Nuclear fragmentation at high energies in Geant4: QGSC versus QGSP model

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<u>Plan</u>

- Difference of QGSC and QGSP algorithms

 Intranuclear String vs. Particle-Hole excitation

 Tuning of QGSC parameters (preliminary)

 Nuclear dE/dx parameter (string tension)
 Minimum density for the Quasmon excitation
 Energy Flow vs. Individual Hadron algorithm
- Comparison with Agababyan (NA22) data
 π⁺(250 GeV) + (Al,Au) => positive, negative
 K⁺(250 GeV) + (Al,Au) => positive, negative



Nuclear fragmentation in QGSC model

- QGS with CHIPS nuclear fragmentation is QGSC
 - □ Nuclear stopping power: 1 GeV/fm \rightarrow 1.5 GeV/fm
 - □ Absorption (% of max density): $50\% \rightarrow 70\% \uparrow^{\rho(r)} \downarrow^{5}$
 - □ 1 Quasmon for total energy flow instead of ______r a separate Quasmons for each low rapidity QGS particle
- NA22 experiment (Red) cuts P_p < 0.2 GeV/c protons
 Probably similar cut must be applied to mesons
- QGSC produces a lot of nuclear protons but a soft part of them is cut off by NA22 acceptance
- Important: NA22 experiment cuts off diffraction part, while QGS includes the diffraction (no special cuts!)





AGABABYAN 91 (250 GeV) ZP C50, 361











AGABABYAN 91 (250 GeV) ZP C50, 361

AGABABYAN 91 (250 GeV) ZP C50, 361



Conclusion

- QGSC (with respect to QGSP) fits the nuclear fragmentation region better.
- It is necessary to make one Quasmon per interacting nuclear nucleon (cluster). For that CHIPS_QGS model is made in a similar way to the old Geant4 QGS model (must be tuned)
- CHIPS_QGS is based on the CHIPS classes and covers interactions of all SU(3) hadrons (there is no heavy quarks!) as projectiles.