



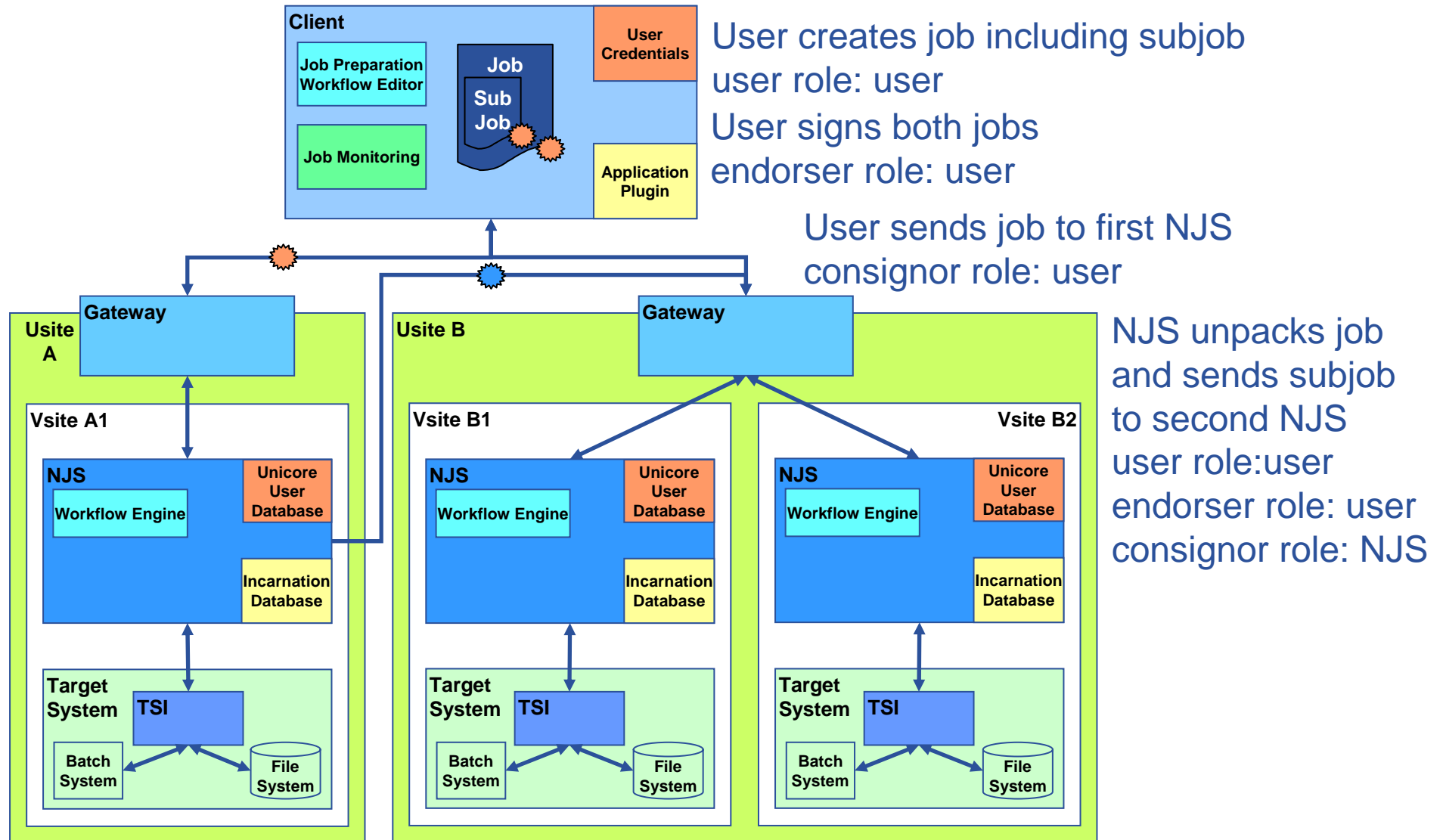
Enabling Grids for E-science

# Unicore Security *and its Way to Interoperability*

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MWSG Meeting, CERN 14-15 November 2006*

[www.eu-egee.org](http://www.eu-egee.org)





User creates job including subjob  
user role: user  
User signs both jobs  
endorser role: user

User sends job to first NJS  
consignor role: user

NJS unpacks job  
and sends subjob  
to second NJS  
user role:user  
endorser role: user  
consignor role: NJS

☀ User credentials      ☀ NJS server credentials

User authenticates at portal (not necessarily using credentials)

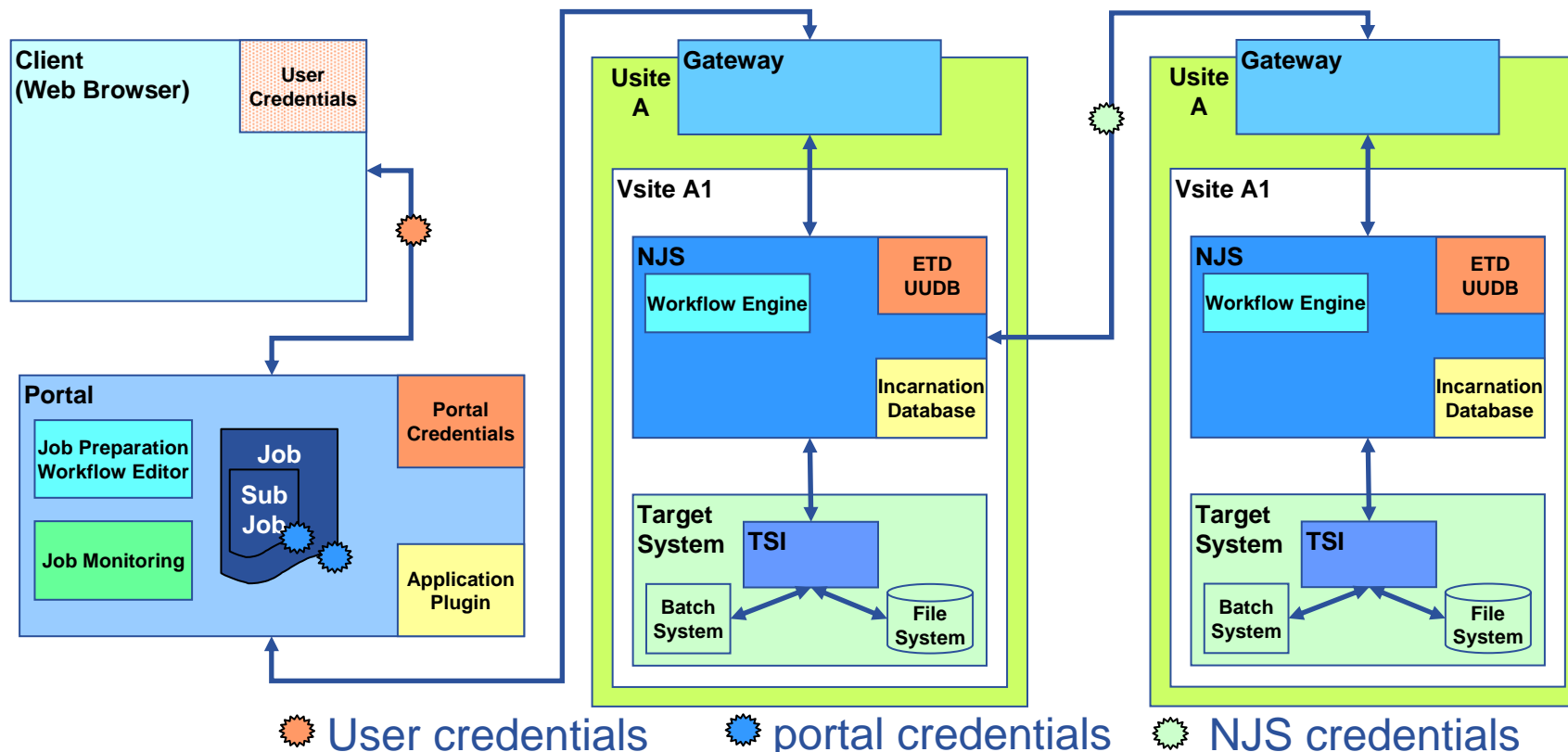
User creates job in portal - user role: user

Portal signs job - user role: user - endorser role: portal

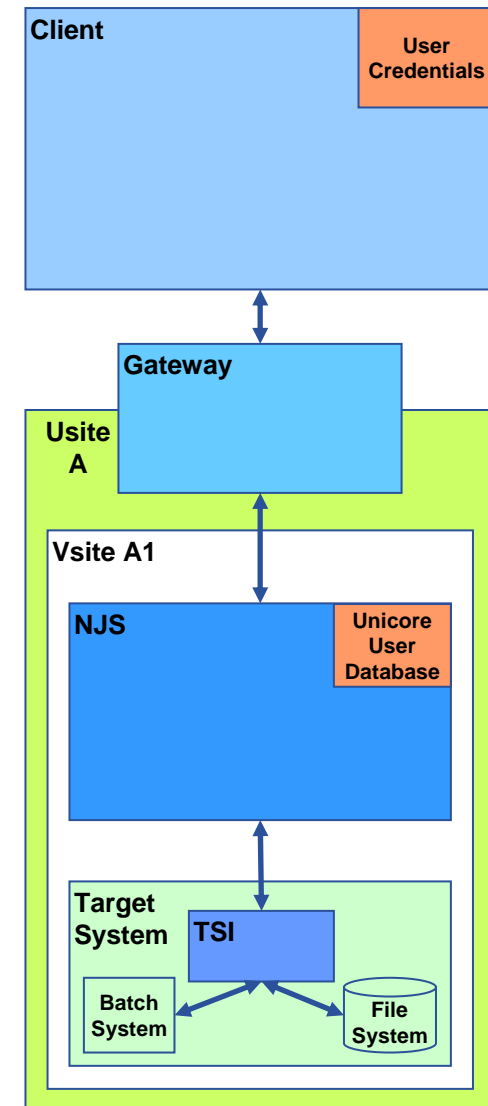
Portal sends job to NJS - user role: user - endorser role: portal - consignor role: portal

NJS unpacks job and sends subjob to second NJS

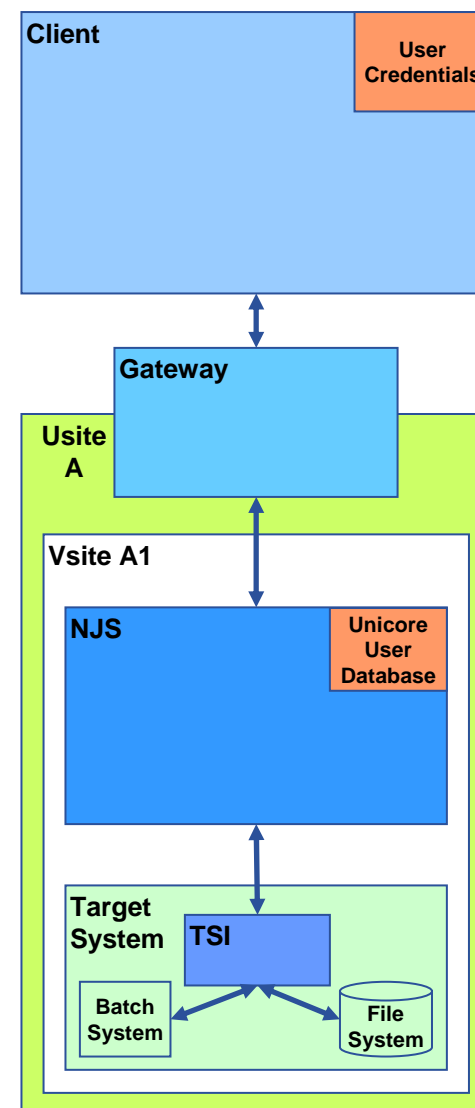
user role: user - endorser role: portal - consignor role: NJS



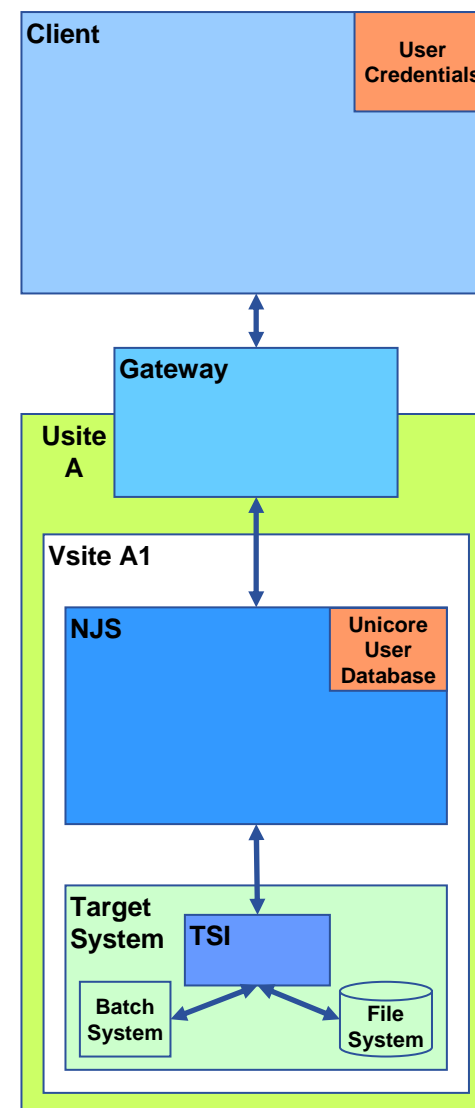
- **Transport Level**
  - Client-Gateway and Gateway-NJS connections are mutually authenticated client-server SSL (consignor key and Gateway/NJS key)
- **Message Level**
  - All Messages are signed with the endorser key
    - Still looking for a high-performance signing mechanism for the Unicore 6 Web services implementation
- **NJS and Gateway Credentials**
  - X509 certificates
  - PKCS12 format
  - Password usually in configuration file



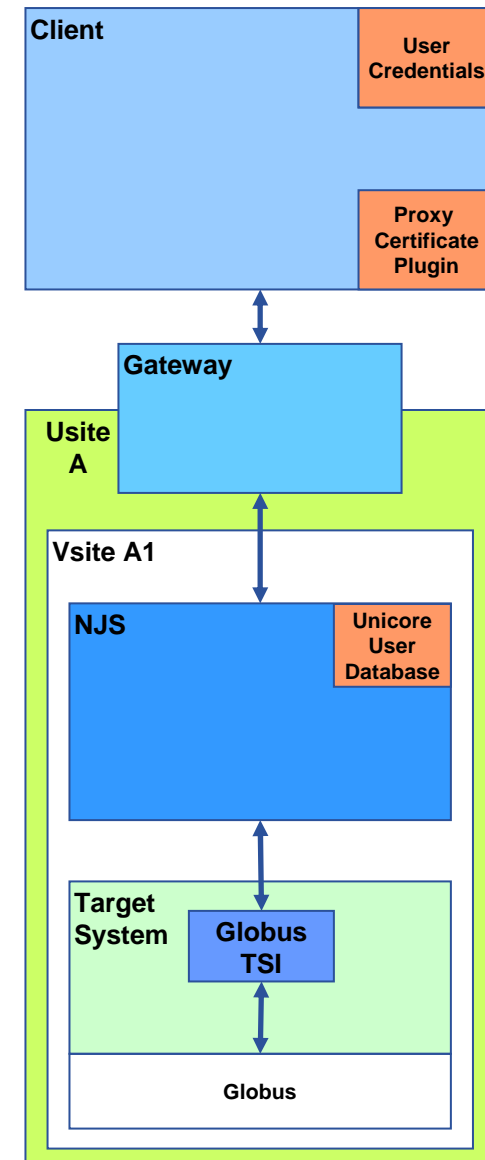
- **User Credentials: Unicore Keystore**
  - File in configuration directory of the Unicore client
  - X509 certificate
  - Private key PKCS12 format
  - List of trusted CAs
  - List of trusted developer certificates for application plugins
  
- **User Authentication: Unicore Gateway**
  - List of trusted CAs
  - List of URLs of the certificate revocation lists (CRLs)



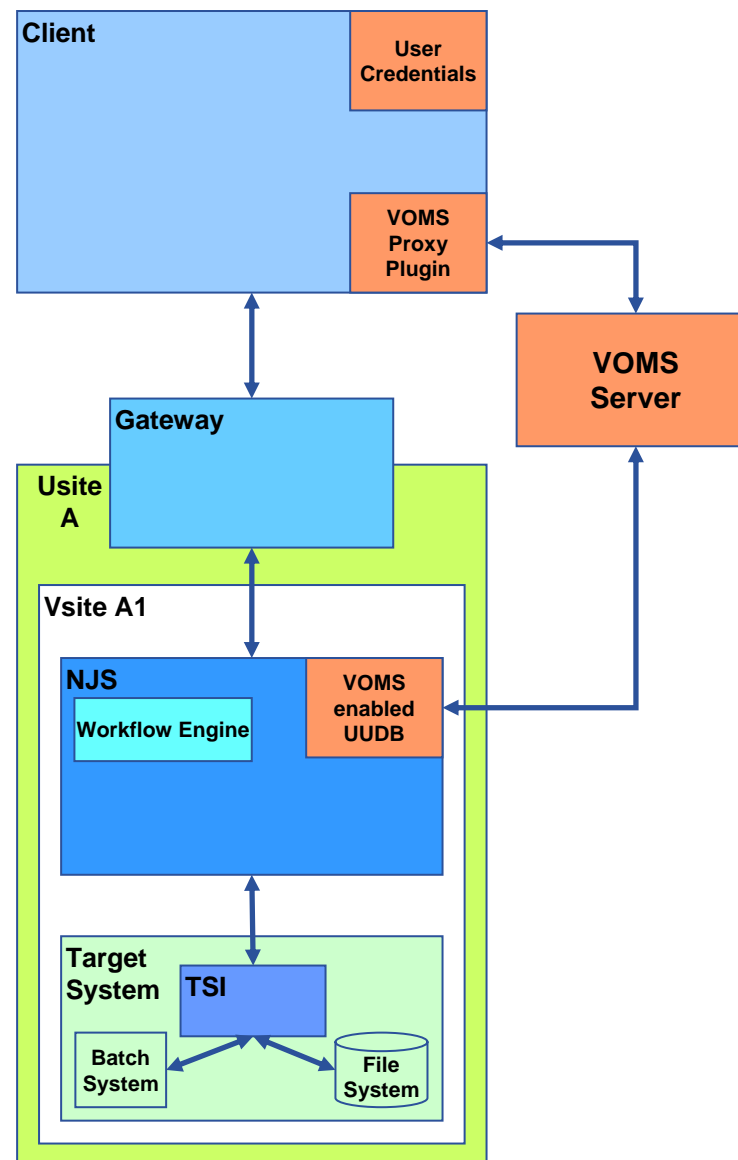
- **User Authorization:  
Unicore User DataBase**
  - Mapping of user certificates to Xlogin on target system
  - Different implementations
    - Java class with plain file
    - Web service with xml file
    - DEISA evaluates only Distinguished Name of certificate
  
- **Delegation:  
NJS – Explicit Trust Delegation**
  - Each trusted agent has to be added to the UUDB
    - Xlogin prefix = agent-



- **Unicore – Globus Interoperability: Globus Proxy Certificates**
  - Generated by Proxy Certificate Plugin
  - Extracted from Unicore job at NJS
  - Send to the Globus TSI



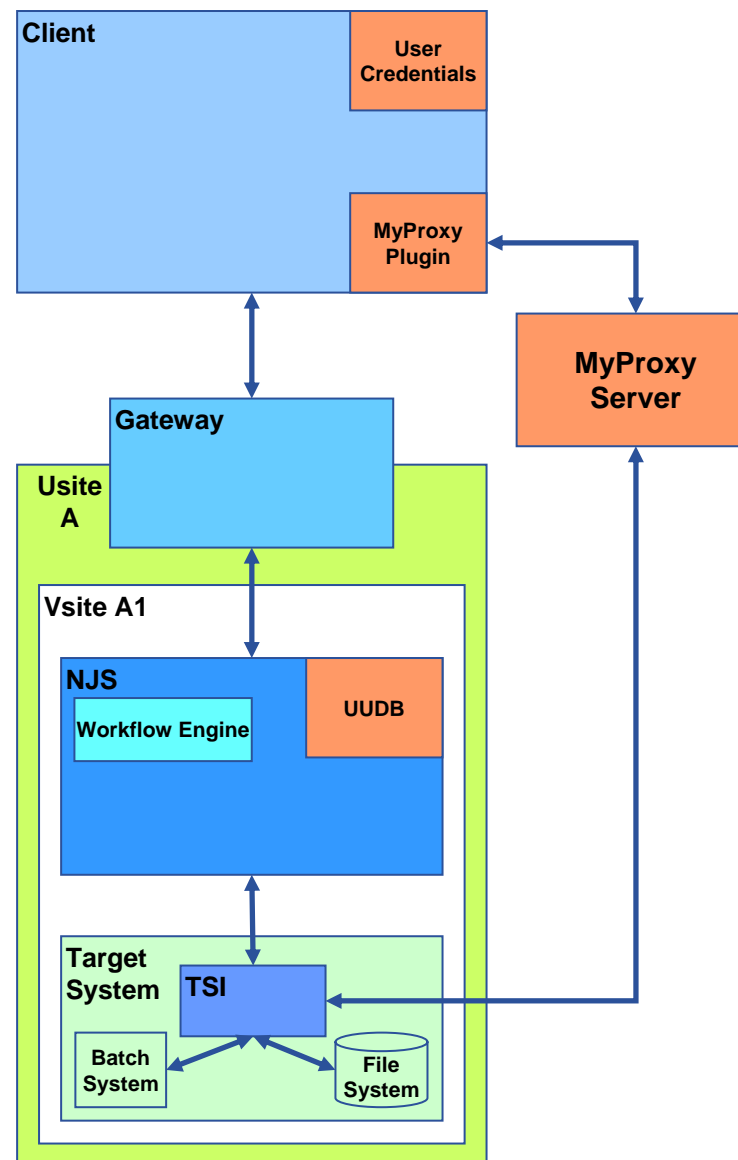
- **VO Management**
  - HPC background: access granted to single users
  - Possible integration scenario:
    - VOMS proxy plugin generates VOMS certificate (voms-proxy-init)
    - NJS uses VOMS enabled UADB for user authorization

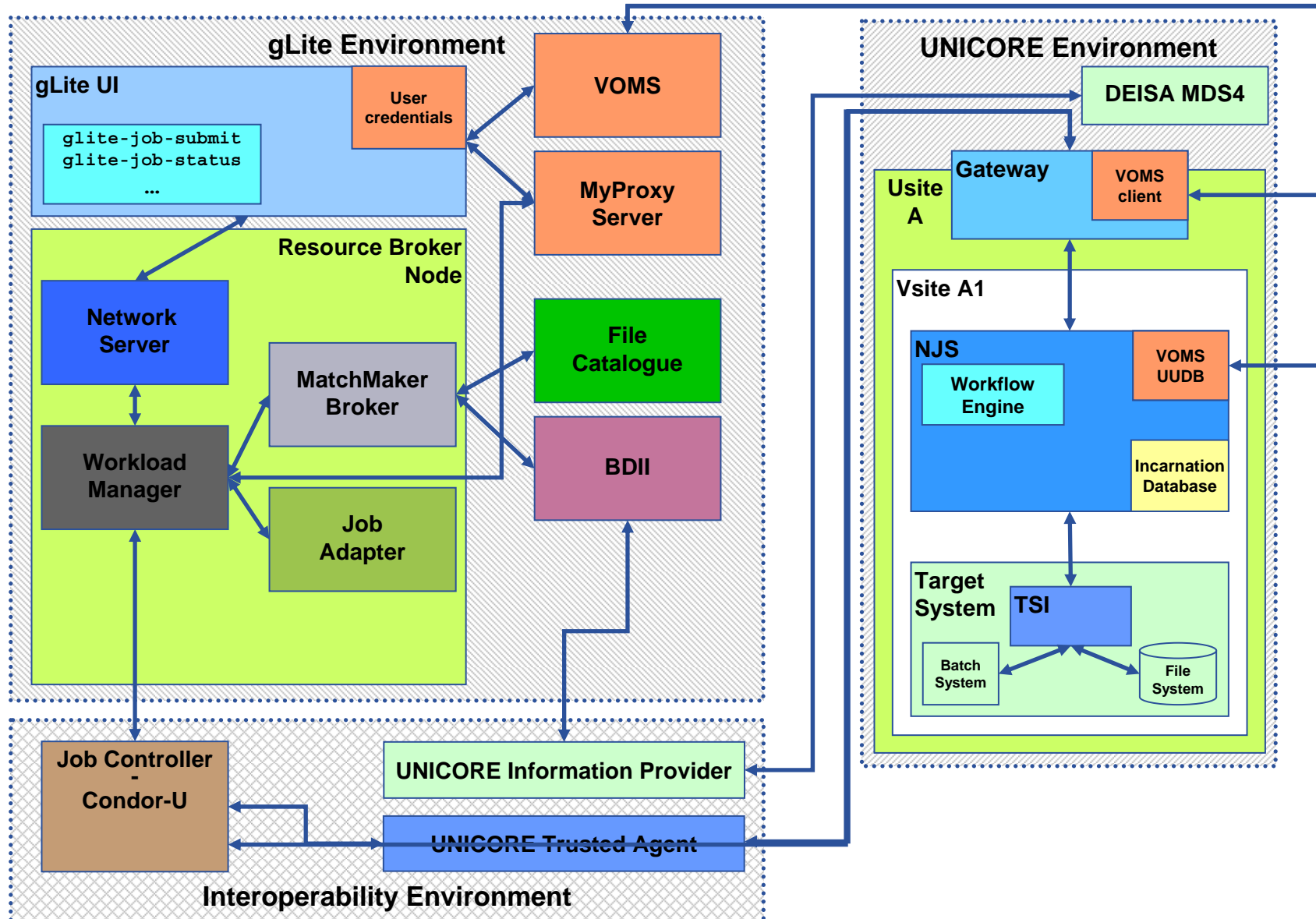


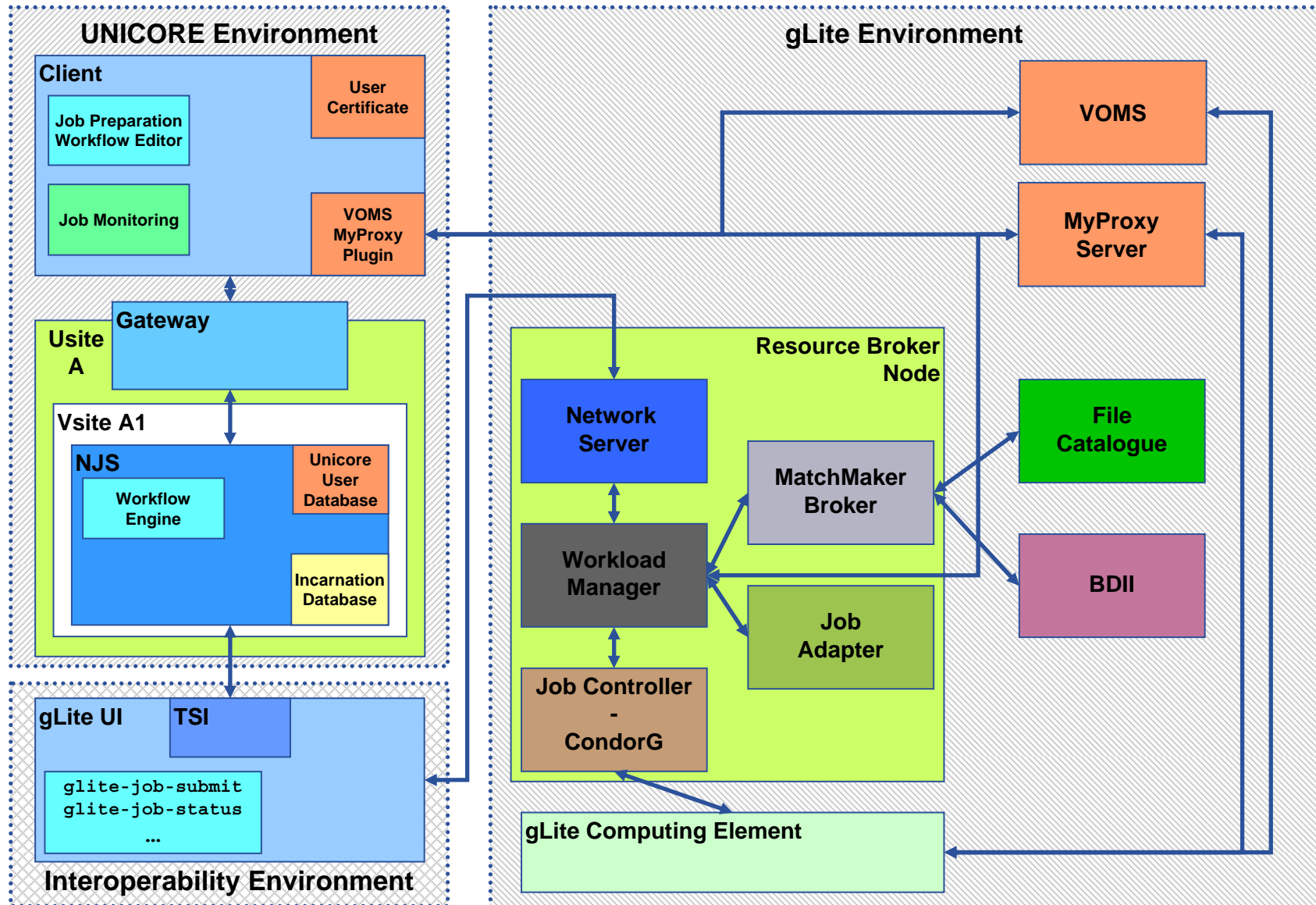


- **Proxy Service**

- Job send to batch system
- Access only to local file systems (GPFS, NFS, ...)
- No additional “Grid authorization” necessary (and possible)
- Possible integration scenario:
  - MyProxy plugin generates and stores proxy certificate in MyProxy Server
  - TSI accesses MyProxy server to obtain user credentials







- **VOMS Integration**
  - Addressed in OMII-Europe JRA1
    - Focus on Unicore 6
    - EGEE-II needs solution for Unicore 5
- **MyProxy Integration**
  - Has to be addressed in OMII-Europe JRA3
  - Offers access to
    - “Grid storage”
    - OGSA-DAI (?)
    - Applications using remote services
  - Strong reservations within Unicore community
- **Fine grained Authorization**
  - Application level
  - Methods on properties

- **VOMS-Proxy-Init**
  - Java version available?
- **VOMS Client (similar to component running on CE)**
  - Java version available?
- **MyProxy Client**
  - Java version available?
- **WMS**
  - Does it access VOMS server?
- **Server Credentials**
  - How are they stored?
- **Integration of OGSA-BES Interface into ICE (Interface to CREAM Environment)**
  - Access to Unicore, gLite, Globus
  - How is authentication and authorization handled?

***Users can access applications on  
any Grid infrastructure  
without worrying about credentials***