

Event generators for top quark production and decays

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Why is the top quark an interesting and worthwhile object to study ?

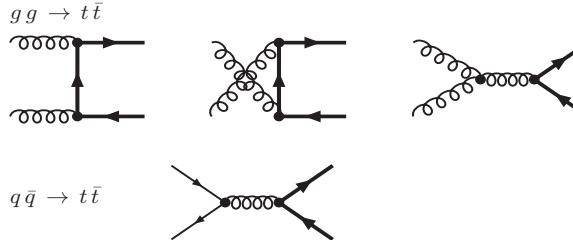
- ◊ the processes with top quark provide a very precise test for perturbative SM
- ◊ we would like to know if the top-quark is just an ordinary quark, or if it is exotic in some way
- ◊ the top-quark may be useful to discover new particles
- ◊ events containing top quarks are backgrounds to new physics

all top-quark production properties and decays are evaluated within the Standard Model with high accuracy without any phenomenological parameters

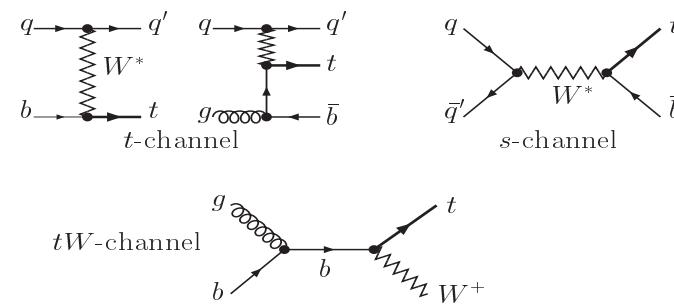
- ◊ the total cross section production as well as the differential distributions are calculated with $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ accuracy
- ◊ the top quark decays through ONE decay channel, $t \rightarrow bW^+$ (other decay channels have very small BR)
- ◊ due to a very small life-time of t -quark ($\sim 10^{-24}$ sec, $\tau_t \ll 1/\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$) we could not expect the formation top-hadrons, $T(t\bar{t})$ - or $M(t\bar{q})$ -mesons and $\Lambda(tqq)$ -baryons

BASIC PROCESSES

- $t\bar{t}$ production (QCD)



- single top production (electro-weak)



- $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$
- $t\bar{t}H, t\bar{t}W^\pm, t\bar{t}Z$
- t -quark production due to new interactions

- ◊ how to include top decays
- ◊ higher order corrections

TOP DECAYS

to calculate an exact amplitude

practical realization - use a Narrow Width Approximation (NWA)

$$\int dp_t^2 \frac{1}{(p_t^2 - m_t^2)^2 + m_t^2 \Gamma_t^2} = \frac{\pi}{m_t \Gamma_t} \delta(p_t^2 - m_t^2) + \mathcal{O}(\dots)$$

⇒ t -quark is on-shell object

- ◊ how to include top decays ?
- ◊ how to reproduce Breit-Wigner resonance shape ?
- ◊ how to include top spin (polarization) ?

top decays

- only one decay channel within SM

$$\oplus \quad t \rightarrow bW, \quad W \rightarrow f\bar{f}', \quad t \rightarrow bW(99\%), sW, dW$$

$$|M(t \rightarrow b\ell^+\nu)|^2 \propto \frac{(p_b p_\nu)(p_t p_\ell)}{(p_W^2 - M_W^2)^2 + \Gamma_W^2 M_W^2}$$

- other channels

$$\diamond \quad t \rightarrow bW^*Z^* \rightarrow bff'\ell^+\ell^-$$

$$\oplus \quad t \rightarrow bH^+$$

$$\oplus \quad t \rightarrow qg, \quad qZ, \quad q\gamma \text{ (FCNC)}$$

$$\diamond \quad t \rightarrow ch$$

$$\diamond \quad t \rightarrow bW(\rightarrow f\bar{f}') \text{ with anomalous interactions (}V+A\text{, tensor couplings)}$$

Breit-Wigner resonance shape

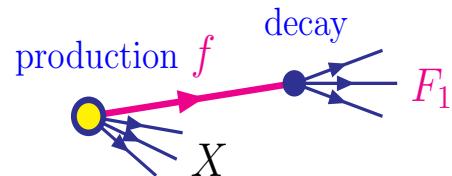
- usage Narrow Width Approximation (NWA) assumes that the top-quark in any event has the same default mass (i.e. m_t)
- modified NWA (C.P. Yuan)
 - ◊ generate new \tilde{m}_t for all t -quarks in the event by using of Breit-Wigner distribution $\left(\propto \frac{1}{(p_W^2 - M_W^2)^2 + \Gamma_W^2 M_W^2} \right)$
 - ◊ calculate the squared matrix element ($|M|^2$) with this \tilde{m}_t
- ⇒ can be used for the single-top production processes, not for $t\bar{t}$
- “smearing-mass” method (PYTHIA)
 - ◊ calculate $|M|^2$ with the default m_t
 - ◊ for each t_i -quark in the event generate its own new $\tilde{m}_t(t_i)$ by using Breit-Wigner distribution
 - ◊ re-evaluate the energies of all t -quark(s) in the event

$$t\bar{t} : E^*(t) = E^*(\bar{t}) = \sqrt{\hat{s}}/2 \implies \tilde{E}^*(t) = \frac{\sqrt{\hat{s}} + \tilde{m}^2(t) - \tilde{m}^2(\bar{t})}{2\sqrt{\hat{s}}}$$

can be used for event with any number of top quarks (t , $t\bar{t}$, ...)

how to include top polarization

- the helicity amplitudes /P. Richardson, JHEP 0111 (2001) 029, hep-ph-0110108/
- an equivalent method (S. Jadach and Z. Was, *Acta Phys. Polon.* B15 (1984) 1151) is realized in TAUOLA package



$|M|^2$ could be represented in the “factorized” form

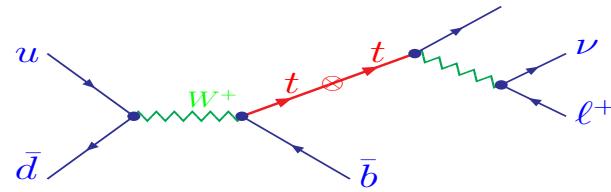
$$|M(A \rightarrow F_1 + X)|^2 = \frac{\pi}{\Gamma_f m_f} \delta(p_f^2 - m_f^2) \times |M_P^0(A \rightarrow f + X)|^2 (1 + v_i h_i) |M_D^0(f \rightarrow F_1)|^2$$

$$|M_P(A \rightarrow f + X)|^2 = |M_P^0(A \rightarrow f + X)|^2 (1 + (vs))$$

$|M^0|^2$ describes the production (decay) of **unpolarized** top-quark, $(p_f s) = 0$

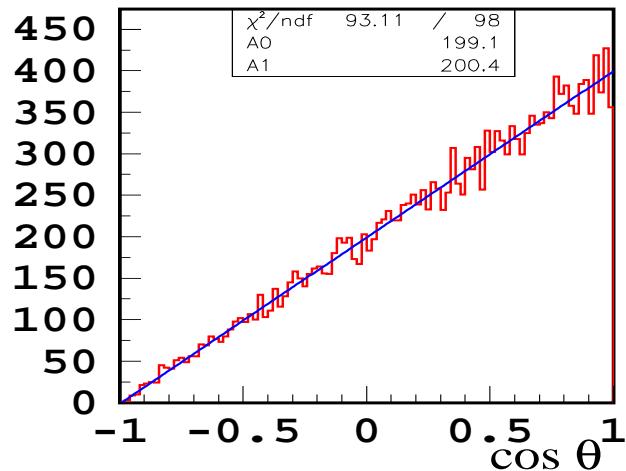
$$\bullet t \rightarrow b\ell^+ \nu \quad |M|^2 \propto \frac{(p_b p_\nu)(p_t p_\ell)}{(p_W^2 - M_W^2)^2 + \Gamma_W^2 M_W^2} \times \left[1 - \frac{m_t(p_\ell s)}{(p_t p_\ell)} \right] \Rightarrow v^\mu = -\frac{m_t p_\ell^\mu}{(p_t p_\ell)} \Rightarrow -\vec{n}_\ell^*$$

- example: $u\bar{d} \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ with $t \rightarrow b(W^*)\nu\ell$



$$|M|^2 \propto \frac{(p_u p_{\bar{b}})(p_t p_{\bar{d}})}{(p_{w1}^2 - M_W^2)^2 + \Gamma_W^2 M_W^2} \times \frac{(p_b p_{\nu})(p_t p_{\ell})}{(p_{w2}^2 - M_W^2)^2 + \Gamma_W^2 M_W^2} \times \left(1 + \vec{n}_{\ell}^* \vec{n}_{\bar{d}}^*\right)$$

\vec{n}_{ℓ}^* and $\vec{n}_{\bar{d}}^*$ are directions of ℓ^+ and \bar{d} -quark momenta in t -quark rest frame



$$\cos \theta \equiv \vec{n}_{\ell}^* \vec{n}_{\bar{d}}^*$$

TOP PRODUCTION WITH ADDITIONAL JETS

◊ ALPGEN, CompHEP, Madevent, MCFM

merging of multi-jet ME and shower evolution

- to eliminate the dependence of physical cross-section on the cuts used at the generator level
- to eliminate the double counting, where jets can arise from both the higher-order calculation and from the hard emission during the shower evolution
- to construct inclusive event samples describing arbitrary jet multiplicities, free of double-counting

● CKKW prescription

/Catani, Krauss, Kuhn, Webber, JHEP 0111:063,2001, L.Lonnblad JHEP 0205:046,2002/

◊ separate multi-jet phase-space into

- ◊ domains covered by the ME calculation
- ◊ domains covered by the shower evolution

◊ Sudakov reweight the ME weight to reproduce the probability of an exclusive N-jet final state from the inclusive parton-level N-jet rate. This allows to add parton-level event samples of different jet multiplicity

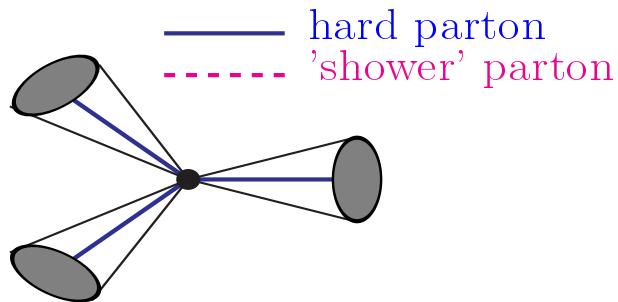
◊ veto showers with hard emissions which are supposedly already included in the higher-order ME phase-space (\Rightarrow requires consistent definition of Sudakov weights in the ME and shower)

MLM matching

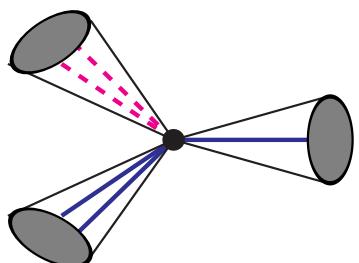
an alternative, simpler prescription of Mangano

- generate parton-level configurations for a given hard-parton multiplicity N_{part} , with partons constrained by $p_T > p_{T\ min}$ and $\Delta R_{jj} > R_{min}$
- perform the jet showering, using the default HERWIG/PYTHIA algorithms
- process the showered event (before hadronization) with a cone jet algorithm, defined by $E_{T\ min}$ and R_{jet})
- match partons and jets:
 - ◊ for each hard parton, select the jet with $\min \Delta R_{j-parton}$
 - ◊ if $\Delta R_{j-parton} < R_{jet}$ the parton is "matched"
 - ◊ a jet can only be matched to a single parton
 - ◊ if all partons are matched, keep the event, else discard it
- this prescription defines an inclusive sample of $N_{jet} = N_{part}$ jets
- define an exclusive N -jet sample by requiring that the number of reconstructed showered jets N_{jet} be equal to N_{part}
- after matching, combine the exclusive event samples to obtain an inclusive sample containing events with all multiplicities

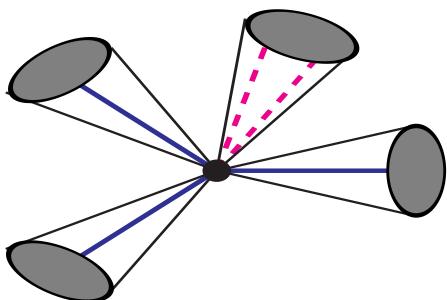
- few examples of matching:



event matched, $N_{jet} = N_{part} = 3$, keep



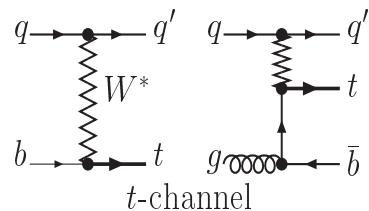
NOT matched, $N_{jet} = N_{part} = 3$,
 but $N_{matched} = 2$, throw away,
 collinear double-logarithmic double-counting



event matched, $N_{jet} > N_{part} = 3$,
 throw away for exclusive samples

SINGLE TOP PRODUCTION. T-channel

- double counting problem: t -channel : $2 \rightarrow 2$ versus $2 \rightarrow 3$

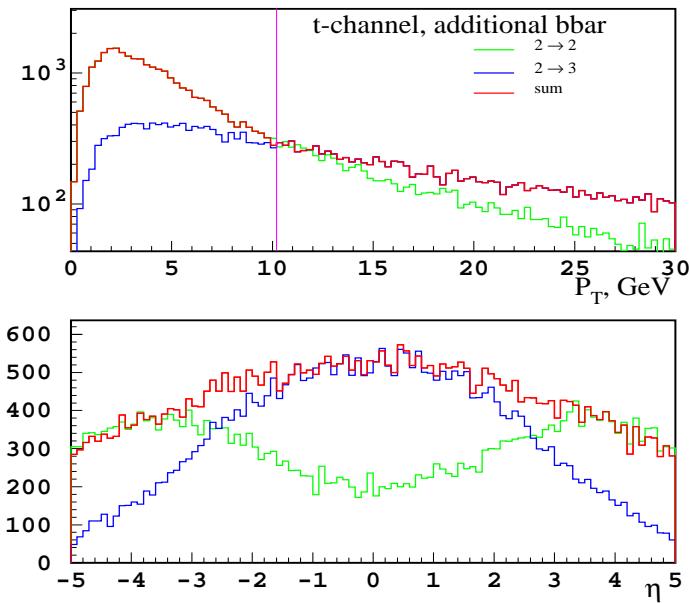


SingleTop: E.Boos, L.Dudko, V.Savrin, CMS Note 2000/065 (2000)

TopReX: S.Slabospitsky and L.Sonnenschein

$2 \rightarrow 2 qb \rightarrow q't + \bar{b}$ from PYTHIA

$2 \rightarrow 3 qg \rightarrow q't + \bar{b}$ from the hard process



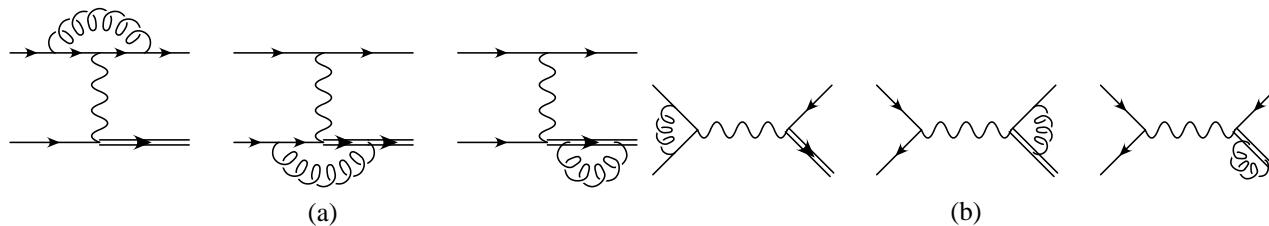
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX) = \sigma^{(2 \rightarrow 2)}(pp \rightarrow tq; p_T(\bar{b}_{\text{PYT}}) < p_0) + \sigma^{(2 \rightarrow 3)}(pp \rightarrow tq\bar{b}_{\text{hard}}; p_T(\bar{b}) \geq p_0)$$

with $p_0 \simeq 10 \text{ GeV}$

NLO CORRECTIONS

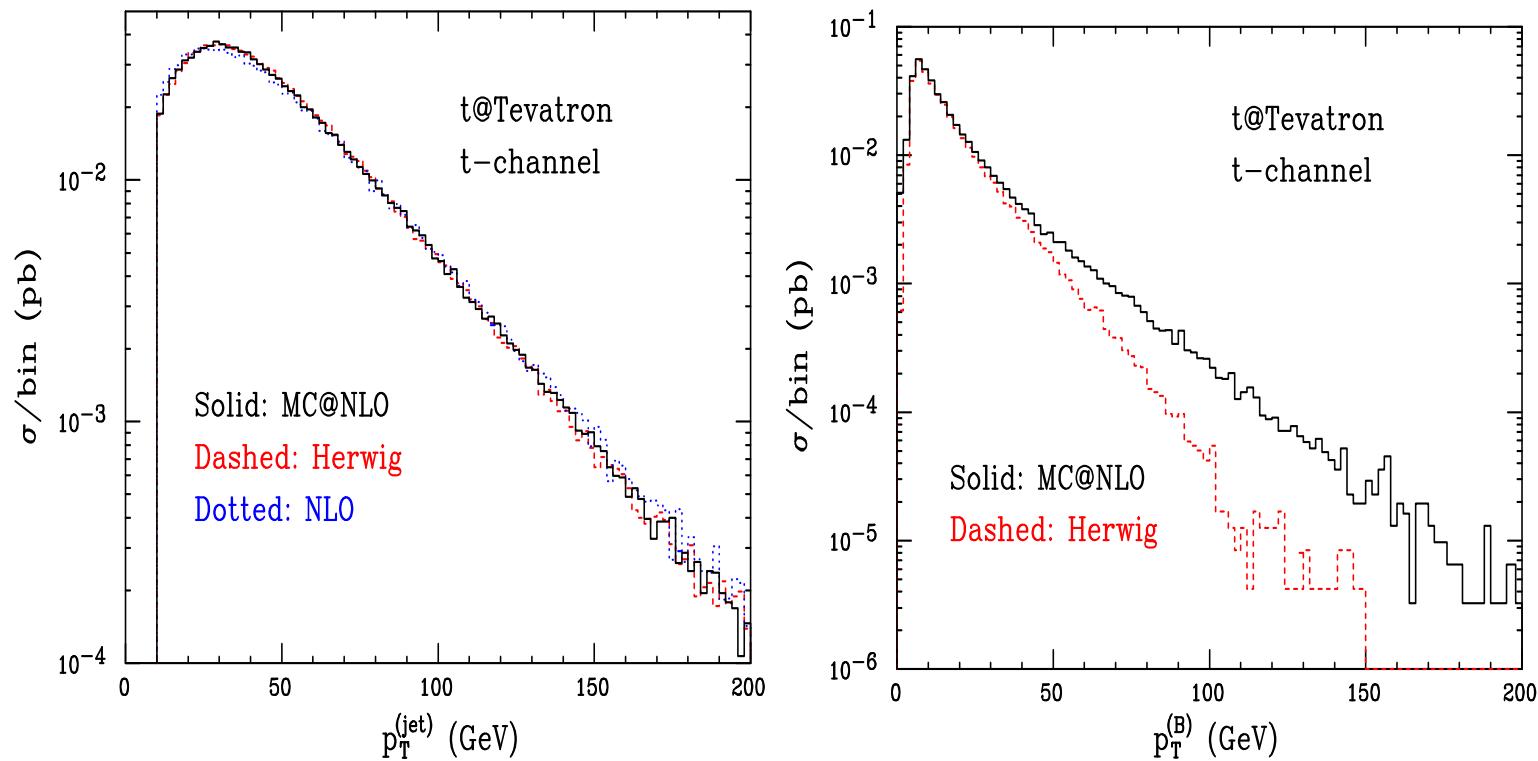
substantial progress in single-top production

the radiation effects are included in the initial and final states, as well as into decays



- **ZTOP** B.Harris, E.Laenen, L.Phaf, Z.Sullivan, S.Weizierl, PR D66 (2002) 054024;
Z.Sullivan, PR D70 (2004) 114012
- **MCFM** J.Campbell, R.K.Ellis, F.Tramontano, PR D70 (2004) 094012
- Qing-Hong Cao, C.-P.Yuan, PR D71 (2005) 054022;
Qing-Hong Cao, R.Schwienhorst, C.-P.Yuan, PR D71 (2005) 054023;
Qing-Hong Cao, R.Schwienhorst, J.A.Benitez, R.Brock, C.-P.Yuan, PR D72 (2005) 094027
- **MC@NLO** S.Frixione, E.Laenen, P.Motylinski, B.R.Webber, hep-ph/0512250 (2005)

◊ p_T distribution for the highest p_T and b jets



EVENT GENERATORS

M.Dobbs et al. “*Les Houches Guidebook to Monte Carlo Generators for Hadron Collider Physics*”, hep-ph/0403045

- General purpose generators provided full simulation of event
 - ◊ hard process
 - ◊ showering
 - ◊ hadronization
 - ◊ decay of the unstable hadrons
 - ◊ underlying event simulation

- **HERWIG**

G. Corcella, I.G. Knowles, G. Marchesini, S. Moretti, K. Odagiri, P. Richardson, M.H. Seymour, B.R. Webber

<http://hepwww.rl.ac.uk/theory/seymour/herwig/>

HERWIG is particularly sophisticated in its treatment of the subsequent decay of unstable resonances, including full spin correlations for most processes

processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top, $t\bar{t}H$, $Zt\bar{t}$, $gb \rightarrow tH^+$

- **ISAJET** H. Baer, F.E. Paige, S.D. Protopescu, and X. Tata, <http://www.phy.bnl.gov/isajet/>

processes: $t\bar{t}$, no spin correlations

- **PYTHIA** T.Sjostrand, L.Lonnblad, S.Mrenna, P.Skands

<http://www.thep.lu.se/tf2/staff/torbjorn/Pythia.html>

processes: $t\bar{t}$, single-top (t , s channels), $t\bar{t}H$, $gb \rightarrow tH^+$, no spin correlations

- **SHERPA** T.Gleisberg, F.Krauss, A.Schalicke, S.Schumann, J.Winter

<http://www.physik.tu-dresden.de/krauss/hep/>

is a new multi purpose event generator with a powerful matrix element generator (AMEGIC++), **processes** ?

Tree level matrix element generators

an information about initial and final-state partons (the masses, the momenta, the spins, the colors, and the flavors) is stored in the “Les Houches” format

- **ALPGEN** M.L.Mangano, M.Moretti, F.Piccinini, R.Pittau, A.D.Polosa

<http://m.home.cern.ch/m/mlm/www/alpgen/>

dedicated to the study of multi-parton hard processes in hadronic collisions.
processes: $t\bar{t}$ + up to 6 jets, single top: tq , tb , tW , tbW (no extra jets), $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ + up to 4 jets, $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ + up to 4 jets, $Ht\bar{t}$ + up to 4 jets, $W/Zt\bar{t}$ + up to 4 jets, spin correlations are included

- **AcerMC** B.P.Kersevan, E.Richter-Was, <http://borut.home.cern.ch/borut/> (see talk of B.Kersevan)
is dedicated for generation of the Standard Model background processes in pp collisions at the LHC
processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top (?), $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$, $W/Zt\bar{t}$, spin correlations are included

- CompHEP

E.Boos, M.Dubinin, V.Edneral, V.Ilyin, D.Kovalenko, A.Kryukov, A.Pukhov, V.Savrin, S.Shichanin, A.Semenov

<http://theory.sinp.msu.ru/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=chept:comphelp>

a package for evaluation of Feynman diagrams and integration over multi-particle phase space

processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top, (? $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$, $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$,) $W/Zt\bar{t}$, spin correlations are included

- MadEvent F.Maltoni, T.Stelzer

<http://madgraph.hep.uiuc.edu/index.html>

combines MADGRAPH matrix element calculations with phase space integration

processes: $t\bar{t}$ + up to 3jets, single top (?), $t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ + up to 1jet, $Ht\bar{t}$ up to 2jets

- MC@NLO S. Frixione, P. Nason, B. Webber

<http://www.hep.phy.cam.ac.uk/theory/webber/MCatNLO>

combines a Monte Carlo event generator with exact NLO calculations of rates for QCD processes at hadron colliders

processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top (t - and s -channel)

- **SingleTop** E.Boos, L.Dudko, V.Savrin, A.Sherstnev
based on the CompHEP
processes: t -channel single top production ($2 \rightarrow 2 + 2 \rightarrow 3$, spin correlations are included)
- **TopReX** S.Slabospitsky, L.Sonnenschein
<http://cmsdoc.cern.ch/spitsky/toprex/toprex.html>
processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top (t -, s -, and tW -channel), $W/ZQ\bar{Q}$, $Q = c, b, t$, spin correlations are included
- **MCFM** J.Campbell, K.Ellis, <http://mcfm.fnal.gov/>
matrix elements are included at next-to-leading order and incorporate full spin correlations
processes: $t\bar{t}$, single top (t - and s -channel), $Ht\bar{t}$, $W/Zt\bar{t}$
- **ZTOP** B.Harris, E.Laenen, L.Phaf, Z.Sullivan, S.Weizierl
full NLO-corrections to single top production (t - and s -channel)

EVENT GENERATOR TOPREX

URL = <http://cmsdoc.cern.ch/spitsky/toprex/toprex.html>

(S. Slabospitsky, L. Sonnenschein, *CPC* **148**, 87 (2002) [hep-ph/0201292])

- dedicated for simulation of "external" process with PYTHIA:

	$gg (q\bar{q}) \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
t -channel	$qb \rightarrow q't + qg \rightarrow q't\bar{b}$
tW -channel	$gb \rightarrow tW$
s -channel	$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W^* \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ $q\bar{q}' \rightarrow H^{\pm*} \rightarrow t\bar{b}(\tau\nu) + q\bar{q}' \rightarrow H^{\pm*} \rightarrow t\bar{b}(\tau\nu) + \text{jet}$ $q\bar{q} \rightarrow W^*/Z^* Q\bar{Q}, W^*/Z^* \rightarrow f\bar{f}, Q = c, b, t$
	$gg \rightarrow ZZ$
FCNC	$gu(c) \rightarrow t \rightarrow bW$

- top-quark is on-shell, the polarization of top is included

included decay channels:

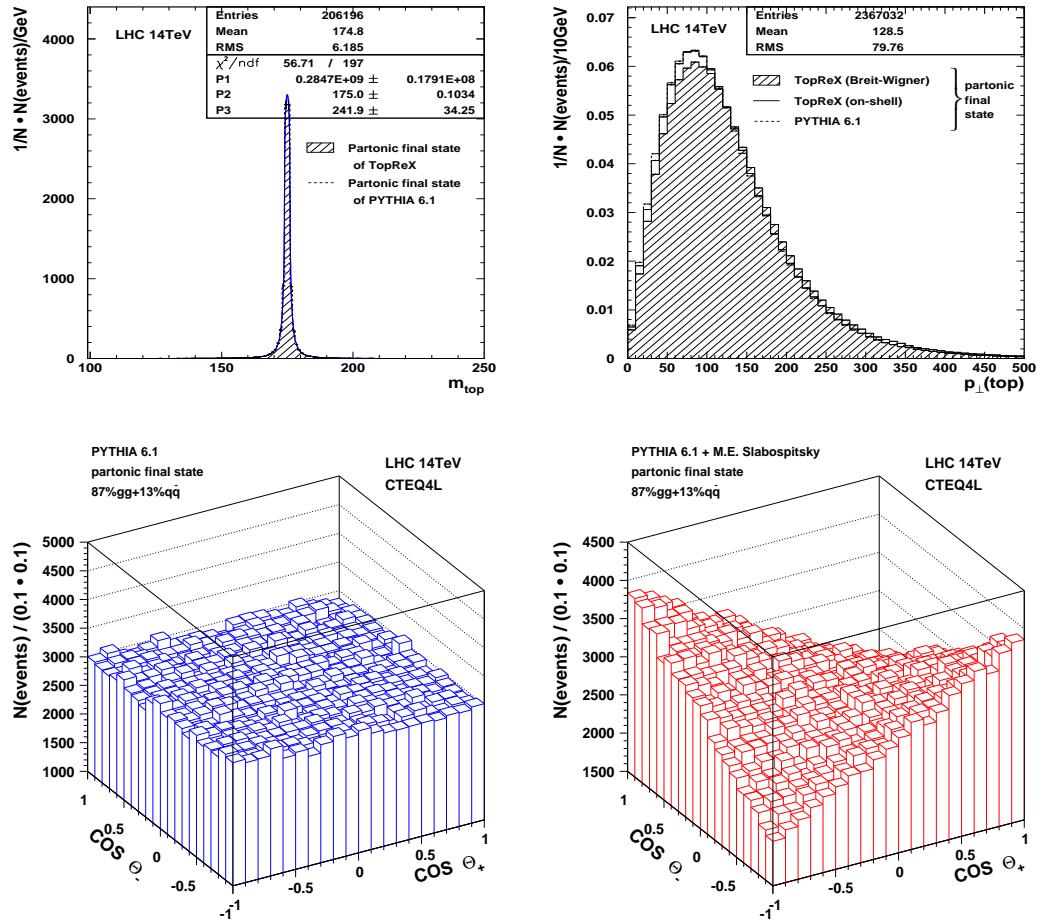
t	$\rightarrow bW^+, \rightarrow bH^+, \rightarrow q\gamma, qg, qZ$
W, Z	$\rightarrow f\bar{f}', f = q, l, \nu$
H^\pm	$\rightarrow f\bar{f}', f = q, l, \nu$

- at present TopReX could be used :

- ◊ as a stand-alone generator (parton level)
- ◊ with PYTHIA for hadronization, fragmentation and decays

PROCESSES

- $t\bar{t}$ production (LO $|M|^2$) $gg(q\bar{q}) \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \nu \bar{\nu} b\bar{b} X$$

- Electro-weak top production

three processes contributed to electro-weak (single) top production

$$t\text{-channel } qb \rightarrow q't + qg \rightarrow q't\bar{b}$$

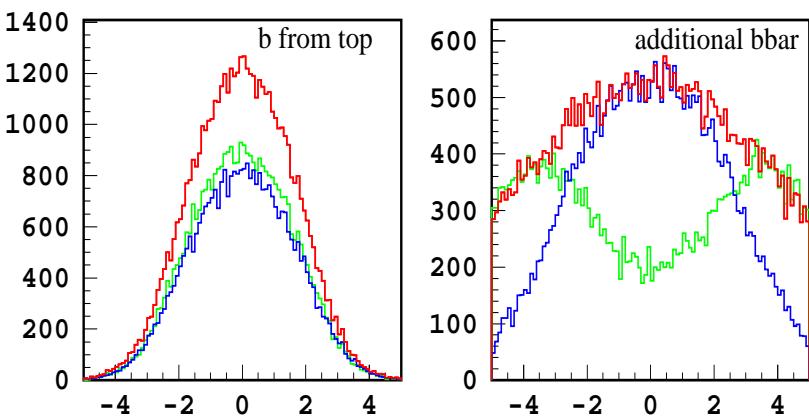
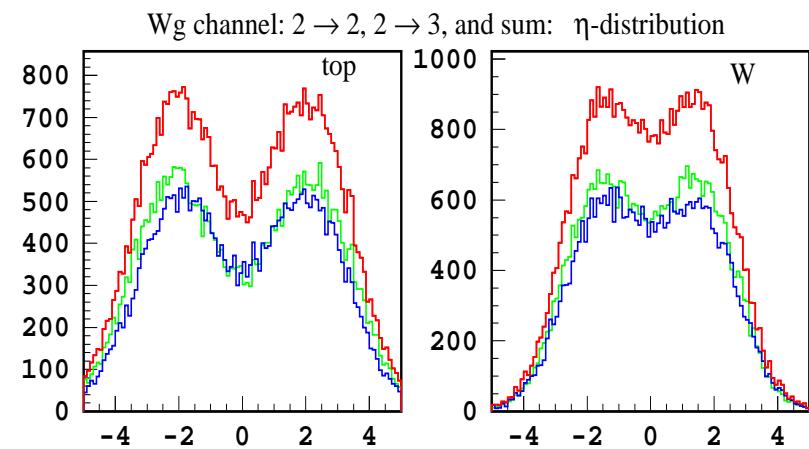
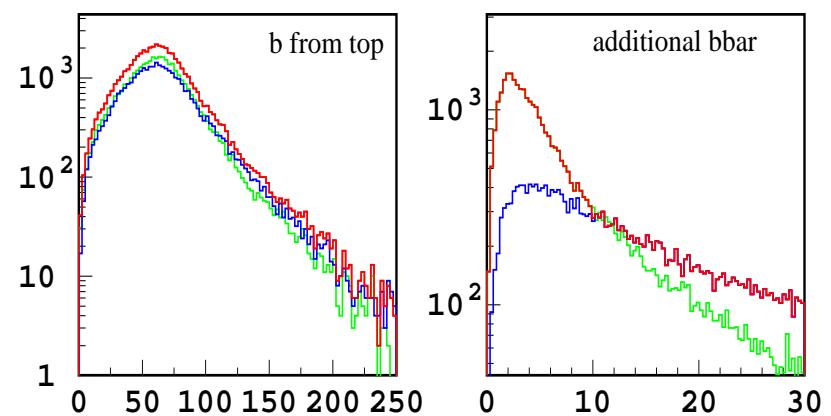
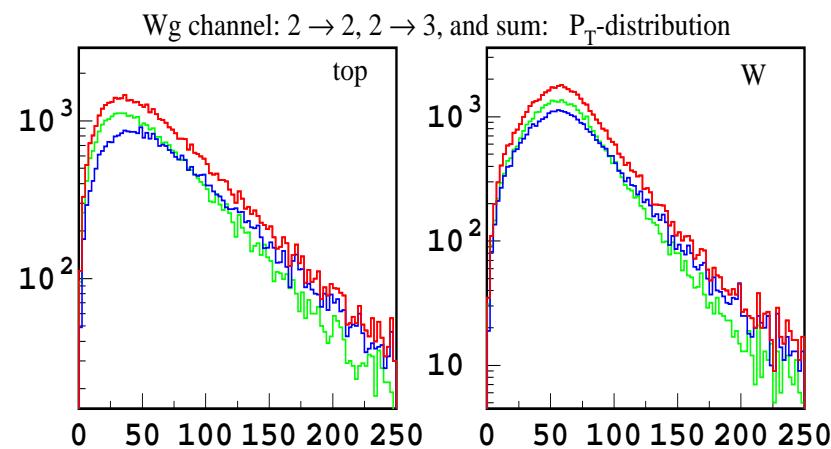
$$tW\text{-channel } gb \rightarrow tW$$

$$s\text{-channel } q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W^* \rightarrow t\bar{b}$$

- double counting problem: t -channel : $2 \rightarrow 2$ versus $2 \rightarrow 3$

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma(pp \rightarrow tX) &= \sigma^{(2 \rightarrow 2)}(pp \rightarrow tq; p_T(\bar{b}_{\text{PYT}}) < p_0) \\ &+ \sigma^{(2 \rightarrow 3)}(pp \rightarrow tq\bar{b}_{\text{hard}}; p_T(\bar{b}_{\text{hard}}) \geq p_0) \text{ with } p_0 \simeq 10 \text{ GeV}\end{aligned}$$

generate simultaneously the both $2 \rightarrow 2$ and $2 \rightarrow 3$ processes and perform the adjustment of p_0 parameter during **TopReX** run (in PYEVNT routine)

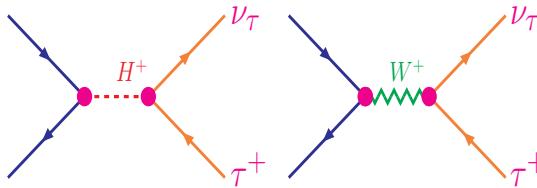


- s -channel charged Higgs production due an annihilation of the light quarks

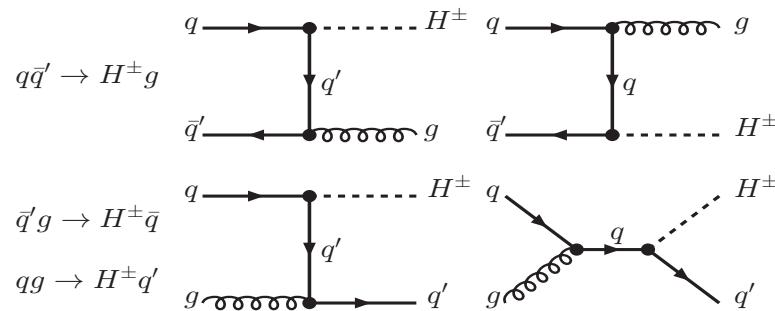
$$\mathcal{L}_{H^\pm ff} \propto H^\pm \left[\bar{U} (m_U \cot \beta P_L + m_D \tan \beta P_R) D + (m_\tau \tan \beta) H^+ \bar{\nu} P_R \tau \right]$$

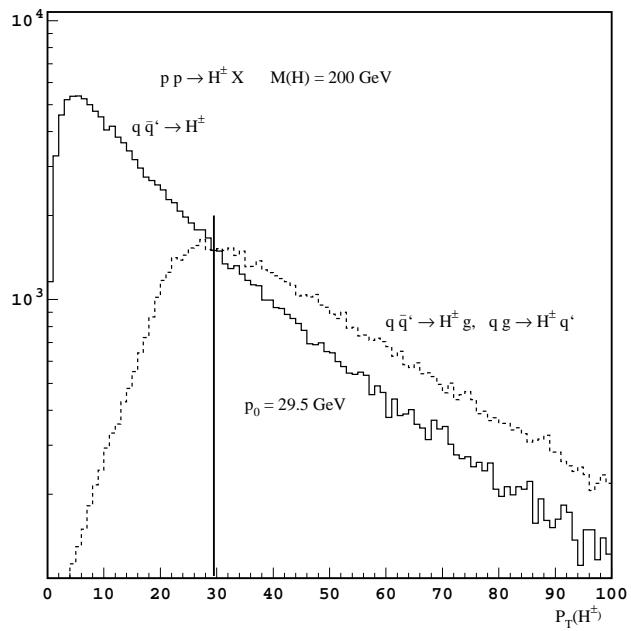
the running values of m_q are used for evaluation of $qH^\pm q'$ couplings

$$q \bar{q}' \rightarrow H^\pm, \rightarrow t\bar{b}(\tau^\pm \nu_\tau), \quad q = d, u, s, c, b$$



$$q \bar{q}' \rightarrow H^\pm g, \quad q g \rightarrow H^\pm q', \quad \bar{q}' g \rightarrow H^\pm \bar{q}$$





$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H^\pm X) = \sigma(pp \rightarrow H^\pm; p_\perp(H) < p_0) + \sigma(pp \rightarrow H^\pm \text{jet}; \hat{k}_\perp > \hat{k}_0, p_\perp(H) \geq p_0)$$

$\hat{k}_0 \approx 20 \text{ GeV}$, and $p_0 = 30 \text{ GeV}$ for $M_H = (200 - 400) \text{ GeV}$

- $q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W Q\bar{Q}, \quad Q = c, b, t$
- $q\bar{q}(gg) \rightarrow Z Q\bar{Q}, \quad Q = c, b, t$
- $gu(c) \rightarrow t \rightarrow bW$

top decay channels

- $t \rightarrow bW^+$ with $W^\pm \rightarrow q\bar{q}'$, $\bar{q}' \rightarrow \ell^\pm \nu_\ell$
- t -quark decays due to anomalous Flavor Changing Neutral couplings

$$\mathcal{L} = -g_s \frac{\kappa_g}{\Lambda} \bar{t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a (f^g + h^g \gamma_5) q G_{\mu\nu}^a - e \frac{\kappa_\gamma}{\Lambda} \bar{t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (f^\gamma + h^\gamma \gamma^5) q A_{\mu\nu} - \frac{g \kappa_Z}{2 \cos \theta_W} \bar{t} \gamma^\mu (f^Z - h^Z \gamma_5) q Z_\mu$$

$q = u, c$, Λ is the New Physics cut-off, $|f^V|^2 + |h^V|^2 = 1$

the following decay channels are included:

$$t \rightarrow g q, \quad q = u, c$$

$$t \rightarrow \gamma q, \quad q = u, c$$

$$t \rightarrow g Z, \quad q = u, c; \quad Z \rightarrow q\bar{q}; \quad \ell^+ \ell^-; \quad \nu \bar{\nu}$$

- charged Higgs in top decays

$$t \rightarrow bH^+$$

$$t \rightarrow bH^* (\rightarrow t^*\bar{b}; \quad t^* \rightarrow bW^\pm) \Rightarrow t \rightarrow bW^\pm \bar{b}b, \text{ with } H^\pm \rightarrow q\bar{q}'; \quad \ell^\pm \nu_\ell$$

CONCLUSIONS

- new processes describing the top-quark production and decays are included in the generators provided full simulation of event
- event generators for top-quark production with spin correlations
- event generators for single top production included $2 \rightarrow 2 + 2 \rightarrow 3$ with a proper matching
- tree level generators for top production processes with additional multi-jets in the final state
- generators with full NLO corrections to top production processes
- event generators for top production and decays due to interactions beyond SM