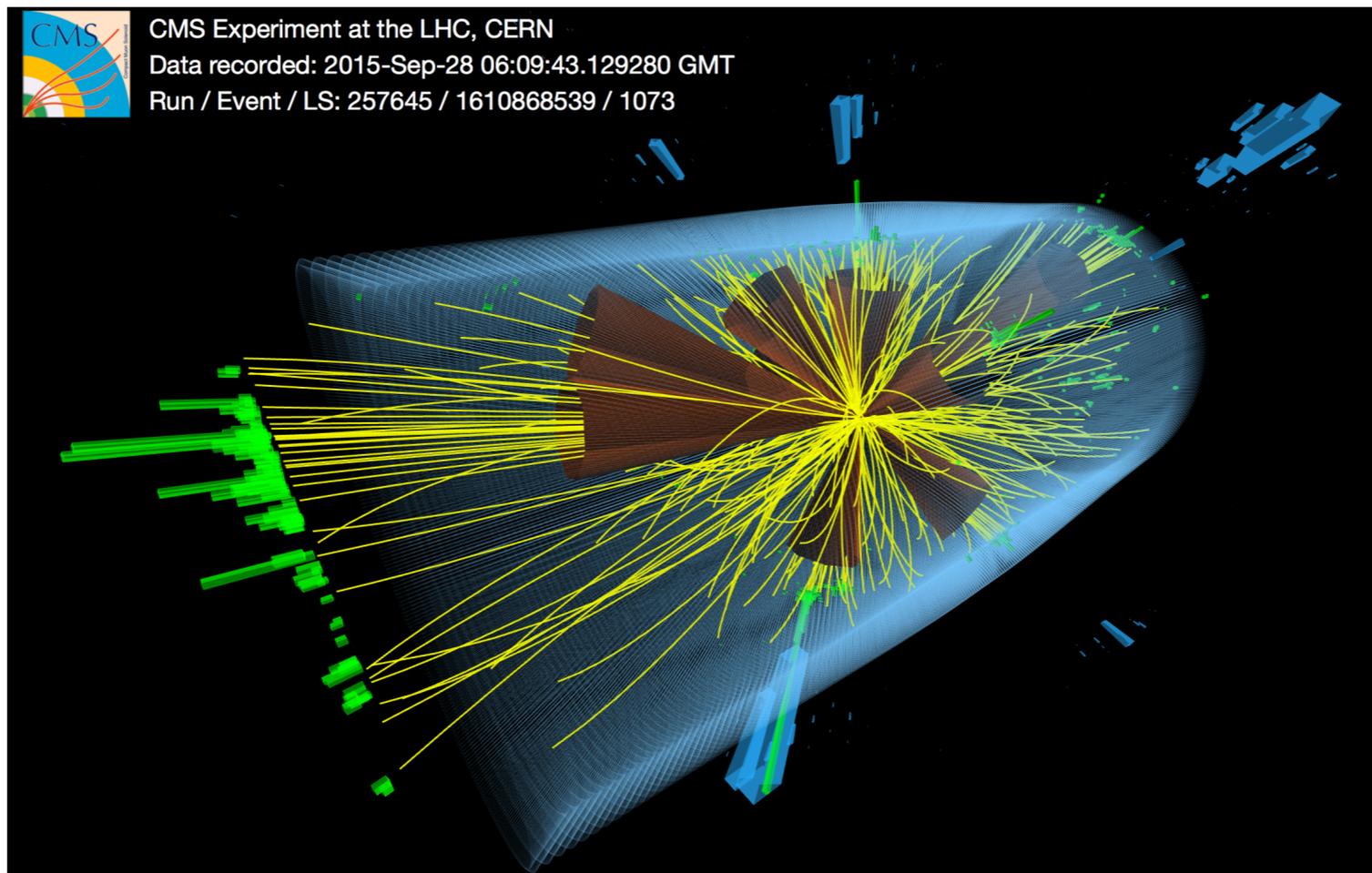


# High Energy Jets at 100 TeV



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12 Apr 2016





# Introduction



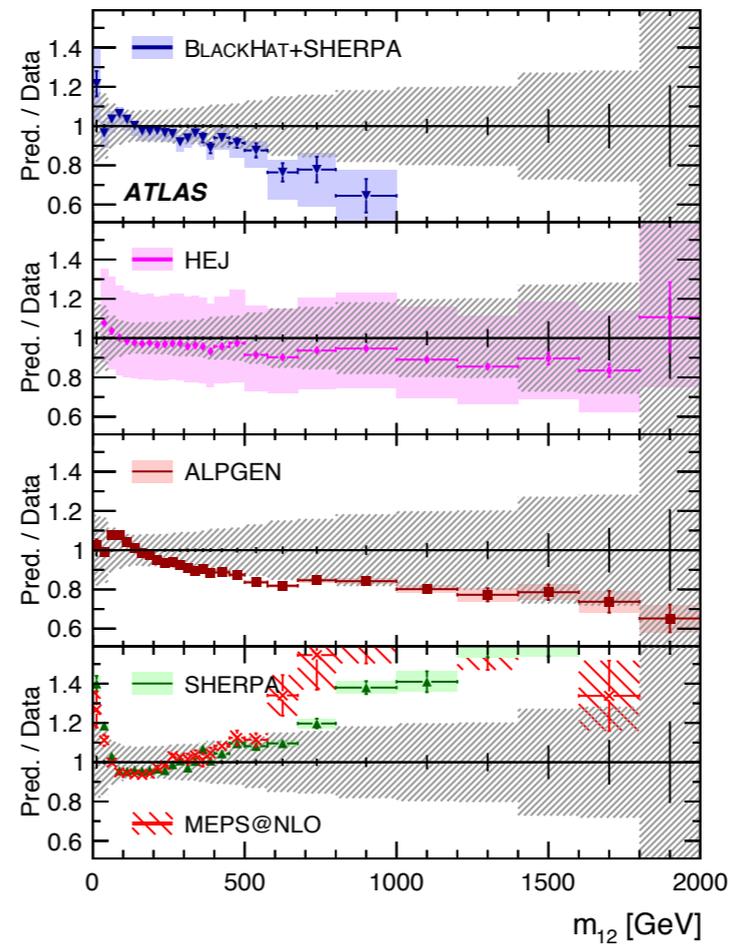
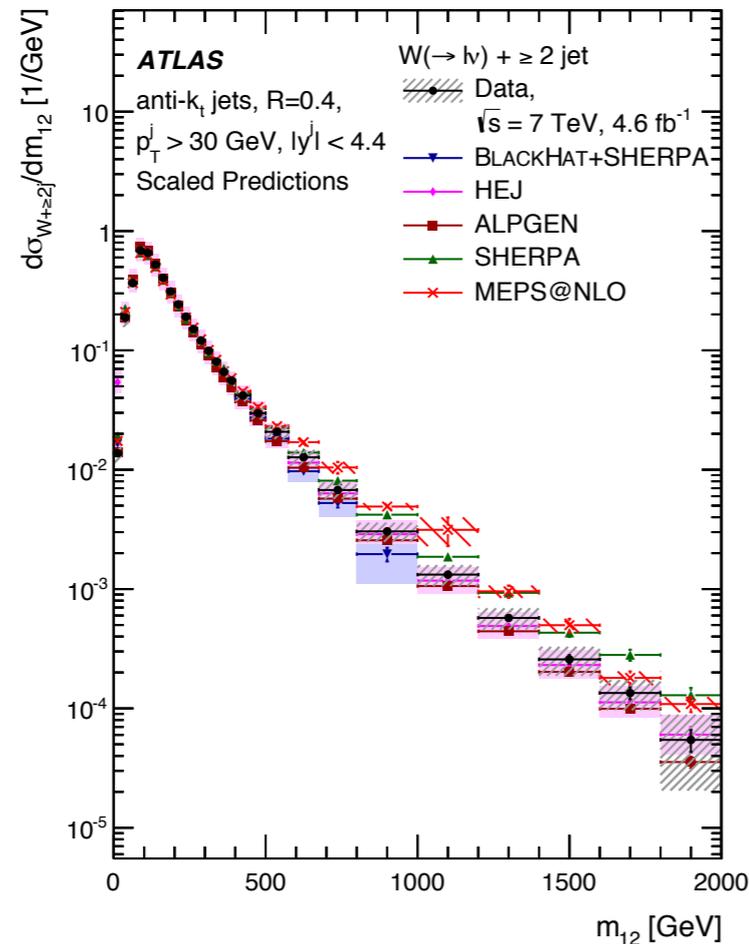
- First slide shows 12 jets with  $p_T > 50$  GeV at CMS (13 TeV)
- There is a huge phase space for hard QCD emission already: will be impossible to ignore at 100 TeV!
- Not just many jets, but also many scales: very difficult for theoretical descriptions.
- Phase space probed in Higgs boson analyses and searches for new physics put us right into the most difficult regions



# QCD at High Energy

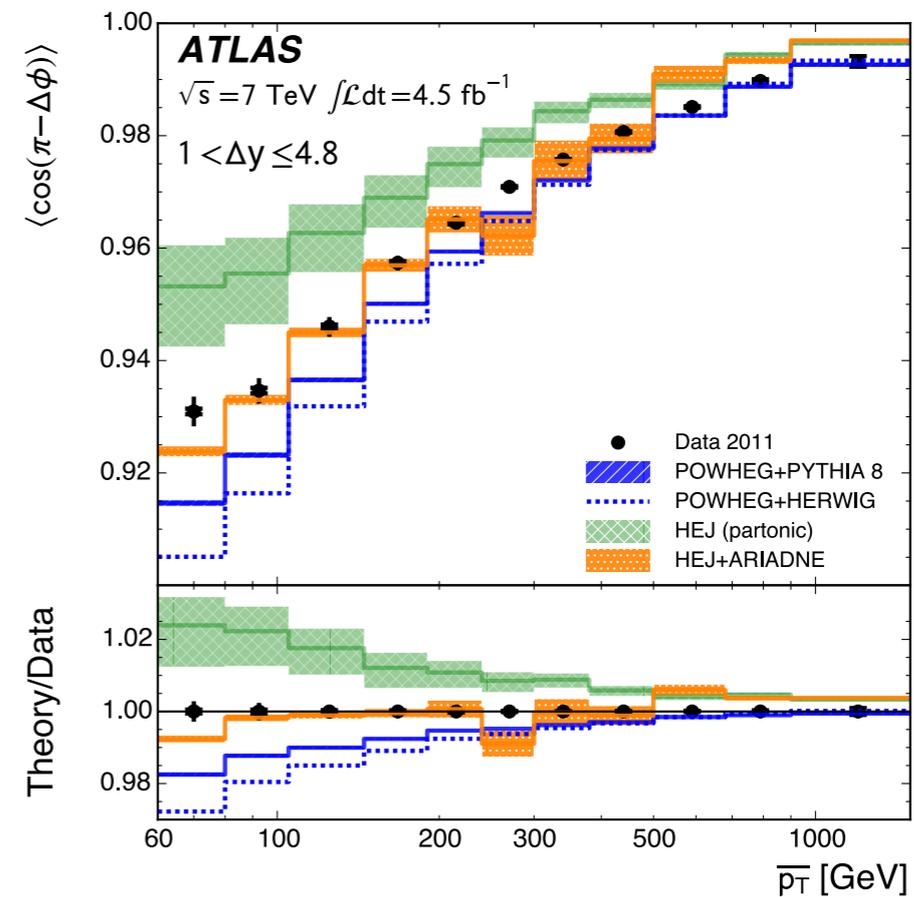
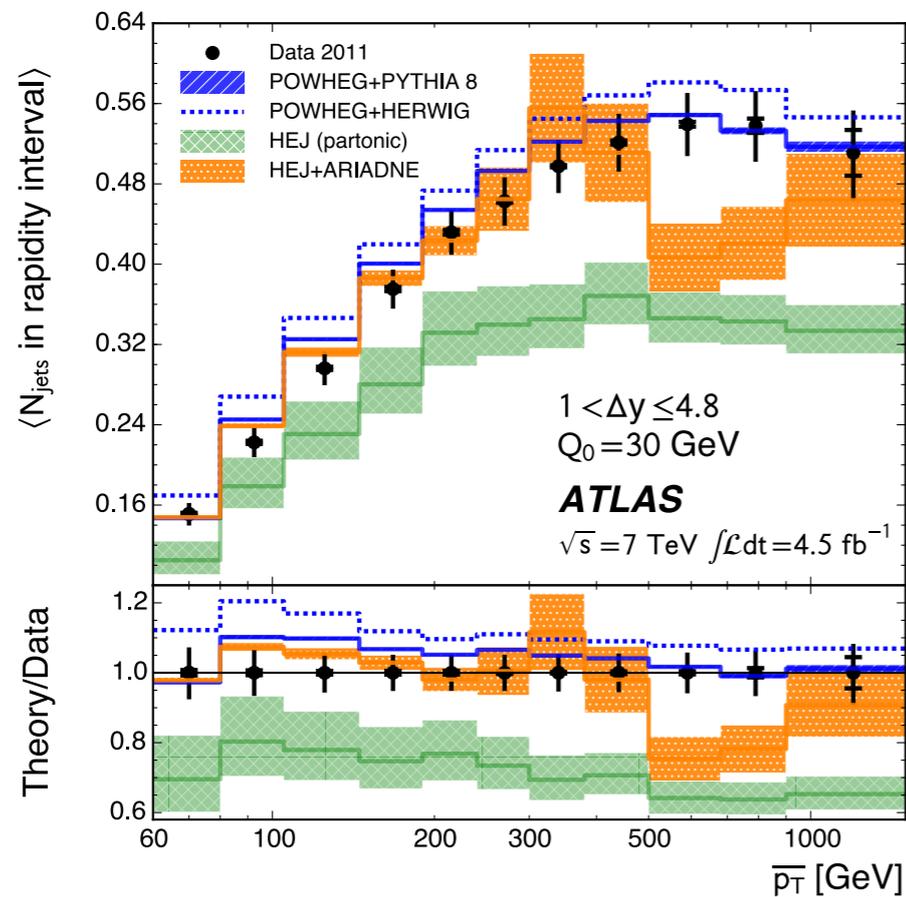


- Already at the LHC,  $(n+1)$ -jet rates are not small compared to  $n$ -jet rates [0.2 rising to 0.3 after VBF cuts]
- Extra power of  $\alpha_s$  compensated by large phase space and large logs: stability associated with NLO no longer there at 100 TeV.
- Demands a new approach: High Energy Jets (HEJ) is a flexible event generator which uniquely contains the dominant logarithms in the high energy limit at all orders  
**Andersen & JMS** [arXiv:0908.2786](#), [0910.5113](#), [1101.5394](#), +[Hapola 1201.6763](#), +[Medley 1603.05460](#)
- These logs become large in regions of large invariant mass between jets (fixed  $p_t$ ) or large rapidity separations (e.g.  $> 3$ ).  
**Exactly** regions studied for VBF analyses for example!



The logarithms uniquely described in the HEJ event generator become increasingly important as  $m_{12}$  increases. This is seen here where the HEJ prediction remains flat while others deviate.

Other distributions (e.g.  $p_{T1}$ ) show similar levels of agreement for all theory



Green = “pure” HEJ, orange = HEJ + Ariadne (parton shower), blue = POWHEG

Analysis clearly testing shower effects as effects are large.

But **also** clear need HEJ corrections to describe some distributions.

See also ATLAS 1509.07335, 1107.1641, CMS 1204.0696, D0 1302.6508



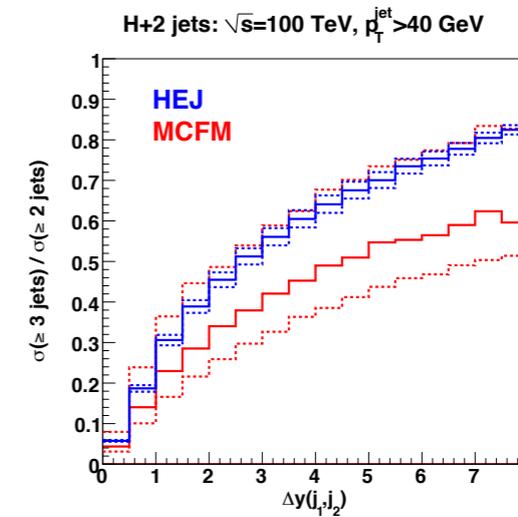
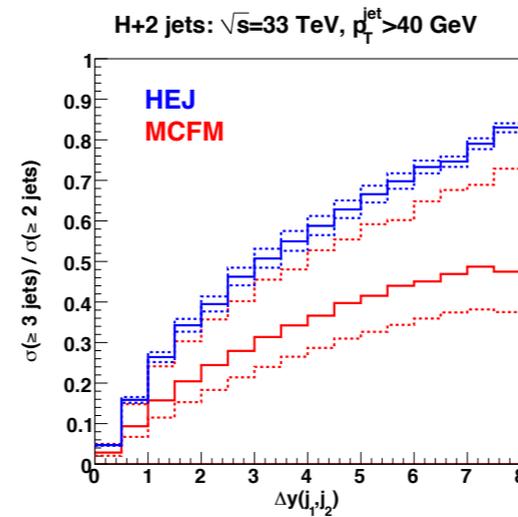
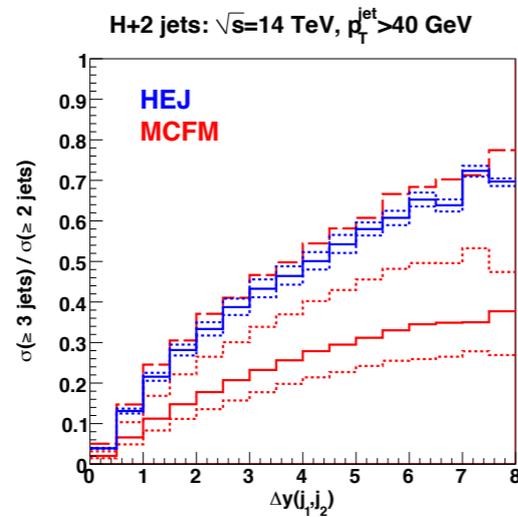
# Now for 100 TeV



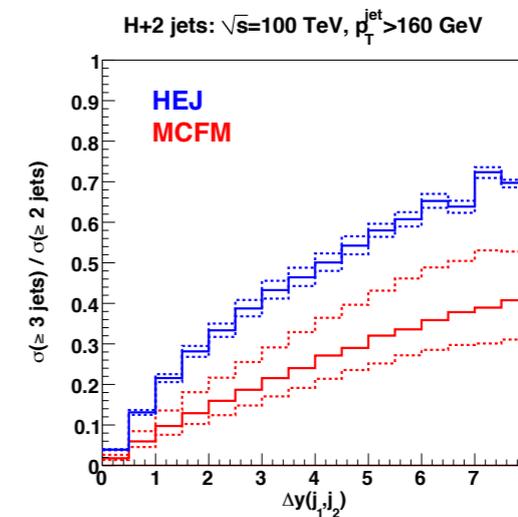
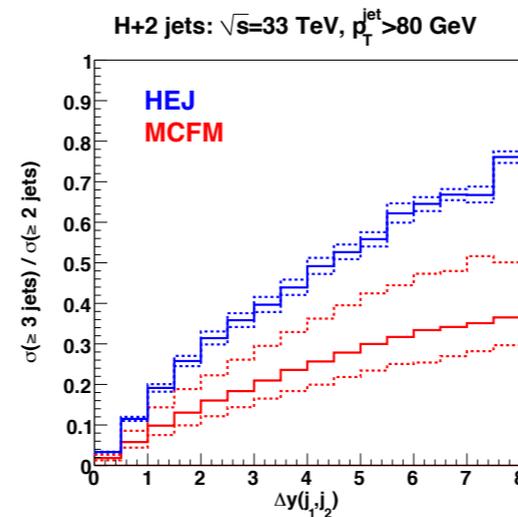
Example: Inclusive H + dijets

Campbell et al arXiv:1310.5189

$p_{Tj} > 40$  GeV



$p_{Tj} > 80, 160$  GeV



14 TeV

33 TeV

100 TeV

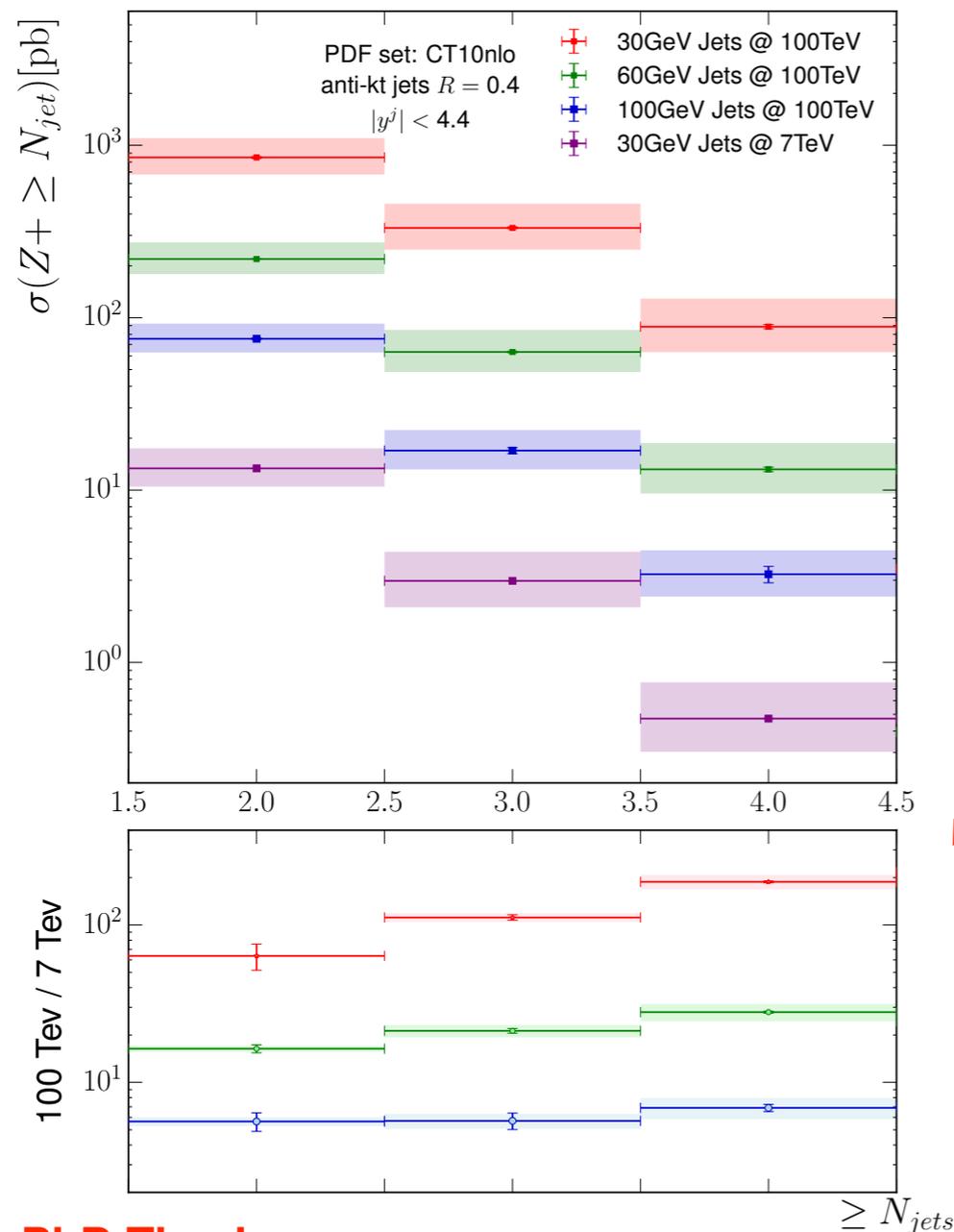
HEJ predicts clear enhancement relative to MCFM (pure NLO) [see Andersen et al arXiv: 1202.1475](#)



# Now for 100 TeV



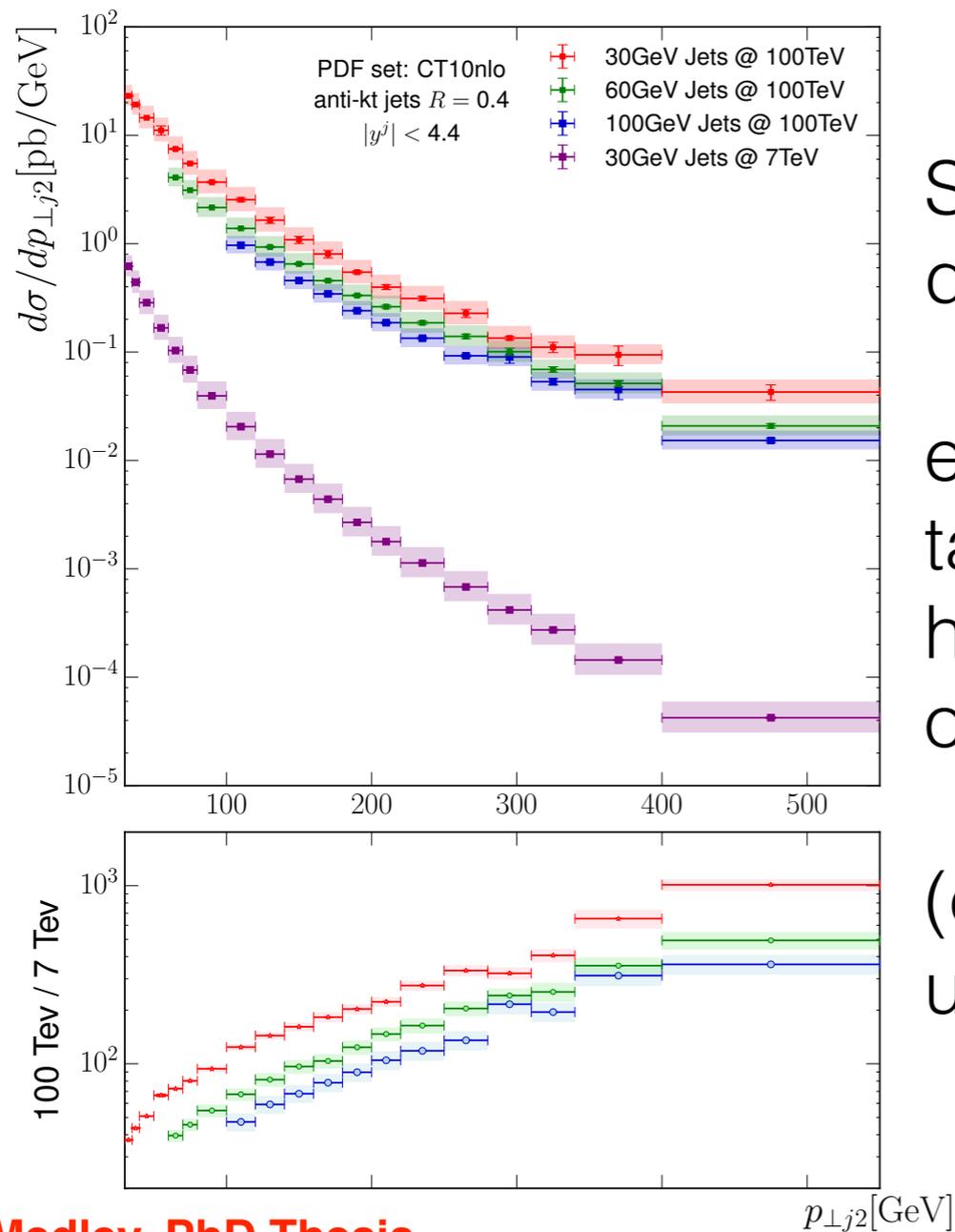
Example: Inclusive  $Z/\gamma^* + \text{dijets}$



Identical jet cut at 100 TeV:  
see significant increase in  
relative importance of higher  
multiplicity terms

Increased jet cut (100 GeV)  
mediates this effect on total  
rates, but what about  
distributions?

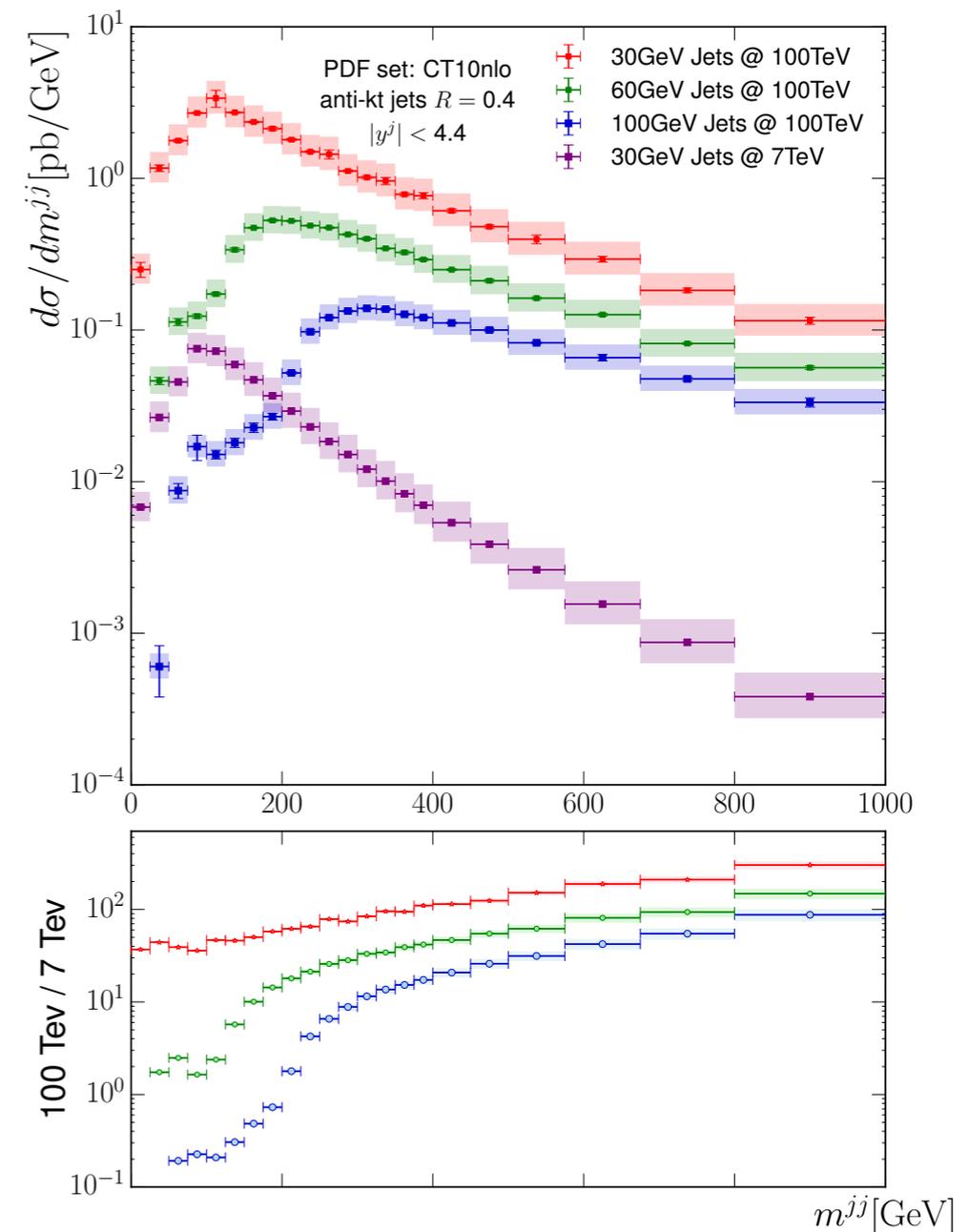
## Example: Inclusive $Z/\gamma^* +$ dijets



Significant shape differences remain:

e.g. broadening of tails at high  $p_T$  and high  $m_{jj}$ , and here only up to 1 TeV

(earlier LHC results up to 2 TeV)





# Conclusions



CMS Experiment at the LHC, CERN

Data recorded: 2015-Sep-28 06:09:43.129280 GMT

Run / Event / LS: 257645 / 1610868539 / 1073

- Cannot rely on the stability of NLO when increase to 100 TeV
- Huge phase space for extra hard jets, and for enhancements of higher-order coefficients which damage convergence of fixed-order expansion
- The effect is already seen in 7 TeV LHC data!
- We **must** allow for this in our theoretical predictions — High Energy Jets offers a solution (in flexible MC)
- This is a theory challenge, but can open new directions!