

LHCb Upgrade

Eric Thomas PH-LBO
On behalf of LHCb TC team



LS2 DAYS

29-30 SEPTEMBER 2015

<http://indico.cern.ch/event/436424/>

LHCb Upgrade parameters

Luminosity

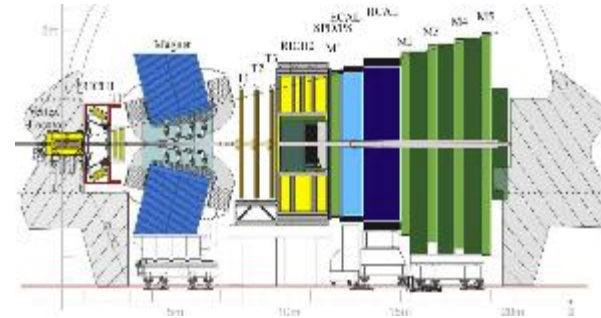
Run2 $4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (2 x nominal)

Upgrade: $2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ Run

Read-out

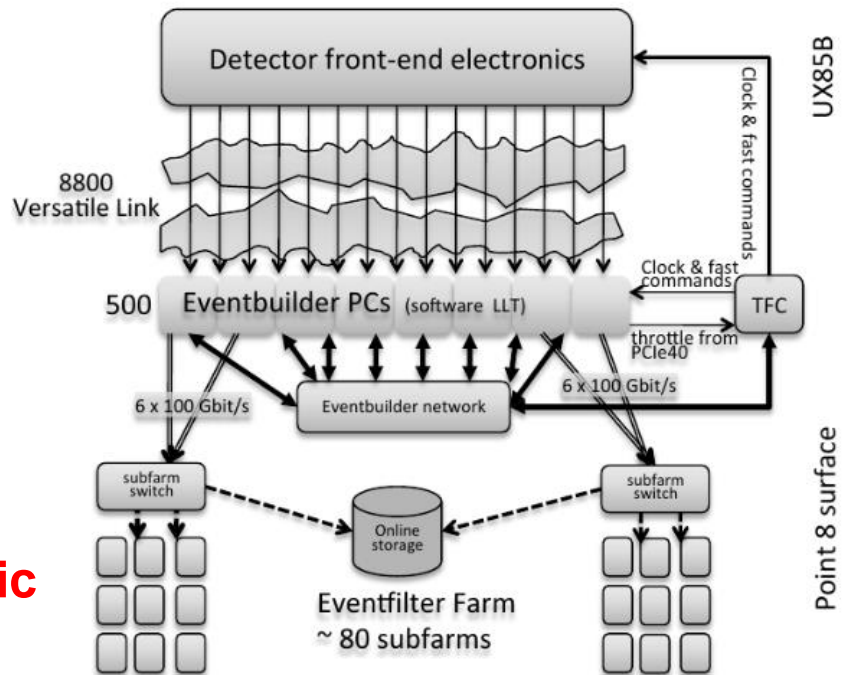
Run 2 **1 MHz**

Upgrade **40 MHz**

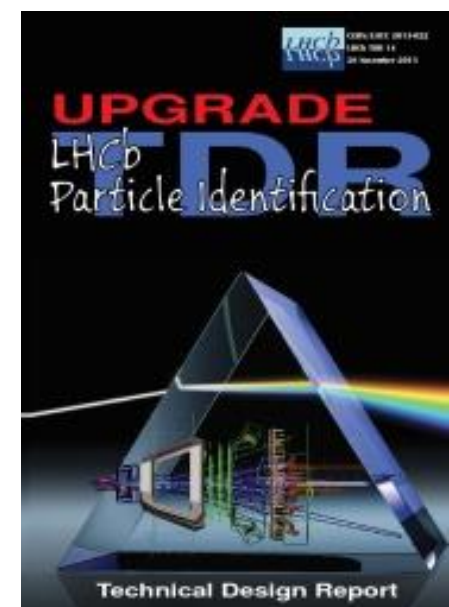
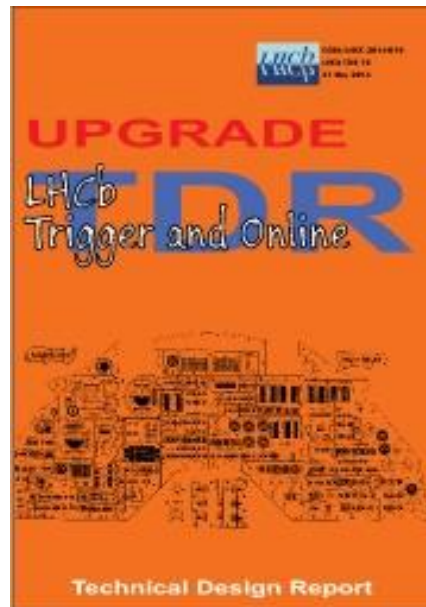
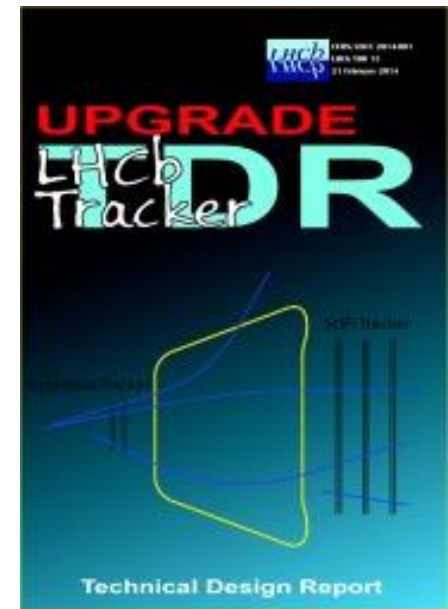


The LHCb upgrade in short:

1. **Replace all detectors which cannot stand the rate (occupancy) and the corresponding infrastructure**
2. **Replace all Read-Out Electronic**
3. **New Data Center**



Further readings



LHCb Upgrade: Surface

- New Data Center
- Pull 17000 x 300m fibres from UX to Surface
- New data centre 2MW IT power
- New technical galleries

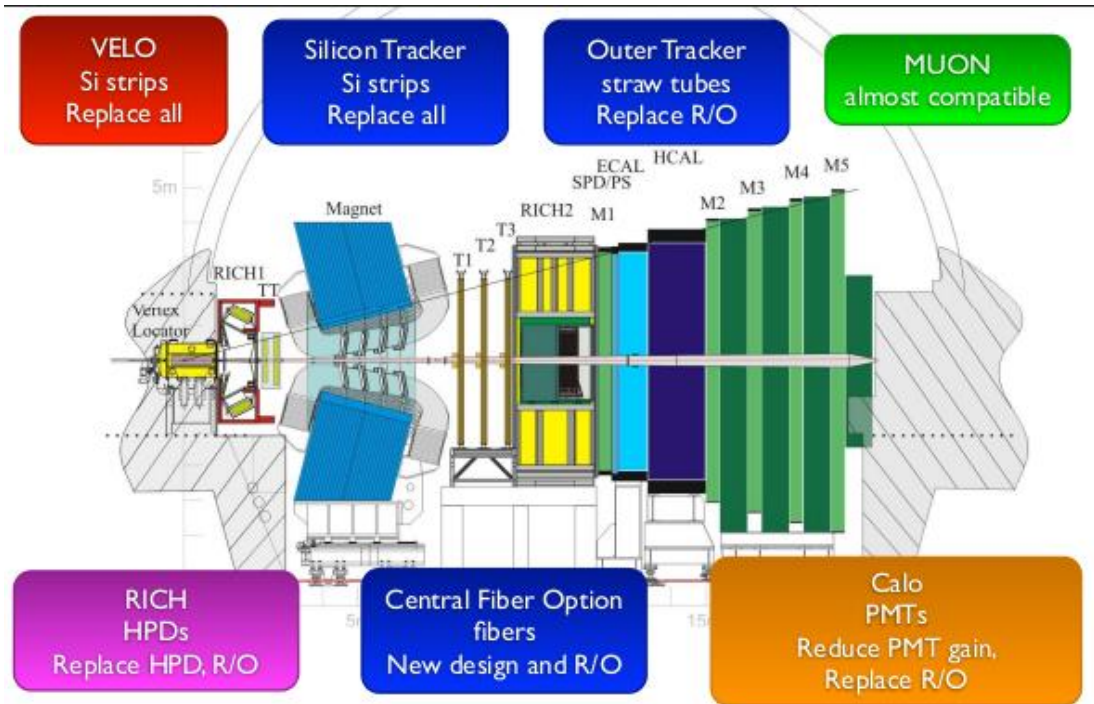
Not constrained by LHC schedule



LHCb Upgrade: Underground

Systems to be removed

- VELO
- TT
- IT
- OT
- M1
- SPD
- Lead
- PS
- PC farm



New systems to be installed

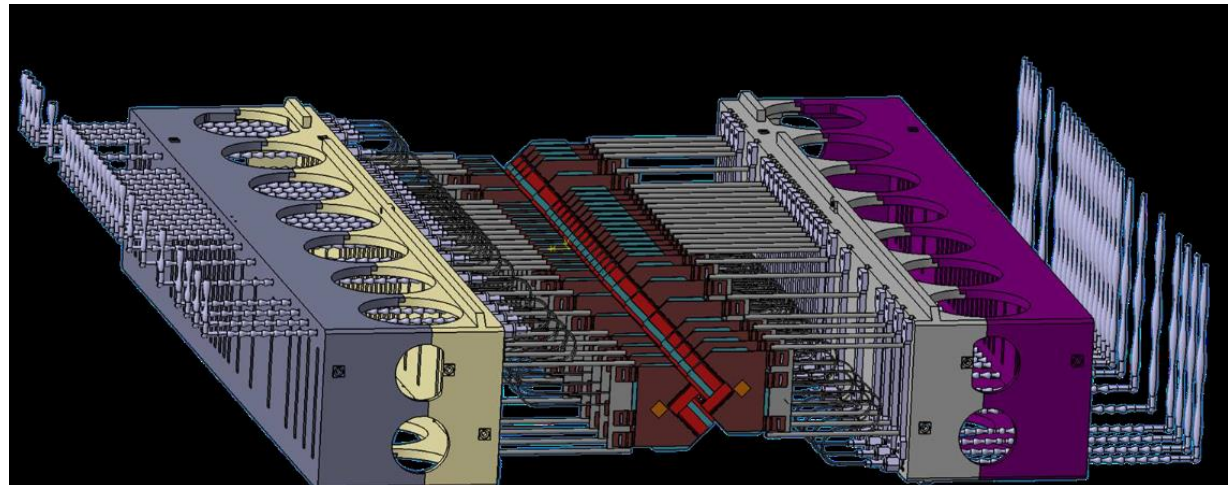
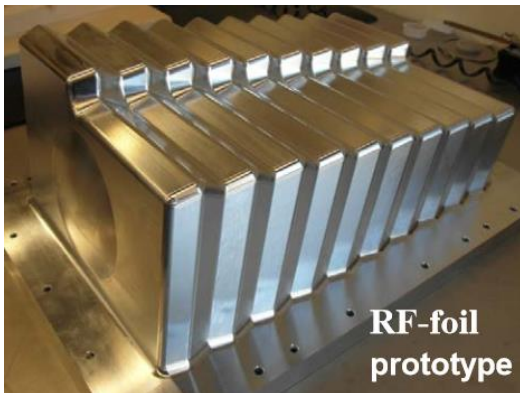
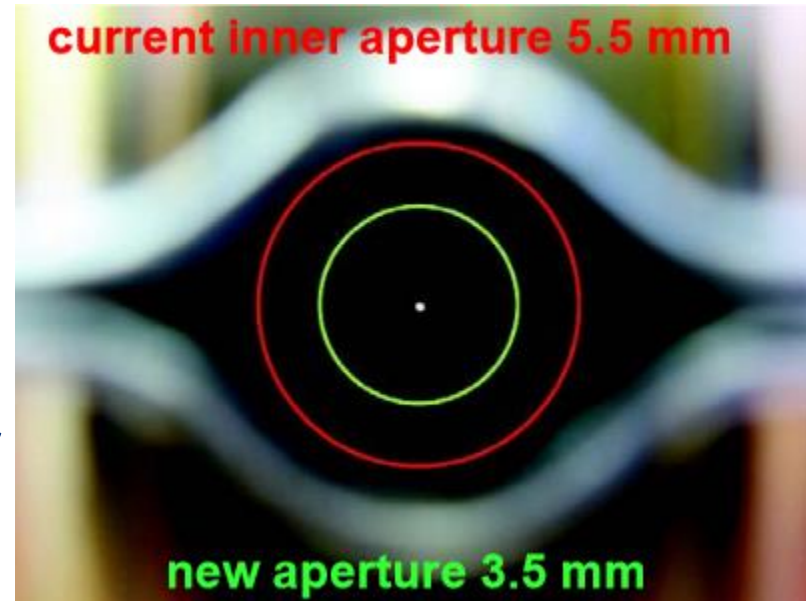
- VELO Pixel
- UT
- SciFi

Systems to be partly modified/removed

- MUON Electronics
- CALO Electronics
- RICH1 & RICH2 HPDs

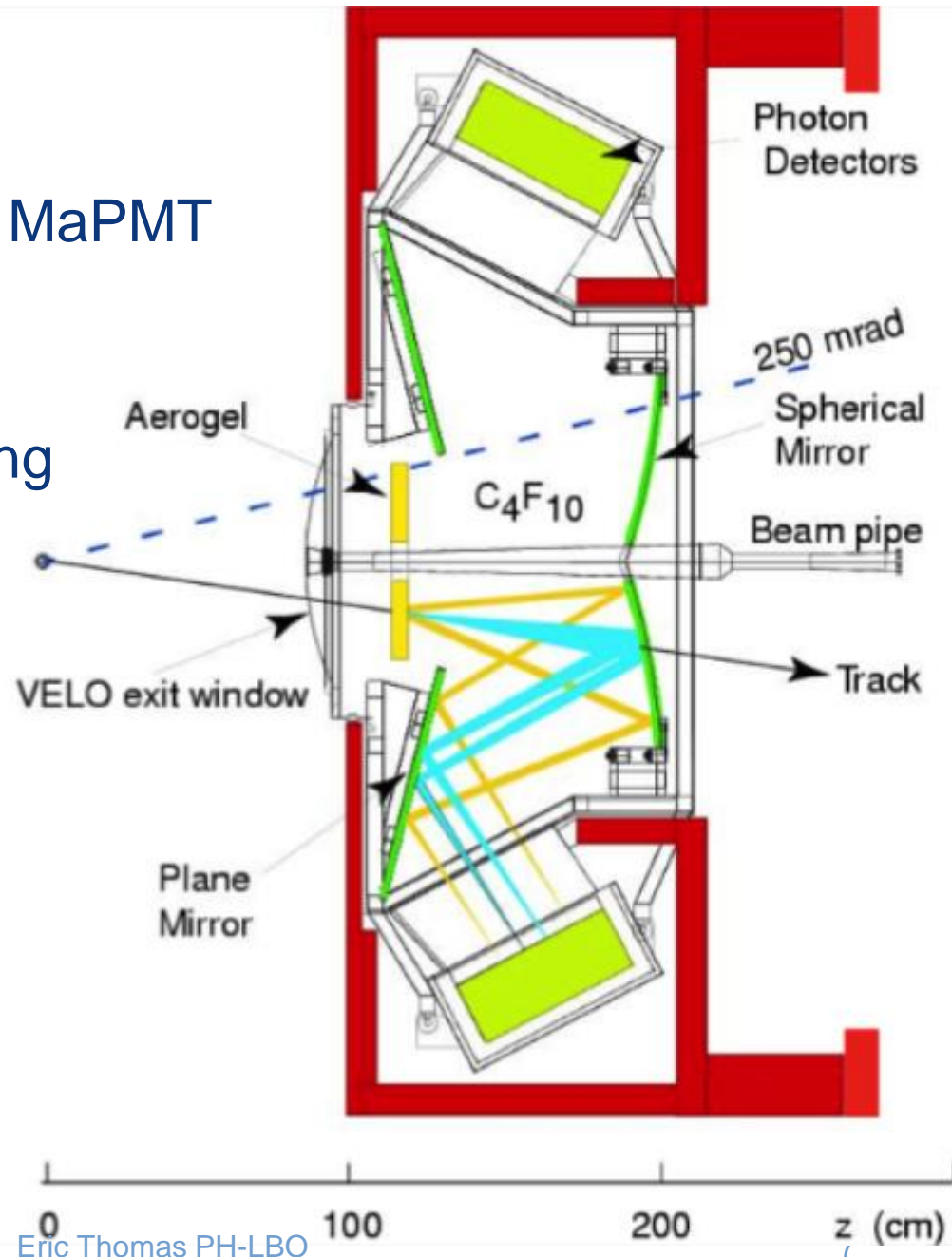
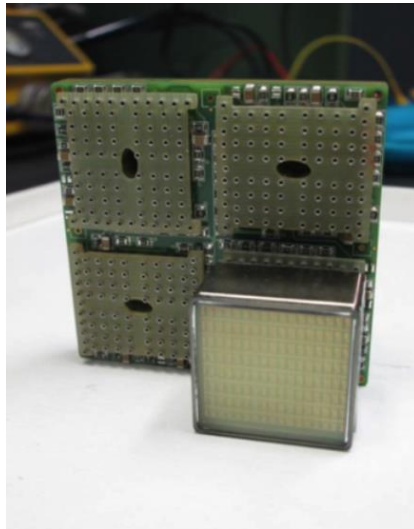
VELO

- New silicon pixel sensors
- New RF foil
- New Wakefield suppressor
- New motion System
- New CO2 cooling
- ...



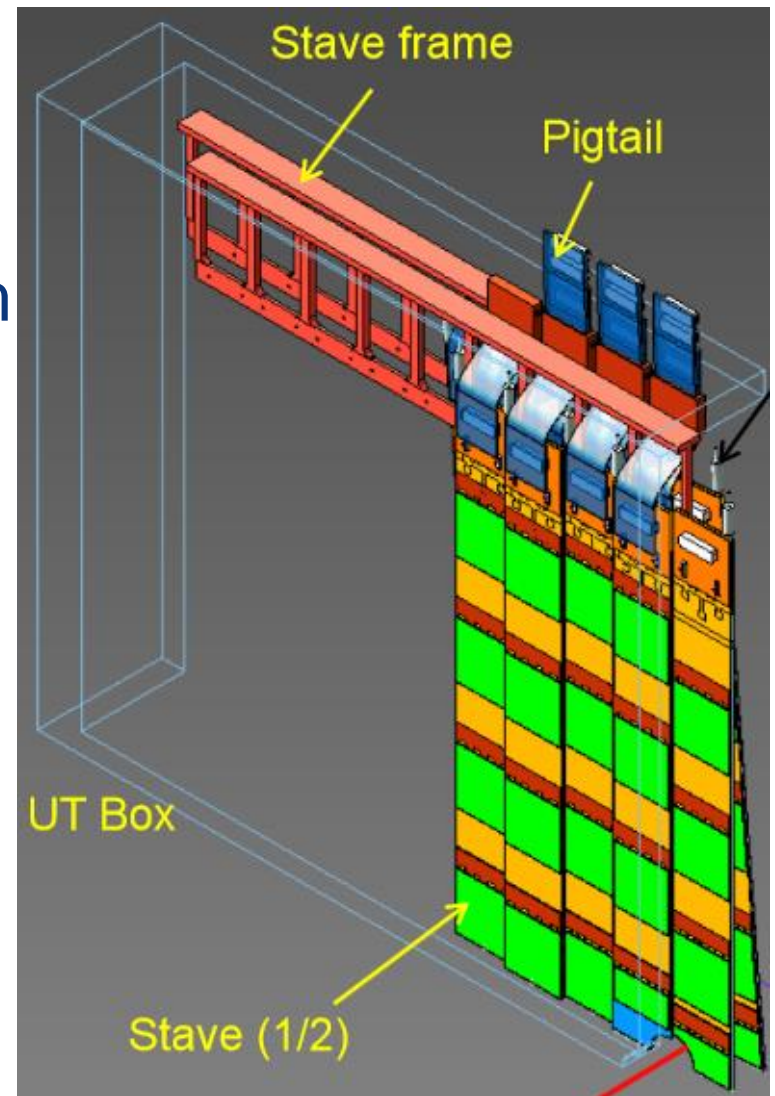
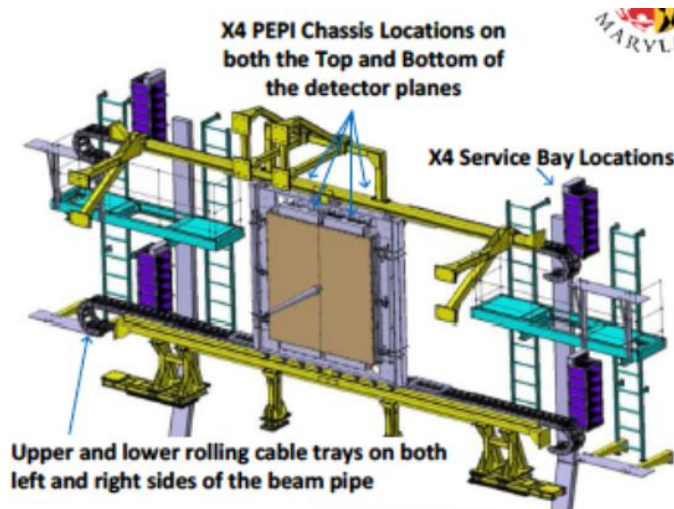
RICH1 and RICH2

- New photon detector: 64ch MaPMT
- New optic (RICH1)
- New gas enclosure (1)
- Re-use (part) existing cooling facilities
- Modifications of shielding
- ...



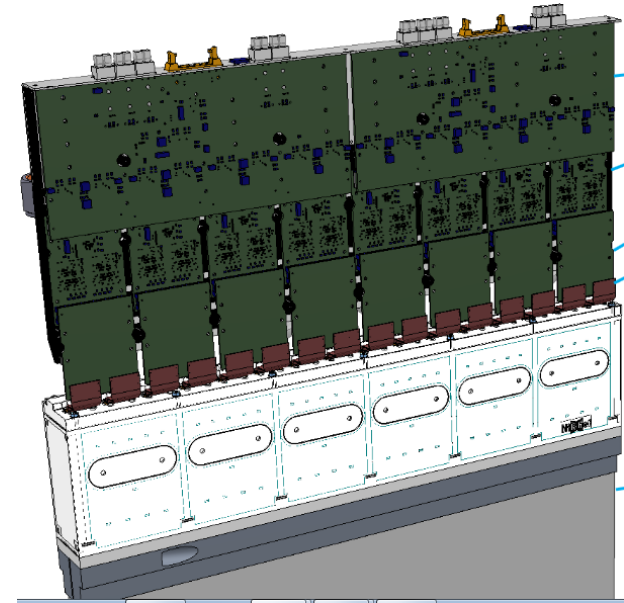
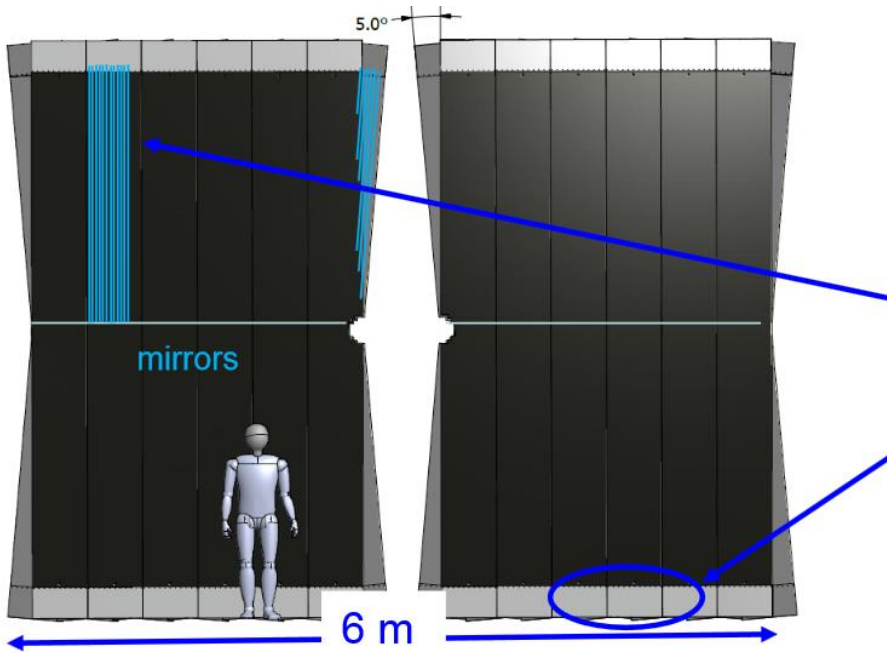
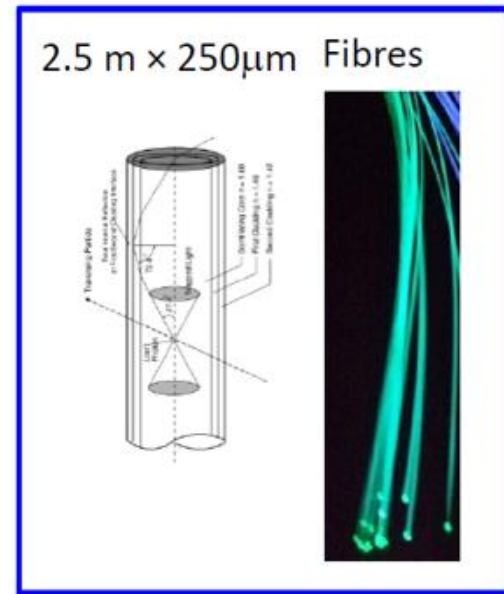
UT

- New silicon sensors (strip)
- Less material, closer to beam pipe, read-out strip geometry adapted to particle flux
- New CO2 cooling system
- Keep only supporting rails
- ...



SciFi

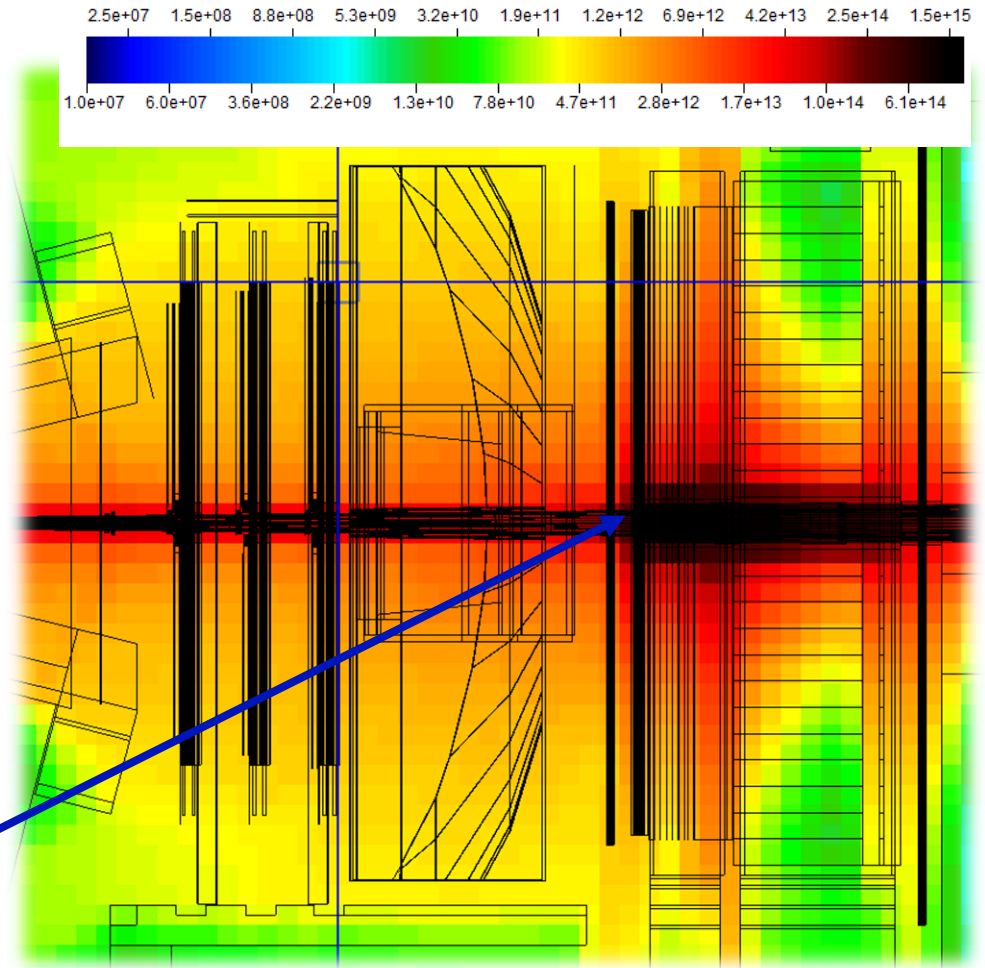
- Scintillating fibers (12 000km)
- Read out by SiPM (-40°C)
- New monophasic cooling system



Shielding (neutron)

- Silicon Photomultipliers are not immune against radiation
- Shielding will be required.
- Concept, design and integration being studied!
- Structure to be built!

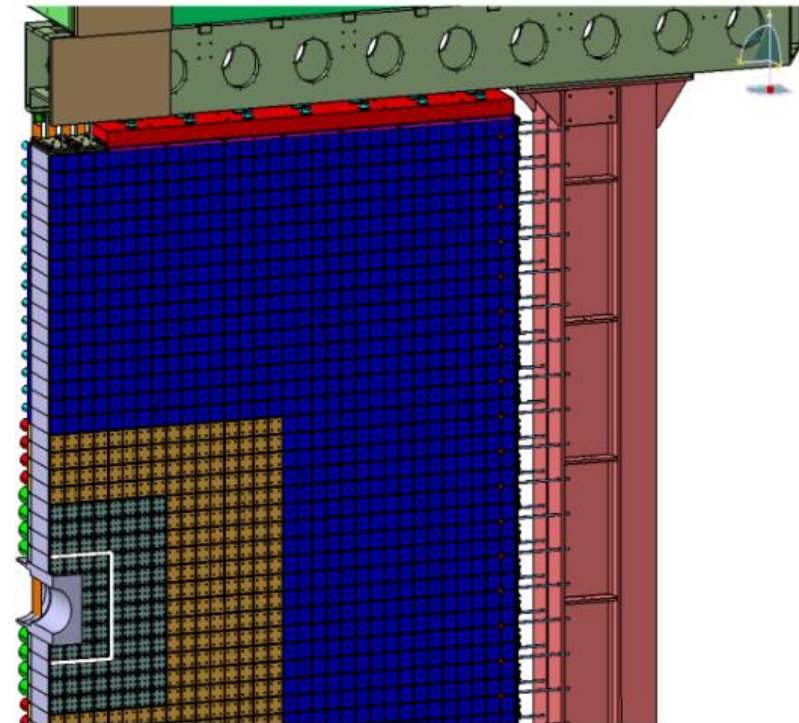
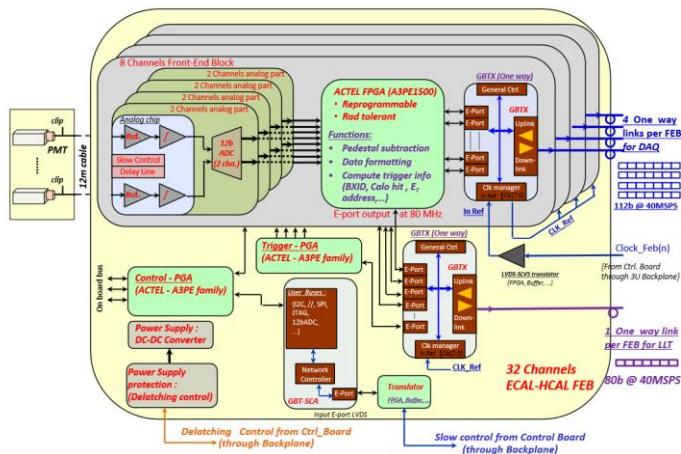
shielding



**1MeV neutron equivalent
fluence: Absolute Values
2x5cm + 10cm PE
(maximum thickness)**

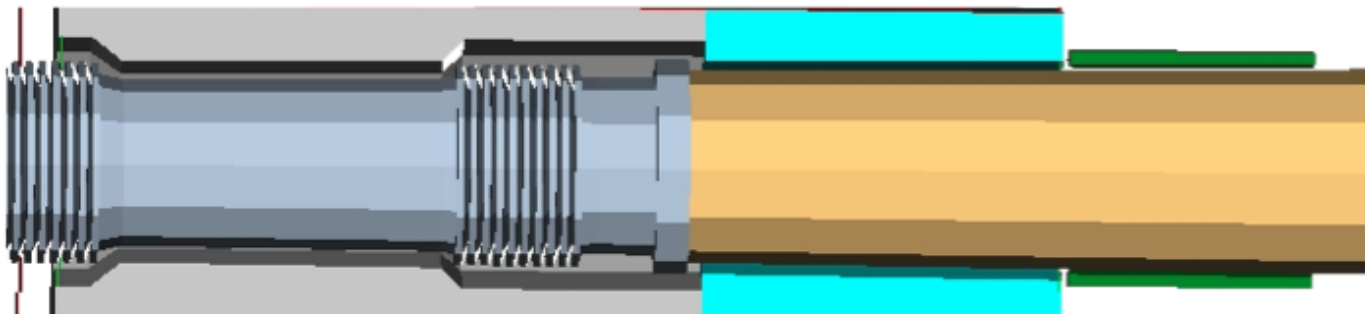
CALORIMETERS

- Replace only few innermost modules (ECAL)
- (may be shifted to LS3)
- Add shielding (HCAL)
- New R/O electronics



M2-M5

- Production of New chambers
- Remove R/O electronic and cables
- Install new R/O electronic chain
- Additional shielding and modification of the beam pipe plugs (could be anticipated yet, **eyets**)



HCAL beam plug

M2 plug

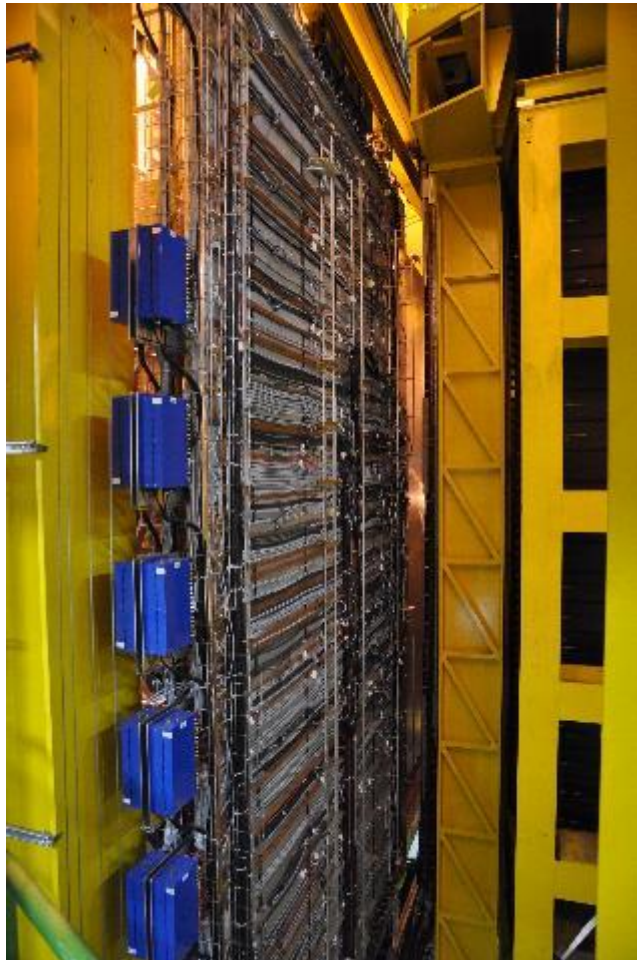
Vacuum Chamber

- Remove and re-install vacuum chamber
- Access structures and platforms to be installed
- In Addition wrt LS1: Section1, Wakefield suppressor, RF foil, and bake-out.
- Constraints from VELO, RICH1, and UT
- Tight planning and correlation



Large objects to dismantle

- M1



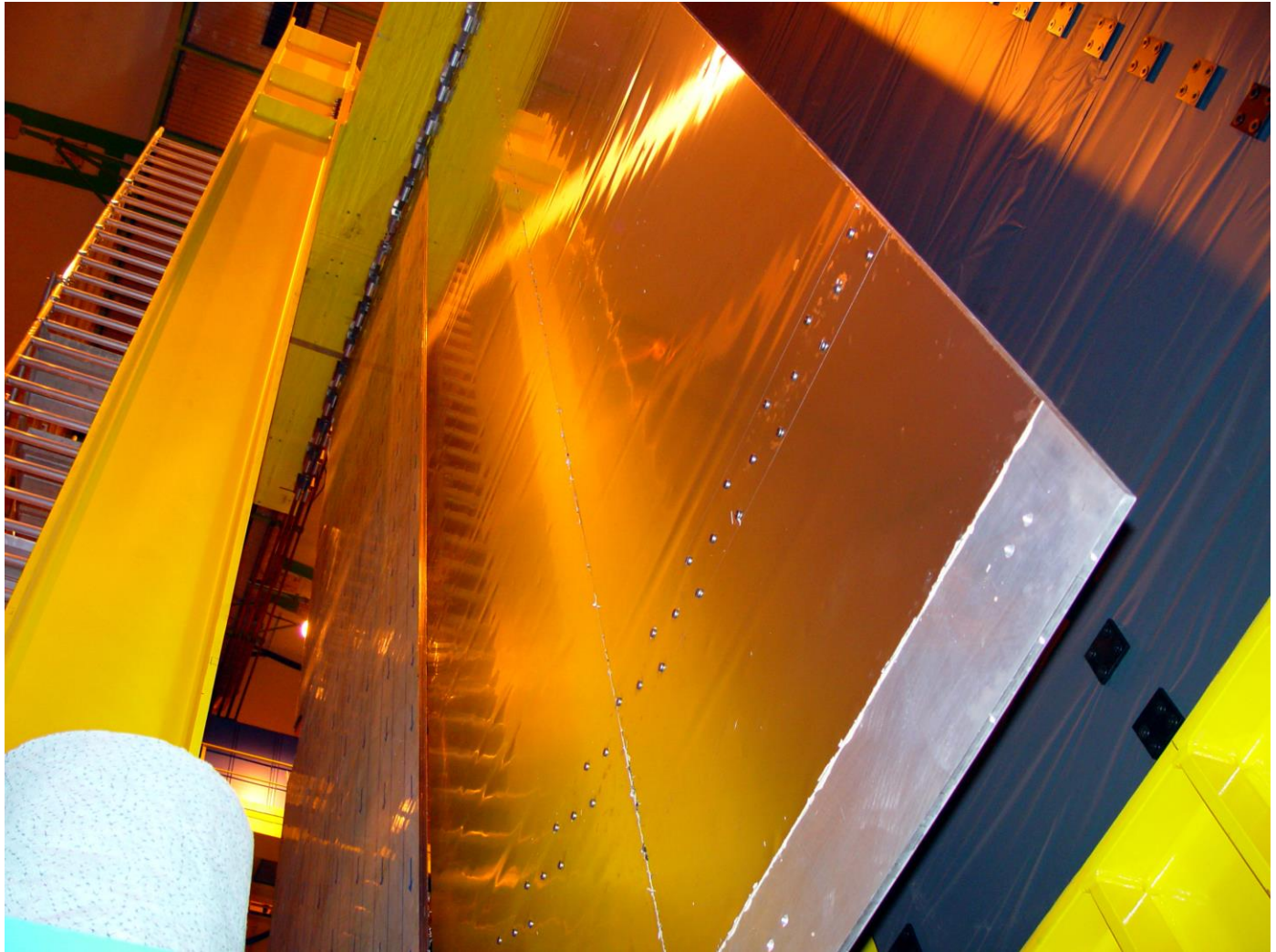
Large objects to dismantle

- PS/SPD



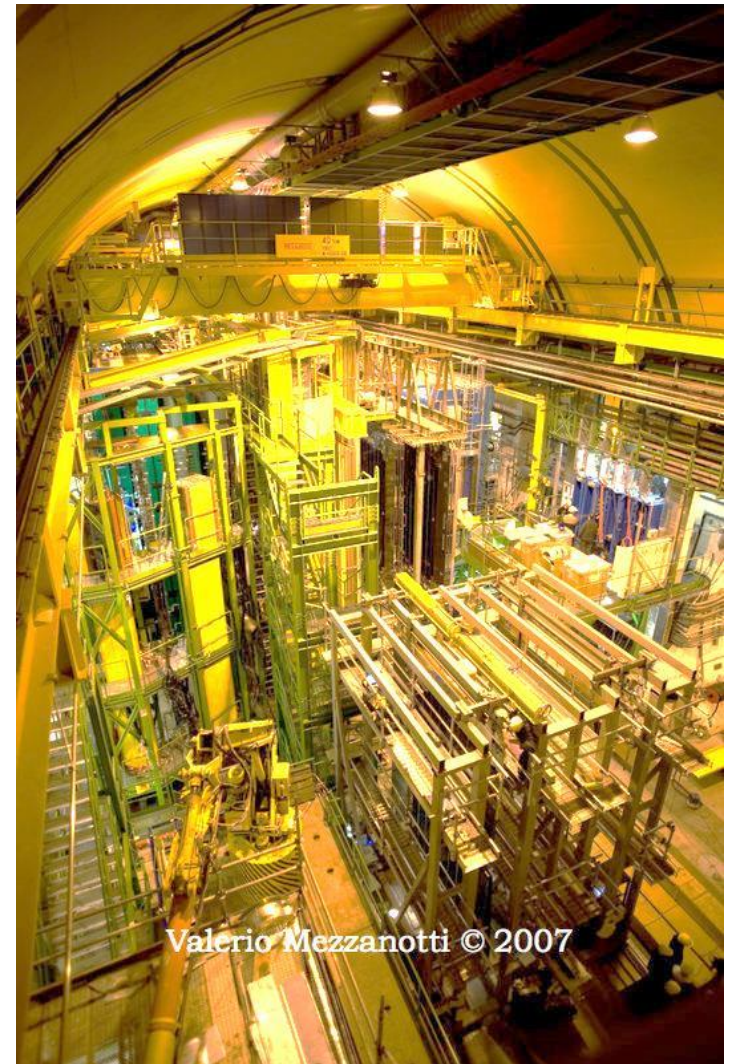
Large objects to dismantle

- Lead



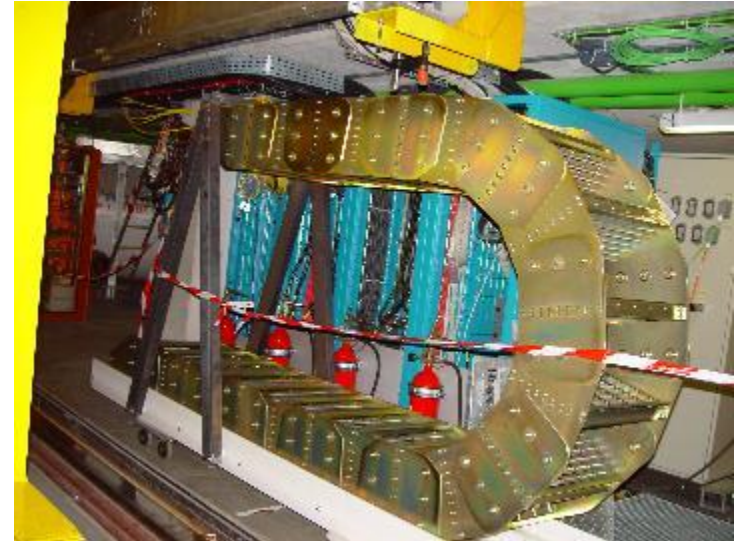
Large objects to dismantle

- OT



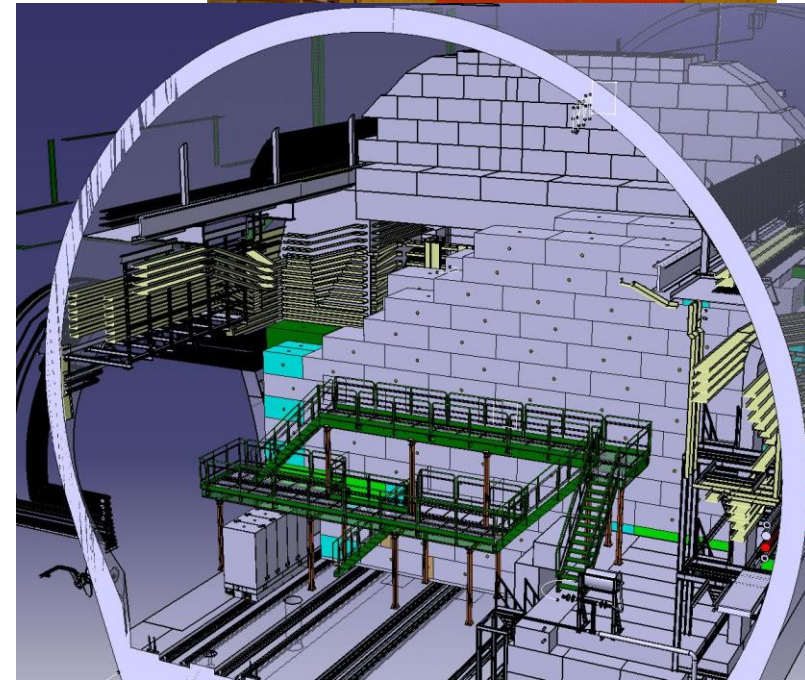
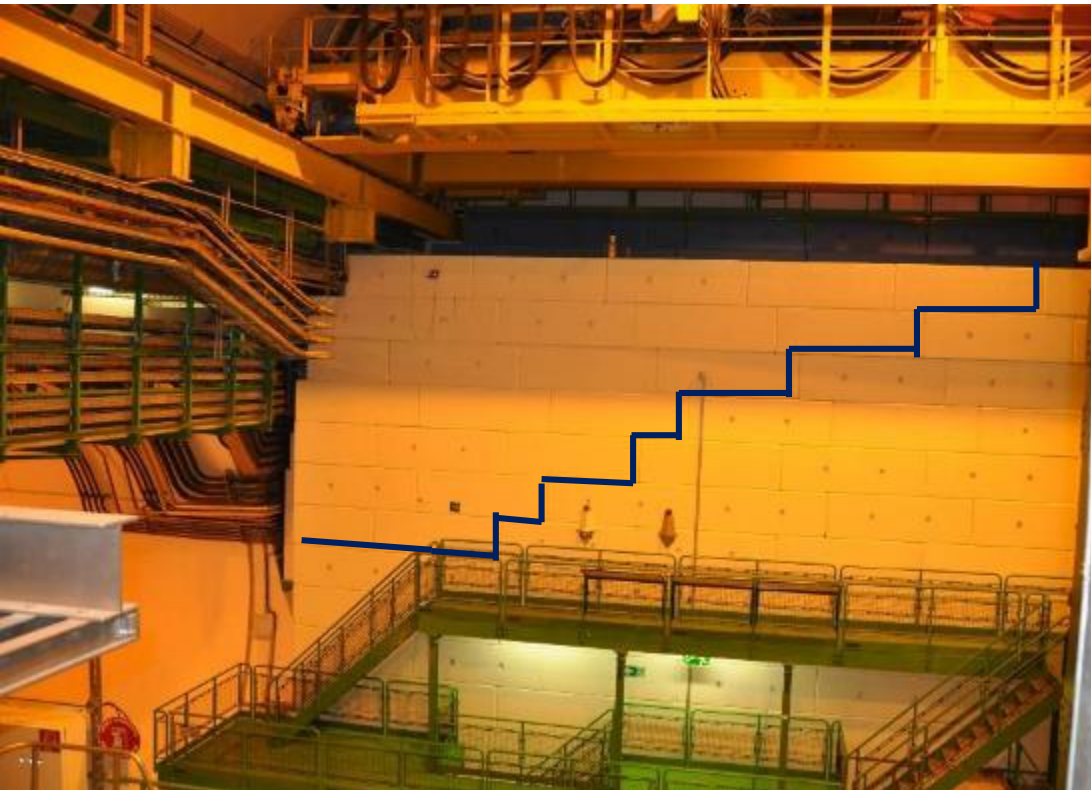
Large objects to dismantle

- Services

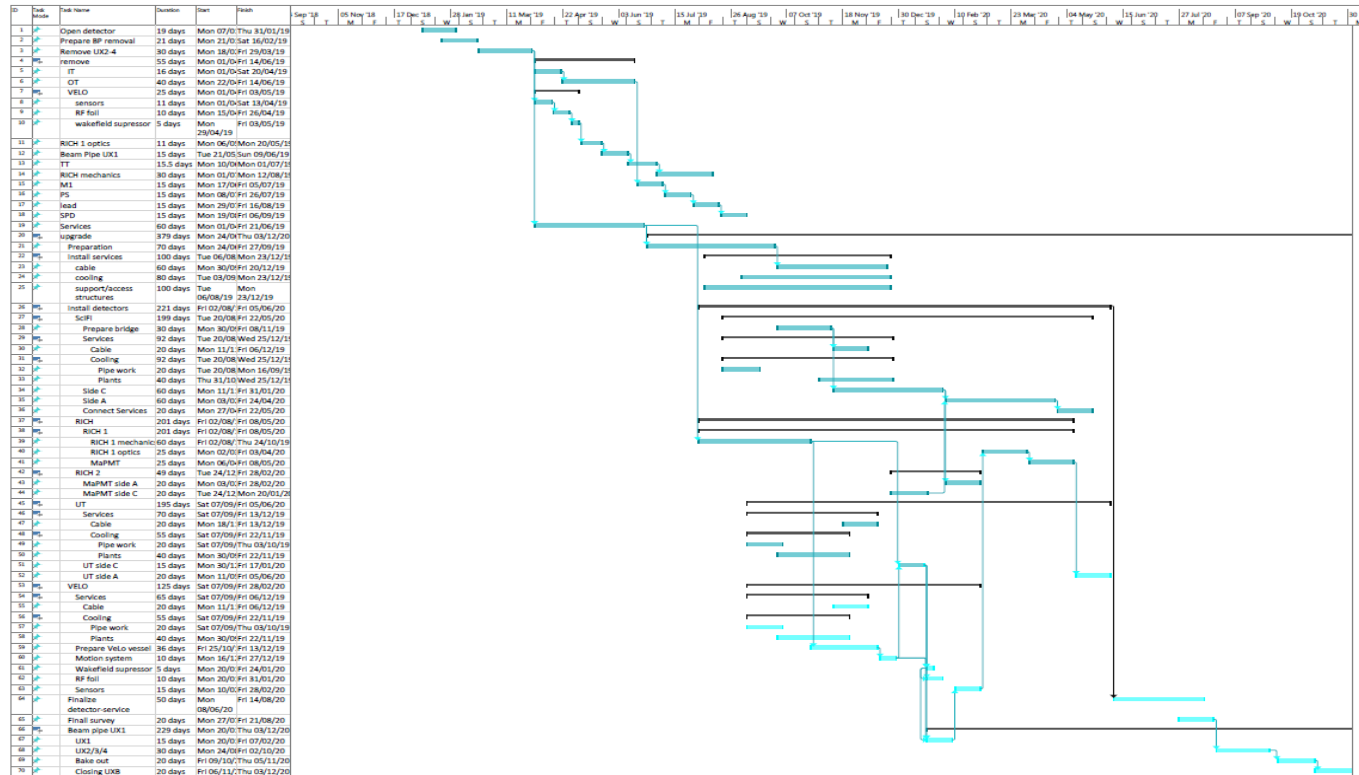


Shielding wall

- Dismantle ~33%
- For passage of detector services
- Issue : dust, logistic and storage of blocs



Planning - preliminary



- The planning is tight and not much room is left for contingencies
- There are several internal dependencies and the main sequence is unlikely to evolve much

Interfaces and support from CERN groups

EN-EL 1/2 Power distribution

- Power for DATA CENTER (→ before LS2)
 - Primary power supply, 18kV transformer
 - Power distribution for Computing (2MW)
 - Power for services (cooling, ventilation, building ...)
- Power for new equipment's (e.g. cooling plants)
- Modification/consolidation of existing installation wherever required.

EN-EL 2/2 Optical Fibers

- 17k fibers through PM (access and collaboration with Cryo)
- Installation: two options (trunk cables – blowing)
- All supports in place (LS1 – thanks to EN-MEF/EL)

- Provider of cables to be defined
- EN has forwarded a much lower bid than before
- LHCb expects in-kind contribution from institute
- Both fibre types meet specification.
- Cost and administration to be defined.

EN-CV 1/5 Detector Cooling

For VELO-UT

- CO2 2 phases
- Two independent cooling plant systems
- Should be redundant (back-up each other during maintenance, tech problems)
- To be supplied by PH-DT / LHCb – requirements to be issued soon.
- Primary cooling: air and mixed or chilled water (may be anticipated to EYETS)

EN-CV 2/5 Detector Cooling

RICH1 and RICH2

- C6F14 monophase $>11\text{C}$
 - Power: may exceed the current RICH1+2 (8kW) by ~30% (TBC)
 - Baseline: keep existing system and transfer lines (see edms 1327542)
-
- Modify existing plants to cope with new specification
 - Upgrade/consolidation to run until LS4 and beyond
 - Consider Greenhouse friendly alternative to C6F14

EN-CV 3/5 Detector Cooling

SciFi - SiPM

C_6F_{14} monophasic, $-50^{\circ}C$

- New plant & transfer lines
- Greenhouse friendly alternative should be considered

SciFi – FE Electronics

Technology Demineralized H_2O

- Power: probably significantly (50%) above the current OT/SPD plant
- Baseline: adapt existing OT/SPD plant, keep the transfer lines (TBC)
- Upgrade/consolidation wherever needed to run > 2030

EN-CV 4/5 PC FARM

Technology still to be decided

Quickly evolving field

- Main options identified until today:

- Direct Liquid Cooling (DLC)
- Natural free cooling (NFC)
- Water Cooled Heat Exchanger Doors (WCD)
- ...

➤ Primary cooling / air conditioning shall be supplied

EN-CV 5/5 Ventilation UX85

- Pressure differential cascade found acceptable for run2 running conditions
- Increase to Lumi $\sim 2 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ Hz cm}^{-2}$
- Pressure differentials shall comply to HSE/RP requirements (does the current 'derogation' still holds?)

EN-HE HANDLING

- Handling for dismantling and installation of detectors, associated services, access platforms and support structures.
- Transport from UX to storage space
- Handling for dismantling and re-installation of shielding wall
- Transport of the concrete block.
- Handling for SiPM shielding wall installation
- Crane operators, cherry picker driver

EN-MEF-SU SURVEY

- Consulting during R&D phase (ongoing)
- Survey during the assembly phase
- Sporadic survey before and during installation
- Survey of most systems after installation

EN-MEF-COL SAFETY COORDINATORS

The LS2 safety risk factors:

- Heavy handling
- Co-activities
- Users, contractors,
- Tight schedule

LHCb needs on site Safety Coordinator

- Provide VIC
- attending meetings - aware of activities
- Providing advice to users, contractors, and Staff

HSE-RP RADIOPROTECTION

- LHCb is providing personnel for low risk and low duty task (RPE and RPA).
- Additional support will be needed, mostly during the dismantling phase (high flow of outgoing material)
 - Clearance and sorting of outgoing material
 - Risk assessment for destructive work

GS STORAGE - LOGISTICS

- Detectors parts will be recuperated, stored, or become (radioactive) waste.
 - Some may return to institute
 - Final fine dis-assembling will not take place in the pit
-
- Need storage space for large detector parts, with some components being radioactive (min 200m²)
 - Need protected storage space for concrete blocks (100m²)

GS Civil Engineering

- Civil Engineering for new data center
 - Preparation for the housing of PC farm
 - Technical galleries from SCX to PC FARM
 - Technical galleries from Transformers to PC farm

SYMMMARY

- LHCb will have a major upgrade in LS2
- The planning is tight and sequences must be respected.
- Resources and support from CERN technical department are needed
- In addition to high level of technical support LHCb relies on commitment and flexibility of all stakeholders



LS2 DAYS

29-30 SEPTEMBER 2015

Thank you for your attention!