Group info (if required)

Evolving Security in WLCG

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Overview

- Current model
- Changing technology
- Evolving trust fabric
- Changing threat landscape
- Possible ways forward





Current model

- Traceability not control
- Relationship between sites and VOs and users is based on trust
 - This works pretty well
- Incident response based on sites & collaboration CSIRT teams
- All traceability information (in theory) at sites
 - Central loggers
 - But in practice, must contact VO to identify so be able to suspend credential associated with problematic activity
 - Anonymous pilot jobs but separation & traceability supported by glexec again *in theory*
 - After 10 years still not used universally
 - Not really 'loved' by either sites or VOs

Vorldwide LHC Corr

Changing technology

- Increasing use of virtualisation and containers
 - VMs on cloud platforms
 - Containers within 'traditional' batch systems
 - Who maintains the VMs/containers?
 - Should strive for best management tools to streamline
- Offers alternate route to job separation
- Removes direct access to & trust of execution environment.
 - May no longer be able to trust logs
- Makes maintenance of underlying OS easier for sites
 - But they pick up complexity of cloud management frameworks
 - On plus side these have much larger communities behind them than grid software.
- Technology & VO workflow changes create constant pressure on incident response teams
 - Emergence of cloud technologies a particular challenge



Evolving trust fabric

- Federated identity management promises huge potential benefits – as well as bringing with it not a few challenges
- Will take significant changes at all levels
- But mixing assurance from different sources (not just CAs) will bring benefits
 - Not least making it easier to co-exist in a world where WLCG is one among many large users of distributed infrastructure
- Eduroam example is instructive
 - The benefits are now obvious it is *really* convenient
 - But it has been quite a bumpy ride



1st February 2016, Security Challenges for WLCG

Changing threat landscape

- Rise of organised, very businesslike cybercriminals
 - They no longer ignore us
 - Sophisticated, targeted attacks especially phishing
- Identity/personal information is now the major target
 - Federation just increases the cost of compromised credentials
- Our infrastructure itself may be 'secure enough'
 - The challenge now to protect our people
- As we move to more standard software & interfaces attack surface is also more standard
 - Much of the effort that used to go into making our bespoke software more secure will be needed protecting 'standard' software & interfaces
- Most incidents are discovered through external reports
 - Must improve our ability to exchange intelligence with other communities (industry, law enforcement, etc.)



Ways forward I

- Treat VMs/containers as processes
 - Shift focus to externally observable behaviour
 - Logs from inside VMs not as trustworthy
 - Better logging of network flows often neglected may have implications for network hardware choices and costs
- 'Big data' tools for storing, aggregating, searching larger volumes of data
 - Security Operations Centre
 - Significant effort to deploy
 - Can we develop an 'appliance' for this (similar to what Perfsonar does for network monitoring)
- Can we then 'forget' about glexec?





Ways forward II

- Bring VOs more fully into incident response process
- Improve the capability for collaboration traceability?
 - Better intrumenting VO frameworks to (centrally?) log data
 - Can we take advantage of VOs being based at CERN to ingest appropriate traceability data directly into the SoC as it develops?
- More emphasis on protecting people in order to protect our infrastructure
 - Phishing, sharing threat & incident intelligence
- Put effort in to supporting & exploiting federated identity management
 - not forgetting impacts on traceability and incident response



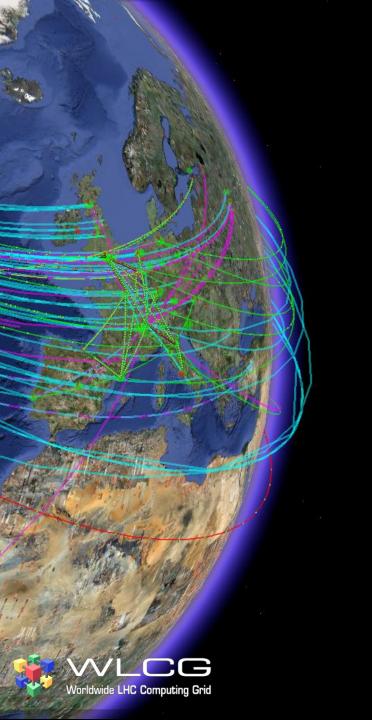


Summary

- Separation via VMs/containers drop glexec
- Invest in deploying 'big data' tools for managing traceability data
- Invest in better intelligence/trust links with other communities
- Embrace global & federated identity management







• Over to the others