
Electroweak Precision Observables in the MSSM: New Results on Two-Loop Yukawa Corrections

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Based on collaboration with J. Haestier, S. Heinemeyer, D. Stöckinger, hep-ph/0508139

1. Introduction
2. Evaluation of the relevant contributions
3. Numerical results
4. Estimate of remaining uncertainties from unknown higher-orders
5. Conclusions

1. Introduction

EW precision data:

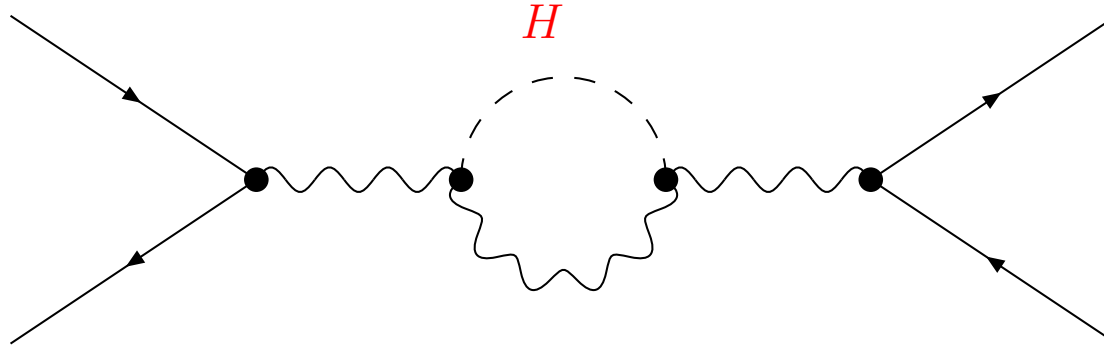
$M_Z, M_W, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}, \dots$

Theory:

SM, MSSM, ...



Test of theory at quantum level: sensitivity to loop corrections



Indirect constraints on unknown parameters: $M_H, m_{\tilde{t}}, \dots$

Effects of “new physics”?

Theoretical predictions for M_W , $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$:

Comparison of prediction for muon decay with experiment (Fermi constant G_μ)

$$\Rightarrow M_W^2 \left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2} \right) = \frac{\pi\alpha}{\sqrt{2}G_\mu} (1 + \Delta r),$$



loop corrections

\Rightarrow Theo. prediction for M_W in terms of M_Z , α , G_μ , $\Delta r(m_t, m_{\tilde{t}}, \dots)$

Effective couplings at the Z resonance:

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \text{Re} \frac{g_V}{g_A} \right) = \left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2} \right) \text{Re} \kappa_l(s = M_Z^2)$$

Leading contributions to precision observables

SM result for M_W , one-loop: [A. Sirlin '80], [W. Marciano, A. Sirlin '80]

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta r_{1\text{-loop}} &= \Delta\alpha & - & \frac{c_W^2}{s_W^2} \Delta\rho & + & \Delta r_{\text{rem}}(M_H) \\ &\sim \log \frac{M_Z}{m_f} & & \sim m_t^2 & & \\ &\sim 6\% & & \sim 3.3\% & & \sim 1\% \end{aligned}$$

Leading contributions to M_W , $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$, ... from mass splitting between isospin doublet fields enter via

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta\rho &= \frac{\Sigma_Z(0)}{M_Z^2} - \frac{\Sigma_W(0)}{M_W^2} \\ \Rightarrow \Delta M_W &\approx \frac{M_W}{2} \frac{c_W^2}{c_W^2 - s_W^2} \Delta\rho, & \Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} &\approx - \frac{c_W^2 s_W^2}{c_W^2 - s_W^2} \Delta\rho \end{aligned}$$

Theoretical uncertainties: current status

- From experimental errors of input parameters

$$\delta m_t = 2.9 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \Delta M_W^{\text{para}} \approx 18 \text{ MeV}, \quad \Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{para}} \approx 9 \times 10^{-5}$$

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- From unknown higher-order corrections (“intrinsic”)

SM: Complete 2-loop result + leading higher-order corrections known for M_W , complete 2-loop fermionic corr. + leading higher-order corrections known for $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$

⇒ Remaining uncertainties:

[*M. Awramik, M. Czakon, A. Freitas, G.W. '03, '04*]

$$\Delta M_W^{\text{intr}} \approx 4 \text{ MeV}, \quad \Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{intr}} \approx 5 \times 10^{-5}$$

Higher-order corrections in the MSSM

Only known higher-order SUSY corrections to M_W , $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$:

- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ corrections to $\Delta\rho$ (+ gluonic corrections to Δr)
[A. Djouadi, P. Gambino, S. Heinemeyer, W. Hollik, C. Jünger, G. W. '97]
[S. Heinemeyer, W. Hollik, G. W. '98]
- $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_b)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b^2)$ Yukawa corrections to $\Delta\rho$ in limit $M_{\text{SUSY}} \rightarrow \infty$ (SUSY loop contributions decouple)
[S. Heinemeyer, G. W. '02]
 - ⇒ well approximated by SM contribution
 - ⇒ SUSY loop contribution potentially larger (no SM counterpart)

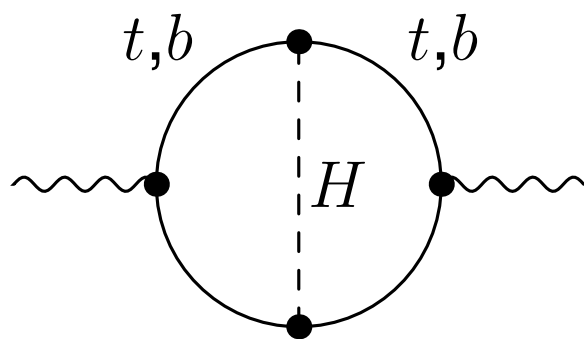
⇒ Intrinsic theoretical uncertainties can be much larger than in the SM

Two-loop Yukawa corrections to electroweak precision observables in the MSSM

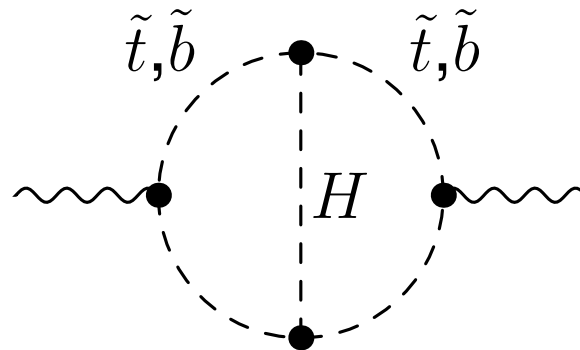
Calculation of complete $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_b)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b^2)$ Yukawa corrections to $\Delta\rho$ in the MSSM:

[J. Haestier, S. Heinemeyer, D. Stöckinger, G. W. '05]

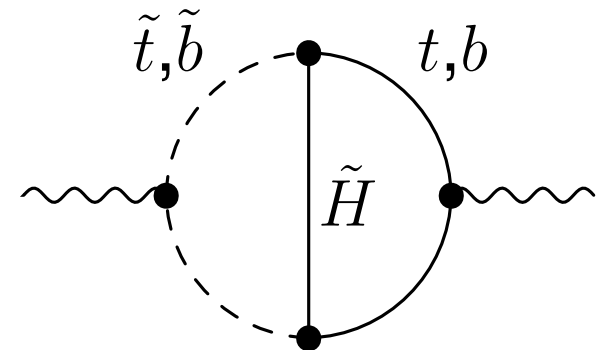
- quark loops with Higgs exchange,
- squark loops with Higgs exchange,
- quark/squark loops with Higgsino exchange



(q)



(\tilde{q})



(\tilde{H})

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⇒ **Need a consistent prescription for extracting leading higher-order contributions**

The gauge-less limit

Yukawa couplings of top and bottom quarks:

$$y_t = \frac{\sqrt{2} m_t}{v \sin \beta}, \quad y_b = \frac{\sqrt{2} m_b}{v \cos \beta}$$

⇒ leading Yukawa corrections can be obtained in gauge-less limit:

$$g_{1,2} \rightarrow 0, \quad M_W^2 = \frac{1}{2} g_2^2 v^2 \rightarrow 0, \quad M_Z^2 = \frac{1}{2} (g_1^2 + g_2^2) v^2 \rightarrow 0,$$

$$c_w \equiv \frac{M_W}{M_Z} : \text{fixed}, \quad v : \text{fixed}$$

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⇒ in MSSM, 1-loop: only fermion/sfermion contributions

Higgs sector of general 2HDM contributes
contribution in MSSM vanishes due to symmetry relations

Two-loop Yukawa corrections: $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_f^2)$

Gauge-less limit at 2-loop yields 2-loop Yukawa corr. $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_f^2)$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_f^2)$ contributions to $\Delta\rho$ are the **only** corrections at this order to $M_W, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$

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In the SM $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$ corrections were first obtained for special case $M_H = 0$: [J. van der Bij, F. Hoogeveen '87]

$$\Delta\rho_{2\text{-loop}|M_H=0}^{\text{SM},\alpha_t^2} = 3 \frac{G_\mu^2}{128\pi^4} m_t^4 (19 - 2\pi^2)$$

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SM $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$ result for arbitrary M_H [*R. Barbieri, M. Beccaria, P. Ciafaloni, G. Curci, A. Vicere '92*], [*J. Fleischer, O. Tarasov, F. Jegerlehner '93*]

⇒ much bigger correction for realistic values of M_H^{SM}

Consequences of the gauge-less limit

- Higgs sector:

$$M_{H^\pm}^2 = M_H^2 = M_A^2, \quad \sin \alpha = -\cos \beta, \quad \cos \alpha = \sin \beta$$

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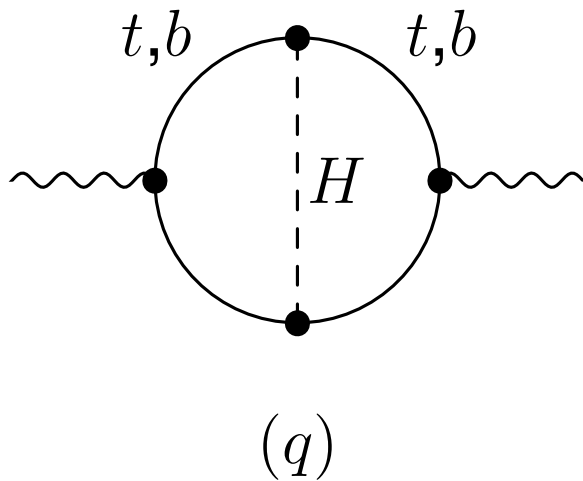
- Higgsino sector:

Diagonal mass matrices of charginos, neutralinos simplify to

$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_i^\pm} = (0, +\mu), \quad m_{\tilde{\chi}_i^0} = (0, 0, +\mu, -\mu)$$

M_h dependence: pure fermion contributions

Full M_h dependence can be kept (i.e. can use true MSSM value for M_h) in pure fermion contributions of class (q) :



t/b loops with Higgs and Goldstone boson exchange

[S. Heinemeyer, G. W. '02]

Reason: diagrams + counterterm contribution of class (q) correspond to a special case of a general 2HDM (where M_h is a free parameter)

[J. Haestier, S. Heinemeyer, D. Stöckinger, G. W. '05]

Renormalisation in the \tilde{t}/\tilde{b} sector

Mass matrices in the stop/sbottom sector:

$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{t}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} M_{\tilde{t}_L}^2 + m_t^2 + \cos 2\beta \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{3}s_W^2\right)M_Z^2 & m_t X_t \\ m_t X_t & M_{\tilde{t}_R}^2 + m_t^2 + \frac{2}{3}\cos 2\beta s_W^2 M_Z^2 \end{pmatrix},$$
$$\mathcal{M}_{\tilde{b}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} M_{\tilde{b}_L}^2 + m_b^2 + \cos 2\beta \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}s_W^2\right)M_Z^2 & m_b X_b \\ m_b X_b & M_{\tilde{b}_R}^2 + m_b^2 - \frac{1}{3}\cos 2\beta s_W^2 M_Z^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

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⇒ not all parameters can be renormalised independently

⇒ choose $\delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2$ as dependent counterterm

⇒ $\delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 \Big|_{\text{symm}} = f(\delta m_{\tilde{t}_1}, \delta m_{\tilde{t}_2}, \delta \theta_{\tilde{t}}, \delta m_{\tilde{b}_2}, \delta \theta_{\tilde{b}}, \delta m_t, \delta m_b)$

Total result for $\Delta\rho$

On-shell renormalisation of the other parameters:

$$\delta m_{\tilde{f}_i}^2 = \text{Re } \Sigma_{\tilde{f}_i}(m_{\tilde{f}_i}^2) \quad \text{for } \tilde{f}_i = \tilde{t}_{1,2}, \tilde{b}_2$$

$$\delta\theta_{\tilde{f}} = \frac{\text{Re } \Sigma_{\tilde{f}_1\tilde{f}_2}(m_{\tilde{f}_1}^2) + \text{Re } \Sigma_{\tilde{f}_1\tilde{f}_2}(m_{\tilde{f}_2}^2)}{2(m_{\tilde{f}_1}^2 - m_{\tilde{f}_2}^2)} \quad \text{for } \tilde{f} = \tilde{t}, \tilde{b}$$

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\Rightarrow total result for $\Delta\rho$ can be written as

$$\Delta\rho^{(q,\tilde{q},\tilde{H})} = \Delta\rho_{\text{MSSM}}^{(q)} + \Delta\rho_{\text{MSSM, full OS}}^{(\tilde{q},\tilde{H})} + \Delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 \partial_{m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2} \Delta\rho_{1\text{-loop}}^{\text{SUSY}},$$

$$\text{where } \Delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 = \delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2|_{\text{symm}} - \delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2|_{\text{OS}}, \quad \delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2|_{\text{OS}} = \text{Re} \Sigma_{\tilde{b}_1}(m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2)$$

Alternative renormalisation scheme: $\overline{\text{DR}}$ ren. for soft SUSY-breaking parameters in stop/sbottom sector

M_h dependence: sfermion and higgsino contributions, $\Delta\rho^{(\tilde{q}, \tilde{H})}$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{MSSM, full OS}}^{(\tilde{q}, \tilde{H})}$: full M_h dependence can be kept

$\Delta m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2 \partial_{m_{\tilde{b}_1}^2} \Delta\rho_{1\text{-loop}}^{\text{SUSY}}$: needs to be evaluated in full gauge-less limit, i.e. for $M_h = 0$

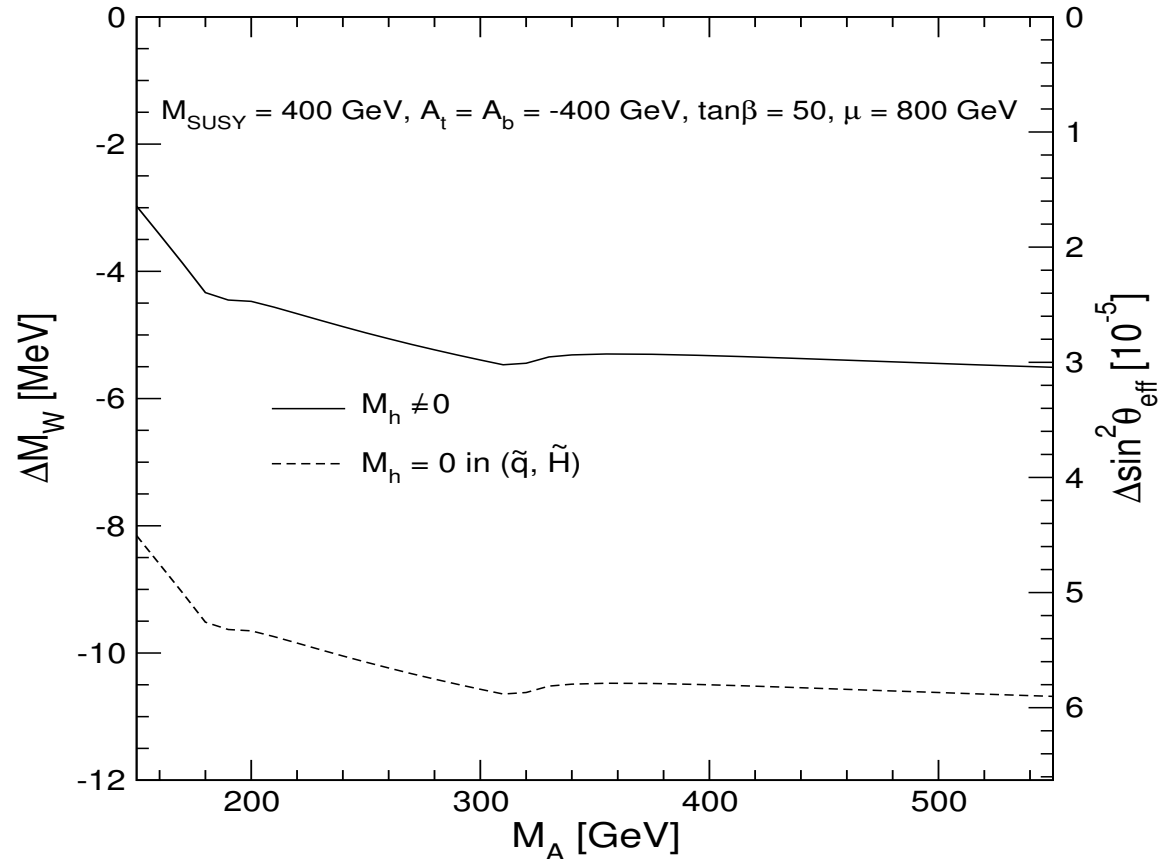
\Rightarrow treat M_h -dependence of $\Delta\rho^{(\tilde{q}, \tilde{H})}$ as theoretical uncertainty in the following

3. Numerical results

M_h -dependence of $\Delta\rho(\tilde{q},\tilde{H})$:

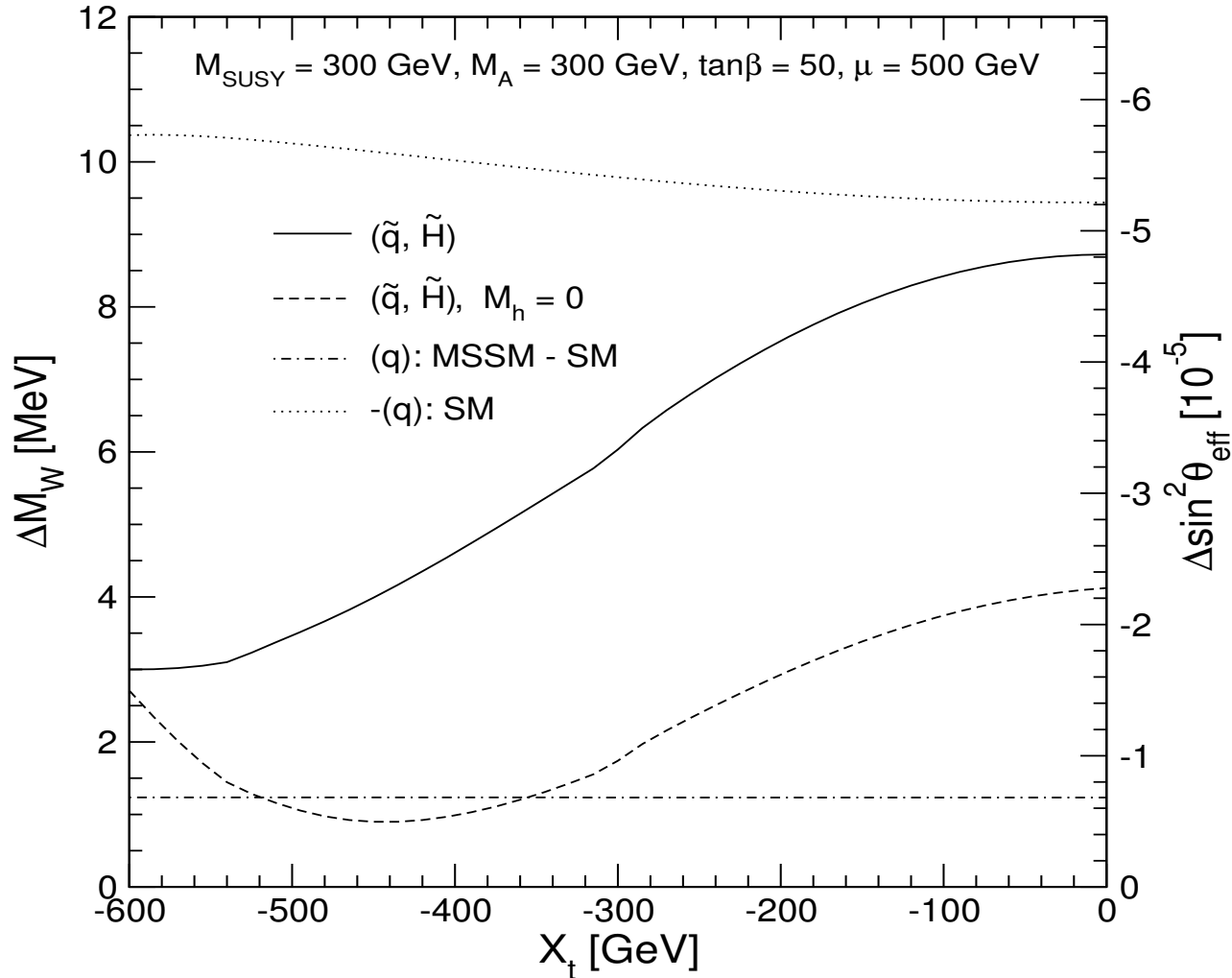
Shift induced by $\Delta\rho(\tilde{q},\tilde{H})$ in $M_W, \sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}$:

“extreme scenario”, where M_h dependence of $\Delta\rho(\tilde{q},\tilde{H})$ is particularly large



$\Rightarrow M_h$ -dependence of squark and higgsino contributions induces shift of up to +5 MeV in M_W and -3×10^{-5} to $\sin^2\theta_{\text{eff}}$

Shifts induced in M_W and $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$ by two-loop Yukawa corrections as function of mixing in scalar top sector



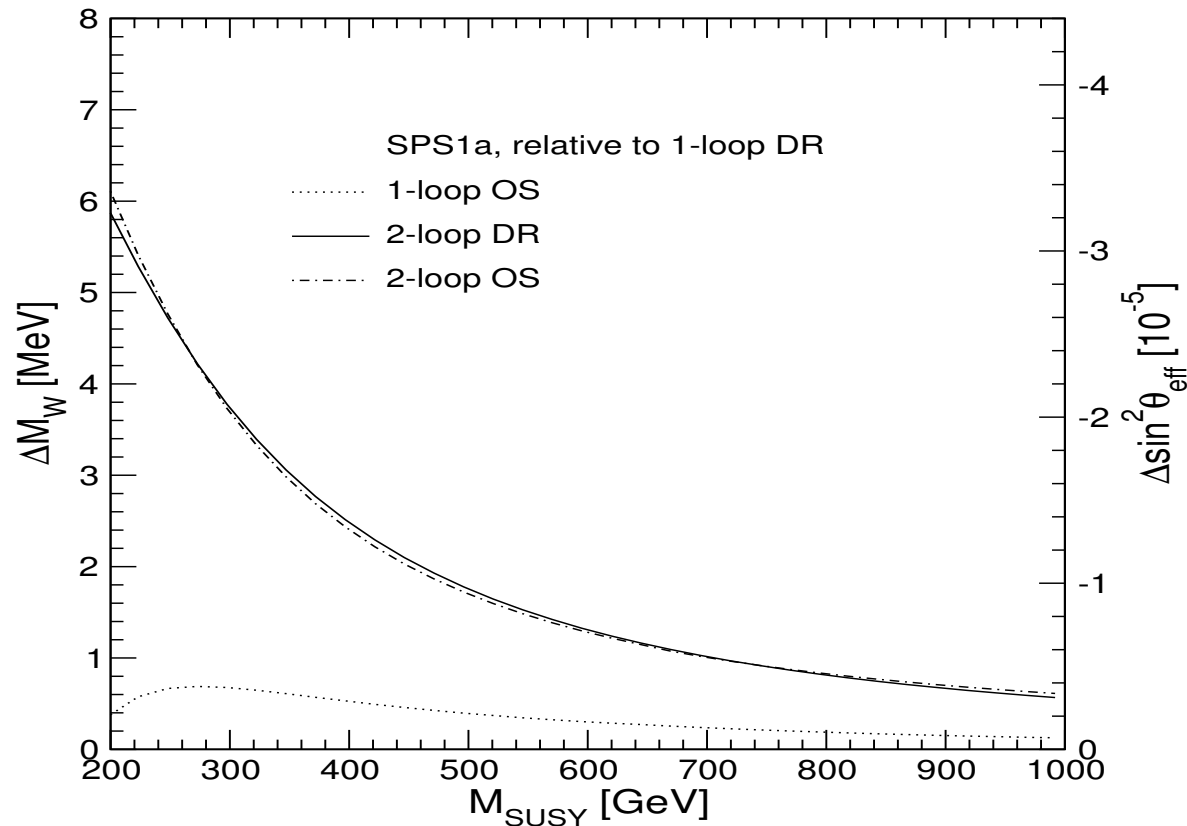
\Rightarrow Corrections up to $\Delta M_W \approx +8 \text{ MeV}$, $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} \approx -4 \times 10^{-5}$
 from SUSY loops, can be as large as SM quark loops

Result in SPS 1a scenario: 2-loop on-shell and 2-loop $\overline{\text{DR}}$

result relative to 1-loop result with $\overline{\text{DR}}$ parameters

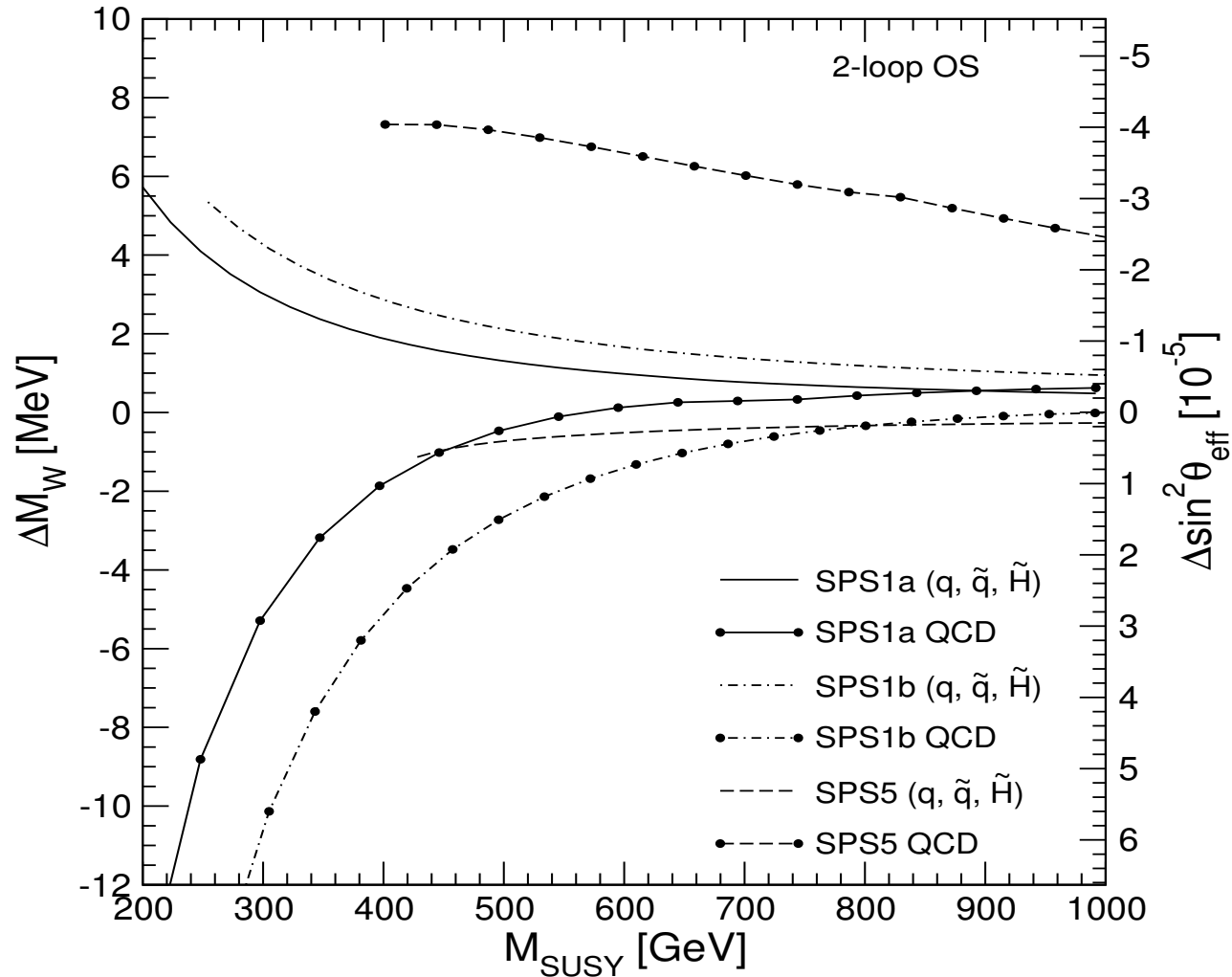
Shifts induced by squark and higgsino corrections

$M_{\text{SUSY}}, A_t, A_b, \mu, \mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}}$ varied using common scale factor



⇒ Corrections up to $\Delta M_W \approx +6$ MeV, $\Delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} \approx -3 \times 10^{-5}$
large reduction of scheme dependence

Yukawa corrections vs. $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ corrections to $M_W, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$ as function of M_{SUSY} for three SPS scenarios



⇒ Corrections have similar size, large compensations for small M_{SUSY}

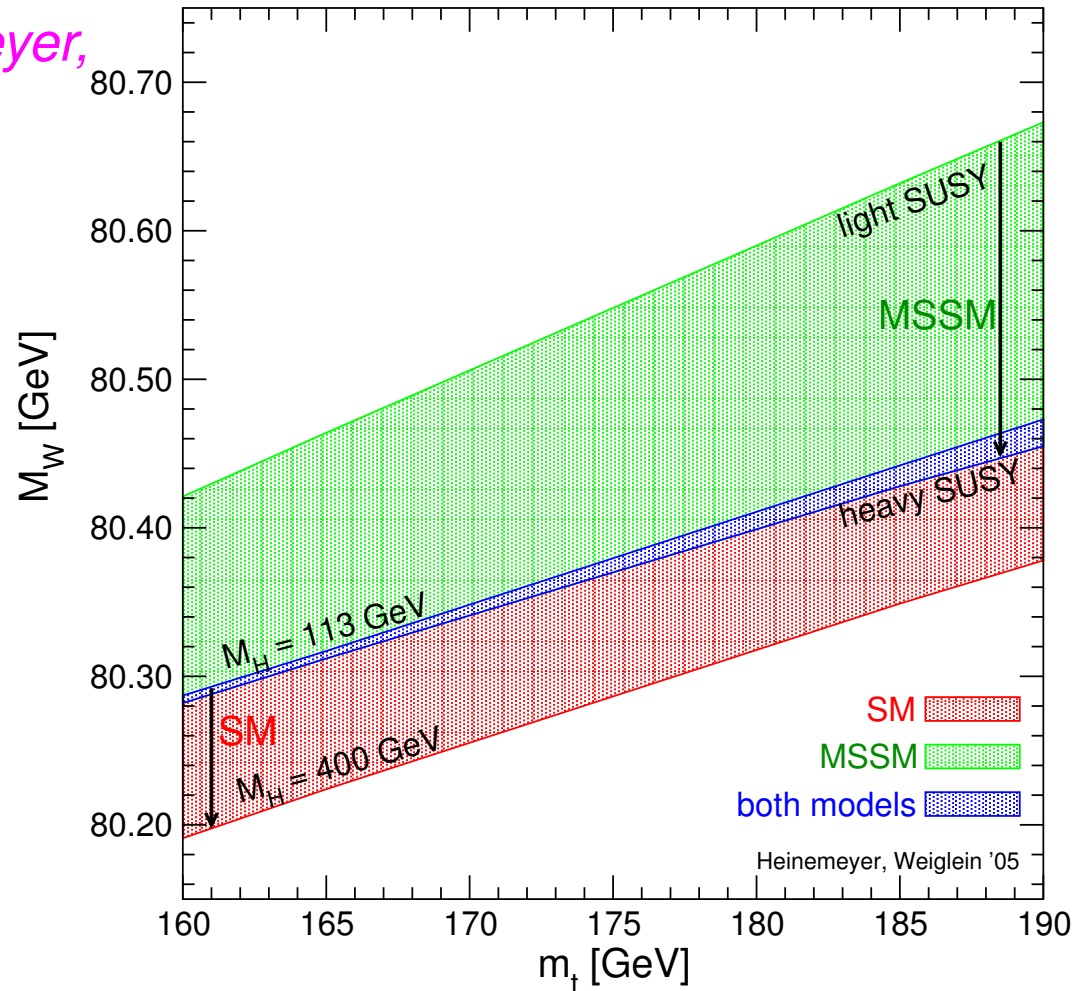
Electroweak precision tests: SM vs. MSSM

Prediction for M_W in the **SM** and the **MSSM** ($m_t = 172.7 \pm 2.8$ GeV):

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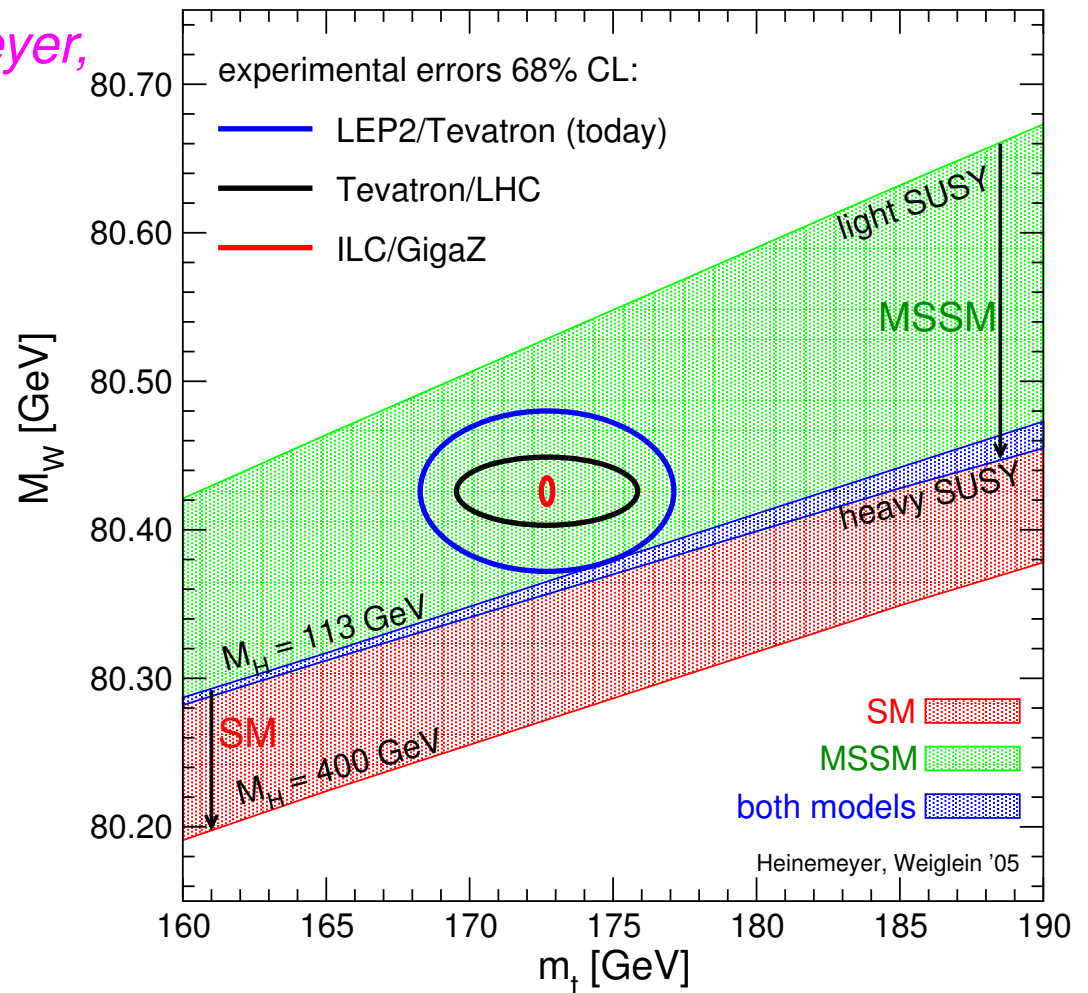
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SM: M_H varied

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4. Estimate of remaining uncertainties from unknown higher-orders

Theoretical evaluation of precision observables is more advanced in the SM than in the MSSM

⇒ Write MSSM prediction for observable O ($O = M_W, \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}, \dots$) as

$$O_{\text{MSSM}} = O_{\text{SM}} + O_{\text{MSSM-SM}}$$

⇒ takes all known SM corrections into account

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⇒ Need estimate of further uncertainties from SUSY loop corrections

Estimate of uncertainties from SUSY loop corrections depending on M_{SUSY}

- **Electroweak 2-loop corrections beyond the leading Yukawa corrections:**
 - assume ratio of subleading ew 2-loop corr. to 2-loop Yukawa corr. is the same in the MSSM as in the SM
 - M_h dependence of squark and higgsino contributions
- **$\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ corrections beyond the $\Delta\rho$ approximation:**

assume ratio of contribution entering via $\Delta\rho$ to full result is the same as in the SM

Estimate of uncertainties from SUSY loop corrections depending on M_{SUSY}

● $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$ corrections:

- assume ratio of supersymmetric $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$ contributions to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ supersymmetric contributions is the same as for corresponding corrections in the SM
- geometric progression from lower orders: assume ratio is the same as of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ supersymmetric contributions to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ supersymmetric contributions
- variation of renormalisation scale of $\alpha_s(\mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}})$ entering the $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ result according to $m_t/2 \leq \mu^{\overline{\text{DR}}} \leq 2m_t$

Estimate of uncertainties from SUSY loop

corrections depending on M_{SUSY}

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2\alpha_s)$ corrections:

- assume ratio of supersymmetric $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2\alpha_s)$ contributions to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$ leading Yukawa supersymmetric contributions is the same as for corresponding corrections in the SM
- geometric progression from lower orders: assume ratio is the same as of $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ supersymmetric contributions to $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ supersymmetric contributions
- change value of m_t in result for 2-loop supersymmetric Yukawa corrections from m_t^{OS} to
$$m_t(m_t) = m_t^{\text{OS}} / (1 + 4/(3\pi) \alpha_s(m_t))$$

Electroweak three-loop corrections:

renormalisation scheme dependence of result for 2-loop supersymmetric Yukawa corrections

Resulting estimates for uncertainty in M_W **(in MeV) for different values of M_{SUSY}**

Values obtained for SPS 1a, SPS 1b, SPS 5 (largest value taken as estimate):

| M_{SUSY} | <500 GeV | 500 GeV | 1000 GeV |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$ sublead. | 6.0 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$ sublead. | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s^2)$ | 3.0, 5.3, 1.5 | 1.4, 1.1, 0.7 | 0.9, 2.2, 0.5 |
| $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2\alpha_s)$ | 1.5, 2.2, 1.4 | 0.6, 0.8, 0.4 | 0.2, 0.2, 0.2 |
| $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^3)$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |

Estimates for uncertainties in M_W and $\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}$ from unknown higher-order SUSY contrib.

$$\delta M_W = 8.5 \text{ MeV for } M_{\text{SUSY}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\delta M_W = 2.7 \text{ MeV for } M_{\text{SUSY}} = 500 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\delta M_W = 2.4 \text{ MeV for } M_{\text{SUSY}} = 1000 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} = 4.7 \times 10^{-5} \text{ for } M_{\text{SUSY}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} = 1.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ for } M_{\text{SUSY}} = 500 \text{ GeV}$$

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\Rightarrow Total uncertainty including higher-order SM corrections:

$$\delta M_W = (5 - 9) \text{ MeV}, \quad \delta \sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}} = (5 - 7) \times 10^{-5}$$

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- New result for 2-loop Yukawa corr. to $\Delta\rho$ in the MSSM:
 $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t^2)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t\alpha_b)$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_b^2)$ contributions from SM fermions, sfermions, Higgs bosons and higgsinos

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 \Rightarrow Further efforts needed to reduce theor. uncertainties in the MSSM to the level achieved for the SM