

Vector-Boson-Scattering processes at 100 TeV

Barbara Jäger, Lukas Salfelder



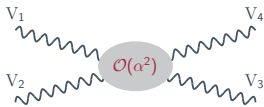
QCD, EW and tools at 100 TeV

07 - 09 Oct. 2015

- 1 Introduction
- 2 ...from 14 TeV to 100 TeV
- 3 Results for VBS at 100 TeV
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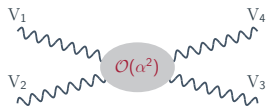
Vector-Boson-Scattering



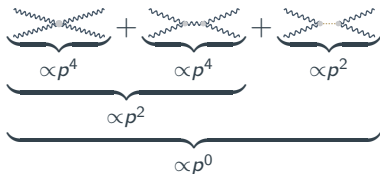
- SM:



Vector-Boson-Scattering



- SM:



Higgs 'restores' unitarity

⇒ very sensitive to the exact realization of EWSB

Vector-Boson-Scattering



- SM:

$\propto p^4$ + $\propto p^4$ + $\propto p^2$

$\propto p^2$

$\propto p^0$

Higgs 'restores' unitarity

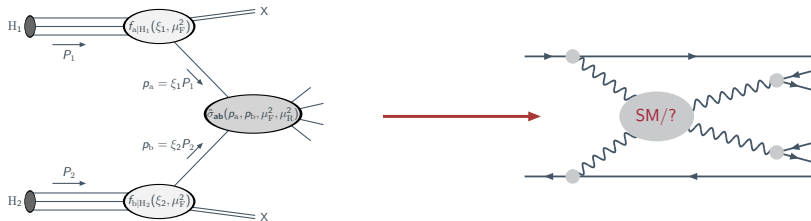
- anomalous gauge couplings: aTCGs, aQGCs
- heavy Higgs-Models
- Kaluza-Klein Models
- ...

⇒ very sensitive to the exact realization of EWSB

⇒ only tiny deviations from SM!?

⇒ Detailed understanding of EWSB and high precision in theory and experiment is mandatory!

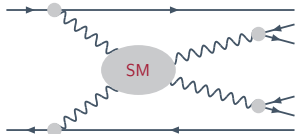
VBS at hadron colliders



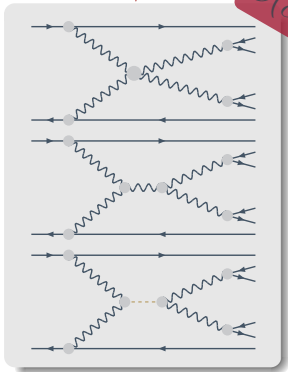
suppressed color exchange between quark lines gives rise to:

- scattered quarks \Rightarrow two energetic forward jets (**tagging jets**)
- (leptonic-) decay products typically between tagging jets
- little jet-activity in central region

VBS at hadron colliders



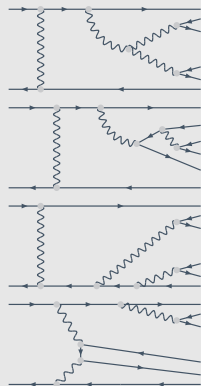
signal



$O(a^6)$

EW-background

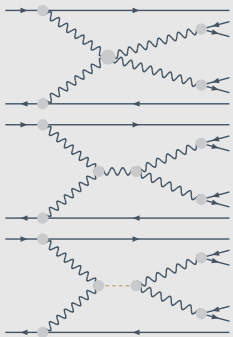
$O(a^6)$



s-channel diagrams
(subsequent $V \rightarrow q\bar{q}$)
excluded!

VBS at hadron colliders

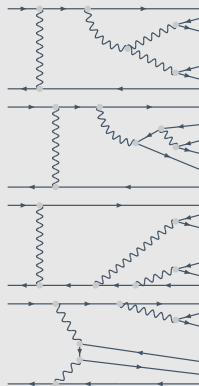
signal diagrams



$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

process class
EW_VVjj

EW-background

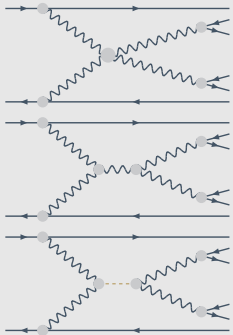


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VBS at hadron colliders

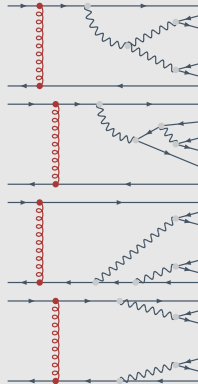
signal diagrams



$$\alpha(M_Z) \simeq \frac{1}{128}$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

QCD-background

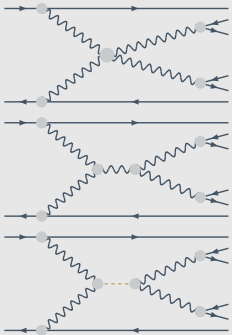


$$\alpha_s(M_Z) \simeq 0.14$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 \alpha^4)$

VBS at hadron colliders

signal diagrams

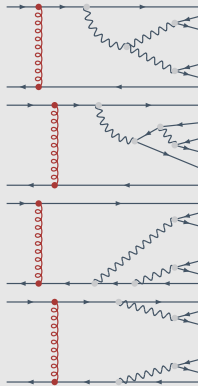


$$\alpha(M_Z) \simeq \frac{1}{128}$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha^6)$

interference
 $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^1 \alpha^5)$
negligible

QCD-background

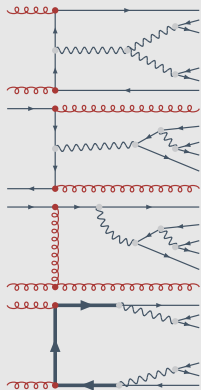


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VBS at hadron colliders

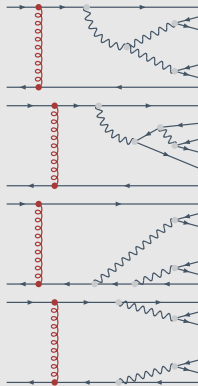
external gluons



$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 a^4)$

process class
QCD_VVjj

QCD-background

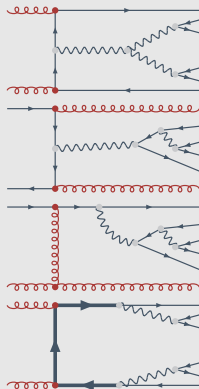


$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2 a^4)$

- Gluon induced processes dominate (not present for $W^\pm W^\pm jj!$)

VBS at hadron colliders

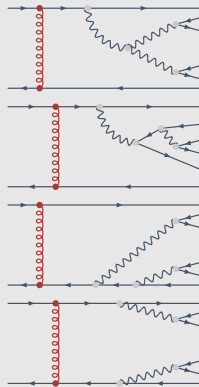
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$O(\alpha_s^2 a^4)$

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QCD-background



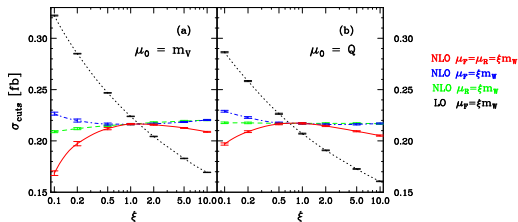
$O(\alpha_s^2 a^4)$

- Gluon induced processes dominate (not present for $W^\pm W^\pm jj!$)
- Goal: suppress EW- & QCD-background with dedicated phasespace-cuts

VBS at next-to-leading order

NLO QCD:

- only consider leptonic decays of vector bosons
- available for EW- & QCD-induced channels
- corrections $\lesssim 5 - 10\%$ \rightarrow small! (both process classes)
- small scale dependence, especially with dynamical scale choice ($\mu_0 = Q$)

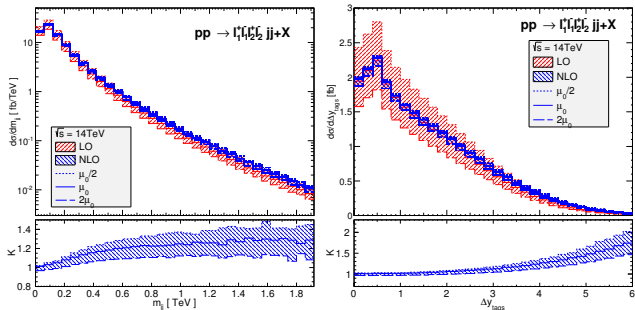


W+Zjj in VBF: [arXiv:hep-ph/0701105]

VBS at next-to-leading order

NLO QCD:

- only consider leptonic decays of vector bosons
- available for EW- & QCD-induced channels
- corrections $\lesssim 5 - 10\%$ \rightarrow small! (both process classes)
- small scale dependence, especially with dynamical scale choice ($\mu_0 = Q$)
 - \Rightarrow EW-ind.: almost constant dynamical K-factors
 - \Rightarrow QCD-ind.: shapes get distorted



ZZjj_QCD-ind.: [arXiv:hep-ph/1405.3972]

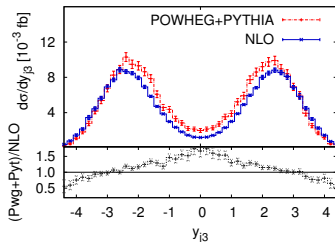
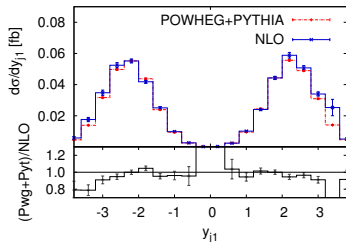
VBS at next-to-leading order

NLO QCD:

- ...

Parton-shower matching:

- influence on tagging jets small
- third jet shows more sensitivity on the parton shower



POWHEG impl. of $W+W+jj$ in VBF: [arXiv:hep-ph/1108.0864]

VBS at next-to-leading order

NLO QCD:

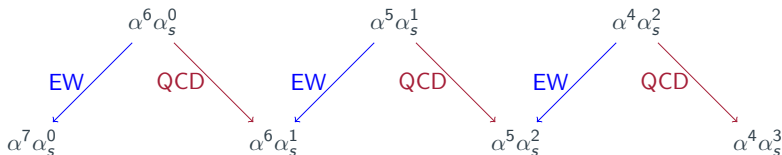
- ...

Parton-shower matching:

- ...

NLO EW:

- not yet done, but at least purely EW contributions $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^7)$ supposed to be relevant:
 - ⇒ negative corrections & shape distortions at high scales (EW-Sudakov logarithms!)



- NLO QCD Corrections to EW_VVjj
→ VBFNLO [Bozzi, Jäger, Oleari, Zeppenfeld '06 - '09]
- NLO QCD Corrections to EW_W[±]W[±]jj [Denner, Hošeková, Kallweit '12]
- NLO QCD Corrections to QCD_W⁺W[±]jj (on-shell W's) [Melia, Melnikov, Rontsch, Zanderighi '10, '11]
- NLO QCD Corrections to QCD_W⁺W[±]jj (DR contrib.) [Greiner, Heinrich, Mastroliia, Ossola, Reiter, Tramontano '12]
- NLO QCD Corrections to QCD_VVjj (not W⁺W⁻jj)
→ VBFNLO [Campanario, Kerner, Ninh, Zeppenfeld '13, '14]
- Implementations into the POWHEG-Box (NLO QCD+PS-Effects)
 - QCD_W⁺W⁺jj [Melia, Nason, Rontsch, Zanderighi '11]
 - EW_W⁺W[±]jj and EW_ZZjj [Jäger, Karlberg, Zanderighi '11, '13]
- Evidence for EW_W[±]W[±]jj at 8 TeV [ATLAS & CMS collaborations '14]

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VBFNLO-2.7.1

- MSTW2008(n)lo68cl
- $\mu_{F,R} = Q$ resp. $\frac{1}{2}H_T = \frac{1}{2}\sum_i p_{T,i} + E_T(V_1) + E_T(V_2)$
- $n_f = 5$, $V_{CKM} = \mathbb{1}$
- distinct FS lepton-flavors, exclude FS b-& t-quarks

minimal cuts

- kT-algorithm (D=0.8)
 $|y_i| < 5$, $|y_{\text{jet}}| < 4.5$
 $p_{T,\text{jet}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_{T,1} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
 $|y_1| < 2.5$
- $\Delta R_{ij} > 0.4$
- for processes with Z's:
 $\Delta R_{ll} > 0.2$
 $M_{ll} > 15 \text{ GeV}$

VBS-cuts

14 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > 600 \text{ GeV}$$
$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 4$$
$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

100 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > ?$$
$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > ?$$
$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

VBS at 100 TeV with minimal cuts

LO-XS	14 TeV			100 TeV		
	EW	QCD	S/B	EW	QCD	S/B
W^+W^-jj [fb]	7.272(4)	-	-	142.40(9)	-	-
W^+W^+jj [fb]	2.6577(3)	2.0969(4)	$5/4$	52.589(8)	17.225(6)	$3/1$
W^+Zjj [fb]	0.47311(6)	14.942(2)	$1/31$	9.650(1)	273.06(5)	$1/28$
$ZZjj$ [fb]	0.12513(3)	2.4666(3)	$1/20$	2.9198(8)	50.95(1)	$3/50$

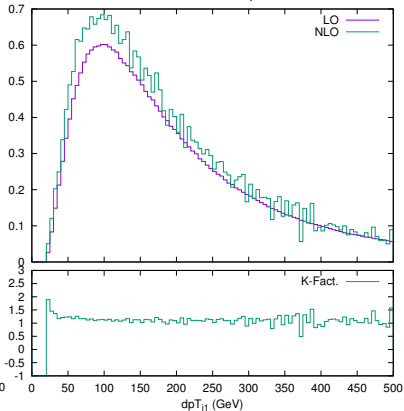
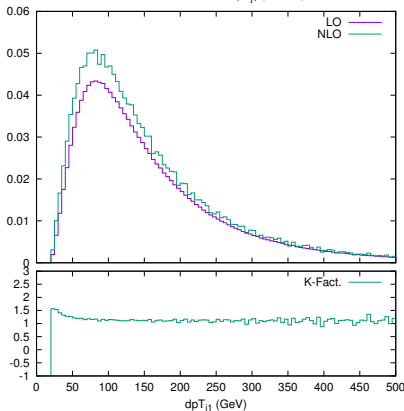
- QCD_ W^+W^-jj not implemented in VBFNLO
- 100 TeV-XS of **EW-induced** enhanced by $\approx \times 20$ wrt. 14 TeV
- 100 TeV-XS of **QCD_ W^+W^+jj** enhanced by $\approx \times 8$ wrt. 14 TeV
- S/B -ratio slightly improved wrt. 14 TeV

EW_ W^+W^-jj with minimal cuts

W^+W^-jj	14 TeV			100 TeV		
	EW	QCD	S/B	EW	QCD	S/B
LO [fb]	7.272(4)	-	-	142.40(9)	-	-
NLO [fb]	8.30(1)	-	-	158.9(2)	-	-
K	1.14	-	-	1.12	-	-

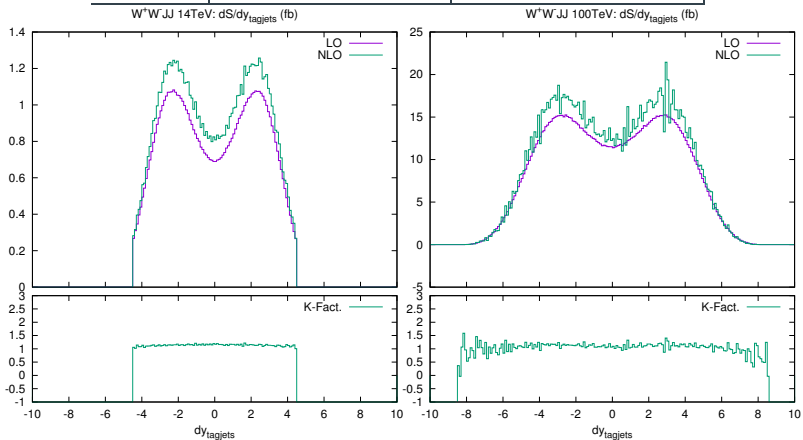
W^+W^-jj 14TeV: dS/dp_{Tj1} (fb/GeV)

W^+W^-jj 100TeV: dS/dp_{Tj1} (fb/GeV)



EW_ W^+W^-jj with minimal cuts

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minimal cuts

- kT-algorithm (D=0.8)

$$\cancel{|y_1| < 5}, \cancel{|y_{\text{jet}}| < 4.5}$$

$$p_{T,\text{jet}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

- $p_{T,1} > 20 \text{ GeV}$

$$|y_1| < 2.5$$

- $\Delta R_{lj} > 0.4$

- for processes with Z's:

$$\Delta R_{ll} > 0.2$$

$$M_{ll} > 15 \text{ GeV}$$

VBS-cuts

14 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > 600 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 4$$

$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

100 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > ?$$

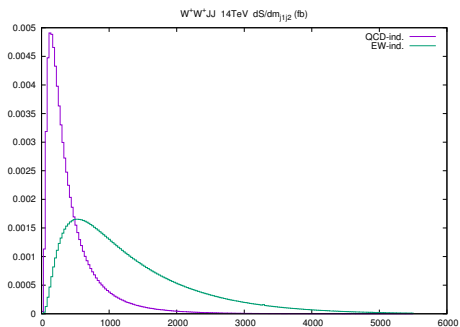
$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > ?$$

$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

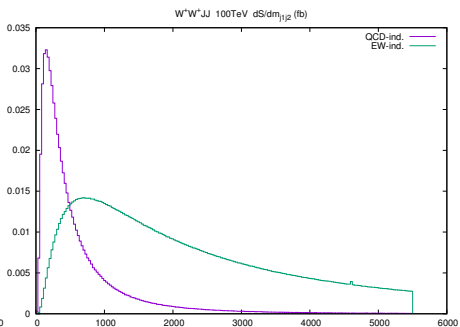
⇒ compare diff. distributions of EW_VVjj & QCD_VVjj **at leading order** within the **addapted minimal-cut** szenario for the 100 TeV FCC...

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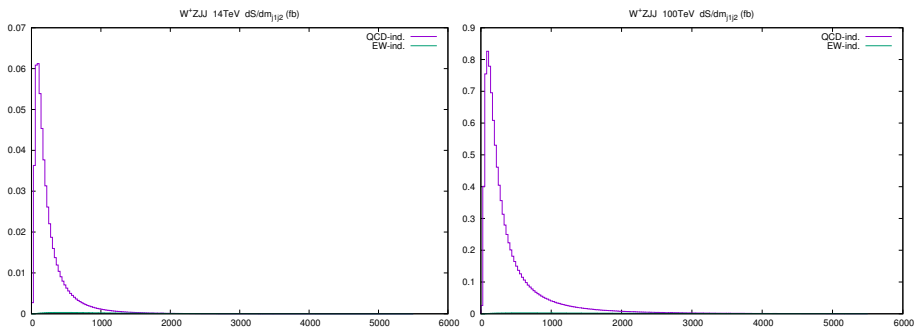
crossing at ≈ 500 GeV
EW-peak at ≈ 500 GeV



crossing at ≈ 500 GeV
EW-peak at ≈ 700 GeV

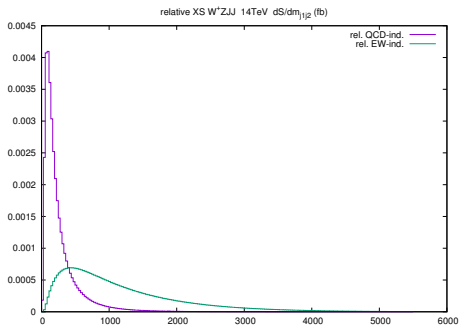
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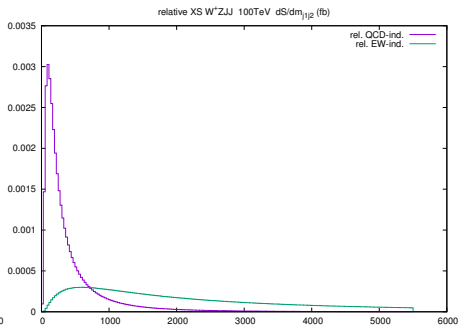


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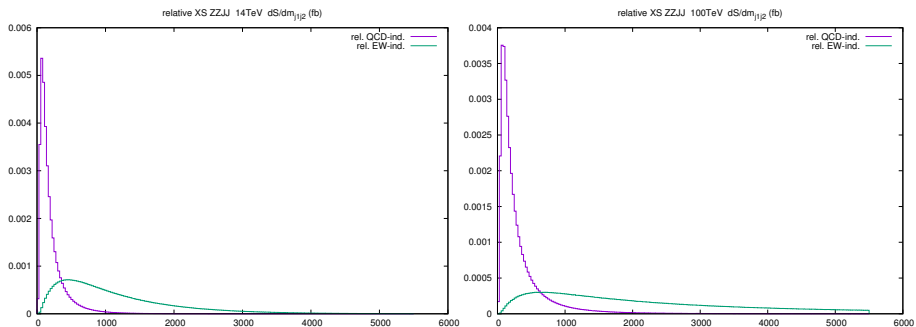
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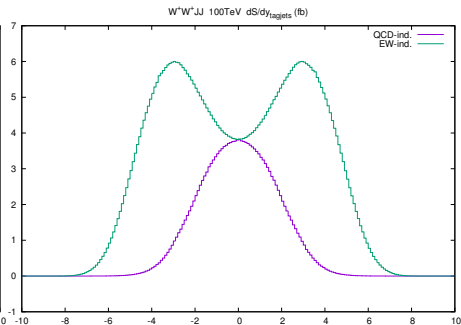
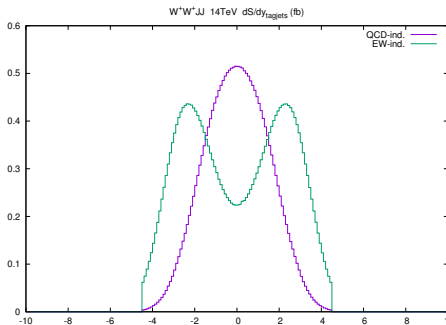
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⇒ raise M_{j1j2} cut from 600 GeV to 800 GeV

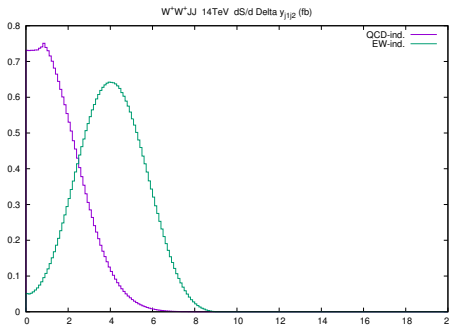
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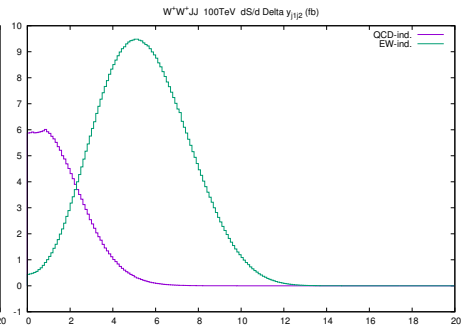


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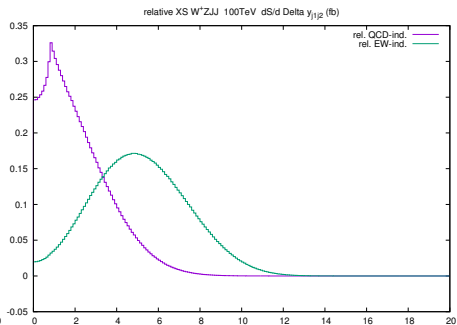
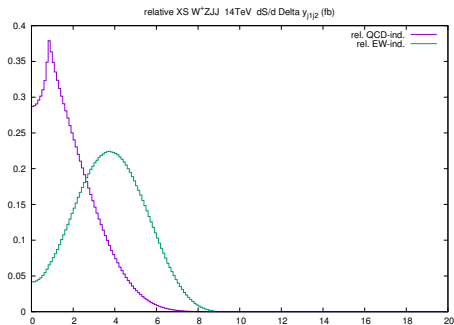
EW-peak at ≈ 4



EW-peak at ≈ 5

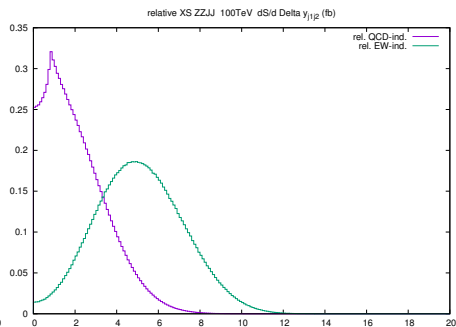
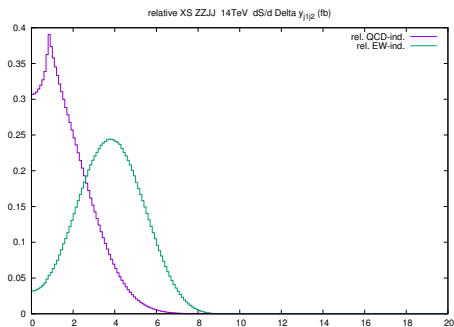
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⇒ raise $\Delta y_{j_1j_2}$ cut from 4 to 5

minimal cuts

- kT-algorithm (D=0.8)
 $p_{T, \text{jet}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $p_{T, 1} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
 $|y_1| < 2.5$
- $\Delta R_{ij} > 0.4$
- for processes with Z's:
 $\Delta R_{ll} > 0.2$
 $M_{ll} > 15 \text{ GeV}$

VBS-cuts

14 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > 600 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 4$$

$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

100 TeV

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > 800 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 5$$

$$y_{j_1} \times y_{j_2} < 0$$

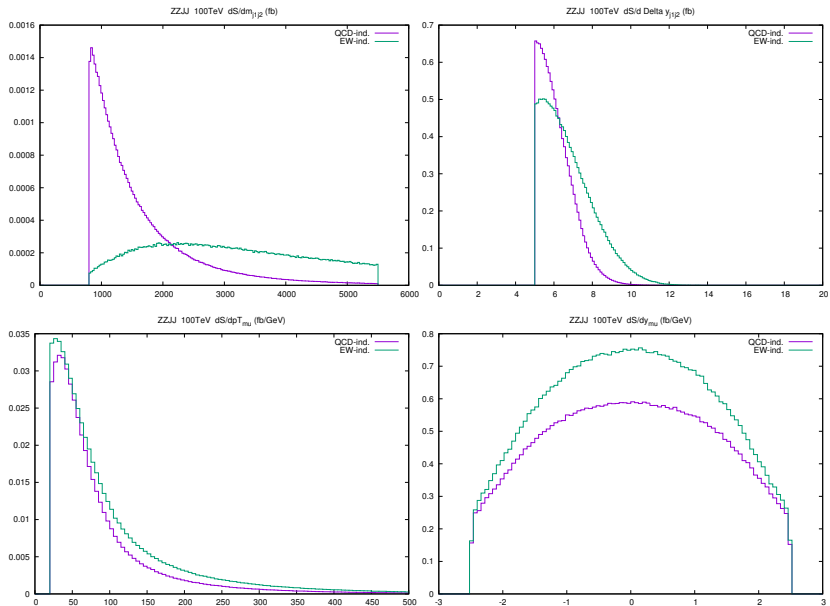
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Results for VBS at 100 TeV

LO-XS		no VBS-cuts			with VBS-cuts		
		EW	QCD	S/B	EW	QCD	S/B
14 TeV	W^+W^-jj [fb]	7.272(4)	-	-	3.109(2)	-	-
	W^+W^+jj [fb]	2.6577(3)	2.0969(4)	$5/4$	1.2851(4)	0.06088(6)	$21/1$
	W^+Zjj [fb]	0.47311(6)	14.942(2)	$1/31$	0.1970(4)	0.5892(4)	$1/3$
	$ZZjj$ [fb]	0.12513(3)	2.4666(3)	$1/20$	0.0523(3)	0.0453(3)5	$7/6$
100 TeV	W^+W^-jj [fb]	142.40(9)	-	-	71.34(5)	-	-
	W^+W^+jj [fb]	52.589(8)	17.225(6)	$3/1$	28.63(1)	0.221(5)	$130/1$
	W^+Zjj [fb]	9.650(1)	273.06(5)	$1/28$	4.7812(2)	10.961(6)	$4/9$
	$ZZjj$ [fb]	2.9198(8)	50.95(1)	$3/50$	1.454(1)	1.185(1)	$5/4$

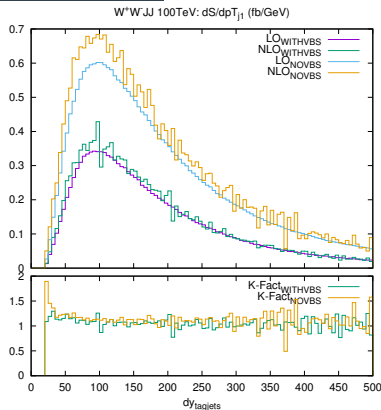
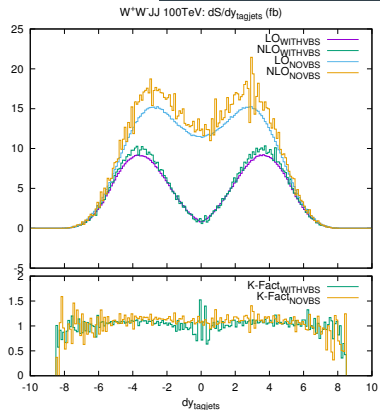
- VBS-cuts reduce XS of EW-ind. to $\approx 50\%$
- much stronger reduction of QCD-ind. XS
- slight improvement wrt. VBS-cuts at 14 TeV
- even more stringent cuts possible due to high XS
- W^+W^+jj -measurement at 8 TeV:
EW-XS = 0.88fb (all channels), $S/B \approx 9/1$, 14 EW-events (34 total)

ZZJJ at 100 TeV with VBS-cuts



K-factors for EW_VVjj with VBS-cuts

NLO-XS	14 TeV		100 TeV	
	NLO[fb]	K	NLO[fb]	K
EW_W ⁺ W ⁻ jj	3.332(4)	1.071	75.5(1)	1.059
EW_W ⁺ W ⁺ jj	1.3770(9)	1.071	30.52(3)	1.066
EW_W ⁺ Zjj	0.2109(2)	1.071	5.060(6)	1.058
EW_ZZjj	0.0569(1)	1.088	1.574(4)	1.082



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Conclusion and Outlook

- QCD-correction remain small at 100 TeV (at least for EW-ind.)
- 100 TeV XS $\sim 20\times$ larger than 14 TeV XS
- VBS-cuts clearly improve S/B -ratio
- more stringent/dedicated cuts possible due to high XS

- NLO for QCD-ind. at 100 TeV
- scale variations at 100 TeV
- predictions for QCD_ W^+W^-jj
- impact of BSM-physics?
- EW-PDFs?
- role of EW-corrections?

comments & further suggestions are very welcome!

$$M_{j_1 j_2} > 500 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Delta y_{j_1 j_2} > 2.4$$

	Inclusive Region			VBS Region		
	e^+e^+	$e^+\mu^\pm$	$\mu^\pm\mu^\pm$	e^+e^+	$e^+\mu^\pm$	$\mu^\pm\mu^\pm$
Prompt	3.0 ± 0.7	6.1 ± 1.3	2.6 ± 0.6	2.2 ± 0.5	4.2 ± 1.0	1.9 ± 0.5
Conversions	3.2 ± 0.7	2.4 ± 0.8	–	2.1 ± 0.5	1.9 ± 0.7	–
Other non-prompt	0.61 ± 0.30	1.9 ± 0.8	0.41 ± 0.22	0.50 ± 0.26	1.5 ± 0.6	0.34 ± 0.19
$W^\pm W^\pm jj$ Strong	0.89 ± 0.15	2.5 ± 0.4	1.42 ± 0.23	0.25 ± 0.06	0.71 ± 0.14	0.38 ± 0.08
$W^\pm W^\pm jj$ Electroweak	3.07 ± 0.30	9.0 ± 0.8	4.9 ± 0.5	2.55 ± 0.25	7.3 ± 0.6	4.0 ± 0.4
Total background	6.8 ± 1.2	10.3 ± 2.0	3.0 ± 0.6	5.0 ± 0.9	8.3 ± 1.6	2.6 ± 0.5
Total predicted	10.7 ± 1.4	21.7 ± 2.6	9.3 ± 1.0	7.6 ± 1.0	15.6 ± 2.0	6.6 ± 0.8
Data	12	26	12	6	18	10

TABLE II: Estimated background yields, observed number of data events, and predicted signal yields for the three channels are shown with their systematic uncertainty. Contributions due to interference in the $W^\pm W^\pm jj$ electroweak prediction.

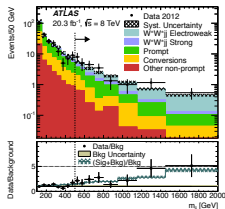


FIG. 1: The m_{jj} distribution for events passing the inclusive region selections except for the m_{jj} selection indicated by the dashed line. The black hatched band in the upper plot represents the systematic uncertainty on the total prediction. On the lower plot the shaded band represents the fractional uncertainty of the total background while the solid line and hatched band represents the ratio of the total prediction to background only and its uncertainty. The $W^\pm W^\pm jj$ prediction is normalized to the SM expectation.

is strongly suppressed [16]. The cross section for the electroweak $W^\pm W^\pm jj$ process is predicted to be 1.00 ± 0.06 fb in the inclusive region and 0.88 ± 0.05 fb in the VBS region. The cross section for the strong $W^\pm W^\pm jj$ process is 0.35 ± 0.05 fb in the inclusive region and 0.098 ± 0.018 fb for the VBS region. The uncertainty on these predictions include 68% confidence level PDF uncertainties [20], parton shower and hadronization mod-

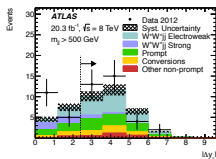


FIG. 2: The $|\Delta y_{jj}|$ distribution for events passing all inclusive region selections. The $|\Delta y_{jj}|$ selection is indicated by a dashed line. The $W^\pm W^\pm jj$ prediction is normalized to the SM expectation.

$\mu^\pm\mu^\pm$ channels respectively. The efficiency also accounts for the contribution of leptonic τ decays, which are not included in the fiducial cross-section definition: 10% of signal candidates are expected to originate from leptonic τ decays. The uncertainty on the signal efficiency is dominated by the jet reconstruction uncertainty of 6%.

The measured fiducial cross section for strong and elec-