

# Early separation scheme for the LHC upgrade

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Thanks to J.-P. Koutchouk and F. Zimmermann.





# Outline

## 1 Early separation scheme

- Introduction on the ESS
- The integrated fields
- A proposal at 6.8 m

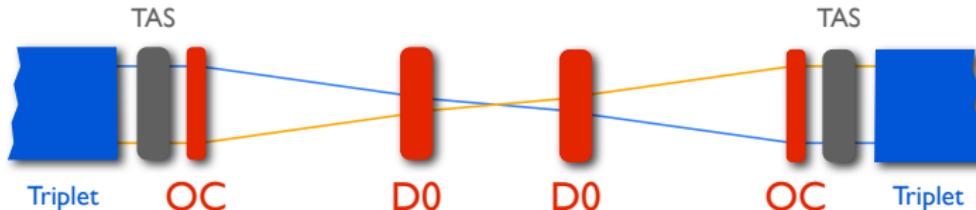
## 2 A D0 at 14 m?

- The  $7\sigma$  case...
- The  $5\sigma$  case...

## 3 Conclusion



# An introduction...

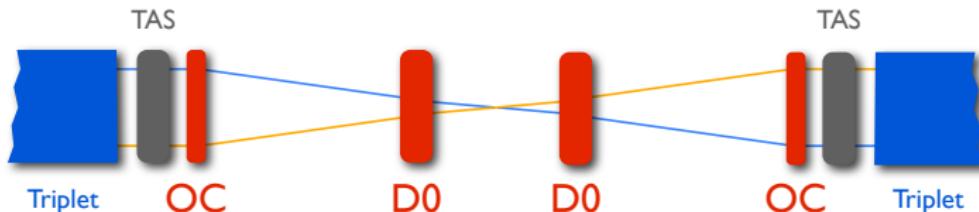


The D0 scheme is a possible player in the Phase II Luminosity Scenario. It consists of two dipoles per each side of each experiment: the D0 and the OC. There are several ways for the upgrade: all are a different combination of the same ingredients

- more beam current
- lower  $\beta^*$
- reduction of the  $\theta_c$  at the IP



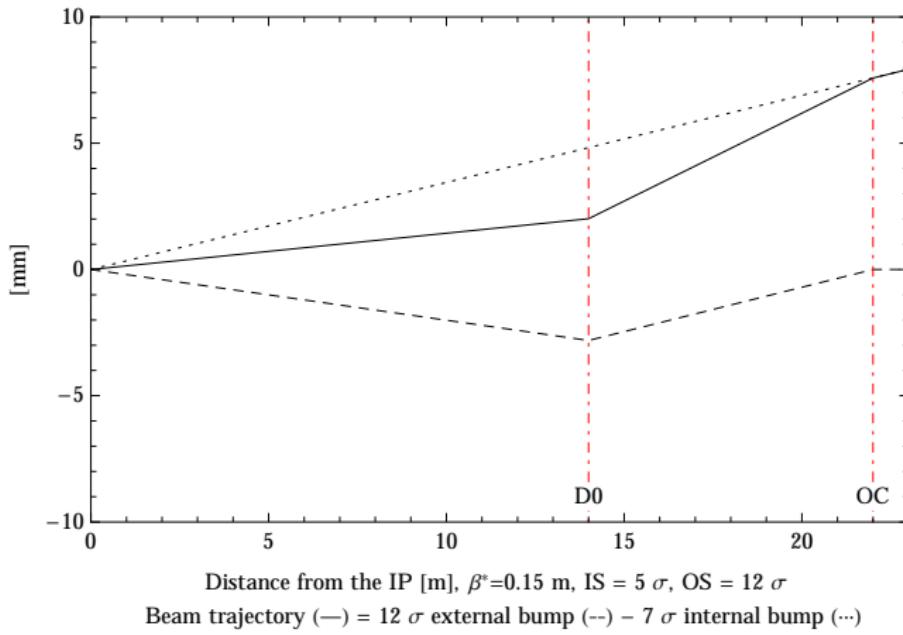
# An introduction...



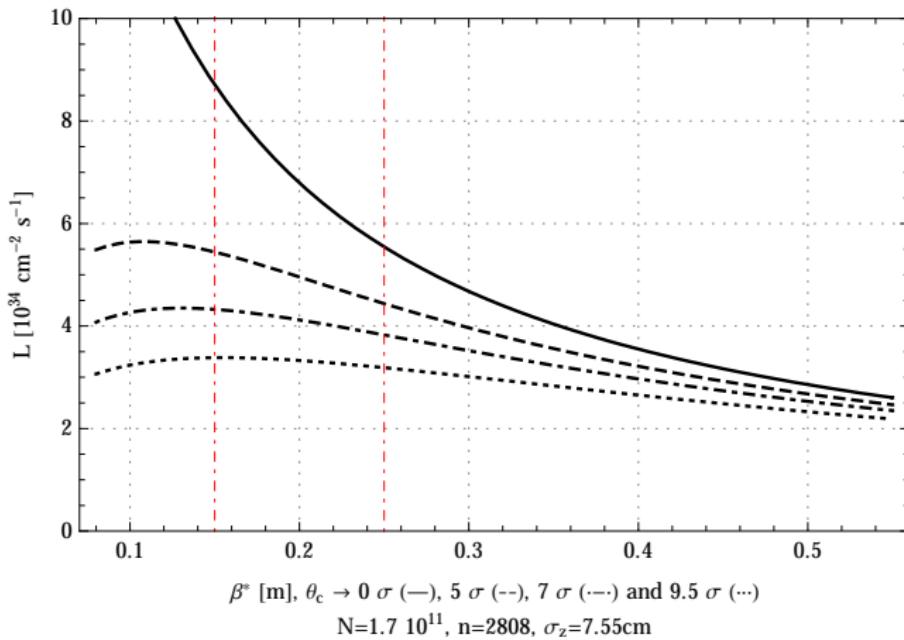
- But the reduction of the  $\theta_c$  for boosting the luminosity enters in competition with the BB effect.
- **D0, Crab cavities and Wire compensation** are the three HW proposals to solve this problem. The possible dynamic change of  $\theta_c$  (**luminosity leveling**) can be taken into account.



# Inner and outer separation

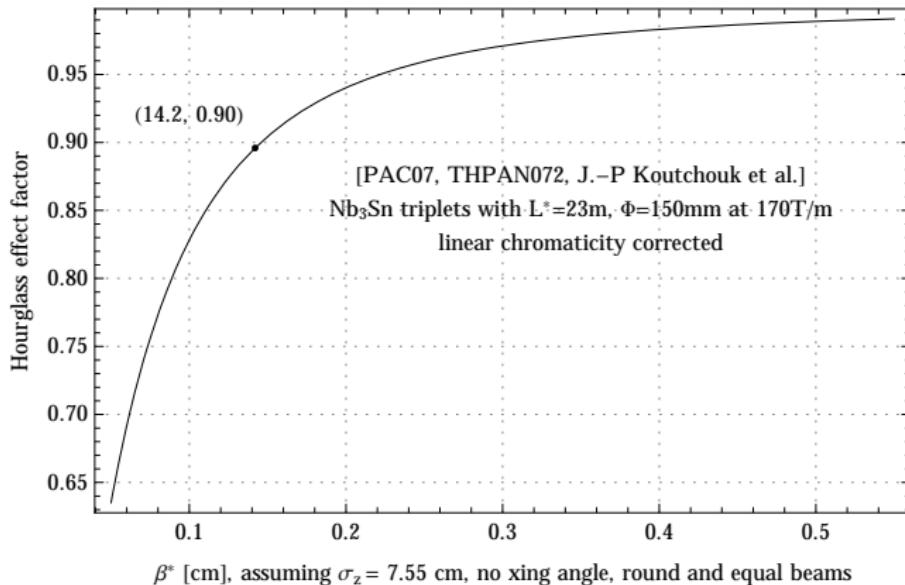


The ESS has to come with a reduced  $\beta^*$  but . . .



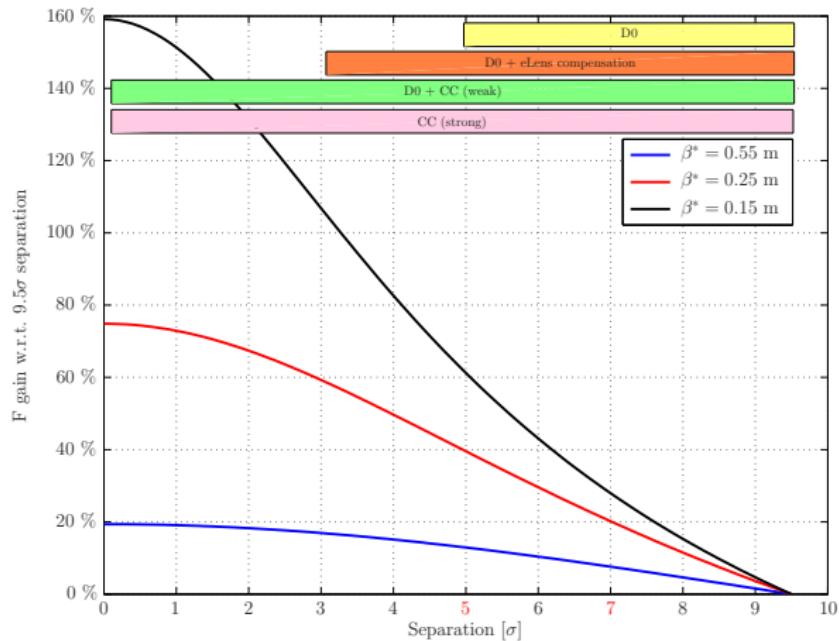


# The hourglass effect...





# How much do we gain?





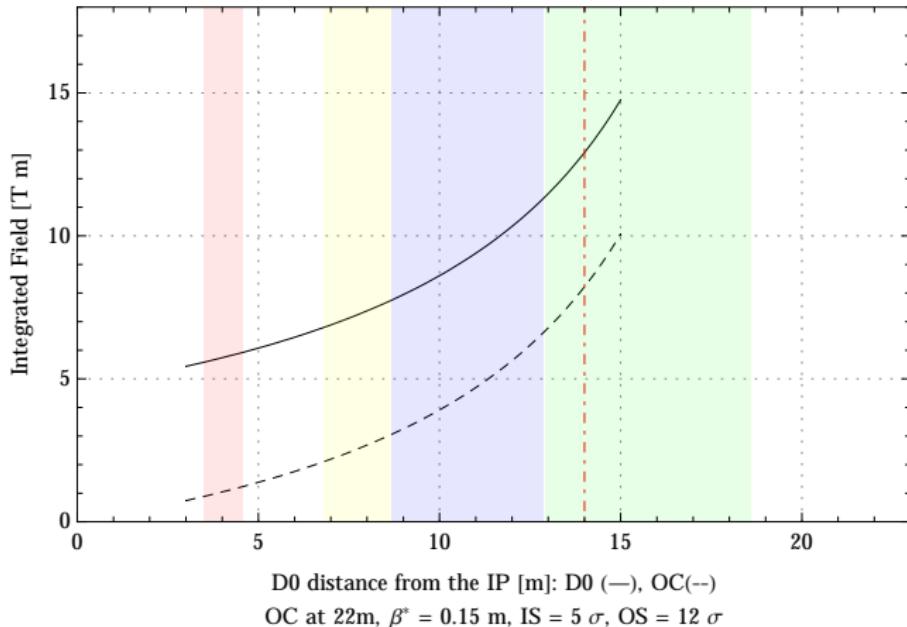
# The players for the integrated fields....

It depends on...

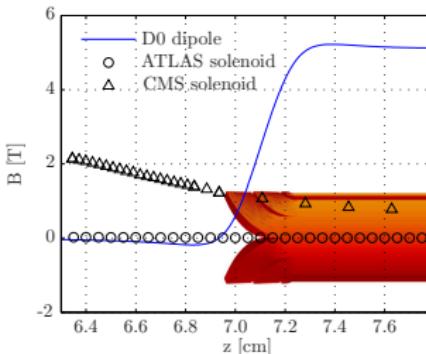
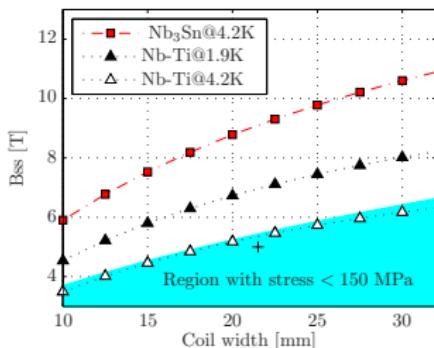
- the D0 position
- the OC position: let us assume **22 m**
- the  $\beta^*$ : let us assume **0.15 m**
- the inner beams separation (between the IP and the D0):  
let us assume  **$5 \sigma$**
- the outer beams separation (between the OC and the triplet): let us assume  **$12 \sigma$** .



# The integrated fields....



# HW for 6.8m slot proposed: Nb-Ti @1.9K



- 30 cm aperture magnet, ironless magnet, Nb-Ti coils at 1.9 K can deliver the required 7 Tm in a 2 m long cryostat.
- The total heat load of 74 W.
- The Lorentz force on the coils due to the detectors solenoid is an issue in CMS.

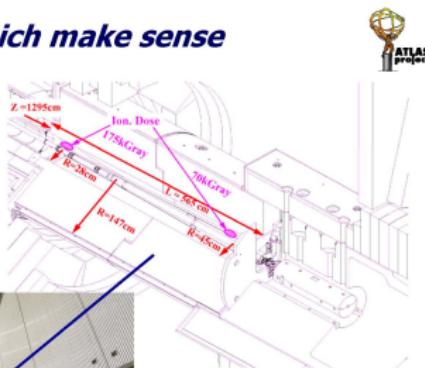


# A possible position in ATLAS: a slot at 13 m!



***Only place which make sense***

Forward Shielding  
Region (JF) .... which  
need to be redesigned for  
SLHC in any case



Courtesy of M. Nessi ("LHC Crab Cavity Validation", 21st August 2008)

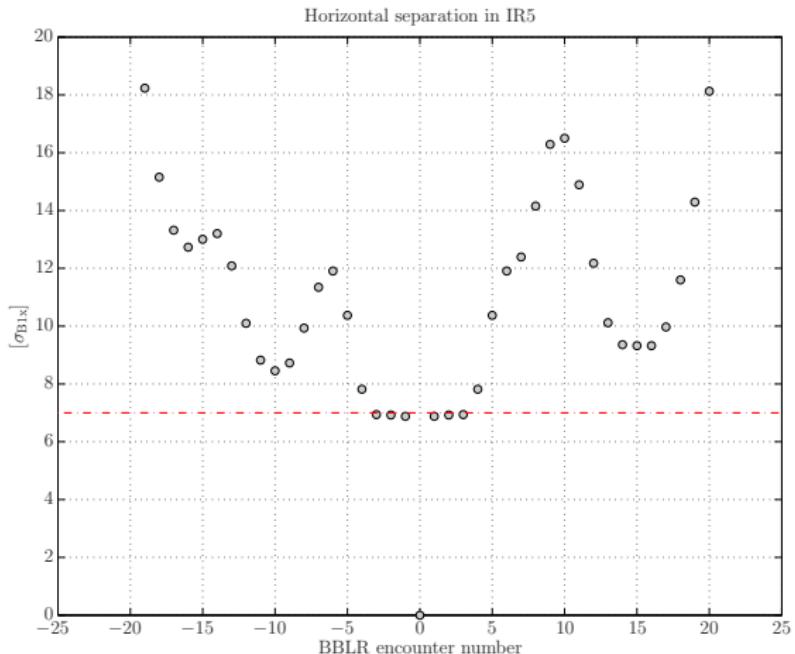
# Shaping a proposal...



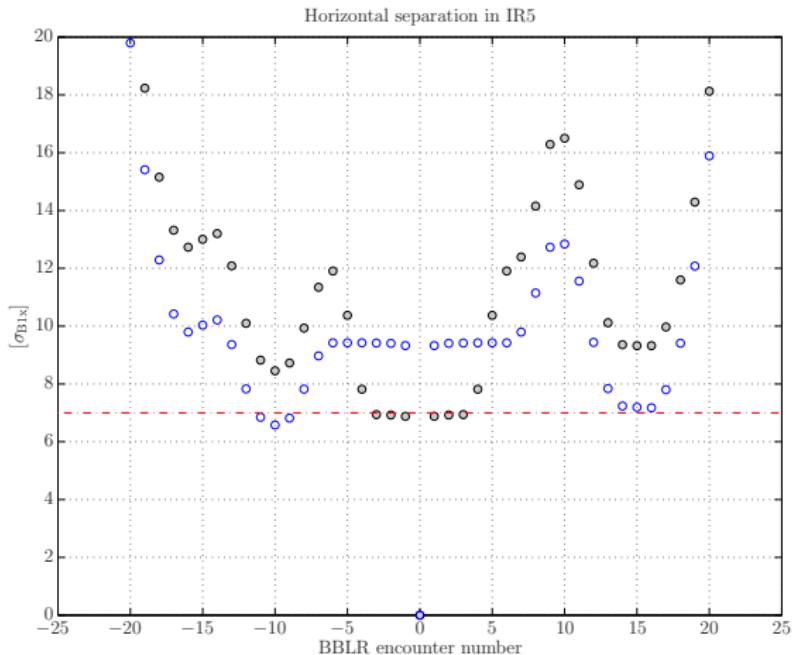
Let us assume

- to put the D0 at 14 m from the IP
- to put the OC at 22 m from the IP
- to have a mean separation in the triplet of  $12\sigma$
- to level L starting with a separation at the D0 of  $16\sigma$
- to have  $\beta^* = 0.15$  m

With  $7\sigma$  we gain the 30% on the F factor



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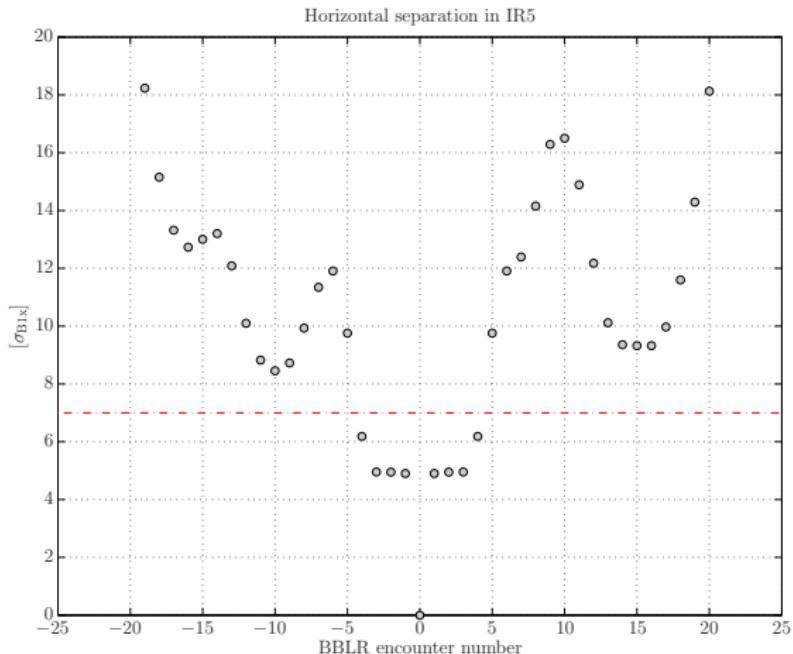
# With $7\sigma$ we gain the 30% on the F factor



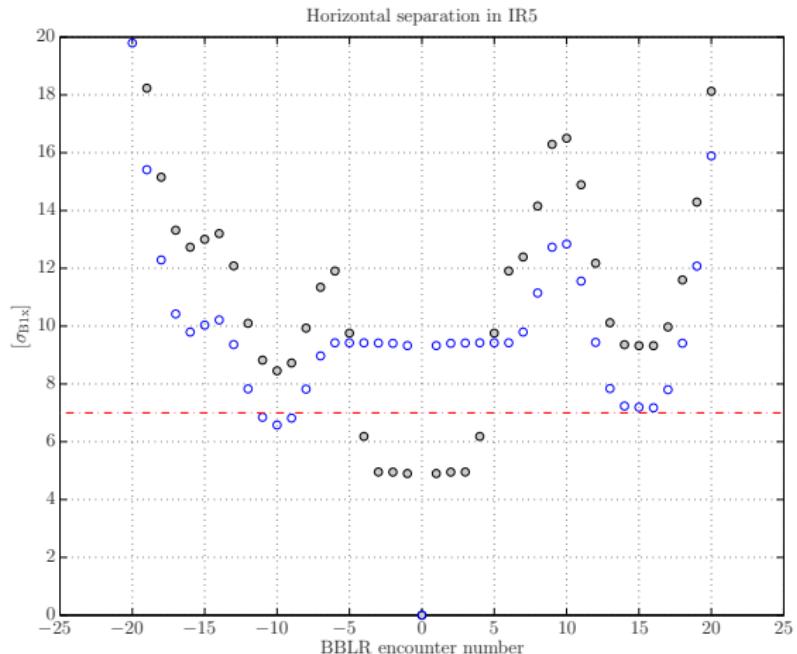
But...

- Separation pattern similar to the nominal
- We need a bigger separation in the triplets  $12\sigma$
- The field request for D0 and OC is almost doubled w.r.t the position st 6-9 m!
- A complete study on the heat load has to be done.

With  $5\sigma$  we gain the 60% on the F factor, but...



With  $5\sigma$  we gain the 60% on the F factor, but...



With  $5\sigma$  we gain the 60% on the F factor, but...

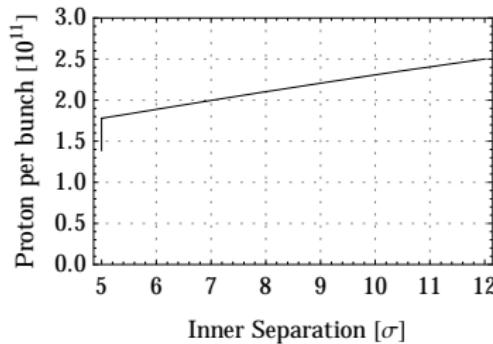
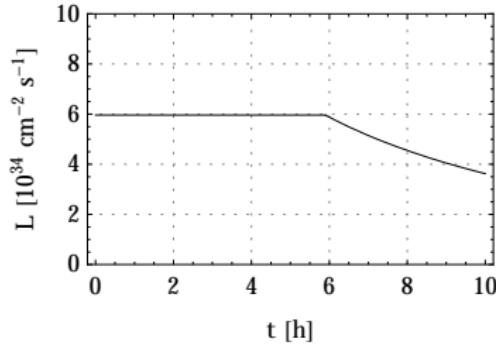


But...

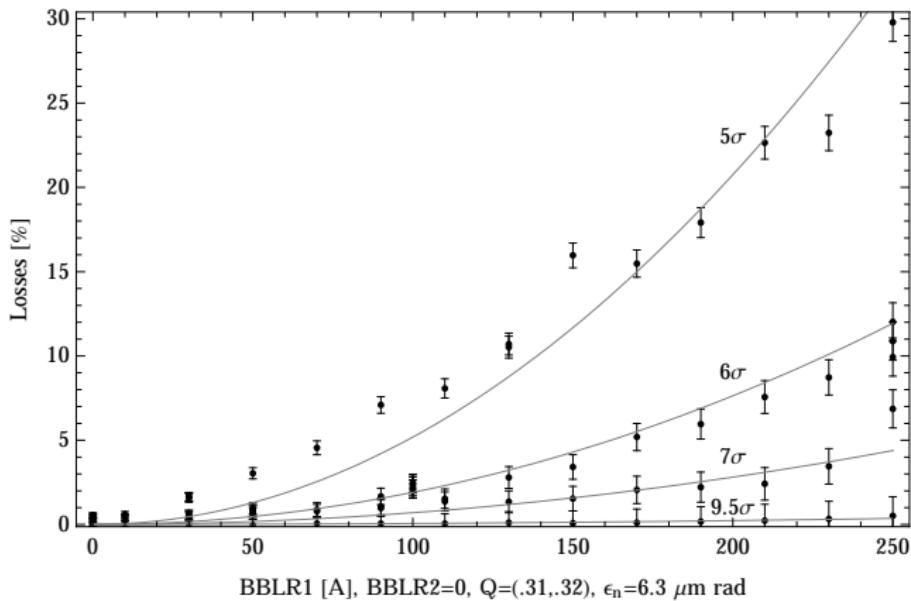
In this case we have to study by tracking if the 6 encounters at  $5\sigma$  per IP can be tolerated or not.

It is worth noting that if we consider the leveling only at the end of the run the  $5\sigma$  separation will occur.

e.g.  $\beta = 0.15\text{m}$ ,  $N = 2.5 \cdot 10^{11}$ ,  $n_b = 2808$ , leveling from 12 to  $5\sigma$ , max total HO tune shift  $7 \cdot 10^{-3}$



# SPS results (measured on 2s flattop)



Thanks to JPK, FZ, E. Metral, R. Calaga, E. Lafage, R. Tomás, B. Salvant, G. Burtin, U. Dorda and J.-J. Gras.

# Conclusions



- **D0 at 14m** has a significant impact on the required integrated field ( $13 \text{ Tm} + 8 \text{ Tm}$ ) and BB effect
- The energy heat load can be a major problem
- A D0 with  $7\sigma$  separation at  $\beta = 0.15 \text{ m}$  provides a gain of 30% on the  $F$  factor with an impact similar to the nominal LHC scheme but we need  $12\sigma$  separation in the triplet
- The  $5\sigma$  solution can present serious BB problems (SPS results not encouraging): W. Herr and D. Kaltchev are working in that direction with a complete 6D tracking.

Thank you.....



- LUMI05, Possible quadrupole-first options with  $\beta \leq 0.25$  m, J.-P. Koutchouk: **the concept**.
- EPAC06, WEPCH094, J.-P. Koutchouk and al.: **D0 at 2 m and 9.5 m from the IP**.
- CARE06, D0 and its integrability, G. Sterbini: **results of meeting organized by E. Tsesmelis**.
- PAC07, THPAN072, J.-P. Koutchouk and al.: **global optics solution**.
- CARE07,D0 design and beam-beam effect, G.Sterbini: **D0 at 3.5 m from the IP**.
- PAC08, WEPD025, G. Sterbini and al.: **D0 at 6.8 m**.
- PAC08, WEPP013, J.-P. Koutchouk and al.: **Luminosity leveling**.