

MEASURING THE PROTON DETECTION ASYMMETRY AT LHCb

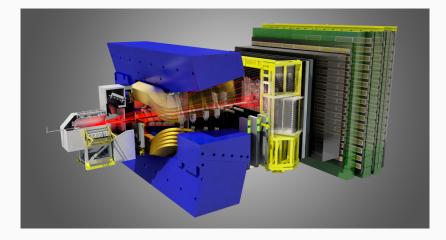
Jeriek Van den Abeele Supervisors: Marco Gersabeck & Alex Pearce

CERN Summer Student Sessions August 13, 2015

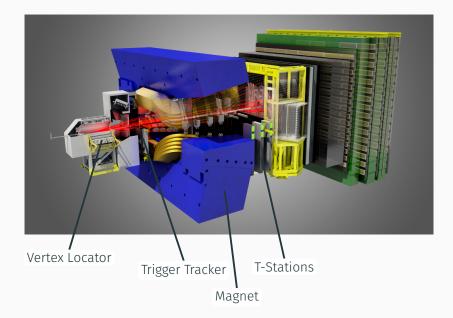
Vrije Universiteit Brussel/CERN

LHCb & CP VIOLATION

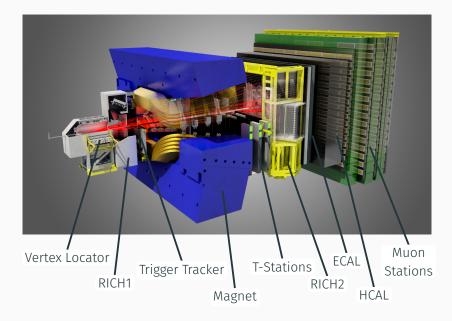
THE LHCb DETECTOR

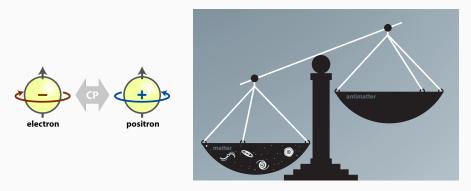


THE LHCb DETECTOR



THE LHCb DETECTOR



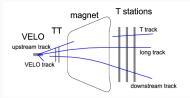


CP symmetry must be violated to explain our Universe

 \rightarrow Nature treats matter and antimatter differently

PROTON DETECTION ASYMMETRY

- Physics asymmetry
- Production asymmetry
- Detection/Tracking asymmetry



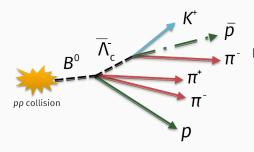
- Tracking efficiency: $\varepsilon(h\pm) = N_{Reconstructed}/N_{Reconstructible}$
- Instrumental asymmetry due to interactions with detector:

$$A_{det} = \frac{\varepsilon(h+) - \varepsilon(h-)}{\varepsilon(h+) + \varepsilon(h-)}$$

- Depends on
 - Particle type and kinematics (alters σ for material interaction)
 - Particle path (non-uniform detector geometry)
 - Data-taking conditions (\sqrt{s} , magnet polarity)

TAG-AND-PROBE METHOD

How to determine tracking efficiencies from real data?

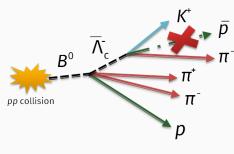


Fully hadronic decay, no u

TagReconstructed p
with high p_T Probe'Missed' \bar{p} GoalFind true number of
signal events before
track reconstruction

TAG-AND-PROBE METHOD

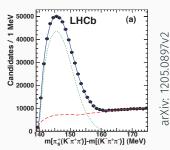
How to determine tracking efficiencies from real data?



Fully hadronic decay, no u

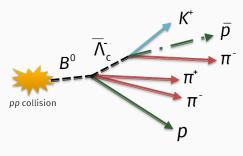
- + \bar{p} momentum reconstruction in kinematic fit
- B^0 mass distribution: signal peak \leftrightarrow combinatorial background
- Tracking efficiency $\varepsilon = N_{full\ reco}^{signal}/N_{partial\ reco}^{signal}$

Tag Reconstructed p with high p_T
Probe 'Missed' p̄
Goal Find true number of signal events before track reconstruction



TAG-AND-PROBE METHOD

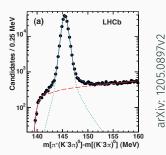
How to determine tracking efficiencies from real data?



Fully hadronic decay, no u

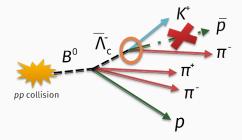
- + \bar{p} momentum reconstruction in kinematic fit
- B^0 mass distribution: signal peak \leftrightarrow combinatorial background
- Tracking efficiency $\varepsilon = N_{full \ reco}^{signal} / N_{partial \ reco}^{signal}$

Tag Reconstructed p with high p_T
Probe 'Missed' p̄
Goal Find true number of signal events before track reconstruction



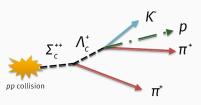
CHALLENGES

- High-multiplicity decay
 - Reconstruction of 5-6 stable charged tracks
- $\cdot \ \bar{\Lambda}_c^-$ vertex uncertainty
 - · Limits resolution on reconstructed momentum



Outlook

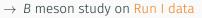
WORK IN PROGRESS ...

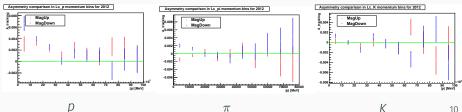


- Σ_{c}^{++} decay with final-state *p*, *K*, π
- Analysis of Monte Carlo data
 - · Efficiencies and asymmetries in $|\vec{p}|, p_T, \eta$ bins

10

- Reasonable results: detector material only contains u, d
- Low trigger efficiencies when 'missing' p or \bar{p}





QUESTIONS?

- Slide 3 Material for Presentations, LHCB Speakers' Bureau
- Slide 4 Sandbox Studio/Symmetry Magazine
- Slide 6 Measurement of the track reconstruction efficiency at LHCb, LHCb Collaboration, arXiv:1408.1251 [hep-ex]
- Slide 7 Measurement of the production asymmetry in 7 TeV D_s⁺ D_s⁻ pp collisions, LHCb Collaboration, arXiv:1205.0897v2 [hep-ex]