

# WG4: Experimental summary

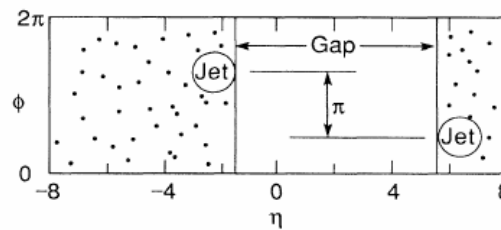


K. Piotrzkowski

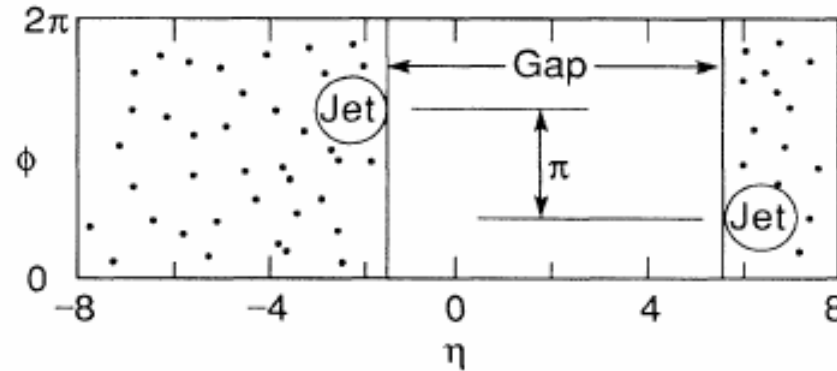
UCLouvain



## Physics with rapidity gaps



# When it all has begun...



## Rapidity gaps and jets as a new-physics signature in very-high-energy hadron-hadron collisions

J. D. Bjorken

Stanford Linear Accelerator Center, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94309

Proposed by Dokshitzer, Khoze & Troyan (1986)

Volume 256, number 3,4

PHYSICS LETTERS B

14 March 1991

### Higgs production in pp collisions by double-pomeron exchange

A. Bialas

*Institute of Physics, Jagellonian University, PL-30059 Cracow, Poland*

and

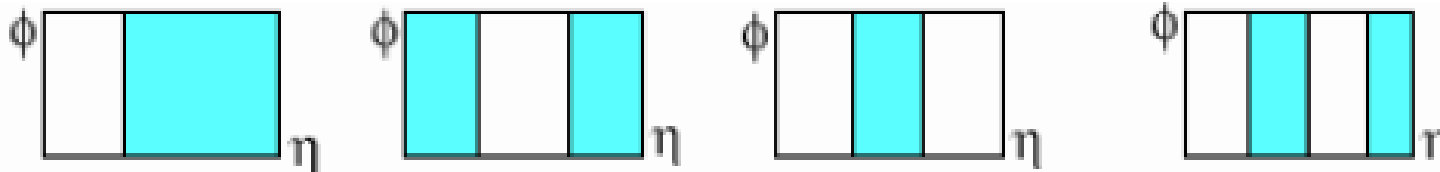
P.V. Landshoff

*DAMTP, University of Cambridge, Cambridge CB3 9EW, UK*

Physics Letters B 315 (1993) 481–493  
North-Holland

### Observation of events with a large rapidity gap in deep inelastic scattering at HERA

# Why rapidity gaps?



- Large rapidity gaps are tell-tale signatures of color singlet exchanges (CSE) in hadronic interactions
  - CSE could be strongly or electro-weakly interacting objects as two-gluon exchange, or  $W$  and  $\gamma$  exchanges, respectively.
- Selecting these events leads usually to specific selection/filtering of the final states; kinematics of such events is better constrained/reconstructed.
- Physics of the strongly interacting CSE is interesting by its own.

# Experimental contributions

**H1**: V. Andreev, A. Bunyatyan, X. Janssen, M. Kapishin, P. Laycock, P. van Mechelen, P. Newman, S. Schaezel, F.-P. Schilling, K. Vervink

**ZEUS**: L. Adamczyk, M. Arneodo, A. Bruni, P. Groys, H. Kowalski, A. Mastroberardino, V. Monaco, A. Proskuryakov, R. Sacchi, K. Wichmann, G. Wolf, Y. Yamazaki

**CMS**: R. Bellan, A. De Roeck, M. Grothe, M. Murray, A. Panagiotou, K. Piotrkowski, A. Sobol, M. Tasevsky

**TOTEM**: K. Eggert, F. Ferro, D. Macina, R. Orava, K. Osterberg, M. Ryyanen

**LHC**: B. Cox, R. Croft, C. Hogg, J. Monk

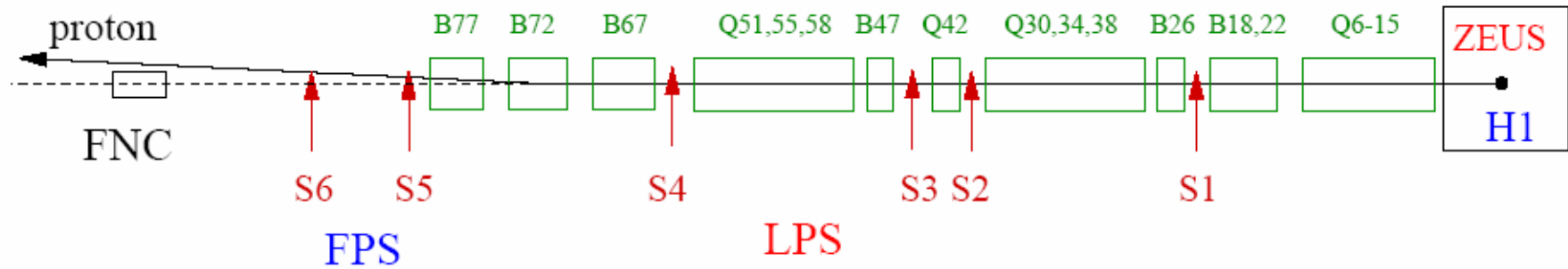
**ATLAS**: M. Boonekamp, I. Efthymiopoulos, P. Grafstrom

**CDF**: D. Goulianos, **D0**: C. Avila

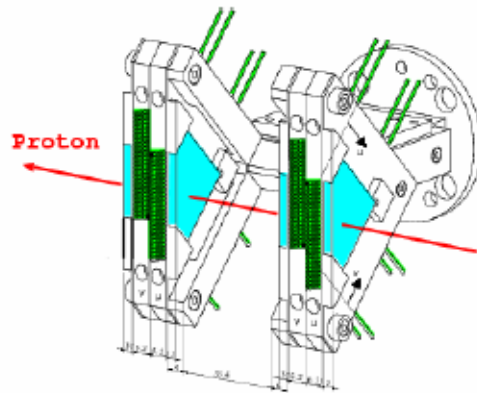
Lot of activity - participation from the LHC side increasing in time -  
Looking forward to continuing very fruitful HERA-LHC exchange!



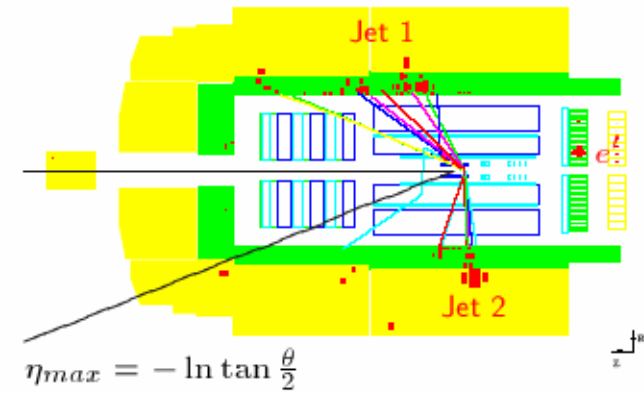
# Experimental Techniques



Forward Proton Spectrometers  
at  $z = 24...90$  m



Rapidity Gap Selection  
in central detector



## Measure leading proton

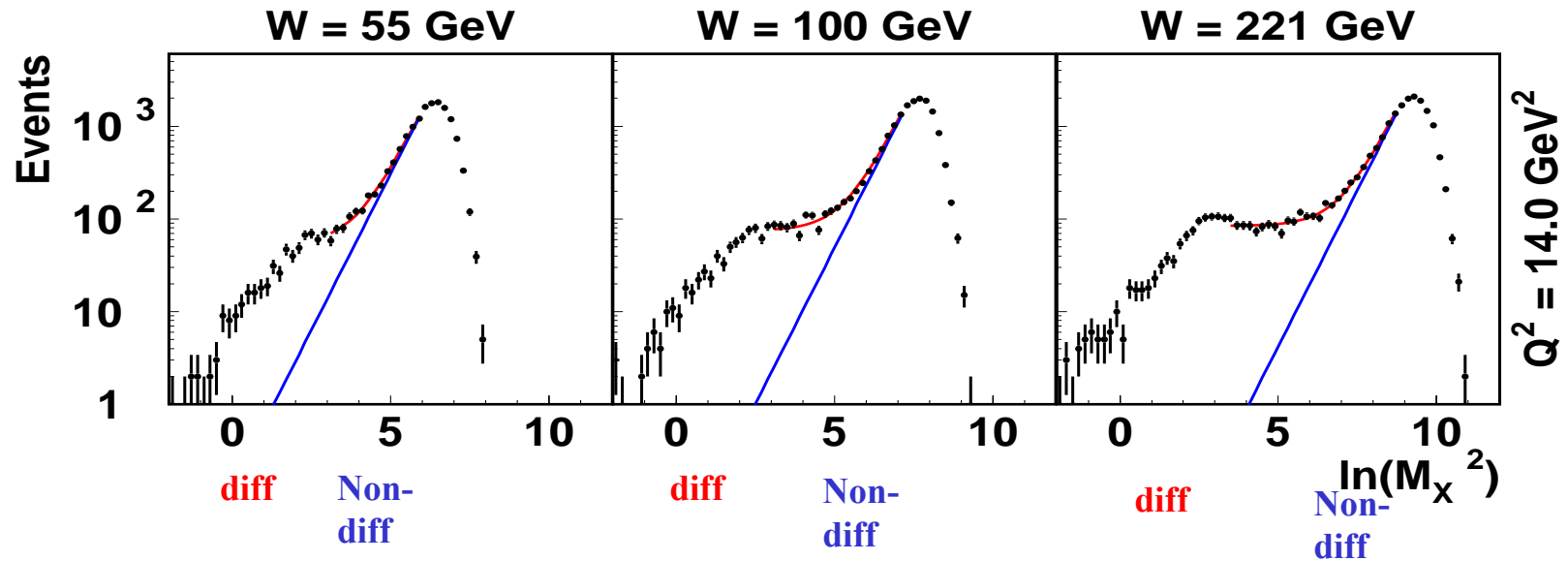
- Free of dissociation bkgd.
- Measure  $p$  4-momentum
- low statistics (acceptance)

## Require large rapidity gap

- $\Delta\eta$  large when  $M_{\text{central}} \ll W_{\gamma p}$
- integrate over outgoing  $p$  system
- high statistics (similar:  $M_X$  method)

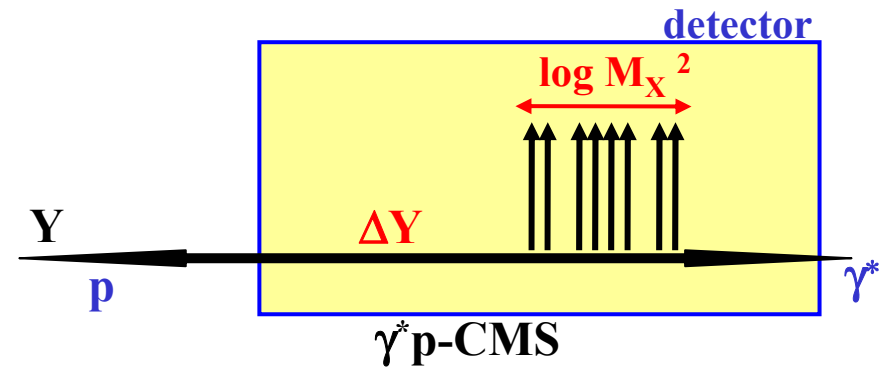
# $M_X$ Method

\*



**Non-Diffraction**  
 $dN/dM_X^2 \sim \exp(\lambda \log(M_X^2))$

Gap suppression coefficient  $\lambda$   
 independent of  $Q^2$  and  $W^2$   
 for  $Q^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2$

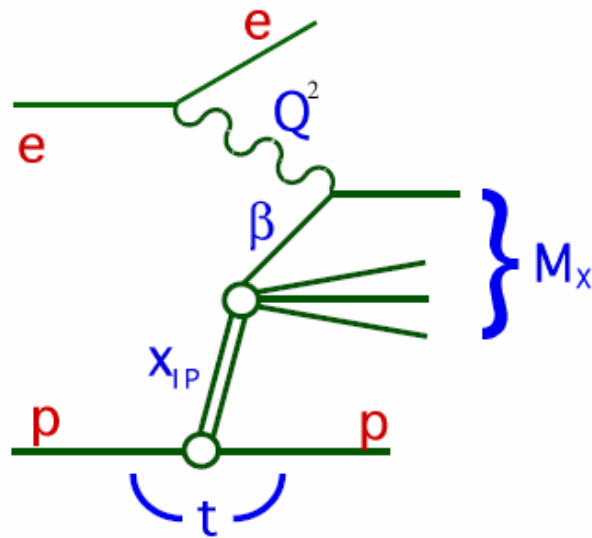


**Diffraction**  
 $dN/d\log M_X^2 \sim \text{const}$

From H. Kowalski

# $F_2^D$ at HERA

From F.P. Schilling



$$x_{\mathbb{P}} = \xi = \frac{Q^2 + M_X^2}{Q^2 + W^2} = x_{\mathbb{P}/p}$$

(momentum fraction of colour singlet exchange)

$$\beta = \frac{Q^2}{Q^2 + M_X^2} = x_{q/\mathbb{P}}$$

(fraction of exchange momentum of  $q$  coupling to  $\gamma^*$ ,  $x = x_{\mathbb{P}}\beta$ )

$$t = (p - p')^2$$

(4-momentum transfer squared)

Diffractive reduced cross section  $\sigma_r^D$ :

$$\frac{d^4\sigma}{dx_{\mathbb{P}} dt d\beta dQ^2} = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{\beta Q^4} \left(1 - y + \frac{y^2}{2}\right) \sigma_r^{D(4)}(x_{\mathbb{P}}, t, \beta, Q^2)$$

Structure functions  $F_2^D$  and  $F_L^D$ :

$$\sigma_r^{D(4)} = F_2^{D(4)} - \frac{y^2}{2(1-y+y^2/2)} F_L^{D(4)}$$

$$\text{Integrated over } t: F_2^{D(3)} = \int dt F_2^{D(4)}$$

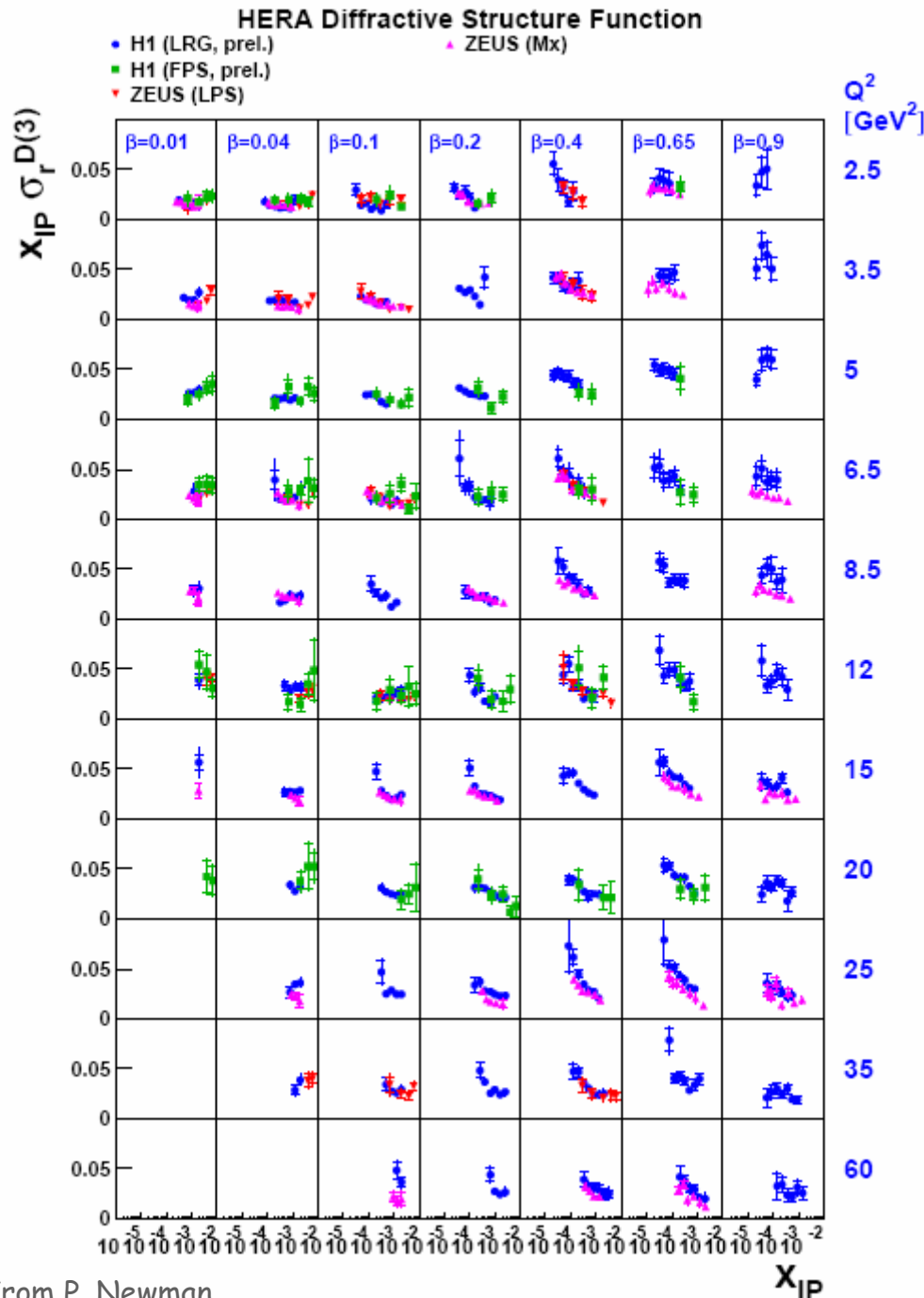
– Longitudinal  $F_L^D$ : affects  $\sigma_r^D$  at high  $y$

[ $\gamma$  inelasticity  $y = Q^2/sx$ ]

– If  $F_L^D = 0$ :  $\sigma_r^D = F_2^D$



# Grand $F_2^D$ summary



$F_2^D$  is crucial for understanding CSE in hadronic interactions:

At this workshop 1<sup>st</sup> step was made towards final, combined  $F_2^D$  from HERA!

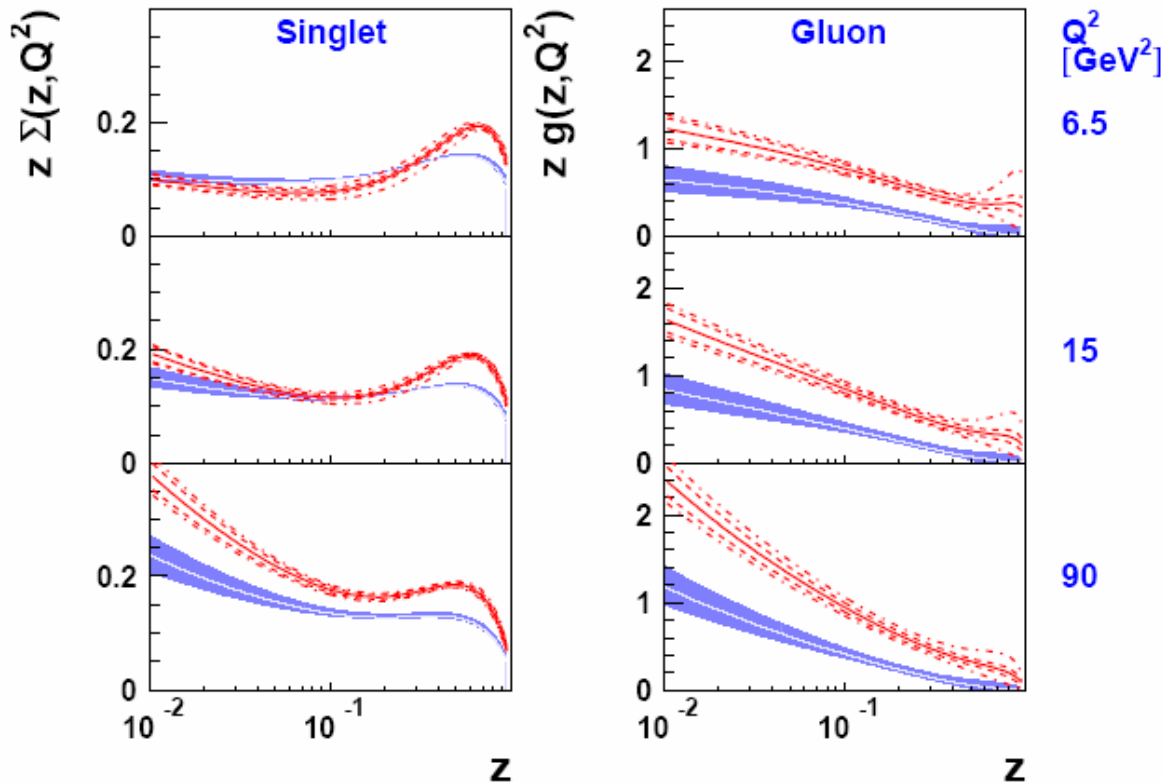
Present status: In unified analysis of measured cross-sections reasonable global agreement between H1 & ZEUS is found, and regions of significant discrepancies identified.

# QCD analysis

## NLO QCD fits to H1 and ZEUS data

### QCD Fit Technique:

- factorize  $f(x_P)f(z, Q^2)$
- Singlet  $\Sigma$  and gluon  $g$  parameterized at  $Q_0^2 = 3 \text{ GeV}^2$
- NLO DGLAP evolution
- Fit data for  $Q^2 > 6.5 \text{ GeV}^2, M_X > 2 \text{ GeV}$



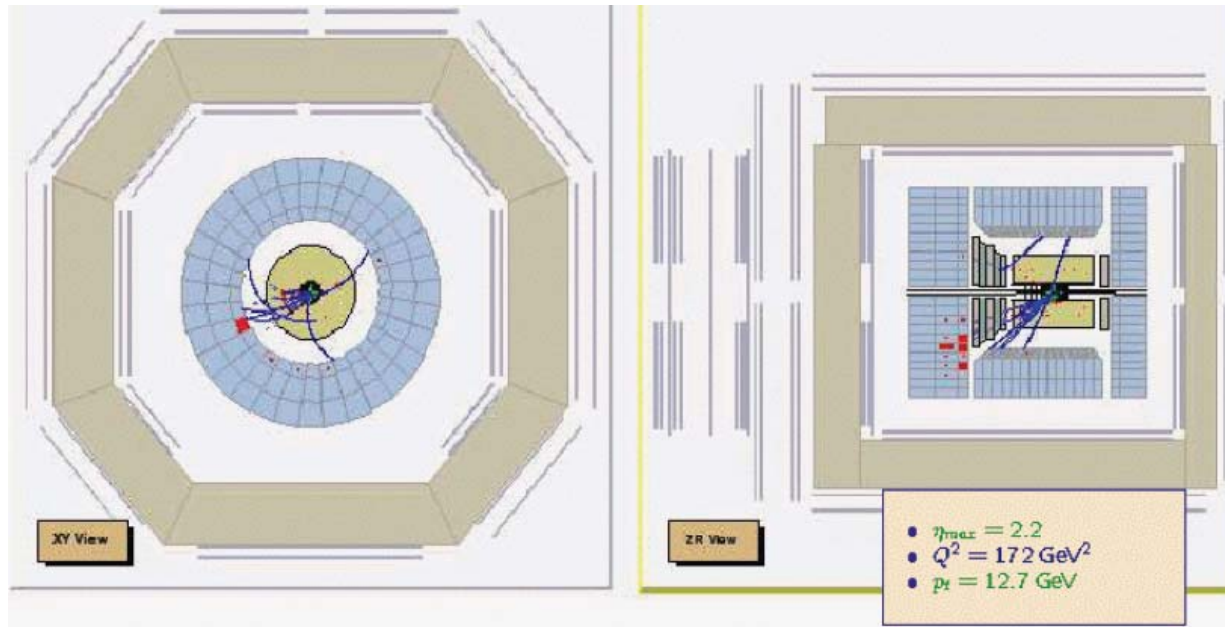
- NLO fit to ZEUS  $M_X$  (exp. error)
- H1 2002 NLO fit (prel.)
- - - (exp. error)
- · - · (exp.+theor. error)

- Singlet similar at low  $Q^2$ , evolving differently to higher  $Q^2$  due to coupling to gluon
- Gluon factor  $\sim 2$  smaller than H1 gluon

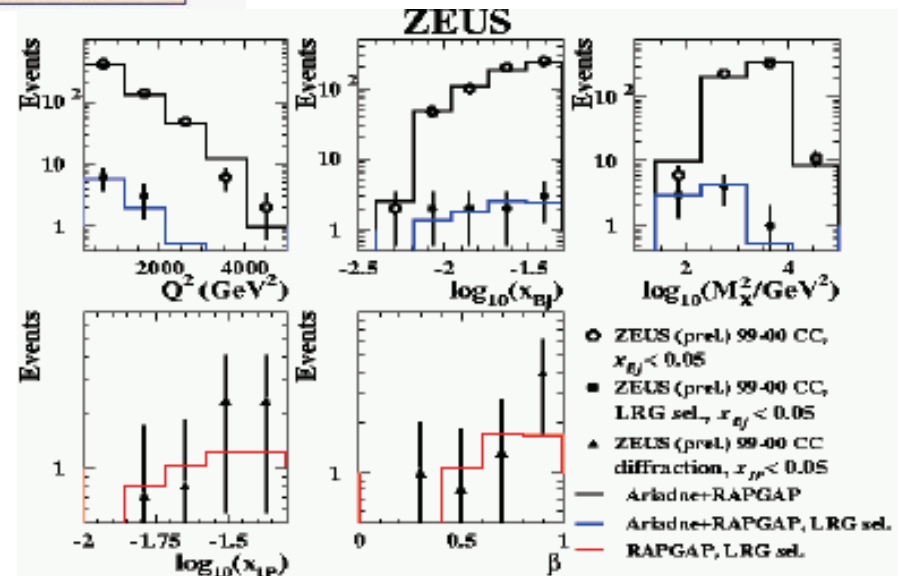
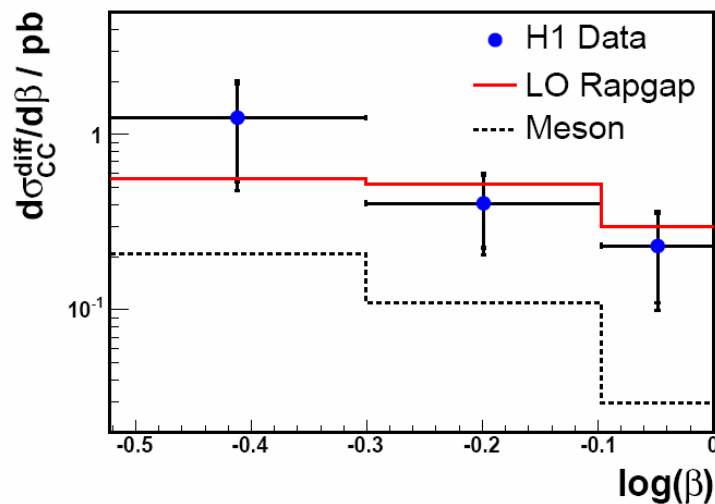
Significant differences observed for gluon pdfs, but soon (much) more data with RPs (little backgr.) and with charm (photon-gluon fusion) will help to sort it out

From P. Newman

# Rap gaps in CC events



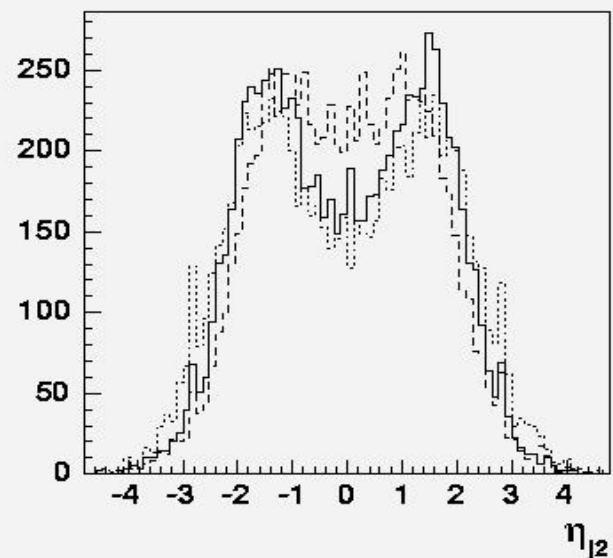
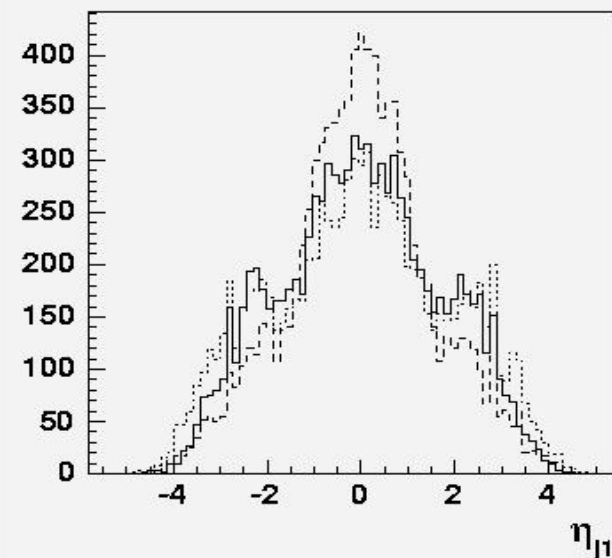
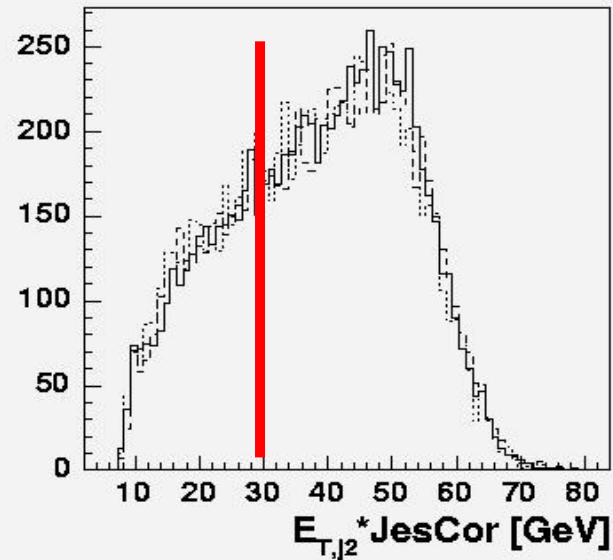
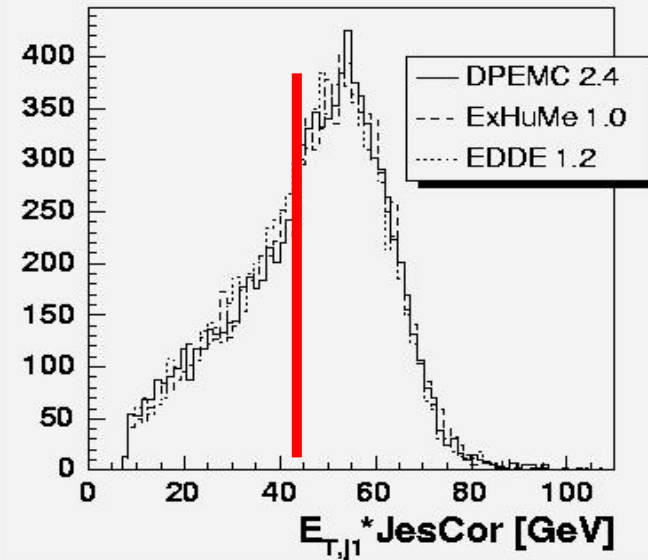
Important test of universality of  $F_2^D$ , for now statistically limited, but with full HERA II sample stringent tests will be possible.



From P.Laycock&K.Wichmann

# $H \rightarrow bb$ , $M_H = 120$ GeV: Detector level b-jets

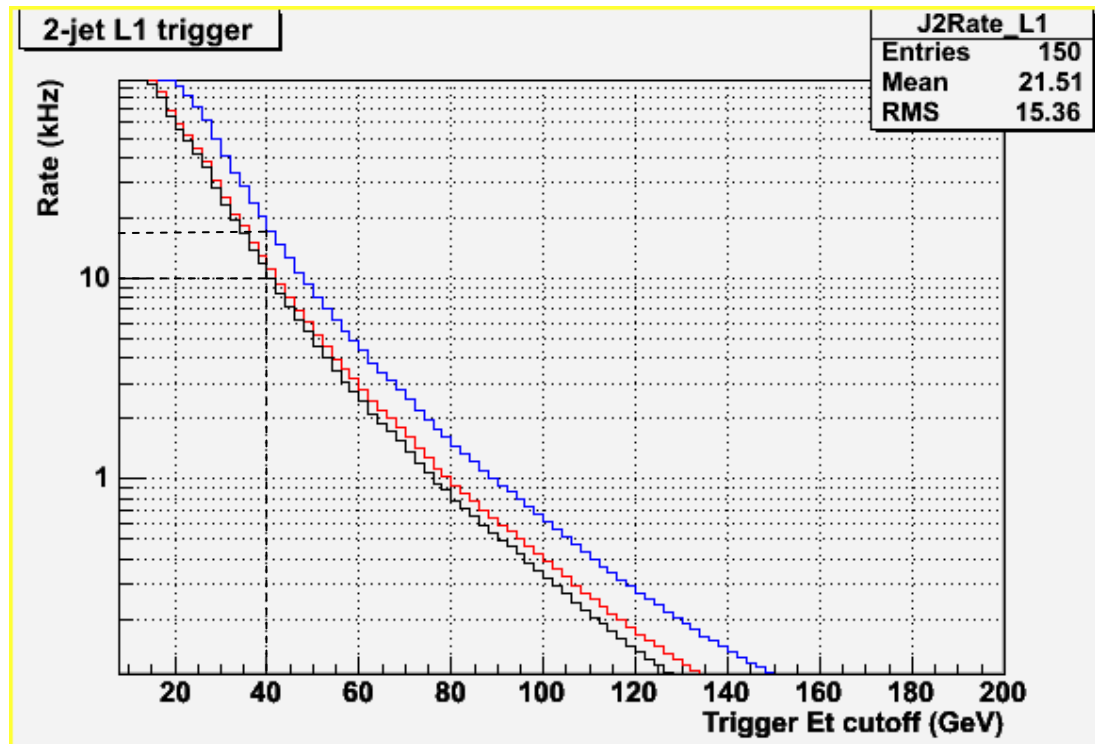
From M. Tasevsky



Modeling in Monte Carlo exclusive Higgs production (+backgrounds) and its detection (trigger!) is very active field, but it is just beginning ... here examples of model comparisons for  $H \rightarrow \bar{b}b$

# L1 trigger challenge for exclusive Higgs

In absence of a RP trigger



L1 rate (integrated) in kHz  
as function of 2-jet  $E_T$  cutoff

$L = 10^{33}$  with full pile-up  
(including diff and elastics)

L1 jet calibration applied

Blue: no  $H_T$  cut

Sum(2-jet  $E_T$ )/ $H_T > 0.9$  red

$> 0.95$  black

Plot Creighton Hogg

Possible L1 condition that comes closest to a rap gap trigger (rap gap  $> 2$ ):

**2 jets in central Cal ( $|\eta| < 3$ ) with  $\Sigma(E_T \text{ 2 jets}) / H_T > \text{threshold}$**

$H_T$  = sum of the scalar  $E_T$  of all jets in the event with  $E_T(\text{jet}) > \text{threshold}$

**Clearly need additional L1 condition for 2-jet  $E_T$  cutoff around 40 GeV**

Note: L1 jet  $E_T$  resolution  $\sim 30\%$ , b pair from Higgs decay has  $E_T < 60 \text{ GeV}$

From M. Grothe

# HERA know-how transfer

## The LPS Alignment

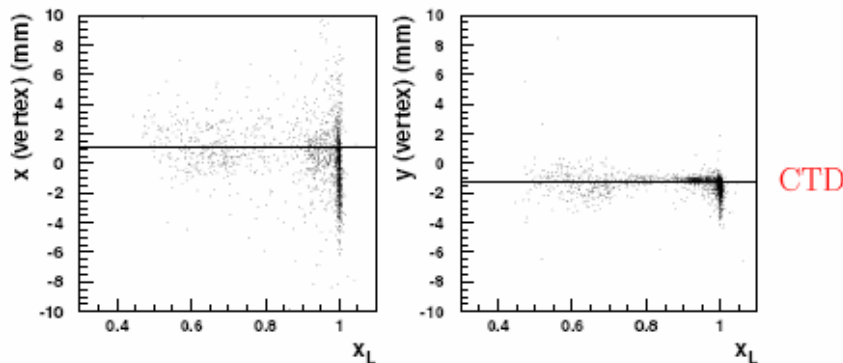
**Difficult !** Key values for the reconstruction are:

- magnetic field of 23 beam elements (known with good accuracy)
- position of quadrupole axes
- position of detector strips (parametrized as *strip equations*)
- vertex position and beam tilt at the I.P.
- position of beam apertures

**Method:** use tracks ( $x_L$  is a-priori unknown !!)

- align the detectors planes within each station
- align stations S5,S6 relative to S4 (use  $x_L = 1$  kinematic peak)  
⇒ calculate proton momentum from 3-station tracks
- fit the LPS spectrometer position relative to ZEUS with

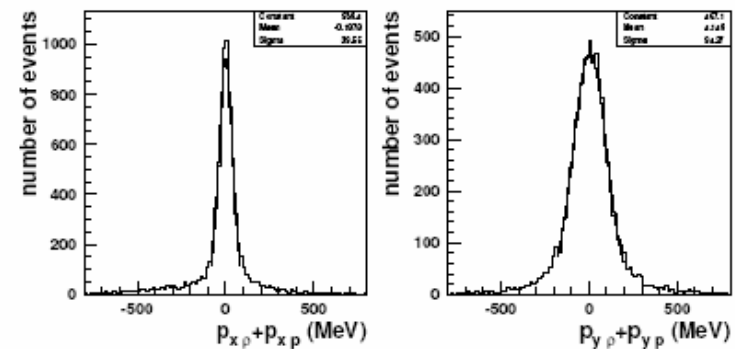
$$\chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{(x_{VLPS} - x_{VCTD})}{\sigma_x} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{(y_{VLPS} - y_{VCTD})}{\sigma_y} \right)^2$$



## The $p_T$ Calibration

choose a set of elastic  $\rho^0$  photoproduced ( $\gamma p \rightarrow \rho^0 p$ )  
(line  $x_L = 1$  spectrum;  $\Delta(x_L) \simeq 10^{-4}$ )

$$\Rightarrow \theta_x = p_{x\rho^0} + p_{xp}; \theta_y = p_{y\rho^0} + p_{yp}$$

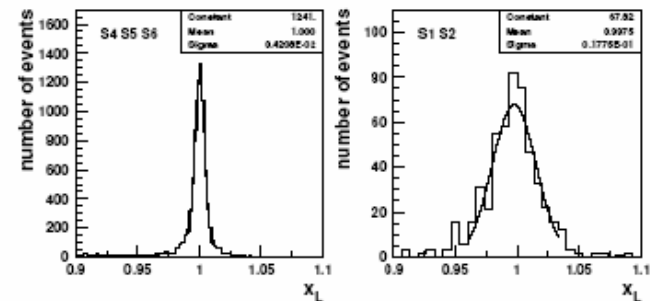


proton beam spread  $\sigma_{p_x} \approx 40 \text{ MeV}$ ,  $\sigma_{p_y} \approx 90 \text{ MeV}$

## $x_L$ resolution

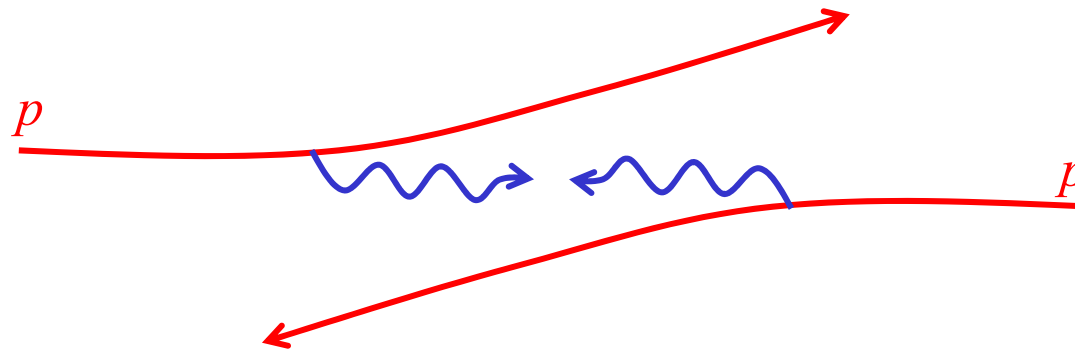
$$\frac{\sigma_{x_L}}{x_L} (s4 \rightarrow s6) \sim 0.4\%$$

$$\frac{\sigma_{x_L}}{x_L} (s1, s2) \sim 2\%$$

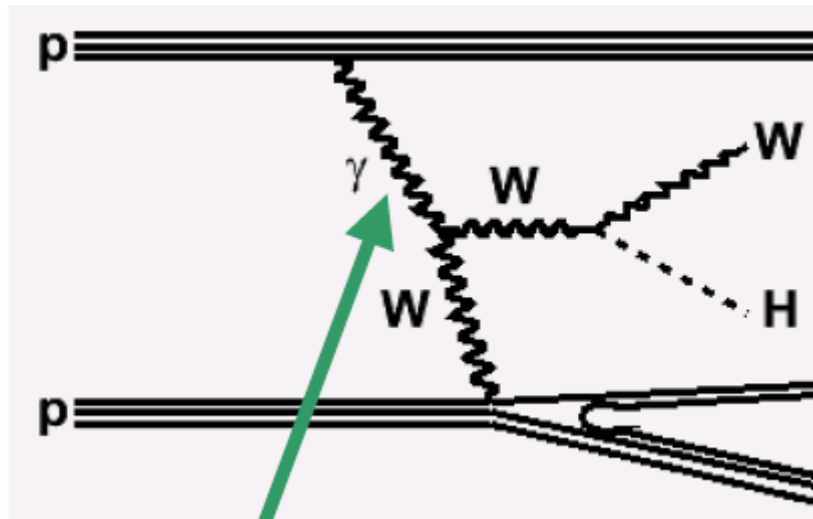


From R. Sacchi

## Part II: Photon (& W) case



- Using LHC as a photon-photon collider
- Photon-proton collisions - super-HERA at CERN

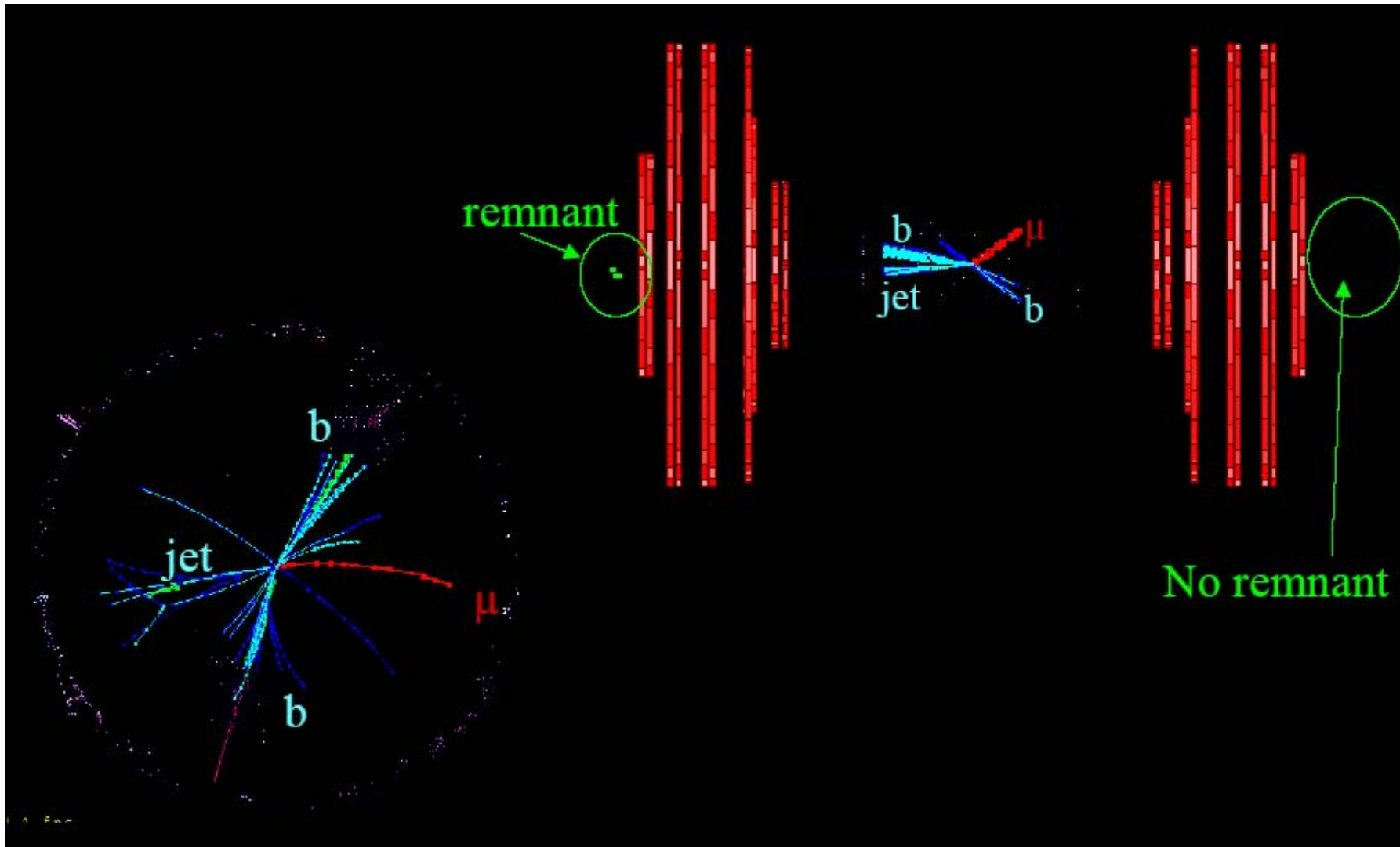




# Higgs in photoproduction @ LHC!

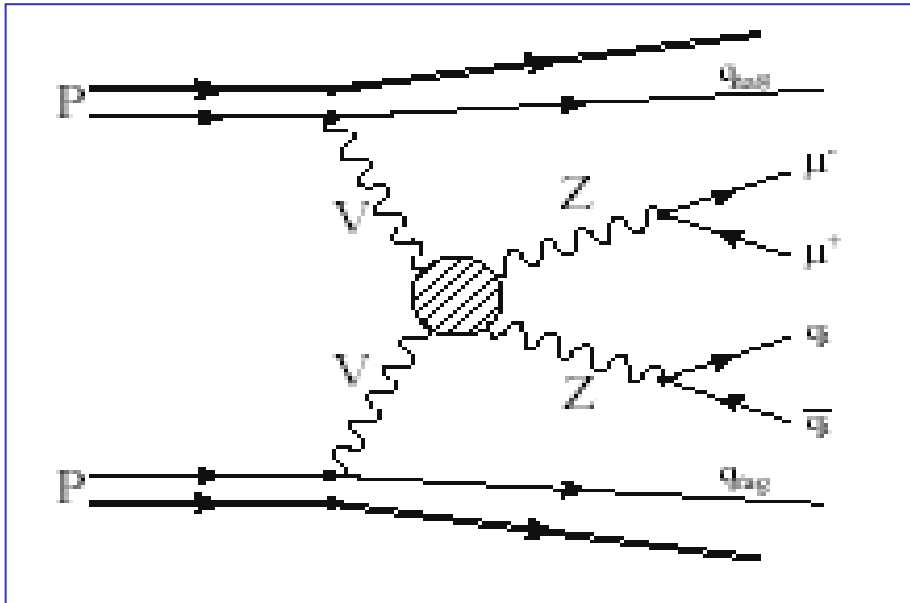
From M. Vander Donckt

$$\gamma q \rightarrow q' h W \rightarrow q' b b l \nu \text{ (iguana)}$$





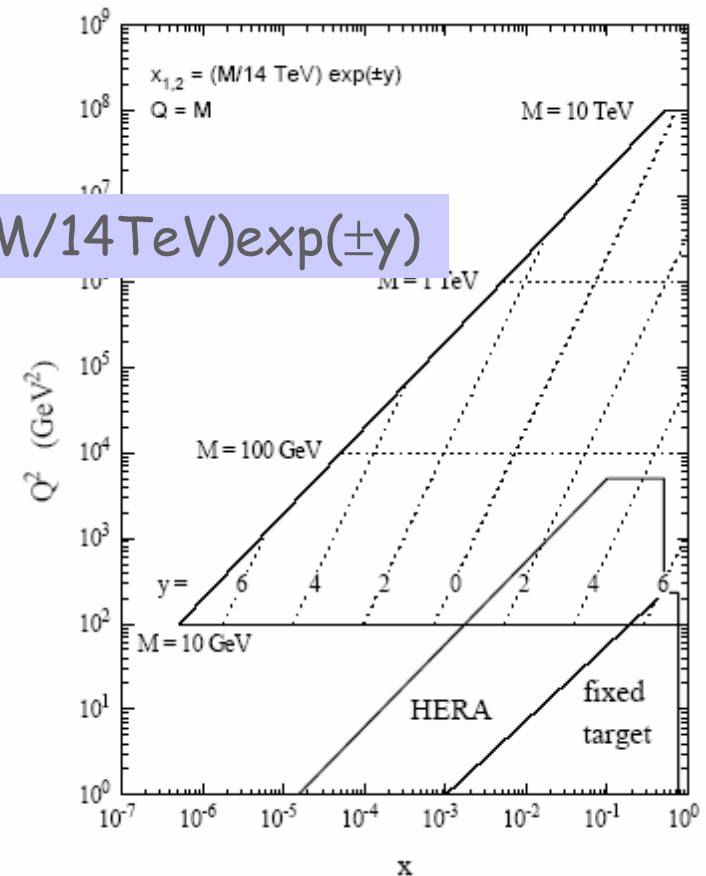
# More of W exchange & very low-x @ LHC



- Low mass objects are produced at LHC in very wide x range
- First attempts towards detection of DY pairs (inclusive & diffractive) - could saturation effects be seen that way?

- WW fusion is hot topic at the LHC...
- Can HERA contribute here - in forward jet tagging aspects?

$$x_{1,2} = (M/14 \text{ TeV}) \exp(\pm y)$$



# Coming soon from HERA II (selection)

HERA I: ZEUS Leading Proton Spectrometer and H1 FPS

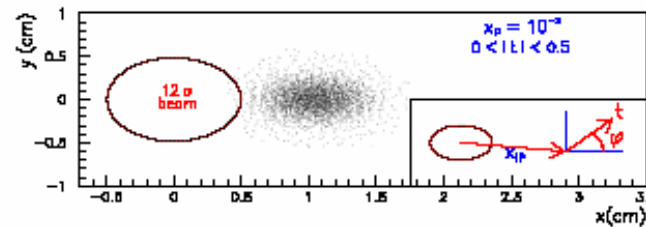
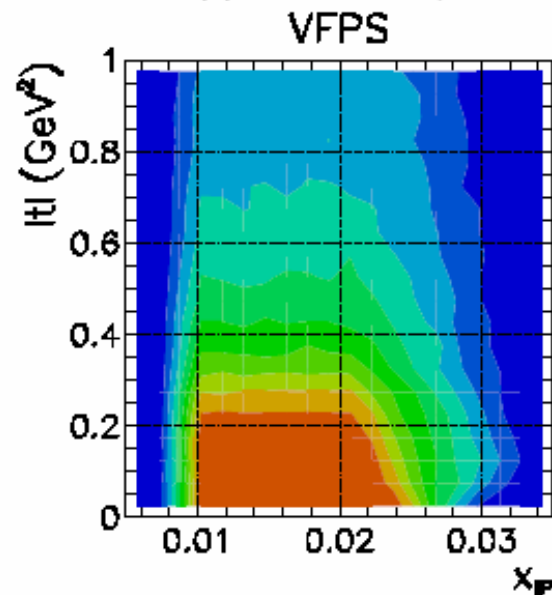
HERA II: H1 Forward and Very Forward Proton Spectrometer

→ direct measurement of  $t$

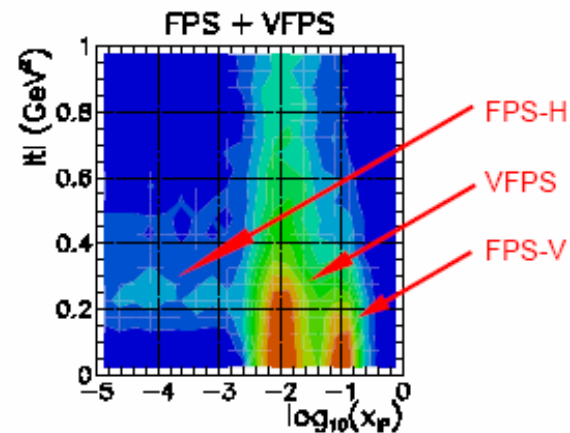
elastic protons without background of proton dissociation

## VFPS Acceptance

Acceptance defined by beam optics and envelope ( $12\sigma$  detector approach limit)



Complementary to FPS (High  $x_P$ )

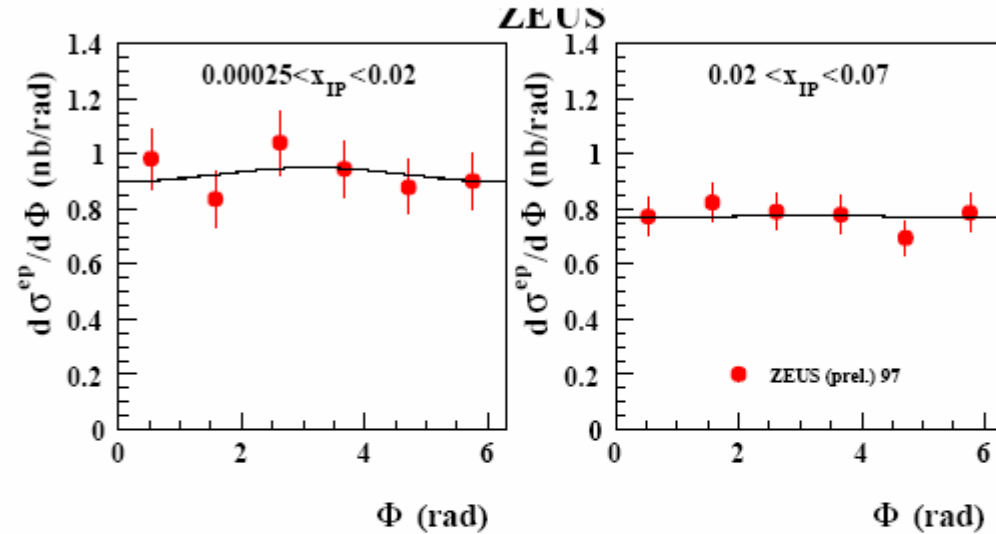
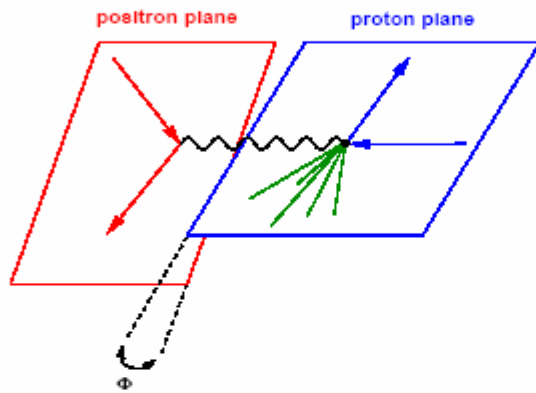


⇒ ~ 100% acceptance for  $|t| \lesssim 0.2 \text{ GeV}^2$  and  $0.01 \lesssim x_P \lesssim 0.02$

X Janssen  
(this meeting)

# Expected Results: $F_L^D$ Measurements

$$\frac{d\sigma^D}{d\phi} \propto \sigma_T + \sigma_L - 2\sqrt{\epsilon(1+\epsilon)}\sigma_{LT} \cos\phi - \sigma_{TT} \cos 2\phi$$



**ZEUS results:** Assymetries are small at low  $\beta$

**BUT:**

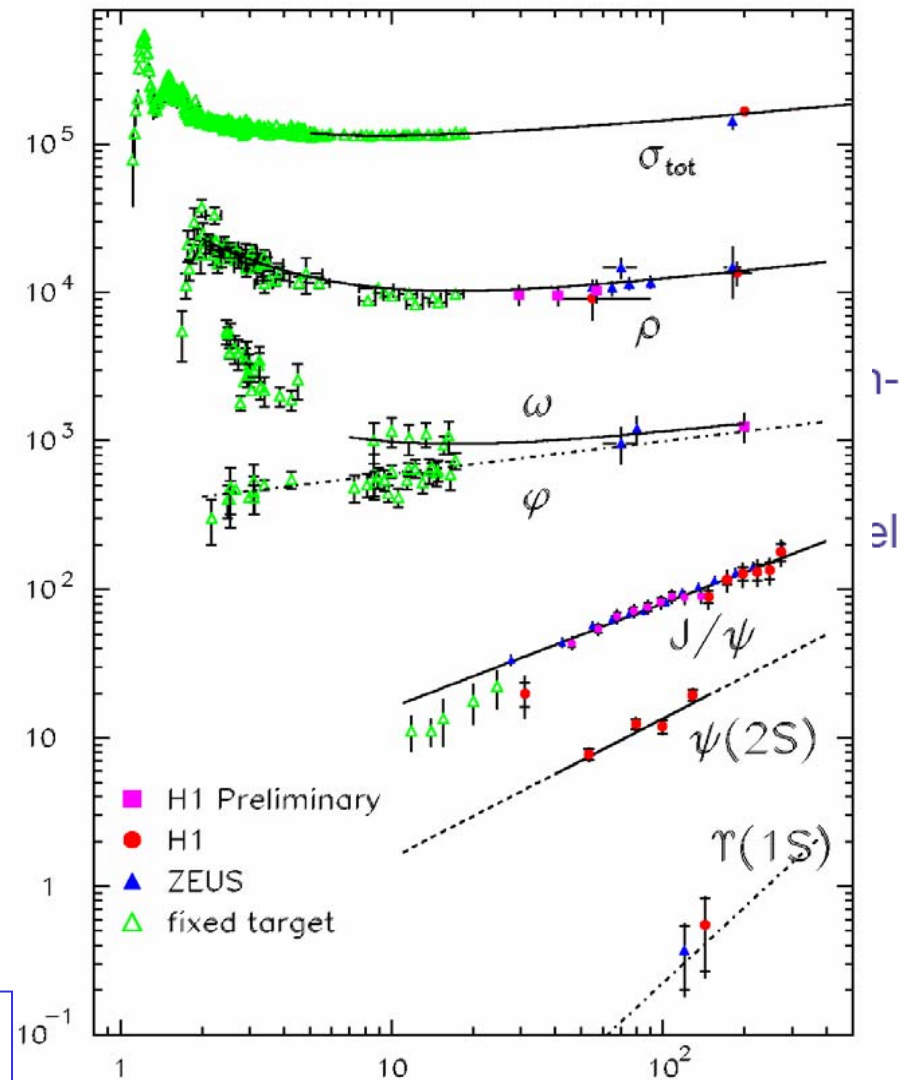
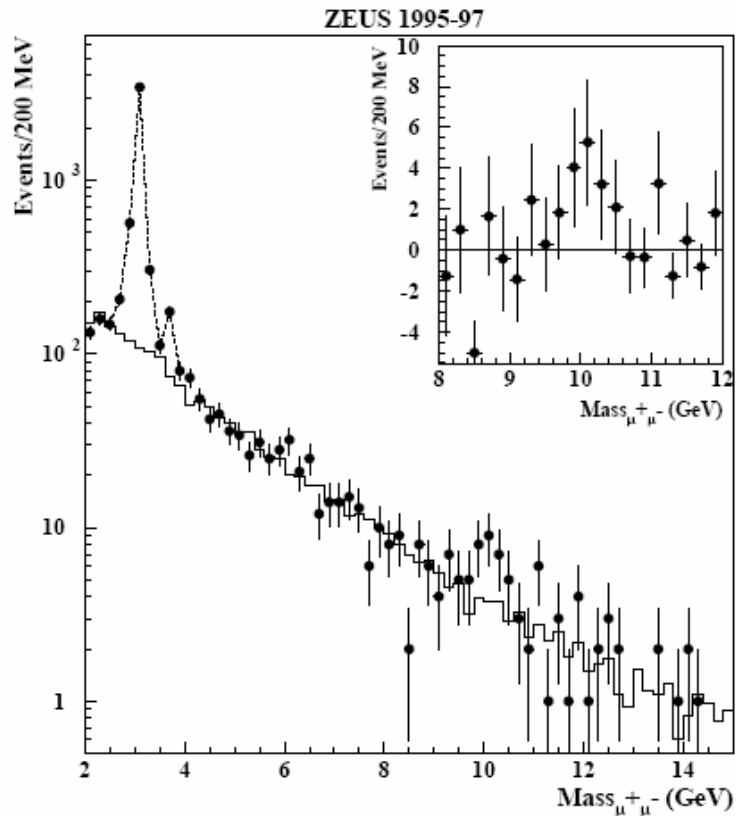
pQCD calculable higher twist  $F_L^D$  expected dominant at high  $\beta$

→ Measure  $\phi$  asymmetries as function of  $\beta$  (and  $Q^2$ )

**VFPS** : 15 bins in  $\phi$  with 10000 events each for  $|t| > 0.2 \text{ GeV}^2$

# Vector mesons Upsilon

Data 1995-1997 (43.2 pb<sup>-1</sup>), DESY-98-089

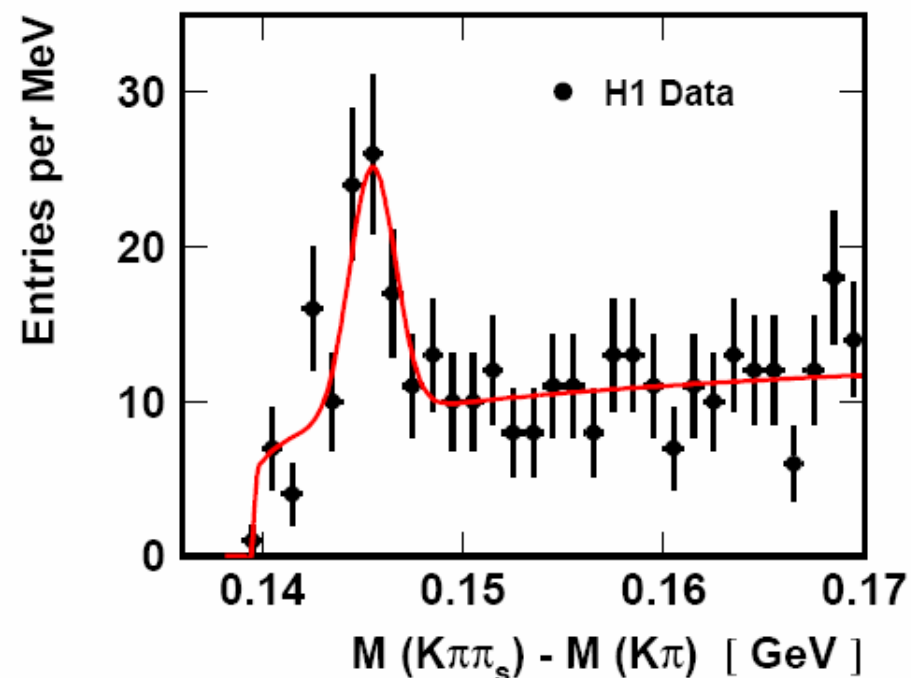
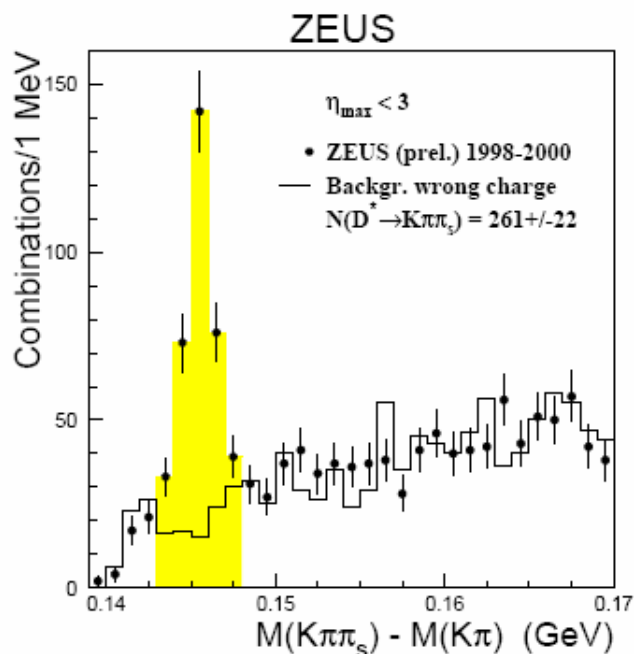


@ HERA II expect > 10x more

From A. Bruni

# Diffractive Open Charm in DIS

Use  $D^* \rightarrow D_0 \pi_s \rightarrow K \pi \pi_s$



$$1.5 < Q^2 < 200 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$x_F < 0.035$$

$$p_{T,D^*} > 1.5 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_{D^*}| < 1.5$$

$$2 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$x_F < 0.04$$

$$p_{T,D^*} > 2 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_{D^*}| < 1.5$$

So far measurements statistics limited

Soon also with protons measured  
with VFPS

From A. Bruni

# Outlook

- WG4 was very active, however many subjects are only opened and would profit from further collaboration HERA-LHC, eg. in experimental know-how of rapidity gap signature
- We arrived to firm conclusions on priority measurements for our field to be completed at HERA: final combined  $F_2^D$  from HERA, precise determination of low- $x$  gluon generalized p.d.f., and further studies of gap survival probability
- We look forward to next meetings and to many more exchanges between two communities
- Let me thank all the WG4 members for a very interesting and enjoyable workshop (and sorry for not being able to do justice today to many contributions...)