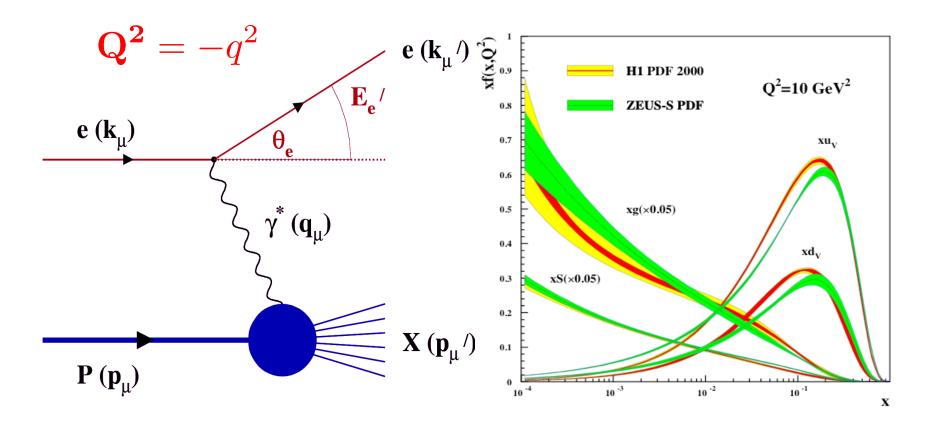
(toward) Azimuthal angular correlations in an Electron-Ion Collider at small x

Jamal Jalilian-Marian Baruch College New York, NY

32nd Winter Workshop on Nuclear Dynamics February 28 - March 5, 2016 Guadeloupe

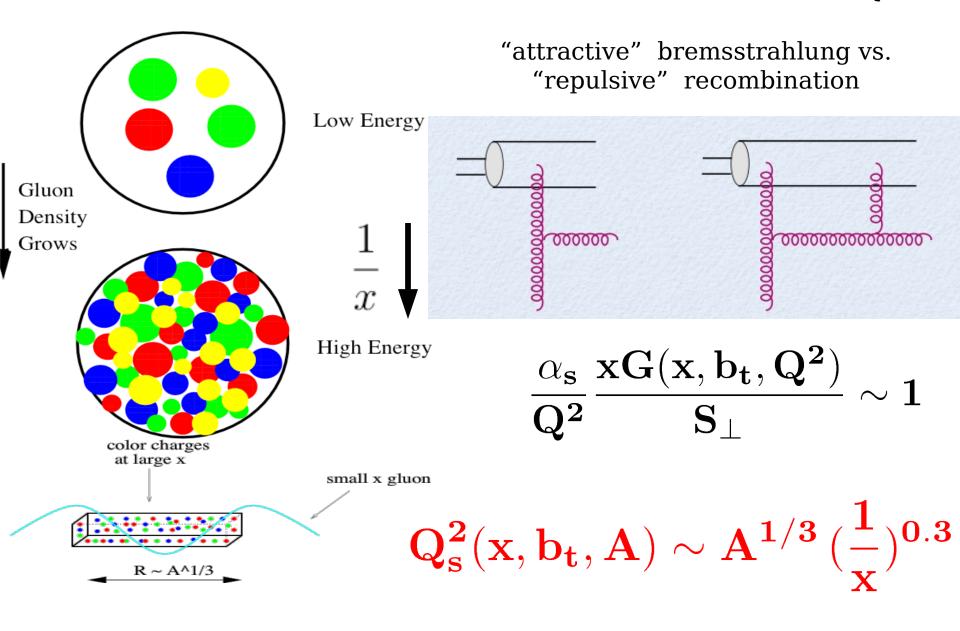
DIS at HERA: parton distributions



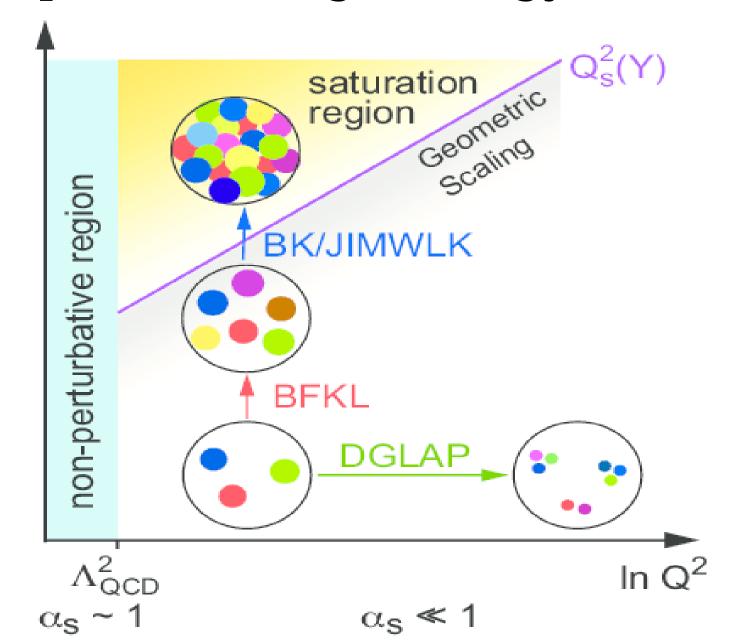
power-like growth of gluon and sea quark distributions with x **new QCD dynamics at small x?**

Gluon saturation

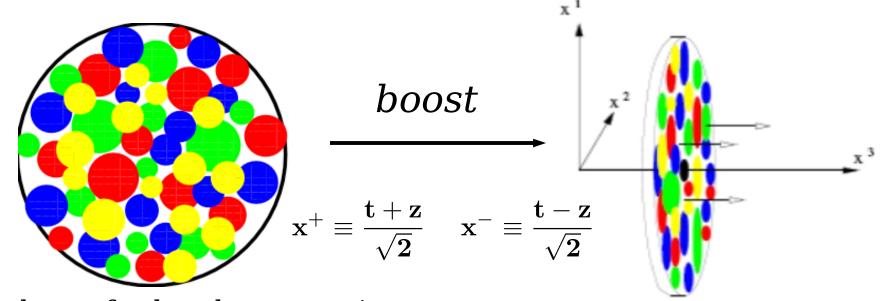
Gribov-Levin-Ryskin Mueller-Qiu



A proton at high energy: saturation



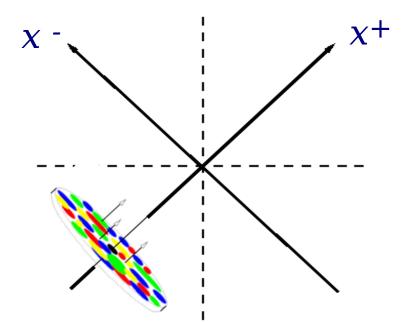
Large A/high energy — → saturation



sheet of color charge moving along x^+ and sitting at $x^- = 0$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{a}}^{\mu}(\mathbf{x}) \equiv \delta^{\mu +} \, \delta(\mathbf{x}^{-}) \, \rho_{\mathbf{a}}(\mathbf{x_{t}}) \\ \hline color & color \\ current & charge \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{A_a^+}(\mathbf{z^-}, \mathbf{z_t}) = \delta(\mathbf{z^-}) \, \alpha_{\mathbf{a}}(\mathbf{z_t})$$
with $\partial_t^2 \, \alpha_a(z_t) = g \rho_a(z_t)$



low x QCD in a background field: CGC

(a high gluon density environment)

two main effects:

"multiple scatterings" encoded in classical field ($\mathbf{p_t}$ broadening)

evolution with $\ln (1/x)$ a la BK/JIMWLK equation (suppression)

LT pQCD with collinear factorization:

single scattering

evolution with $\ln Q^2$

Signatures

dense-dense (AA, pA, pp) collisions multiplicities, spectra long range rapidity correlations

dilute-dense (pA, forward pp) collisions multiplicities p_t spectra angular correlations

DIS

structure functions (diffraction)

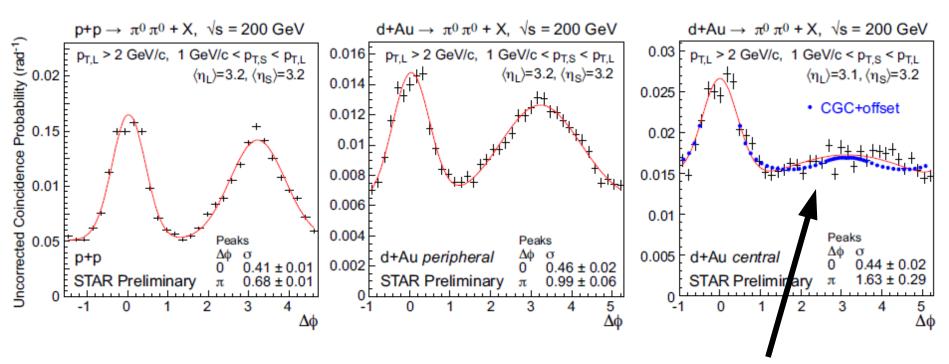
NLO di-hadron correlations

3-hadron correlations

spin asymmetries

di-hadron correlations are a sensitive probe of CGC

Recent STAR measurement (arXiv:1008.3989v1):



Marquet, NPA (2007), Albacete + Marquet, PRL (2010) Tuchin, NPA846 (2010)

A. Stasto + B-W. Xiao + F. Yuan, PLB716 (2012)

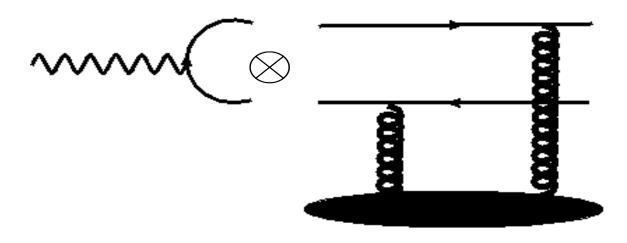
T. Lappi + H. Mantysaari, NPA908 (2013)

saturation effects de-correlate the hadrons

shadowing+energy loss: Z. Kang, I. Vitev, H. Xing, PRD85 (2012) 054024

DIS total cross section

$$\begin{split} \sigma_{\scriptscriptstyle \rm DIS}^{\rm total} &= 2\!\!\int_0^1\!\! dz\!\! \int d^2x_t d^2y_t \left| \Psi(\mathbf{k}^\pm, \mathbf{k}_t|z, \mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t) \right|^2 T(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t) \\ &\quad T(\mathbf{x}_t, \mathbf{y}_t) \equiv \frac{1}{N_c} \mathrm{Tr} \left\langle 1 - V(\mathbf{x}_t) V^\dagger(\mathbf{y}_t) \right\rangle \end{split}$$



$$\mathbf{V} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ \mathbf{a} \end{bmatrix} \equiv \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a} \\ \mathbf{a} \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathbf{1} + \mathbf{O}(\mathbf{g} \mathbf{A}) + \mathbf{O}(\mathbf{g}^2 \mathbf{A}^2)$$

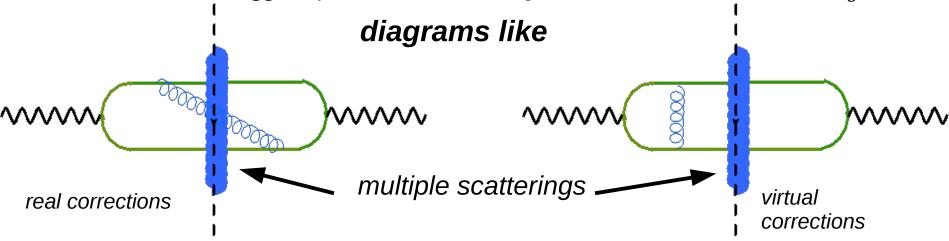
Wilson line encodes multiple scatterings from the color field of the target

DIS total cross section: energy (x) dependence

recall the parton model was scale invariant, scaling violation (dependence on Q^2) came after quantum corrections - $O(\alpha_s)$

what we have done so far is to include high gluon density effects but no energy dependence yet

to include the energy dependence, need quantum corrections - $O(\alpha_s)$

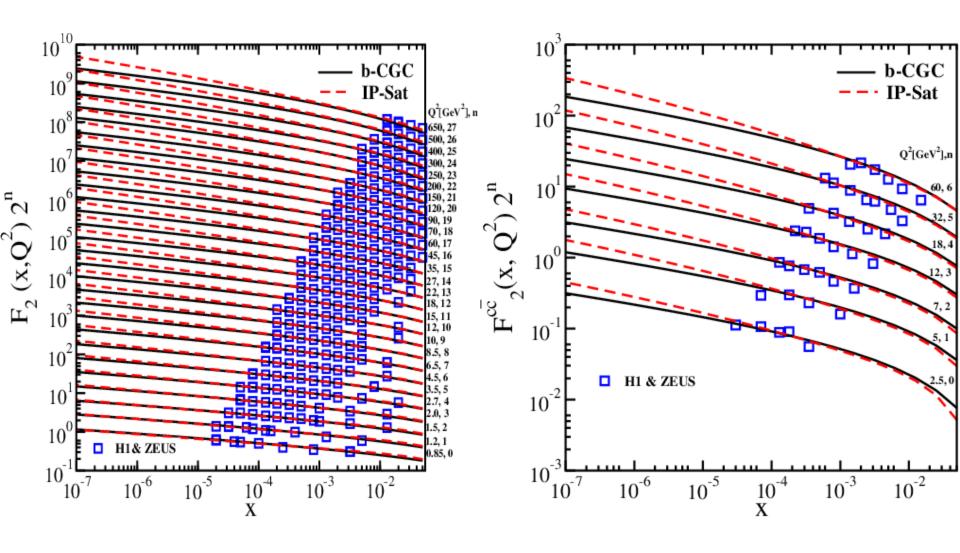


x dependence of dipole cross section: BK/JIMWLK evolution equation

NLO corrections recently computed

Extensive phenomenology at HERA

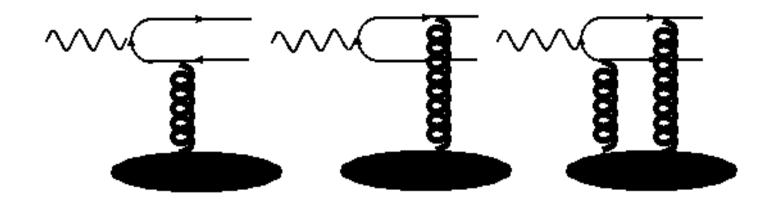
HERA



A. Rezaeian and I. Schmidt, PRD88 (2013) 074016

something with more discriminating power: *di-hadron correlations in DIS*

LO: $\gamma^{\star}(\mathbf{k}) \mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{q}(\mathbf{p}) \mathbf{\bar{q}}(\mathbf{q}) \mathbf{X}$



quark propagator in the background color field

$$S_F(q,p) \equiv (2\pi)^4 \delta^4(p-q) S_F^0(p) + S_F^0(q) \tau_f(q,p) S_F^0(p)$$

$$\tau_f(q, p) \equiv (2\pi)\delta(p^- - q^-)\gamma^- \int d^2x_t \, e^{i(q_t - p_t) \cdot x_t}$$
$$\{\theta(p^-)[V(x_t) - 1] - \theta(-p^-)[V^{\dagger}(x_t) - 1]\}$$

di-hadron production in DIS

$$\gamma^{\star}(\mathbf{k})\,\mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{q}(\mathbf{p})\,\mathbf{\bar{q}}(\mathbf{q})\,\mathbf{X}$$

$$\mathcal{A}^{\mu}(k,q,p) = \frac{i}{2} \int \frac{d^{2}l_{\perp}}{(2\pi)^{2}} d^{2}x_{\perp} d^{2}y_{\perp} e^{i(p_{\perp}+q_{\perp}-k_{\perp}-l_{\perp})\cdot y_{\perp}}$$

$$e^{il_{\perp}\cdot x_{\perp}} \overline{u}(q) \Gamma^{\mu}(k^{\pm},k_{\perp},q^{-},p^{-},q_{\perp}-l_{\perp}) v(p)$$

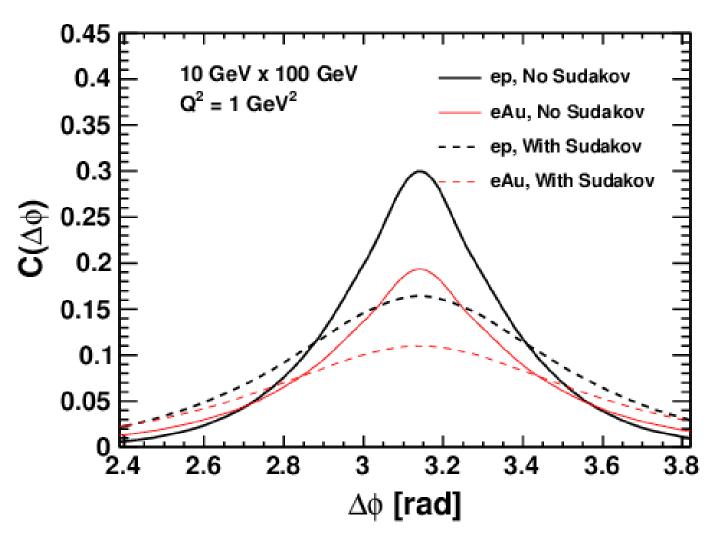
$$[V(x_{\perp})V^{\dagger}(y_{\perp})-1]$$

with

$$\Gamma^{\mu} \equiv \frac{\gamma^{-}(q - l + m)\gamma^{\mu}(q - k - l + m)\gamma^{-}}{p^{-}[(q_{\perp} - l_{\perp})^{2} + m^{2} - 2q^{-}k^{+}] + q^{-}[(q_{\perp} - k_{\perp} - l_{\perp})^{2} + m^{2}]}$$

F. Gelis and J. Jalilian-Marian, PRD67 (2003) 074019 Zheng + Aschenauer + Lee + Xiao, PRD89 (2014)7, 074037

Azimuthal correlations in DIS



Zheng + Aschenauer + Lee + Xiao, PRD89 (2014)7, 074037

Precision CGC: NLO corrections

DIS total cross section:

photon impact factor evolution equations

pA collisions:

Single inclusive particle production

NLO di-jet production in DIS

LO 3-jet production

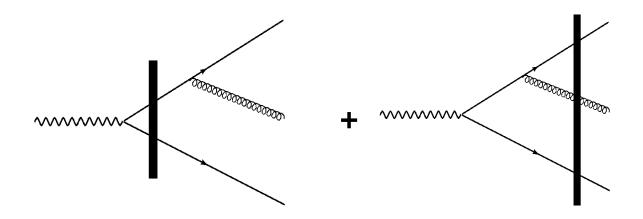
two away side hadrons: additional knob

Azimuthal correlations in DIS

di-jet production in DIS: **NLO**

real contributions: $\gamma^{\star} \mathbf{T} o \mathbf{q} \, ar{\mathbf{q}} \, \mathbf{g} \, \mathbf{X}$

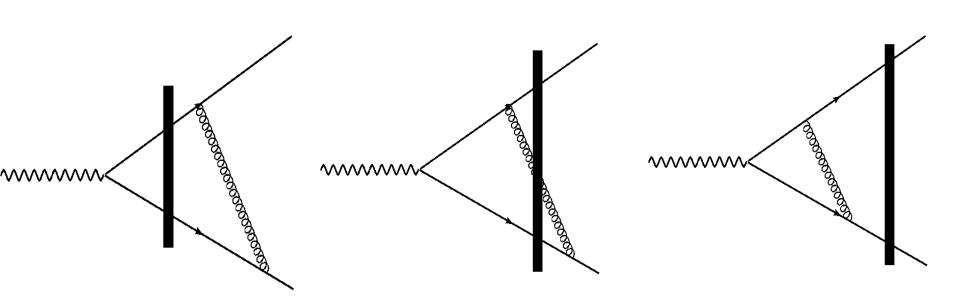
integrate out one of the produced partons



work in progress: Ayala, Hentschinski , Jalilian-Marian, Tejeda-Yeomans

di-jet azimuthal correlations in DIS

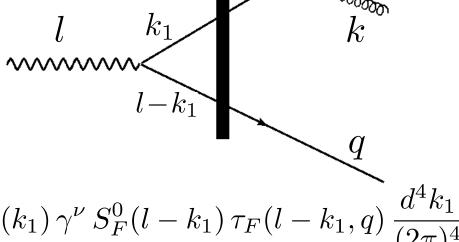
virtual contributions: $\gamma^{\star}\mathbf{T} o \mathbf{q}\,ar{\mathbf{q}}\,\mathbf{X}$



+ "self-energy" diagrams

real contributions:

$$\mathcal{A} \equiv -eg \,\bar{u}(p) \,[A]^{\mu\nu} \,v(q) \,\epsilon_{\mu} \,(k) \epsilon_{\nu}^{*}(l)$$



$$A_{1}^{\mu\nu} = \gamma^{\mu} t^{a} S_{F}^{0}(p+k) \tau_{F}(p+k,k_{1}) S_{F}^{0}(k_{1}) \gamma^{\nu} S_{F}^{0}(l-k_{1}) \tau_{F}(l-k_{1},q) \frac{d^{4}k_{1}}{(2\pi)^{4}}$$

$$= \frac{i}{2 l^{-}} \frac{\delta(l^{-} - p^{-} - q^{-} - k^{-})}{(p+k)^{2}} \int d^{2}x_{t} d^{2}y_{t} e^{-i(p_{t}+k_{t}) \cdot x_{t}} e^{-iq_{t} \cdot y_{t}}$$

$$\gamma^{\mu} t^{a} i(\not p + \not k) \gamma^{-} i \not k_{1} \gamma^{\nu} i(\not l - \not k_{1}) \gamma^{-} K_{0} [L(x_{t} - y_{t})]$$

$$V(x_{t}) V^{\dagger}(y_{t})$$
with
$$k_{1t}^{2} - i \epsilon$$

$$L^2 = \frac{q^-(p^- + k^-)}{l^- l^-} Q^2 \qquad k_1^- = p^- - k^- \qquad k_1^+ = \frac{k_{1t}^2 - i\epsilon}{2(p^- + k^-)} \qquad k_{1t} = -i\,\partial_{x_t - y_t}$$

Traces: ~ 23 pages long!

A1squared =

+ gminus * (DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(muc1,muc1,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(nminus, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc2,muc2,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)* dot(p,k)*IntR1(nminus,mu2,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,mu2,nminus,1, 1,1,p) - DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(nminus,muc2,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,muc2,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(mu1,nminus, nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(mu1,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*dot(p,k)* IntR1(mu1,mu1,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(mu2,mu2,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,nminus, nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*dot(p,k)*IntR1(muc1,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(muc1,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(nminus,nminus,p,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(muc1,muc1,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(nminus,nminus,p,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(muc2,muc2,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(nminus,mu2,p,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(nminus,mu2,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(nminus,muc2,p,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(nminus,muc2,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(mu1,p,mu1,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(mu1,nminus,p,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(mu1,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(mu1,nminus,mu1,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(p, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(mu1,mu1,p,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(mu2,mu2,p,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - IntR1(mu3,p,mu3,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(mu3,nminus,mu3,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(p, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + IntR1(muc1,nminus,p,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc1, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p))

+ pminus*gminus * (- DENn(k)*IntR1(k,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc3,nminus,muc3,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(k,nminus,mu3,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(mu3,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(k,mu3,mu3,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(k,muc3,nminus,1, 1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,nminus,muc3,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,k, nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,muc3,muc3,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,k,mu3,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,mu3,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)* IntR1(nminus,nminus,k,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc1,muc1,nminus,1,1,1,p) -DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(k,muc3,muc3,1,1,1, p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc2,muc2,k,1 ,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(muc3,k, muc3,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,mu3,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(k,mu3 ,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,nminus,mu3,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(mu3,k,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,mu2,k,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,mu2,nminus,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,mu3,mu3,1,1,1,p)* IntR1c(nminus,k,nminus,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,muc2,nminus,1, 1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,muc2,k,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(nminus,muc3, nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(nminus,k,muc3,1,1,1,p) - DENn(k)*IntR1(mu1, nminus,nminus,1,1,1,p)*IntR1c(mu1,nminus,k,1,1,1,p) + DENn(k)*IntR1(

structure of Wilson lines: amplitude

 $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_1W_1^*\right] = \frac{\left(N_c^2 - 1\right)S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{2N}$ $\operatorname{tr}[W_1 W_2^*] = \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(z_t', x_t') S_Q(x_t, z_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$

 $= \frac{1}{2} \left(S_D(x_t, y) S_D(y_t', x_t') - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$

 $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_1W_3^*\right]$

 $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_1W_4^*\right]$

 $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_2W_3^*\right]$

 $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_4W_4^*\right]$

structure of Wilson lines: cross section

$$\operatorname{tr}[W_2 W_1^*] = \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(x_t, z) S_Q(z_t, x_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$$

$$\operatorname{tr}[W_2 W_2^*] = \frac{1}{8} \left(S_Q(x_t, x_t', z_t', z_t) S_Q(z, z_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$$

 $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(z, y_t) S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', z) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_z} \right)$

 $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(z_t', x_t') S_Q(x_t, z_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$

 $= \frac{1}{8} \left(S_Q(x_t, x'_t, z'_t, z) S_Q(z_t, z'_t, y'_t, y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x'_t, y'_t, y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_2W_4^*\right]$ $= \frac{1}{2} \left(S_D(x_t, y_t) S_D(y_t', x_t') - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_3W_1^*\right]$ $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(y_t', z_t') S_Q(x_t, x_t', z_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_3W_2^*\right]$

 $=\frac{(N_c^2-1)S_Q(x_t,x_t',y_t',y_t)}{2N}$ ${\rm tr} [W_3 W_3^*]$ $\gamma^{\star}\mathbf{p} \rightarrow \mathbf{q}\,\bar{\mathbf{q}}\,\mathbf{g}\,\mathbf{X}$ $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(y_t', z_t') S_Q(x_t, x_t', z_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_3W_4^*\right]$ $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(x_t, z_t) S_Q(z, x_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_4W_1^*\right]$

 $= \frac{1}{8} \left(S_Q(x_t, x'_t, z'_t, z_t) S_Q(z, z'_t, y'_t, y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x'_t, y'_t, y_t)}{N_z} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_4W_2^*\right]$ $= \frac{1}{4} \left(S_D(z, y_t) S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', z) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ $\operatorname{tr}\left[W_4W_3^*\right]$

developing a Mathematica package to put all this $= \frac{1}{8} \left(S_Q(x_t, x_t', z_t', z_t) S_Q(z_t, z_t', y_t', y_t) - \frac{S_Q(x_t, x_t', y_t', y_t)}{N_c} \right)$ together

we are

di-jet azimuthal correlations in DIS

NLO:
$$\gamma^* \mathbf{p} \to \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{h} \, \mathbf{X}$$

integrate out one of the produced partons - there are divergences:

rapidity divergences: JIMWLK evolution of n-point functions

collinear divergences: DGLAP evolution of fragmentation functions

infrared divergences cancel

the finite pieces are written as a factorized cross section

related work by:

Boussarie, Grabovsky, Szymanowski, Wallon, JHEP1409, 026 (2014) Balitsky, Chirilli, PRD83 (2011) 031502, PRD88 (2013) 111501 Beuf, PRD85, (2012) 034039

SUMMARY

CGC is a systematic approach to high energy collisions

it has been used to fit a wealth of data; ep, eA, pp, pA, AA

Leading Log CGC works (too) well for a qualitative/semiquantitative description of data, NLO is needed

Need to eliminate/minimize late time/hadronization effects

Di-jet angular correlations offer a unique probe of CGC 3-hadron/jet correlations should be even more discriminatory

an EIC is needed for precision CGC studies