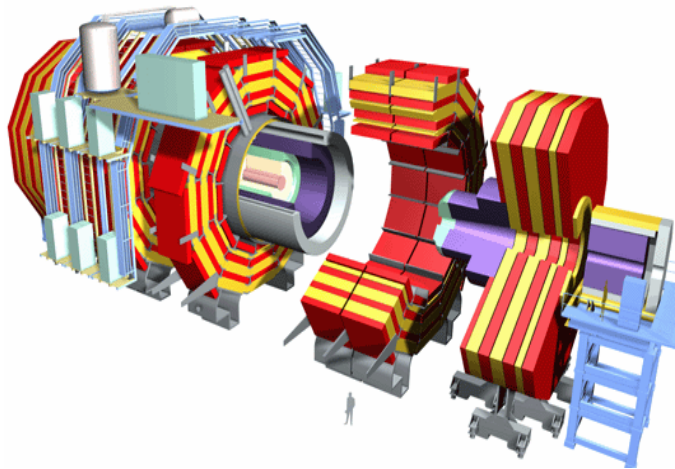




# Quarkonia production in heavy-ion collisions with CMS at LHC



**Bolek Wyslouch**  
**Massachusetts Institute of Technology**  
**for the CMS Collaboration**

**LHC Physics, Kraków 2006**

CMS HI groups: Adana, Athens, Basel, Budapest, CERN, Demokritos, Dubna, Ioannina, Kiev, Krakow, Los Alamos, Lyon, MIT, Moscow, Mumbai, N. Zealand, Protvino, PSI, Rice, Sofia, Strasbourg, U Kansas, Tbilisi, UC Davis, UI Chicago, U. Iowa, U. Minnesota, Yerevan, Vanderbilt, Warsaw, Zagreb

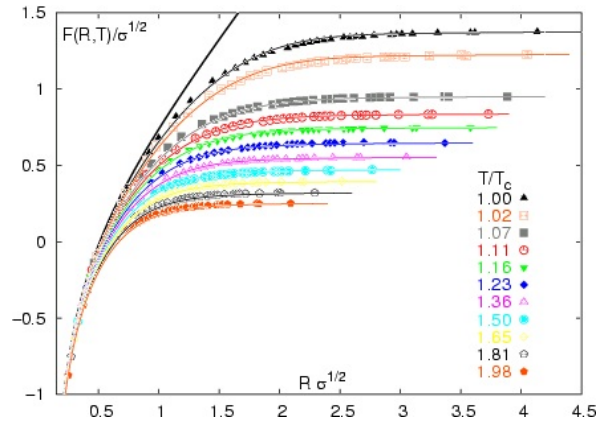


# Quarkonia: probe of high-density QCD media

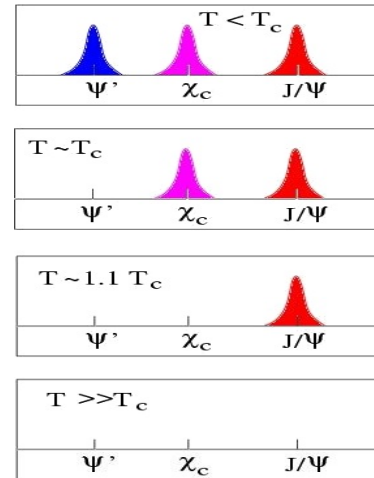


## ■ Dissociation (color screening) = hot QCD matter thermometer

Lattice  $Q\bar{Q}$  free energy vs Radius  
for different temperatures:

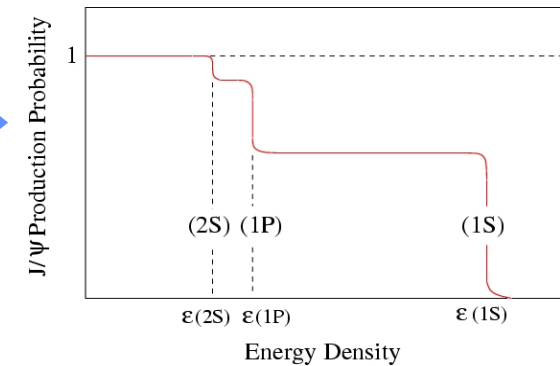


Spectral function vs T:



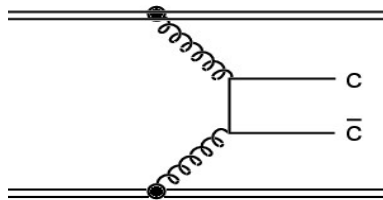
[H.Satz, hep-ph/0512217]

Suppression pattern vs  $\epsilon$ :

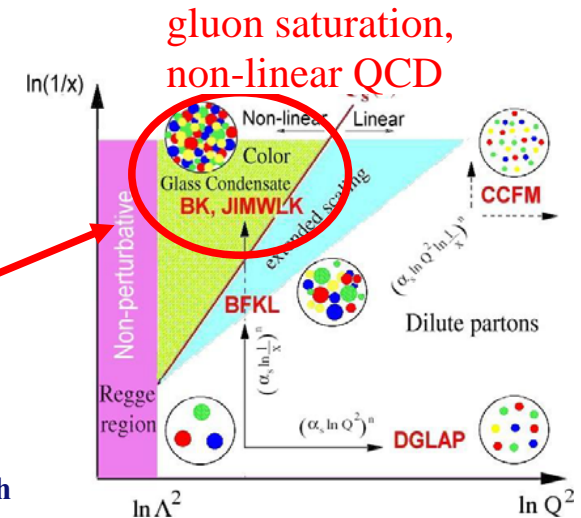
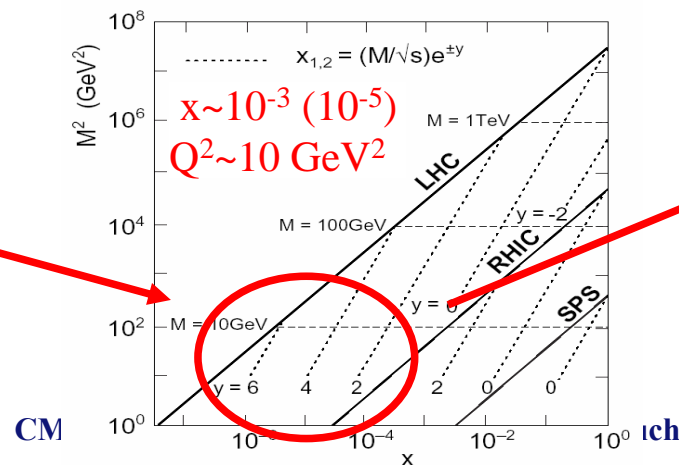


## ■ Probe of low-x gluon structure/evolution:

production via gg fusion:



e.g. K.Tuchin  
July 7, 2006



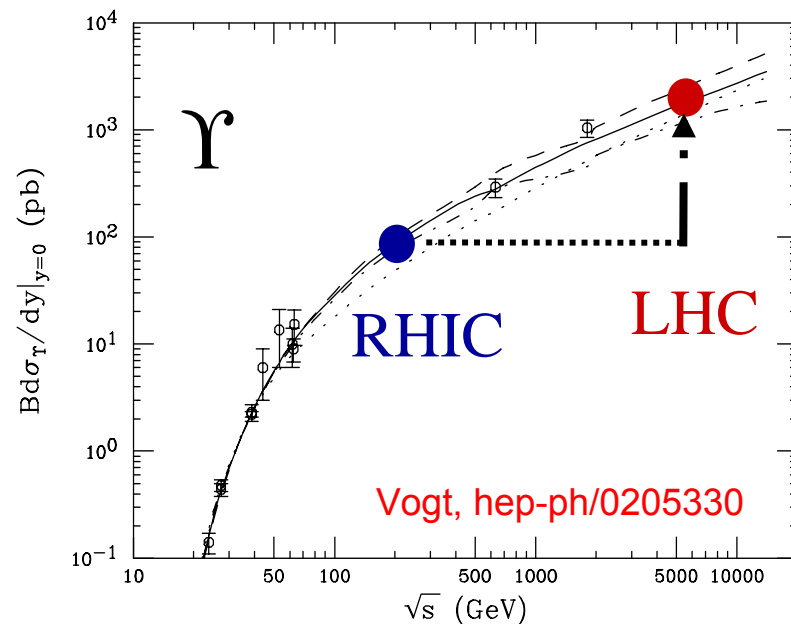


# Quarkonia: from SPS and RHIC to LHC



## ■ PbPb @ $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.5$ TeV, pPb @ $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=8.8$ TeV:

- Factor x30-45 increase in energy compared to AuAu,dAu @ RHIC
- 30-45 times lower Bjorken  $x=2mT/\sqrt{s}$ ,  $\sim 10^{-3}$  ( $10^{-5}$ )
- Large perturbative cross-sections.
- High luminosities (high rates).



### Heavy-ion physics at LHC:

- Plasma **hotter, longer-lived** than @ RHIC
- Access to **lower x, higher  $Q^2$**
- **Unprecedented gluon densities**
- Availability of **new probes ( $\Upsilon, \Upsilon', \Upsilon''$ )**

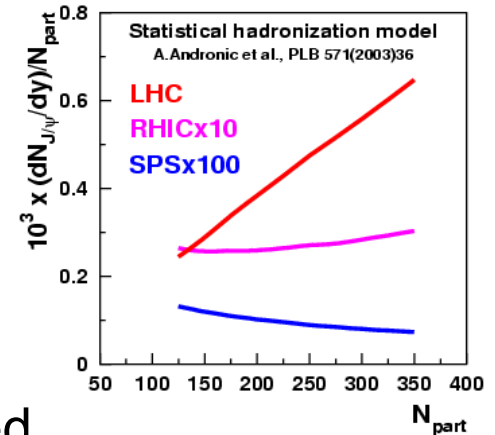


# J/ψ production in AA at the LHC

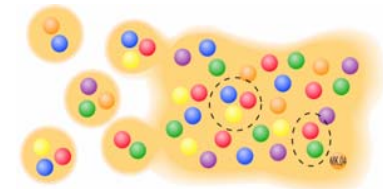
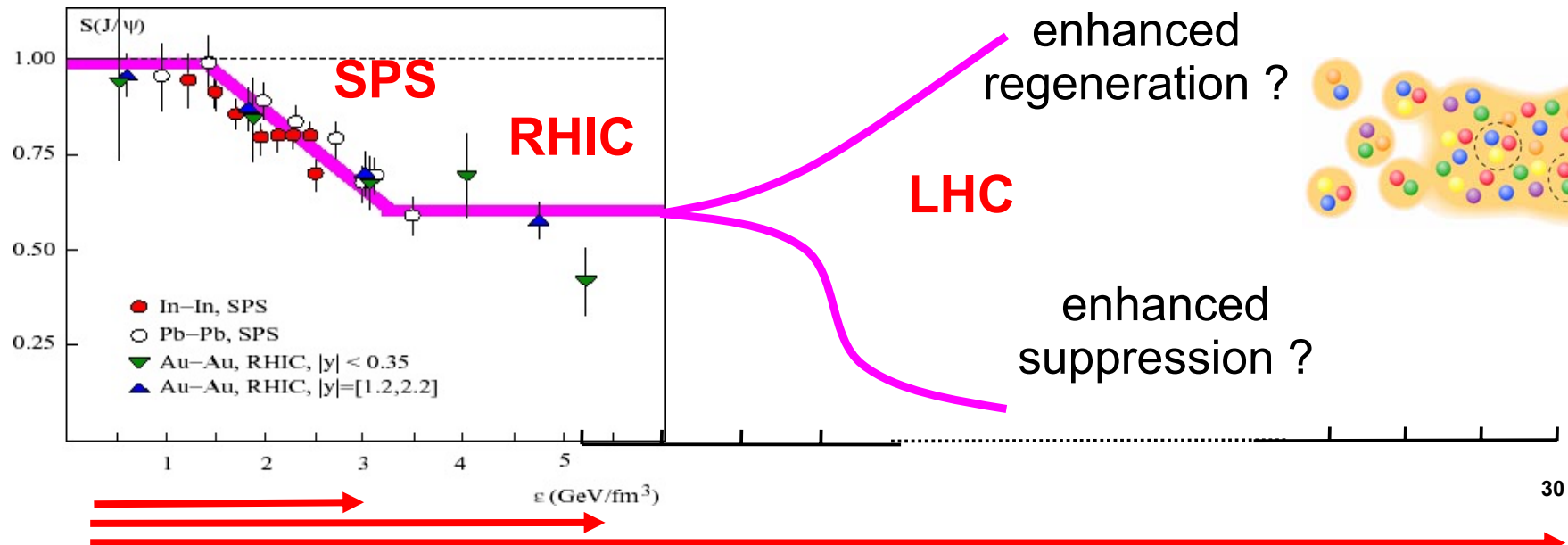


## J/ψ at LHC will clarify SPS/RHIC suppression:

- Onset of **direct J/ψ suppression** ( $T_D \sim 1.5 - 2.5 T_c$ ) ?
- Large(r) regeneration by **ccbar recombination** ?



[H.Satz, hep-ph/512217]



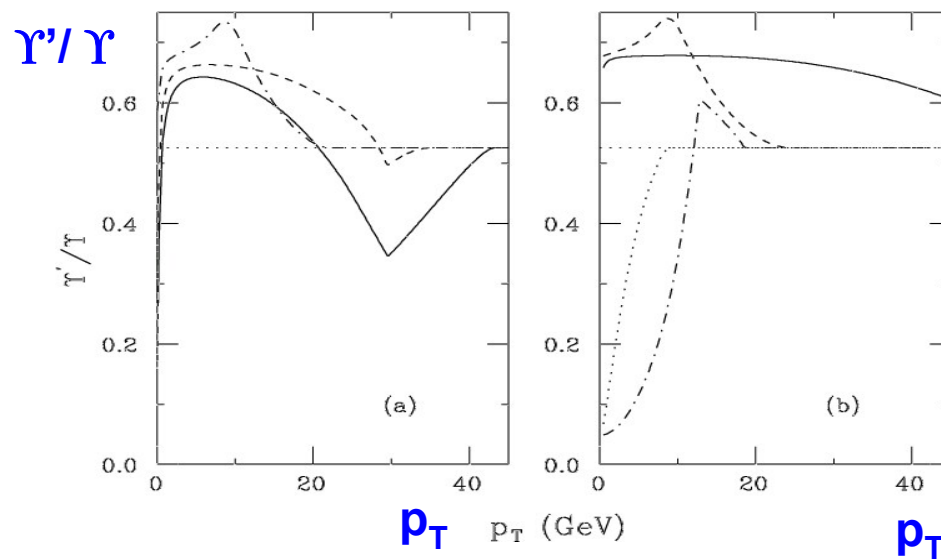


# $\Upsilon$ production in AA at the LHC

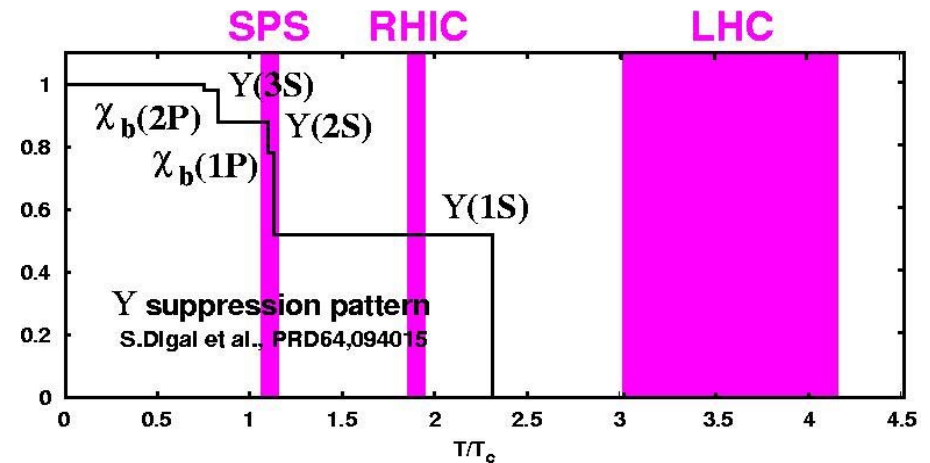


- Large cross-sections:  $d\sigma/dy \sim 20 \times \text{RHIC}$
- $\Upsilon$  melts only at LHC:  $T_D \sim 4 T_c$
- $\Upsilon$  unaffected by final-state interactions:
  - Small hadronic absorption
  - Small #  $b\bar{b}$  pairs  $\rightarrow$  small  $\Upsilon$  regeneration
- $\Upsilon$  spectroscopy:
- $T_D(\Upsilon') \sim T_D(J/\psi)$ :  $\Upsilon'/\Upsilon$  vs  $p_T$  very sensitive to system temperature & size

} “Cleaner” probe than  $J/\psi$



Gunion, Vogt, NPB 492 (1997) 301  
CMS Quarkonia



Bolek Wyslouch

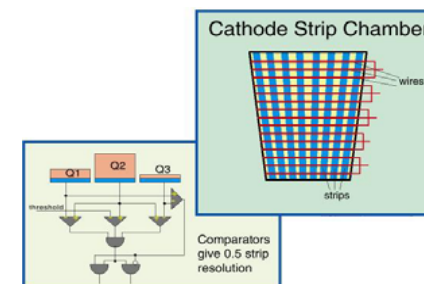
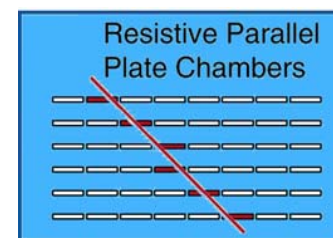
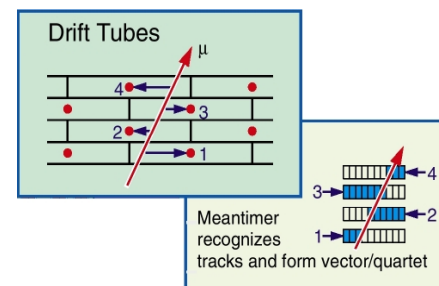
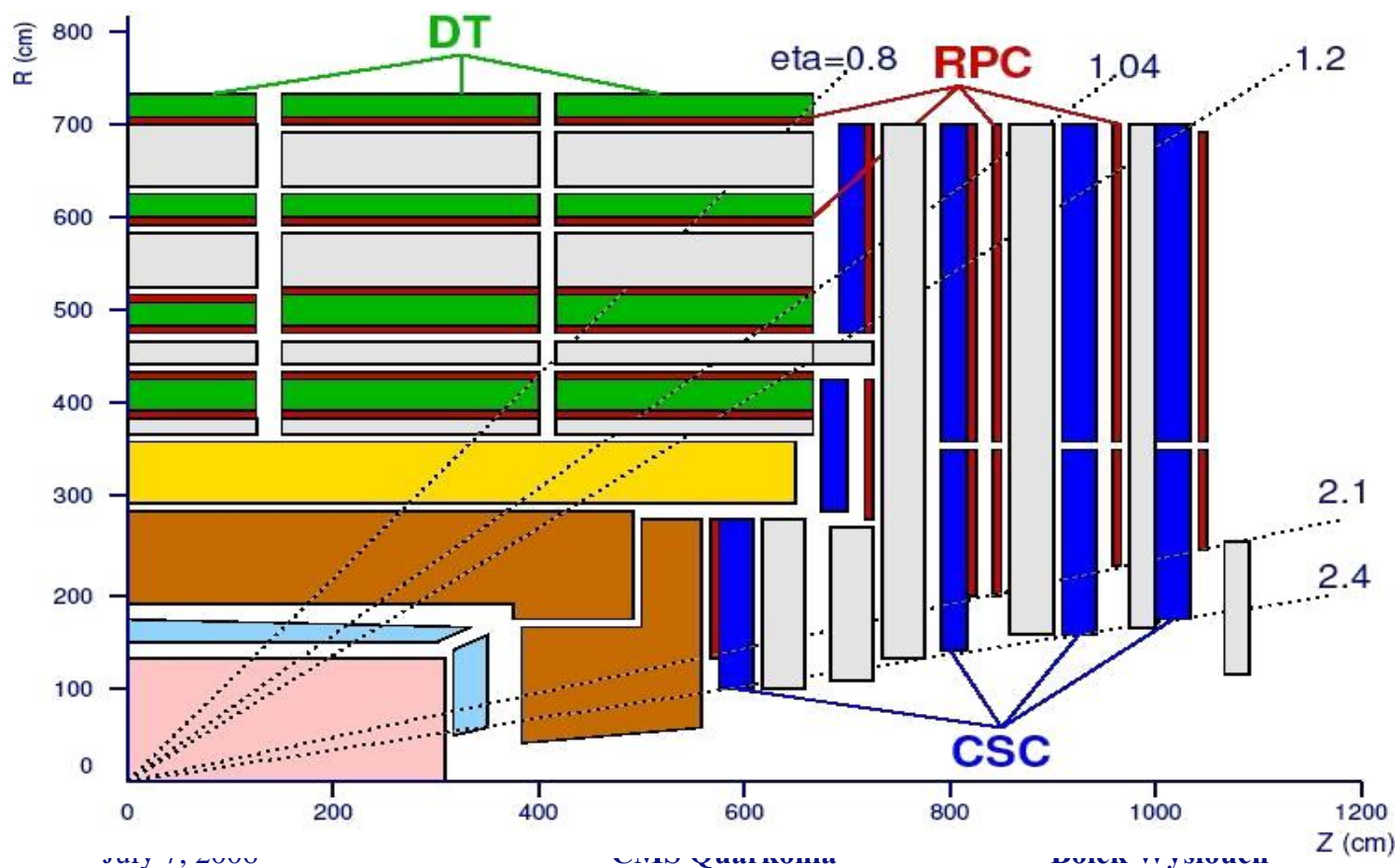


# CMS Muon system



## 3 types of gaseous particle detectors for muon identification:

- Drift Tubes (DT) in central barrel region
  - Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC) in endcap region
  - Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC) in barrel & endcaps
- } → precise measurement of muon position (momentum)  
 → fast info for LVL-1 trigger



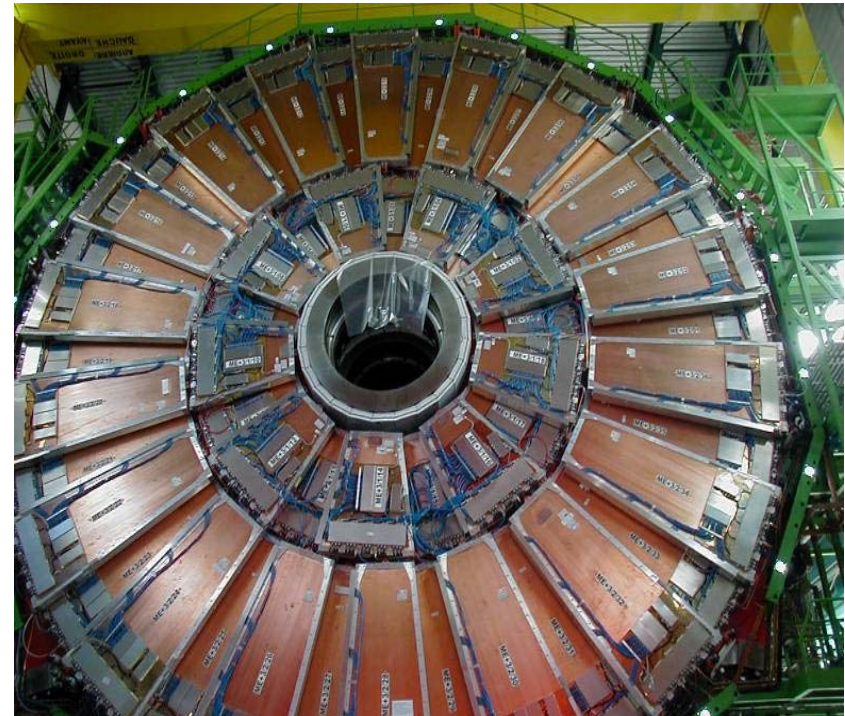




# CMS Muon system

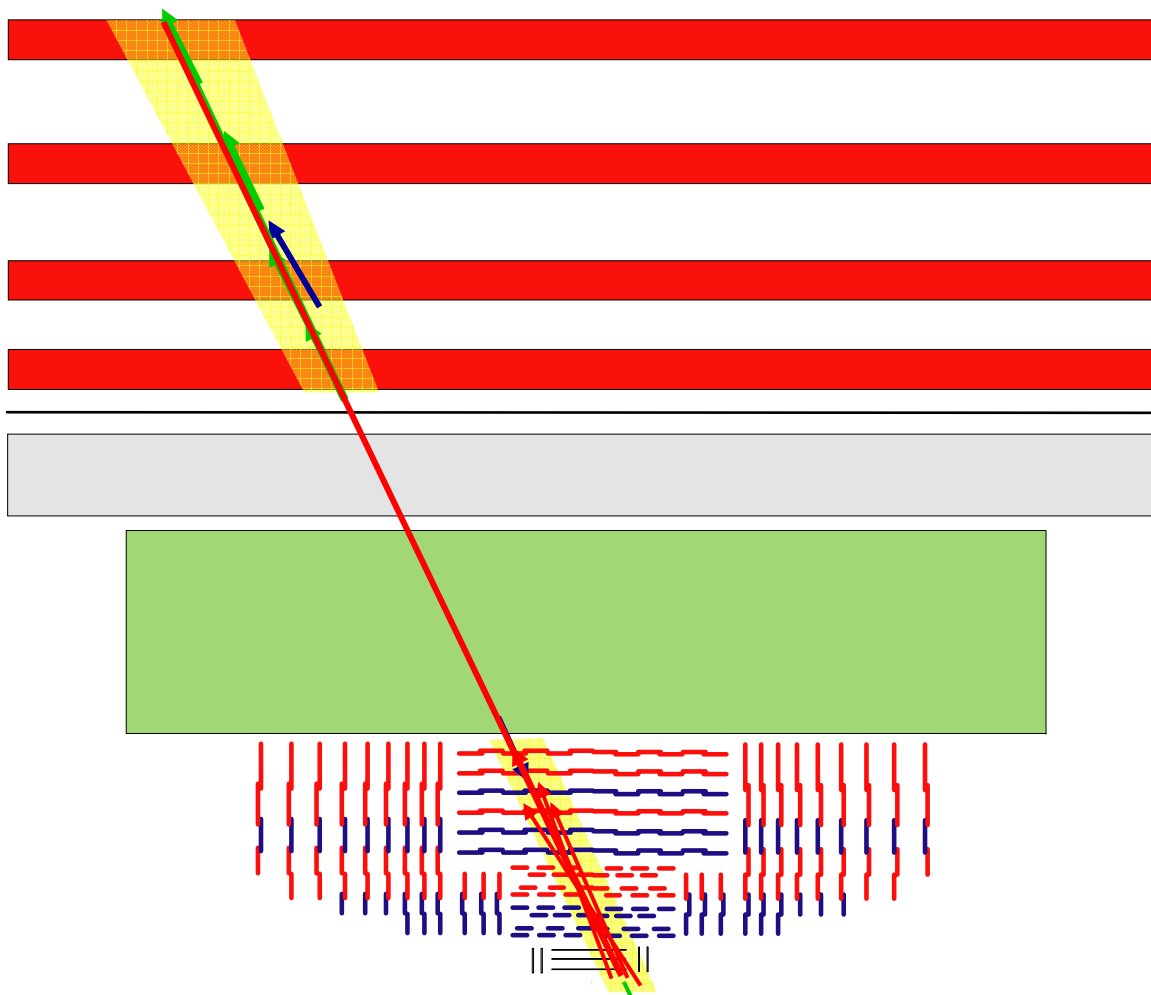


- Drift Tubes (DT) in central barrel
- Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC) in barrel and endcaps
- Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC) in endcap region





# Muon reconstruction



- Best muon spectrometer at LHC (CMS)
- Excellent coverage:  
~5 units of rapidity and  $2\pi$
- Strongest magnetic field:  
4 T, 2 T (return yoke)
- Tag from mu-chambers,  
momentum resolution  
from Silicon tracker
- Ecal + Hcal + Magnet  
Iron absorbs hadrons
  - Barrel:  $p_T^\mu > 3.5 \text{ GeV}/c$
  - Endcap:  $p_L^\mu > 4.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Trigger at Level-1 and High Level Trigger



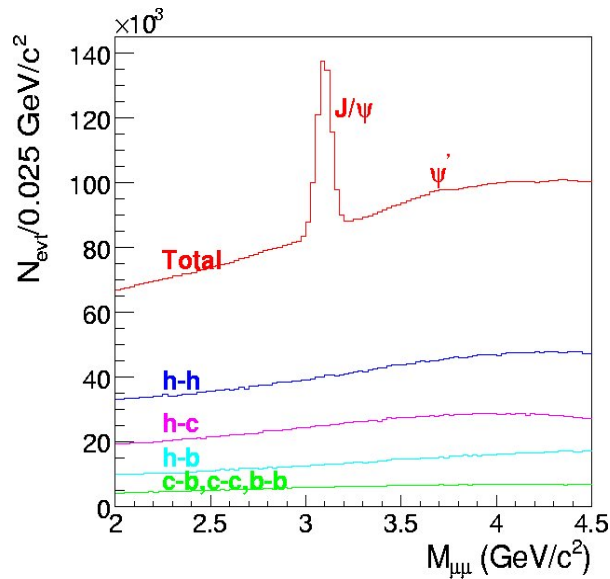


# Simulation studies

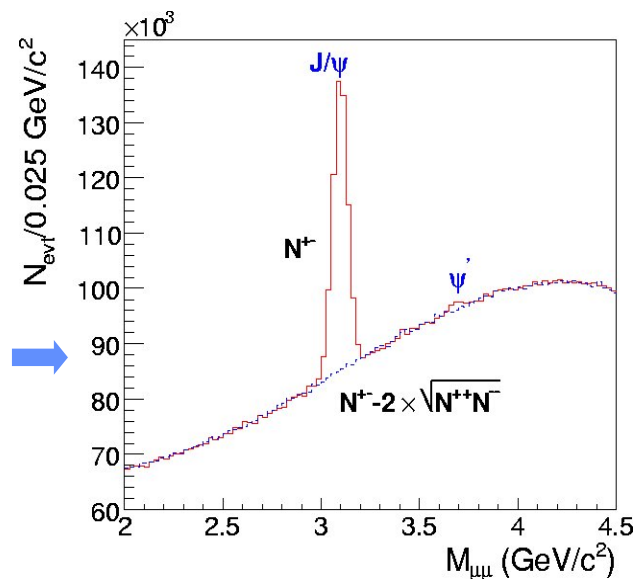


Olga Kodolova, Marc Bedjidian CMS Note-2006/089

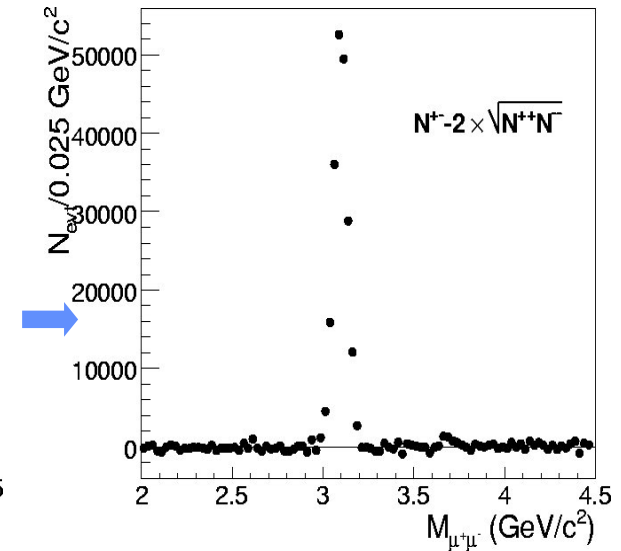
- Signals ( $J/\psi, \Upsilon$ ): CEM, NLO-pp, CTEQ5M+EKS98 PDF,  $T_{AA}$ -scaled
- Light-q background ( $\pi, K$ ): HIJING normalized to  $dN_{ch}/d\eta=2500, 5000$
- Heavy-Q background (c,b): NLO-pp, CTEQ5M+EKS98 PDF, TAA-scaled



Signal+Background



Estimate background using same sign di-muons



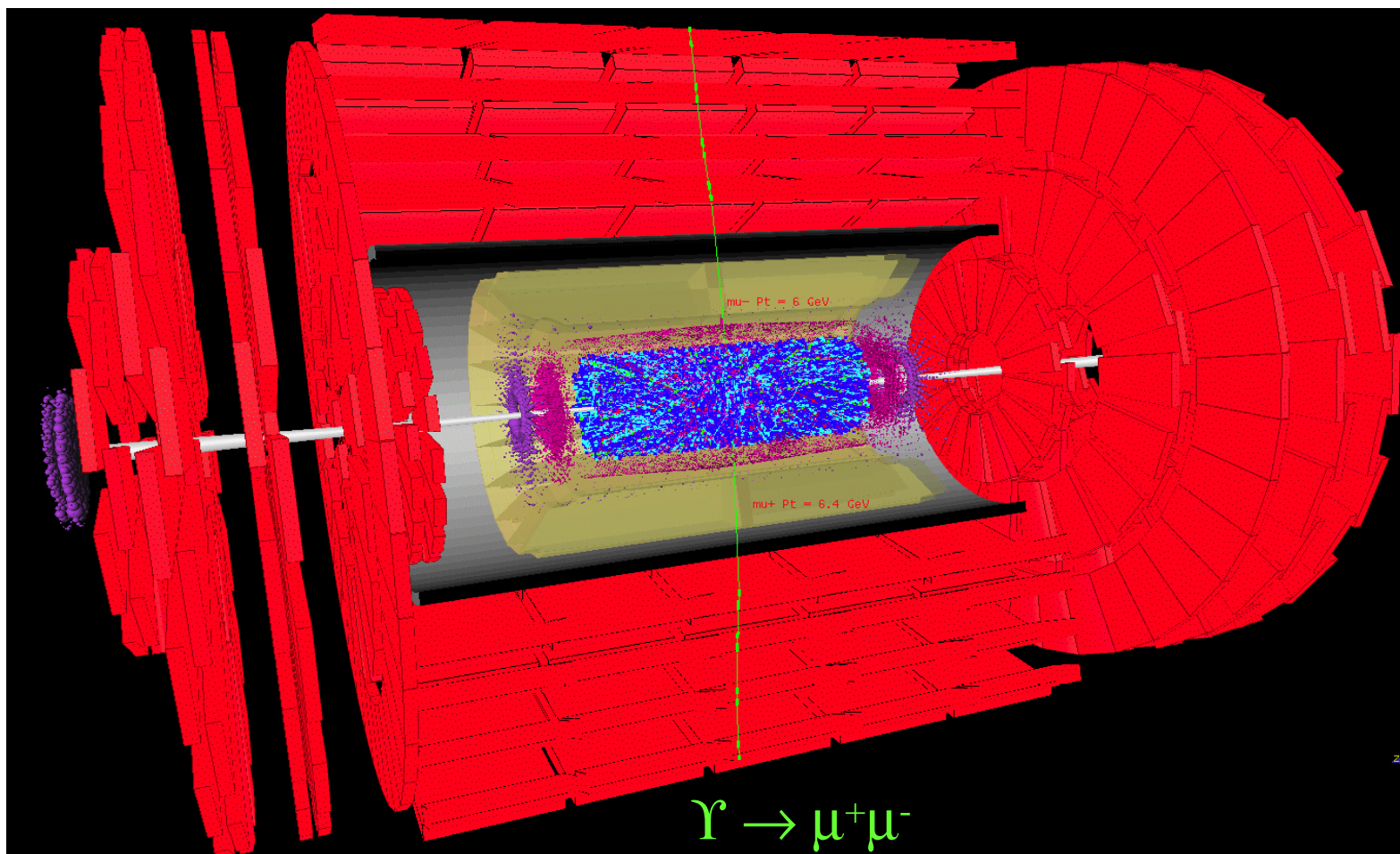
Subtracted background



# $\text{PbPb} \rightarrow \Upsilon + X \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + X$ in CMS



- MC simulation & visualization of Upsilon event (PbPb,  $dN/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 3500$ ) using pp software framework

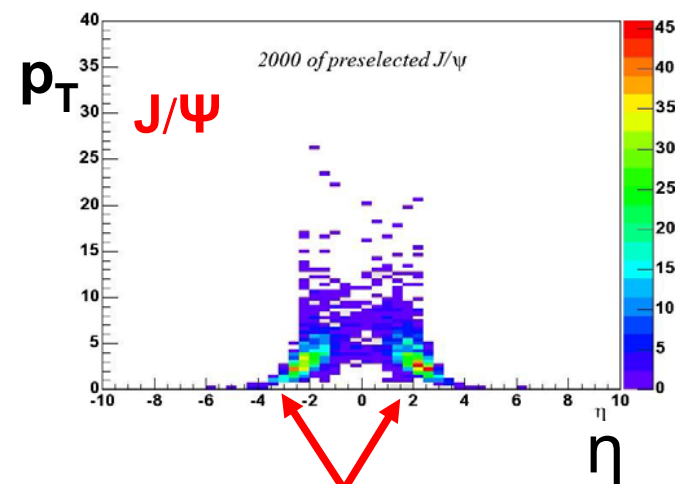
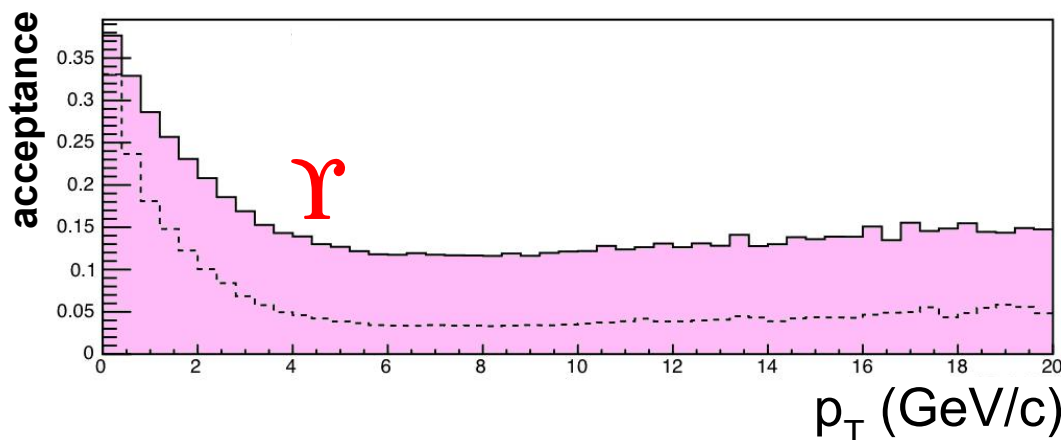
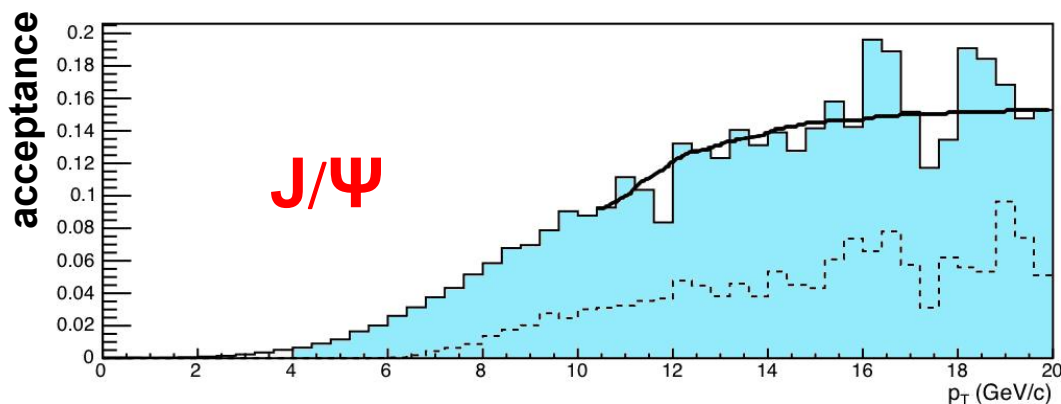




# $J/\psi$ , $\Upsilon$ acceptances



- $J/\psi$  accepted above  $p_T \sim 2$  GeV/c (low- $p_T$  muons absorbed in material at  $y=0$ , but punchthrough at  $y \sim 2$ ). High- $p_T$  acceptance  $\sim 15\%$
- $\Upsilon$  accepted ( $\sim 35\%$ ) down to  $p_T=0$  GeV/c. High- $p_T$  acceptance  $\sim 15\%$



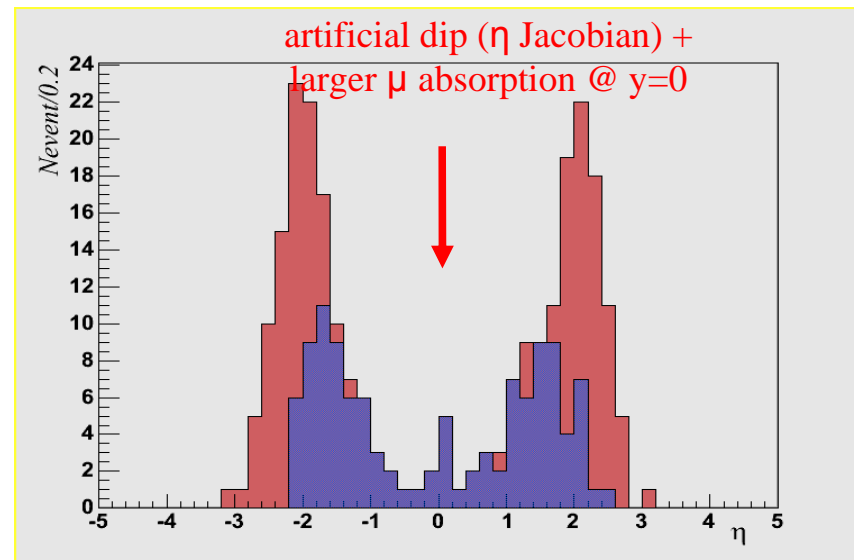
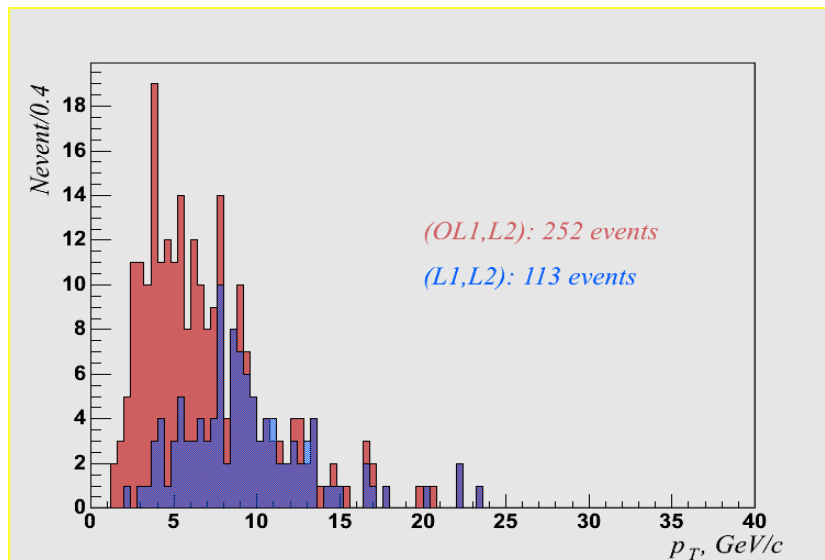
Improved low  $p_T$   
 $J/\psi$  acceptance  
at forward rapidities



# J/ψ triggering ( $p_T$ - $\eta$ acceptance)



- Two different Level-1 settings:
  - L1 : optimized for high luminosity pp
  - OL1 : low quality muon candidate (used in HI)
- L2 and L3: run on online farm
- Trigger condition: two L1 or L2 opposite-sign candidates + L3 (cut on “loose”  $\mu$ )
- 26000 J/ψ generated: (OL1,L2) 252 events, (L1,L2) 113 events.



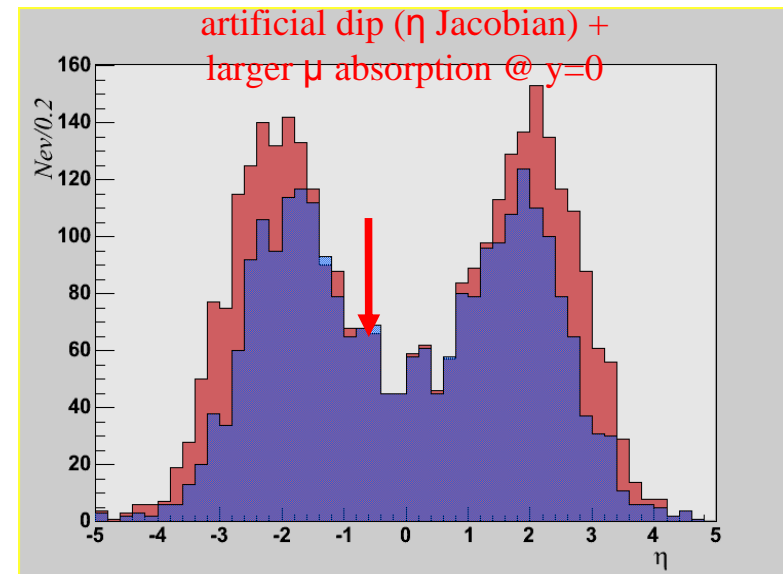
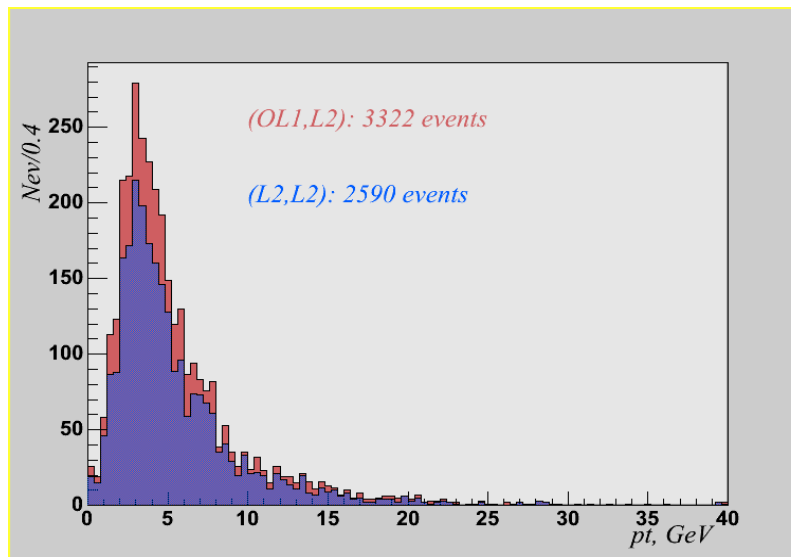
➤ **Total trigger efficiency:** 0.97% (OL1-L2 chain)  
(acceptance folded in) 0.44% (L1-L2 chain)



# $\Upsilon$ triggering ( $p_T$ - $\eta$ acceptance)



- Two different Level-1 settings:
  - L1 : optimized for high luminosity pp
  - OL1 : low quality muon candidate (used in HI)
- L2 and L3: run on online farm
- Trigger condition: two L1 or L2 opposite-sign candidates + L3 (cut on “loose”  $\mu$ )
- 15700  $\Upsilon$  generated: (OL1,L2) 3322 events, (L1,L2) 2590 events.



- **Total trigger efficiency:** 21% (OL1-L2 chain)  
(acceptance folded in) 16.5% (L1-L2 chain)





# Dimuon efficiency & purity vs $dN_{ch}/d\eta$



- $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu\mu$  embedded in PbPb event.

- Efficiency:

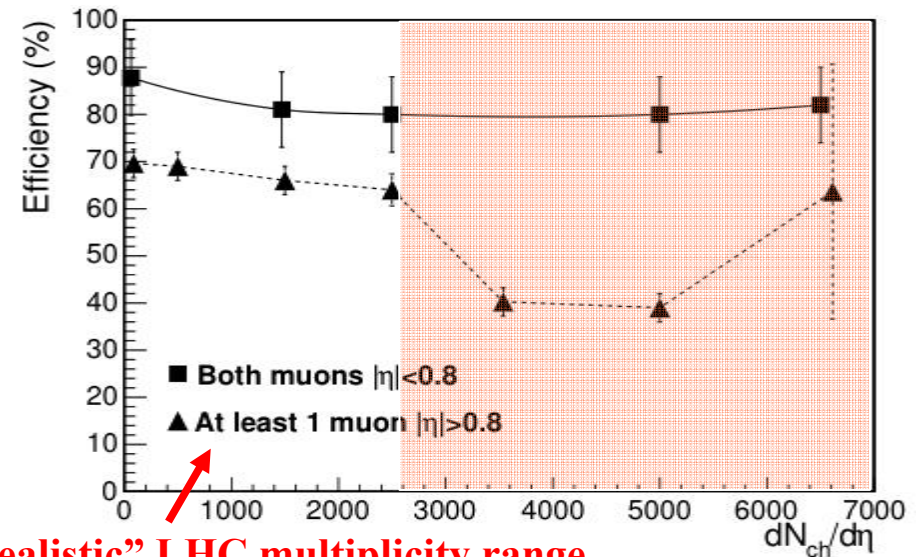
- $\epsilon(p, \eta) = \epsilon_{\text{track-1}} \times \epsilon_{\text{track-2}} \times \epsilon_{\text{vtx}}$

>80% for all multiplic. (barrel)

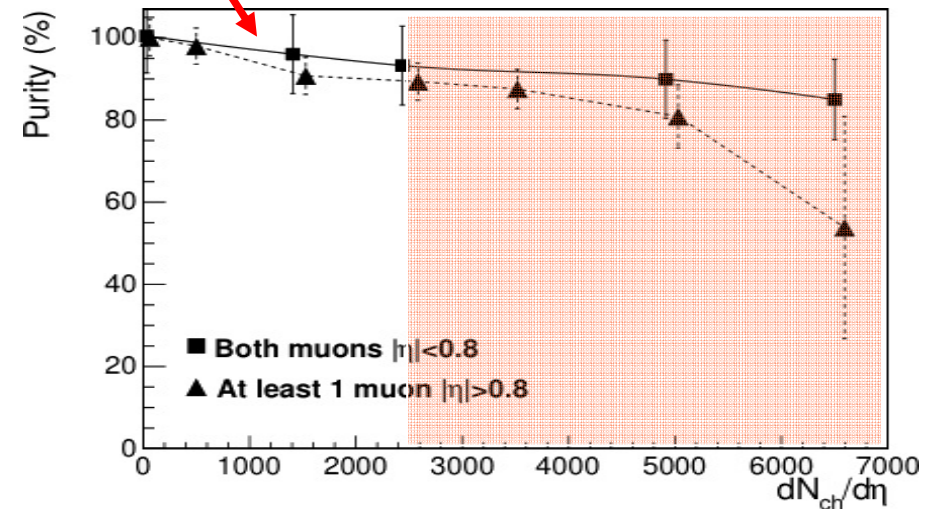
~65% for all multiplic. (barrel+endcap)

- Purity = [true  $\Upsilon$  reco] / [all  $\Upsilon$  reco]

- ~90% for all multiplicities



“realistic” LHC multiplicity range

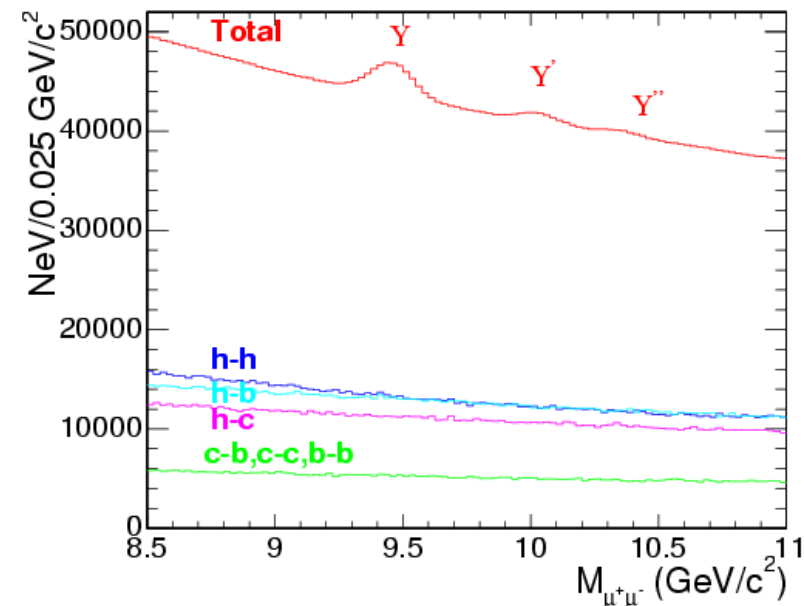
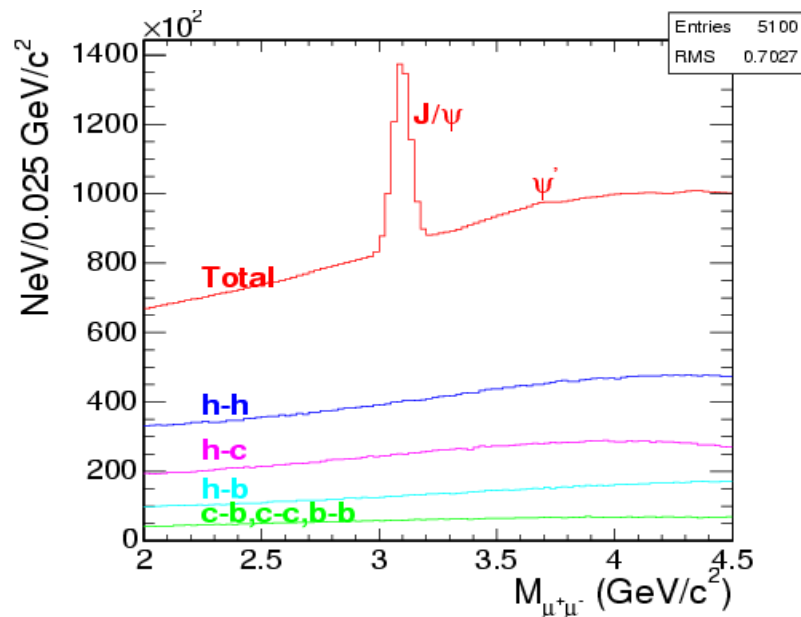




# $\mu\mu$ mass spectra (signal+background)



- Pb-Pb,  $dN_{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 5000$  ,  $L = 0.5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
- Background:  $\pi/K$  (90% of  $N_{ch}$ )  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$  (BR=63%)
- Background: c-,b-hadrons  $\rightarrow \mu+X$  (“BR”~18% ,~38%)
- Combinatorial backgd (mixed sources): 1  $\mu$  from  $\pi/K$  + 1  $\mu$  from  $J/\psi$   
1  $\mu$  from b/c + 1  $\mu$  from  $\pi/K$



- $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi'$  peaks seen (S/B~0.6)

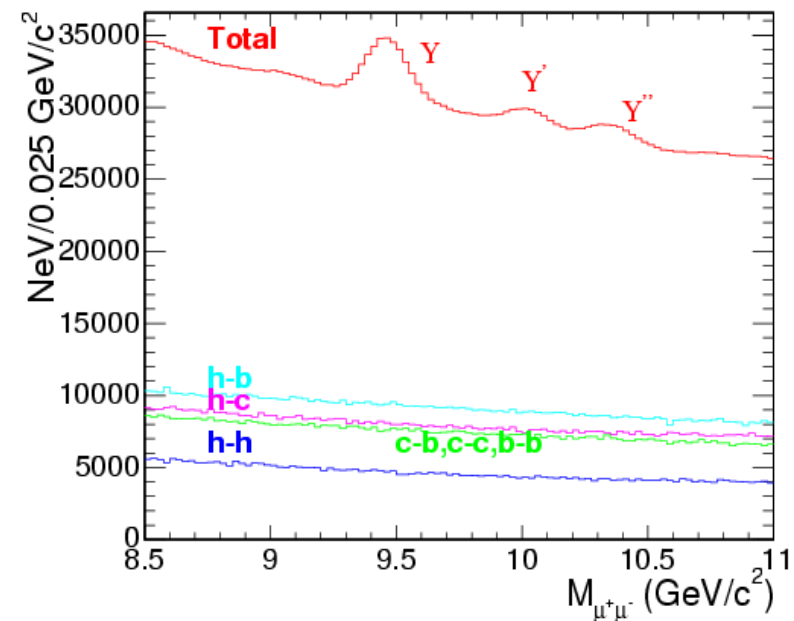
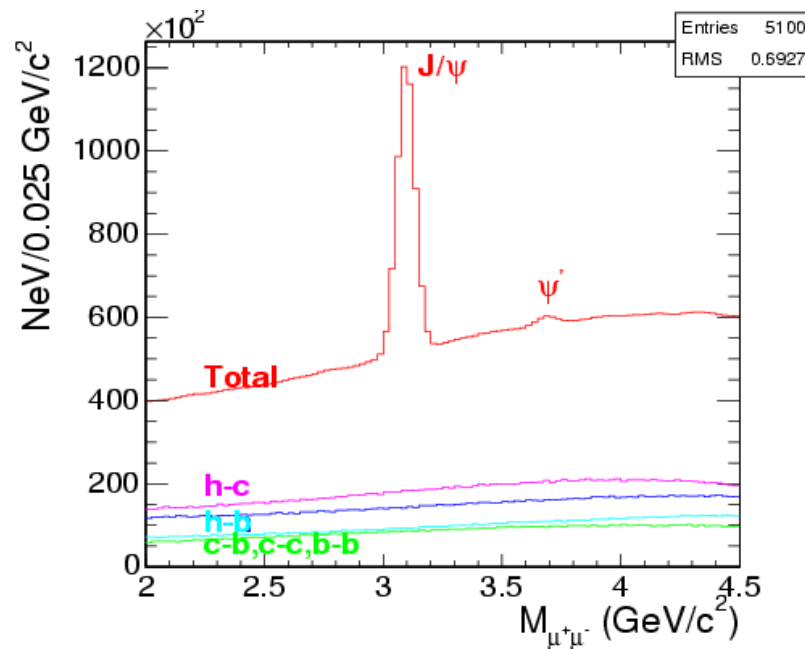
- All 3  $Y$  peaks seen (S/B~0.07)



# $\mu\mu$ mass spectra (signal+background)



- Pb-Pb,  $dN_{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 2500$  ,  $L = 0.5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
- Background:  $\pi/K$  (90% of  $N_{ch}$ )  $\rightarrow \mu\mu$  (BR=63%)
- Background: c-,b-hadrons  $\rightarrow \mu+X$  (“BR”~18% ,~38%)
- Combinatorial backgd (mixed sources):  
1  $\mu$  from  $\pi/K$  + 1  $\mu$  from  $J/\psi$   
1  $\mu$  from b/c + 1  $\mu$  from  $\pi/K$



- $J/\psi, \psi'$  peaks seen (S/B~1.2)  
July 7, 2006 CMS Quarkonia

- All 3  $Y$  peaks seen (S/B~0.12)  
Bolek Wyslouch



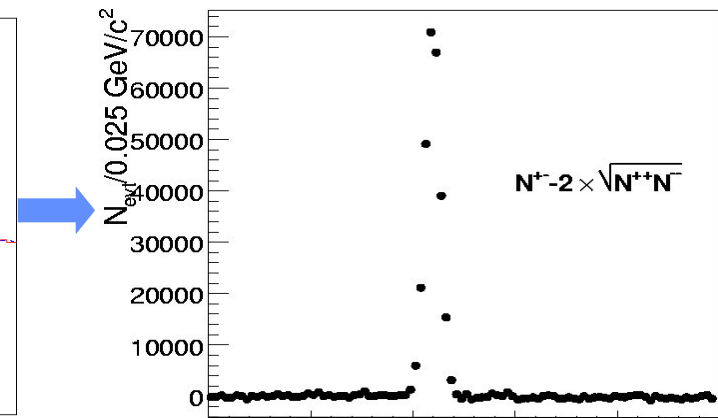
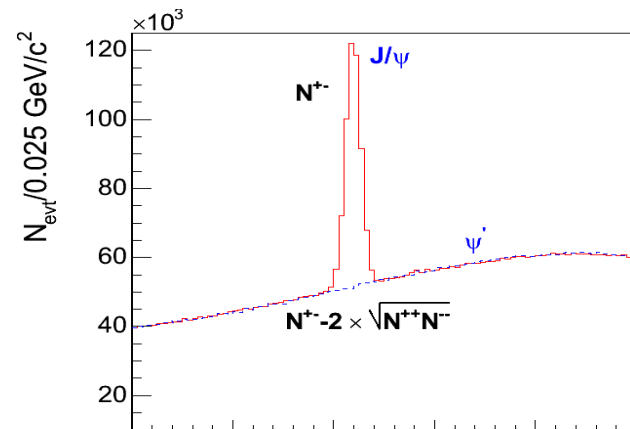
# J/ψ mass spectra (like-sign subtraction)



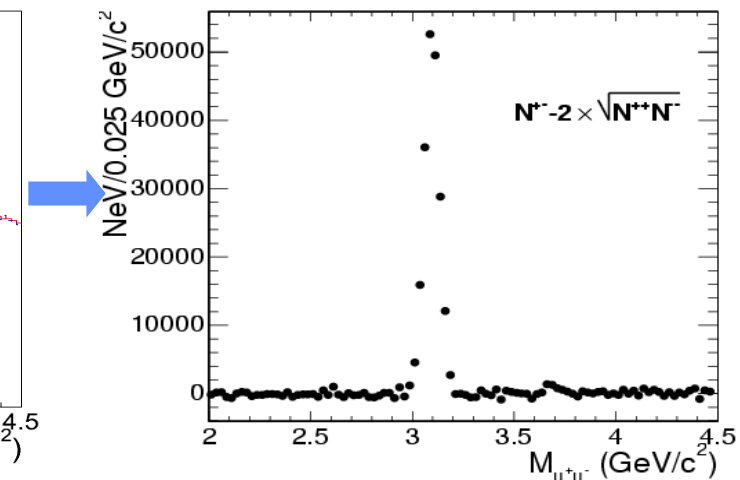
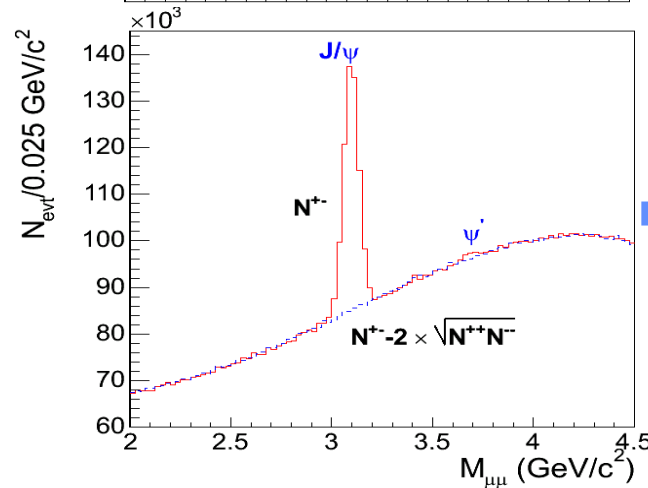
## ■ Best mass resolution at LHC:

- $\sigma_{J/\psi} = 35 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  in barrel+endcap (i.e. both muons  $|\eta| < 2.4$ )

“high” multiplicity  
 $dN_{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 5000$



“low” multiplicity  
 $dN_{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 2500$

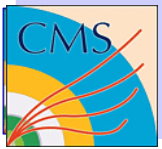


July 7, 2006

CMS Quarkonia

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# $\Upsilon$ mass spectra (like-sign subtraction)



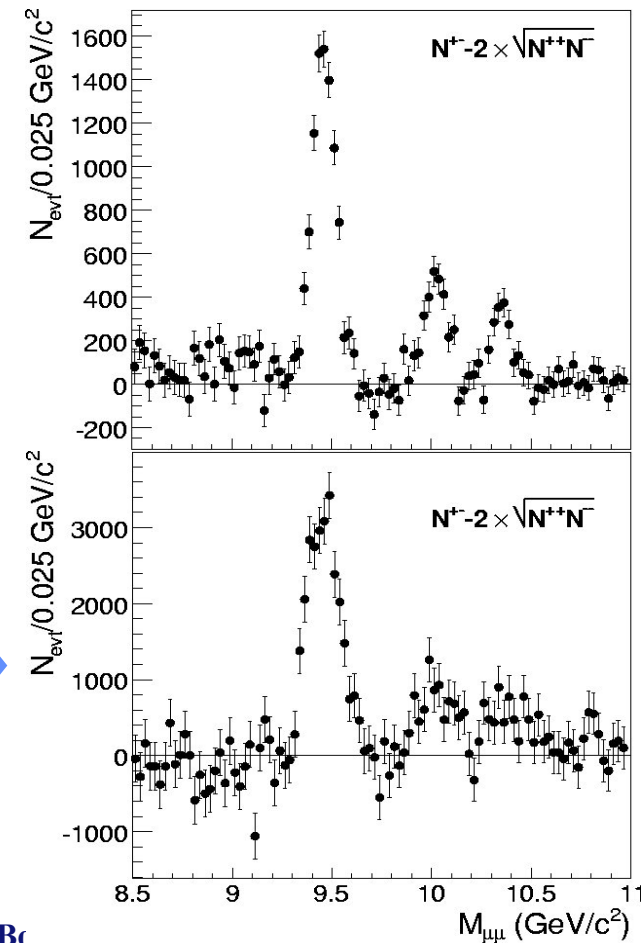
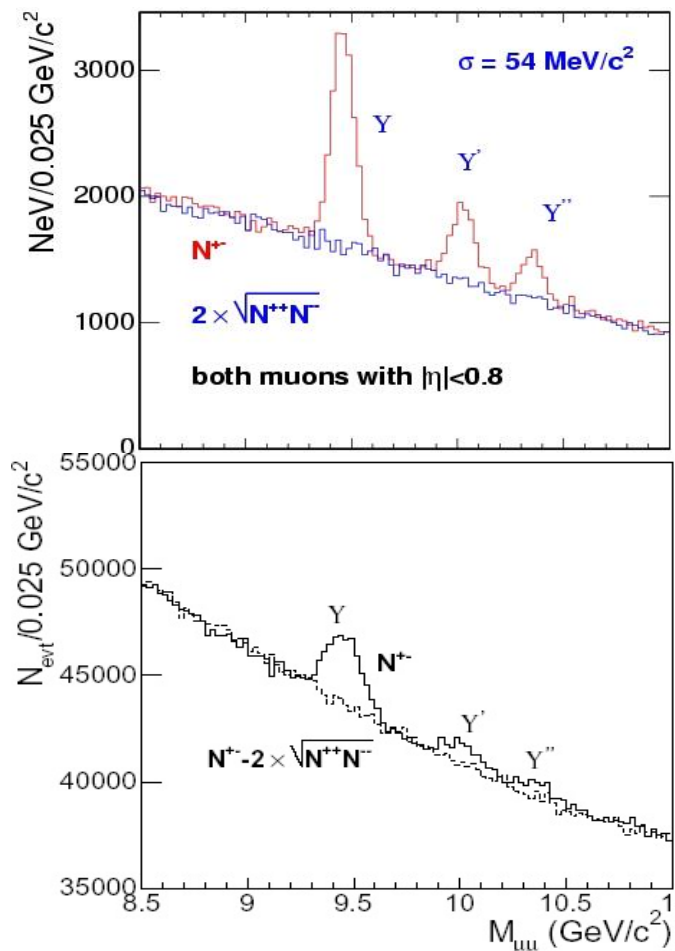
- Best mass resolution at LHC:

“high” multiplicity  
 $dN_{ch}/d\eta|_{\eta=0} = 5000$

$\sigma_{\Upsilon} = 54 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  (barrel), and  $\sigma_{\Upsilon} = 90 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  (barrel+endcap)

**Barrel:**  
 (both  
 muons  
 $|\eta| < 0.8$ )

**Barrel+  
 Endcap:**  
 (both  
 muons  
 $|\eta| < 2.4$ )



July 7, 2006

Barrel+Endcap

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## QQbar rates at CMS (1 nominal PbPb run)



### ■ Pb-Pb 5.5 TeV: 1-month, $L = 0.5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$

Table 6.1: Signal-to-background ratios and expected quarkonia yields in one month of PbPb running ( $0.5 \text{ nb}^{-1}$  integrated luminosity) for two multiplicity scenarios and two  $\eta$  windows.

$dN_{ch}/d\eta _{\eta=0}, \Delta\eta$	S/B	$N(J/\psi)$	S/B	$N(\Upsilon)$	$N(\Upsilon')$	$N(\Upsilon'')$
2500, $ \eta  < 2.4$	1.2	180 000	0.12	25 000	7300	4400
2500, $ \eta  < 0.8$	4.5	11 600	0.97	6400		
5000, $ \eta  < 2.4$	0.6	140 000	0.07	20 000	5900	3500
5000, $ \eta  < 0.8$	2.75	12 600	0.52	6000		

### ■ $J/\psi, \Upsilon$ statistics = $O(10^5), O(10^4)$ : differential studies ( $dN/dp_T$ , $dN/dy$ , centrality, ...) possible



# Summary



- **$J/\psi, \Upsilon$  = excellent probes of QCD media in A+A:**
  - Step-wise “melting” pattern = absolute QGP thermometer
  - Production via gg fusion = probe of low-x QCD structure&evolution (CGC)
  
- **Simulation studies of  $J/\psi, \Upsilon \rightarrow \mu\mu$  in CMS (PbPb @  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=5.5$  TeV):**
  - Geometrical acceptances:  $\sim 15\%$  (at high  $p_T$ )
  - Dimuon efficiency  $\sim 80\%$  and purity  $\sim 90\%$ , for all multiplicities
  - Best mass resolutions at LHC:  $\sigma_{\mu\mu} \sim 1\% m_{\mu\mu}$  (barrel+endcap)  
 $\sigma_{J/\psi} = 35 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  (barrel+endcap),  $\sigma_{\Upsilon} = 54 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  (barrel alone)
  - Full separation of  $\Upsilon$  family: bottomonium spectroscopy
  - Signal/Background:  $\sim 5(1)$ ,  $\sim 1(0.1)$  for  $J/\psi, \Upsilon$  in barrel (+endcaps)
  - High rates expected (per year):
    - ◆  $J/\psi \sim 180$  kevents,  $\Upsilon \sim 25$  kevents,  $\Upsilon' \sim 7$  kevents,  $\Upsilon'' \sim 4$  kevents
- **Detailed differential studies ( $dN/dp_T$ ,  $dN/dy$ , centrality, ...) of QCD matter possible !**

*Thanks to many members of the (growing) CMS heavy-ion group for help in preparation of this talk*



# Backup Slides

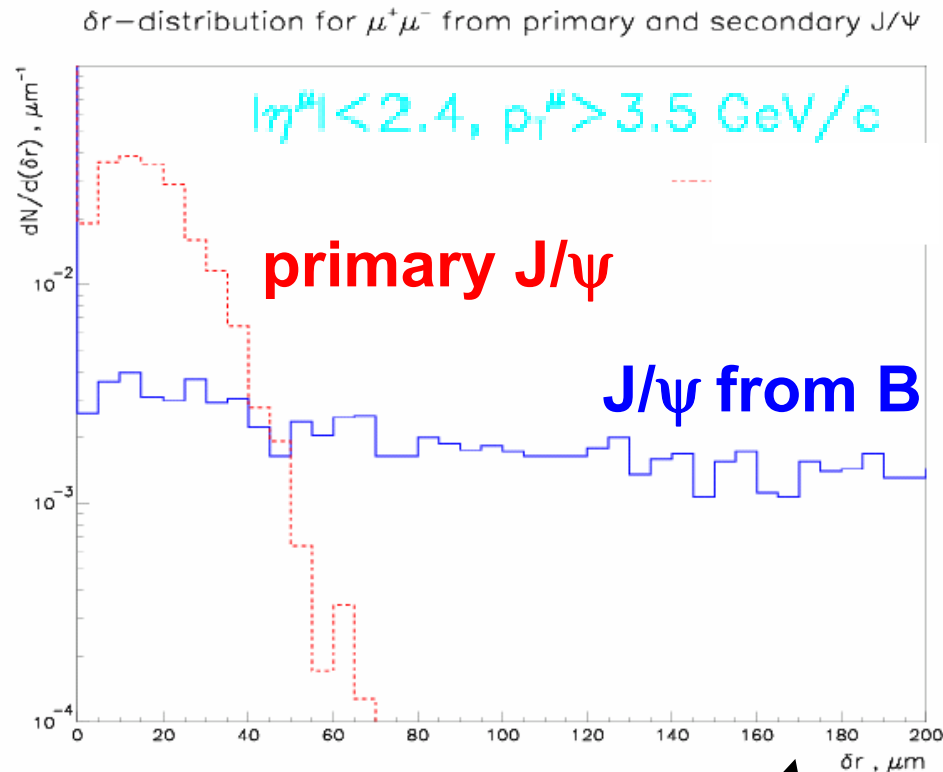




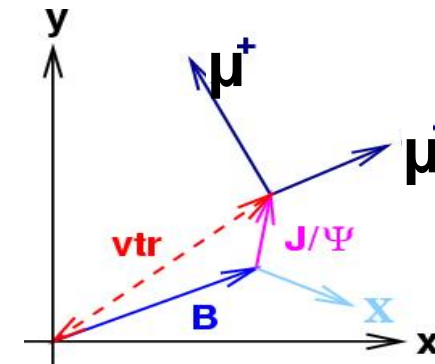
# Heavy-quarks decays: $b, c \rightarrow \mu / J/\psi + X$



- $J/\psi$  from B decays:  $\sim 20\%$  all  $J/\psi$  at LHC
- Secondary vertex finding and correlated background rejection:



I. Lokhtin, CMS-NOTE 2001/008



$\delta r$  is transverse distance between the points of closest approach to the beam for two different muon tracks

*Parametrized resolution*  
*Not a full simulation*