

New Lemon API proposal

Karol Stanisławek
IT-FIO

Outline

- ▶ Current status
 - ▶ limitations and performance
- ▶ Proposed solution
 - ▶ architecture
 - ▶ server and client implementations
 - ▶ new API
 - ▶ performance tests
- ▶ Conclusions

Current status (I)

Current implementation:

- ▶ Lemon-cli and TCL,PERL,PHP interfaces using SOAP as transport protocol
- ▶ Server (*fmonSever*, *OraMon*) written in C language with Oracle and flat-file back-end implementation. Each contains multithreaded SOAP server
- ▶ Libraries written in C language (MR_API) are using gSOAP implementation

Limitations:

- ▶ slow – large overhead of the current SOAP layer and its way of implementation (linked lists)

Current status (II)

Limitations (cont.):

- ▶ not scalable – both fmonServer and OraMon were not optimized for querying and data serving
- ▶ limited to about 18 000 samples; larger requests crash both *OraMon* and *fmonServer*
- ▶ authorization mechanisms are absent
- ▶ *OraMon (fmonServer)* server implements data insertion and data access interfaces, that leads to competition between clients who want to store (“monitors”) and receive data.
 - ▶ performance reduction
 - ▶ decreased scalability and reliability
- ▶ lemon-cli displays measurement data only, without any additional metadata (metadata is not present in current MR_API impl.)

Proposed solution (I)

- ▶ Separation of functionality
 - ▶ *fmonServer/OraMon* should only serve for data insertion purposes
 - ▶ separated data server(s)
- ▶ Using raw XML as transport protocol to organize, describe and possibly reuse data

XML example

```
<lemonxml>
  <metric id="20002">
    <meta>
      <column name="LoadAvg" type="FLOAT" length="21" />
    </meta>
    <data node="lxb0001">
      <r ts="1121424900"> <d>2.44000006E+000</d> </r>
    </data>
  </metric>
</lemonxml>
```

Proposed solution (II)

- ▶ Independent from implementation technology
- ▶ simple implementation and use
- ▶ access to service through HTTP will hide implementation and infrastructure details

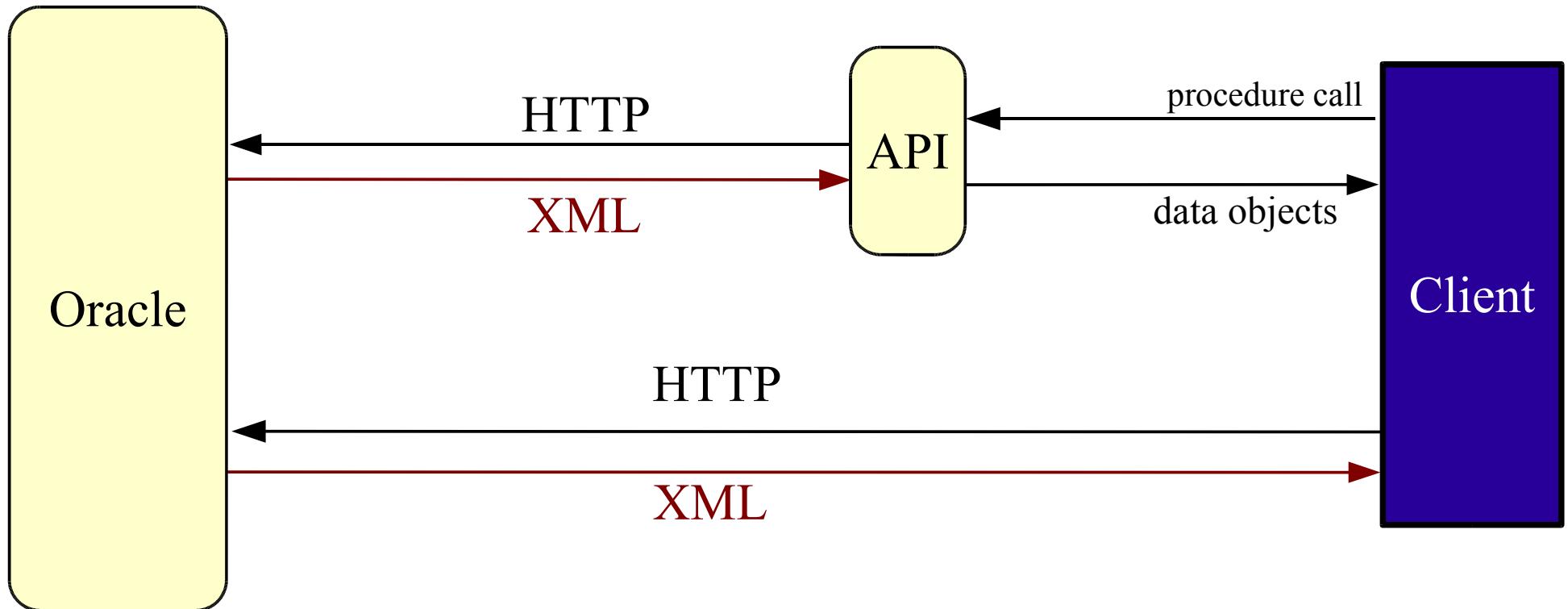
an example:

`http://pcitfio23.cern.ch:8080/lxg/?metrics=9011,9012
&nodes=^lxbo00[1-9]&end=1121427211&i=10h`

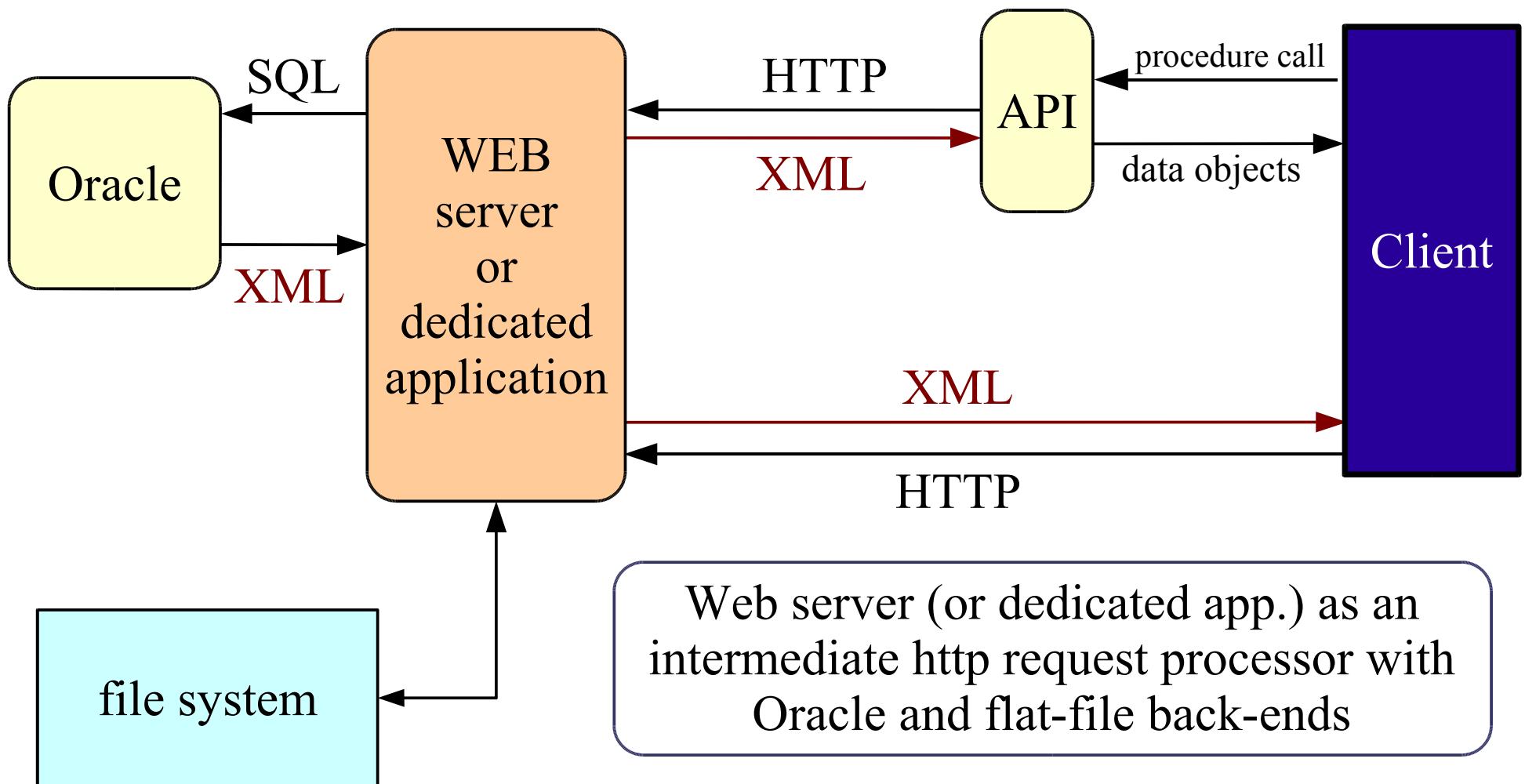
- ▶ Authorization mechanism based on public-private key schema (could be extended to **X509**.)

Server architecture (I)

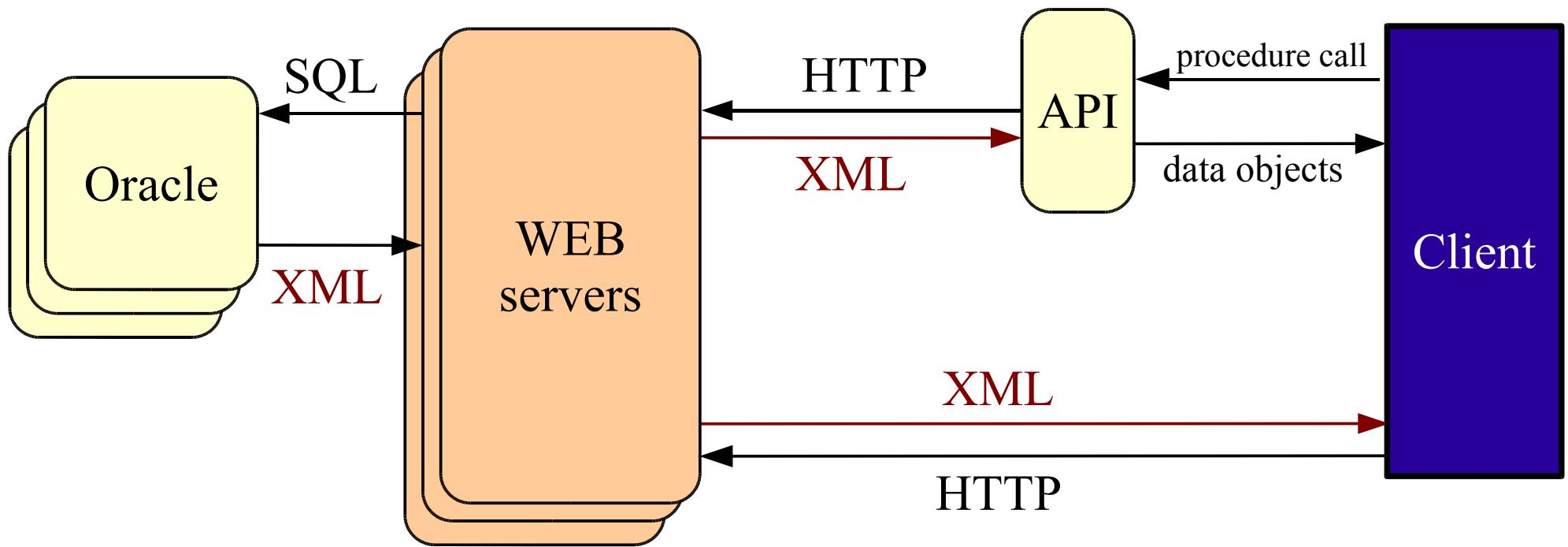
Oracle OC4J web server processing
http requests and serving XML files



Server architecture (II)



Server architecture (III)



possible infrastructure enhancements:
scalable service architecture with
fail-over and redundancy layer

Client API

Plans:

- ▶ common API based on XML schema
- ▶ libraries written in C/C++, Perl, Python and Java.
- ▶ *lemon-cli* adapted for new API
- ▶ raw XML download is possible if needed
- ▶ RSS feeds (probably)

API example (Java):

```
LemonAPI lemon= new LemonAPI();
// initialization
lemon.setSources(new String[]{"http://ccs003d.cern.ch/xml",".."});
lemon.setNodes(new String[]{"lxb0001","lxb0002"});
lemon.setMetrics(new String[]{"9101","9102"});
LemonData data = lemon.getLatestData();      //DB query and data download
String val = data.getValue("lxb0001","9101"); // local query
....
```

Prototype implementation

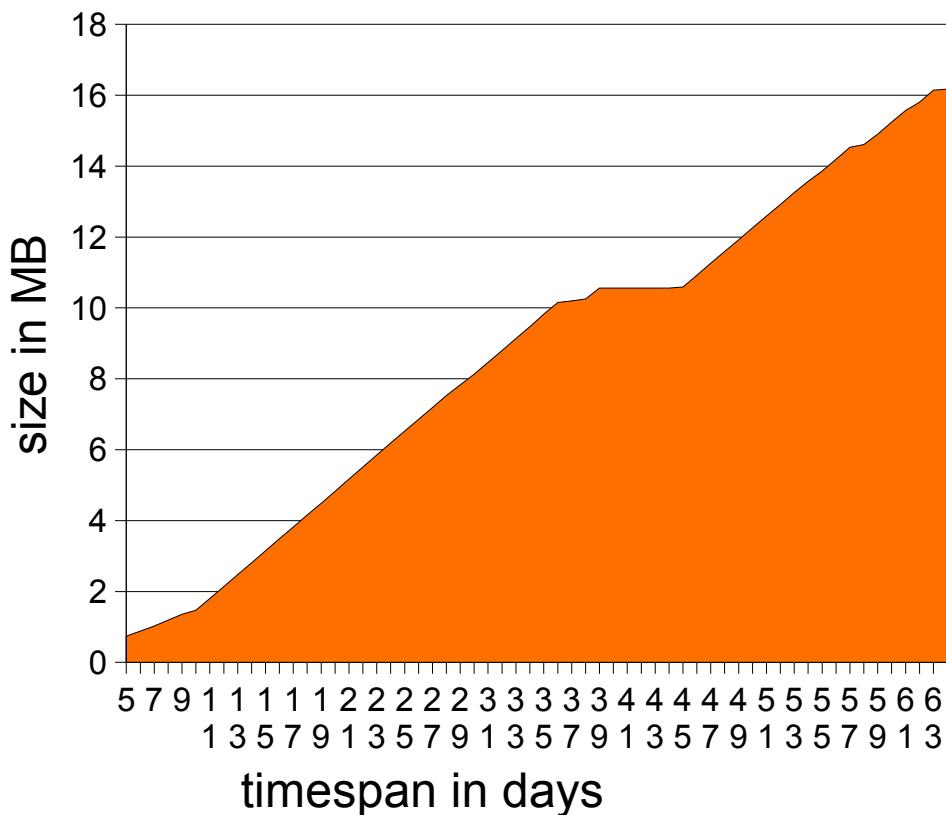
- ▶ Prototype was build using **SQL/XML**, **Spring** framework and run under Apache Tomcat application server.
- ▶ final solution will be based on PL/SQL, SQL/XML languages and **Apache/PHP** or **OC4J** server
- ▶ *Oracle* and *flat files* back-ends will be supported

Test setup:

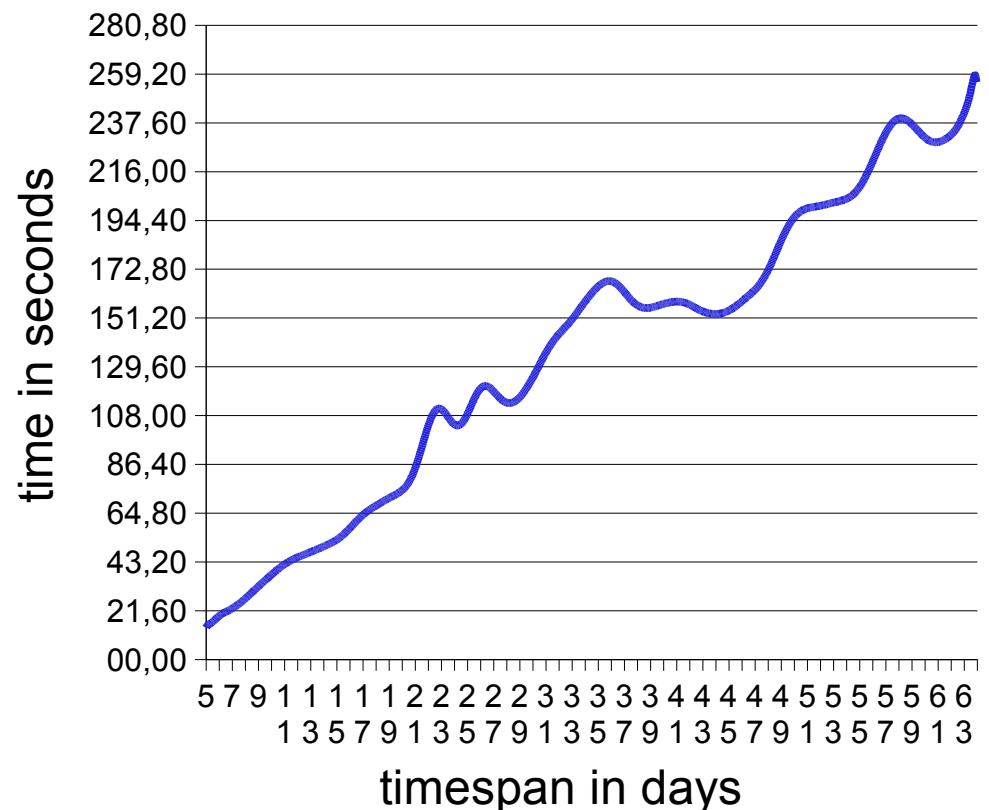
- ▶ Oracle server (lemon3): dual P III 1GHz with 2GB of RAM
- ▶ Tomcat running on: P IV 1.6GHz with 512MB of RAM (workstation)

Data-size tests (I)

XML size



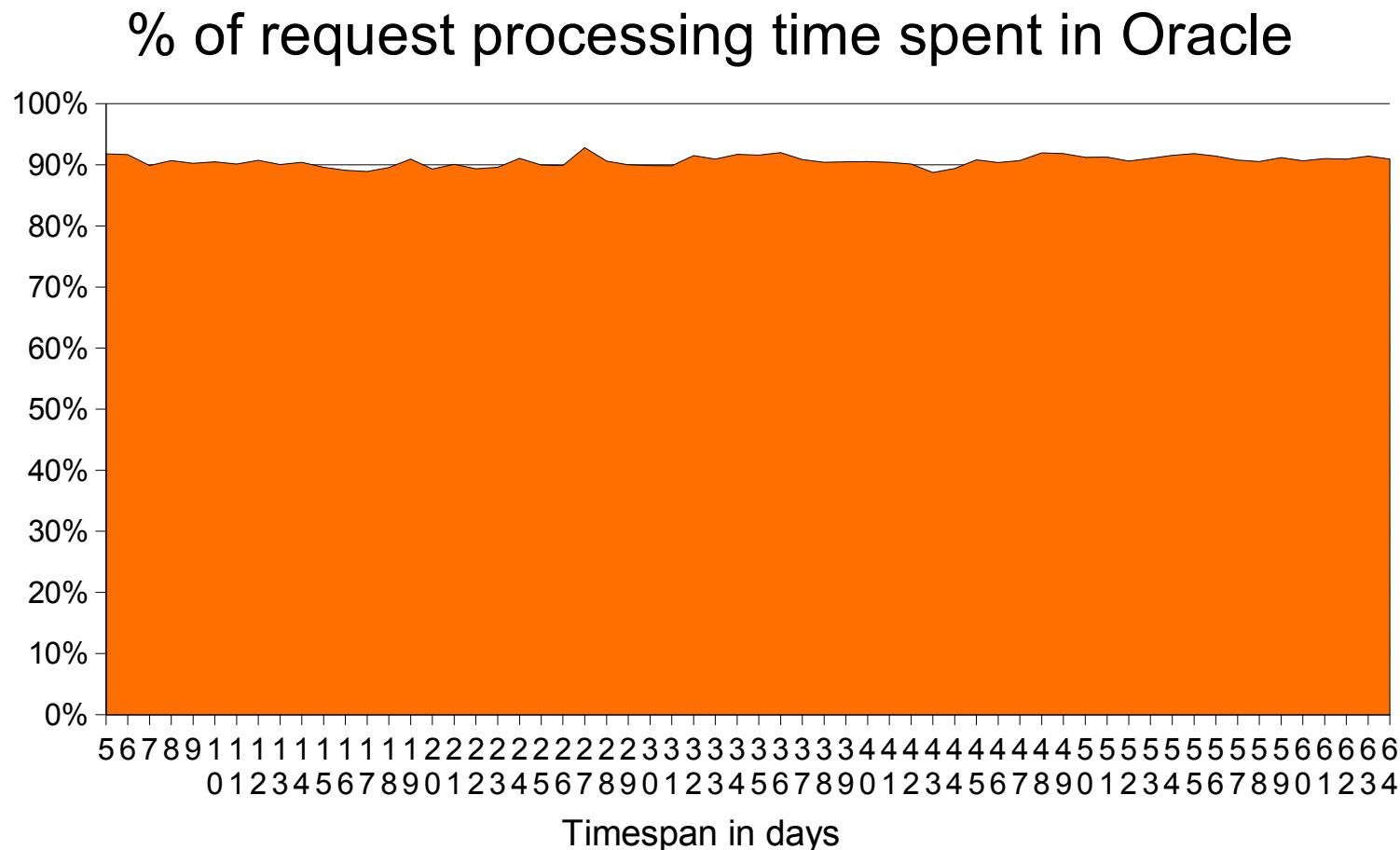
access time



*1 client, data for 9 hosts ,1 metric, time span 5..64 days
= 13k...166k samples*

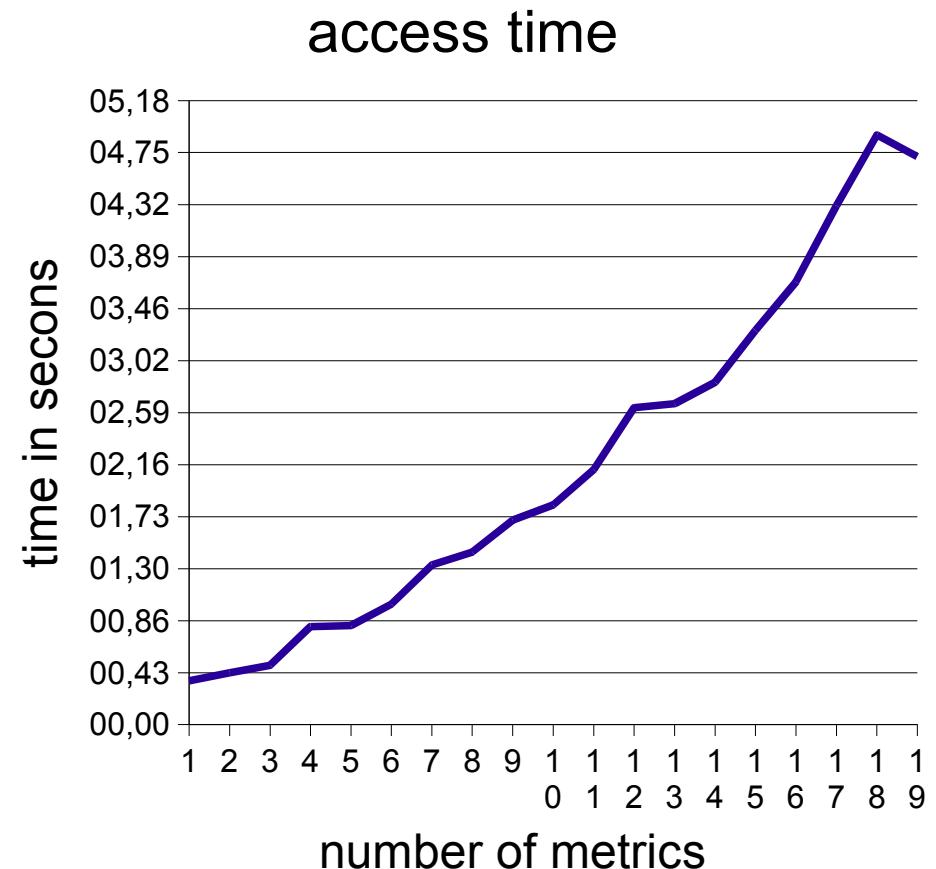
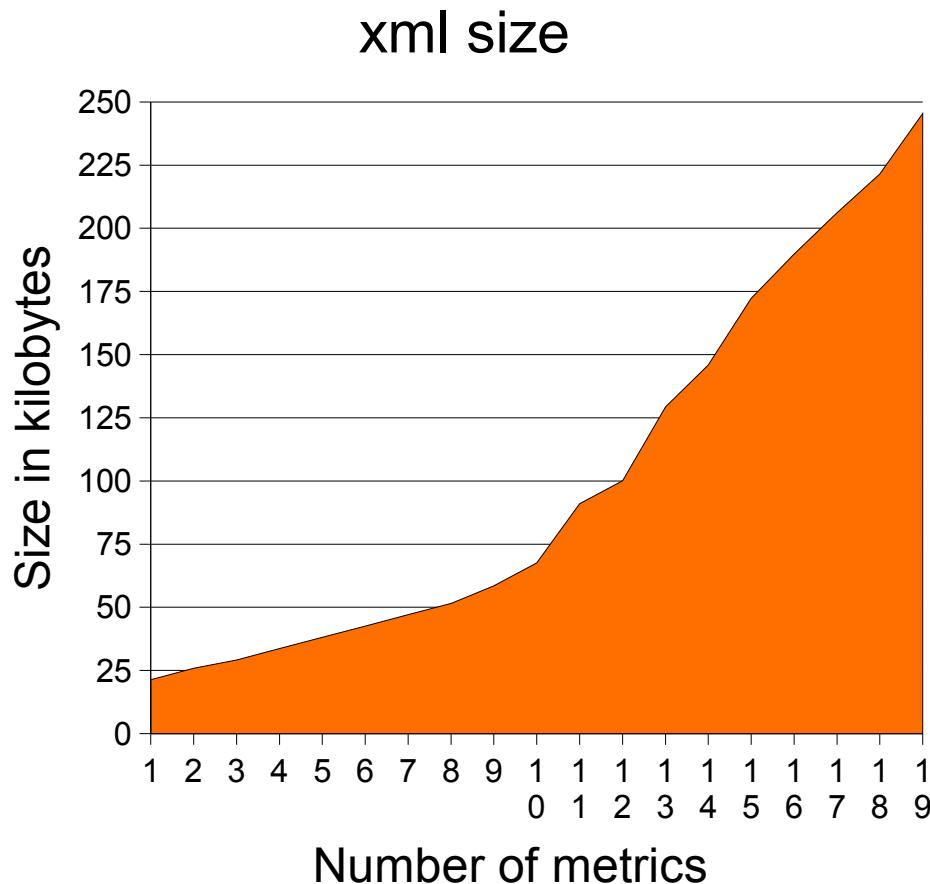
- access time is linearly-dependent on data size

Data-size tests (II)



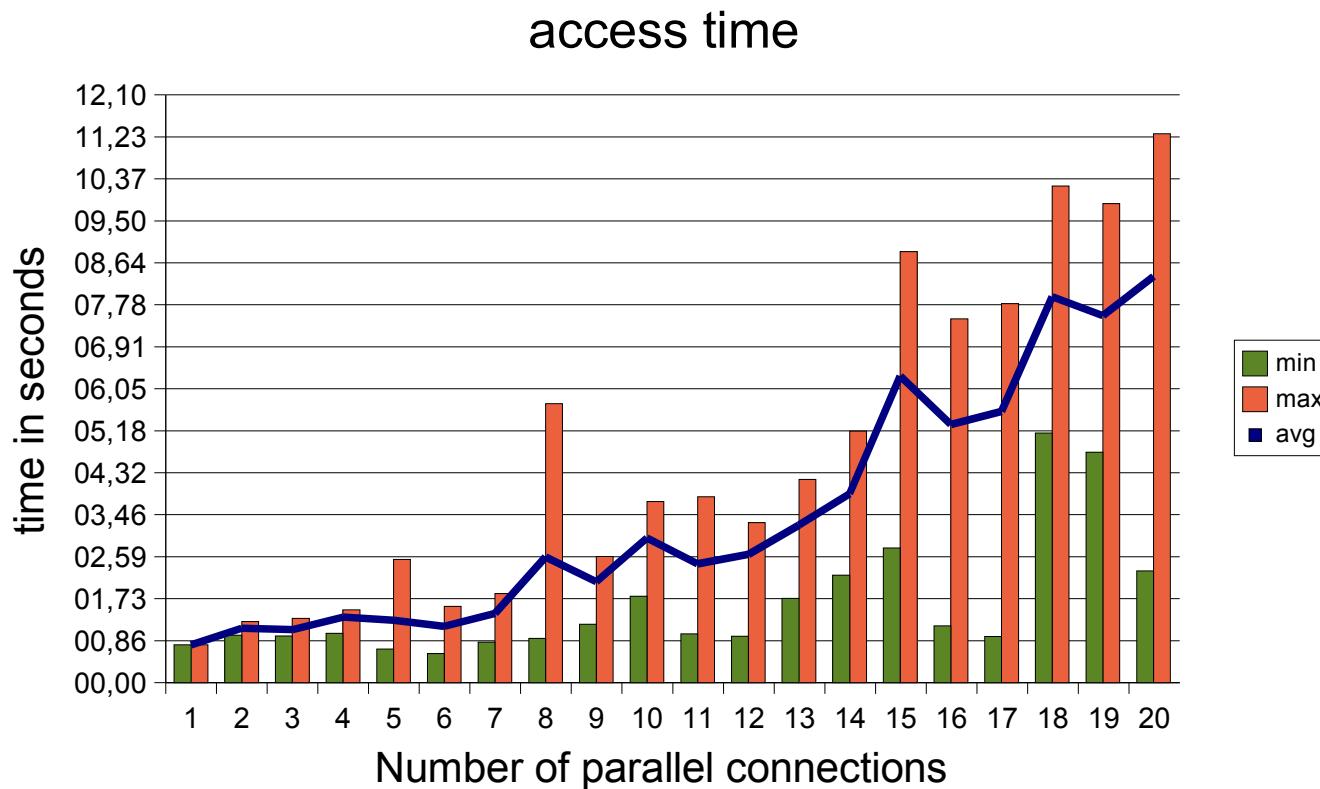
About 90% of XML creation time is used by Oracle server to create XML file. More web layer optimization is not too much important.

Multiple metrics tests



1 client, data for 2 hosts, timespan 1 day, 1 ~ 19 metrics
- access time is linearly-dependent on number of metrics

Concurrent access test



1..20 clients, data for 711 hosts, timespan 2h, 1 metric - different for each client, average XML size = 43kB

- our prototype scales well, concerning running it on stock hardware (workstation PC)

Summary

- ▶ Current implementation is not suitable for future use and needs redesigning
- ▶ We propose new, more flexible, scalable, secure and robust schema
- ▶ Using XML allows us to have multiple implementations and different consumers of Lemon data
- ▶ By providing API in major programming languages we will allow fast development of client applications

Questions

?