Recent results from the neutrino mass experiment ECHo using the new detectors with ¹⁶³Ho implanted at ISOLDE

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EC









¹⁶³Ho and neutrino mass

 $^{163}_{67}\text{Ho} \rightarrow ^{163}_{66}\text{Dy}^* + v_e$

 $^{163}_{66}$ Dy* \rightarrow^{163}_{66} Dy+ E_{C}

- $\tau_{1/2} \cong$ 4570 years (2*10¹¹ atoms for 1 Bq)
- $Q_{\rm EC}$ = (2.555 ± 0.016) keV

M. Wang, G. Audi et al., Chinese Phys. C 36, 1603, (2012)



A non- zero neutrino mass affects the de-excitation energy spectrum





¹⁶³Ho $Q_{\rm EC}$ -value

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- Calorimetric measurements
- Measurements of x-rays

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- Measurements of x-rays
 - Penning Trap Mass Spectroscopy

$Q_{\rm EC}$ = (2.833 ± 0.030^{stat} ± 0.015^{syst}) keV

Direct measurement of the mass difference of ¹⁶³Ho and ¹⁶³Dy as prerequisite to a determination of the electron neutrino mass S. Eliseev et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.*, 115, 062501 (2015)

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To reduce uncertainties in the analysis: Q_{EC} determination within 1 eV → PENTATRAP (MPIK HD)

¹⁶³Ho Q_{FC} -value



Requirements for sub-eV sensitivity in ECHo

Statistics in the end point region

• $N_{ev} > 10^{14} \rightarrow A \approx 1 \text{ MBq}$

Unresolved pile-up ($f_{pu} \sim a \cdot \tau_r$)

- $f_{\rm pu} < 10^{-5}$
- $\tau_r < 1 \,\mu s \rightarrow a \sim 10 \,\text{Bq}$
- 10⁵ pixels

Precision characterization of the endpoint region

• $\Delta E_{\text{FWHM}} < 3 \text{ eV}$

Background level

• 5*10⁻⁵ events/eV/det/day



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Low temperature Metallic Magnetic Calorimeter

MMCs: 1d-array for soft x-rays (T=20 mK)



MMCs: Microwave SQUID multiplexing



Microwave SQUID Multiplexer for the Readout of Metallic Magnetic Calorimeters S.Kempf et al., J. Low. Temp. Phys. **175** (2014) 850-860

First detector prototype for ¹⁶³Ho

- Absorber for calorimetric measurement

 → ion implantation @ ISOLDE-CERN in 2009
 on-line process
- About 0.01 Bq per pixel

Field and heater bondpads

Heatsink

SQUIDbondpads

• Operated over more than 4 years



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L. Gastaldo et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A, 711 (2013) 150 P. C.-O. Ranitzsch et al., http://arxiv.org/abs/1409.0071v1 Meander

Calorimetric spectrum

- Rise Time ~ 130 ns
- $\Delta E_{\text{FWHM}} = 7.6 \text{ eV} @ 6 \text{ keV} (2013)$
- Non-Linearity < 1% @ 6keV
- Synchronized measurement of 2 pixels

Counts per 2.0 eV

1000	- NI	¹⁶³ Ho –					
800	-	-					
600	-						
400	_	First calorimetric measurement of the OI-line					
	0	MI					
200	- NII	¹⁴⁴ Pm MII					
0	0.0	0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0					
Energy E [keV]							
$Q_{\rm EC}$ = (2.843 ± 0.009 ^{stat} - 0.06 ^{syst}) keV							

P. C.-O. Ranitzsch et al ., http://arxiv.org/abs/1409.0071v1) L. Gastaldo et al., Nucl. Inst. Meth. A, 711, 150-159 (2013)

	E _H bind.	E _H exp.	$arGamma_{H}$ lit.	$arGamma_{H}$ ехр
MI	2.047	2.040	13.2	13.7
MII	1.845	1.836	6.0	7.2
NI	0.420	0.411	5.4	5.3
NII	0.340	0.333	5.3	8.0
ΟΙ	0.050	0.048	5.0	4.3

Where to improve



Background reduction ٠

Detector design and fabrication:

- Increase activity per pixel
- Stems between absorber and sensor ٠

Understanding of the ¹⁶³Ho spectrum:



¹⁴⁴Pm

¹⁶³Ho

MI

2.0

MII

¹⁴⁴Pm

15

10

Energy E [keV]

High purity ¹⁶³Ho source: (n, γ)-reaction on ¹⁶²Er

Requirement : $>10^6 \text{ Bq} \rightarrow >10^{17} \text{ atoms}$

- (n, γ)-reaction on ¹⁶²Er
 - High cross-section
 - Radioactive contaminants





¹⁶³Ho sample produced at ILL, Grenoble

ECHo requirements: ^{166m}Ho/¹⁶³Ho < 10⁻⁹

Offline mass separation: RISIKO, Mainz University ISOLDE-CERN

- Excellent chemical separation
 Only ^{166m}Ho
- Available ¹⁶³Ho source:

~ 10¹⁸ atoms

Detector chip for second ¹⁶³Ho implantation

- maXs-20: sandwich sensor design
 - absorber connected to sensor through stems
 - 16 pixels



- Chemically purified ¹⁶³Ho source
- Offline implantation @ISOLDE-CERN using GPS and RILIS (December 2014)

New detectors ready for ...

Mounted on a cold arm of a dry cryostat





Mounted on a cold arm of a dry cryostat





- Activity per pixel
- A ~ 0.1 Bq
- Baseline resolution
- $\Delta E_{\rm FWHM} \simeq 5 \, {\rm eV}$
- No strong evidence of radioactive contamination in the source



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C. Hassel et al., submitted to JLTP (2015)



• Activity per pixel

- A ~ 0.1 Bq
- Baseline resolution
- $\Delta E_{\rm FWHM} \simeq 5 \, {\rm eV}$
- No strong evidence of radioactive contamination in the source
- Symmetric detector response

C. Hassel et al., submitted to JLTP (2015)

Characterisation of spectral shape



Characterisation of spectral shape



Conclusions and outlook

- High purity ¹⁶³Ho source has been produced
- ¹⁶³Ho ions have been successfully implanted in offline process @ISOLDE-CERN
- 32 new implanted detectors already show
 - Larger activity ~10⁻¹ Bq
 - Low background ~10⁻⁴ events/eV/det/day
 - Good energy resolution

new interesting results are coming!





Conclusions and outlook

- Prove scalability with medium large experiment ECHo-1K
 - A ~ 1000 Bq High purity ¹⁶³Ho source (produced at ILL)
 - $\Delta E_{\text{FWHM}} < 5 \text{ eV}$
 - τ_r< 1 μs
 - multiplexed arrays → microwave SQUID multiplexing
 - 1 year measuring time \rightarrow 10¹⁰ counts = Neutrino mass sensitivity $m_v < 10 \text{ eV}$

Supported by



ECHo-1M towards sub-eV sensitivity

Thank you!

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