



SOX:

SHORT DISTANCE NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH BOREXINO

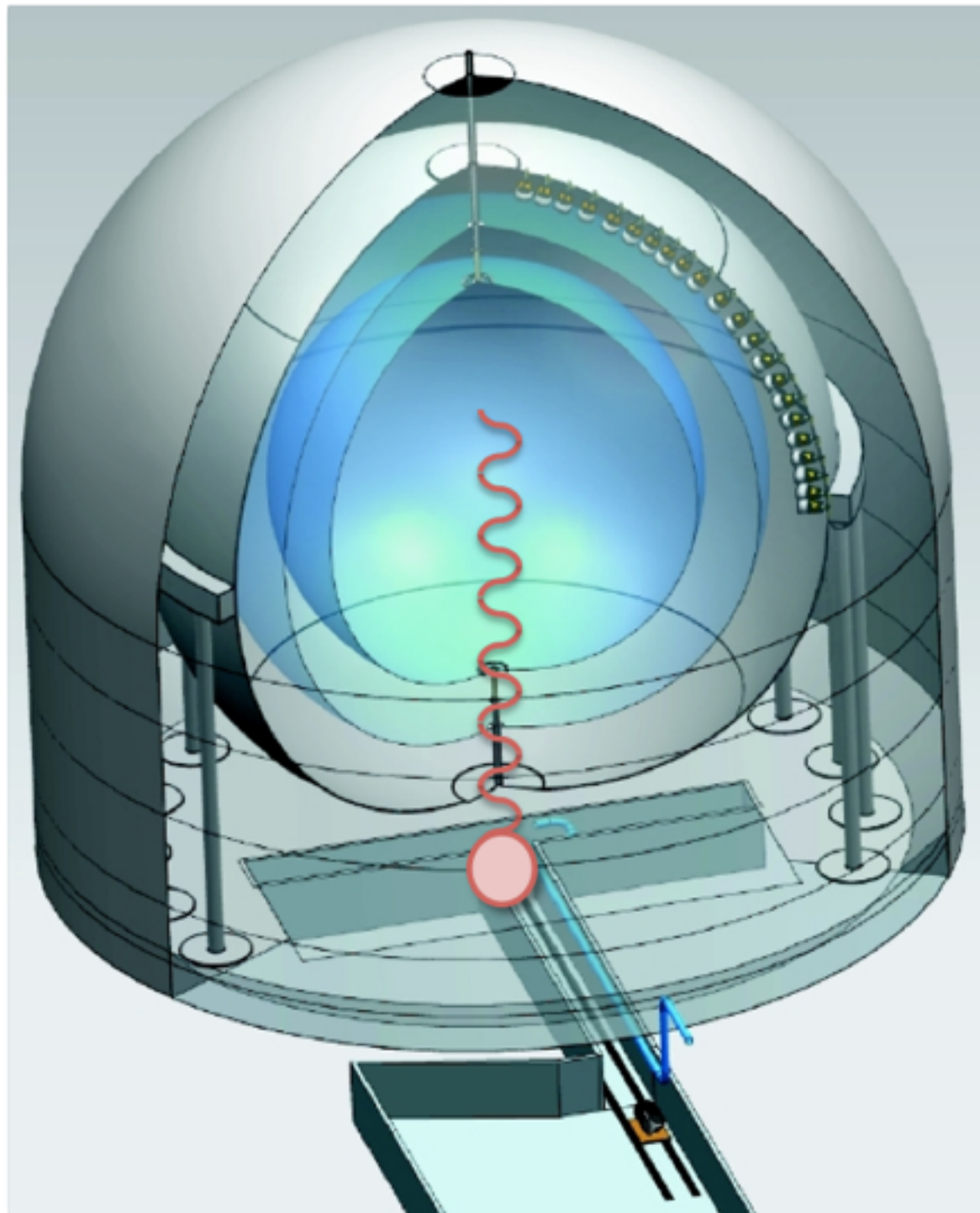
38th International Conference on High Energy Physics

Chicago, August 4th 2016

*Birgit Neumair
on behalf of the Borexino/SOX Collaboration*

Technical University of Munich

SHORT DISTANCE NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH BOREXINO



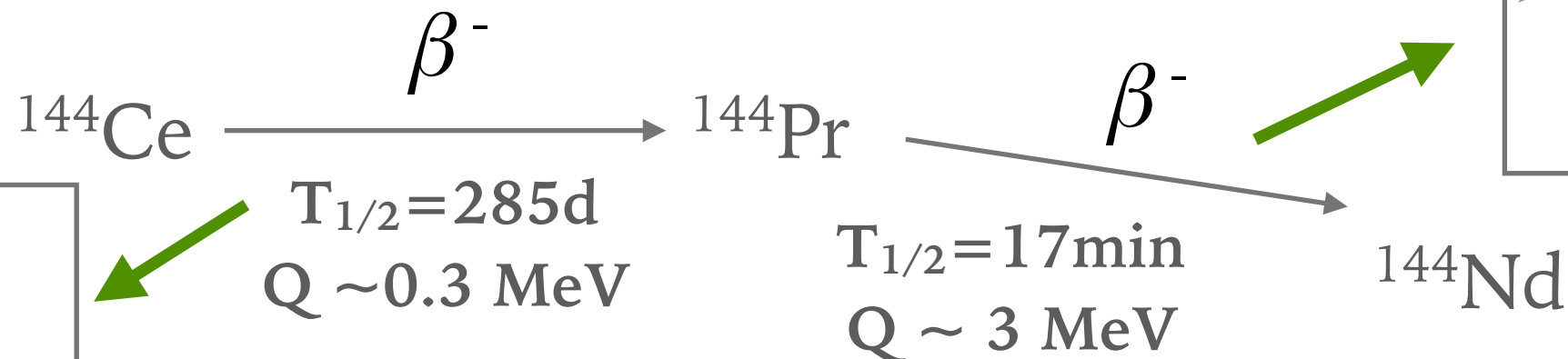
(anti)-
neutrino
source

Borexino
detector

oscillatory
pattern in
energy and
space

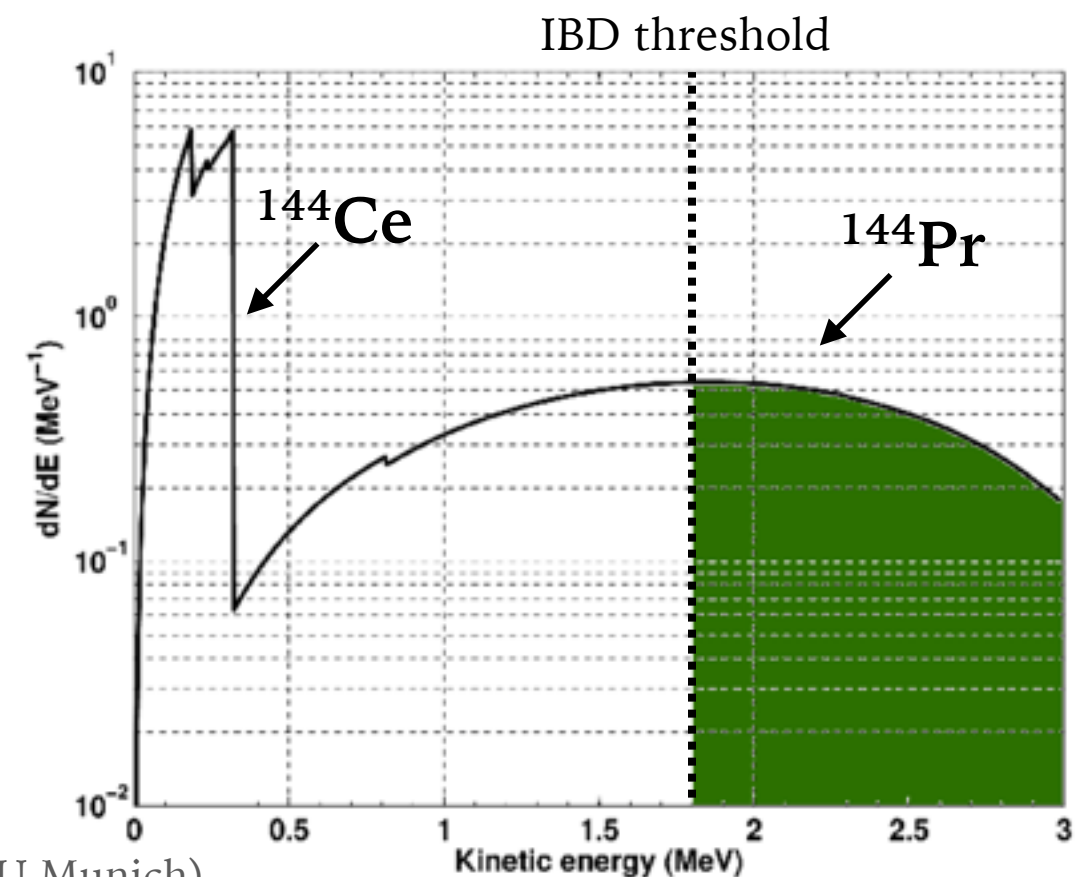
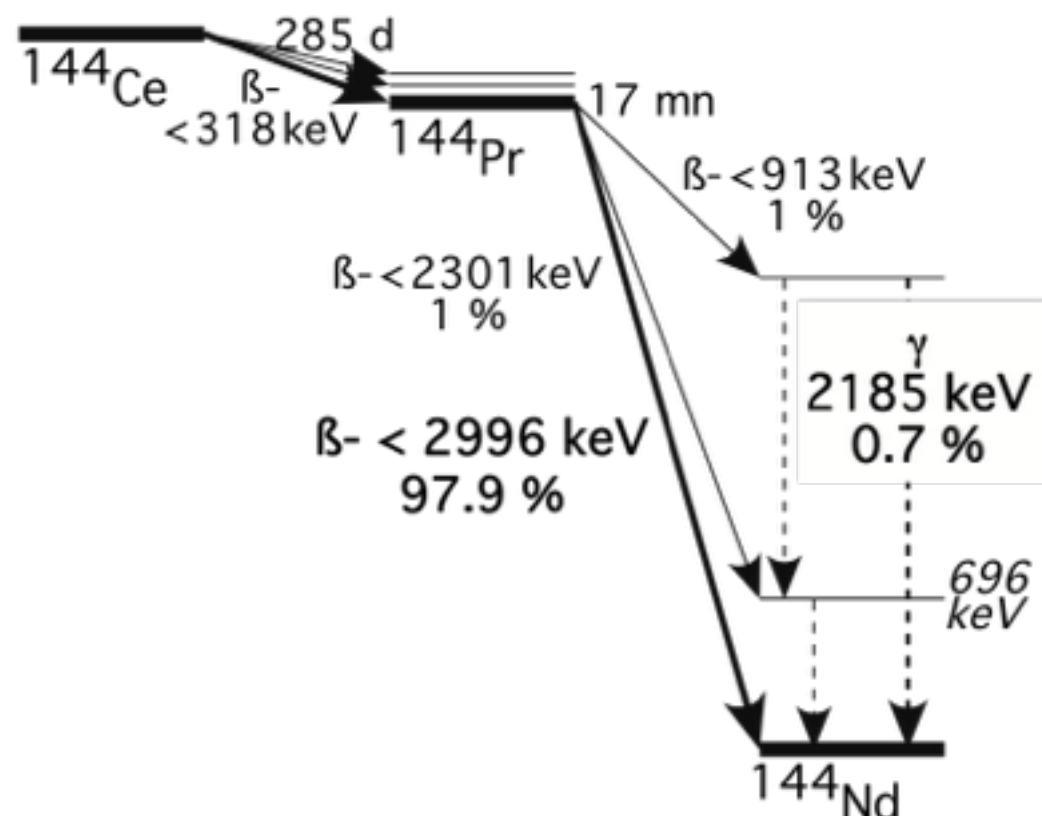
THE ANTINEUTRINO SOURCE

activity: (100-150) kCi \approx (3.7-5.5) PBq



high Q value
➤ antineutrinos
above IBD
threshold

long life time
➤ production
➤ transportation
➤ measurement

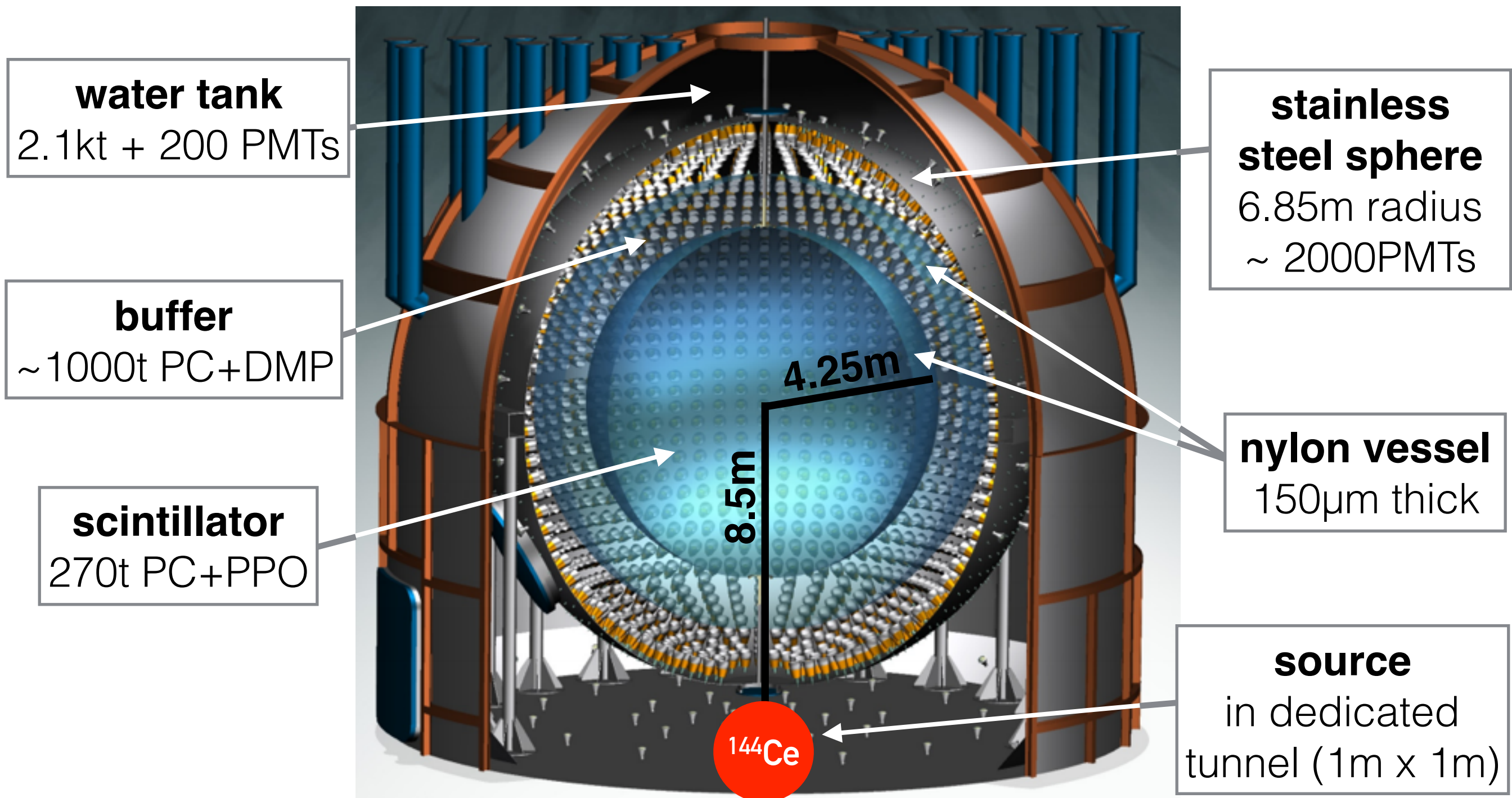




THE BOREXINO DETECTOR

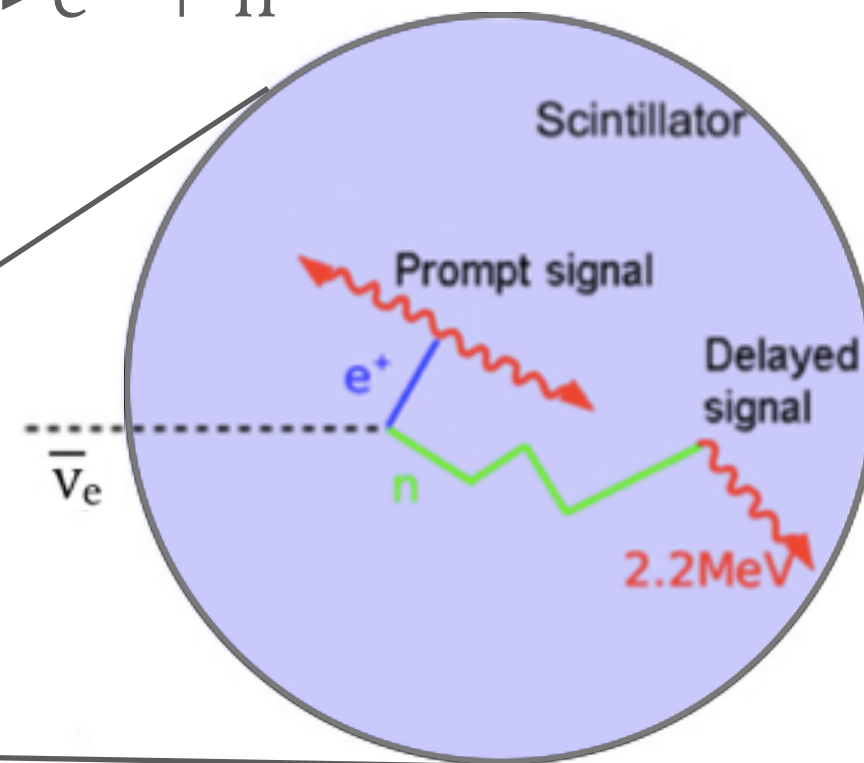
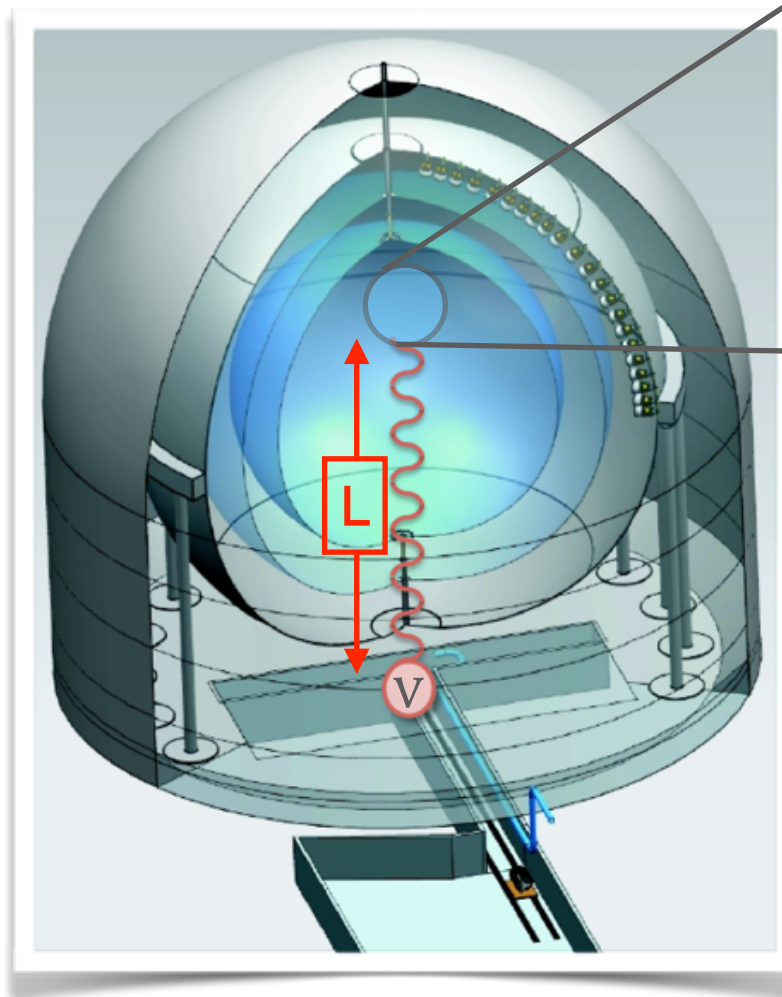
talk by Davide D'Angelo, this morning

located at LNGS (3800 m.w.e)



DETECTION MECHANISM

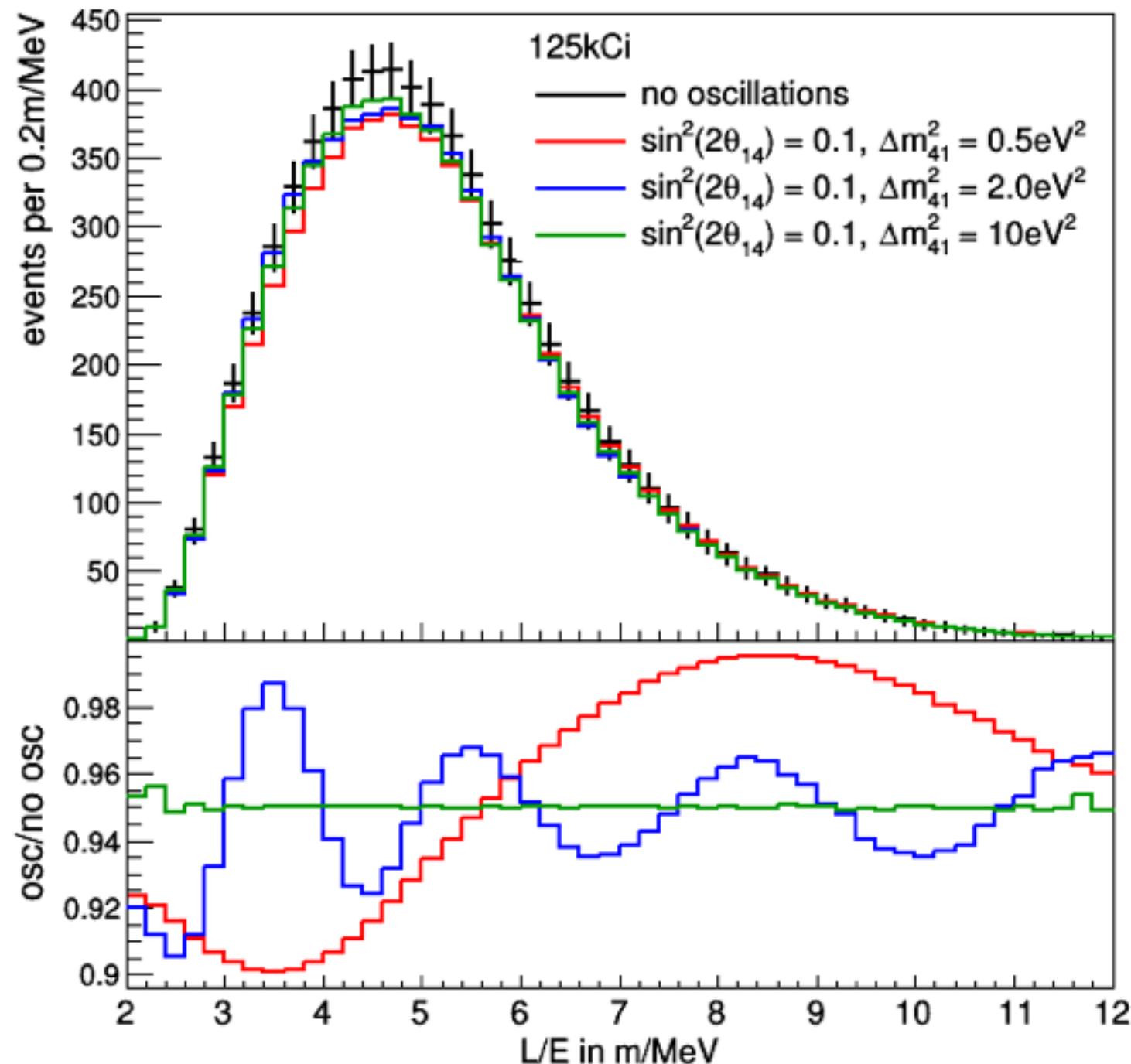
- Inverse Beta Decay (IBD): $\bar{\nu}_e + p \longrightarrow e^+ + n$
 - e^+ : E & L info about $\bar{\nu}_e$
 - n: coincidence in time and space
 - background free



- PMTs collect scintillation light
 - energy E (5% @ 1MeV)
 - time of flight
 - position L (10cm @ 1MeV)
- measurement of count rate: $N(E,L)$

STERILE NEUTRINO SIGNATURE

$\sim 10^4$ events for 1.5y measurement time



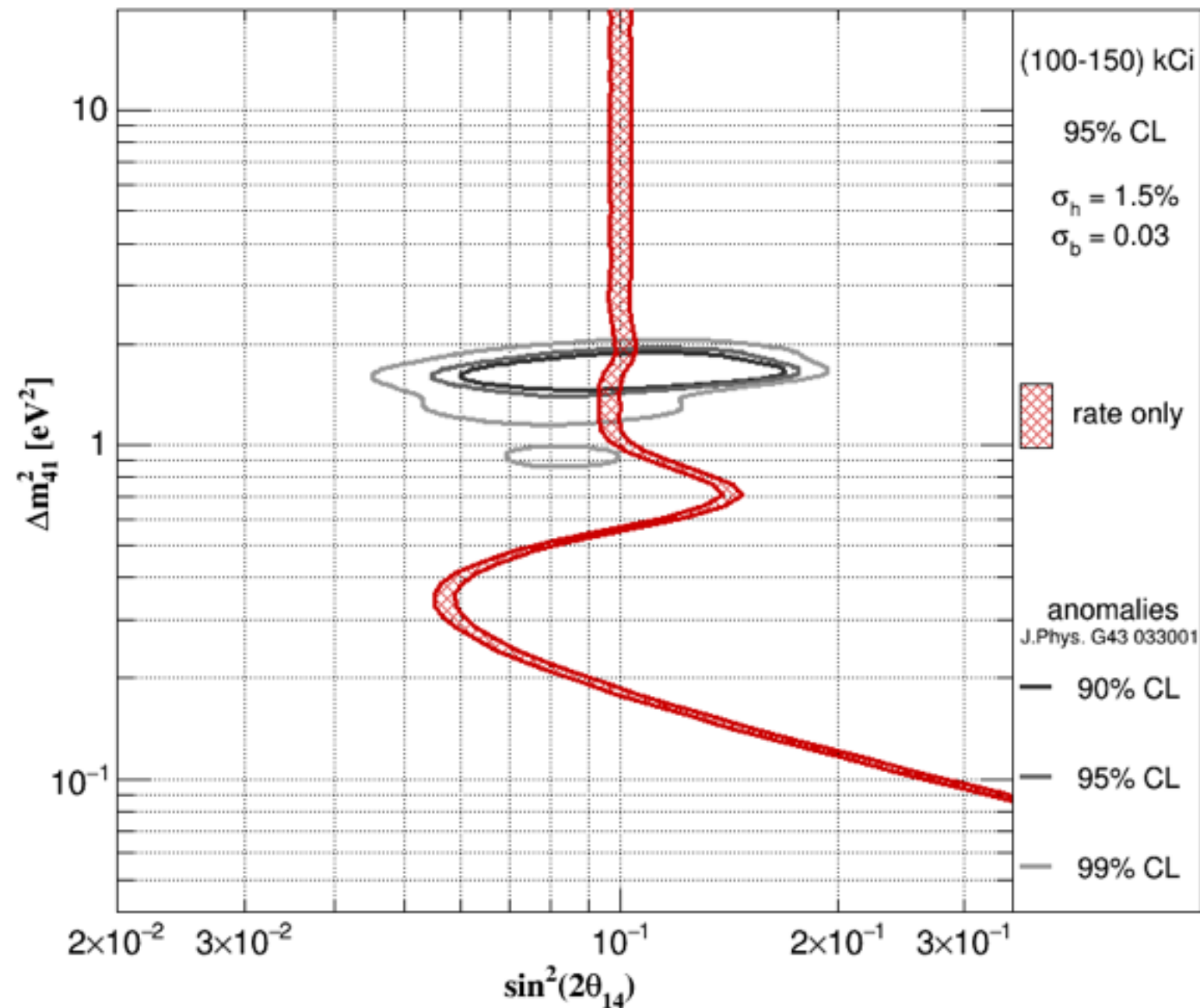
survival probability in a 3+1 model:

$$P_{ee} \approx 1 - \sin^2(2\theta_{14}) \sin^2\left(\frac{1.27\Delta m_{41}^2(\text{eV}^2)L(\text{m})}{E(\text{MeV})}\right)$$

Oscillations in:

- rate
 - disappearance
 - for all Δm^2 - values
- shape
 - spatial waves
 - for $\Delta m^2 \sim \text{O}(\text{eV}^2)$
 - $L_{\text{osc}} > \text{spatial resolution}$
& $L_{\text{osc}} < \text{detector size}$
 - smoking gun signature

SENSITIVITY



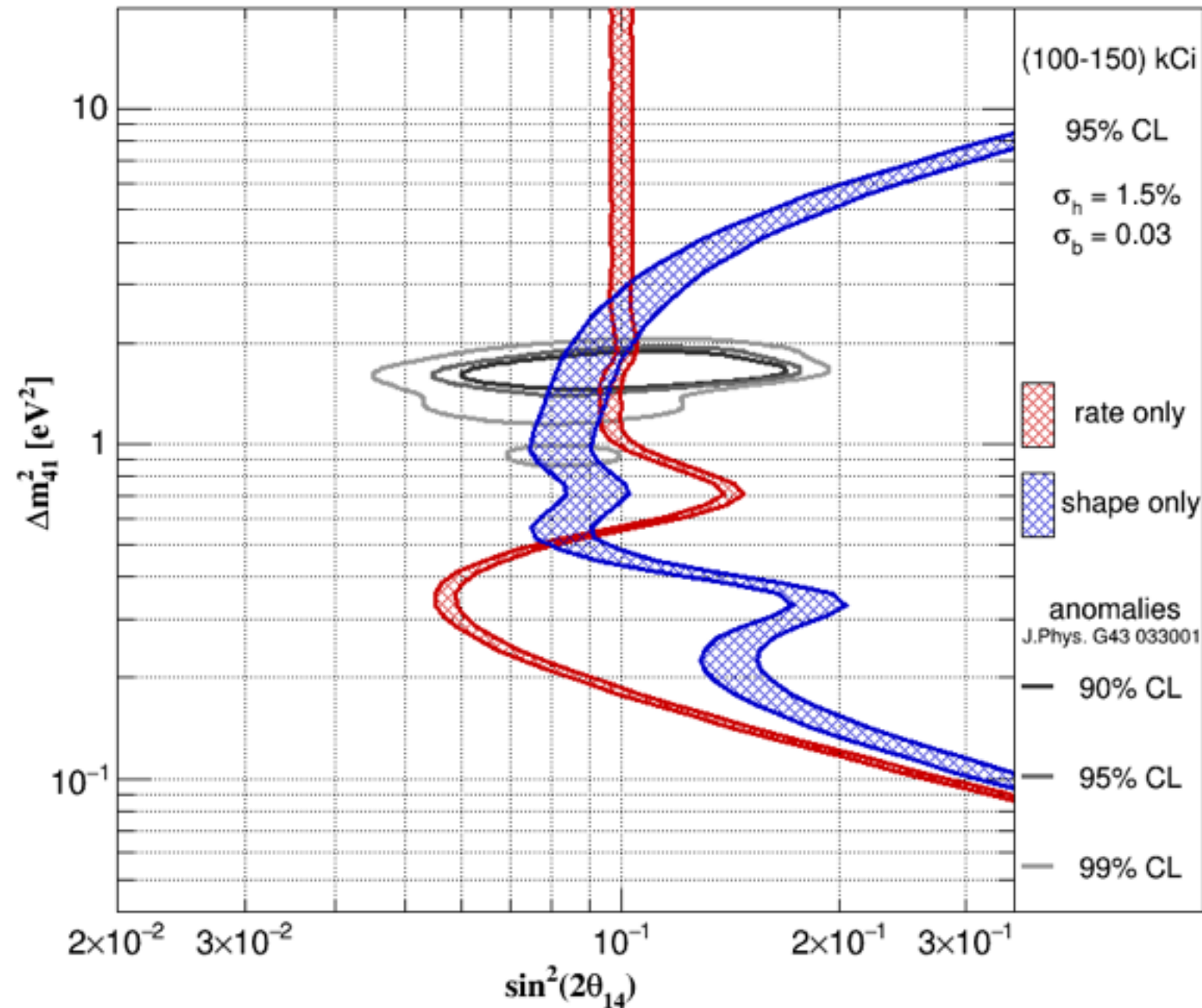
Analysis in:

➤ **rate**

precise knowledge of

- activity
- neutrino spectrum
- fiducial volume

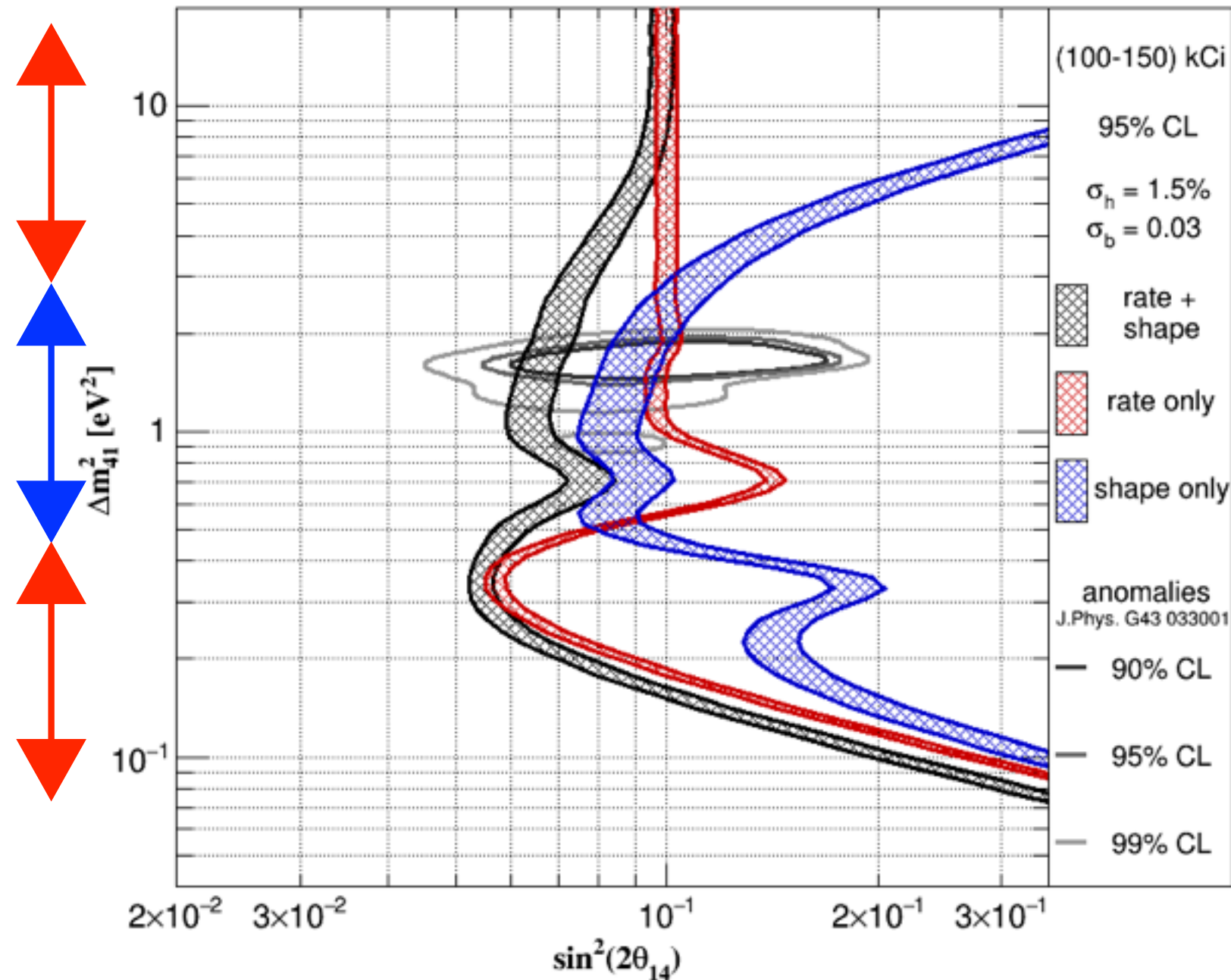
SENSITIVITY



Analysis in:

- **rate**
precise knowledge of
 - activity
 - neutrino spectrum
 - fiducial volume
- **shape**
no dependence on systematics in scale

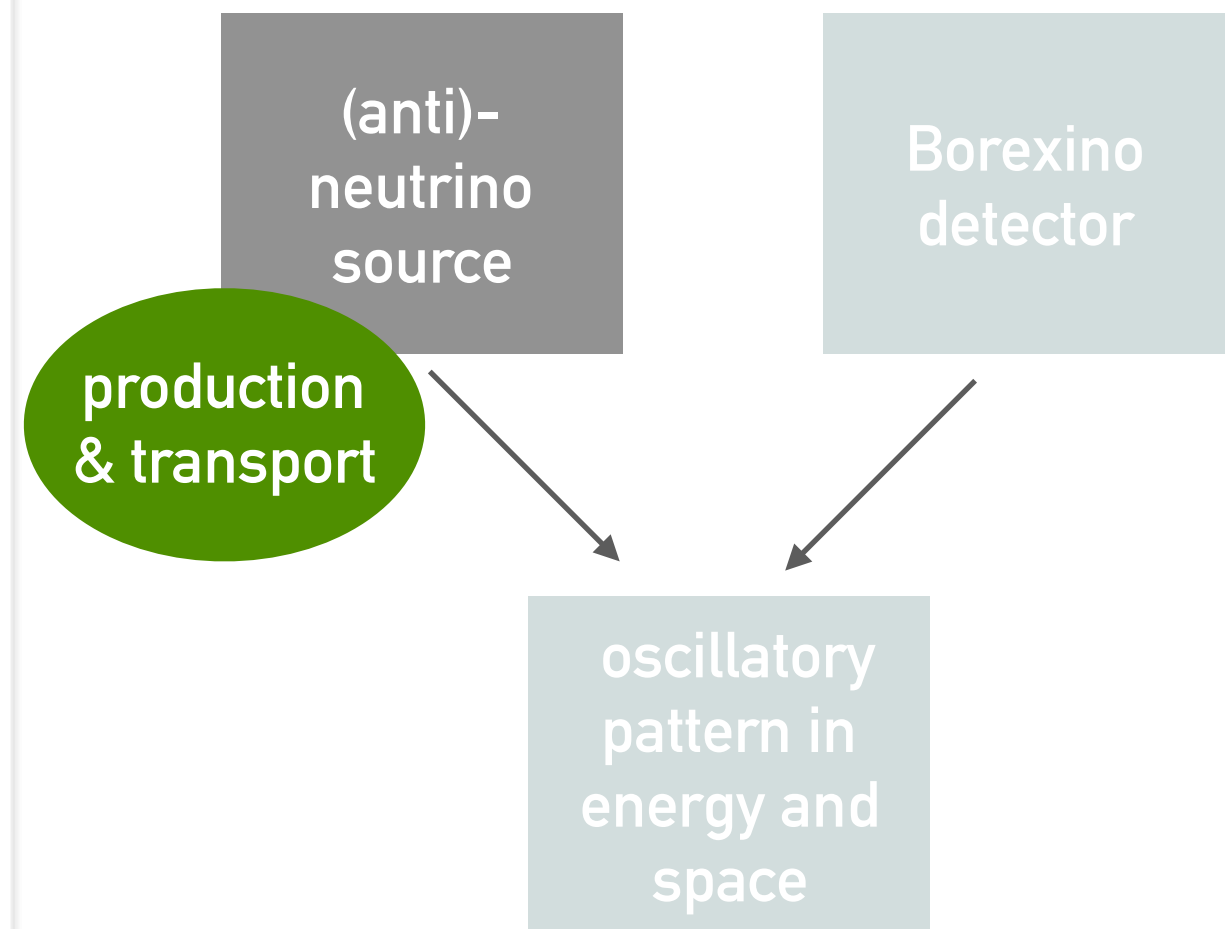
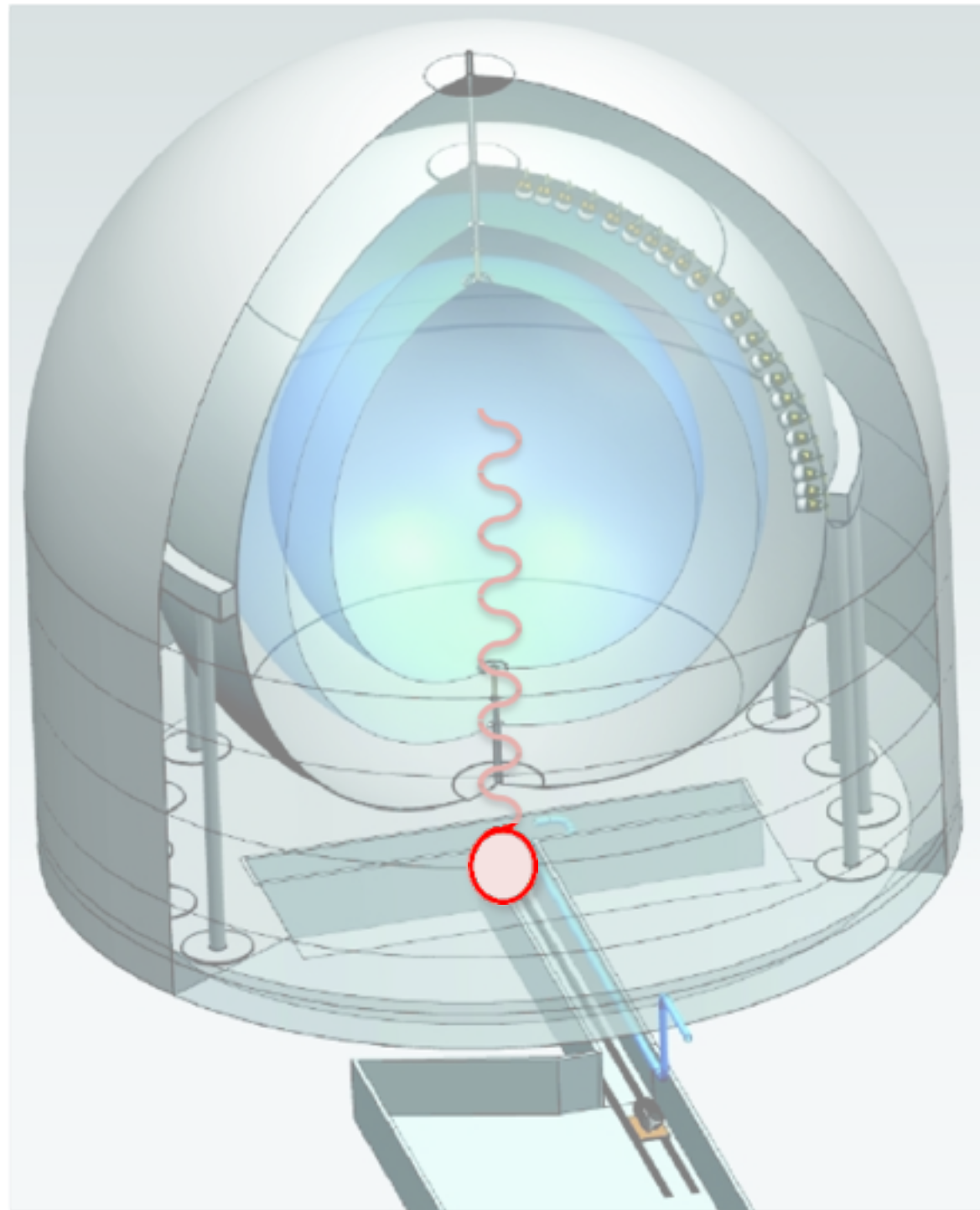
SENSITIVITY



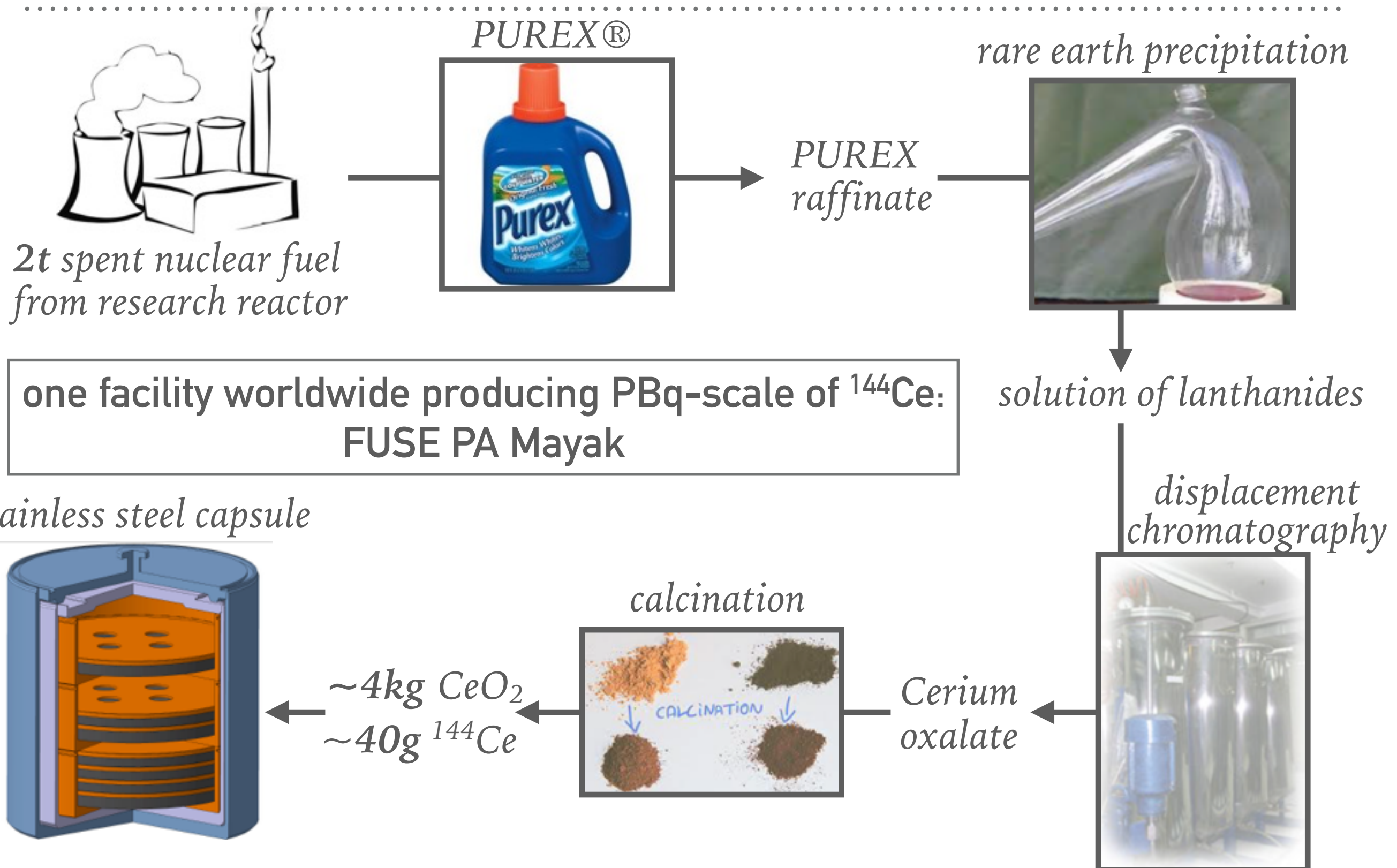
Analysis in:

- **rate**
 - precise knowledge of
 - activity
 - neutrino spectrum
 - fiducial volume
- **shape**
 - no dependence on systematics in scale
- **rate + shape**
 - combination

SHORT DISTANCE NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH BOREXINO



SOURCE PRODUCTION



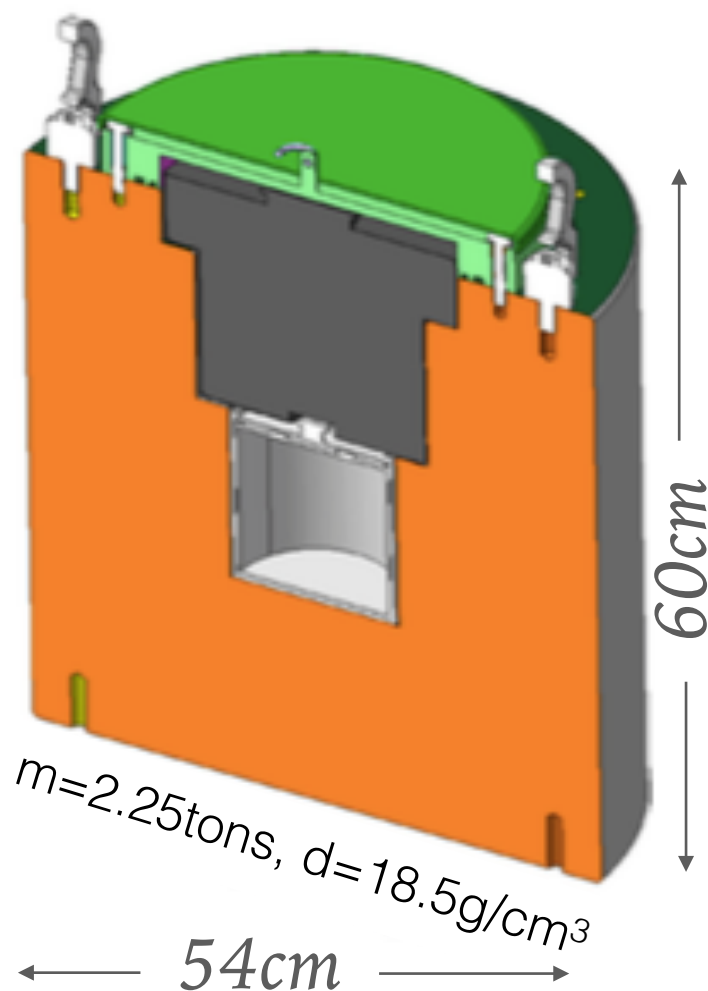
SOURCE SHIELDING AND TRANSPORTATION

shielding:

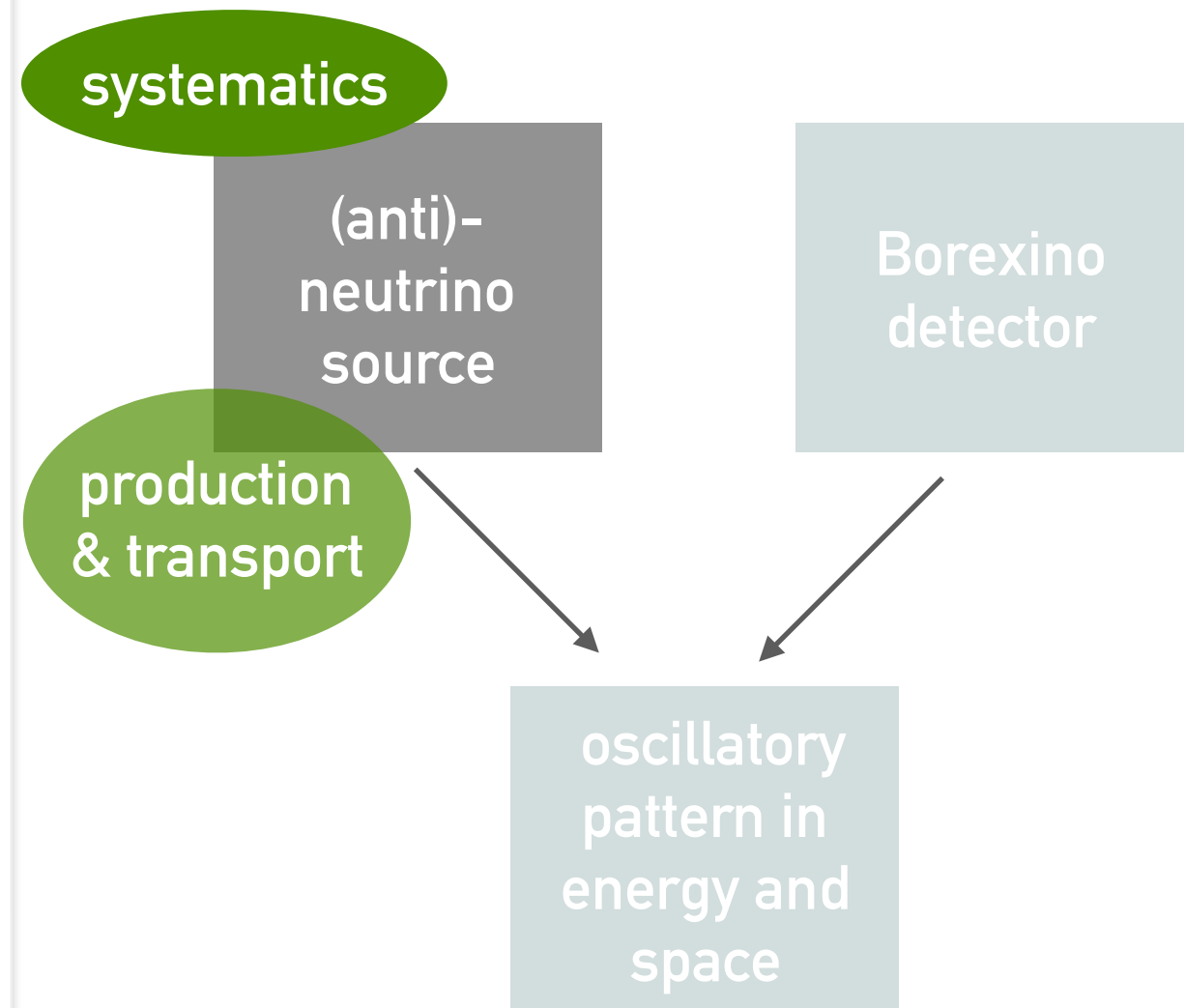
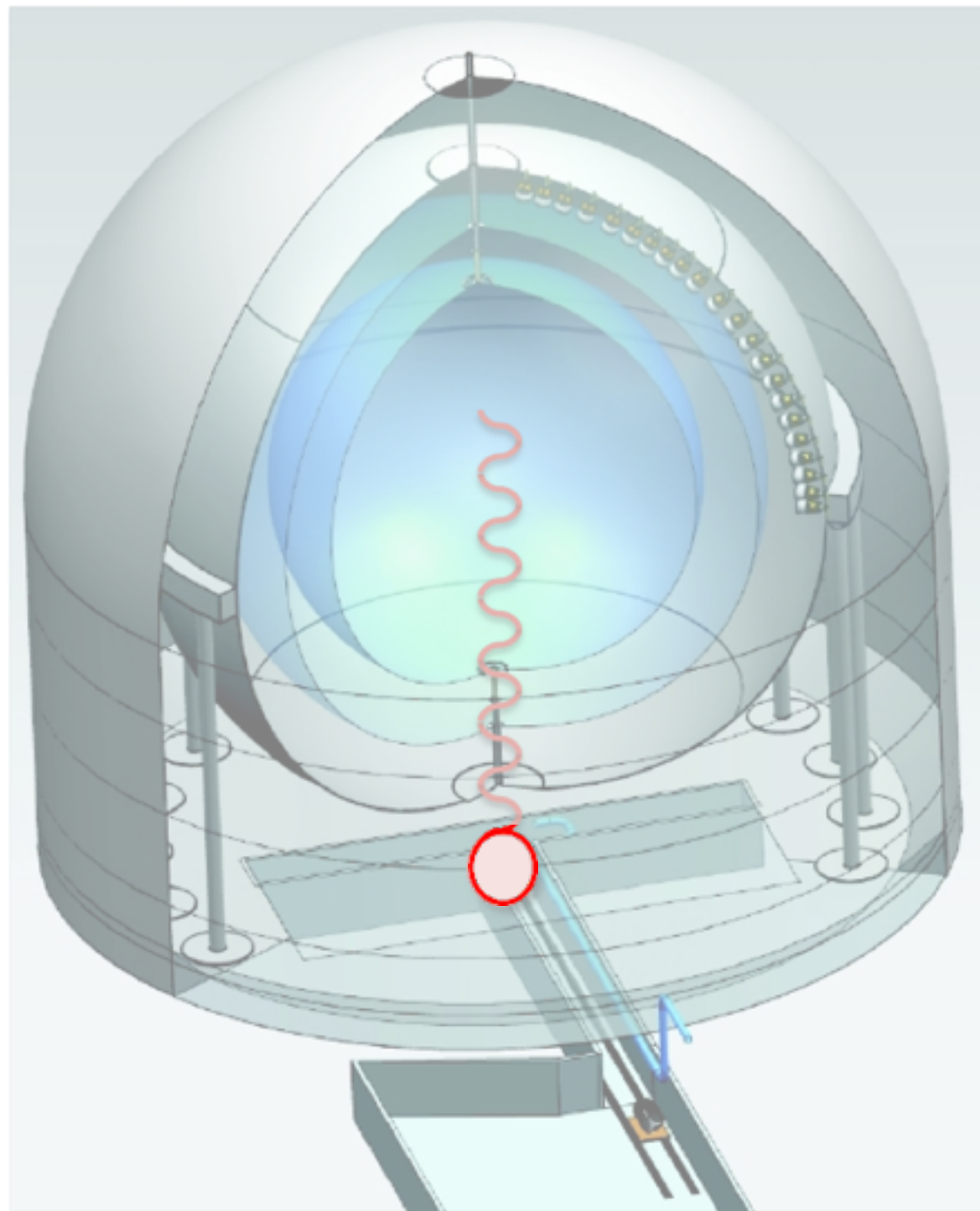
- attenuation factor for 2.2MeV- γ : $> 10^{12}$
- 19cm thick W-alloy shield
- manufactured at Xiamen Ltd., China

transportation:

- few boarder crossings
- total transportation time less than 3 weeks



SHORT DISTANCE NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS WITH BOREXINO





SOURCE RELATED SYSTEMATICS

$$N(E, L, t) \sim A(t)$$

↓

$$P(t)$$

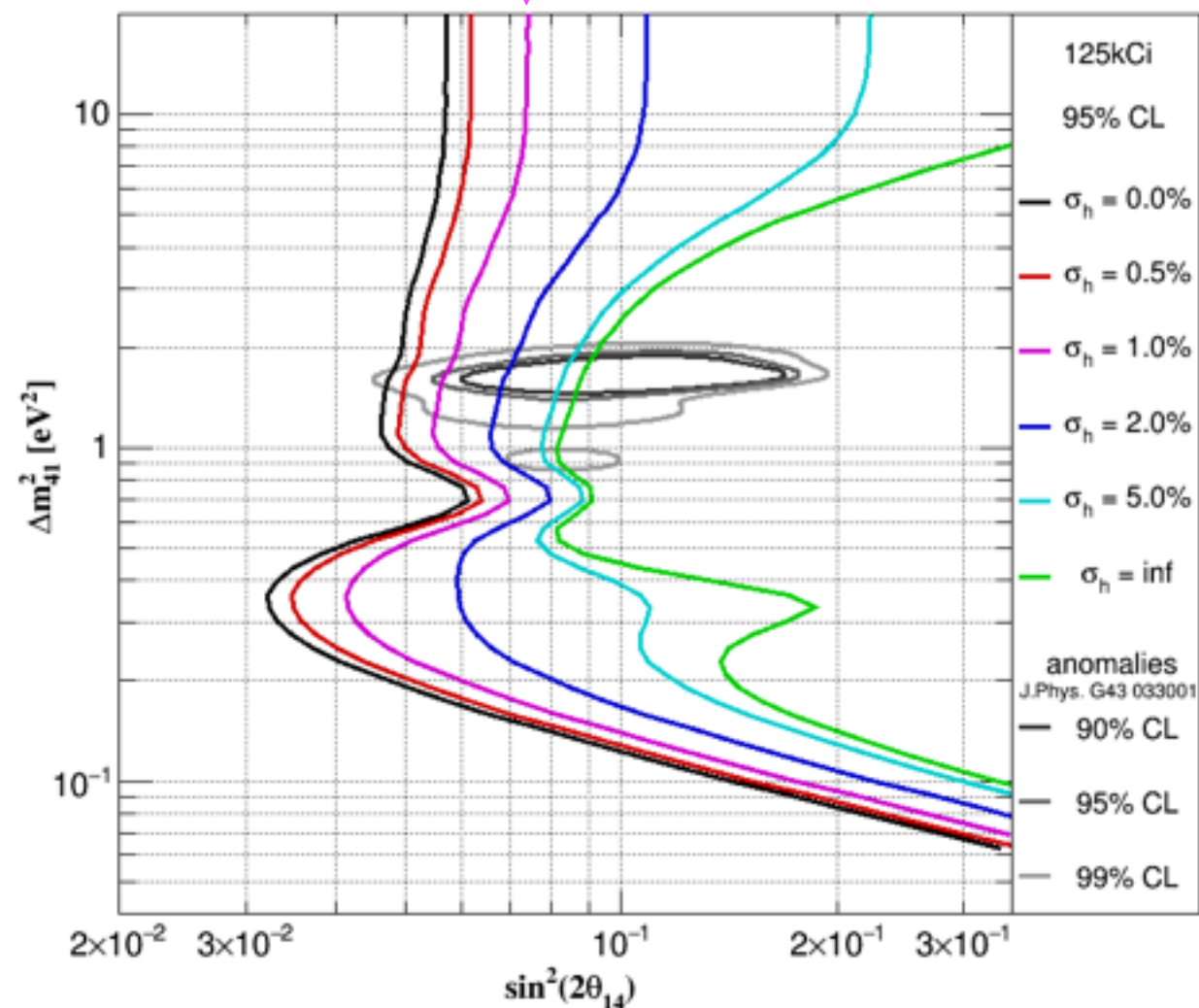
SOURCE RELATED SYSTEMATICS

$$N(E, L, t) \sim A(t)$$

↓
 $P(t)$

goal: 1%

power



SOURCE RELATED SYSTEMATICS

$$N(E, L, t) \sim A(t) \cdot S_v(E, \mathbf{b})$$

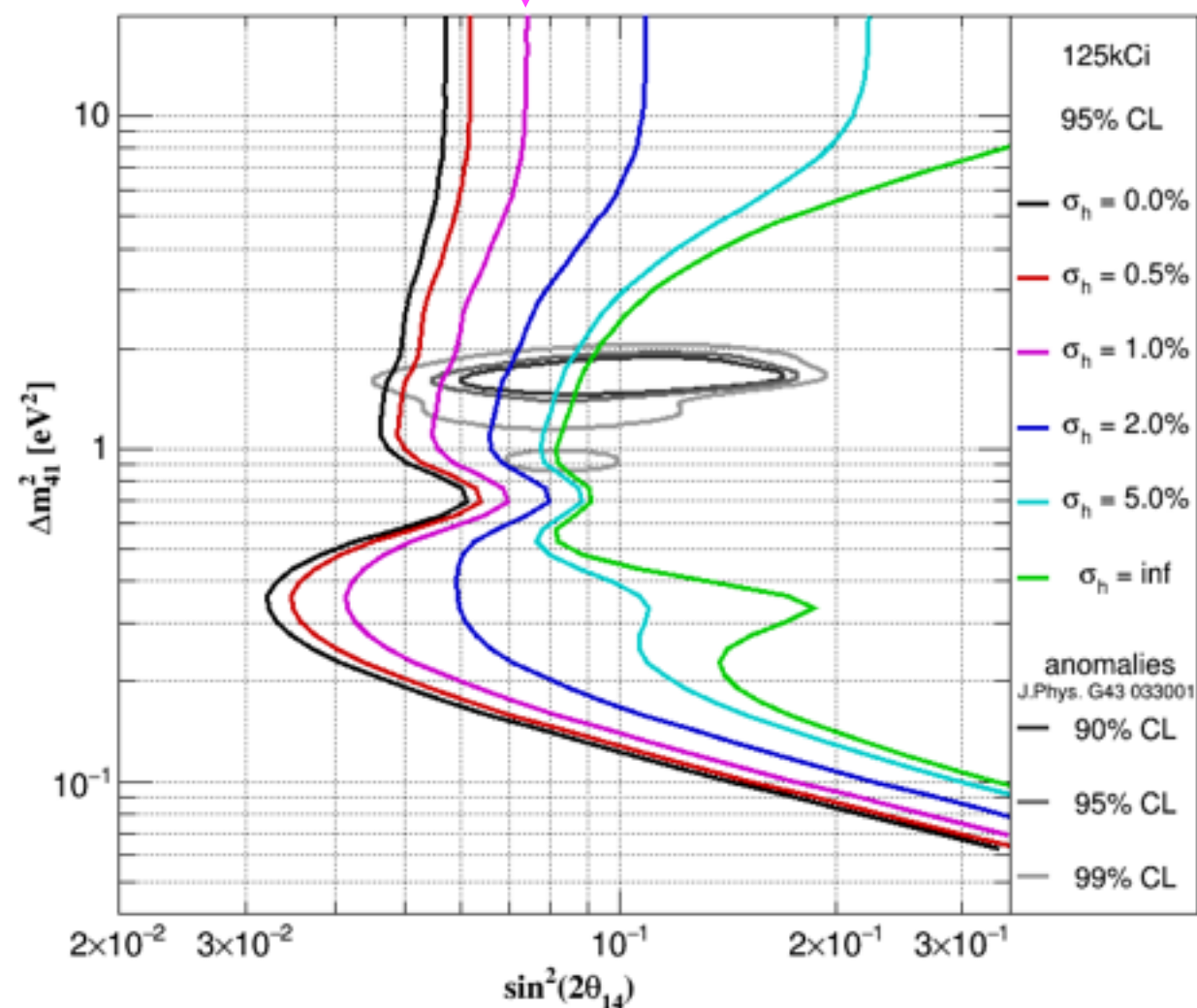
\swarrow $P(t) / \langle E(\mathbf{b}) \rangle$

1st forbidden non unique decay

- large theoretical uncertainties
- previous measurements differ up to 10%

goal: 1%

power



SOURCE RELATED SYSTEMATICS

$$N(E, L, t) \sim A(t) \cdot S_v(E, \mathbf{b})$$

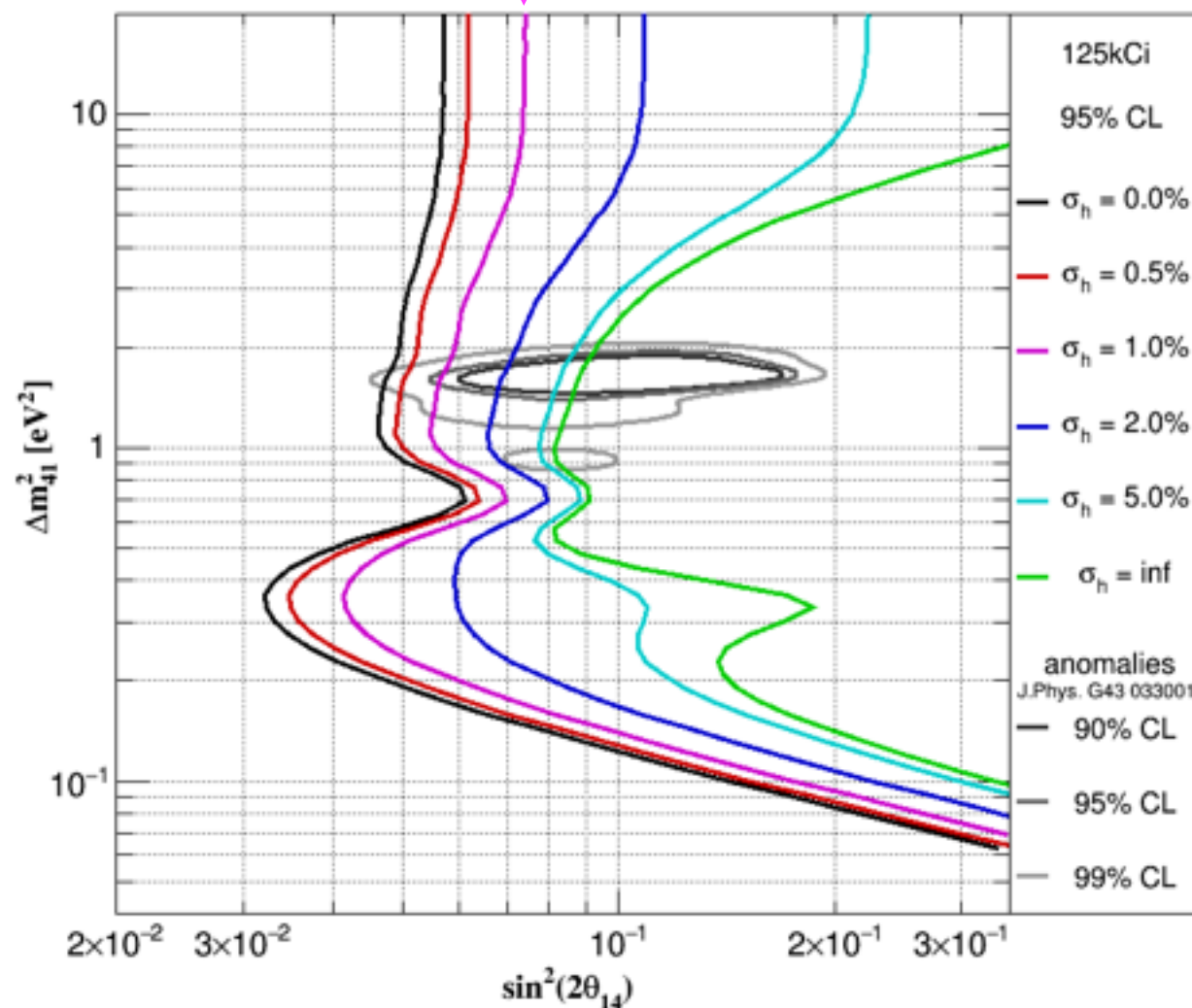
$$P(t) / \langle E(\mathbf{b}) \rangle$$

1st forbidden non unique decay

- large theoretical uncertainties
- previous measurements differ up to 10%

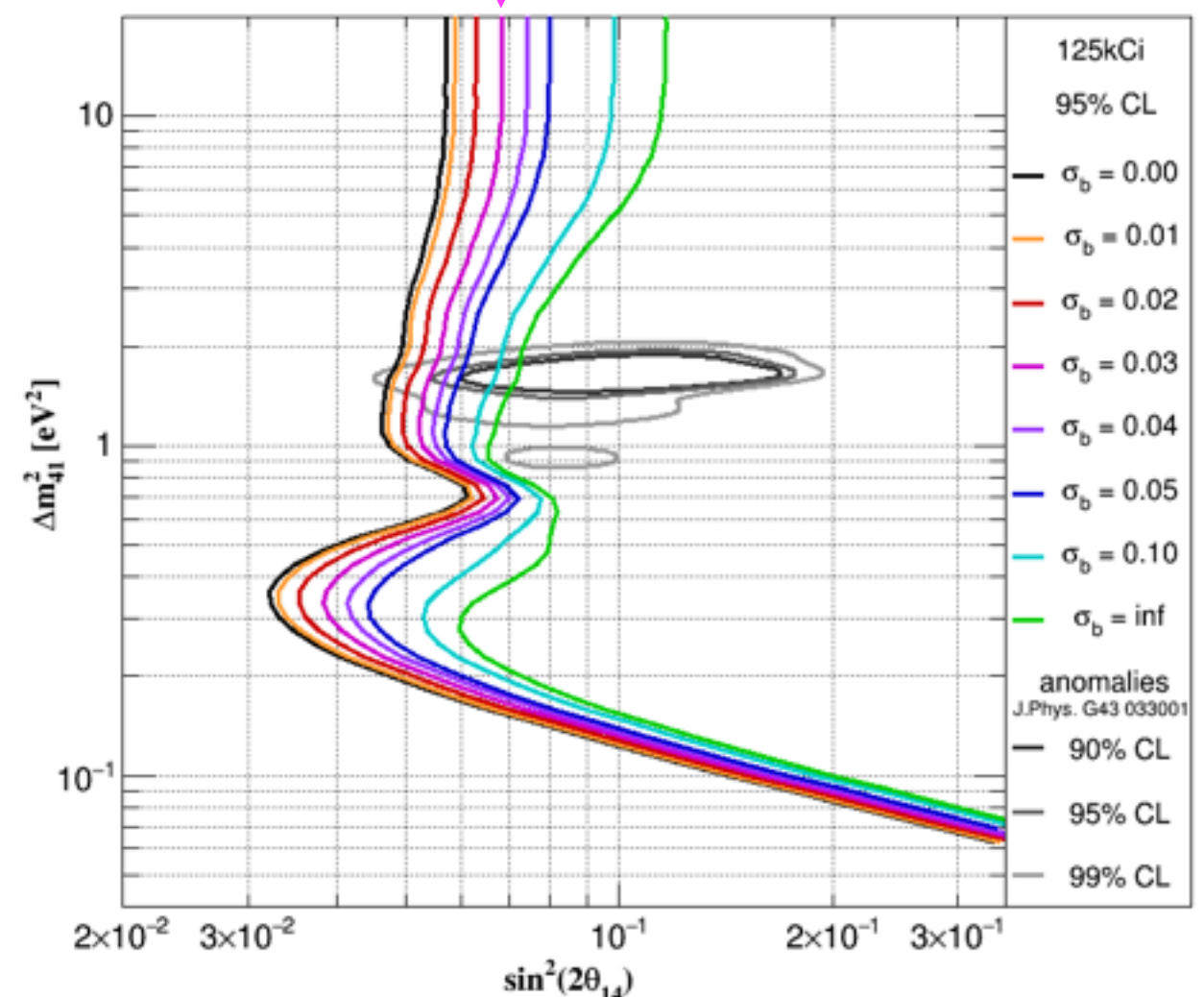
goal: 1%

power



goal: 0.03

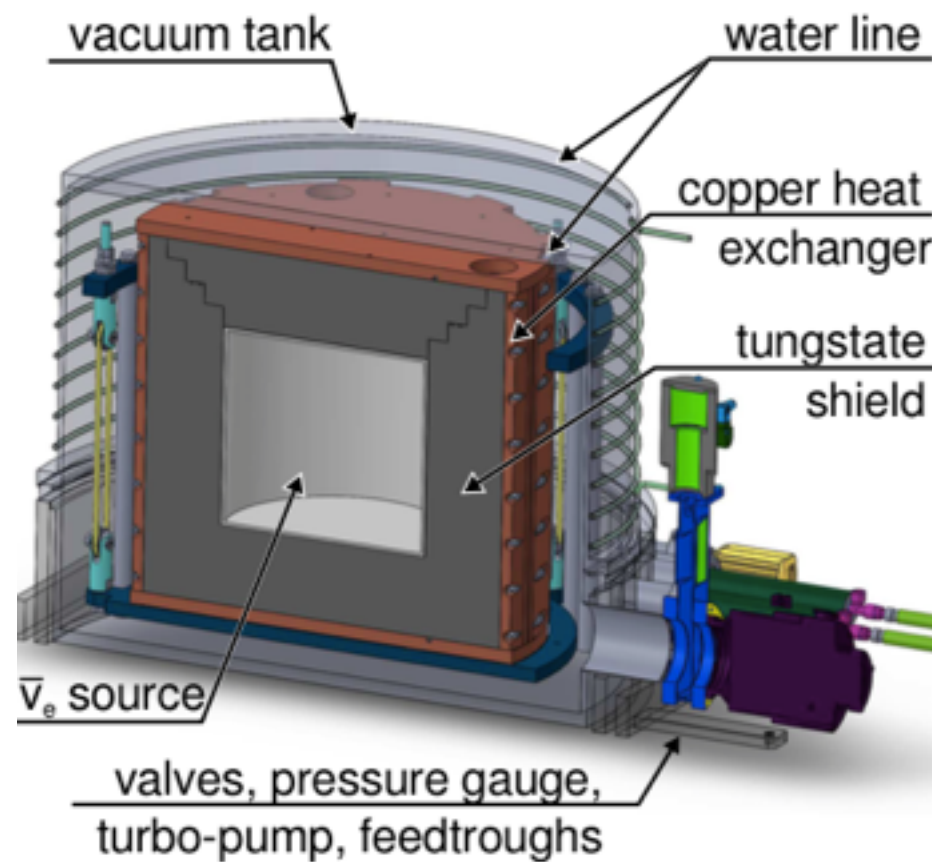
spectral shape



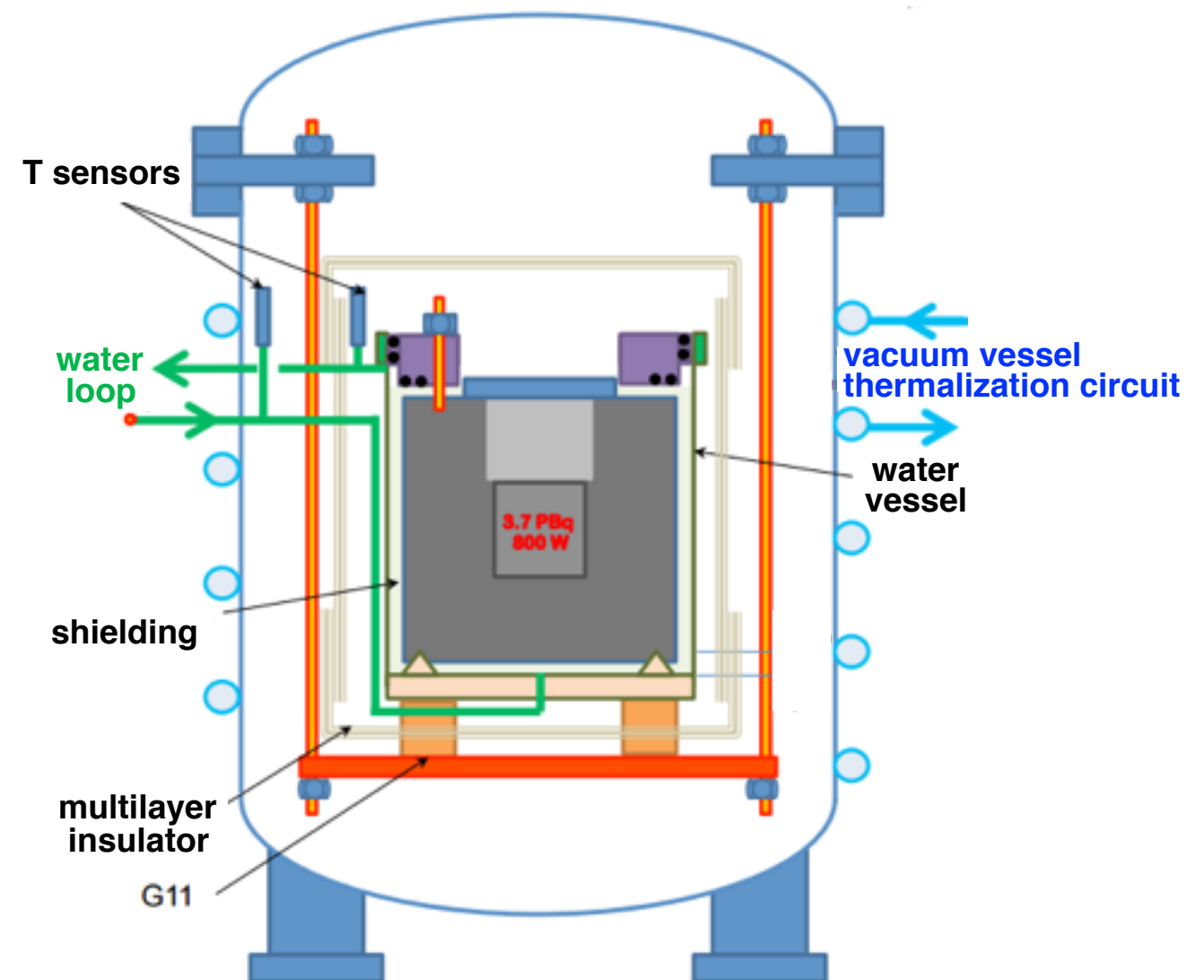
POWER MEASUREMENT

- Measurement of heat extracted by a water flow:
- initial power $\sim 1\text{kW}$
- 2 calorimeters in preparation

$$P \sim \dot{m} \cdot \Delta T$$



TUM/Genova Calorimeter



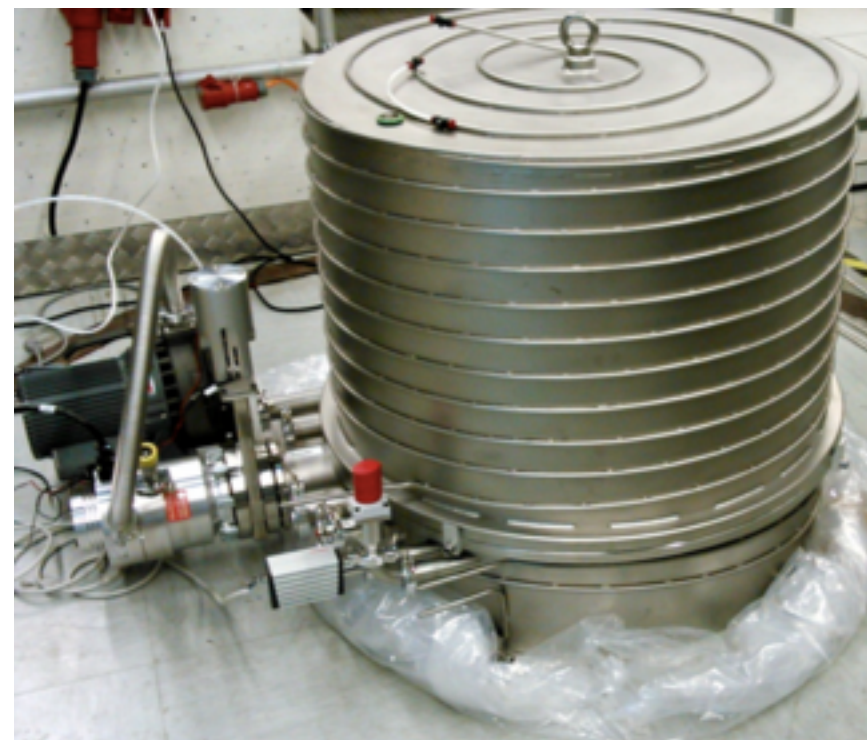
CEA Calorimeter

MINIMIZATION OF HEAT LOSSES

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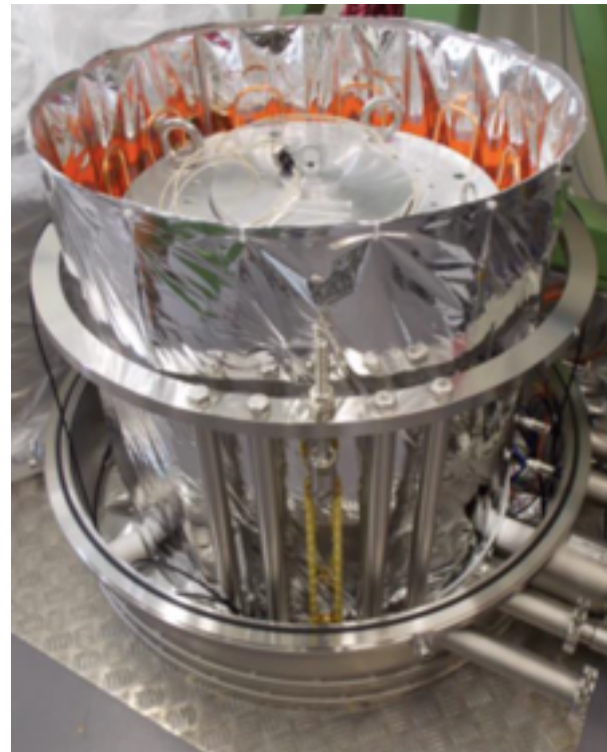


convection



vacuum tank
 $p < 5 \cdot 10^{-5}$ mbar

radiation



super insulator
2 x 10 foils

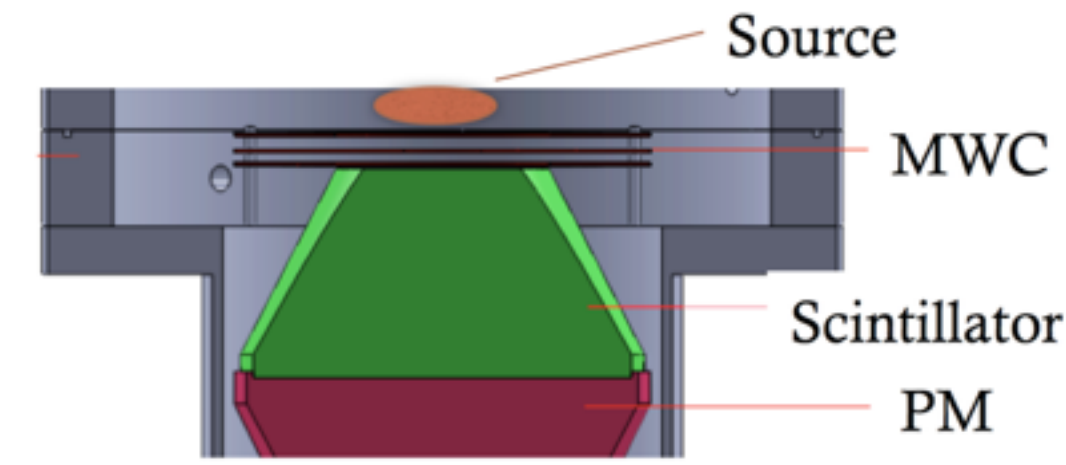
conduction



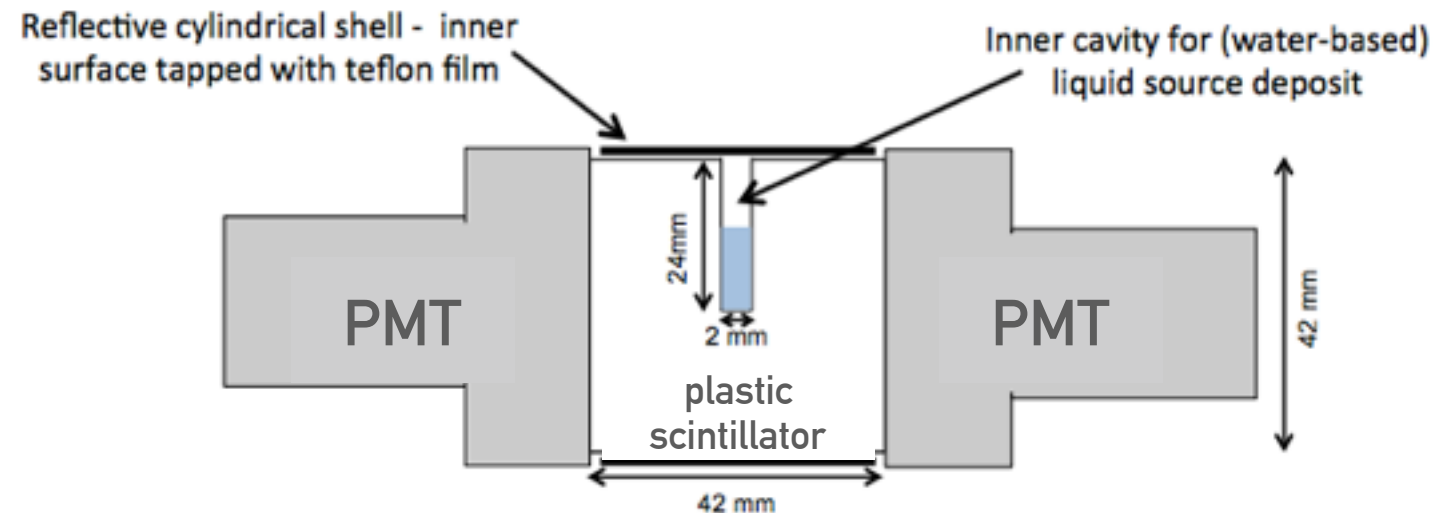
suspension platform
+ kevlar ropes

SPECTRAL MEASUREMENTS

➤ 2 independent measurements (TUM & CEA)

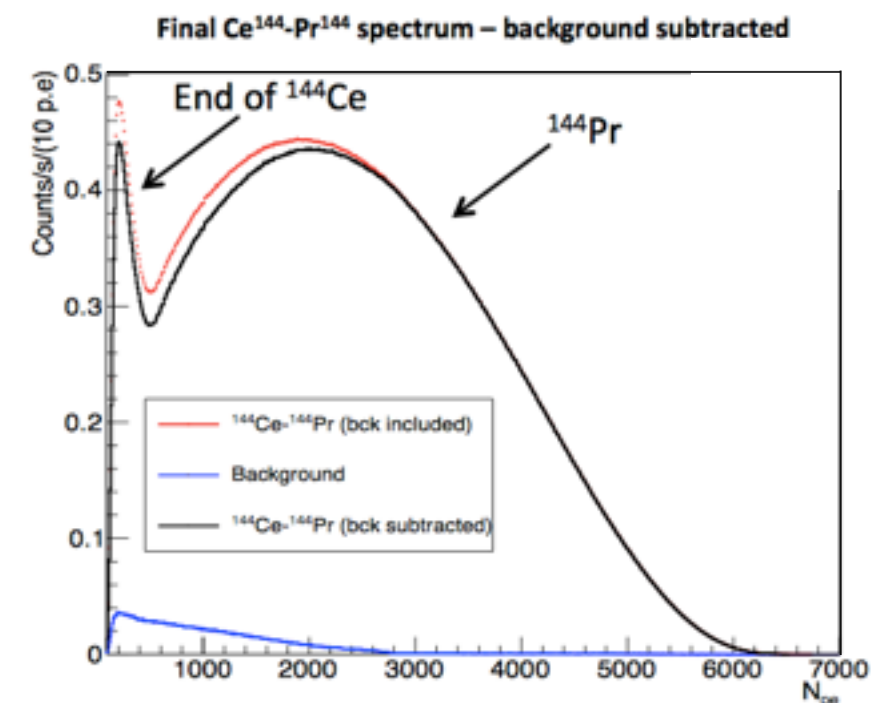


TUM Setup

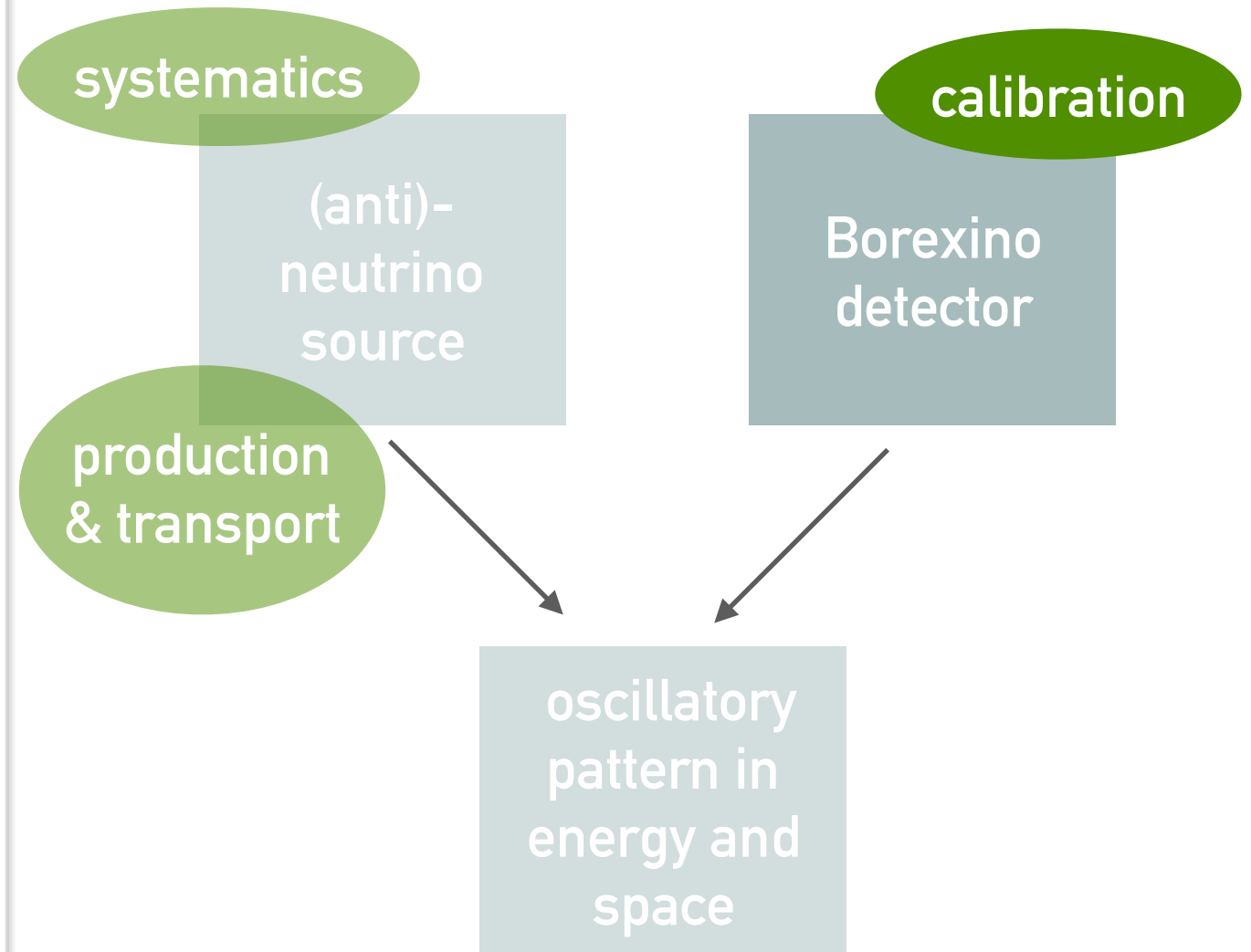
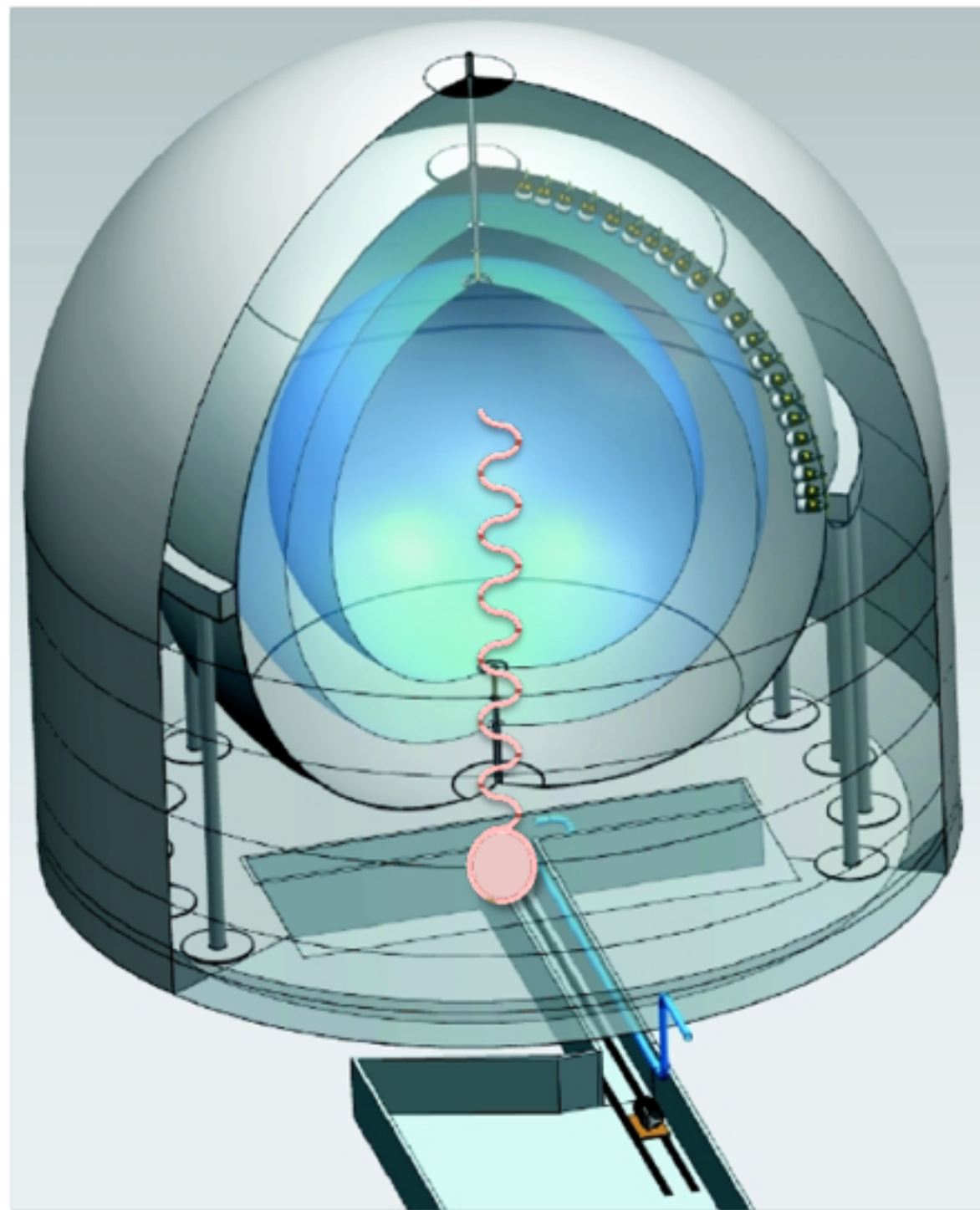


CEA Setup

- measurements are ongoing
 - characterization & calibration of detectors
 - first measurements with a ^{144}Ce sample
- precision measurement planned with PERKEO III at TUM



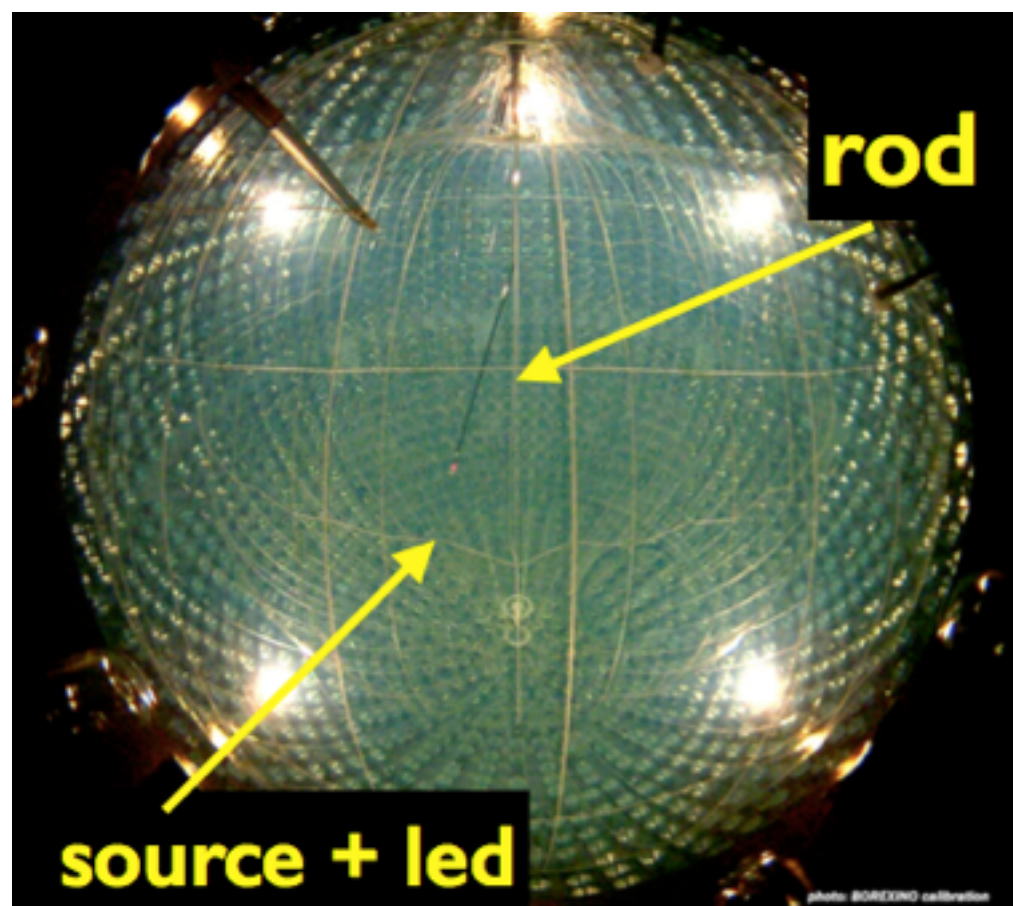
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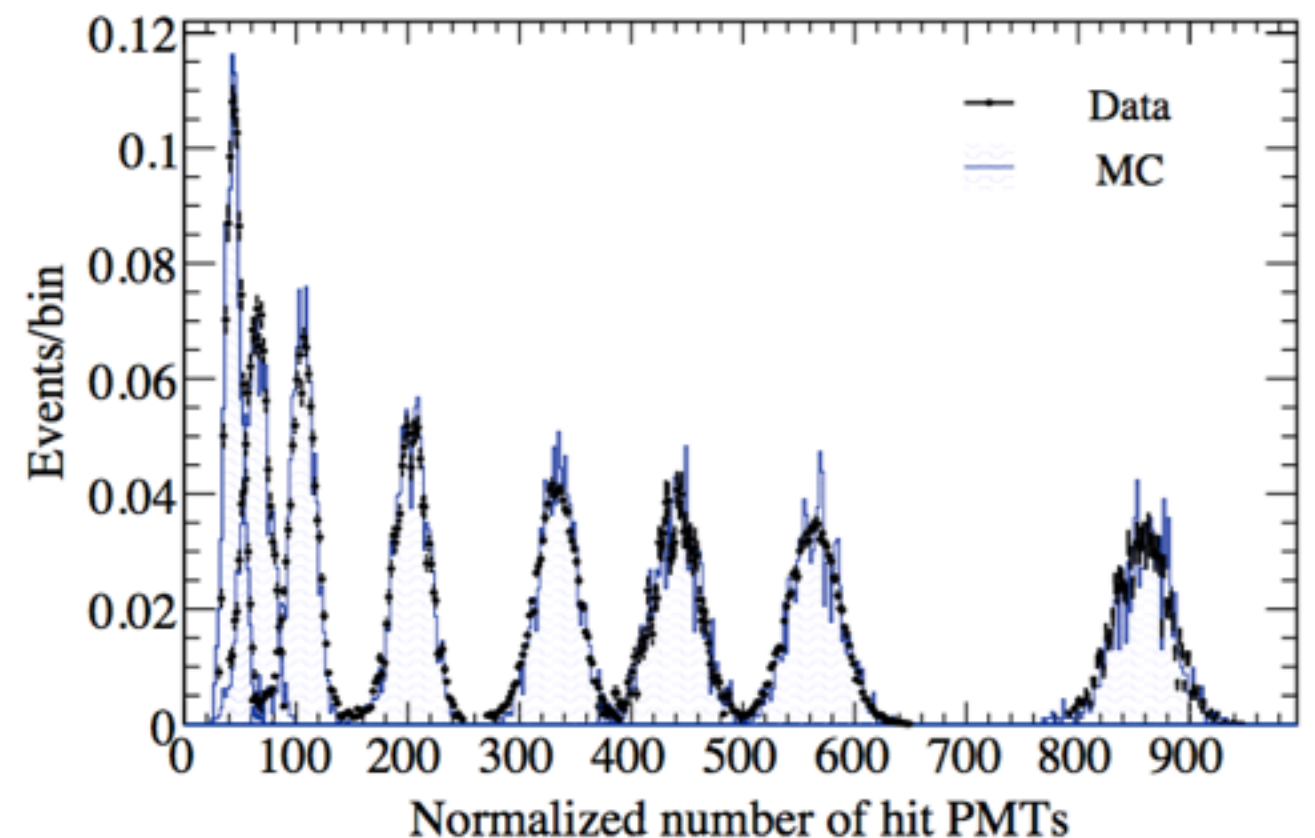
NEW CALIBRATION CAMPAIGN

focused on the outer volume not used in solar analysis

- energy scale
- uniformity of detector response
- position reconstruction → fiducial volume



energy scale test from last calibration



SUMMARY



➤ SOX

- (100-150)kCi ^{144}Ce $\bar{\nu}_e$ -source
(^{51}Cr ν_e -source in case of a positive signal)
- Borexino: 270t liquid scintillator detector at LNGS
- sterile neutrino signature is an oscillatory pattern in E & L
 - rate and shape analysis

➤ minimization of systematic uncertainties

- power and spectral measurements in preparation
- Borexino calibration campaign next year

➤ start data taking end of 2017/ early 2018

➤ first results in 2018



Milano



Jülich



Hamburg



Mainz



Gran Sasso



L'Aquila



Genova



Napoli



Tübingen



Jagiellonian
Kraków



*SOX: a project of the Borexino
collaboration and CEA*



Saclay



JINR
Dubna



Virginia Tech



Oak Ridge



Paris



UMass
Amherst



ITEP
Moscow



Kurchatov
Moscow



Hawaii

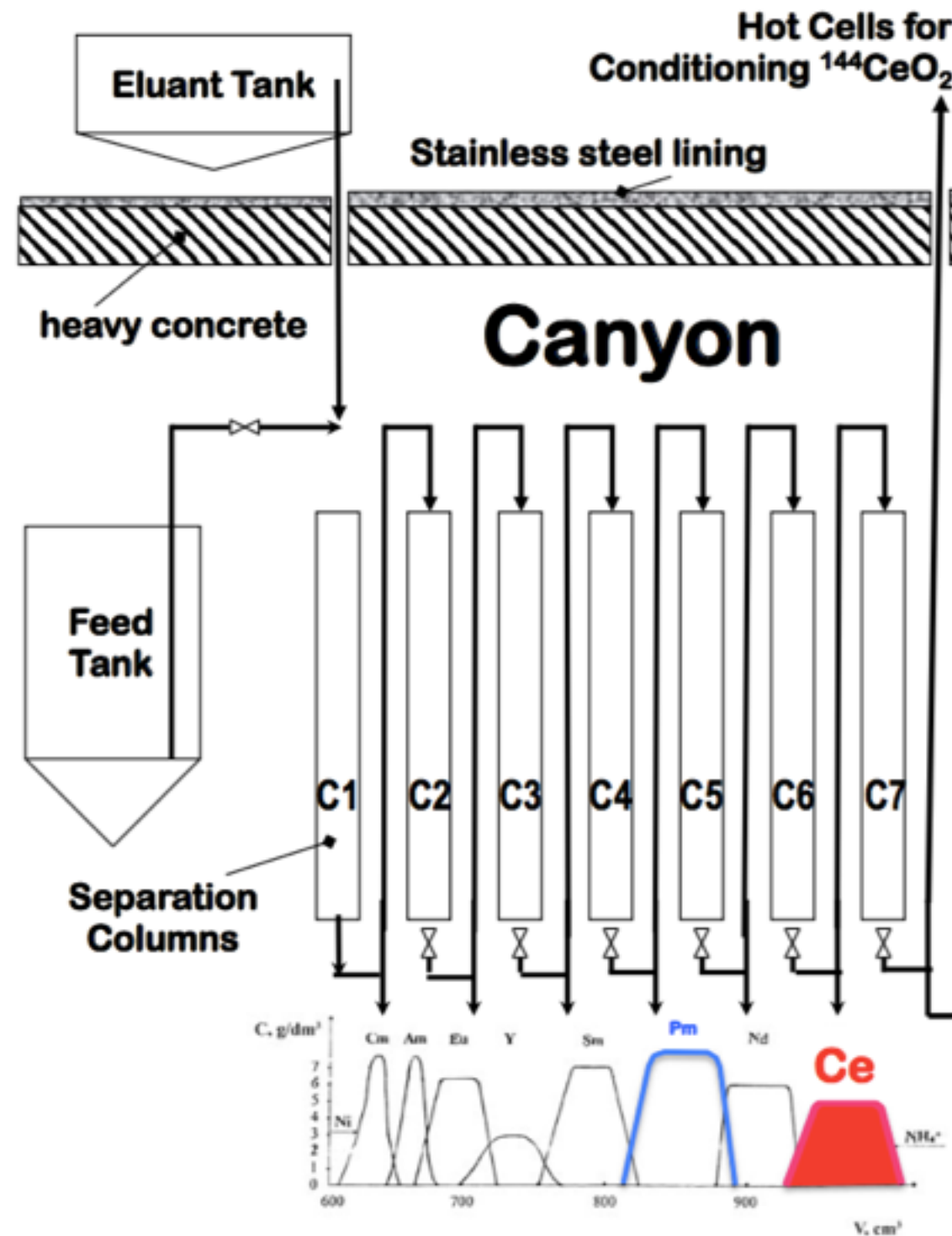


Princeton

BACK UP

DISPLACEMENT CHROMATOGRAPHIE

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REQUIREMENTS ON SOURCE

- Ratio of the total thermal power released by controllable radionuclide impurities to the thermal power released by $^{144}\text{Ce} + ^{144}\text{Pr} \leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$ (W/W)
- Ratio of the activity of impurities emitting gammas with $E \geq 1 \text{ MeV}$ to ^{144}Ce activity $\leq 1 \times 10^{-3}$ (Bq/Bq)
- Ratio of ^{244}Cm activity to ^{144}Ce activity $\leq 1 \times 10^{-5}$ (Bq/Bq)
- Ratio of ^{241}Am activity to ^{144}Ce activity $\leq 5 \times 10^{-3}$ (Bq/Bq)
- List of nuclei to check ($\gamma, \alpha, \text{ICPMS}$)

^{22}Na , ^{44}Ti - ^{44}Sc , ^{49}V , ^{54}Mn , ^{55}Fe , ^{57}Co , ^{60}Co , ^{63}Ni , ^{65}Zn , ^{68}Ge - ^{68}Ga , ^{90}Sr - ^{90}Y , ^{91}Nb ,
 $^{93\text{m}}\text{Nb}$, ^{106}Ru - ^{106}Rh , ^{101}Rh , ^{102}Rh , $^{102\text{m}}\text{Rh}$, $^{102\text{m}}\text{Rh}$, $^{108\text{m}}\text{Ag}$, $^{110\text{m}}\text{Ag}$, ^{109}Cd , $^{113\text{m}}\text{Cd}$,
 $^{119\text{m}}\text{Sn}$, $^{121\text{m}}\text{Sn}$, ^{125}Sb , ^{134}Cs , ^{137}Cs , ^{133}Ba , ^{143}Pm , ^{144}Pm , ^{145}Pm , ^{146}Pm , ^{147}Pm , ^{145}Sm ,
 ^{151}Sm , ^{150}Eu , ^{152}Eu , ^{154}Eu , ^{155}Eu , ^{148}Gd , ^{153}Gd , ^{157}Tb , ^{158}Tb , ^{171}Tm , ^{173}Lu , ^{174}Lu ,
 ^{172}Hf - ^{172}Lu , ^{179}Ta , $^{178\text{m}}\text{Hf}$, ^{194}Os - ^{194}Ir , $^{192\text{m}}\text{Ir}$, ^{193}Pt , ^{195}Au , ^{194}Hg - ^{194}Au , ^{204}Tl ,
 $^{210}\text{Pb} \rightarrow ^{206}\text{Pb}$, ^{207}Bi , ^{208}Po , ^{209}Po , $^{228}\text{Ra} \rightarrow ^{208}\text{Pb}$, $^{227}\text{Ac} \rightarrow ^{207}\text{Pb}$, $^{228}\text{Th} \rightarrow ^{208}\text{Pb}$,
 $^{232}\text{U} \rightarrow ^{208}\text{Pb}$, ^{235}Np , ^{236}Pu - ^{232}U , $^{238}\text{Pu} \rightarrow ^{230}\text{Th}$, ^{239}Pu , ^{240}Pu , ^{241}Pu - ^{241}Am , ^{241}Am ,
 $^{242\text{m}}\text{Am}$ - ^{230}Th , $^{243}\text{Cm} \rightarrow ^{235}\text{U}$, ^{244}Cm , ^{248}Bk - ^{244}Am , ^{249}Bk - ^{249}Cf , ^{248}Cf , ^{249}Cf , ^{250}Cf ,
 ^{252}Cf , ^{252}Es , ^{254}Es - ^{250}Bk

PERKEO III

