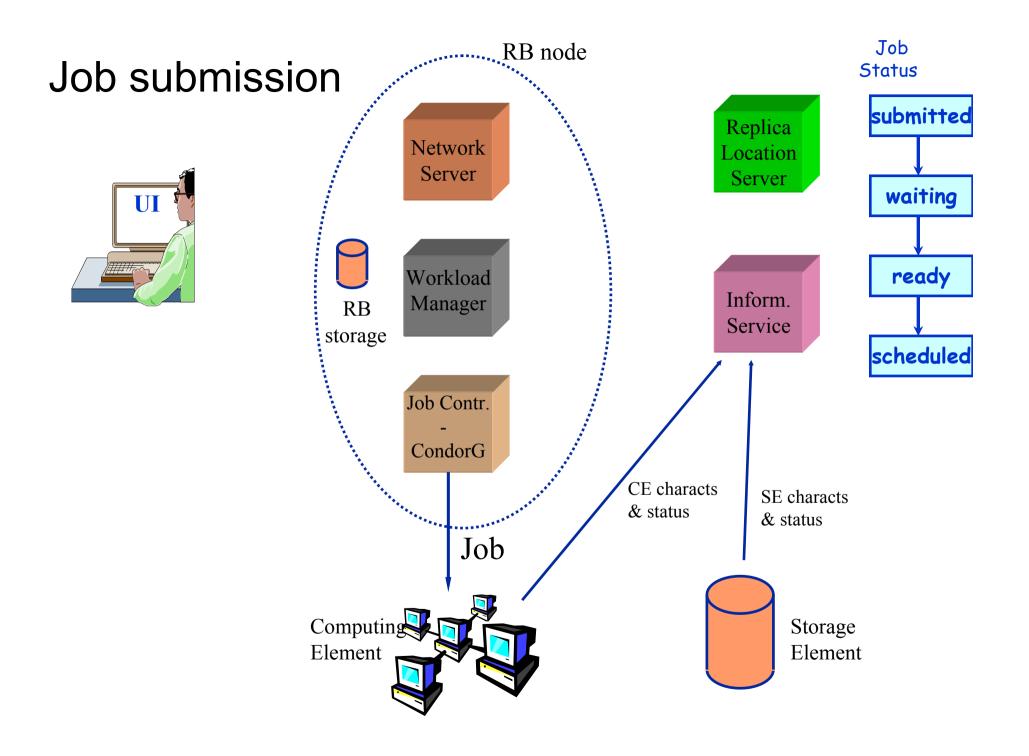


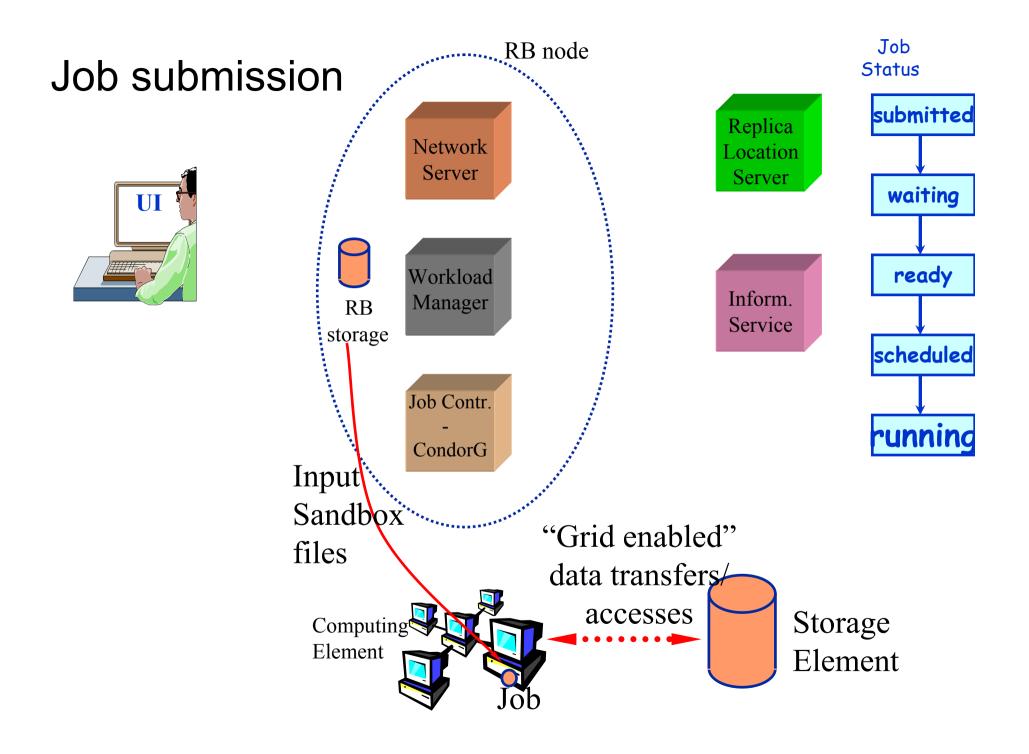


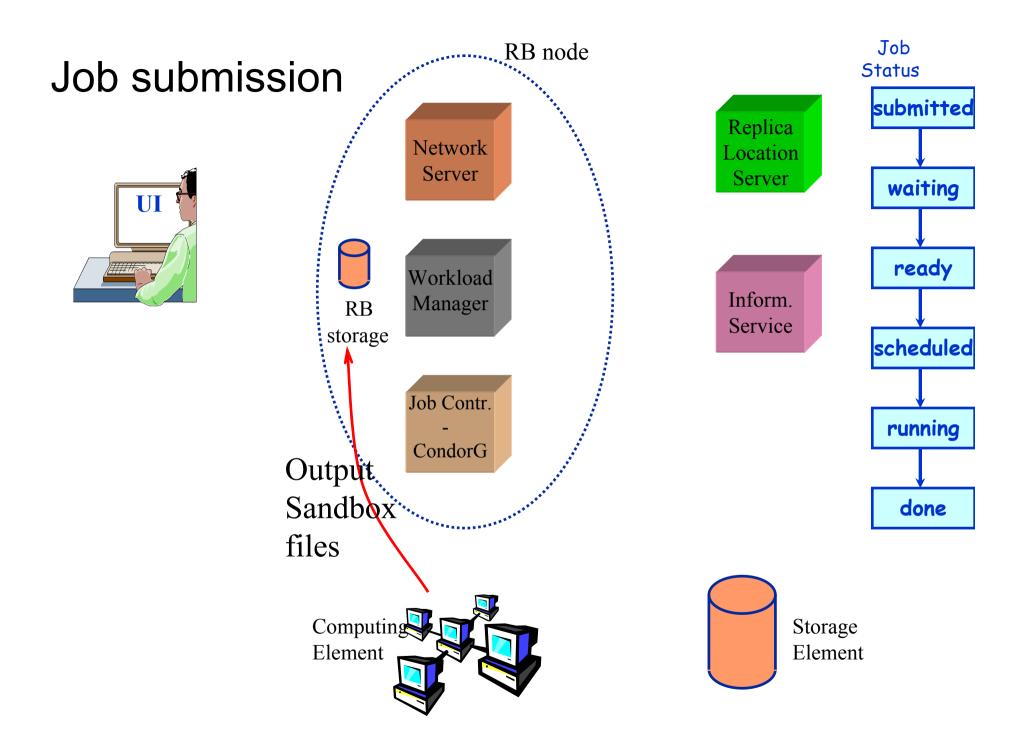


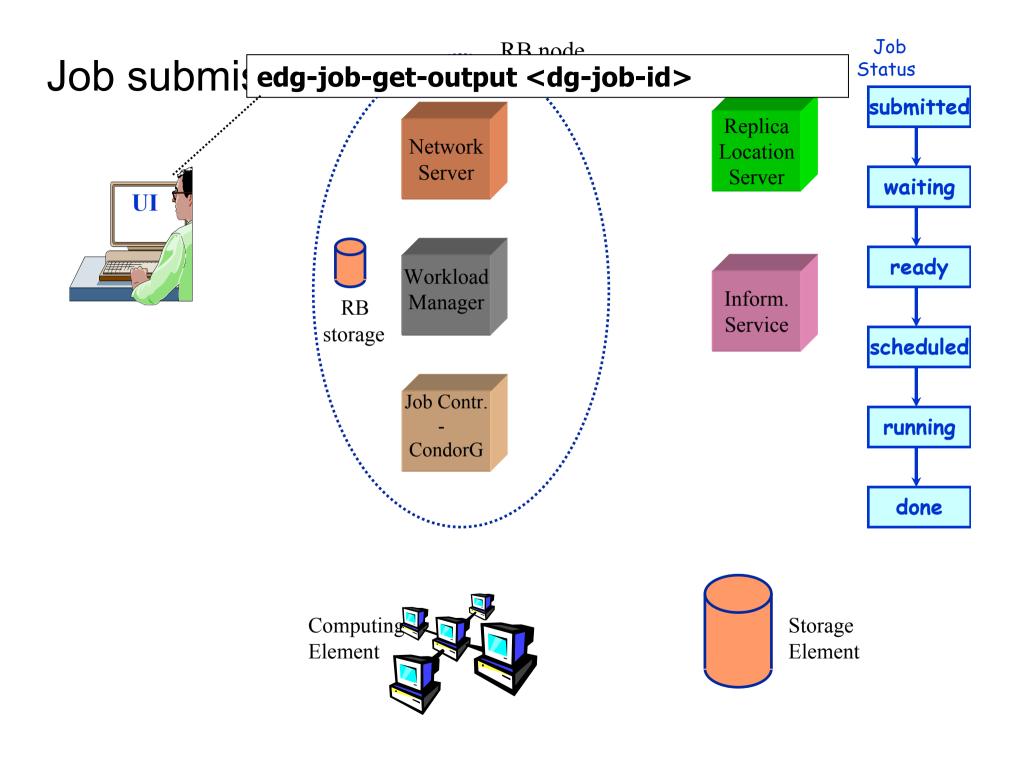














- edg-job-submit [-r <res_id>] [-c <config file>] [-vo <VO>] [-o <output file>] <job.jdl>
 - -r the job is submitted directly to the computing element identified by <res_id>
 - -c the configuration file <*config file*> is pointed by the UI instead of the standard configuration file
 - -vo the Virtual Organization (if user is not happy with the one specified in the UI configuration file)
 - -o the generated edg_jobId is written in the <output file>
 - Useful for other commands, e.g.:
 - edg-job-status _i <input file> (or edg_jobId)
 - -i the status information about edg_jobId contained in the <input file> are displayed



User Tools

Data Management (Replication, Indexing, Querying) lcg_utils: CLI + C API edg-rm: CLI + API **Data transfer** Cataloging File I/O **Storage GFAL C API GFAL C API GFAL C API** (GFAL C API) Classic

SE

EDG

edg-rmc

edg-lrc

CLI + AP<mark>I</mark>

INFSO-RI-508833

IFC

LFC

API

SRM

SRM

API

RFIO

rfio

API

DCAP

dcap

API

GridFTP

edg-

gridtp

Globus AP

bbFTP

bbFTP

API



DM CLIs & APIs: LFC API

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Low level methods (many POSIX-like):

lfc_access lfc_aborttrans lfc addreplica lfc_apiinit lfc_chclass lfc chdir lfc_chmod lfc_chown lfc_closedir lfc_creat lfc delcomment lfc_delete

lfc_deleteclass lfc delreplica lfc endtrans lfc_enterclass lfc_errmsg lfc getacl lfc_getcomment lfc_getcwd lfc_getpath lfc_lchown lfc_listclass lfc_listlinks

lfc_listreplica lfc_lstat lfc_mkdir lfc_modifyclass lfc_opendir lfc queryclass lfc_readdir lfc_readlink lfc_rename lfc_rewind lfc_rmdir lfc selectsrvr

lfc setacl Ifc setatime lfc_setcomment lfc seterrbuf lfc_setfsize lfc_starttrans lfc stat lfc_symlink lfc_umask lfc_undelete lfc_unlink lfc_utime send2lfc



lcg-cp	Copies a Grid file to a local destination
lcg-cr	Copies a file to a SE and registers the file in the LRC
lcg-del	Deletes one file (either one replica or all replicas)
lcg-infosites	Gives information about resources on the Grid
lcg-rep	Copies a file from SE to SE and registers it in the LRC
lcg-gt	Gets the TURL for a given SURL and transfer protocol

lcg-sd Sets file status to "Done" in a specified request

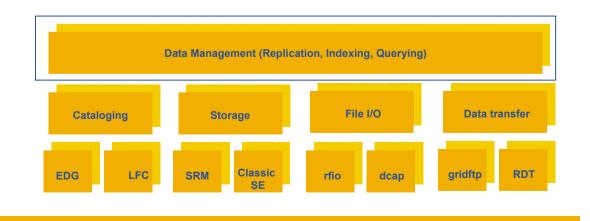


• lcg_utils API:

- High-level data management C API
- Same functionality as lcg_util command line tools

Single shared library

- liblcg_util.so (+ libgfal.so)
- Single header file
 - lcg_util.h



lcg utils API



int lcg_cp (char *src_file, char *dest_file, char *vo, int nbstreams, char * conf_file, int insecure, int insecure);

- int lcg_del (char *file, int aflag, char *se, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure, int verbose);

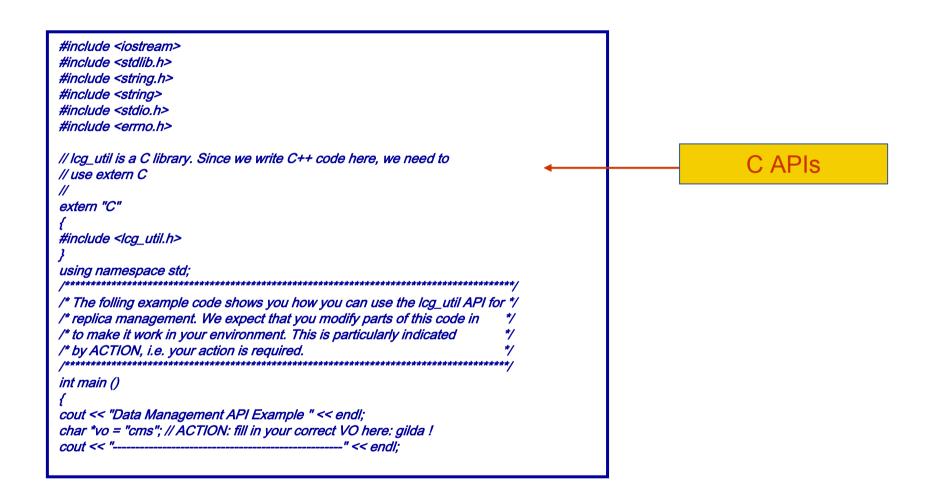
int lcg_sd (char *surl, int regid, int fileid, char *token, int oflag);

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- int lcg_aa (char *lfn, char *guid, char *vo, char *insecure, int verbose);
- int lcg_la (char *file, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure, char ***lfns);
- int lcg_lg (char *lfn_or_surl, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure, char
 *guid);
- int lcg_lr (char *file, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure, char ***pfns);
- int lcg_ra (char *lfn, char *guid, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure);
- int lcg_rf (char *surl, char *guid, char *lfn, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure, int verbose, char *actual_guid);
- int lcg_uf (char *surl, char *guid, char *vo, char *conf_file, int insecure);



Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



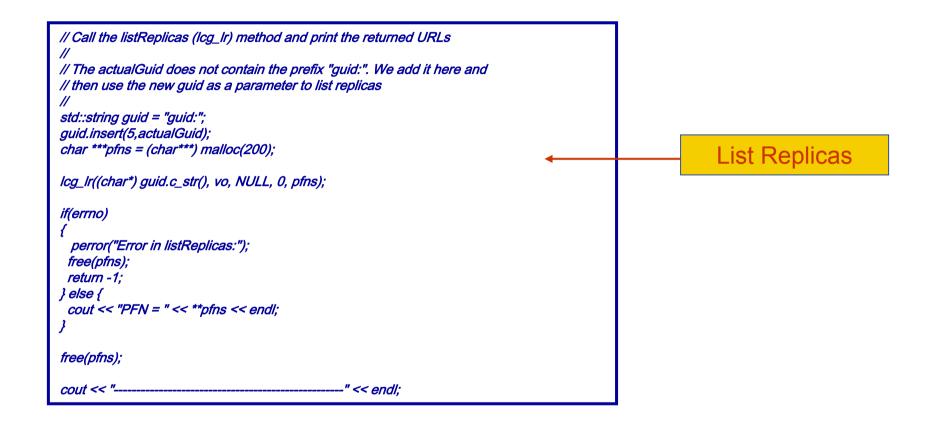


Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

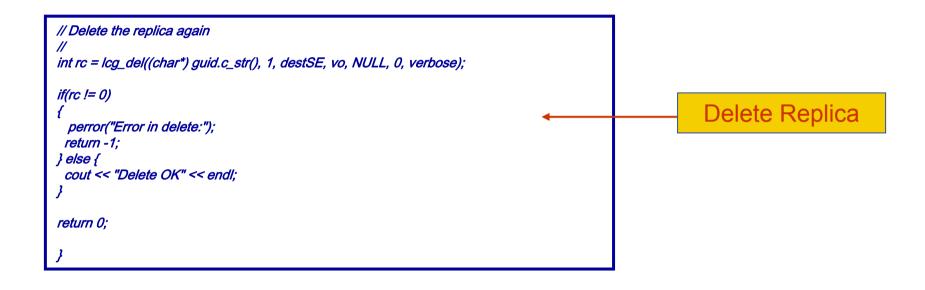
// Copy a local file to the Storage Element and register it in RLS // char *localFile = "file:/tmp/test-file"; // ACTION: create a testfile char *destSE = "lxb0707.cern.ch"; // ACTION: fill in a specific SE char *actualGuid = (char*) malloc(50); int verbose = 2; // we use verbosity level 2 int nbstreams = 8; // we use 8 parallel streams to transfer a file **Copy and Register** lcg_cr(localFile, destSE, NULL, NULL, vo, NULL, nbstreams, NULL, 0, verbose, actualGuid); if (errno) { perror("Error in copyAndRegister:"); return -1; } else { cout << "We registered the file with GUID: " << actualGuid << endl; } *cout << "----*--" << endl:



Enabling Grids for E-sciencE









Bibliography

General LCG-2 information

- EGEE Homepage
 - http://public.eu-egee.org/
- EGEE's NA3: User Training and Induction http://www.egee.nesc.ac.uk/
- LCG Homepage <u>http://lcg.web.cern.ch/LCG/</u>
- LCG-2 User Guide

https://edms.cern.ch/file/454439//LCG-2-UserGuide.html

– GILDA

http://gilda.ct.infn.it/

GENIUS (GIDA web portal)

http://grid-tutor.ct.infn.it/



- Information on Data Management middleware
 - LCG-2 User Guide (chapters 3rd and 6th) https://edms.cern.ch/file/454439//LCG-2-UserGuide.html
 - Evolution of LCG-2 Data Management. J-P Baud, James Casey. <u>http://indico.cern.ch/contributionDisplay.py?contribId=278&sessionId=7&conf</u> <u>Id=0</u>
 - Globus 2.4
 <u>http://www.globus.org/gt2.4/</u>
 - GridFTP http://www.globus.org/datagrid/gridftp.html
 - bbFTP

http://doc.in2p3.fr/bbftp/

- Information on Storage Elements
 - SRM:
 - http://sdm.lbl.gov/srm-wg/
 - CASTOR: http://castor.web.cern.ch/castor/
 - dCache:

INFSO-RI-5088 attp://www.dcache.org/



- Information on LCG tools and APIs
 - Manpages (in UI)
 - Icg_utils: Icg-* (commands), Icg_* (C functions)
 - GFAL: gfal_* (the rest of the commands will be added)
 - Header files (in \$LCG_LOCATION/include)
 - Icg_util.h, gfal_api.h
 - CVS development (sources for LCG commands)

http://isscvs.cern.ch:8180/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/?hidenonreadable=1&f=u& logsort=date&sortby=file&hideattic=1&cvsroot=lcgware&path=

Information on other tools and APIs

- EDG CLIs and APIs
 - http://edg-wp2.web.cern.ch/edg-wp2/replication/documentation.html
- RFIO
 - http://doc.in2p3.fr/doc/public/products/rfio/rfio.html (In French!)
- dcap
 http://www.doocho.org/manualo/libdoon.ohtp
 - http://www.dcache.org/manuals/libdcap.shtml
- Globus http://www-unix.globus.org/api/c/, ...globus ftp client/html, ...globus ftp control/html
- Article on Globus usage (callbacks, etc)

INFSO-RI-50883 http://www-106.ibm.com/developerworks/grid/library/gr-cglobus/