
Status of the PS2

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for the PS2 Working Group

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- **Performance requirements**
- **Main machine parameters, implementation and geometry**
- **RF and lattice design status**
- **Machine performance**

Performance requirements

- **Beam brightness for LHC luminosity upgrade:**
 - Reach twice brightness of the ultimate 25 ns LHC beam (~20% reserve for losses): 4.2×10^{11} per LHC bunch (inst. 1.7×10^{11})
 - Determines average line density in the machine at injection and therefore the injection energy via incoherent SC tune spread.
 - → injection energy 4 GeV
- **Significantly higher injection energy into SPS (~50 GeV).**
 - Injection into SPS well above transition energy
 - Reduced space charge at SPS injection
 - Smaller transverse emittances and reduced losses
 - Potential for long-term SPS replacement with higher energy.
 - Ejection energy determines PS2 size and magnet requirements
- **As versatile as existing PS**
 - Protons, ions, high intensity physics beams, slow extraction, etc.

Considerations on machine size

- **Constraints from desired extraction energy ~50 GeV**
 - Iron dominated dipoles $B \leq 1.8$ T
 - **PS2 will have ~twice PS size i.e. $R \sim 200$ m and $C \sim 1250$ m.**
- **Constraints from filling SPS for physics**
 - Complete filling of SPS circumference desired for HI FT physics
 - Use island multi-turn extraction scheme, similar to PS (5-turns)
 - **Ideal PS2 length $1/5$ SPS = $11/5$ PS = 2.2 PS.**
- **Constraints from PS2-SPS synchronisation (rf cogging)**
 - $N \times h_{\text{PS2}} = K \times h_{\text{SPS}}$ is needed for correct synchronisation
 - **Best candidates are $(N, K) = (77, 15)$ or $(77, 16)$**
 - **Where $77/15$ is preferred (5 PS2 slightly shorter than the SPS.)**
- **Optimum length for PS2 from above arguments**
 - **PS2 = $15/77$ SPS = $15/77 * 11$ PS = $15/7$ PS.**
 - **Circumference PS2 = $15/7$ PS = 1346.4 m, radius PS2 = 214.3 m**
 - **h (200MHz SPS) = 4620, h (40MHz SPS) = 924, h (40MHz PS2) = 180**

Considerations on magnet technology

- **Iron dominated magnets**
 - **Baseline and lattice design assumes normalconducting conventional magnets**
 - **First NC design for dipoles and quadrupoles done.**
 - **Superconducting coil (SF option) is being investigated.**
 - **Considered because of energy saving arguments**
 - **SF R&D programme ongoing only for dipole, short prototype for measurements by end 2009/2010**
- **Fast cycling high field SC option (co theta) ruled out (→extended PAF meetings with DG in 2007)**
 - **Too high AC – losses therefore uneconomic!**
 - **Gain for machine energy increase limited and not required.**

Integration in existing complex - Injection

- **With injector upgrade i.e. (LP) SPL replacing PSB + PS (LE)**
 - H- injection at ~4 GeV (LPSPL with 20 mA assumed)
- **Ion operation**
 - **Beam from LEIR at ~1.25 GeV p-equivalent, rigidity 6.67 Tm**
 - Requires LEIR upgrade: main converter, extraction elements, transfer line elements, rf system for LHC ion scheme with PS2.
- **With staged approach i.e. PS2 before/in parallel to LP(SPL)**
 - **Injection from existing PS (to bridge PSB to PS2 energy gap)**
 - PS running only at low energy, below transition ($\gamma_t \sim 6.1$).
 - Commissioning of PS2 in parallel to SPL and physics operation.
 - **Performance limited by**
 - PS SC limit at injection (line density corresponding to ultimate)
 - Filling pattern and cycling time (double batch PS -> PS2).

Integration in existing complex - Extraction

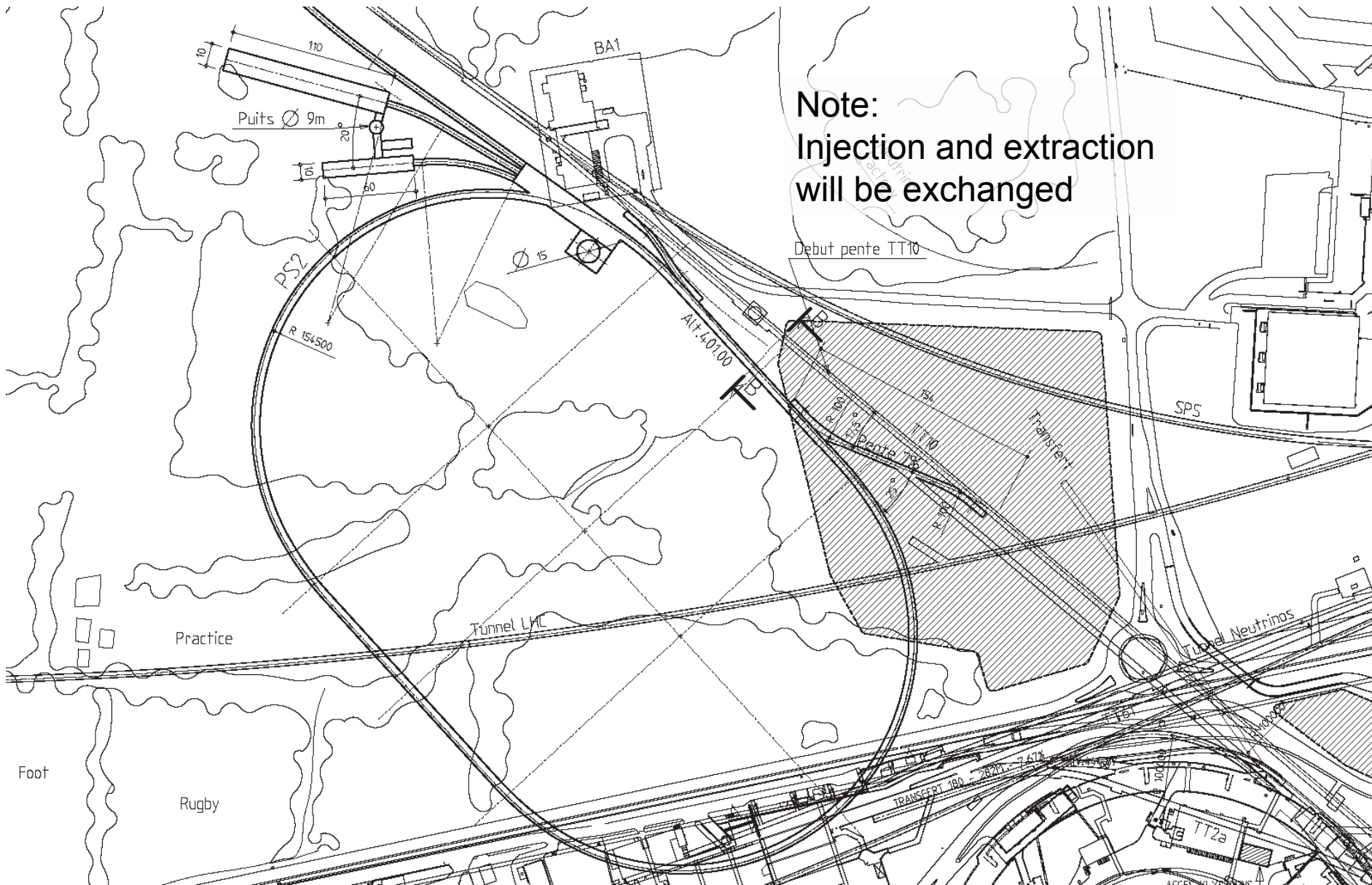
- **Several extractions towards the SPS:**
 - **Fast (single turn type)**
 - LHC beams
 - **“Continuous Transfer” multi-turn extraction (5-turn)**
 - Filling of SPS for fixed target physics.

- **Extraction for physics at PS2**
 - **Slow resonant extraction**
 - High intensity fixed target (similar to SPS)
 - **Fast extraction**
 - Target test facility, etc.

PS2 experimental areas, anti-proton physics

- **Experimental area for PS2**
 - For high power experiments an under ground or strongly shielded area will be mandatory
 - PS EAST hall very limited for radiation protection reason
 - For (low-intensity) test beams a facility on surface could be considered
- **Anti-proton programme**
 - No straightforward way to send p to AD
 - ~ 1 km of transferline + reuse of PS tunnel for turning required
 - Full PS2 potential for anti-proton production cannot be exploited with AD and AD target station
 - Consider alternative solutions (new or modified/moved AD, etc.)
 - Antiproton programme not defined in PS2 period (>2017)
 - FAIR foresees antiproton programme from 2015.

PS2 integration and machine shape



Machine shape

- **Location of the machine at end of TT10 in flat part, -50m**
 - Injection from SPL (parallel to TT10) (with short transfer line)
 - Injection of ions directly from TT10 for ions
 - Injection of protons directly from TT10 if required for commissioning before SPL or intermediate period.
 - Extraction towards the SPS via TT10 and existing SPS injection channel in point 1 with short transfer line
- **Optimisation leads towards a racetrack shape of the machine**
 - Two long $D=0$ straight sections, min. number of suppressors.
 - Super-symmetry 2 with mirror symmetry within superperiod, mirror planes centre arc and centre long straight section
 - One long straight section for injection and extraction
 - Other long straight section for RF

RF system

- **RF system must provide:**
 - Proton acceleration: revolution frequ. ratio : 1,024 (3% tuning)
 - Pb54+ ions revolution frequency ratio in PS&PS2 with injection directly from *upgraded LEIR* at 6.7 Tm: 2,1 (210% tuning range)
 - Injection field 670 G for ions, 1650 G for protons
 - LHC bunch spacings and beams for SPS FT operation
- **40 MHz system is the preferred variant (review May 2008)**
 - Motivated by (LP) SPL providing 0.6 ms (1.2 ms) quasi-continuous H-beam 352 MHz, $\sim 1.4E14$ per pulse with chopping at 40 MHz.
 - Any LHC bunch pattern up to 40 MHz via chopping at injection
 - Minimizes rf gymnastics in PS2 and systems (\rightarrow impedance).
 - Bucket length limitation of 25 ns (50 ns with tuning range of factor 2)
 - Special schemes for ions, limited performance for single bunch (nTOF)
 - E-cloud issues in the PS2 with 40 MHz from injection?
 - **Question on possible tuning range (in particular for ions)**

40 MHz RF R&D program

- **Preliminary planning:**
 - **November 08 – April 09**
 - Survey market for suitable ferrite material
 - Design test set-up for low power RF characteristics measurements
 - **May 09 – July 09**
 - Test stand and set-up fabrication
 - Material tests at low power and determination of relevant parameters
 - **August 09 – December 09**
 - Choice of ferrite material
 - Design test system allowing relevant high power tests in cavity like geometry
 - Design of RF power amplifier with required tuning range for high-power tests
 - Simulation of impedances, HOM, etc.
 - **January 10 – July 10**
 - High power lab tests of “prototype” cavity
 - Tests with beam?

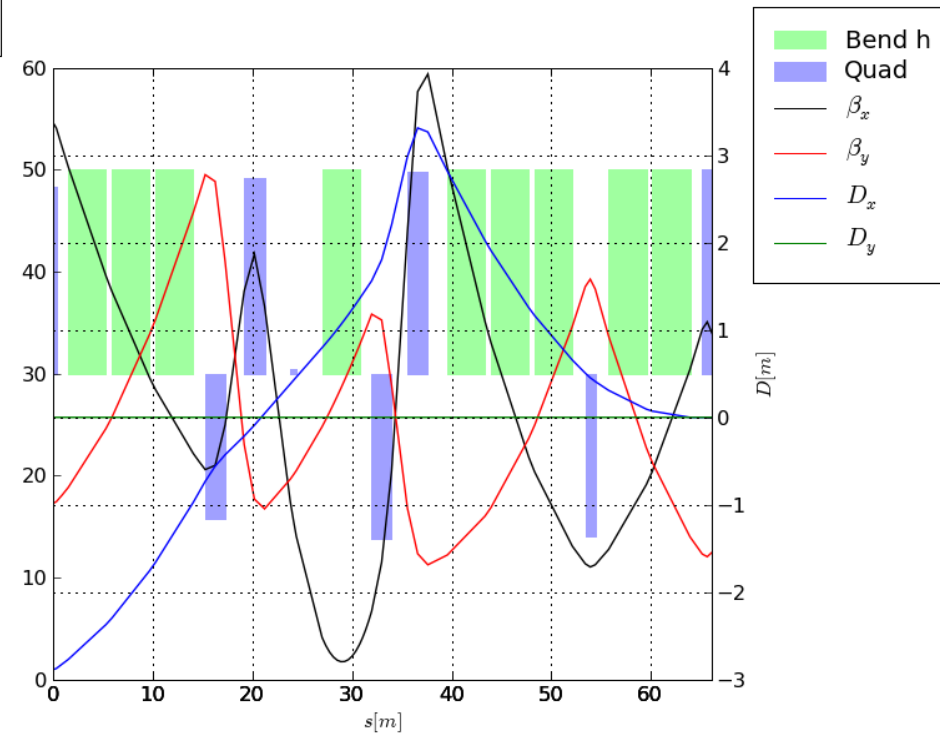
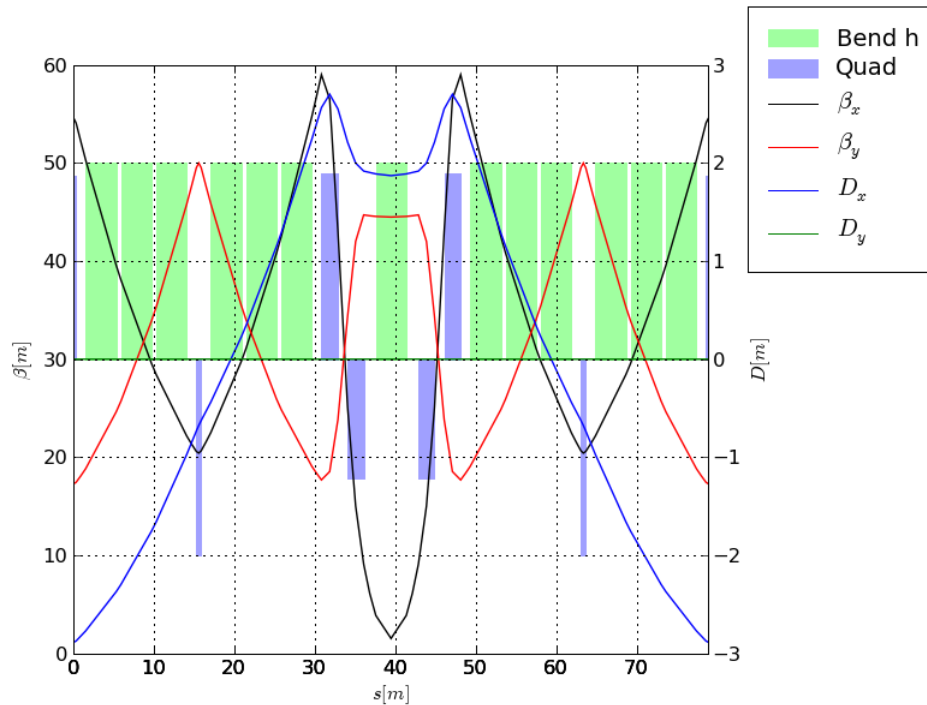
Lattice Design

- **Preferred lattice option with imaginary g_{tr} : (review May2008)**
 - Avoids transition crossing \rightarrow simpler operation, reduced losses.
 - More complicated lattice design and more magnet types/families
- **Lattice structure:**
 - Regular arc modules with NMC
 - Dispersion suppressor modules
 - Long $D=0$ straight sections for injection/extraction, RF.

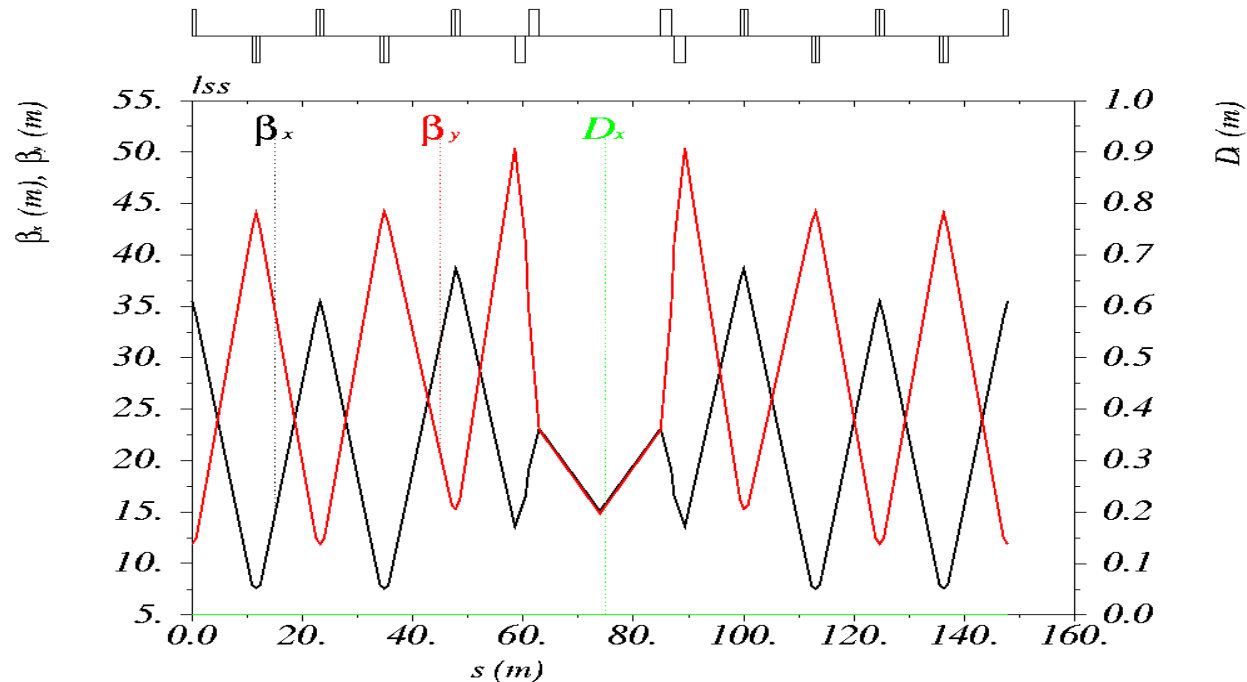
Design constraints and parameters		
Transition energy	[GeV]	imaginary, adjustable
Maximum bending field	[T]	< 1.7
Maximum quadrupole gradient	[T/m]	< 17
Maximum beta functions	[m]	< 60
Maximum dispersion function	[m]	< 6
Minimum drift space inter-dipoles	[m]	0.6
Minimum drift space next to quads	[m]	1.2

Diagnostics, correctors, vacuum

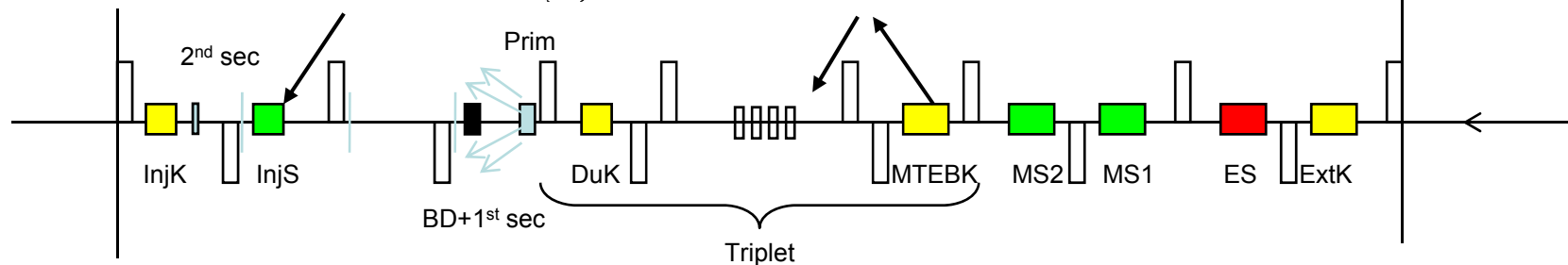
PS2 NMC module and suppressor (531)



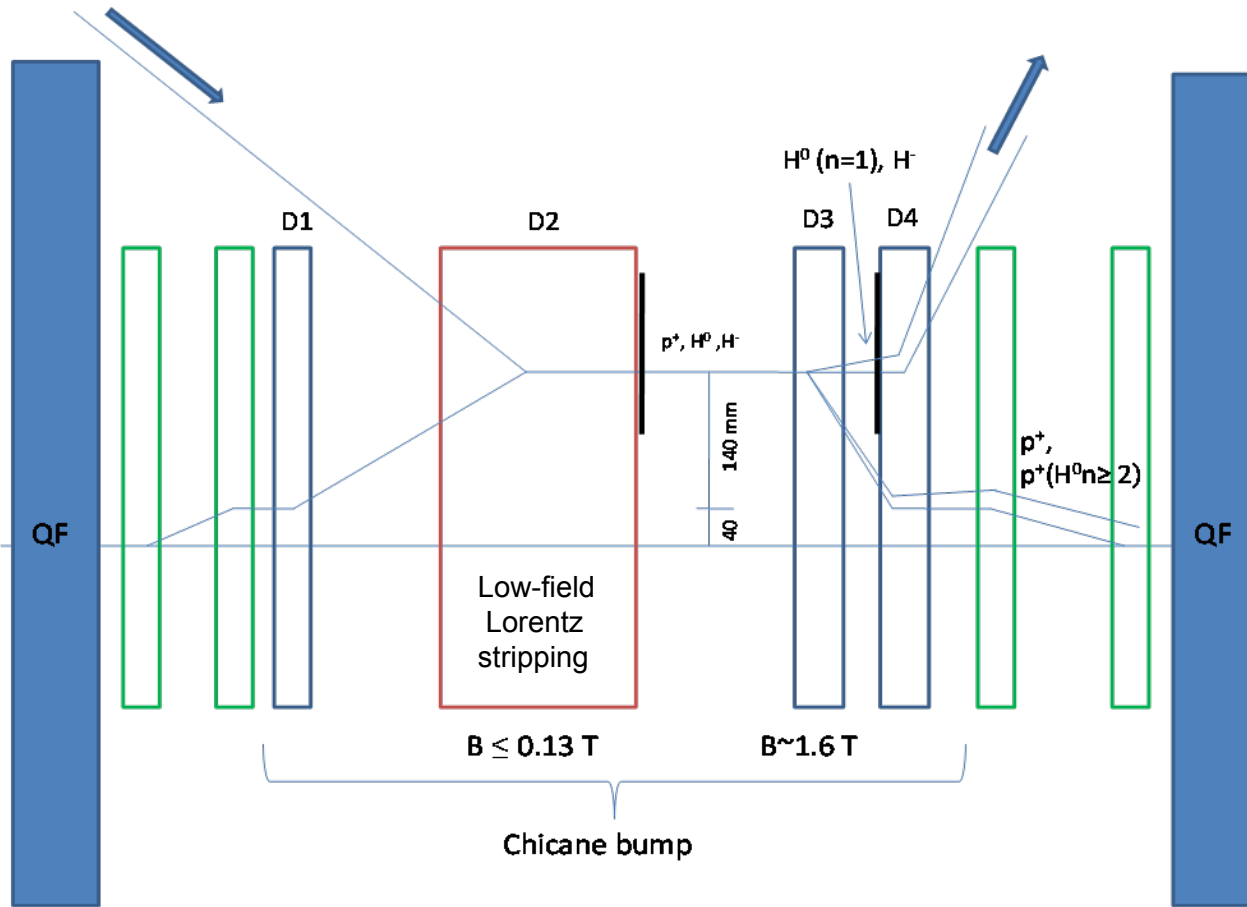
D=0 long straight section



- 90 deg hor. in regular FODO
- $-\pi$ -bump for multi-turn resonant island extraction
- Optimum beta functions at centre not yet fixed

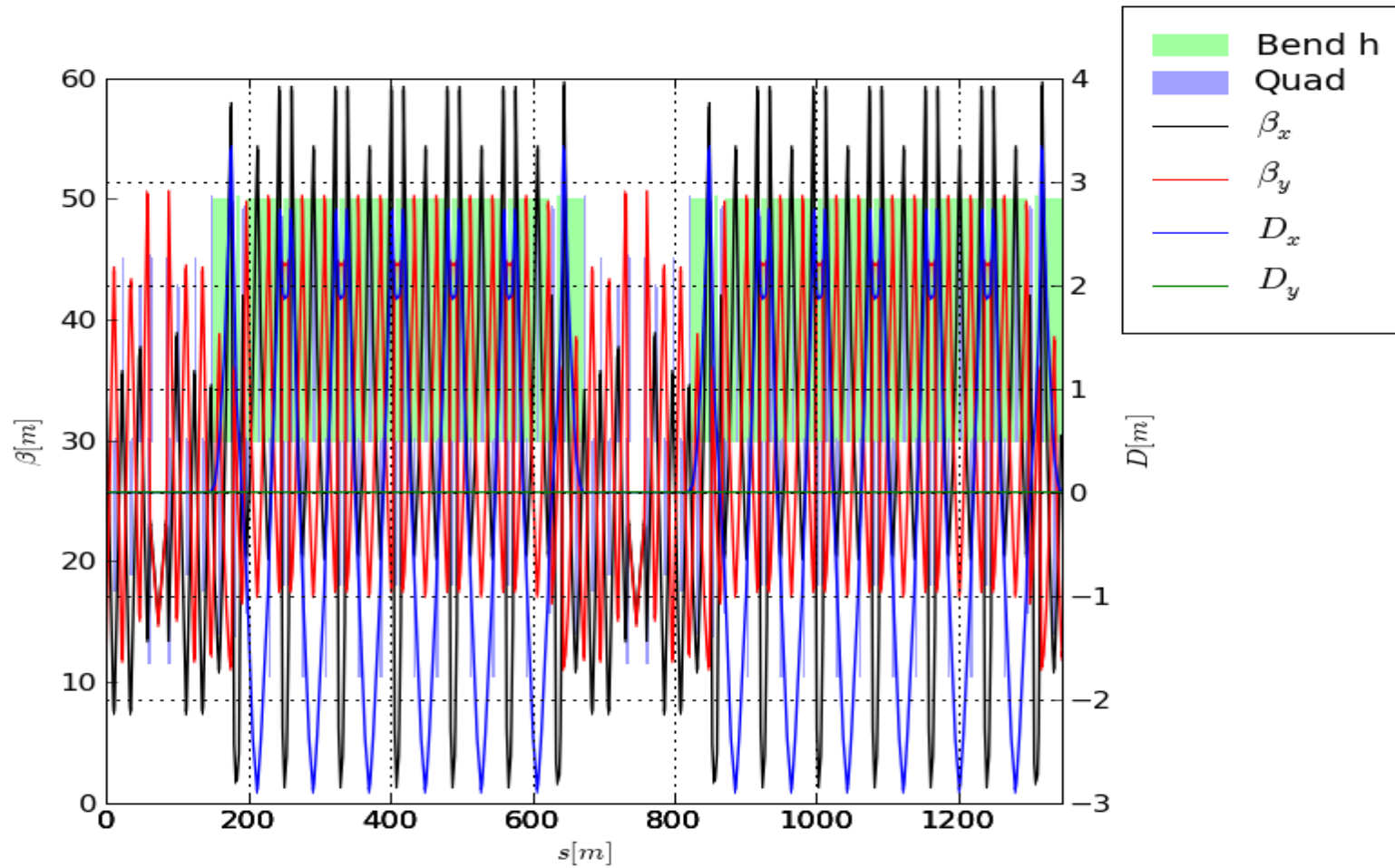


Optimised injection insertion: H- multi-turn, 4.0 GeV - based on FNAL Project X concept



Long (split) triplet drift (~22m) accommodating all elements

Ring optics 531



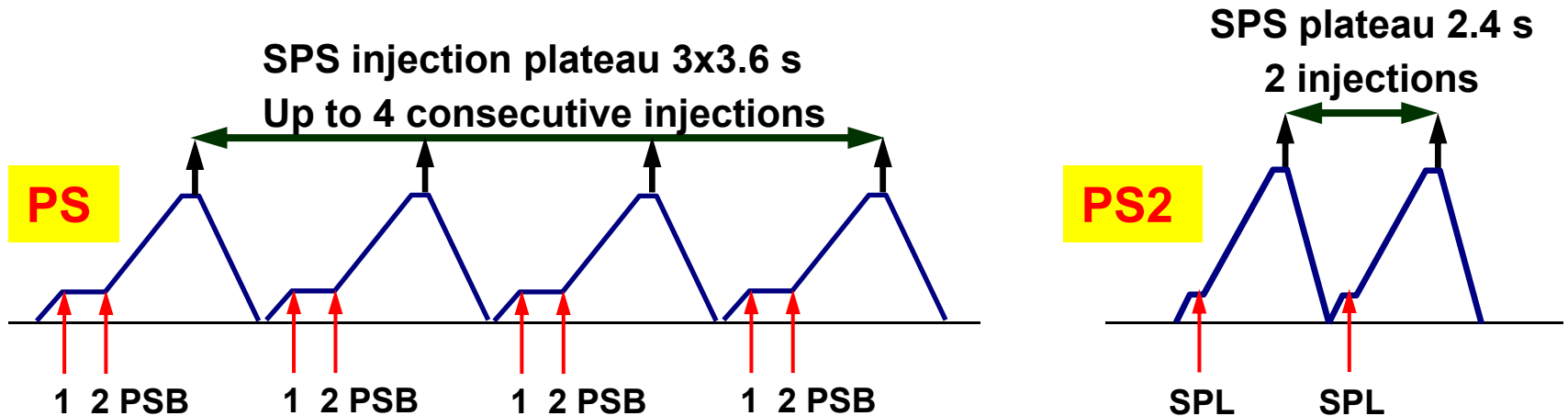
Performance of PS2

- **Twice average line density of PS**
 - **Twice longer machine**
 - **Twice extraction energy**
 - **Identical acceleration time**
- Theoretically factor 8 increase in power (assuming identical normalised emittances)
- **Shorter cycle time in some cases (LHC without double batch)**
 - **Basic machine cycle of 2.4 s with fast (CT) extraction at 50 GeV.**
 - **Physics cycle with 3.6 s with slow extraction at 50 GeV (physics duty cycle 1/3)**

LHC beams

- **Example 25 ns beam (SPL injector):**

- PS2 will provide “twice ultimate” LHC bunches with 25 ns spacing
- Bunch train for SPS twice as long as from PS
- Only 2 injections (instead of 4) from PS to fill SPS for LHC
- PS2 cycle length 2.4 s instead of 3.6 s for PS
 - Reduces SPS LHC cycle length by 8.4 of 21.6 s ($3 \times 3.6 - 1 \times 2.4$)
 - Accordingly reduced flat bottom with beam in LHC (35% reduction).



High-intensity physics beams

- **SPS fixed target beam:**
 - PS2 will provide twice line density of PS high-intensity FT beam
 - Twice circumference gives up to 4 times more intensity
 - $\sim 1.2E14$ per PS2 cycle
 - Five-turn extraction will fill SPS with single shot instead of 2 from PS
 - Twice more intensity in SPS via twice higher line density.
 - No injection flat bottom in the SPS
 - Clean bunch to bucket transfer PS2 40 MHz to SPS 200 MHz (cf. LHC)
 - $\sim 7E11$ protons per PS2 40 MHz bucket
 - Reduced by factor 5 to $\sim 1.7E11$ in 1 out of 5 SPS 200 MHz buckets
 - Transverse emittances: like upper limits of present CNGS beam
 - Norm. sigma emittances 15/8 mm mrad (h/v)
 - Adiabatic emittance damping at 50 GeV by $(\beta\gamma)_{13}/(\beta\gamma)_{50} = 0.27$
 - Therefore $\sim 1/2$ present beamsizes due to emittance.

Summary

- **Choices made for lattice design and RF concept**
- **Main activities for next months**
 - **Launch RF R&D programme**
 - **Iteration on lattice design and space allocation**
 - **Machine integration wrt SPS, TT10, SPL and CE requirements**
 - **More detailed beam dynamics studies**
 - **Start design on technical systems**
- **Project proposal (TDR + cost estimates) for mid-2011**
- **Thanks to all PS2 WG members and all colleagues that contributed to the study**

Back-up slides

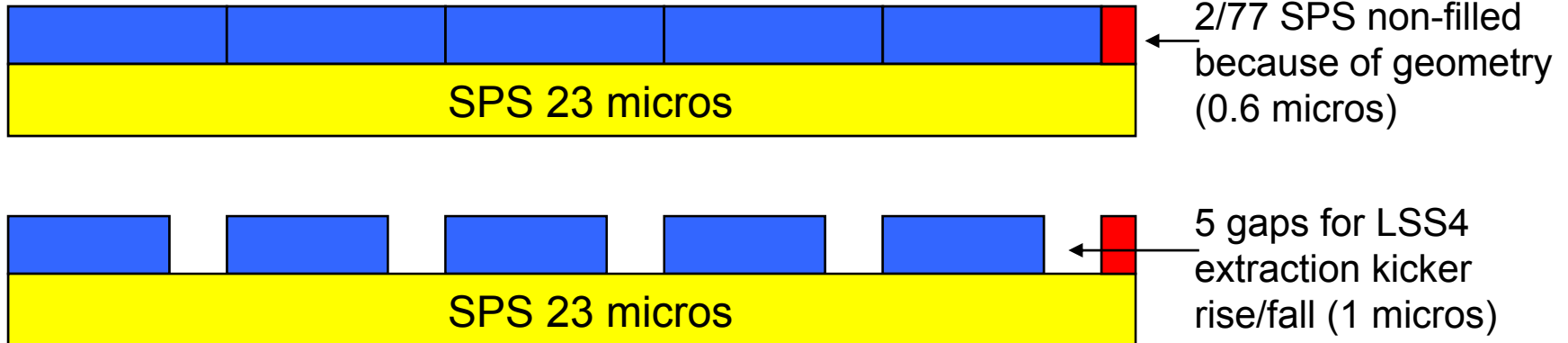
PS2 preliminary parameters

Parameter	unit	PS2	PS
Injection energy kinetic	GeV	4.0	1.4
Extraction energy kinetic	GeV	~ 50	13/25
Max. intensity LHC (25ns)	ppb	4.0×10^{11}	1.7×10^{11}
Max. intensity FT	ppp	1.2×10^{14}	3.3×10^{13}
Max. stored energy	kJ	1000	70
Linear ramp rate	T/s	1.5	2.2
Repetition time (50 GeV)	s	~ 2.5	1.2/2.4
Max. effective beam power	kW	400	60

CNGS-type upgrade beam from PS2

- **Filling the SPS with 5 turns from PS2**

$$\text{PS2} = 15/7\text{PS} = 15/77 \text{ SPS}$$



- **Filling is achieved in a single PS2 pulse 17.4 out of 23 micros**
- **Extraction kicker gap corr. to ~40 unfilled 40 MHz buckets.**
 - Straightforward with SPL
 - 9 (36) or 12 (48) missing bunches at injection on $h=45$ (180) i.e. 10 (40) MHz
 - ~140 filled 40 MHz buckets in PS2

LHC beam from PS2

- **Nominal bunch train at extraction (independent of rf route)**
 - **$h=180$ (40 MHz) with bunch shortening to fit SPS 200 MHz.**
 - **168 buckets filled leaving a kicker gap of ~ 300 ns (50 GeV!)**
 - Achieved by 42 filled buckets on $h=45$ (10 MHz) and 4 splittings
 - Alternatively with painting in 40 MHz directly from SPL (would allow up to 170 bunches)
 - No strong impact on LHC filling scheme (P.Collier)
- **Any other bunch train pattern down to 25 ns spacing**
 - **Straightforward with SPL 40 MHz chopping and 40 MHz system**
 - **Limited to present schemes (75 ns, 1, 12, bunches etc...) with 10 MHz system and “classical” splitting.**

Backup slide: LHC beam from PS2 (ii)

- **Beam parameters**

- Extraction energy: **50 GeV**
- Maximum bunch intensity: **4E11 / protons per LHC bunch** (25 ns)
- Bunch length rms: 1 ns (identical to PS)
- Transverse emittances norm. rms: 3 microm (identical to PS)
- **Longitudinal emittance varying with intensity**

- **Longitudinal aspects**

- Scale longit. emittance with sqrt of intensity $\varepsilon = \varepsilon_0 \sqrt{I/I_0}$
 - (for stability in SPS, Elena)
 - **I max = 4E11 \rightarrow ε max = 0.35 eVs* $\sqrt{4/1.3}$ = 0.6 eVs**
- Momentum spread scales like emittance (bunch length = const.)
 - Scaling from nominal beam $dp/p=2E-3$ but **@50 GeV $dp/p=1E-3!$**
 - **dp/p max = $1E-3*\sqrt{3}$ = 1.8 \rightarrow no aperture issues**
- Voltage at PS2 extraction scales like intensity (emittance²).
 - 3 times more voltage for shortening of the 4E11 bunch.

Back-up slide: Optics constraints for PS2 ring

Basic beam parameters	PS	PS2
Injection kinetic energy [GeV]	1.4	4
Extraction kinetic energy [GeV]	13/25	50
Circumference [m]	200π	1346
Transition energy [GeV]	6	8-12(i)
Dipole function type	Combined	Separated
Dipole length [m]	5	3-4
Maximum bending field [T]	1.2	1.8
Maximum quadrupole gradient [T/m]	5	17
Maximum beta functions [m]	23	60
Maximum dispersion function [m]	3	6
Minimum drift space for dipoles [m]	1	0.5
Minimum drift space for quads [m]		0.8
Layout	Circle	Racetrack
Maximum arc length [m]		~510

Incoherent space charge tune-shift $\Delta Q_{sc} \propto \frac{N_b}{\epsilon_n \beta \gamma^2 B_f} < 0.2$

Improve SPS performance

Analysis of possible bunch patterns:
 $C_{PS2} = (15/77) C_{SPS} = (15/7) C_{PS}$

Time for bunch splitting with 10MHz RF systems

Operational flexibility and low cost

Normal conducting magnets

Aperture considerations for high intensity SPS physics beam

Space considerations

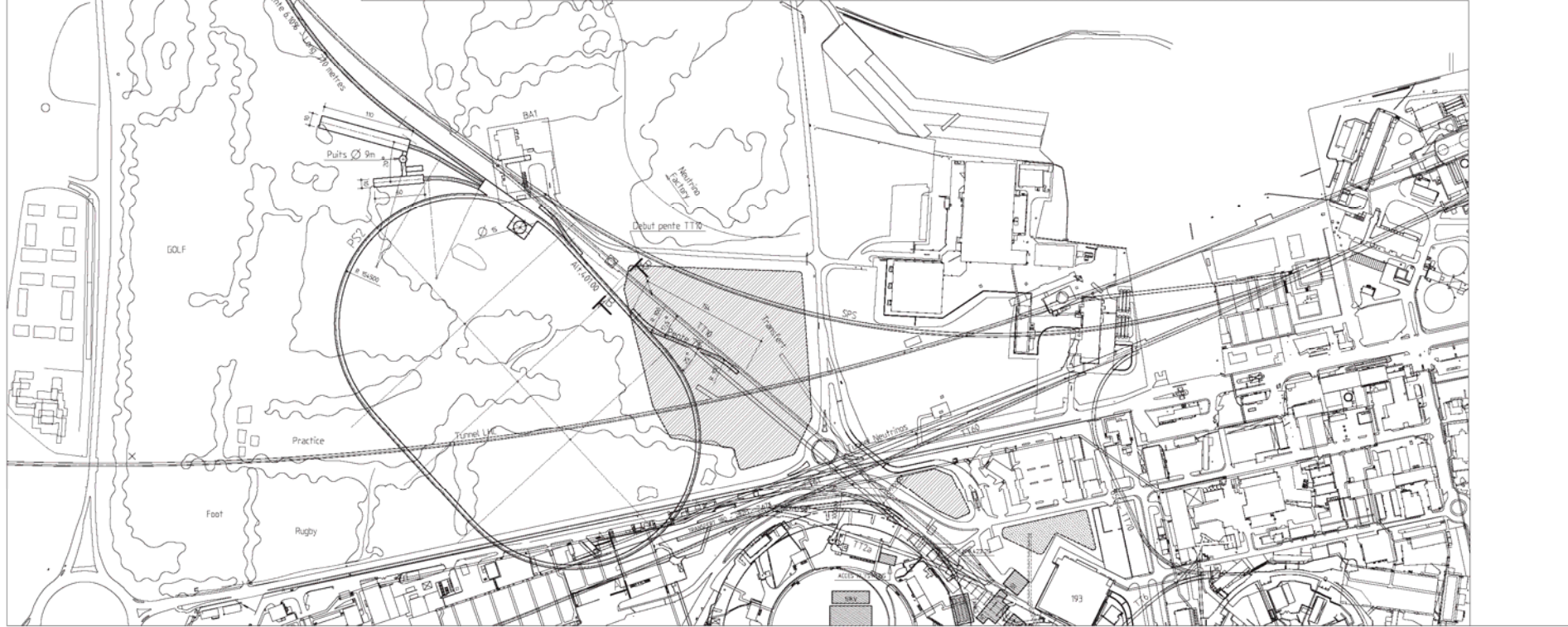
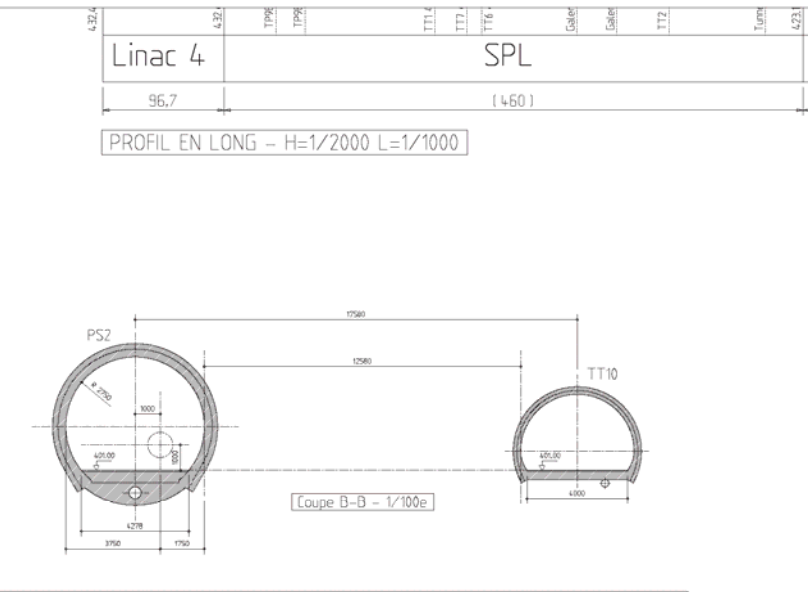
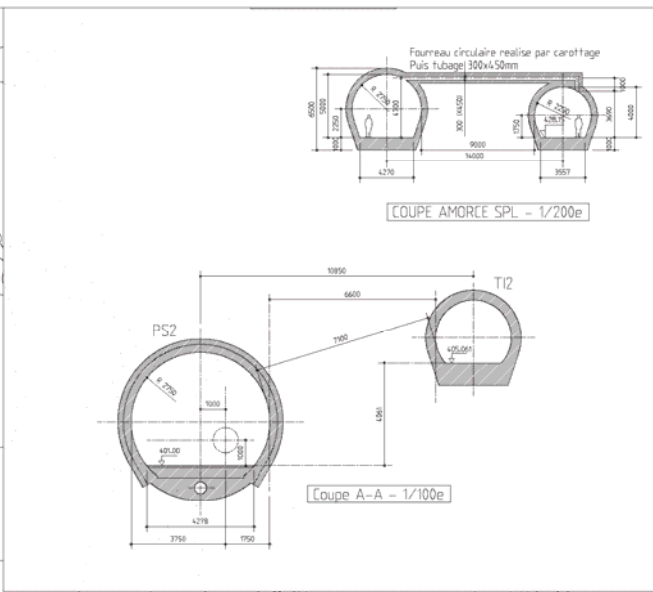
Long straight section minimum length for injection and extraction elements

Considerations on injection energy

- **Incoherent space charge tune spread at injection:**
 - Scaling from PS experience: with 1.4 GeV injection energy capable of producing the ultimate LHC beam ($\Delta Q_v \sim -0.25$)

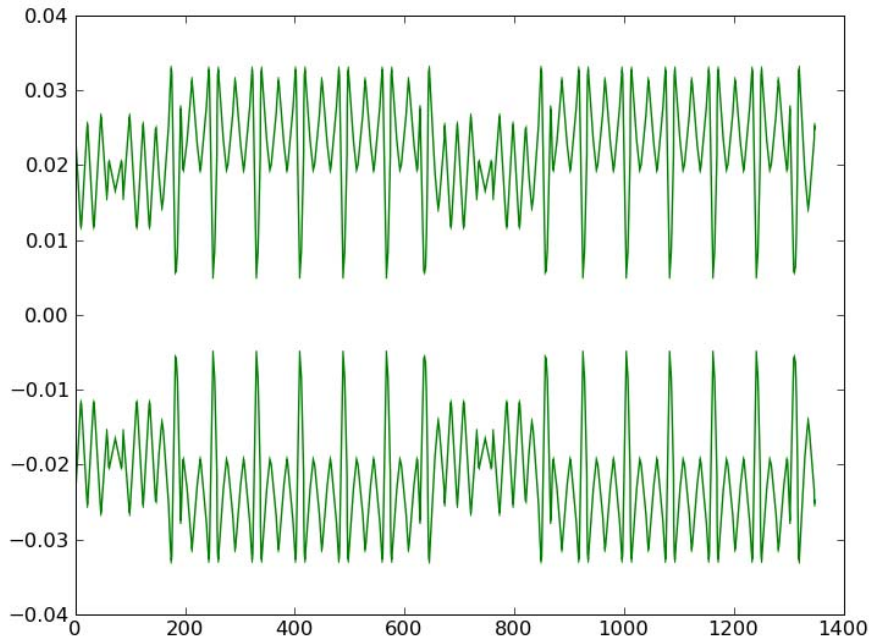
$$\Delta Q_{s.c.} \propto \frac{N_b}{\varepsilon_n} \cdot \frac{1}{\beta\gamma^2} \cdot \frac{1}{B_b}$$

- B_b ... bunching factor (average / peak density for single bunch)
 - B_b will decrease by factor 2.15 when putting the same bunch in a machine with 2.15 larger circumference (ΔQ prop. R)!
- **PS2: 2.4 x ultimate brightness in a 2.15 larger machine**
 - ~5 times larger incoherent tune spread at given energy.
 - Compensation with ratio $\beta\gamma^2$ at injection: $(\beta\gamma^2)_{PS2} \approx 5.1 \cdot (\beta\gamma^2)_{PS}$
 - Injection energy PS2 ~ 4 GeV (ratio 4.9, for 4.2 GeV ratio 5.3)
 - Additional margin from bunching factor (PS: 150 ns / 327 ns)

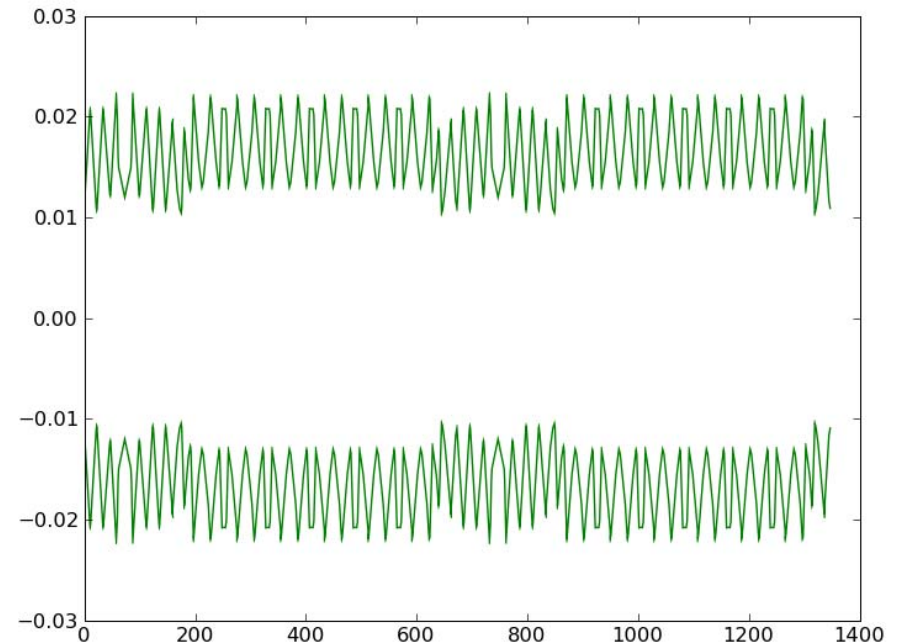


Beam envelope 531

2.5 σ_x [m] only betatron



2.5 σ_y [m] only betatron



$$\sigma_{x,y} = (\beta_{x,y} * \epsilon_{x,y,geo,cngs})^{1/2}$$

$$\epsilon_{x,y,norm,cngs} = 15/8 \pi \mu\text{m}$$