#### Progress in the HIPPI code benchmarking

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#### Outline

- Motivations
- Used codes
- "Static comparison"
- $\bullet$  Simulations of the UNILAC DTL section  $@~\mathbf{I_b} = \mathbf{0}$
- $\bullet$  Simulations of the UNILAC DTL section  $@~I_{\rm b}=37.5$  mA

#### **Motivations**

- \* Code comparison (SNS: for matched beam in a short section)
- \* benchmarking of codes necessary for predictions on beam loss in new high-current proton drivers
- \* Code benchmarking against transverse emittance growth measured @ GSI (attempt in LEDA; SNS & J-PARC in future)

# The Project

The code comparison and benchmarking program had been proposed in the framework of the Working Package 5 of the European network HIPPI.

WP-5 Issues:

- Validation and benchmarking of simulation codes
- Experiments on beam halo and emittance growth
- Diagnostics
- Beam Collimation

The benchmarking program:

- Static comparison of different space charge solvers
- Tracking comparison using the DTL section of UNILAC
- Tracking simulations vs experimental findings from approved experiments (2006)  $\rightarrow$

## Alvarez DTL section of UNILAC at GSI



# Alvarez DTL section of UNILAC at GSI



- 5 independent rf-tanks + 2 re-bunchers
- · 108 MHz, 50 Hz, 5 ms
- 192 rf-cells
- DTL based on F-D-D-F focusing
- · dc-quads grouped to 13 families
- · Inter-tank focusing : F-D-F
- Transv. acceptance (norm.) = 15 μm
- Synchr. rf-phases -(30°,30°,30°,25°,25°)



## Alvarez DTL section of UNILAC at GSI



#### Measurement of emittance growth in the DTL section of UNILAC

In order to obtain information on the inter-tank emittances we applied the following procedure:

- switch off the rf of tanks which are down stream with respect to position of interest
- resulting de-bunching should lower space charge forces rapidly
- measure the emittance at existing set-up after last DTL tank
- measurements with different currents & rf-powered tanks





HPP 2<sup>nd</sup> Meeting, September, 28<sup>th</sup> - 30<sup>th</sup> 2005, L. Groening / W. Bayer

# USED CODES

- DYNAMION (ITEP, GSI)
- HALODYN (U. Bologna, LNL)
- IMPACT (LANL, LBNL)
- LORASR (U. Frankfurt, IAP)
- PARMILA (LANL)
- PARTRAN (CEA, Saclay)
- PATH (CERN)
- TOUTATIS (CEA, Saclay)

# Electric Field Comparison: $\frac{\delta E}{E}$ 128-grid





Gaussian distribution, 20 random seeds

#### Numerical Tune Shift & Spread



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## **UNILAC DTL tracking simulations**

- the 178 DTL cells have been simulated with Superfish: TTF tab. for PARMILA , RF map for IMPACT Microwave Studio: EM field map for LORASR
- HALODYN, PATH, PARTRAN: DTL cell split in Q, D, G



- existing external files with DTL geometry for **DYNAMION**
- first tracking comparison without space charge  $I = 0 \longrightarrow$

#### **UNILAC Alvarez section: tracking (a)** I = 0

6D Gaussian bunch  $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma_z = 2$  mm: horizontal beam sizes



### **UNILAC Alvarez section: tracking** @ I = 0

#### 6D Gaussian bunch $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma_z = 2$ mm: longitud. beam sizes



#### **UNILAC Alvarez section: tracking (a)** I = 0

#### 6D Gaussian bunch $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma_z = 2$ mm: longitud. emittance



- $\bullet\ ^{238}U^{28+},\ I_{b}=37.5\ mA$
- $\bullet$  T=1.4 MeV/u
- 6D Gaussian bunch  $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma_z = 1.75 \text{ mm}$
- $\bullet$  hor. tune depression  $\Delta \Phi^t/\Delta \Phi_0^t\simeq 0.55$
- $\bullet$  ver. tune depression  $\Delta \Phi^z / \Delta \Phi_0^z \simeq 0.35$  !!
- # of macroparticles:

 $\begin{array}{ll} - \ 10^6 \ \mathrm{IMPACT^*} \ [\sim \ 4 \ \mathrm{days}], \ \mathrm{HALODYN^*} \ [\sim \ 20 \ \mathrm{h}] & (3\mathrm{D}) \\ & \mathrm{PARTRAN} \ [\sim \ 6 \ \mathrm{days}] & (3\mathrm{D}) \\ & 10^5 \ \mathrm{PARMILA, PATH} \ [\sim \ 1,5 \ \mathrm{h}] & (2\mathrm{D} \ \mathrm{r-z}) \\ & 5 \times 10^3 \ \mathrm{DYNAMION} \ [\sim \ 1,3 \ \mathrm{days}] & (\mathrm{P-P}) \\ & 2 \times 10^4 \ \mathrm{PATH} \ [\sim \ 1,5 \ \mathrm{days}] & (\mathrm{P-P}) \end{array}$ 

\*: to be scaled with # of CPU's

Hor. RMS emittance tune depression  $\simeq (0.55, 0.35)$ 



Severe long. tune depression  $\Leftrightarrow$  large discrepancies for  $\epsilon_z$ ?tune depr. (0.55, 0.35)tune depr. (0.67, 0.88)



 $\epsilon_{z0} = 0.168 \text{ mm mrad}$ 

 $\epsilon_{z0} = 1.5 \text{ mm mrad}$ 

bug fixed in PATH (energy gain  $\Leftrightarrow$  PIC Poisson solver)

Is  $\epsilon_z$  a good observable in case of "long. losses"? Few particles close to the long. separatrix  $\Leftrightarrow$  large  $\epsilon_z$ ?



**IMPACT**( $\pi$ ): 1.9% **HALODYN:** 3.8% **PATH:** 0.0% **PARTRAN**( $\pi$ ): 2.0%

# **UNILAC tracking: summary & outlook**

- $\bullet$  Tracking @  $I_{\rm b}=0$  for lattice modeling completed
  - very good agreement, RF in  $3^{rd}$  tank to be better checked
  - Code debugging mostly related to  $\mathbf{Z} \neq \mathbf{1}$
- $\bullet$  Tracking simulations @  $I_{\rm b}=37.5~mA$  of a mismatched beam:
  - Remarkable agreement IMPACT-PARTRAN
  - emittance growth: difference within 50% among all codes
  - Factor Z in Poisson solver of IMPACT and PARMILA (to be confirmed, problems running 2<sup>nd</sup> case)
  - **PATH**: fixed problems of energy gain  $\Leftrightarrow$  **PIC** Poisson solver
  - HALODYN: long. closed boundary conditions  $\Rightarrow$  problems with severe depressed tune
  - LORASR: coming soon with new Poisson solver
- Long. particle loss management to be clarified
- Beam matching with space charge started (TRACE 3D, PATH?)