

# SUSY: Spectra and Phenomenology

by<sup>a</sup>

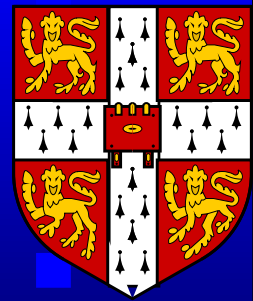
Ben Allanach (University of Cambridge)

## Talk outline

- SOFTSUSY3.0
- AMSB Flavour
- SUSY Fits
- $0\nu\beta\beta$  and  $R_p$

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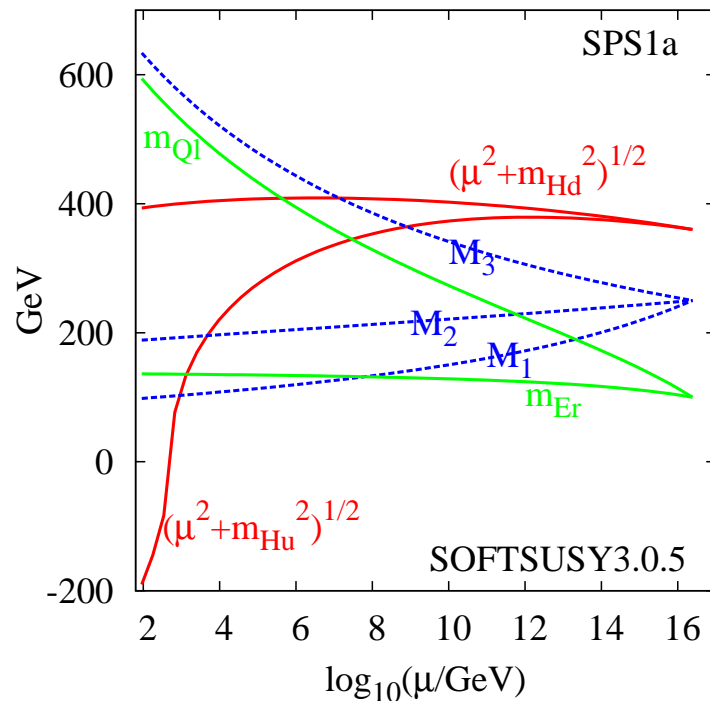
<sup>a</sup>Or: “What I’ve been up to lately”



# SOFTSUSY

SOFTSUSY is an MSSM spectrum generator. Like 3 other public spectrum generators, it predicts MSSM masses and couplings consistent with weak-scale data and an assumed high-scale boundary condition on SUSY breaking.

BCA, hep-ph/0104145





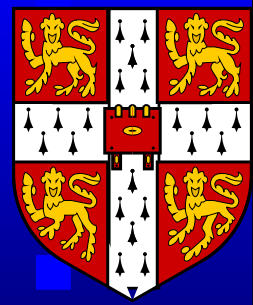
# A New Version

Version 3.0 includes<sup>a</sup>

- *flavour* violation: squark/quark mixing
- $R$ -parity violation
- SUSY Les Houches Accord 2 output for both of the above

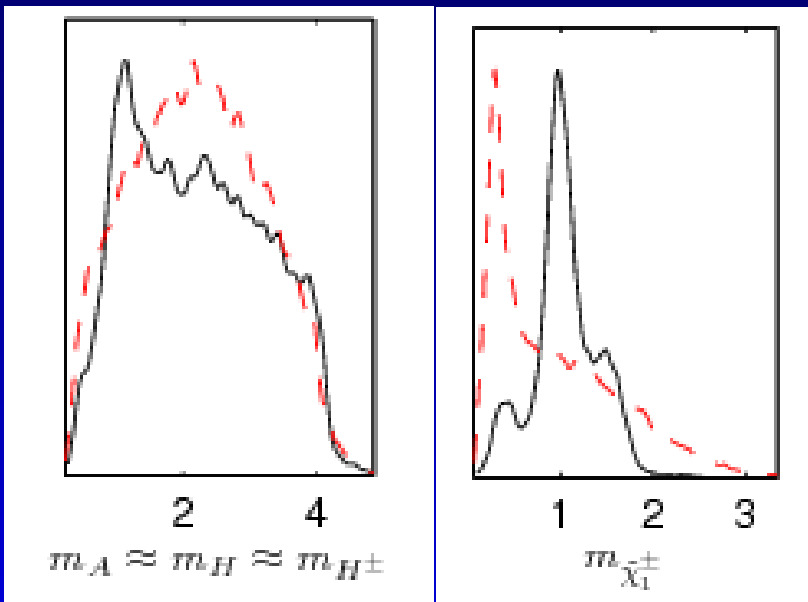
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<sup>a</sup>BCA, M.A. Bernhardt, [arXiv:0903.1805](https://arxiv.org/abs/0903.1805)



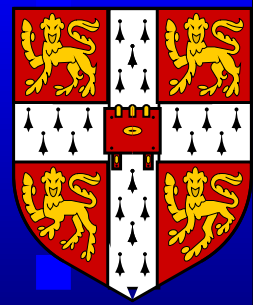
# pMSSM Fits

Combined Bayesian fit<sup>a</sup> to a **25** parameter weak-scale phenomenological MSSM model to all current indirect data: relic density, *B*-physics, electroweak data,  $(g - 2)_\mu$ .



Observable	Measurement	Fit(Log)	$ O^{\text{meas}} - O^{\text{fit}}  / \sigma^{\text{meas}}$
$m_W$ [GeV]	$80.399 \pm 0.025$	80.402	0.0
$\Gamma_Z$ [GeV]	$2.4952 \pm 0.0025$	2.4964	0.5
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{lep}}^{\text{eff}}$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$	0.2314	0.8
$\delta(g-2)_\mu \times 10^{10}$	$30.20 \pm 9.02$	26.74	0.4
$R_l^0$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	20.760	0.3
$R_b$	$0.21629 \pm 0.00066$	0.21962	0.5
$R_c$	$0.1721 \pm 0.0030$	0.1723	0.1
$A_b$	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$	0.1483	1.5
$A_c$	$0.923 \pm 0.020$	0.935	0.6
$A_{FB}^b$	$0.670 \pm 0.027$	0.685	0.5
$A_{FB}^c$	$0.0992 \pm 0.0016$	0.1040	3.0
$A_{FB}^e$	$0.071 \pm 0.035$	0.074	0.1
$BR(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma) \times 10^4$	$3.55 \pm 0.42$	3.42	0.3
$R_{BR(B \rightarrow \tau \nu)}$	$1.11 \pm 0.32$	1.00	0.3
$R_{\Delta M_b}$	$1.15 \pm 0.40$	1.00	0.3
$\Delta_b$	$0.0375 \pm 0.0289$	0.0748	1.2
$\Omega_{\text{CDM}} h^2$	$0.11 \pm 0.02$	0.13	1.5

<sup>a</sup>S.S. AbdusSalam, BCA, F. Quevedo, F. Feroz, M. Hobson, arXiv:0904.2548



# Model Comparison

Calculate the *Bayesian evidence* of each model

$$\mathcal{Z}_i = \int p(\underline{d}|\underline{m}, H_i) p(\underline{m}|H_i) d\underline{m}$$

$$\frac{p(H_1|\underline{d})}{p(H_0|\underline{d})} = \frac{p(\underline{d}|H_1)p(H_1)}{p(\underline{d}|H_0)p(H_0)} = \frac{\mathcal{Z}_1 p(H_1)}{\mathcal{Z}_0 p(H_0)},$$

$p_i/p_{\text{mSUGRA}}^{\text{lin}}$	asymmetric <sup>a</sup> $\mathcal{L}_{\text{DM}}$		
Model/Prior	linear	log	flat $\mu, B$
mSUGRA	1	3	4
mAMSB	164	403	148
LVS	18	20	22

# Anomaly Mediated SUSY Breaking

Loop suppressed soft masses<sup>a</sup>

$$M_\alpha = m_{3/2} \beta_{g_\alpha} / g_\alpha,$$

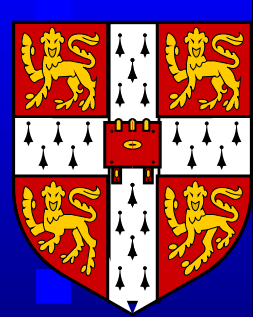
$$(m^2)^i_j = \frac{1}{2} m_{3/2}^2 \mu \frac{d}{d\mu} \gamma^i_j,$$

$$\gamma^i_j = \frac{1}{2} Y^{ikl} Y_{jkl} - 2 \sum_\alpha g_\alpha^2 [C(R_\alpha)]^i_j.$$

- Always present for a **hidden sector**
- **Dominant** in brane set-up:

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{vis} + \mathcal{L}_{hid}$$

- SUSY Flavour problem ameliorated

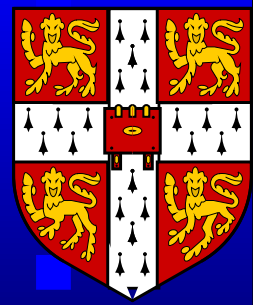


# Flavoured AMSB

Previous literature only considers (33) entries to Yukawas. We include flavour corrections, e.g.

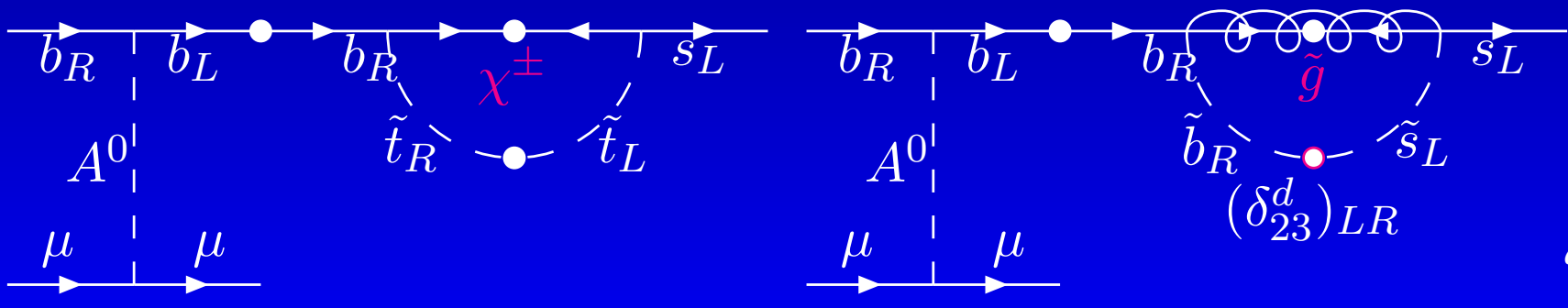
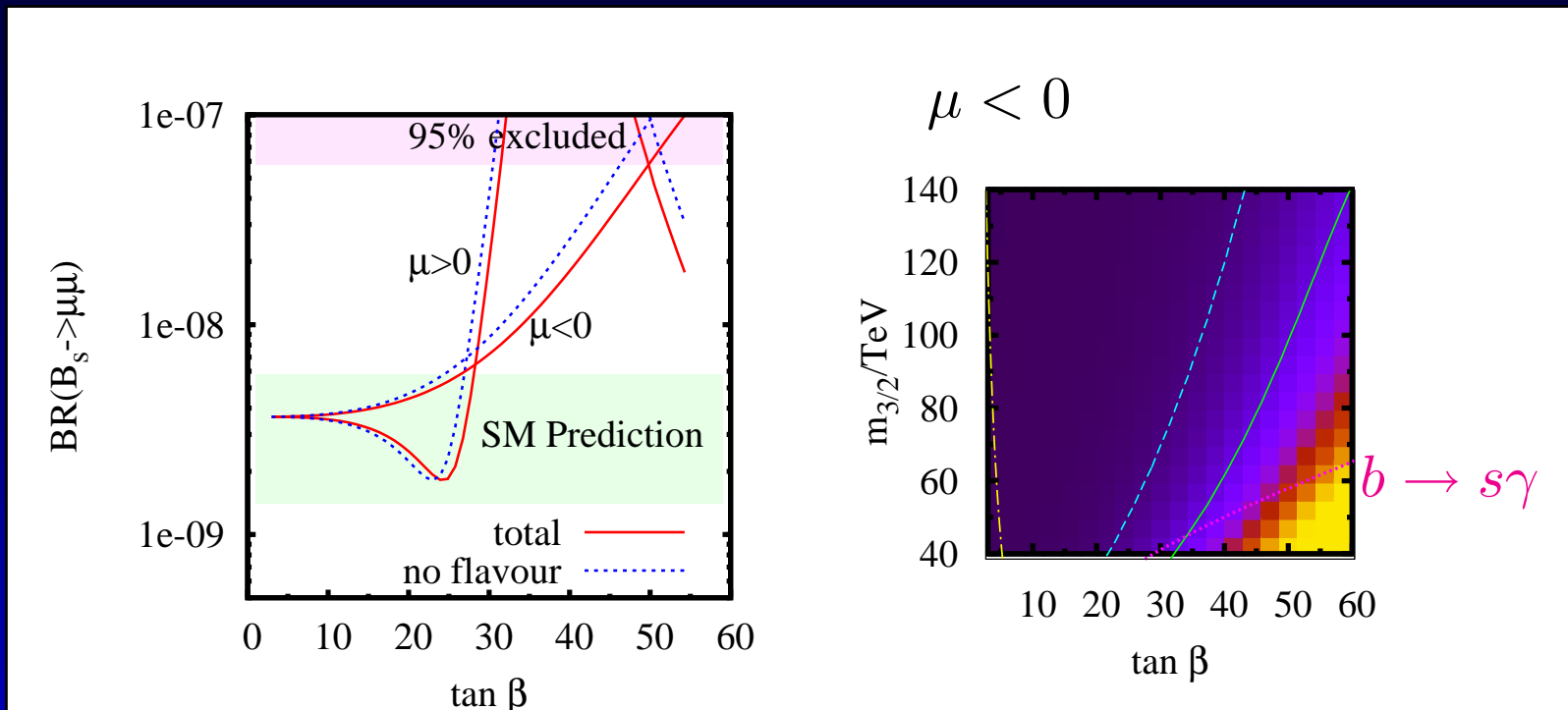
$$\frac{(16\pi^2)^2 (m_{\tilde{Q}}^2)^T}{m_{3/2}^2} = \left( -\frac{11}{50}g_1^4 - \frac{3}{2}g_2^4 + 8g_3^4 \right) \cdot \mathbf{1} +$$
$$(Y_U Y_U^\dagger) \left( 3\text{Tr}(Y_U Y_U^\dagger) - \frac{13}{15}g_1^2 - 3g_2^2 - \frac{16}{3}g_3^2 \right) +$$
$$(Y_D Y_D^\dagger) \left( 3\text{Tr}(Y_D Y_D^\dagger) + \text{Tr}(Y_E Y_E^\dagger) - \frac{7}{15}g_1^2 - 3g_2^2 - \frac{16}{3}g_3^2 \right)$$
$$+ Y_U Y_U^\dagger Y_D Y_D^\dagger + Y_D Y_D^\dagger Y_U Y_U^\dagger + 3(Y_U Y_U^\dagger)^2 + 3(Y_D Y_D^\dagger)^2.$$

NB *Extremely predictive*. We'll use this to predict squark mixing



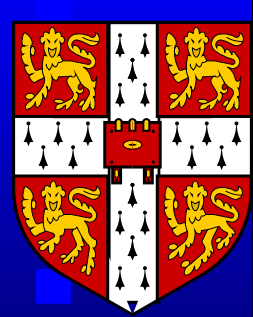
# $BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$ : LHCb

SOFTSUSY3.0.  $BR^{exp} < 58 \times 10^{-9}$ ,



<sup>a</sup>BCA, Hiller, Jones, Slavich, arXiv:0902.4880

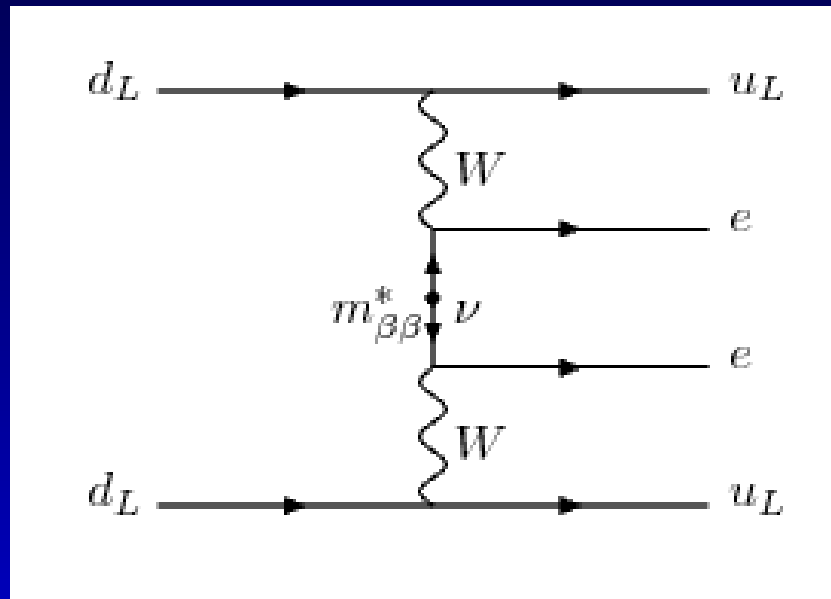




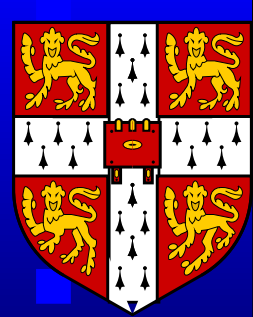
# Neutrinoless Double Beta Decay

Heidelberg-Moscow limit:

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}(\text{Ge}) \geq 1.9 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ yrs} \Rightarrow m_\nu < 0.46 \text{ eV}.$$

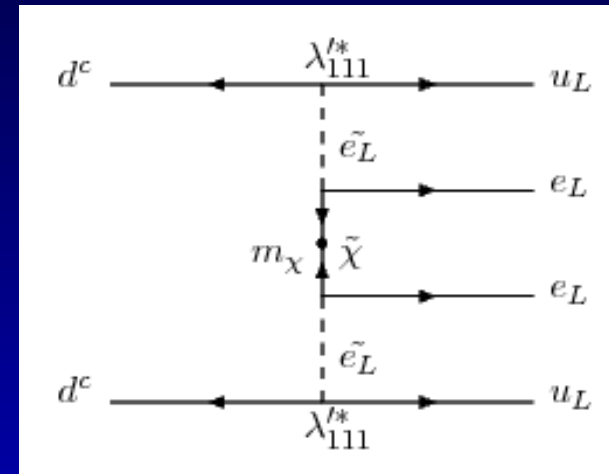
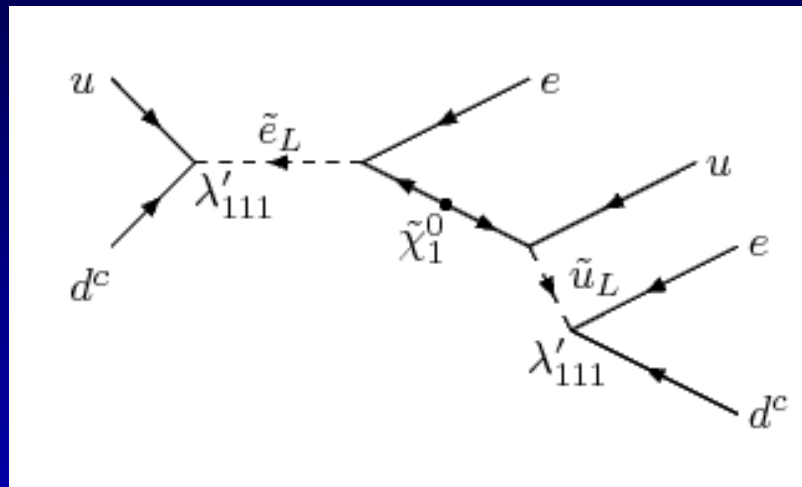


*Next round of experiments are going to improve the  $T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}(\text{Ge})$  bound by a couple of orders of magnitude*



# LHC Single Selectron Production

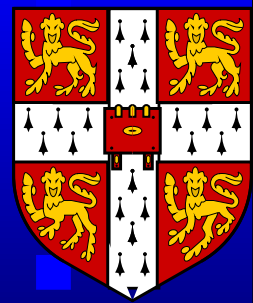
Like-sign dielectrons and two hard jets connects with neutrinoless double beta decay:



$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow \tilde{l}) \propto \frac{|\lambda'_{111}|^2}{m_{\tilde{e}_L}^3} \quad [T_{1/2}^{0\nu\beta\beta}(\text{Ge})]^{-1} \propto \frac{|\lambda'_{111}|^4}{M_{susy}^{10}}$$

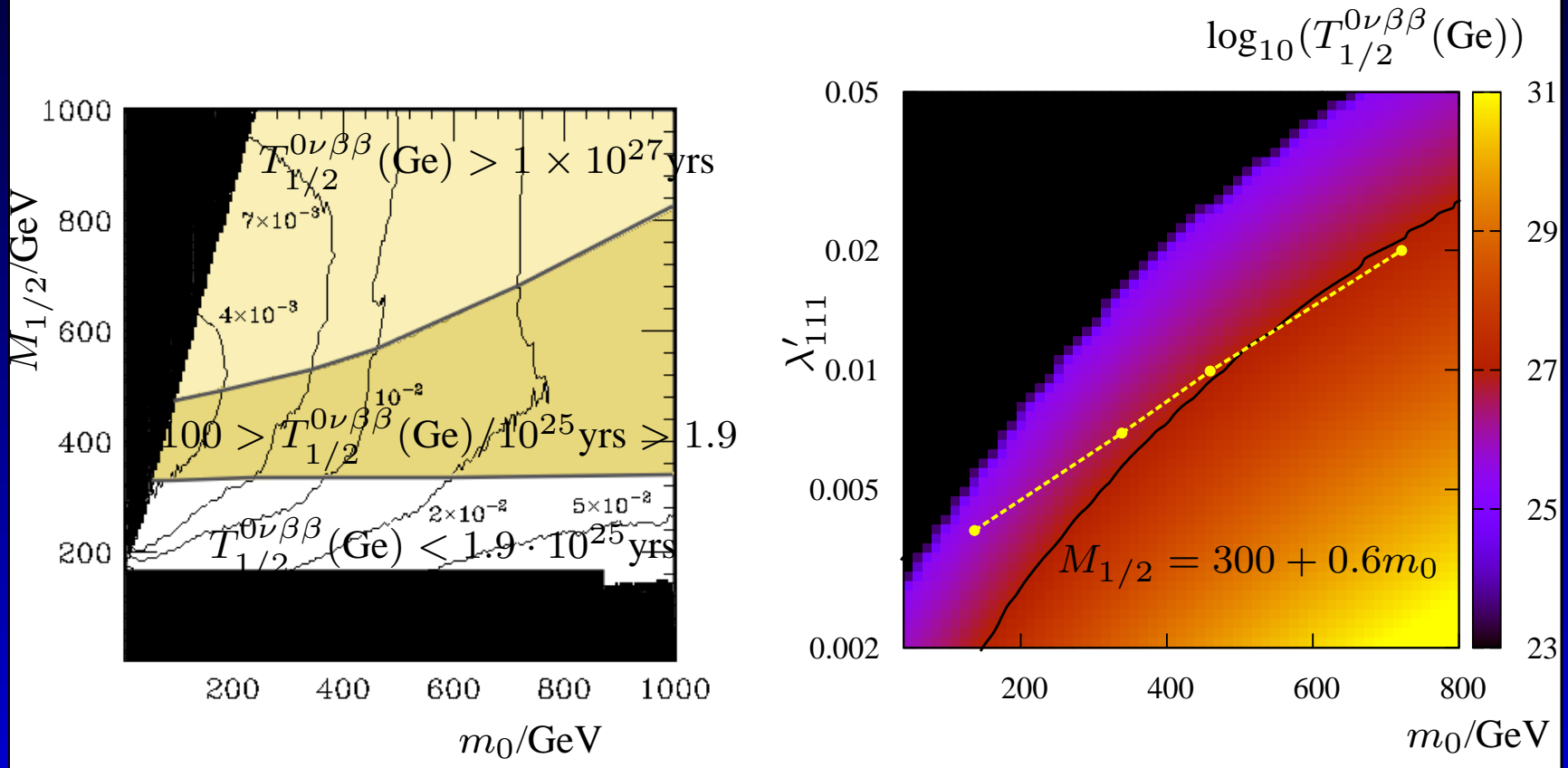
So, there is an interesting interplay between the two<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>BCA, Kom, Päs, arXiv:0902.4697



# Neutrinoless-LHC Interplay

Used Dreiner, Richardson, Seymour, PRD63 (2001) 055008 for reach  $10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $\tan \beta = 10$ ,  $5\sigma$  discovery of  $\tilde{e}$



*a*

*a* BCA, Kom, Päs, arXiv:0903.0347