

# 500 GeV ILC Operating Scenarios<sup>†</sup>

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ILC Parameters Joint Working Group

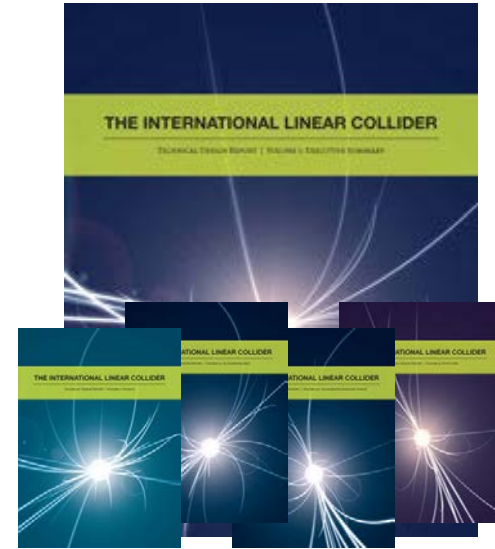
formed and charged by the Linear Collider Collaboration

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<sup>†</sup> arXiv:1506.07830 [hep-ph]

# Optimized ILC Operating Scenario

- Based on five-volume blueprint for ILC after many years of globally coordinated R&D driven by physics goals (TDR published 12 June 2013)
  - Realistic technical design and implementation plan, optimized for performance, cost and risk
- TDR followed successful R&D program:
  - construction and commissioning of world-wide superconducting RF accelerator test facilities,
  - improvement in accelerating cavity production processes,
  - plans for mass production of 16,000 superconducting cavities needed to drive the ILC's particle beams.
- TDR includes details of the two state-of-the-art detectors
- Extensive outline of geological and civil engineering studies conducted for ILC siting
- TDR plans initial  $E_{\text{CMS}} = 500 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$  upgrade to 1 TeV



<i>ILC Physics Goals</i>	<i>500 GeV</i>
• precision Higgs couplings	✓
• $g_{HWW}$ and overall normalization of Higgs couplings	✓
• search for invisible and exotic Higgs decay modes	✓
• Higgs couplings to top	✓
• Higgs self-coupling	✓
• search for extended Higgs states	✓
• precision electroweak couplings of the top quark	✓
• precision $W$ couplings	✓
• precision search for $Z'$	✓
• search for supersymmetry	✓
• search for Dark Matter	✓

<i>ILC Physics Goals</i>	<i>500 GeV</i>	<i>350 GeV</i>
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• search for supersymmetry	✓	
• search for Dark Matter	✓	
• top quark mass from threshold scan		✓

<i>ILC Physics Goals</i>	<i>500 GeV</i>	<i>350 GeV</i>	<i>250 GeV</i>
• precision Higgs couplings	✓	✓	✓
• <b>g</b> HWW and overall normalization of Higgs couplings	✓	✓	
• search for invisible and exotic Higgs decay modes	✓	✓	✓
• Higgs couplings to top	✓		
• Higgs self-coupling	✓		
• search for extended Higgs states	✓		
• precision electroweak couplings of the top quark	✓		
• precision <b>W</b> couplings	✓	✓	
• precision search for <b>Z'</b>	✓		
• search for supersymmetry	✓		
• search for Dark Matter	✓		
• top quark mass from threshold scan		✓	
• precision Higgs mass			✓

# Operating scenarios

Flexibility in operating energy up to maximum (initial max  $\geq 500$  GeV)

– this is one strength of the ILC.

Polarization:  $|P(e^-)| = 80\%$ ,  $|P(e^+)| = 30\%$

Optimize for machine and physics, with emphasis on higher operating energy. (of course, actual scenario will depend on future factors.)

Assume 20 years of operation, compared many scenarios, including:

G20, **H20 (preferred)**, I20, Snowmass study\* ( $< 15$  yr).

NOTE – centre-of-mass energy scans of interest (e.g. new particle thresholds, and 1 TeV upgrade, important capabilities.

## Study assumptions

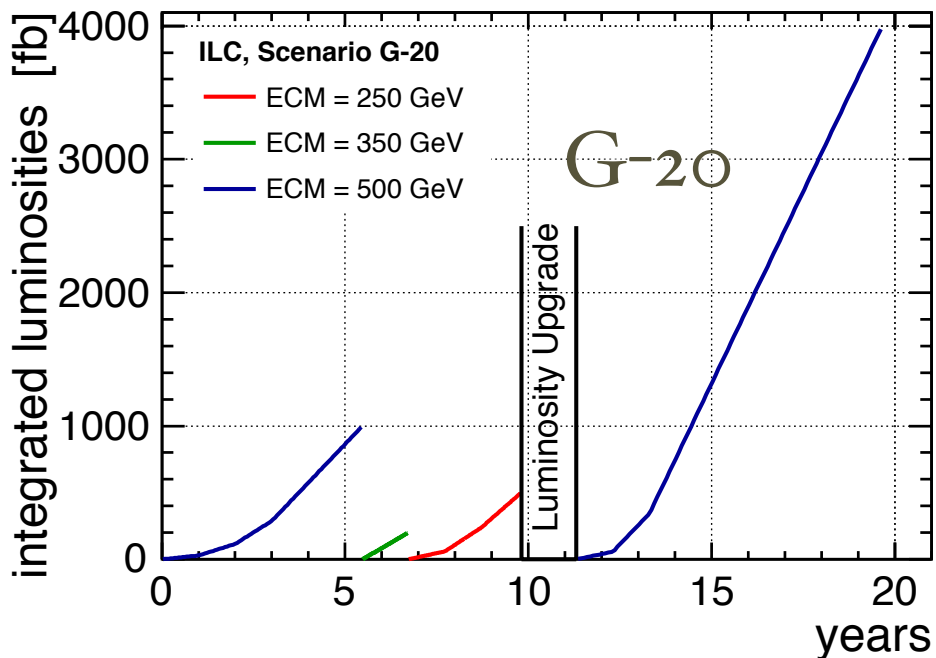
8 months/yr at 75% efficiency with ramp-ups of luminosity performance  
 $= 1.6 \times 10^7$  sec/year

18-mo. shutdown for luminosity upgrade after  $\sim 8$  years.

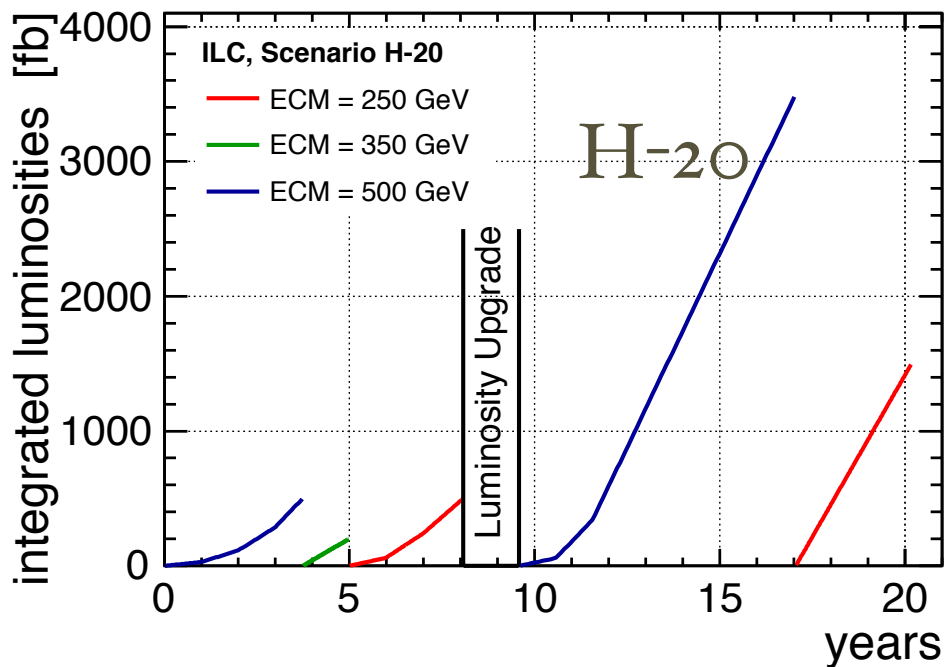
10-Hz and 7-Hz operation assumed for 250 GeV and 350 GeV

\* - arXiv:1310.0763 [hep-ph]

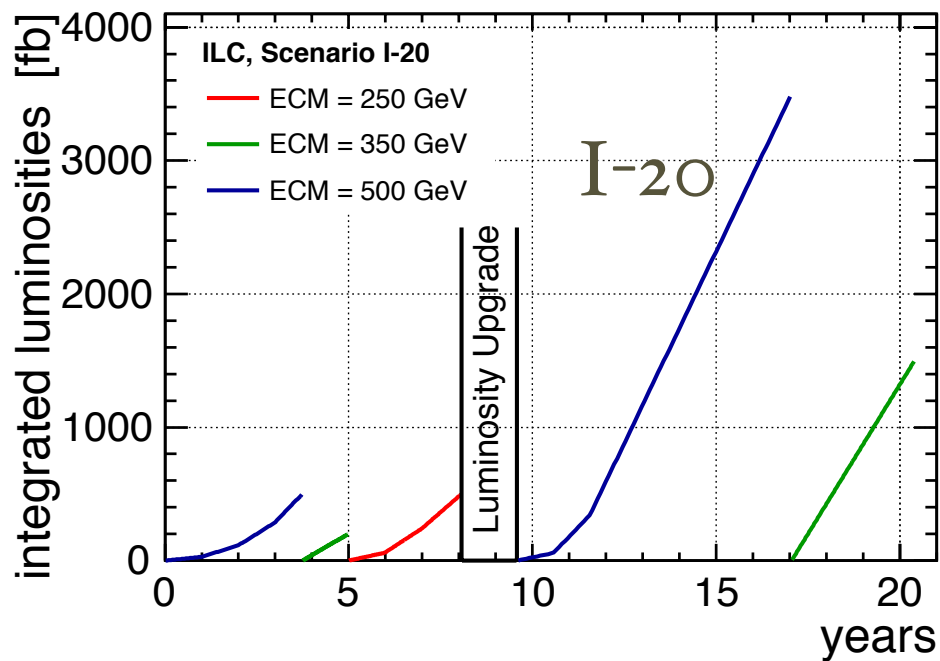
Integrated Luminosities [fb]



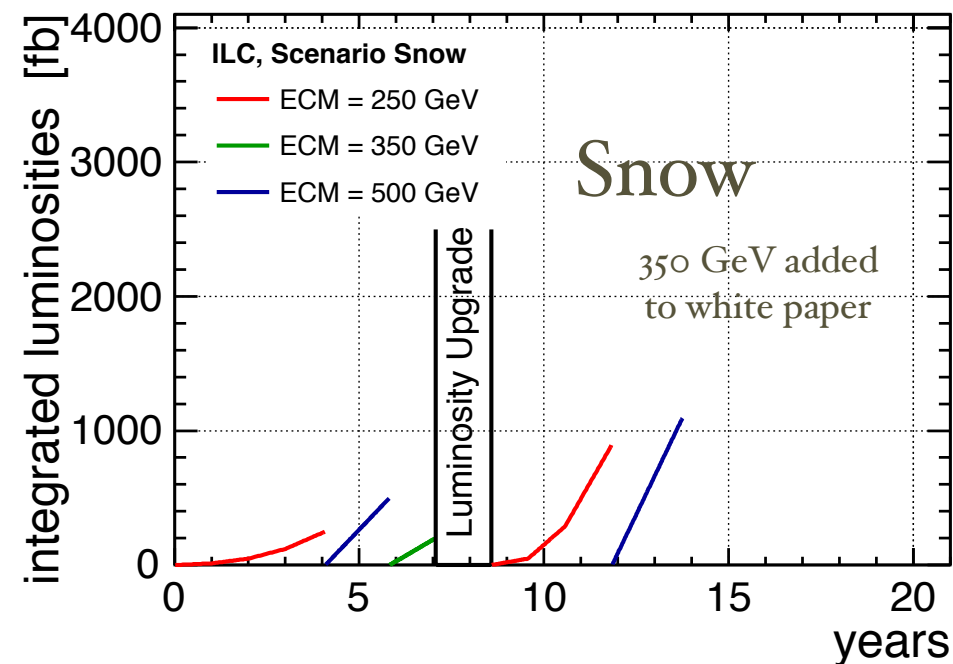
Integrated Luminosities [fb]

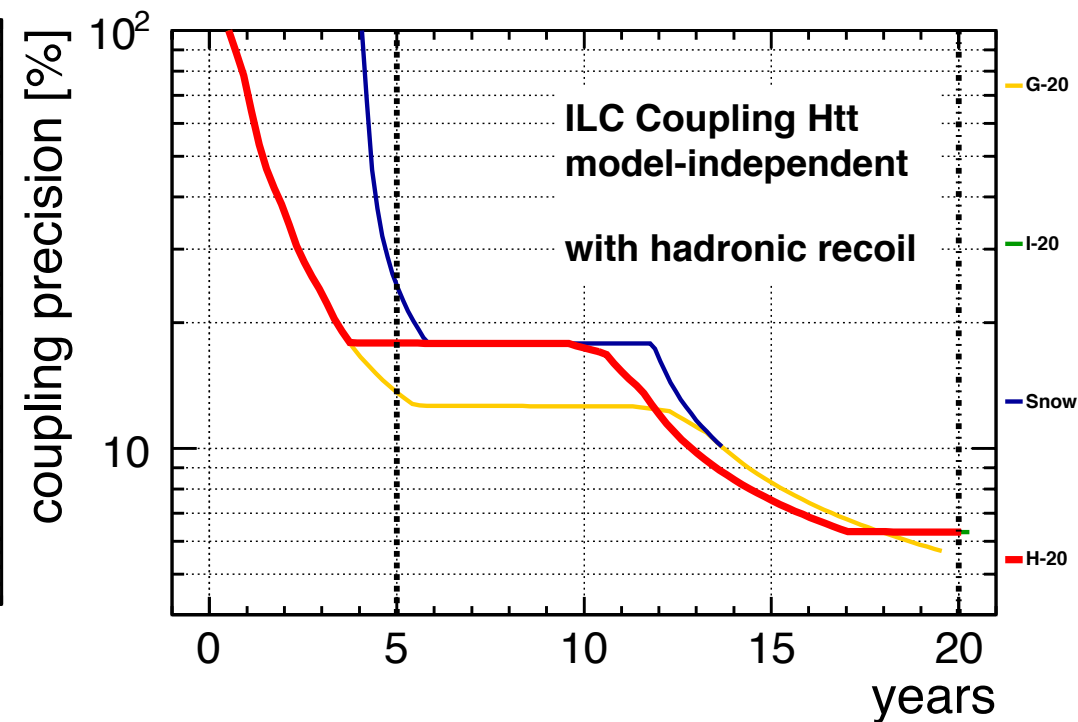
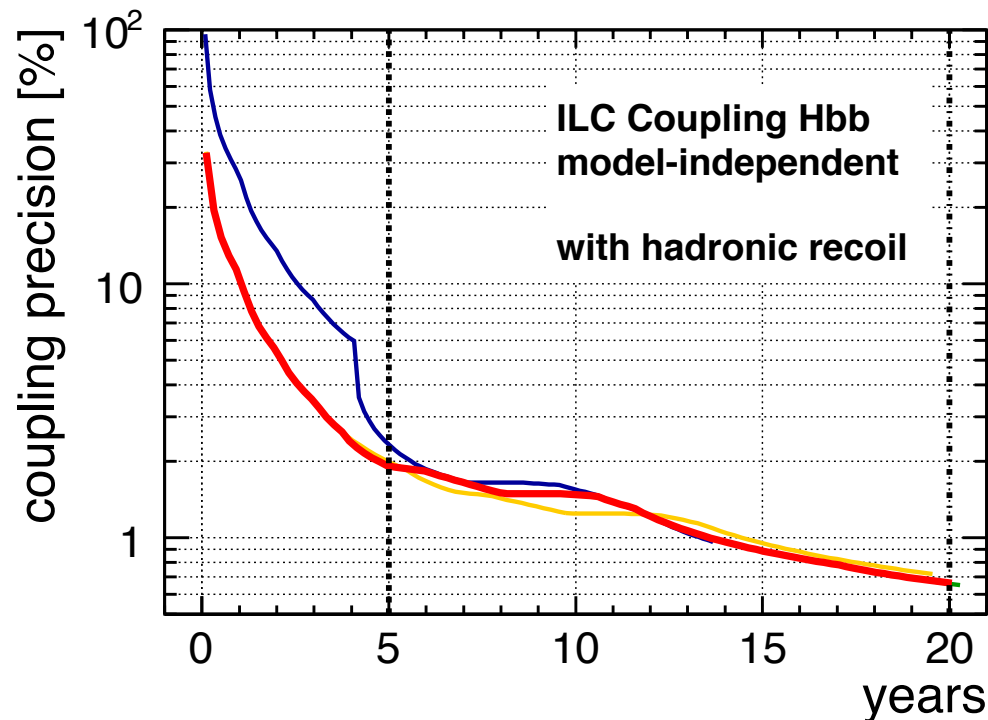
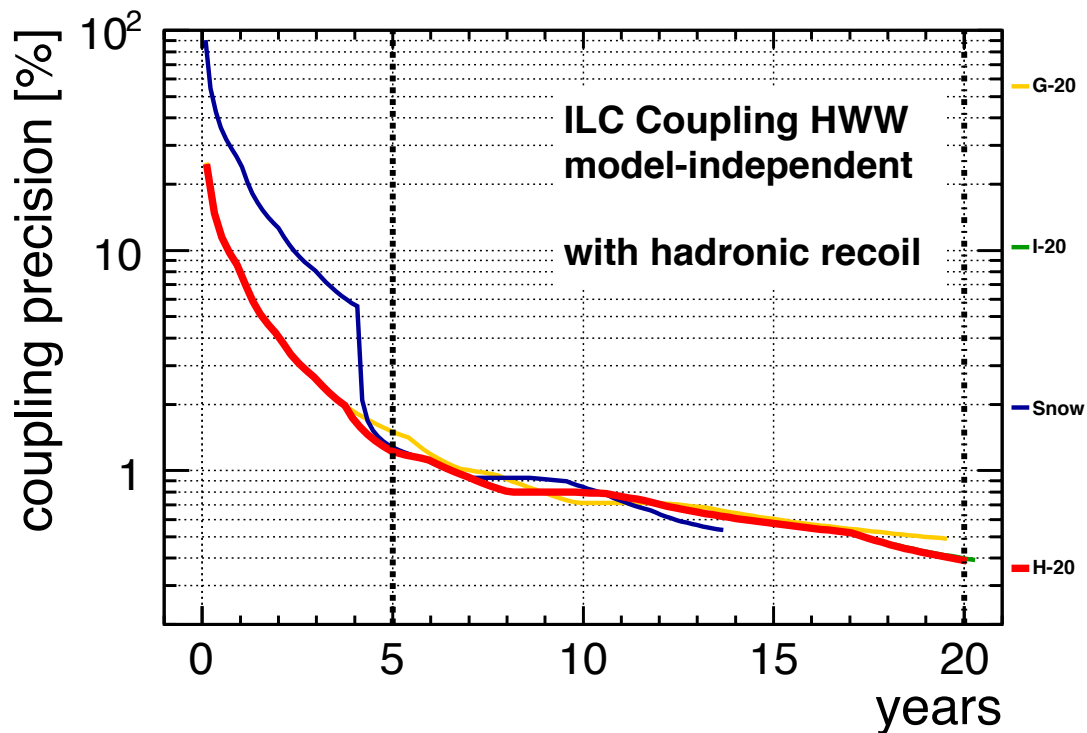
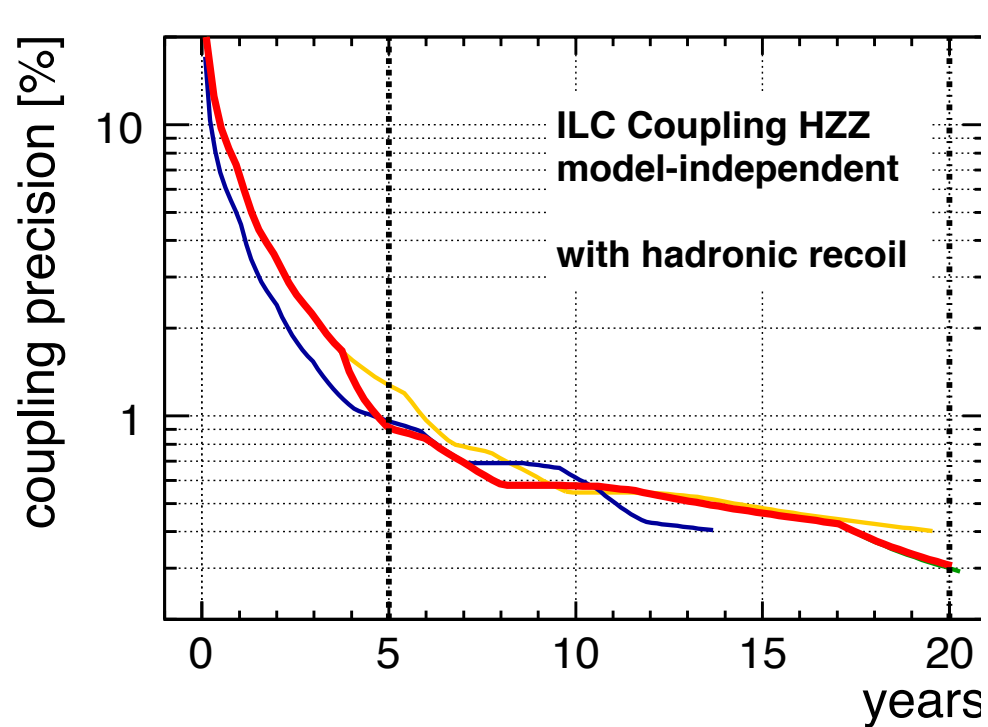


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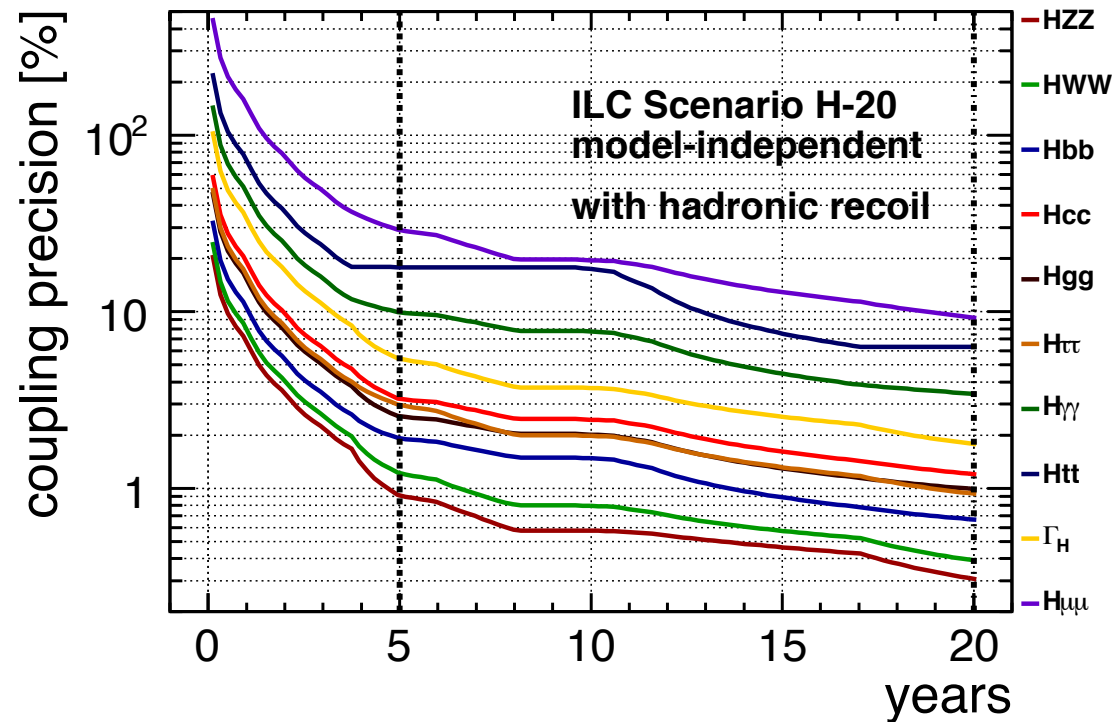




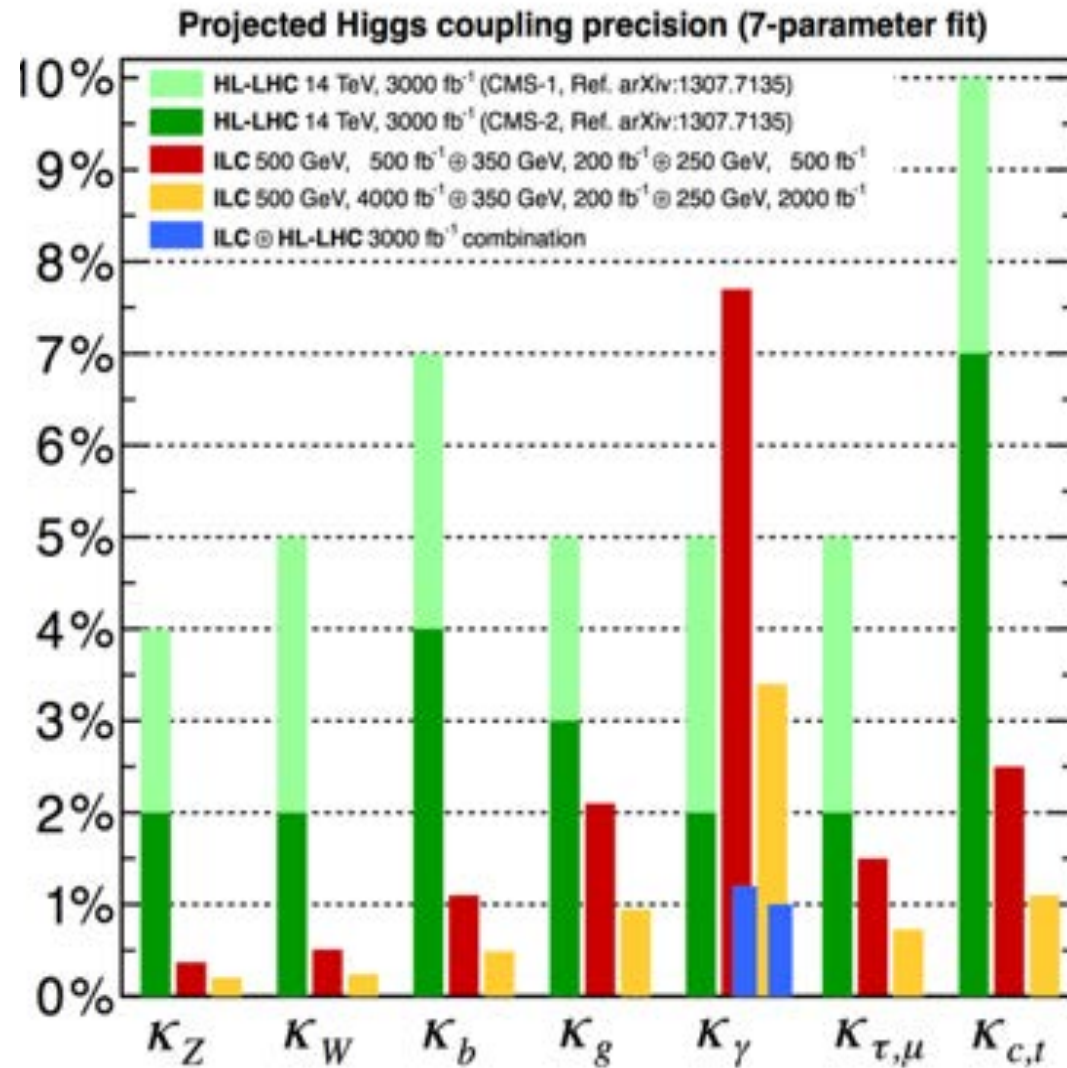


# Higgs couplings (H-20)

- H-20 preferred for
  - slightly better early precision (compared to G-20)
  - current best reliability of  $m_h$  and  $\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh)$  measurements when done at 250 GeV
- Model independent
  - Higgs recoil from hadronic decaying Z is nearly model independent
- H-20 approved (June 2015) by Linear Collider Board

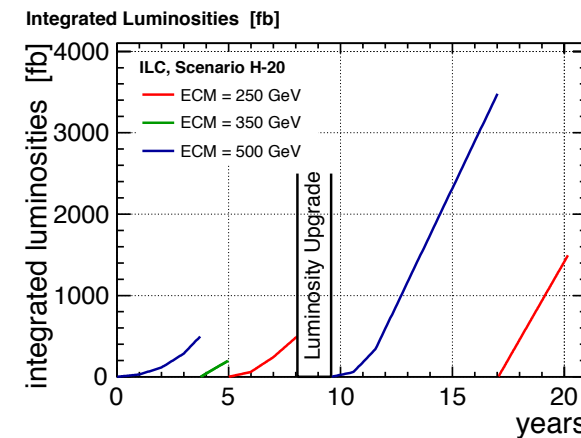


# Model-dependent $H_{20}$ Higgs couplings and LHC



# Summary of Optimized H2o Scenario

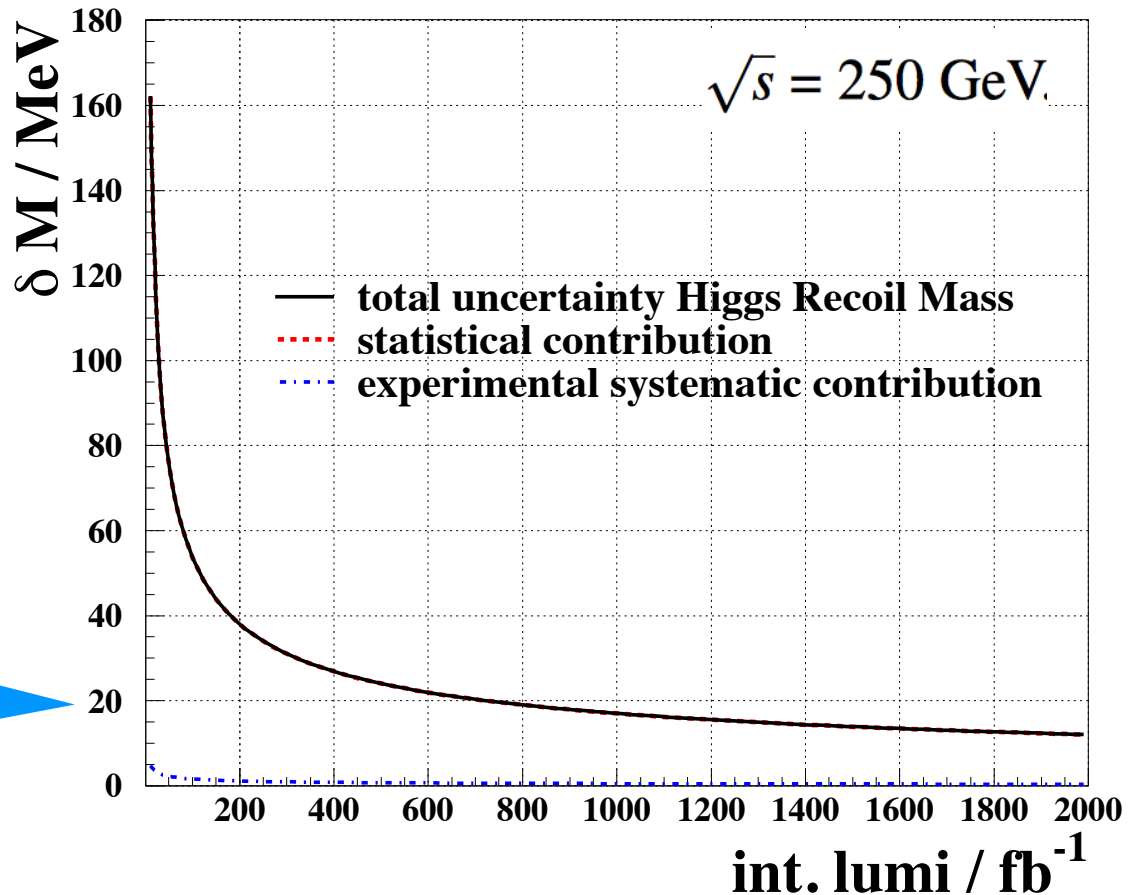
	first phase	lumi upgrade	total
250 GeV	500 fb <sup>-1</sup>	1500 fb <sup>-1</sup>	2 ab <sup>-1</sup>
350 GeV	200 fb <sup>-1</sup>		0.2 ab <sup>-1</sup>
500 GeV	500 fb <sup>-1</sup>	3500 fb <sup>-1</sup>	4 ab <sup>-1</sup>
time	8.1 yrs	10.6 yrs	20.2 yrs*



\* includes 1.5 years for luminosity upgrade

# Higgs mass

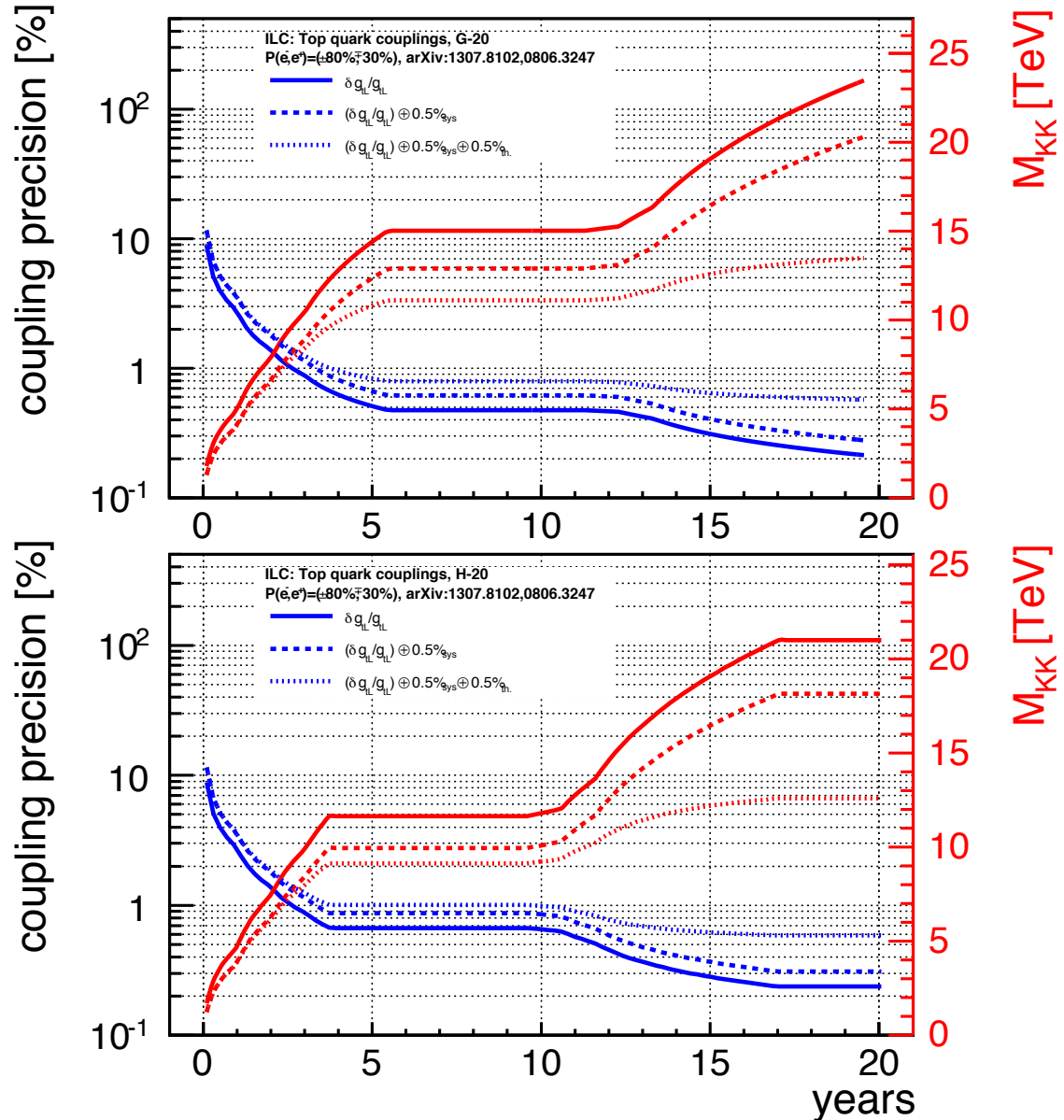
- Fundamental parameter of SM, important to know in own right
- Higgs decay partial width dependence on  $m_h$  requires 20 MeV  $m_h$  precision to achieve desired 0.2% on partial widths



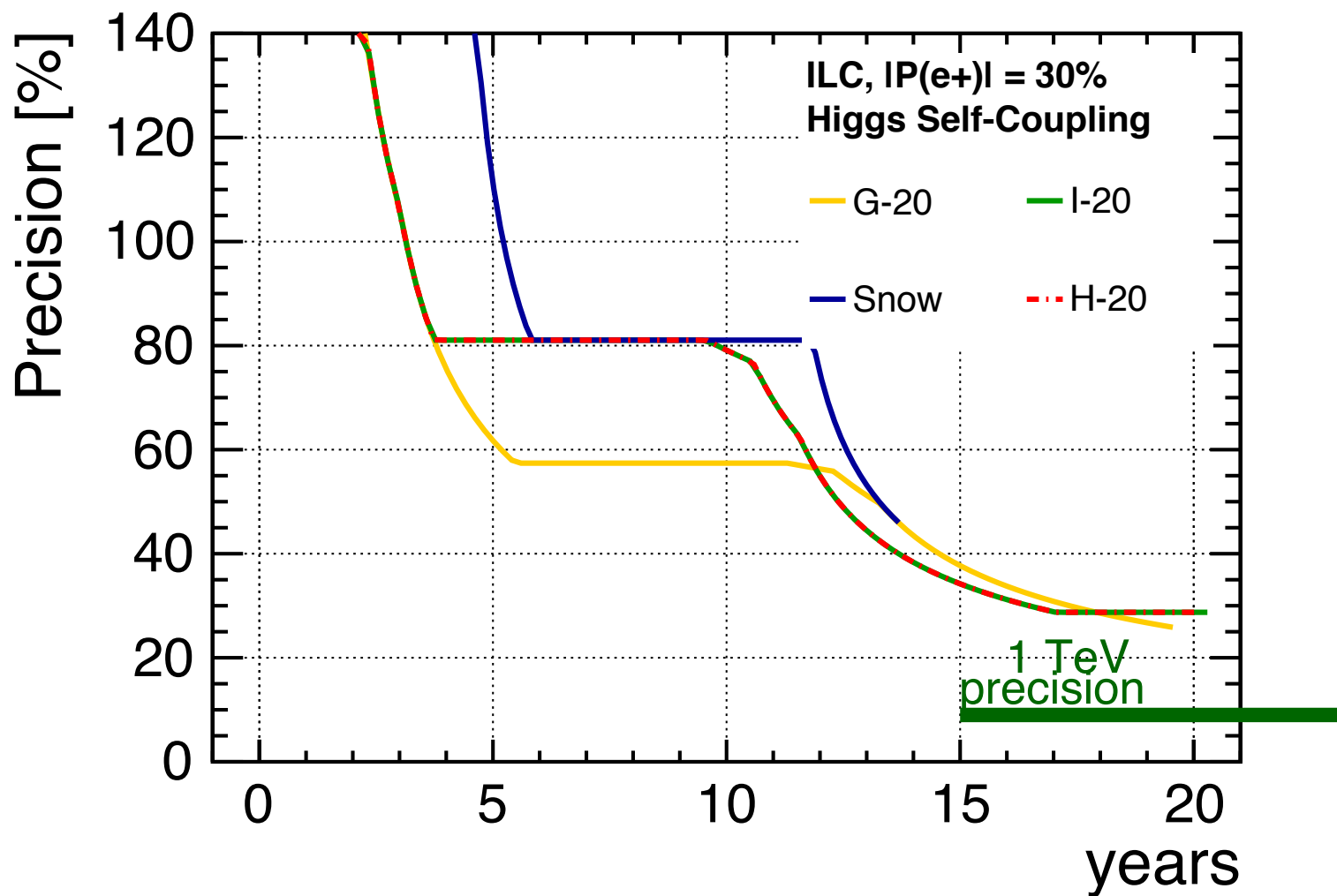
- Higgs recoil from  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$  (expect 1 MeV systematic uncertainty)
- Note - direct reconstruction at 500 GeV in  $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  and  $\rightarrow WW$  shows similar level of promise

# Top electroweak couplings

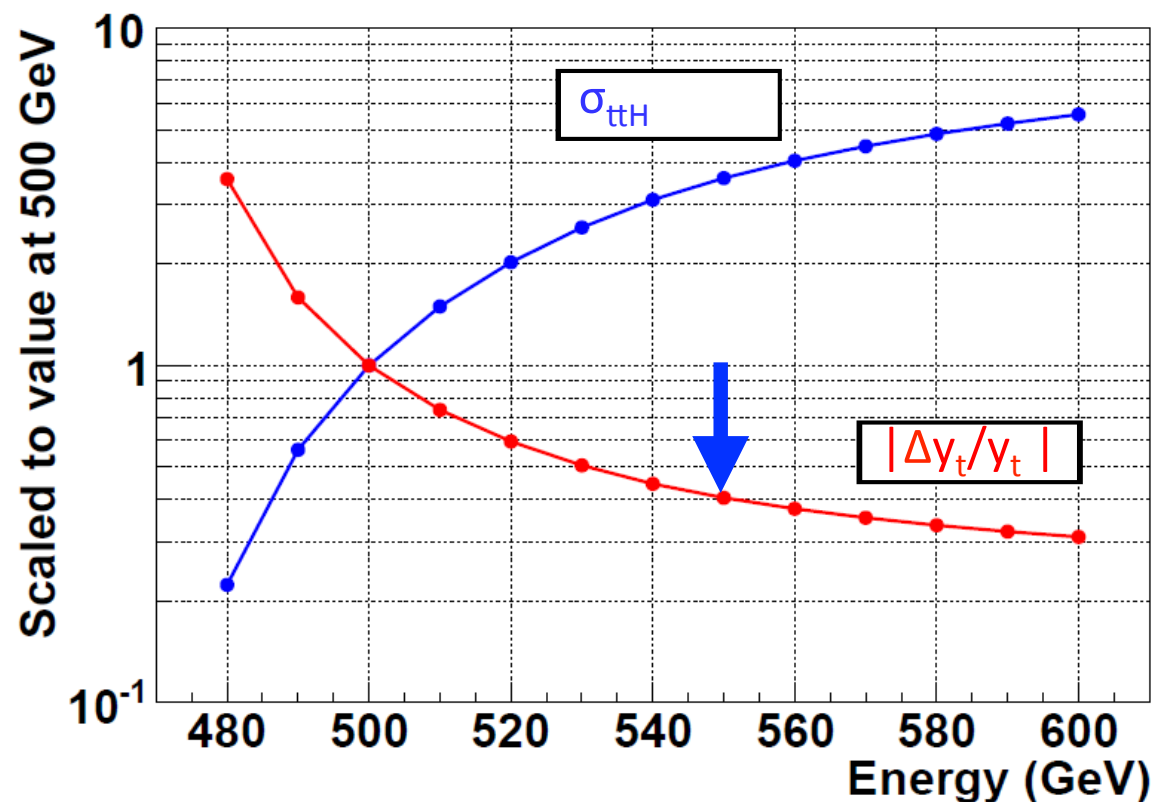
- Left-handed top coupling, and derived mass scale sensitivity for Kaluza-Klein excitations in an extra-dimensions model



# Higgs self-coupling

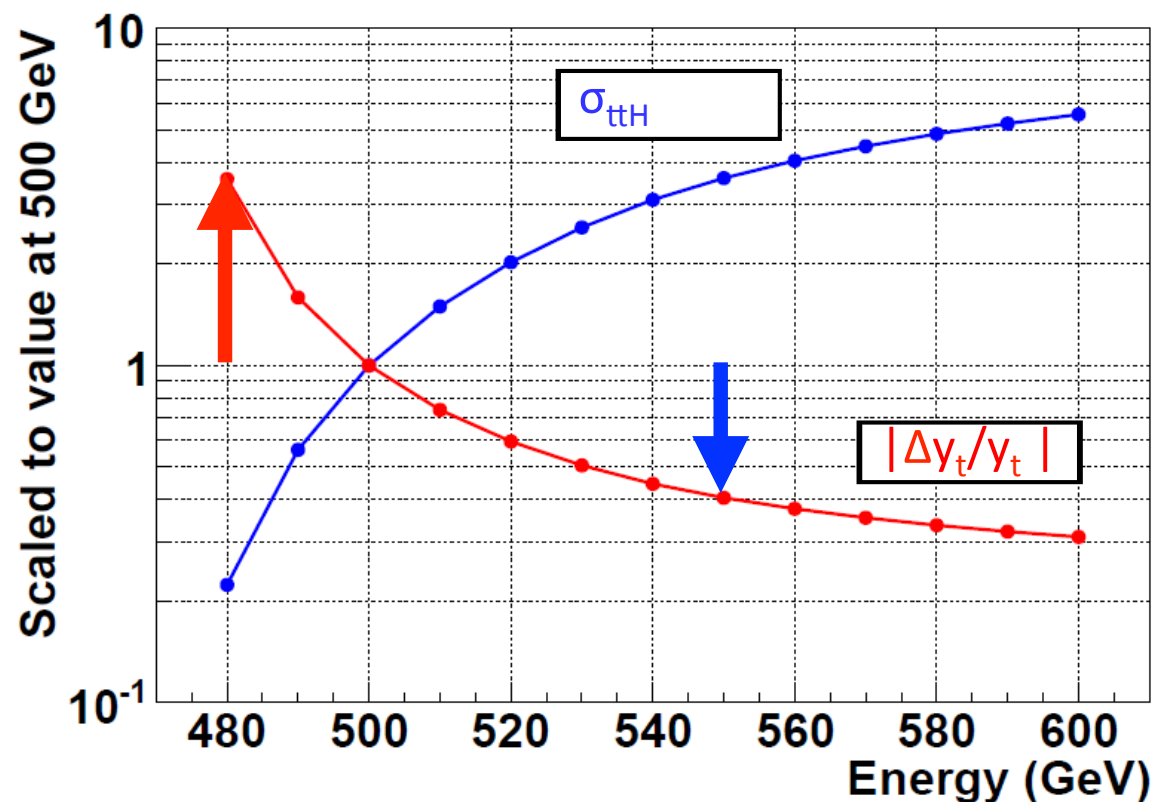


# 500 GeV vs. 550 GeV & ttH



550 GeV is 2.4 precision improvement over 500 GeV

# 500 GeV vs. 550 GeV & ttH



550 GeV is 2.4 precision improvement over 500 GeV  
- Failing to achieve 500 GeV loses reach quickly  
Linear Collider Collaboration striving for  $\geq 550$  GeV



# Conclusions:

## Optimized ILC running scenario

- After considering various running scenarios for 500 GeV ILC, the preferred scenario based on current knowledge: H-20
  - 500 GeV startup, 20 yr duration (run at 500, 350 & 250 GeV)
  - luminosity upgrade after 8 years
  - after several years of 500 GeV operation with upgraded luminosity, return to 250 GeV
- tth benefits from stretching to 550 GeV capability
- Actual running scenario will depend on physics results of LHC and early ILC (eg. other energy in 250-500 GeV range)
  - <http://arxiv.org/abs/1506.07830>

- Acknowledgements

contributions to study from

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please refer to <http://arxiv.org/abs/1506.07830> for specific references (not listed in this talk)