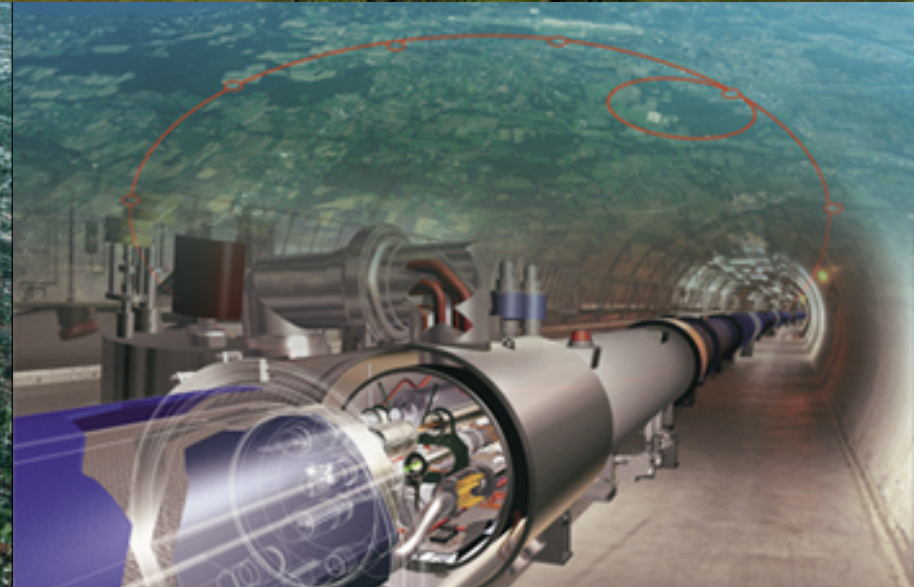
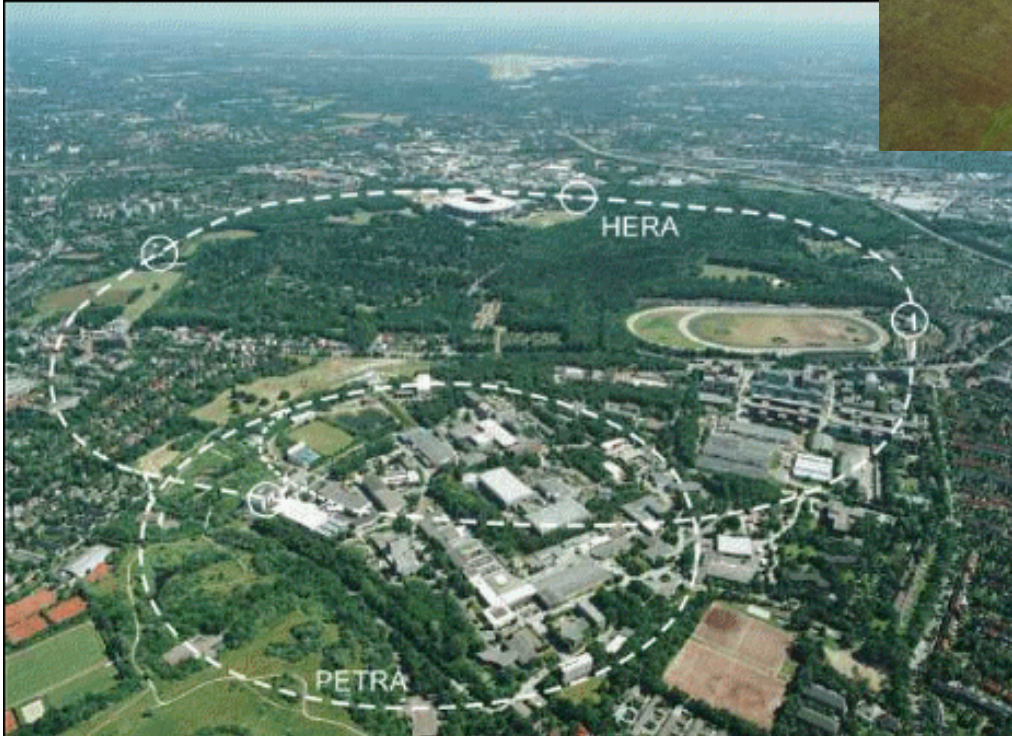
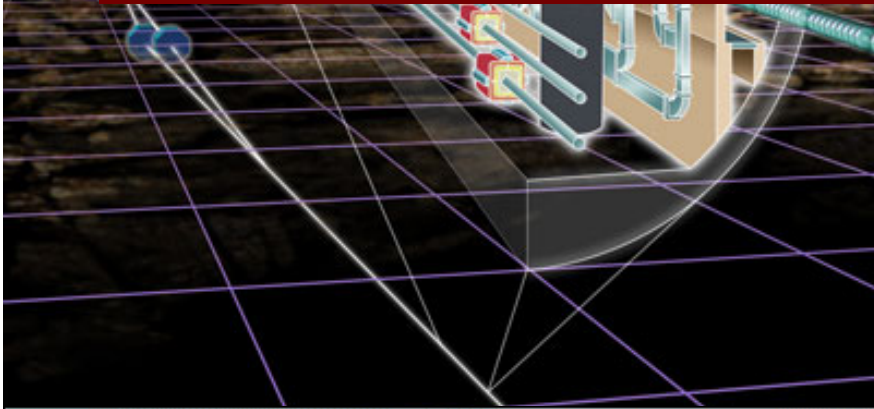


Progress on VirCol

A Parton Shower MC based on Antenna Formalism

W. Giele (Fermilab), D. Kosower (Saclay), P. Skands (Fermilab)

QCD at High Energies



QCD at High Energies

EW/BSM/Higgs (+ Jets)
EW/BSM/Higgs precision

Parton Showers
ME/PS Matching

LO
NLO
NNLO
...

DGLAP
BFKL

LL
NLL
NNLL
...

Event Generators

Flavour Physics

Diffraction
Rapidity Gaps

Underlying Event
Beam Remnants

Hadronisation
Hadron Decays

PETRA

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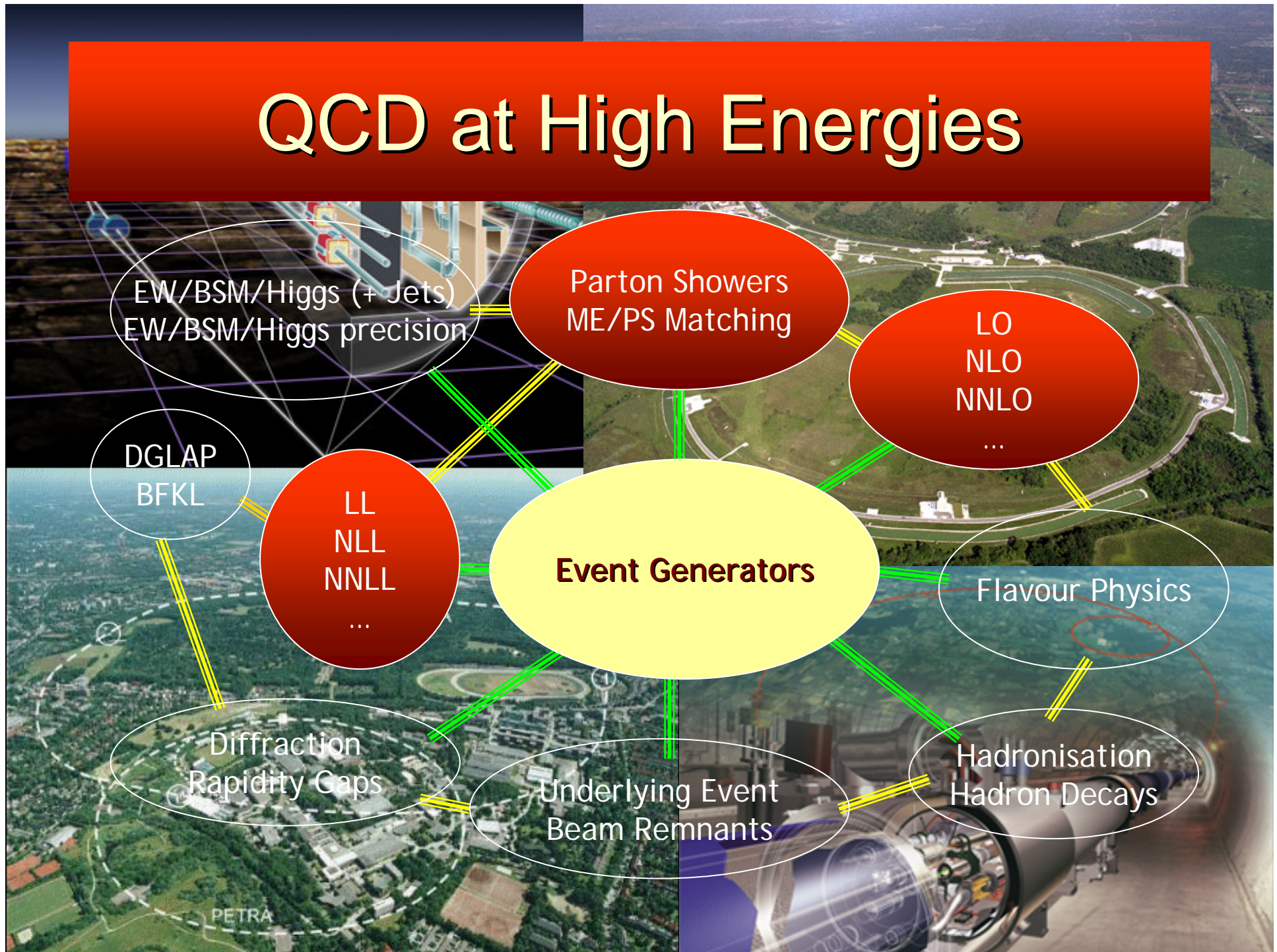
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Hard & Soft

Matrix Elements (Fixed Order):

- Fixed order in α -> Exact interference, helicity, loops, ...
- At present can do 2->5/6 (less with loops)
- Perturbative expansion better at higher energy (asymptotic freedom)
- Multiple soft emissions important for full event structure = exclusive observables
- Widely separated scales -> big logs / big truncation errors.
- Phase space for soft emissions increases at high energies

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Parton Showers:

- Derived in universal limit of QCD \rightarrow depend on universal parameters
- Exponentiate \rightarrow infinite $O(\alpha)$ \rightarrow ideal for widely separated scales (logs resummed)
- Arbitrary number of partons in final state \rightarrow match to hadronisation descriptions
- Derived in limit (collinear) of QCD \rightarrow approx. for wide-angle / hard emissions.

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Marriage desirable!!

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Possible Ceremonies

1. Merging (old) (HERWIG, PYTHIA, ARIADNE)

- C

2. Tree (ARIADNE, SHERPA, PATRIOT)

- In
- re

3. NLO

- M
 - 1
- hardwired to HERWIG + formalism so
cumbersome.

4. + new ideas ... (Kramer+Soper, Nagy, Collins et al)



Vircol – Basic SKETCH

- Perturbative expansion for some observable J ,

$$d\sigma = \sum_{m=0} d\sigma_m \quad ; \quad d\sigma_m = d\Pi_m |M|^2 \delta(J - J(k_1, k_2, \dots, k_m))$$
- Assume we know some Matrix Elements

$$d\sigma_0, d\sigma_1, \dots, d\sigma_n \quad (\text{w or w/o loops})$$
- And we have some approximation $T_{n \rightarrow n+1}$, so that

$$d\sigma_{n+1} \sim T_{n \rightarrow n+1} d\sigma_n \quad (\sim \text{parton shower})$$
- A 'best guess' cross section is then:

$$d\sigma \sim d\sigma_0 + d\sigma_1 + \dots + d\sigma_n (1 + T_{n \rightarrow n+1} + T_{n \rightarrow n+1} T_{n+1 \rightarrow n+2} + \dots)$$

→ $d\sigma \sim d\sigma_0 + d\sigma_1 + \dots + d\sigma_n S_n \quad ; \quad S_n = 1 + T_{n \rightarrow n+1} S_{n+1}$
- For this to make sense, the $T_{n \rightarrow n+1}$ have to at least contain the correct singularities (in order to correctly sum up all logarithmically enhanced terms), but they are otherwise arbitrary.
- We will now reorder this series in a useful way ...

Reordering example: $h \rightarrow gg$

- Assume we know ME for $H \rightarrow gg$ and $H \rightarrow ggg$. Then reorder:

$$\text{Use } 1 = S_n - T_{n \rightarrow n+1} S_{n+1}$$

- $$\begin{aligned} d\sigma &\sim d\sigma_{gg} + d\sigma_{ggg} S_{ggg} \\ &= S_{gg} d\sigma_{gg} + S_{ggg} (d\sigma_{ggg} - T_{gg \rightarrow ggg} d\sigma_{gg}) \\ &= S_{gg} d\sigma_{gg} + S_{ggg} d\chi_{ggg} \quad (\text{generalises to } n \text{ gluons}) \end{aligned}$$

- I.e shower off gg and modified ggg matrix element.
- Double counting avoided** since singularities/shower subtracted in $d\chi_{ggg}$.

What IS THE Difference?

CKKW (& friends) in a nutshell:

1. Generate a n-jet Final State from n-jet (singular) ME.
2. Construct a "fake" PS history.
3. Apply Sudakov weights on each "line" in history \rightarrow from inclusive n-jet ME to exclusive n-jet (i.e. probability that n-jet FS remains n-jet above cutoff) \rightarrow gets rid of double counting when mixed with other ME's (Sudakov wt dampens singularity).
4. Apply PS with no emissions above cutoff.

VirCol in a nutshell:

1. Subtract PS singularities from n-jet ME (antenna subtraction)
2. Generate a n-jet Final State from the subtracted (finite) ME.
3. Apply PS \rightarrow Leading Logs resummed.

+ full NLO: divergent part already there = unitarity of shower assumption \rightarrow just include extra finite contribution in $d\sigma_0$:

$$d\sigma = d\sigma_0^{(0)} + d\sigma_1^{(0)} + \text{sing}[d\sigma_0^{(1)}] + F^{(1)} + \dots$$

+ now NNLO/NLL possible \rightarrow talks by Gehrmann, Gehrmann-De Ridder

The ANTENNA Shower

- So far, we have written a C++ code that (for the moment) generates a pure gluon cascade ordered in:

$$y_R = 4s_{a1}s_{1b}/s_{a1b}^2 = 4p_{T;ARIADNE}^2/s_{a1b}$$

- ...with the antenna / subtraction function:

$$|A(a,b \rightarrow a,1,b)|^2 =$$

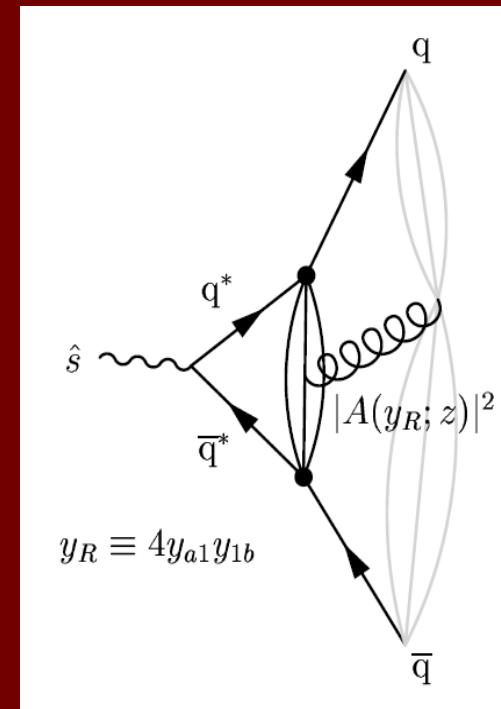
$$2(s_{a1b}(s_{a1}+s_{1b})+s_{ab}^2)^2/(s_{a1}s_{1b}(s_{a1b}s_{ab}+s_{a1}s_{1b})s_{a1b})$$

→ “usual” collinear limit, but different outside.

- This gives an analytical Sudakov integral

= [Mathematica output] .

- (No Matrix Elements yet ... but work in progress).



The ANTENNA Shower

- So far, we generate

$$y_R = 4s_{a1}s_{a2}$$

- ...with the

$$|A(a,b \rightarrow a)$$

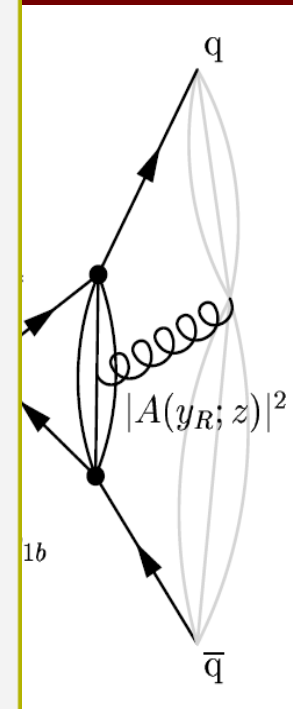
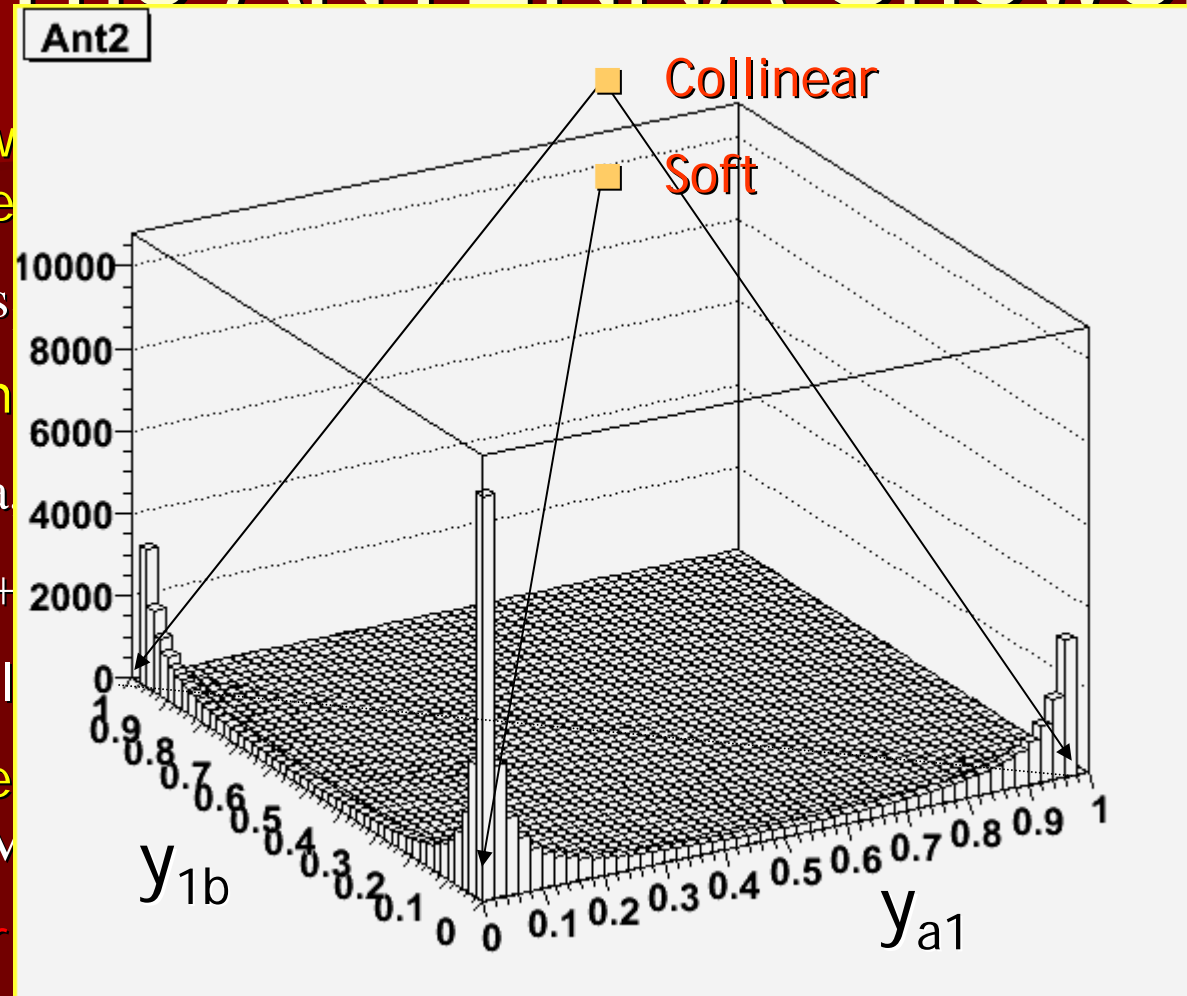
$$2(s_{a1b}(s_{a1} +$$

→ “usual

- This gives

$$= [M$$

- (No Matr



Resolution & sharing

- Sudakov $\rightarrow y_R$ for next branch \rightarrow select phase space point along **iso- y_R** contour:

1. Rewrite Antenna function in terms of $y^2=y_R$;

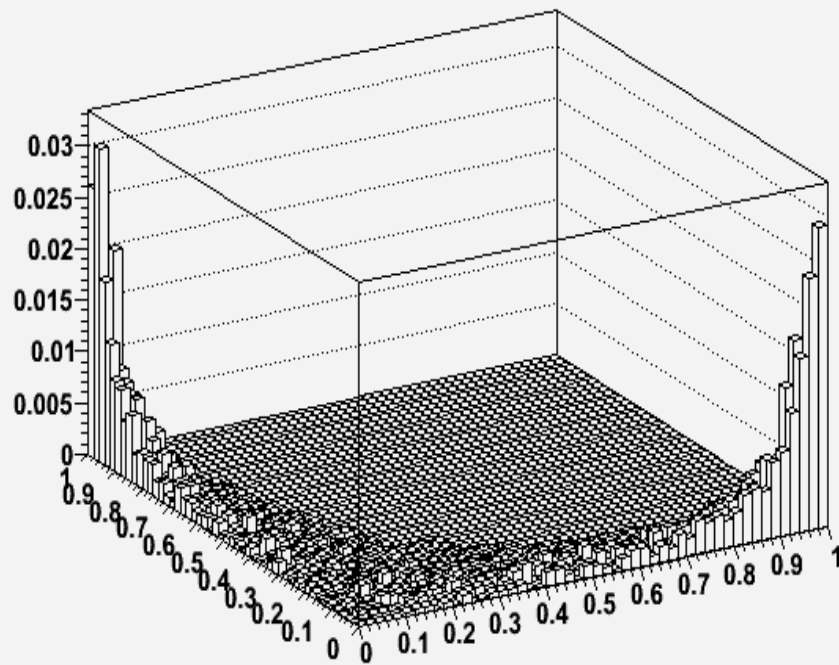
$$\xi = (s_{a1} + s_{1b})/y : \int_0^{R_1} dy \frac{1}{y} \int_1^{R_1=y} d\mu \frac{(\mu y + (1 - \mu y)^2)^2}{1 + y^2 = 4\mu y} \mathcal{P} \frac{1}{\mu^2 - 1}$$

2. Partial-fraction singular structure + overestimate numerators \rightarrow generate uniform R and solve for ξ_R :

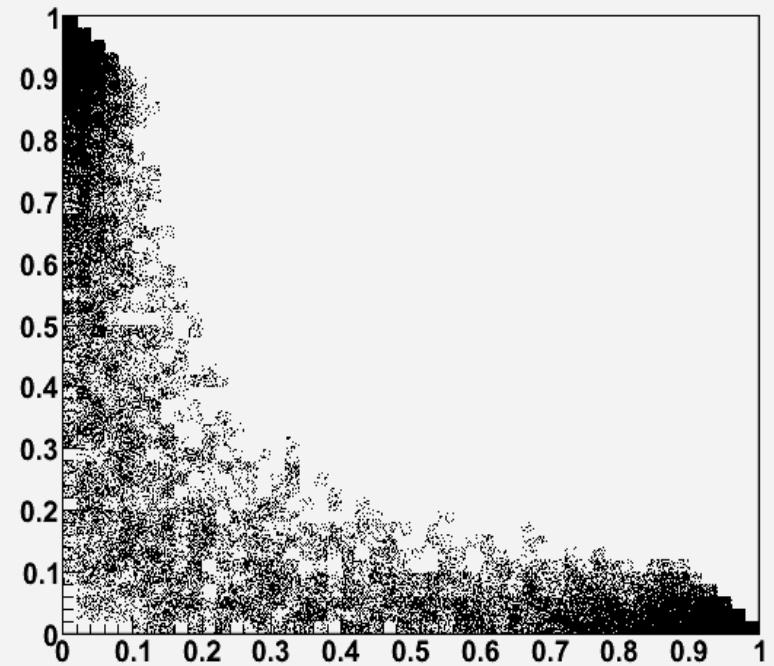
$$R = \int_1^{R \gg R} d\mu \frac{A(y; \mu)}{1 - \mu y + y^2 = 4} + \mathcal{P} \frac{B(y; \mu)}{\mu^2 - 1}$$

Resolution & sharing

1st Branching: y1b vs ya1

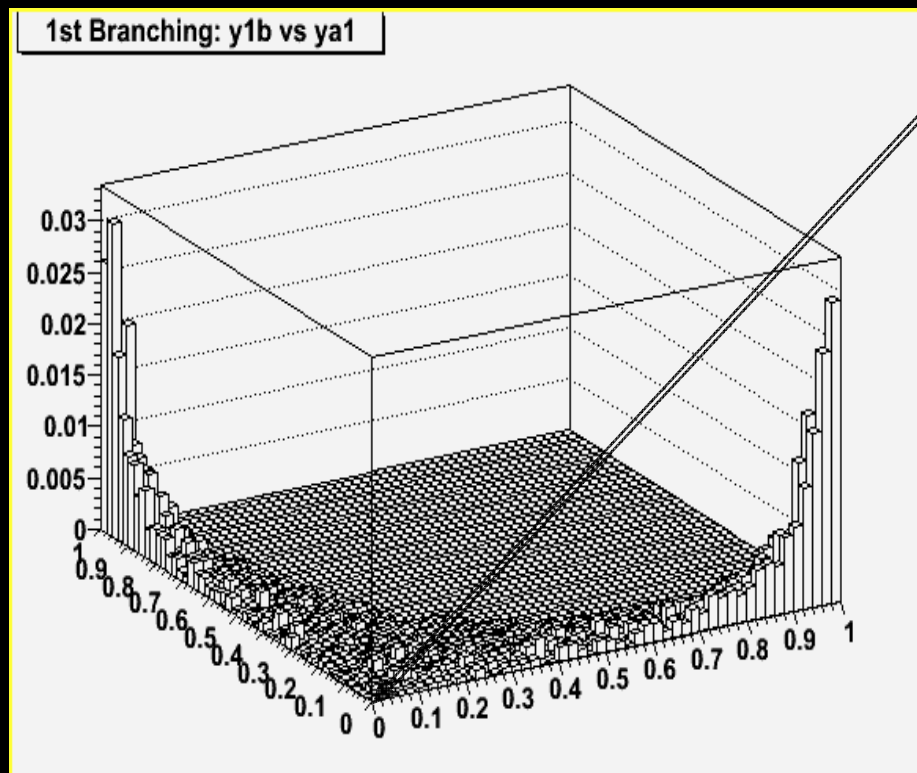


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Resolution & sharing

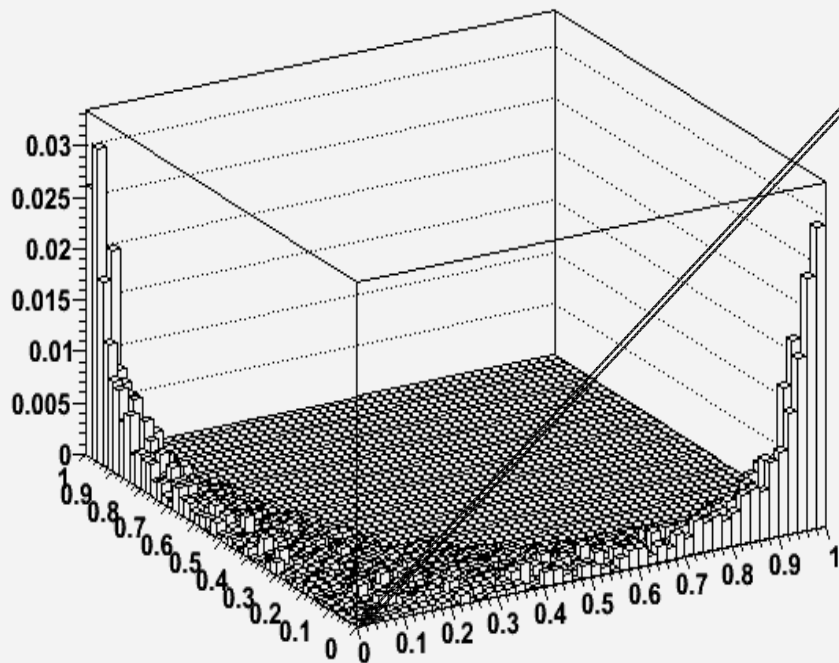
- Q1: Where's the soft singularity?



Resolution & sharing

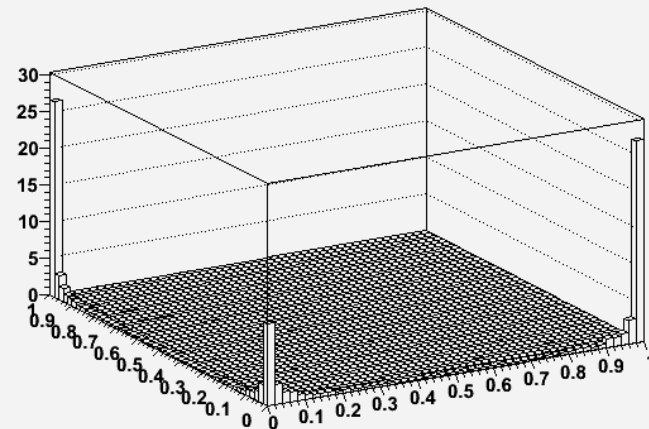
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1st Branching: y_{1b} vs y_{a1}



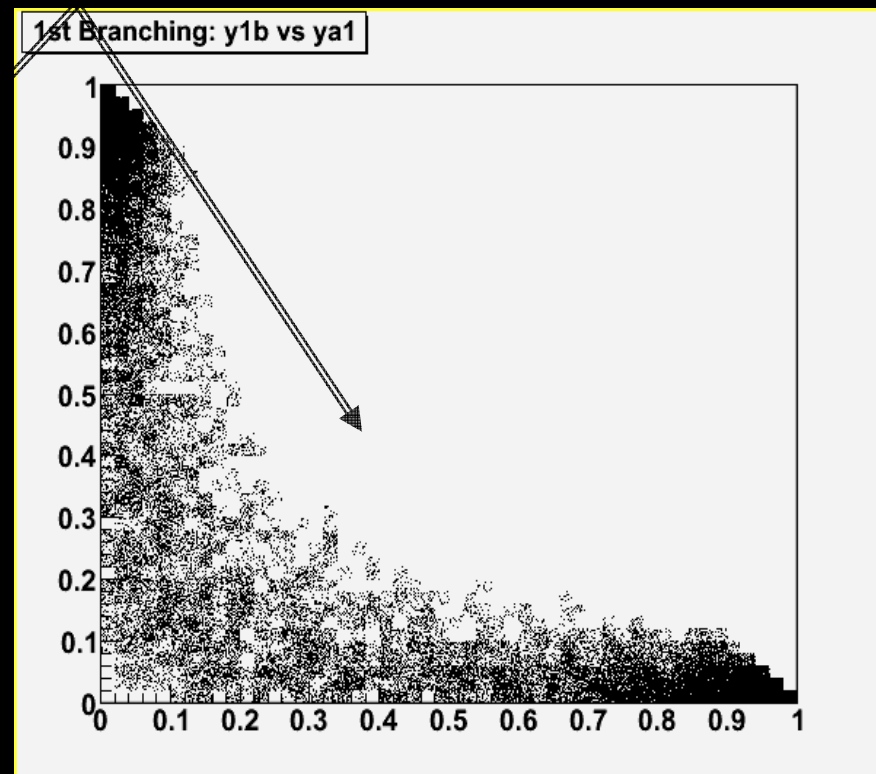
- A1: Sudakov suppressed, (sum of ordered branching probs \rightarrow unordered probability)

y_{1b} vs y_{a1}



Resolution & sharing

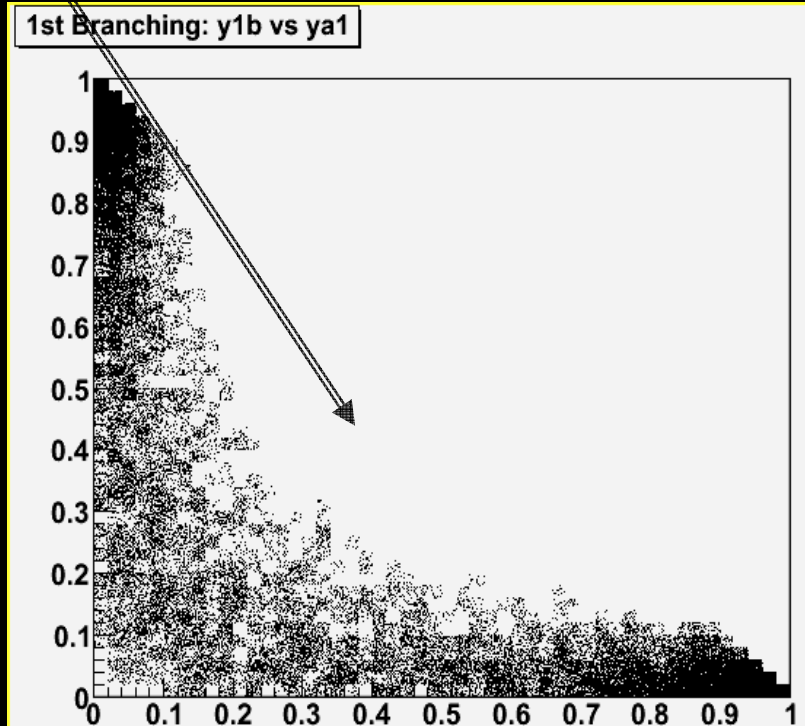
- Q1: Where's the soft singularity?
- Q2: Is that a 'dead region' ?



Resolution & sharing

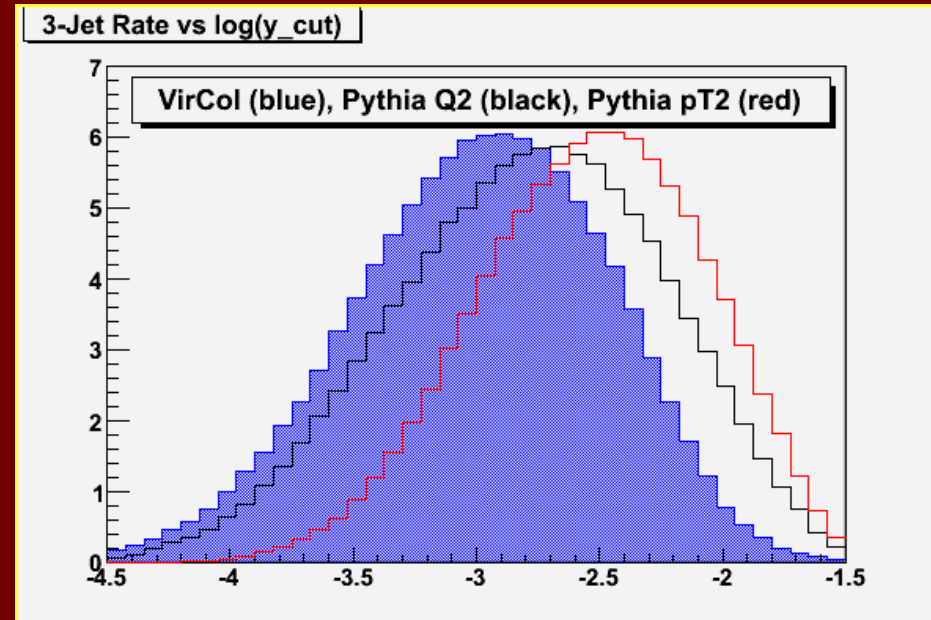
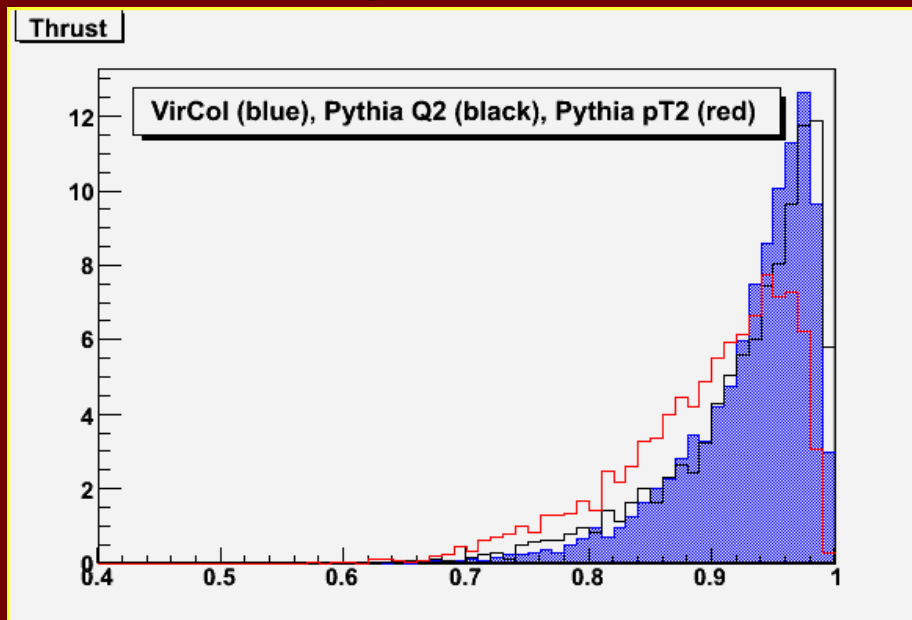
- Q1: Where's the soft singularity?
- Q2: Is that a 'dead region' ?

- A2: Yes, it is cut out by 'unresolution criterion', i.e. that neighbour dipoles remain resolved after branching.
- Due to $H \rightarrow gg$ in colour singlet state! (pathological)
- Eventually, could be filled by Matrix Elements and/or by changing evolution var.



Preliminary Results

- Thrust and 3-jet rate, compared to Q^2 -ordered and p_T^2 -ordered PYTHIA showers.



- Preliminary: matrix elements should be added and parton-level matched to hadronisation models eventually + all showers only include gluons here...

Conclusion & Outlook

- Construction of VIRCOL shower monte carlo:
 - gluons shower MC (based on LO, **done!**)
 - gluons shower MC (based on NLO)
 - parton shower MC (LO/NLO(/NNLO))
 - parton shower MC (NLL + NLO/NNLO)
 - Hadron collider shower MC's
 - Higher order Sudakov factor calculations (this will reduce a lot of implicit and explicit uncertainties: e.g. renormalization scale, choice of subtraction function,...)