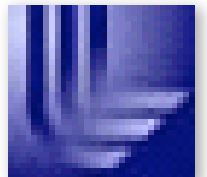


Introduction to muons

Jonathan Hollar (end user)
for the Muon POG (the developers)



The standard muon object

reco::Muon

- Data format is defined in
DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/Muon.h
- The standard collection for offline analysis is simply “muons”
- So typical usage in an EDAnalyzer is something like:

```
edm::Handle<reco::MuonCollection> muons;  
event.getByLabel(“muons”,muons);  
reco::MuonCollection::const_iterator muon;
```

- As of CMSSW_I_7_X, three different muon reconstruction algorithms are merged in the “muons” collection: GlobalMuons, TrackerMuons, StandaloneMuons

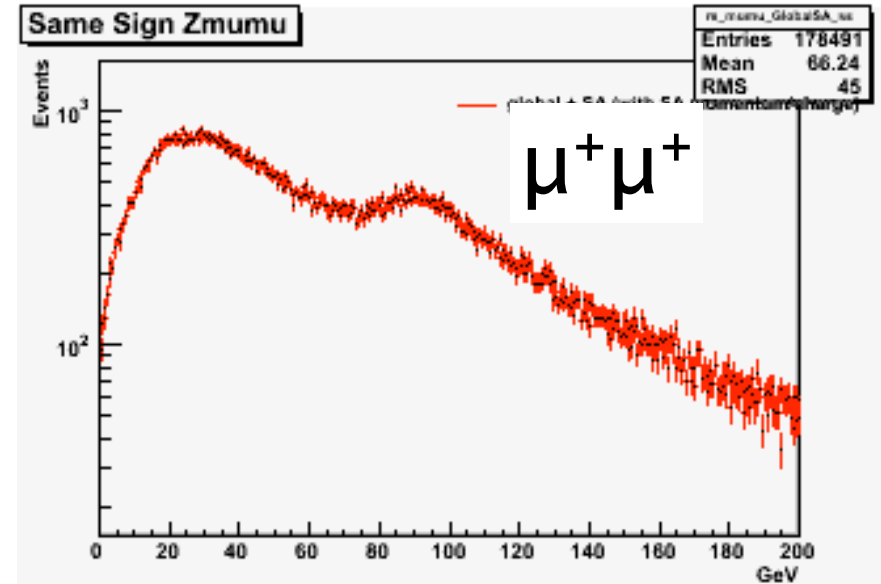
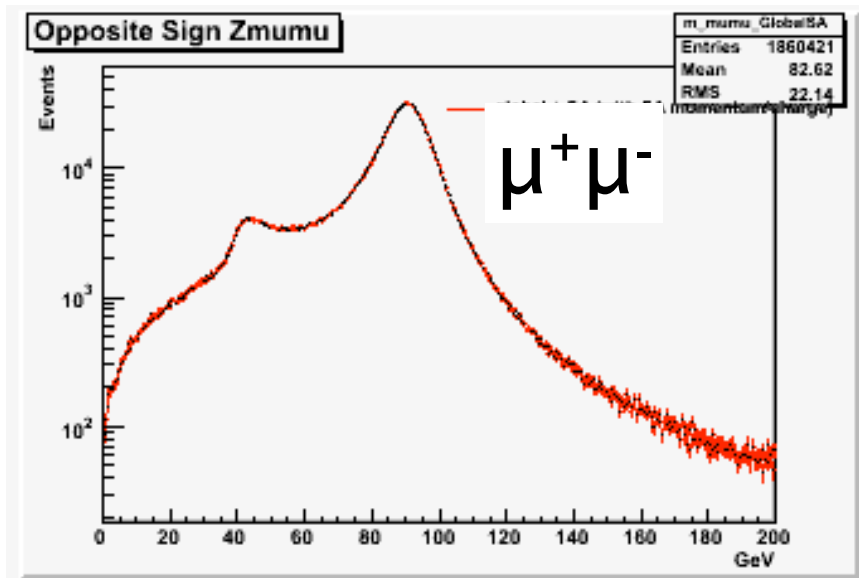
```
bool muon::isStandAloneMuon()  
bool muon::isGlobalMuon()  
bool muon::isTrackerMuon()
```

- Important concepts:
 - The three algorithms are **not** mutually exclusive - one muon can be in all 3 categories!
 - TrackerMuons are **not** a subset of GlobalMuons (or vice-versa)!

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/WorkBookMuonAnalysis>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SWGuideMuons>

Standalone muons

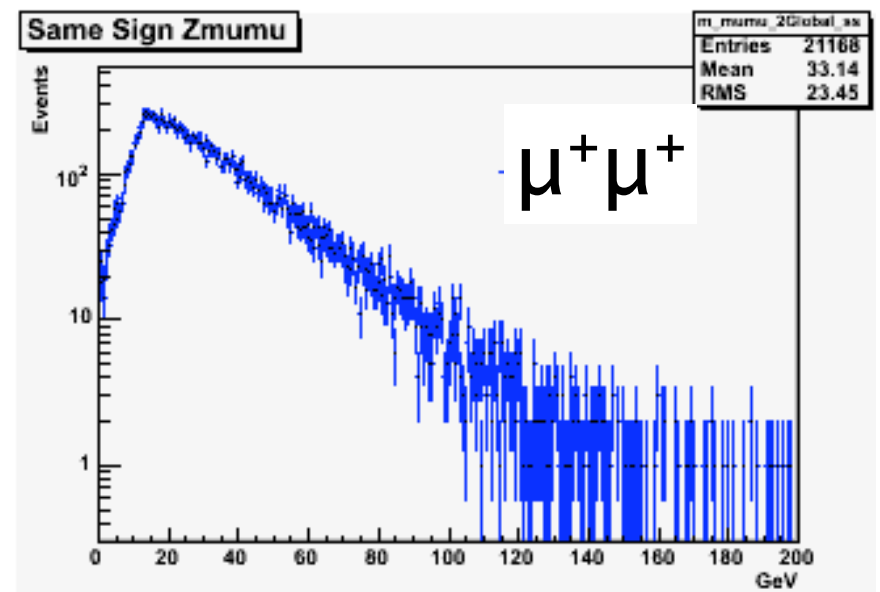
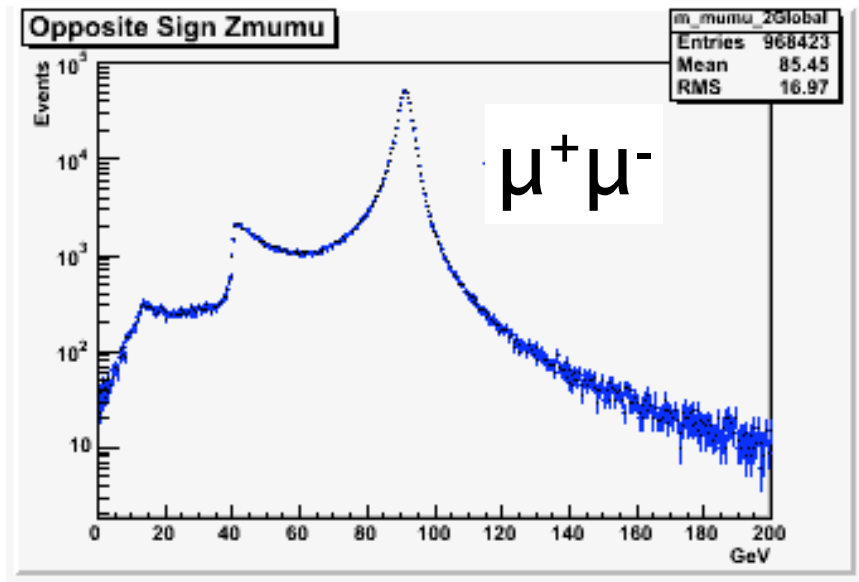


2_l_7 Z $\rightarrow\mu\mu$ MC samples
(all plots by A. Fanfani)

- Muon chamber reconstruction only (no tracker information), requiring at least 2 muon segments

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SWGGuideStandAloneMuonReco>

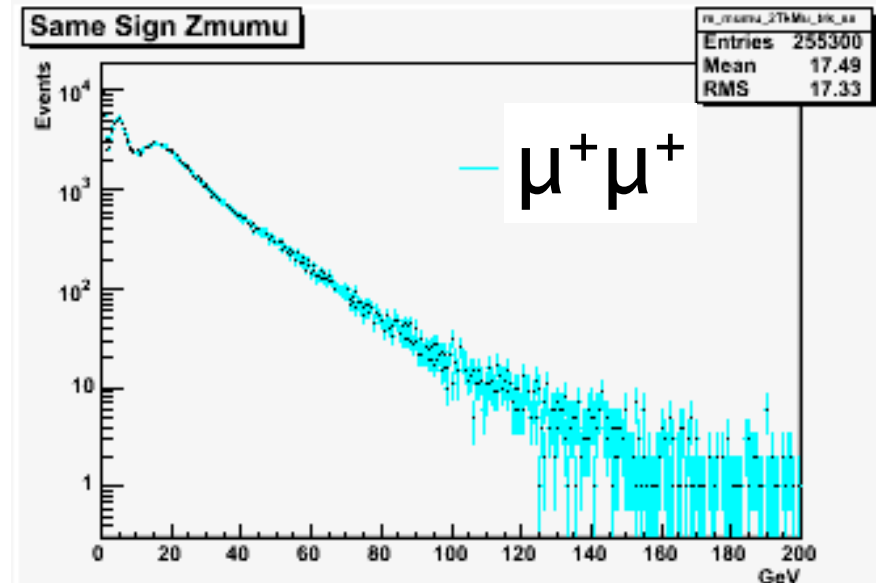
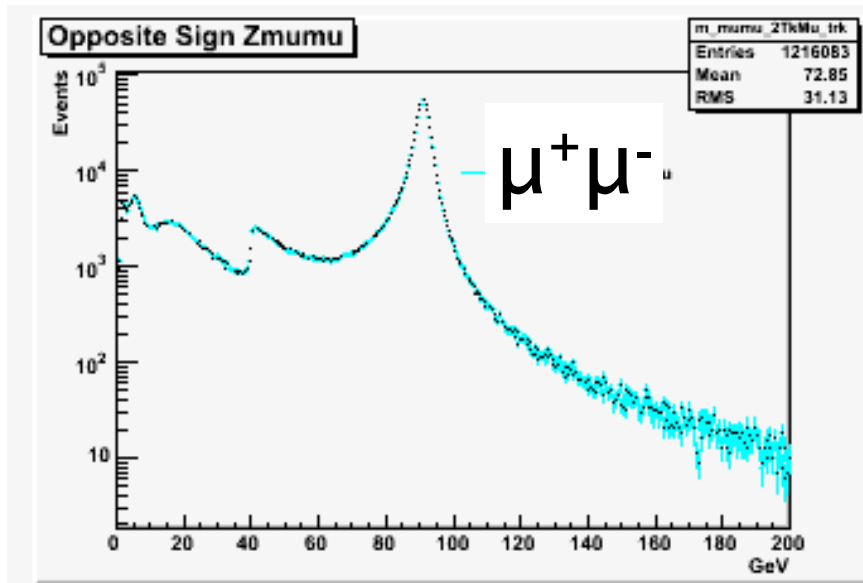
Global muons



- Match a StandaloneMuon to a track in tracker, then perform a global refit using hits from both
- Generally should give the best performance (efficiency/fake-rate/resolution/charge assignment) for muons from $\sim 10\text{GeV}$ to $\sim 1\text{TeV}$

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/WorkBookMuonAnalysis#GlobalMu>

Tracker muons



- Match a track to at least 1 segment in the muon chambers - no global refit
- Best efficiency for low p_T muons ($J/\Psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$, $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu\mu$, etc.), but also highest fake rate and ambiguities in matching multiple tracks to one muon segment - **use only with additional selections/constraints**

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SWGuideTrackerMuons>

Muon kinematics

- reco::Muon inherits from RecoChargedCandidate - access to all the “usual” kinematic variables: pt(), eta(), phi(), etc.
- But one muon may be reconstructed by >1 algorithm → currently, the parameters returned by the muon object will be from the “best” reconstruction available
- Three possibilities (using p_T as an example)
 1. GlobalMuon : muon → pt() returns the p_T from the global refit
 2. TrackerMuon and not a GlobalMuon: muon → pt() returns the p_T from the tracker track
 3. StandaloneMuon and not a TrackerMuon or GlobalMuon: muon → pt() returns the p_T measured in the muon chambers
- To be sure of getting a particular fit, the tracker only, muon system only, and global fit muons can be retrieved explicitly:

```
TrackRef muon::innerTrack()  
TrackRef muon::outerTrack()  
TrackRef muon::globalTrack()
```

Isolation, selectors, and other variables

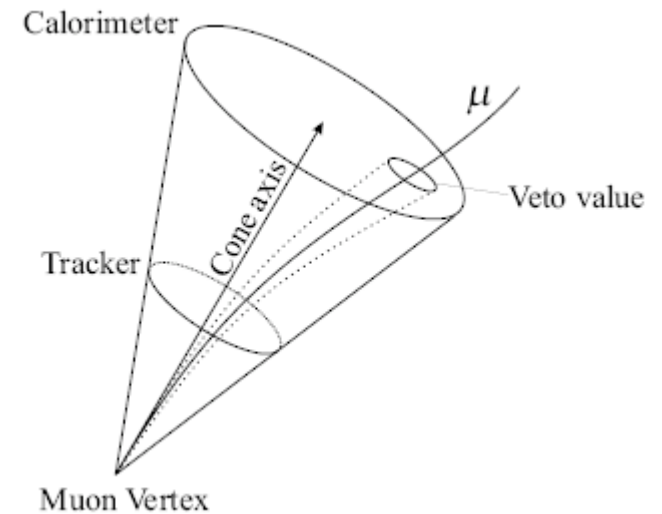
Muon isolation (I)

- No isolation is applied by default
- Pre-computed isolations in ΔR cones of 0.3 and 0.5 are accessible from the reco::Muon object
- Can be used with “muons” reconstructed with any of the three algorithms
- Defined in

DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/Muon.h

DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/MuonIsolation.h

```
MuonIsolation muon::isolationR03()  
MuonIsolation muon::isolationR05()
```



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SWGuideMuonIsolation>

Muon isolation (II)

- For a given isolation cone, several calorimeter and track-based variables are available
 - Sum of HCAL E_T
 - Sum of ECAL E_T
 - Sum of H0 E_T
 - Sum of p_T of tracker tracks
 - Number of tracker tracks
 - Number of jets (sisConeCalo5Jets)

Accessible from the isolation object (using $\Delta R = 0.3$ for example):

```
float muon::isolationR03().hadEt
```

```
float muon::isolationR03().emEt
```

```
float muon::isolationR03().hoEt
```

```
float muon::isolationR03().sumPt
```

```
int muon::isolationR03().nTracks
```

```
int muon::isolationR03().nJets
```

Muon selectors (I)

- Further selections are available to clean up the reconstructed muons
 - These are especially important for low-purity muons (e.g. TrackerMuons)
 - Results of the selector decisions are accessible from the reco::Muon object:

```
bool muon::isGood(SelectionType type);
```

- Where “type” is the name of the muon selector algorithm
- These are defined in:

DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/Muon.h

DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/MuonSelectors.h

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/WorkBookMuonAnalysis#MuonId>

Muon selectors (II)

- The selector “type” can be one of 11 different options:

Alternative way to select Global/
Tracker/Standalone muons



reco::Muon::All

reco::Muon::AllGlobalMuons

reco::Muon::AllStandaloneMuons

reco::Muon::AllTrackerMuons

Resolves shared segment ambiguities
in TrackerMuons



reco::Muon::TrackerMuonArbitrated

reco::Muon::AllArbitrated

Cuts on DOCA, X^2 , and N(hits)



reco::Muon::GlobalMuonPromptTight

reco::Muon::TMLastStationLoose

Cuts on maximum penetration depth



reco::Muon::TMLastStationTight

Cuts on 2-D segment/calorimeter
compatibility likelihood



reco::Muon::TM2DCompatibilityLoose

reco::Muon::TM2DCompatibilityTight

Muon timing

- Muon time-of-flight information is available from the DT's
- Useful for rejection of non-collision backgrounds, “exotic” heavy charged particle searches, etc.
- Defined in
DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/MuonTime.h

`MuonTime muon::time()`

Several variables are accessible from “time()” for both inward and outward going particles:

`float muon::time().inverseBeta`

`float muon::time().inverseBetaErr`

`float muon::time().freeInverseBeta`

`float muon::time().freeInverseBetaErr`

`float muon::time().timeAtIpInOut`

`float muon::time().timeAtIpInOutErr`

`float muon::time().timeAtIpOutIn`

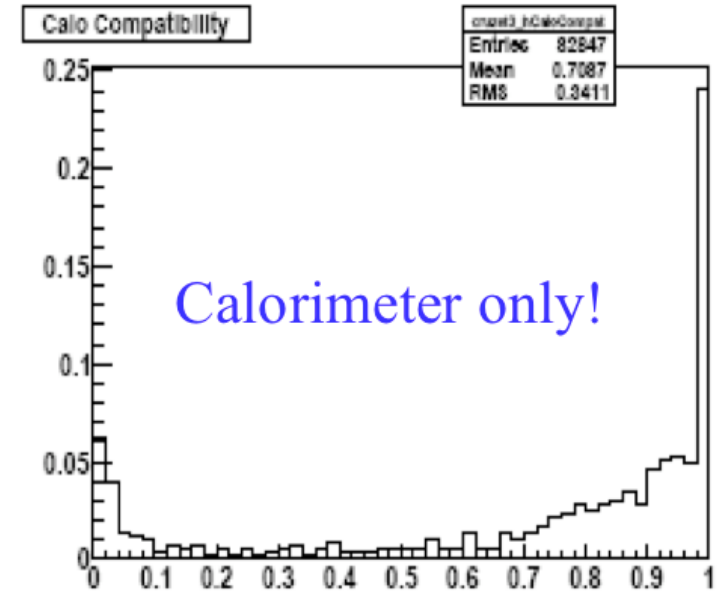
`float muon::time().timeAtIpOutInErr`

Muons in the calorimeter

- Calorimeter compatibility - use energy deposited in ECAL, HCAL, and HO to check for compatibility with a minimum ionizing particle (MIP)
- Complementary to information from tracker & muon system
- Defined in
RecoMuon/MuonIdentification/interface/MuonCaloCompatibility.h
- Result is summarized in a likelihood variable

$$L_{\mu}/(L_{\mu}+L_{not\ \mu})$$

`float muon::caloCompatibility()`



(J. Ribnik)

- Validated on real cosmic data

Special cases

TeV muons

- Special treatment is needed for very high p_T muons ($Z' \rightarrow \mu\mu$, etc.)
- Muon system contributes to the resolution, must deal with showering muons
- Maps stored in RECO/AOD link global muons to refits done with altered hit content
- Improves resolution & non-Gaussian tails

- Typical usage:

```
edm::Handle<reco::TrackToTrackMap> tevMap;
```

```
event.getByLabel("tevMuons","refit_name",tevMap);
```

“refit_name” can be one of three refit algorithms:

1. “default”
2. “first hit”
3. “picky”

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/WorkBookMuonAnalysis#TevMu>

CaloMuons

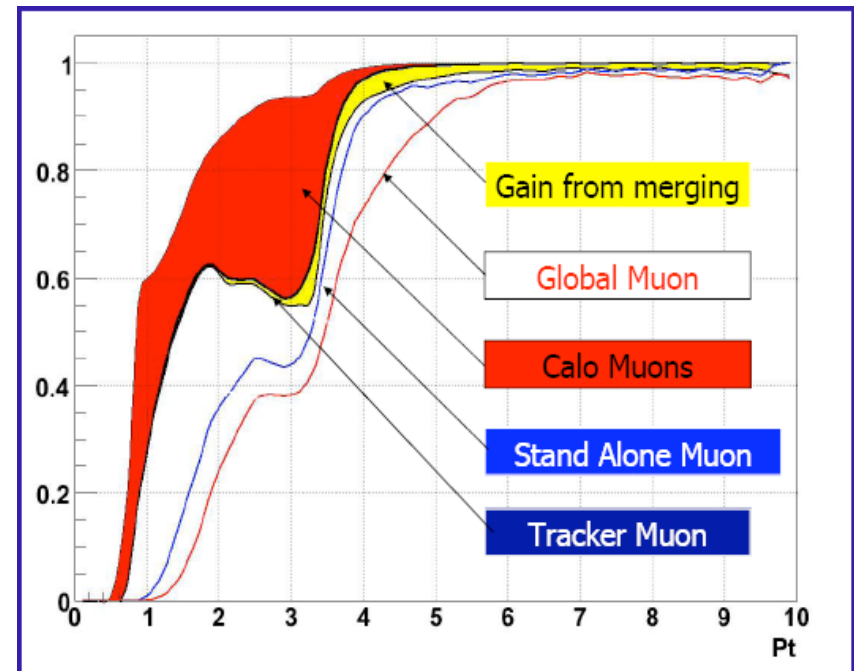
- New algorithm for CMSSW_2_X - not included in reco::Muon objects
- Tracker track (that was not reconstructed by any other muon algorithm) matched to MIP signature in the calorimeter - **no muon system information at all!**
- Defined in:
DataFormats/MuonReco/interface/CaloMuon.h
- Typical usage:

```
edm::Handle<reco::CaloMuonCollection> muons;
```

```
event.getByLabel("caloMuons",calomuons);
```

```
reco::CaloMuonCollection::const_iterator calomuon;
```

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/WorkBookMuonAnalysis#CaloMu>



(D. Kovalskyi)

- Extremely high efficiency/low purity for low p_T muons

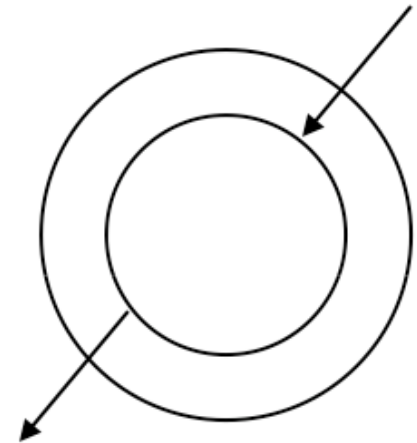
CosmicMuons

- Dedicated reconstruction is used for muons not originating from the IP
- Momentum direction for all muons is set as downward, two legs are found if the muon crosses upper & lower hemispheres
- Can be reconstructed either with tracker + muon system (“globalCosmicMuons” collection) or with muon system only (“cosmicMuons” collection)
- Typical usage:

```
edm::Handle<reco::TrackCollection> muons;
```

```
event.getByLabel(“cosmicMuons”,muons);
```

```
reco::TrackCollection::const_iterator muon;
```



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/SWGuideCosmicMuonReco>

Summary

- The reco::Muon object provides access to a large number of standard and muon-specific variables
- [The RECO/AOD data format has largely been stable since CMSSW_1_7_X](#)
- Many more details in the muon SWGuide & Workbook
- The basic “muons” list plus selectors/isolation should cover most analysis use cases (for collision data!)
- For special cases, other algorithms are easily accessible (TeV muons, CaloMuons, CosmicMuons)
- For some closely related topics not covered here:
 - PAT muons (<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/EVKPatDefaults21X#Muons> and PAT tutorial this week)
 - HLT muons (<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/MuonHLT>)