



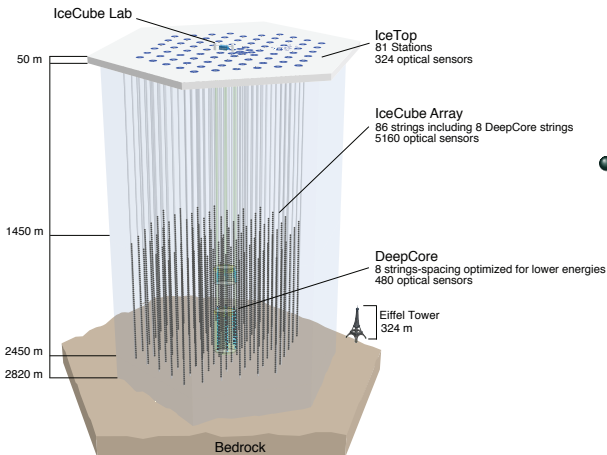
ν_μ Disappearance with IceCube/DeepCore

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for the IceCube Collaboration

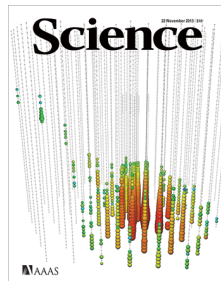
MICHIGAN STATE
UNIVERSITY

August 4th, 2016

IceCube

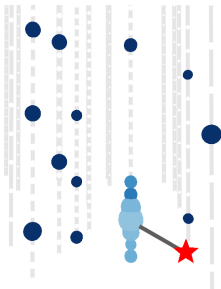


- Without DeepCore:
78 strings,
125 m string spacing,
17 m module
vertical-spacing
- Optimized for (very)
High Energy neutrinos



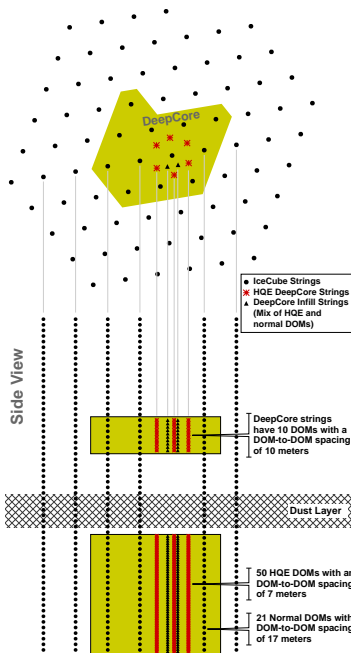
IceCube-DeepCore

- 78 strings, 125 m string spacing
- 17 m modules vertical-spacing
- 8 strings, 40-75 m string spacing
- 7 m modules vertical-spacing



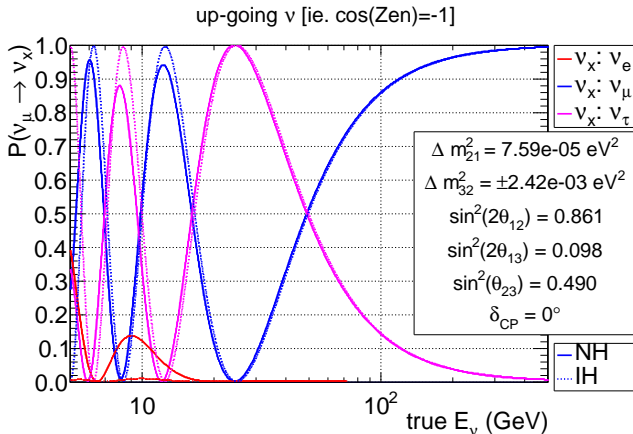
→ Typical LE ν event
 → $E_{\nu\mu} = 12$ GeV
 (w/ $E_{\mu} = 8$ GeV)

Top View

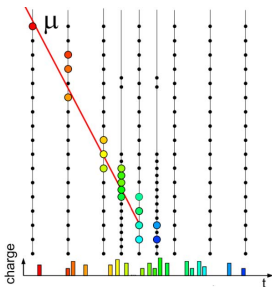


Using atmospheric ν to study ν oscillation

- Neutrinos oscillating through the Earth's diameter have “first” maximum of ν_μ disappearance at ≈ 25 GeV
 - ▶ signal accessible with DeepCore
- Hierarchy dependent matter effects below ~ 12 GeV
 - ▶ too low energy for DC, requires higher density of optical modules



Measurement strategy for PRD results

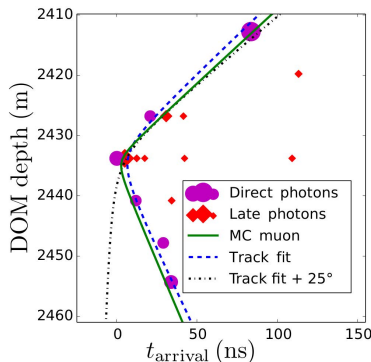
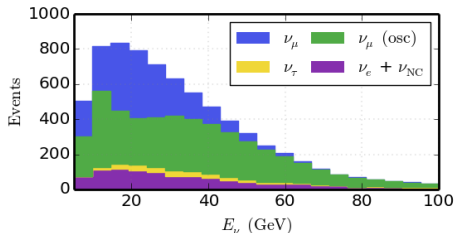


- Main background is atmospheric μ
 - ▶ Use IceCube as veto to reject atm μ events
- Reconstruct ν energy and direction
 - ▶ oscillation distance (L) given by zenith
- Do oscillation measurement!

- Focus on ν_μ CC “golden events”
 - ▶ Focus on up-going events
 - ▶ Clear μ tracks
 - ▶ Require several non-scattered γ
- Results in PRD 91, 072004 (2015) [arXiv:1410.7227]

Measurement strategy – focus on “golden events”

- Clear μ tracks
 - ▶ Reduce contamination of cascades (primarily ν NC and ν_e CC)
- Require several non-scattered γ
- select events “easy” to reconstruct
 - ▶ 10° resolution in neutrino zenith
 - ▶ 25% resolution in neutrino energy

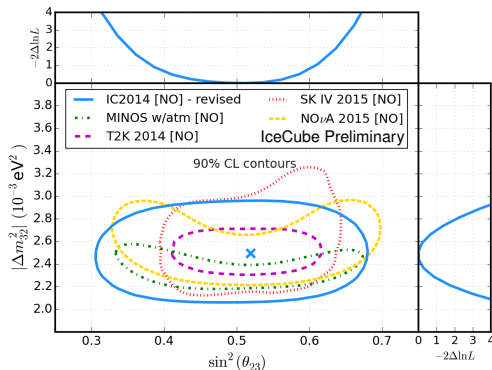


Systematics Included

- Normalization terms
 - ▶ Overall neutrino flux
 - ▶ ν_e/ν_μ flux ratio
 - ▶ Atmospheric muon contamination
- Neutrino Flux
 - ▶ Spectral Index
 - ▶ π/K ratio
- Detector Effects
 - ▶ DOM efficiency
 - ▶ Hole ice scattering
 - ▶ Bulk ice model
 - ▶ noise level

Update to PRD ν_μ disappearance oscillation analysis

PRD 91, 072004 (2015)



- Improved simulation, systematics, and MC/Data agreement results.
- Improved: detector noise model, tighter cut for atm. muon rejection, flux prediction, PE charge calibration, etc.
- Consistent with original results

- Using only events with $E_{reco} < 56$ GeV
- Fitting to data done in 2D space (E, θ)
 - ▶ $\chi^2/ndf = 52.4/56$
- Observed ≈ 5200 events in 953 days

$$|\Delta m^2_{32}| = 2.50^{+0.18}_{-0.24} 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2(\theta_{23}) = 0.52^{+0.12}_{-0.10}$$

ν Sterile Search with DeepCore

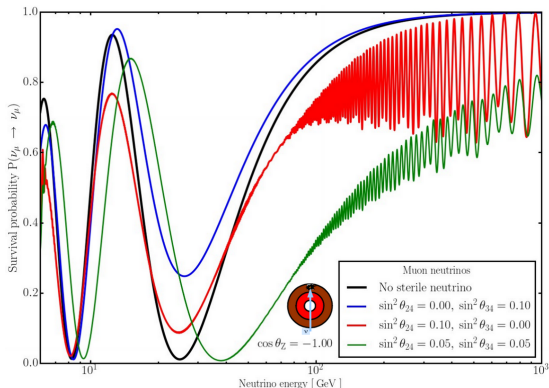
$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \\ \nu_s \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} & U_{e4} \\ U_{\mu1} & U_{\mu2} & U_{\mu3} & U_{\mu4} \\ U_{\tau1} & U_{\tau2} & U_{\tau3} & U_{\tau4} \\ U_{s1} & U_{s2} & U_{s3} & U_{s4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \\ \nu_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- 3+N sterile models alter normal 3-flavor oscillations
- For 3+1, IceCube/DeepCore is sensitive to $|U_{\mu4}|^2$ and $|U_{\tau4}|^2$ via ν_μ disappearance.
- Assuming $\theta_{14}=0 \rightarrow |U_{e4}|^2=0$ and all CP violating phases are 0:

$$\begin{aligned} |U_{\mu4}|^2 &= \sin^2 \theta_{24} \\ |U_{\tau4}|^2 &= \sin^2 \theta_{34} \cos^2 \theta_{24} \end{aligned}$$

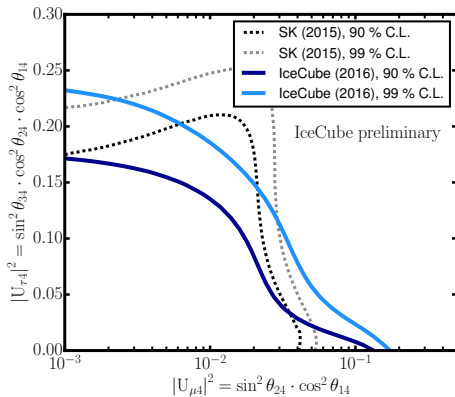
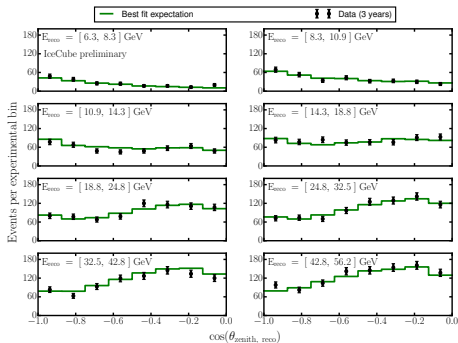
Sterile ν Search with DeepCore

- Effects of sterile neutrinos below 100 GeV¹:
 - ▶ Modifies standard neutrino oscillations
 - ▶ Effect is proportional to amount of matter along neutrino path
- ν_μ disappearance minimum:
 - ▶ Change of depth
 - ▶ Shifts in energy
 - ▶ Independent of sterile neutrino mass (for $\Delta m_{14}^2 > 0.3 \text{ eV}^2$)

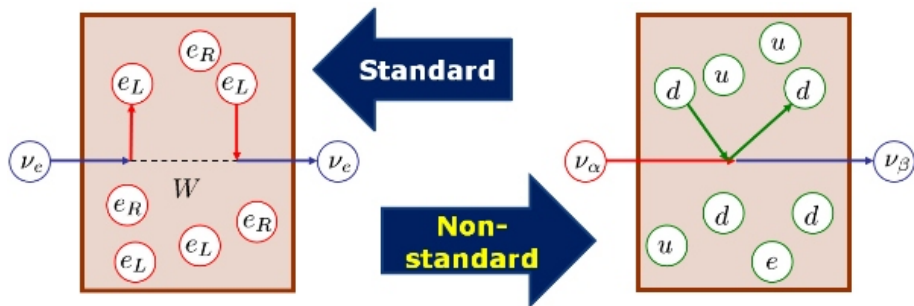


¹For E>100 GeV see talk by Carlos Argüelles @ 17:00

Results of Sterile ν Search with DeepCore



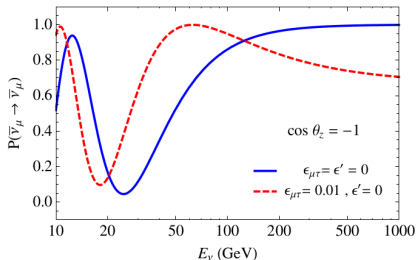
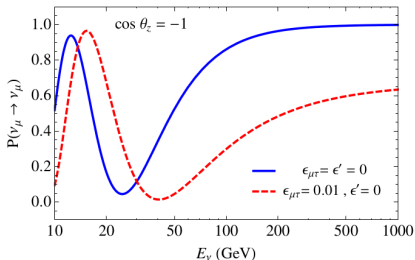
Non-Standard Interactions (NSI) in Matter



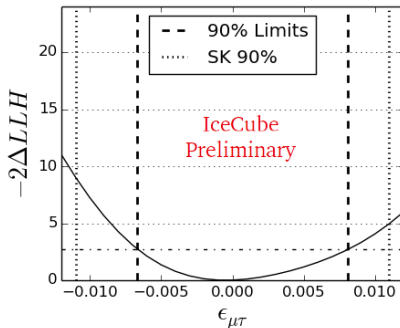
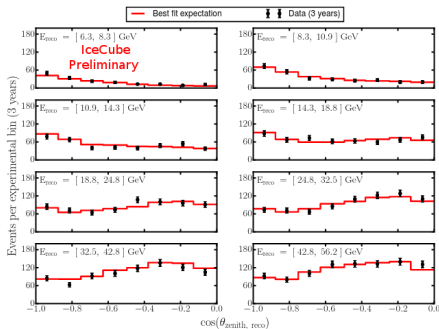
$$H_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2E_\nu} U_{\alpha j} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \Delta m_{21}^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \Delta m_{31}^2 \end{pmatrix} U_{k\beta}^\dagger + V_{MSW} + \sqrt{2} G_F N_f \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon_{ee} & \epsilon_{e\mu} & \epsilon_{e\tau} \\ \epsilon_{e\mu} & \epsilon_{\mu\mu} & \epsilon_{\mu\tau} \\ \epsilon_{e\tau} & \epsilon_{\mu\tau} & \epsilon_{\tau\tau} \end{pmatrix}$$

Non-Standard Interactions (NSI) in Matter

- NSI in matter modulates the normal 3-flavor oscillation pattern
 - ▶ Effect is different for ν and $\bar{\nu}$
 - ▶ Impact of $\epsilon_{\mu\tau} \neq 0$ would be seen in ν_μ disappearance



DeepCore NSI Results ²

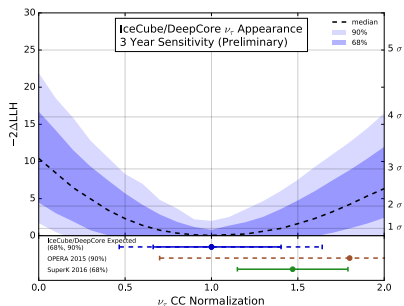
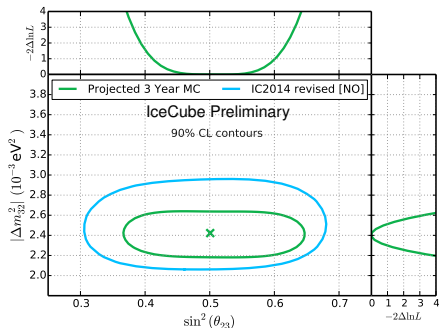


²For more information please see poster by Melanie Day on the 8th August 2016, 18:30

DeepCore Analyses Future

- Expand data set beyond using high-purity track samples of up-going “golden” events.
- Use more high quality events
 - ▶ New reconstruction techniques allow for 10x statistics without degradation of resolution.
- Maximize the control sample
 - ▶ keep cascade-like events (CC ν_e , CC ν_τ , NC)
 - ▶ keep down-going region
 - ▶ improves constraint on systematics such as flux
- Know what is already working and keep it.
 - ▶ use background sample from inverted veto of real data
 - ▶ use similar analysis code

Future Analyses Sensitivity



● Significant step forward from PRD results

- ▶ Significant advancement in ν_μ disappearance, especially in mass splitting.
- ▶ ν_τ appearance measurements can now be done.

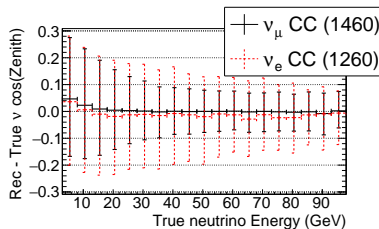
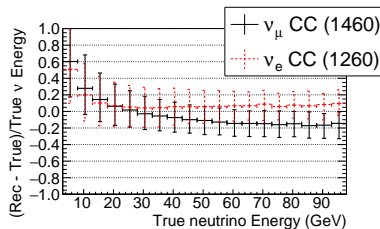
Conclusion

- IceCube/DeepCore is producing results using high-purity track-like events
 - ▶ Improved simulation, systematics, detector noise, etc. has provided updated ν_μ disappearance results.
 - ▶ The 3+1 sterile model has been constrained using neutrinos with $E < 100$ GeV
 - ▶ New limits on NSI parameter $\epsilon_{\mu\tau}$ have also been set.
- New high statistics data samples are currently being prepared.
 - ▶ These samples will allow for better measurement of all low energy ν_μ disappearance results.
 - ▶ Will also allow for high precision ν_τ measurements.

Backup

HybridReco/MultiNest

- MultiNest³ is an implementation of nested-sampling algorithm
 - ▶ alternative approach to Markov Chain MC
 - ▶ designed to work efficiently in multi-modal likelihood spaces
- We use it in place of a “minimizer”
 - ▶ Reconstruct 8 parameters describing low-energy ν_μ CC (HybridReco)
 - ★ (x,y,z,t) + (zenith, azimuth) + (track length, cascade energy)
 - ▶ If used while fixing track length at 0 m \Rightarrow “cascade fit”
 - ▶ Use the likelihood function defined in Millipede (Poisson)



³Feroz et al. MNRAS 398, (2009)