



Tuning effect in particle masses and nuclear data

Monday, 8 August 2016 18:30 (2 hours)

Recent analysis of nuclear binding energies and nuclear excitations of the broad scope of nuclei allowed a conclusion that there exists a discreteness in both values with stable mass/energy intervals coinciding or rationally connected with charge mass splitting of the nucleon $\delta m_N = 1293.3$ keV and the lepton $m_e = 511$ keV. For example, periods $\delta m_N/8 = 161$ keV and $m_e/3 = 171$ keV were observed in excitations of near-magic nuclei ^{odd}Sb ($Z=51$, numbers of the period $n=1,2,3,4,5,6$) and $^{101,133}Sn$ ($Z=50$, $N=51,83$, $n=1,5,8$).

In neighbour nuclei $^{116,117,118}Sn$ and ^{113}In phonon-like excitations with values close to δm_N and $2m_e = \varepsilon_o$ were found in first excitations, as well as many stable intervals $D=511$ keV, 1533 keV and 2045 keV ($m_e, 3m_e, 4m_e$) - in all 183 levels of ^{113}In . Similar groupings of excitations at δ_N and ε_o was reported in sum distribution for all nuclei [1].

Such tuning effect in nuclear data could be considered together with the empirical tuning effect in particle masses which consisted in rational relations between mass-values of the muon, pion, nucleon and standard (in NRCQM) estimations of the constituent quark masses $m_\rho/2$ and $m_\Xi/3$ [2,3].

We use evaluation by CODATA [4] of the ratio $1838.6836605(11)$ between masses of the neutron and electron for determination of the shift of the neutron mass $\delta m_n = 161.65(6)$ keV relative to the integer number of the electron rest mass, namely $115\delta - m_e$ where the parameter $\delta = 16m_e$ was introduced in 70-ties as a common period in particle masses (close to double value of the pion β -decay energy [3,5]).

The value $\delta m_n = 161.65(6)$ keV forms the ratio $8 \times 1.001(1)$ with the nucleon mass difference δm_N . This exact relation could be considered as important confirmation of the common tuning effect in particle masses and nuclear excitations (was considered in [3]). \

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Primary author: Dr SUKHORUCHKIN, Sergey (Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute)

Presenter: Dr SUKHORUCHKIN, Sergey (Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute)

Session Classification: Poster Session

Track Classification: Beyond the Standard Model