



Service creation in Genius Web Portal

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Geneva, 10-12.10.2006, 2nd Tutorial for Health e-Child Project



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Agenda

- How preparing a new Plugin
- How Create your own services
- The Authentication
- The Authorization Framework

XML terminology

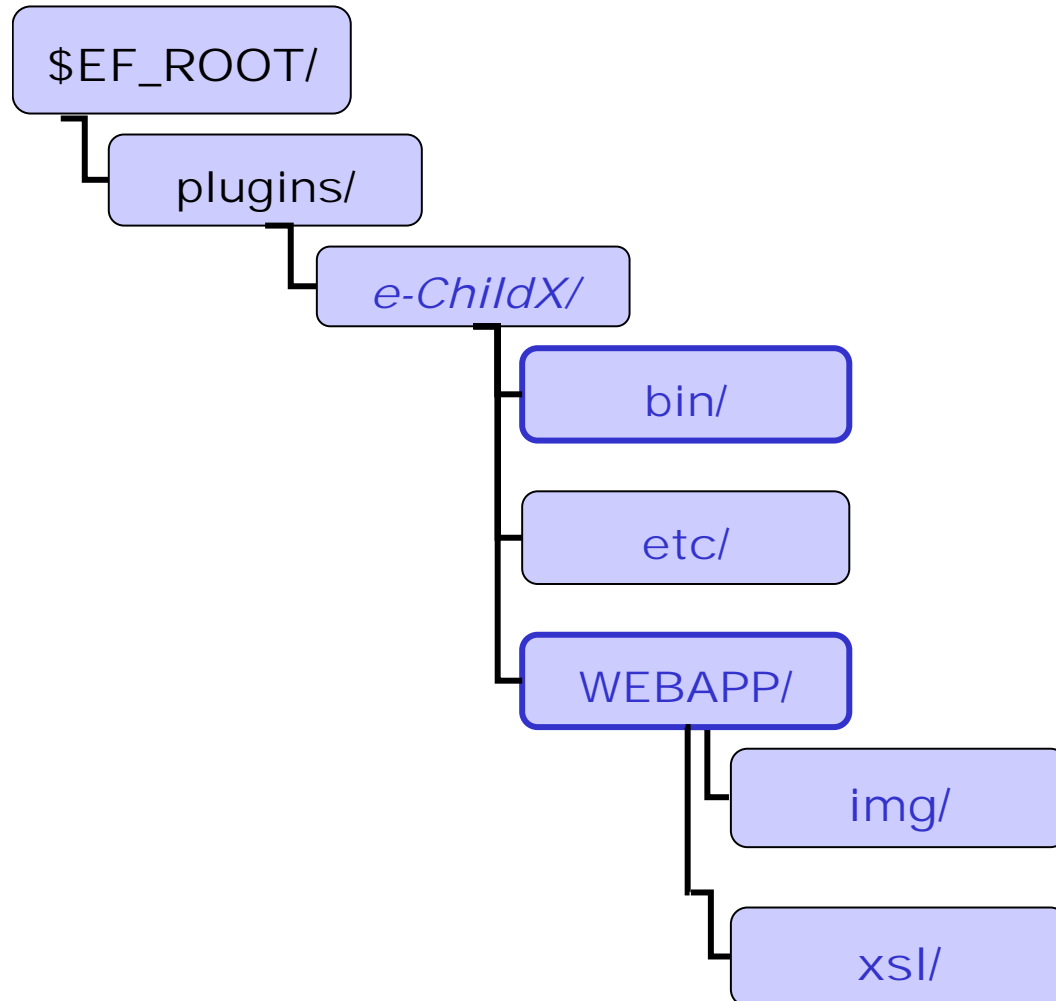
- **XML** - e**X**tensible **M**arkup **L**anguage
a data format for structured document interchange
- **XSL** - e**X**tensible **S**tylesheet **L**anguage
XSL describes how the XML document should be displayed
 - **XSLT** - a language for transforming XML documents
 - **XPATH** - a language for navigating in XML documents
 - **XSL-FO** - a language for formatting XML documents
- **Tag** or **Element** - an item enclosed in <>, which is part of an XML document
 - e.g. <**action**>, <**table**>
- **Attribute** - an option of a tag, which has a name and a value enclosed by single or double quotes
 - e.g. <service id=**“myservice”**>
- **Name space** - an optional naming convention that groups tags related to a common context
 - e.g. <**ef**:action>, <**ef**:service>
- **SDF** – Services Definition File. Xml File which contains the definition of services.

Preparing a new Plugin

- Create Your Directory under plugin
- Edit the SDF (XML code)
 - Start from simple services and evolve them
- (optional) Edit the layout (XSL code)
 - Official web sites can be the perfect source of images and styles
- **Do not edit system . xml / xsl files**
 - Upgrade and porting would be much more difficult

Creating a SDF- Plugin Structure

- directory structure



Services Creations Steps

The steps you have to follow in order to make your new service accessible to the users, are:

- Choose the Service Definition File that will include the new service;
- Write the `<ef:service>` tag and give it an unique identifier. This identifier must be located in the id attribute of the tag;
- Add a `<ef:name>` tag which will be used as the readable text for the hyper-link in the page containing the services. Clicking on the hyper-link will execute the service;
- Add an `<ef:action>` tag;
- As a text node of the `<ef:action>` tag, add the command that must be executed. for example, `#{EF_ROOT}/plugins/ef/bin/ef.test`. Note the use of the `#{EF_ROOT}` syntax: this makes your Genius services independent from the Genius installation directory;
- As a child node of the `<ef:action>` tag, add the `<ef:result>` tag. The attribute type of `<ef:result>` suggests to the Genius Server what kind of output it should expect. (XML, HTML or Simple Text);
- Finally, close the `<ef:action>` and the `<ef:service>` tags.

<ef:agent> in Detail..

- Sub tags of <ef:agent>
 - [optional] <ef:name> – title of the web page
 - [optional] <ef:info> – welcome message of the opening page
 - [optional] <ef:location> – location of Remote Agent(s)
 - [required] *host* – hostname/IP address of EF Agent host
 - [required] *port* – TCP port used by EF Agent
 - [optional] <ef:include> – external XML libraries of functions
 - [required] *xml* – path to an SDF which contains XML libraries
 - [optional] <ef:spooler> – definition of default data
 - [required] *server* – server-side absolute path of spoolers
 - [optional] *agent* – agent-side absolute path of spoolers
 - [optional] *ttl* – defines how long the spoolers will be accessible
format: [DD]d[HH]h[MM]m[SS]s, 0(remove immediately), -1(not create)
 - [required] <ef:folder *id="root"*> – first folder of the service tree.

The commands to creates a new plugin

- `mkdir /opt/genius/enginframe/plugins/e-ChildX`
- `cd /opt/genius/enginframe/plugins/e-ChildX`
- `mkdir bin`
- `mkdir etc`
- `mkdir WEBAPP`
- `cd WEBAPP/`
- `cp ../../genius/WEBAPP/com.enginframe.genius.xml .`
- `cp ../../genius/WEBAPP/com.enginframe.genius.xsl .`
- `mkdir images`
- `cp ../../genius/WEBAPP/layout.css .`
- `cp ../../genius/WEBAPP/layout.xsl .`
- `touch e-ChildX.xml`
- `ln -s e-ChildX.xml index.xml`

https://yourserver/genius/e-ChildX/

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="iso-8859-1"?>
<?xml-stylesheet href="layout.xsl" type="text/xsl"?>

<ef:agent id="e-ChildX" authority="os"
          xmlns:ef="http://www.engineframe.com/2000/EnginFrame">

<ef:location host="127.0.0.1" port="9999"/>
  <ef:include xml="{EF_LIB}/xml/com.engineframe.system.xml"/>
  <ef:name>GENIUS Grid Portal</ef:name>
  <ef:info><H1>Welcome to Health e-Child Project
  Portal...</H1></ef:info>

  <ef:spooler server="{EF_SPOOLER_DIR}" ttl="1d"/>

  <ef:folder id="root">
    <ef:name>Health e-Child Services</ef:name>
    <!-- Services go here -->
  </ef:folder>
</ef:agent>
```

A simple Xml Code for your Service...

```
<ef:folder id="test">
  <ef:name>Simple Services</ef:name>
  <ef:service id="test-service" authority="os">
    <ef:name>zip services</ef:name>
    <ef:option id="file" label="File to compress"
type="rfb" />

  </ef:service>
</ef:folder>
```

service.e-ChildX.sh

- vi /opt/genius/enginframe/plugins/e-ChildX/bin/service.e-ChildX.sh

```
#!/bin/sh  
  
gzip $file
```

Add the action in the service..

```
<ef:name>Health e-Child Services</ef:name>
  <ef:folder id="test">
    <ef:name>Simple Services</ef:name>
    <ef:service id="test-service" authority="os">
      <ef:name>zip services</ef:name>
      <ef:option id="file" label="File to compress"
type="rfb" />

      <ef:action id="submit" label="zip a file">
        $EF_ROOT/plugins/e-ChildX/bin/service.e-ChildX.sh
        <ef:result type="text/plain" />
      </ef:action>

    </ef:service>
  </ef:folder>
```

Add same options..

```
<ef:option id="file" label="File to compress" type="rfb" />

<ef:option id="level" label="Compression level" type="list">
  <ef:option id="9">maximum</ef:option>
  <ef:option id="4">medium</ef:option>
  <ef:option id="1">minimum</ef:option>
</ef:option>

<ef:action id="submit" label="zip a file">
  $EF_ROOT/plugins/e-ChildX/bin/service.e-ChildX.sh
  <ef:result type="text/xml" />
</ef:action>
```

service.eChild.sh

- vi /opt/genius/enginframe/plugins/e-ChildX/bin/service.e-ChildX.sh

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
gzip -$level $file
```

```
cp $file.gz ${EF_SPOOLER}
```

```
$EF_ROOT/plugins/ef/bin/ef.show.spooler $EF_SPOOLER_URI
```

How the EF embedded scripts work...

this EF script (as all the others)

```
$EF_ROOT/plugins/ef/bin/ef.show.spooler $EF_SPOOLER_URI
```

is dynamically expanded in:

```
<ef:show-spooler  
  uri="spooler:///opt/genius/enginframe/spoolers/yourUserna  
  me/spoolerDir/" sub="" />
```

Authentication

- **None**
 - Services executed as the user who runs Tomcat
 - Services launched only by the local agent, no remote execution
- **Standard Unix Authentication (/etc/passwd or NIS)**
 - Authentication achieved via an internal checkpassword program
- **HTTP Basic Authentication**
 - managed externally by Tomcat (or front-end web server)
 - handled internally by http plugin
- **LDAP Authentication**
 - managed externally by a standard LDAP Server
 - handled internally by ldap plugin
- **ActiveDirectory Authentication – Windows Domain**
 - managed externally by a Windows Domain Controller
 - handled internally by activedirectory plugin

Plug a new Authentication Authority

- Genius provides a flexible way to plug a new Authentication Authority into the system
- It allows to create custom mechanisms for authenticating users
- Three steps to create a custom authentication
 - Create a **login** file: `$EF_ROOT/etc/authority_name.login`
 - Create the **authentication script**:
`$EF_ROOT/plugins/authority_name/bin/ef.auth`
 - Use the custom *authotity_name* in the `<ef:agent>` or `<ef:service>` tags:
- Authority OS under `$EF_ROOT/plugins/os` is a good example

Plug a new Authentication Authority Login File

- Login file defines the parameters needed for authentication
- It must reside in the `$EF_ROOT/etc` directory
- The name must coincide with the new authority name + the extension `.login`: *authority_name.login*
 - E.g. `ldap.login`, `myauthority.login`
- Login file is an XML file with the following structure

```
<ef:login title="login_form_title"
  xmlns:ef="http://www.engineframe.com/2000/EngineFrame">
  <ef:signature label="Username" type="text" id="_username"/>
  <ef:signature label="login_field_label"
    type="{text/password}"
    id="authentication_parameter_name"/>
  ...
</ef:login>
```

Plug a new Authentication Authority Authentication Script

- Authentication script is the actual implementation of the custom authentication procedure
- Script name must be: `ef.auth`
- The script must reside in the following directory:
`$EF_ROOT/plugins/authority_name/bin`
- It receives in the standard input the authentication parameter values separated by '\0' in the same order as defined in the login file.
 - E.g. “demoUser\0demoPassword\0”
- After checking the credentials the script must produce one of the following XML results in the standard output:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ef:auth xmlns:ef="http://www.engineframe.com/2000/EngineFrame">
  <ef:result>
    <ef:grant/>
  </ef:result>
</ef:auth>
```

Success!

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ef:auth xmlns:ef="http://www.engineframe.com/2000/EngineFrame">
  <ef:result>
    <ef:deny/>
  </ef:result>
</ef:auth>
```

Failed!

Plug a new Authentication Authority Authentication Script

■ Example

```
#!/bin/sh

# Get credentials from <STDIN>
_credentials="/usr/bin/tr '\0' '\240'"
_username="`echo \"${_credentials}\" | awk -F '\240' '{print $1}`"
_password="`echo \"${_credentials}\" | awk -F '\240' '{print $2}`"

# Check if credentials are correct
if [ "${_username}" = "demo" -a "${_password}" = "ef4test" ]; then
    cat <<EOF
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ef:auth xmlns:ef="http://www.enginframe.com/2000/EnginFrame">
    <ef:result> <ef:grant/> </ef:result>
</ef:auth>
EOF
    exit 0
fi
# Wrong authentication
cat <<EOF
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ef:auth xmlns:ef="http://www.enginframe.com/2000/EnginFrame">
    <ef:result> <ef:deny/> </ef:result>
</ef:auth>
EOF
exit 1
```



Plug a new Authentication Authority Use New Authentication

- Write the custom authentication in the `<ef:agent>` or `<ef:service>` tag.
 - As the value of the attribute `authority`
- Example

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<ef:agent id="tutorial" authority="authority_name"
  xmlns:ef="http://www.engineframe.com/2000/EngineFrame">
  ...
</ef:agent>
```

- It is possible to set the custom authority as the default one, changing `EF_DEFAULT_AUTHORITY` inside the `$(EF_ROOT)/conf/server.conf` file

The Authorization Framework

- Authorization System is aimed to authorize **user** accesses to **resources**
 - allowing or denying **operations**
 - according to a set of predefined **policies**.
- **Actor** concept abstracts users. An actor can represent
 - single user
 - group of users
- EnginFrame/Genius **resources** are:
 - **folders**
 - **services**
 - service **options**
 - service **action**
 - service **output**
- Authorization **policies** are defined by **Access Control Lists**

Authorization Configuration

- The process of setting up the Authorization System include the following steps:
 - Definition of *actors*
 - Definition of *access control lists*
 - Binding access control lists to Genius resources
- Definition of *actors* and *access control lists* occur in the Authorization configuration file:
 - **\$EF_ROOT/conf/authorization.xconf**
- *ACLs binding* to resources occurs **directly into SDFs**
- The authorization configuration file is an **XML file** read **dynamically** upon changes.

\$EF_ROOT/conf/authorization.xconf

```
<ef:authorization xmlns:ef="http://www.enginframe.com/2000/EnginFrame">
  <ef:acl-actor-list>
    <ef:acl-actor id="efadmins" type="efgroup">
      <ef:info>EnginFrame Administrators</ef:info>
      <ef:acl-member type="efuser">${EF_ADMIN}</ef:acl-member>
      <ef:acl-member type="efuser">falzone</ef:acl-member>
    </ef:acl-actor>
  </ef:acl-actor-list>
  <ef:acl-list>
    <ef:acl id="admin-only">
      <ef:info>Privileged Execution for Admins</ef:info>
      <ef:acl-priority>deny</ef:acl-priority>
      <ef:acl-allow>
        <ef:actor id="efadmins">
          <ef:read/>
          <ef:write/>
          <ef:execute/>
        </ef:actor>
      </ef:acl-allow>
    </ef:acl>
  </ef:acl-list>
  .....
</ef:authorization>
```


ACL in SDF

```
<ef:apply-acl select="admin-only" selectorType="simple">
  <ef:folder id="Only_For_Admin">
    <ef:name>Only For Admin</ef:name>
    <ef:service id="test-ACL" authority="os">
      <ef:name>Test ACL</ef:name>
      <ef:info><H1>All services inside are visible only
at the Administrators</H1></ef:info>
    </ef:service>
  </ef:folder>
</ef:apply-acl>
```