

Overview of the SNOLAB Facility and Current Programme Evolution

Fraser Duncan Associate Director, Programme Development & Science SNOLAB



#### Vision Statement from SNOLAB's Strategic Plan:

"To be the location and partner of choice for deep underground science, delivering world-class science and benefit to Canada, and her international partners, by providing and promoting national and international access to the unique facilities and expertise at SNOLAB."

## **SNOLAB** Strategic Goals



- Enable and spearhead world-class underground science To ensure SNOLAB supports, maintains and executes a world-class research programme, and plays its own significant role in the shaping and delivery of the science.
- Develop and maintain world-class facilities and infrastructure

To ensure SNOLAB remains at the forefront of infrastructure provision for underground science.

- Educate, inspire and innovate

To develop broad economic impact to Canada and our surrounding region by educating and inspiring through both public and professional outreach, developing highly qualified personnel and delivering innovative solutions through the use of small and medium scale enterprises.

- Develop delivery systems of internationally recognised standard

To develop SNOLAB internal quality management and delivery processes, and the connections to the experiments, through internationally recognised practices and processes to ensure efficient and effective management of resources and exemplary safety standards.

#### "Develop and maintain world-class facilities and infrastructure"

# SNOLAB Facility

## **SNOLAB Facility Goals**



- A deep underground facility to minimize cosmic ray interactions.
- A monolithic clean room to prevent radiological contamination and to create ease of access to experiments and laboratory infrastructure.
- Infrastructure provided by the facility to lessen the need for the experiments to provide cleaning staff, material handlers, maintenance technicians, electricians etc.
- Expertise in Design and Project Coordination specific to the unique SNOLAB environment.
- On site administration support for safety, logistics, procurement, training.



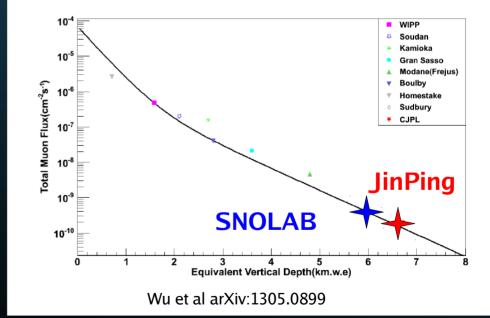
#### Surface Facility



#### 2km overburden (6000mwe)

#### Underground Laboratory

#### Muon Flux = $0.27/m^2/day$

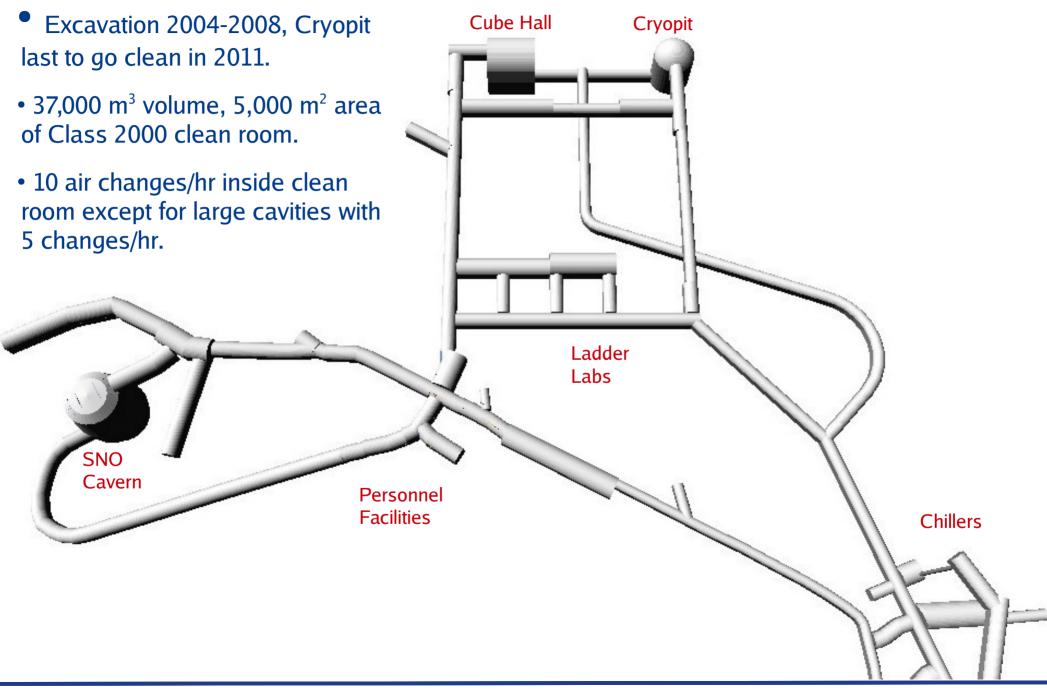






### The Laboratory

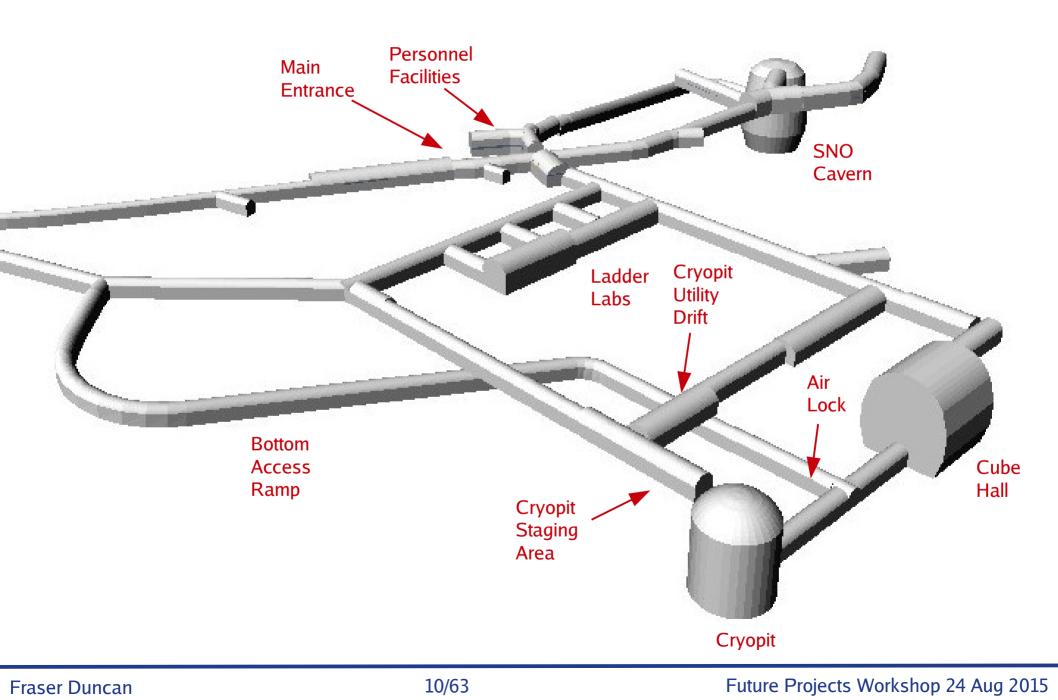




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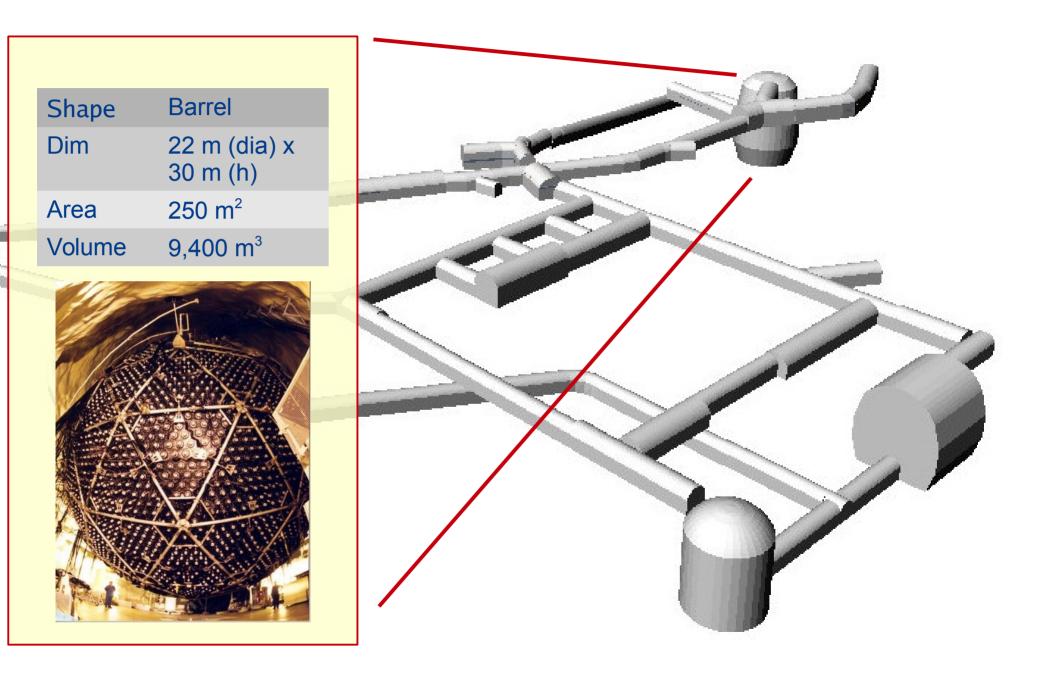
### The Laboratory





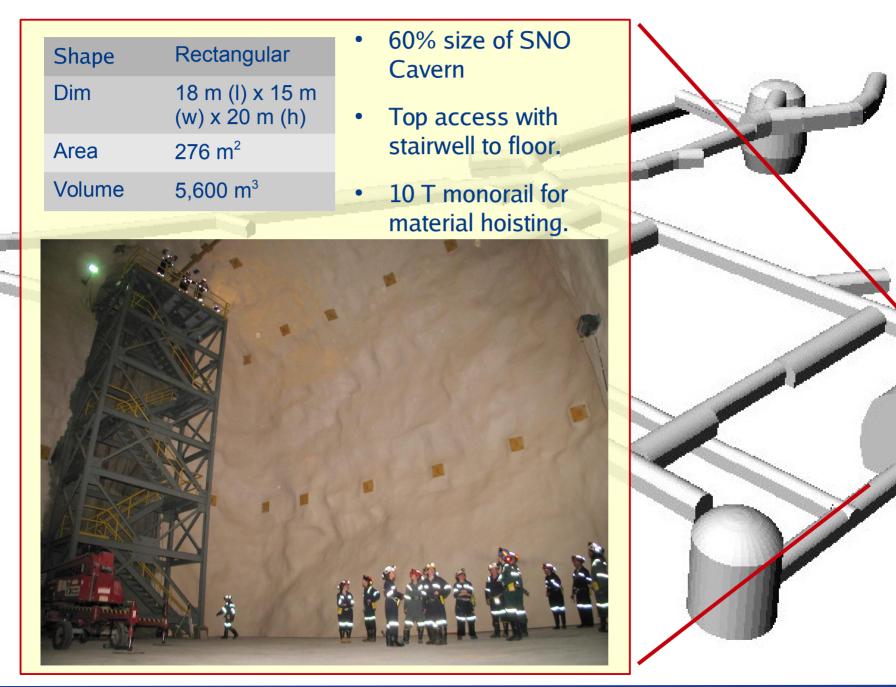
### SNO Cavern





### Cube Hall



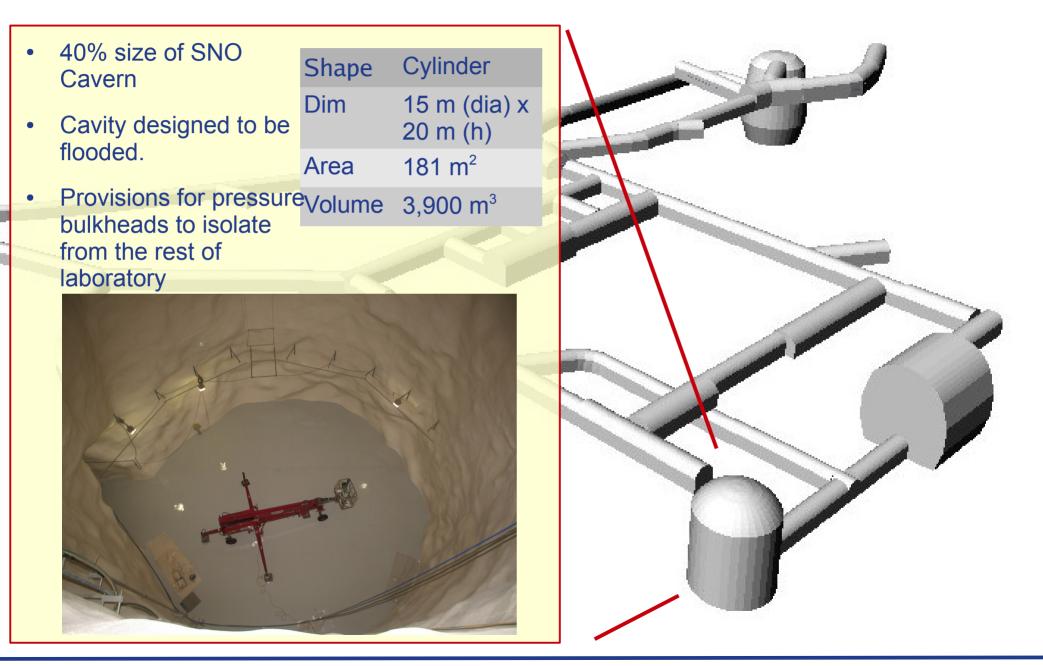


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## Cryopit





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### Ladder Labs



ShapeConnected DriftsDim4-7.5 m (w) x 5-8 m (h)Area895 m²Volume4,300 m³				
$\frac{5-8 \text{ m (h)}}{\text{Area} 895 \text{ m}^2}$		Shape		
		Dim	4-7.5 m (w) x 5-8 m (h)	
Volume 4,300 m <sup>3</sup>		Area	895 m <sup>2</sup>	
		Volume	4,300 m <sup>3</sup>	

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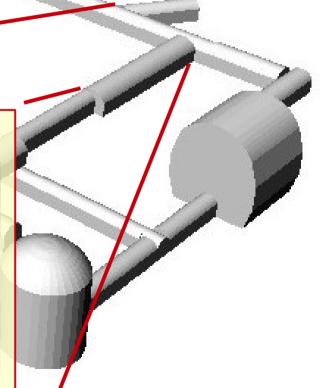
### J-Drift, HALO Drift

**HALO Drift** 





J-Drift	
Shape	Drift
Dim	35 m (l) x 6 m (w) x 5 m (h)
Area	209 m <sup>2</sup>
Volume	925 m <sup>3</sup>

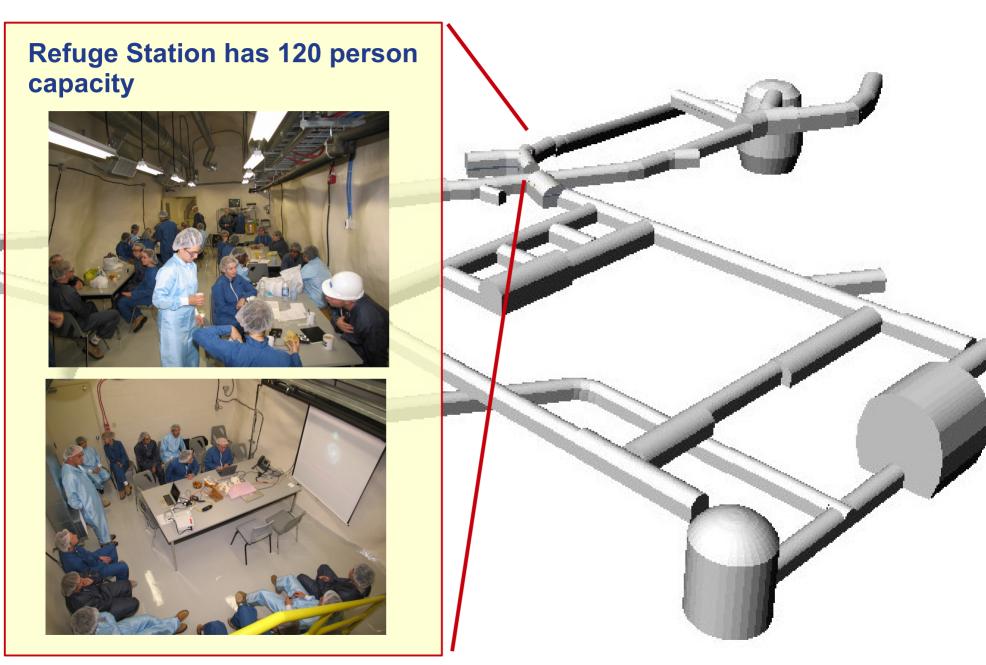


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### **Personnel Facilities**



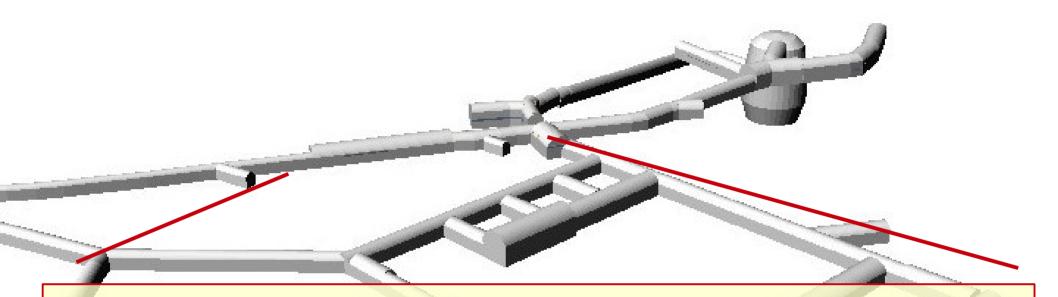


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### Lab Entrance





#### **Transport, Material Handling, Cleaning**



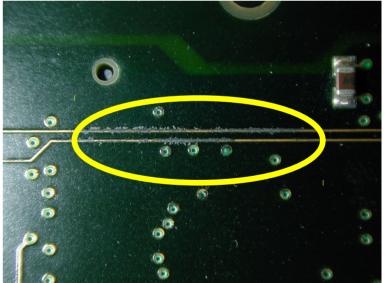




### Environment

- Air Pressure: ~1.25 x sea level and can fluctuate by 5% . Need to design vacuum vessels accordingly.
- Radon levels in air: ~150Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- Small quantities of H<sub>2</sub>S in air. Filters in the air handlers reduce it but some remains causing corrosion (for example on the copper on circuit boards).
- Seismicity: Mining induced seismic activity. Design basis event is "1 in a 100 yrs" 4.3 M<sub>N</sub> on the Nuttli Scale (~3.4 M<sub>R</sub> Richter). Designing seismically rated equipment can be challenging.







SNOLAB

- Electricity
- Cooling
- Ultrapure water
- Compressed Air
- Liquid Nitrogen
- Network
- Ventilation



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- 13.8kV feed to the mine level, 600V, 3 phase distribution inside lab.
- Just completed an upgrade of electrical distribution from 2MW to 3MW capacity. Improved isolation from Vale systems.



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- 1 MW cooling capacity using chilled water at 8C.
- The CW loop is at 250 psi so secondary cooling loops may be necessary for some equipment.





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- 140 L/min capacity from the original SNO UPW plant.
- While the plant can produce high purity water, polishing should be done locally.





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- Limited supply (of order 100 cfm) of compressed air from surface. Has 40 times less radon than mine air.
- Can be used on a limited basis to create lower radon environments for experiments.





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- Commercially produced low radon LN<sub>2</sub> supplied by 230L dewars shipped from surface.
- Used for cooling and cover gas.





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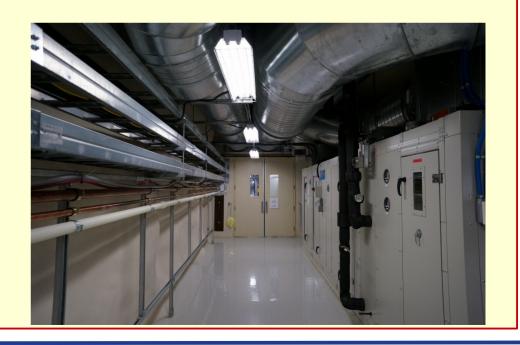
- Fibre optic link from underground to surface recently upgraded to 2x10Gb/s.
- 1 Gb/s surface to off site. Can be expanded at the cost of additional user fees.
- GPS syncronized time standard available underground.





- Electricity
- Cooling
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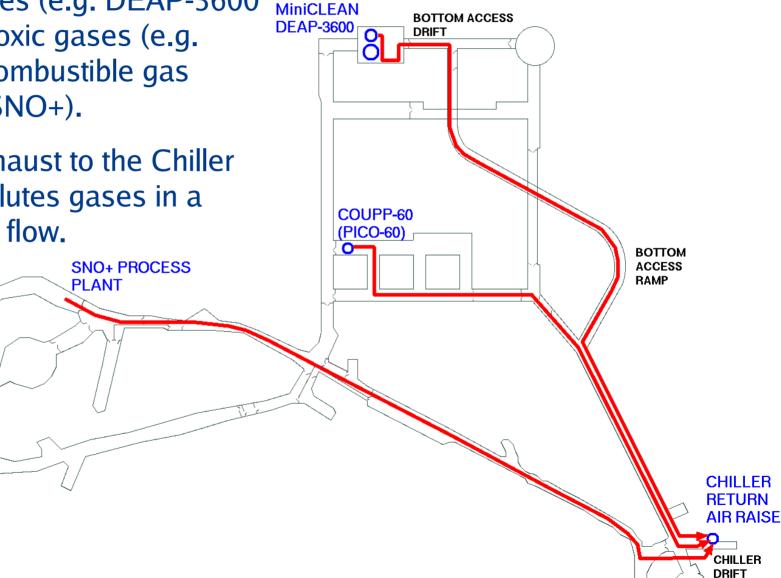
- 13 air handlers with HEPA filters clean and cool the air.
- Lab is pressurized with 7000 cfm fresh air (makes up ~5% of the recirculated air).
- Limited amount of fresh air available so exhausting a space is a challenge.





### Exhaust Venting

- Some experiments may require emergency venting of spaces to remove inert gases (e.g. DEAP-3600 & MiniCLEAN), toxic gases (e.g. COUPP-60) or combustible gas pressure relief (SNO+).
- Strategy is to exhaust to the Chiller air raise which dilutes gases in a 100,000 CFM air flow.



### Existing

- Low Background Counting
- 'Clean' Machine shop
- Future
  - Low Background Counting Lab
  - Outfitting airlocks and bringing TAD drift clean



### • Existing

- Low Background Counting
- 'Clean' Machine shop
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  - Low Background Counting Lab
  - Outfitting airlocks and bringing TAD drift clean

- See talk by R.Ford.
- Presently operating two Ge detectors ug. one coaxial, one well.
- A second coaxial detector is being installed. Plans to host a detector from Bern within the EXO collaboration.





### • Existing

- Low Background Counting
- 'Clean' Machine shop
- Future
  - Low Background Counting Lab
  - Outfitting airlocks and bringing TAD drift clean

- Mill, Lathe, drill press, saws, ...
- Gives ability to make adjustments to equipment underground.
- Can do sensitive work such as machining cosmogenically activated materials.





- Existing
  - Low Background Counting
  - 'Clean' Machine shop
- Future
  - Low Background Counting Lab
  - Outfitting airlocks and bringing TAD drift clean

• Retrofit the old refuge station as a low background counting lab.

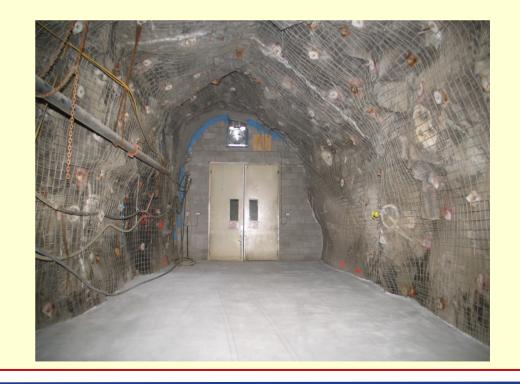




### • Existing

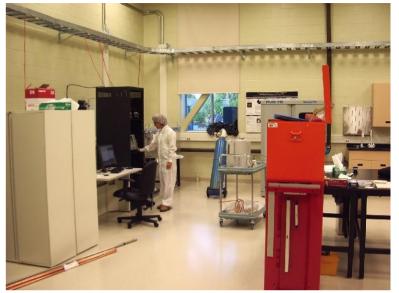
- Low Background Counting
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- Future
  - Low Background Counting Lab
  - Outfitting airlocks and bringing TAD drift clean

- Expansion of the clean room boundary outside the Ladder Labs.
- Completion of the BAR airlock.



### **Surface** Facilities

- Site Surface: 4,700 ft<sup>2</sup> CLASS 1000 Clean Room Laboratories, IT Infrastructure (high speed off site), office, meeting rms, control rms, material handling, machine shop.
- Laurentian Water Facility: Intended for spike work not appropriate for site.







## Third Floor Outfitting

- Outfitting of the third floor as part of the hosting of CEMI (Centre for Excellence in Mining Innovation) and MODCC (Mining Observatory Data Control Centre).
- Added meeting, desk and office space.
- Upgraded HVAC in IT server room for increased capacity and redundancy.







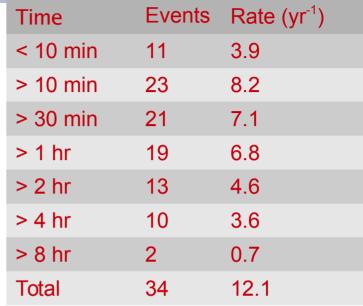


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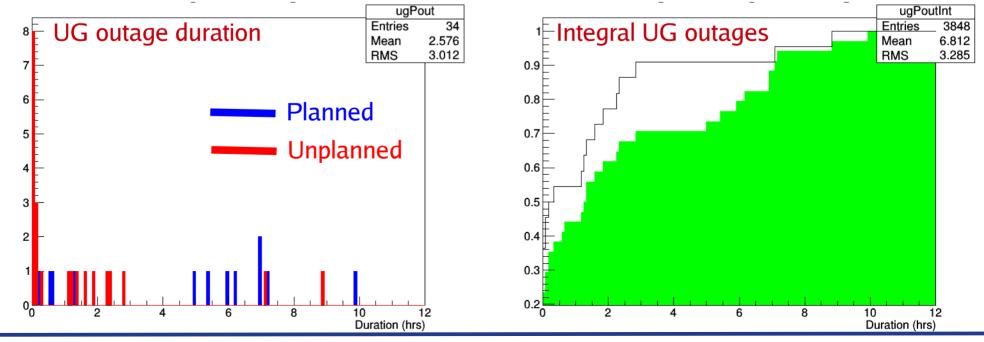


### **Emergency** Generator

- Have been tracking power outages at SNOLAB over several years.
- Planned outages include annual electrical shutdown (8-12 hrs), repairs, modification of Vale and SNOLAB systems. Unplanned includes weather, UG failures, regional power failures.
- This frequency/duration is problematic for many experiments.



#### Dec 2011 – Sep 2014



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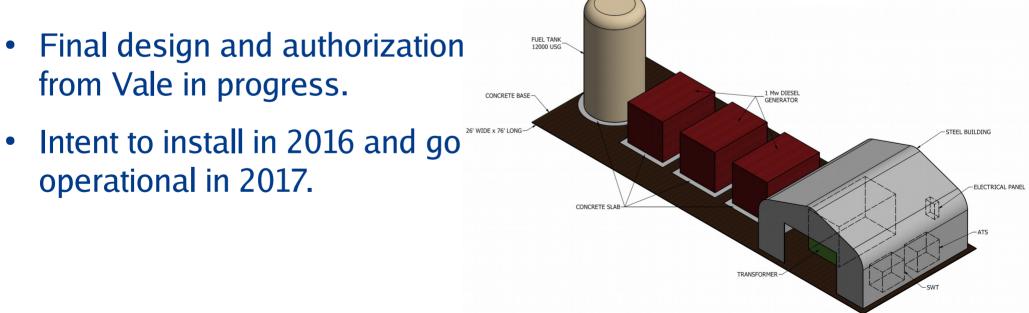
### **Emergency** Generator

- SNOLAB
- Had originally considered a small (150 kW) underground generator but this had issues including:
  - Unable to operate SNOLAB chillers
  - Need for parallel emergency power distribution
  - Hazards of large fuel storage underground
- Decided on a surface generator that would be able to power the entire SNOLAB electrical system. Advantages include:
  - Able to operate all experiment loads
  - Chiller and cooling is maintained
  - Easy access to service and refuel
- Approved and funded by CFI (Canada Foundation for Innovation).

### **Emergency** Generator



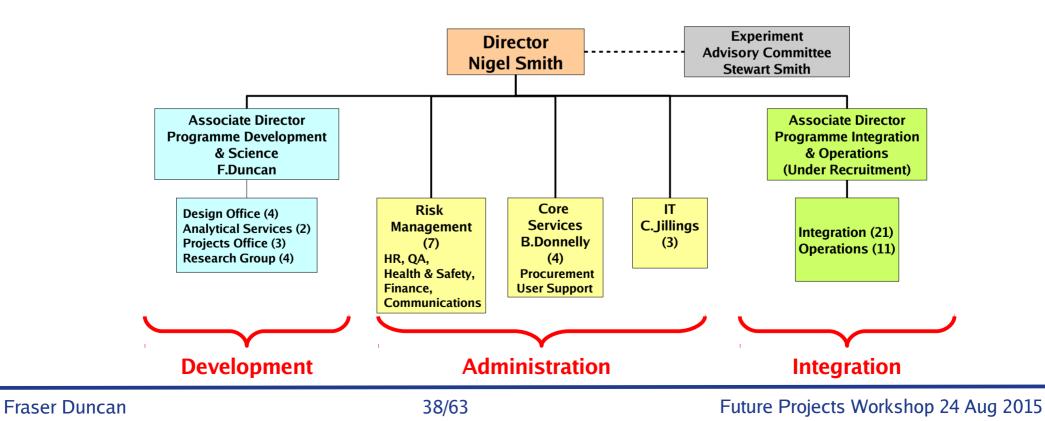
- System will consist of three 1MW generators.
- Cost is \$5M. Only possible by an 'in kind' contribution utilizing the new Vale #18 circuit. Cost of installing our own dedicated feeder would be an additional ~\$5m.
- System is not uninterruptable. I.e. in the event of a power outage to site, there will be an interruption while the generators start up and similarly when normal power is restored. Experiments that can't tolerate this will need local UPSs.



### Operations

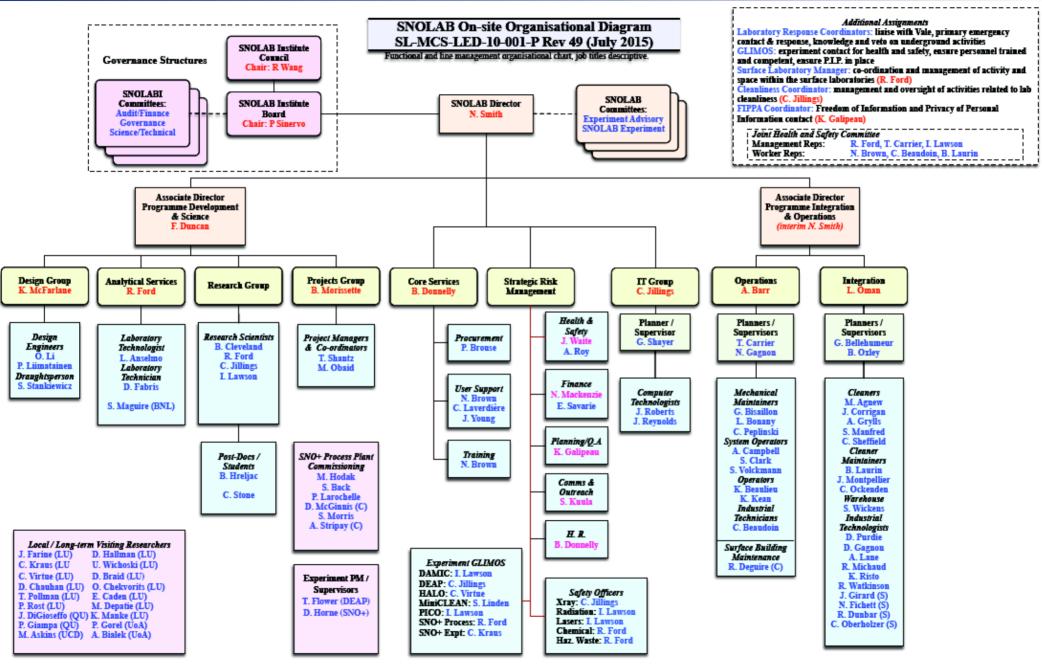


- Presently have ~65 staff comprised of scientists, engineers, technicians and administrators. This will be expanded to ~75 over the next two years.
- Have recently restructured the SNOLAB organization with two divisions directed specifically towards the science programme:
  - **Programme Development & Science** advances experiments to the point where they are ready to deploy at SNOLAB.
  - **Programme Integration & Operations** sees the installation of experiments and their incorporation into the operation of SNOLAB.



### Operations





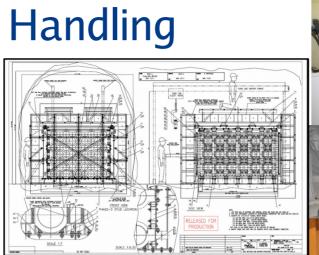
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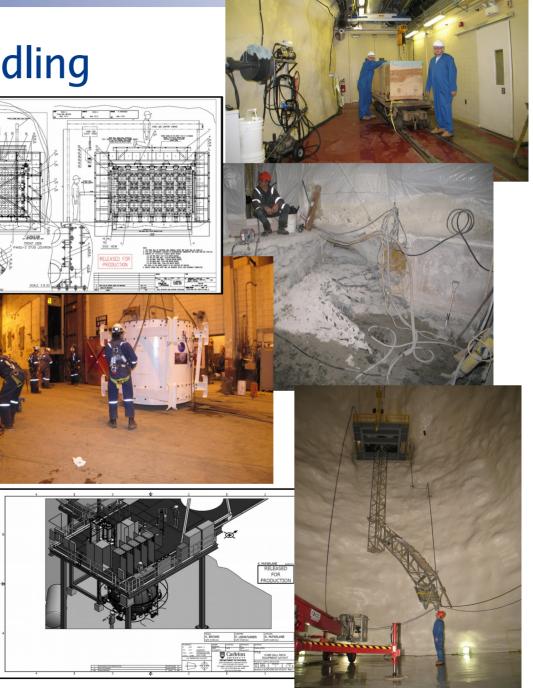
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## **Experiment Support**

- Logistics & Material Handling
- Cleaning
- Installation
- Analytical Services
- Procurement
- Training
- Design
- Project Coordination





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"Enable and spearhead world-class underground science" "Develop delivery systems of internationally recognised standard"

# SNOLAB Scientific Programme

### Science Programme



- The intent is to have an ongoing rotation of experiments in all phases of planning, design, construction and operation. As experiments complete, space will be made available for new opportunities.
- Primary focus has been on astro-particle physics
  - Dark Matter
  - Neutrinos ( $0\nu\beta\beta$ , solar, geo, supernovae)
- Have extended the science program with projects in
  - Seismic studies
  - Mining Data Centre
  - Genomics

### **Programme Administration**



- Experiments will be administered through a formal Life Cycle (see next talk).
- To ensure scientific excellence, the science program is steered by an Experiment Advisory Committee (EAC) reporting to the SNOLAB Director. Chaired by Stewart Smith with international membership.
- To ensure quality delivery, SNOLAB is in the process of obtaining ISO 9001 (Quality) and OHSAS 18001 (Health and Safety) accreditation.
- **SNOLAB Experiment Forum (SEF):** Forum of representatives from each active experiment and the facility. To ensure that we are meeting the collective needs of the experiment programme and to get feedback on the effectiveness of our processes. One instance identified by the SEF was the need to prioritize the Low Background Counting Lab.

### **Current Science Program**

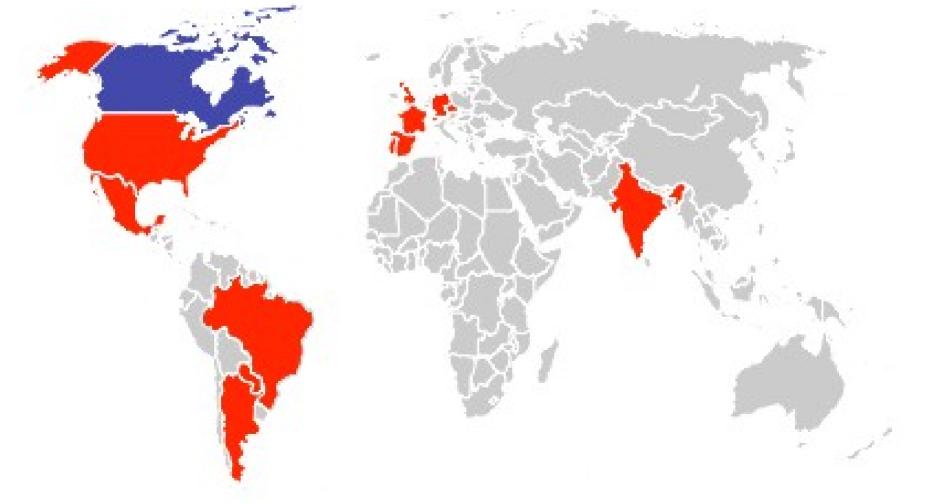


Experiment	Neutrino	Dark Matter	Other	Space Allocated	Satus	
CEMI		mattor	Mining Data Centre	Surface Facility	In Construction	
COUPP-4		Х	-	J-Drift	Completed	
DAMIC		Х		J-Drift	Operational	
DEAP-1		Х		J-Drift	Completed	
DEAP-3600		Х		Cube Hall	In Construction	
DEAP- 50T/CLEAN		Х		Cube Hall	<b>Expression of Interest</b>	
DMTPC		Х		Ladder Labs	Expression of Interest	
Ge-1T	Х			Cryopit	<b>Expression of Interest</b>	
nEXO	Х			Cryopit	Feasibility Phase	
HALO	Х			HALO Stub	Operational	
MiniCLEAN		Х		Cube Hall	In Construction	
NEWS		Х		Cryopit?	<b>Expression of Interest</b>	
PICASSO-III		Х		Ladder Labs	Completed	
PICO-2L		Х		J-Drift	Operational	
PICO-60		Х		Ladder Labs	Operational	
PICO-250		Х		Ladder Labs	<b>Expression of Interest</b>	
PINGU			Test Facility	Ladder Labs	<b>Expression of Interest</b>	
PUPS			Seismicity	Various	Completed	
SNO+	Х			SNO Cavern	In Construction	
SuperCDMS		Х		Ladder Labs	In Preparation	
U-Laurentian			Genomics	External Drifts	Operational	

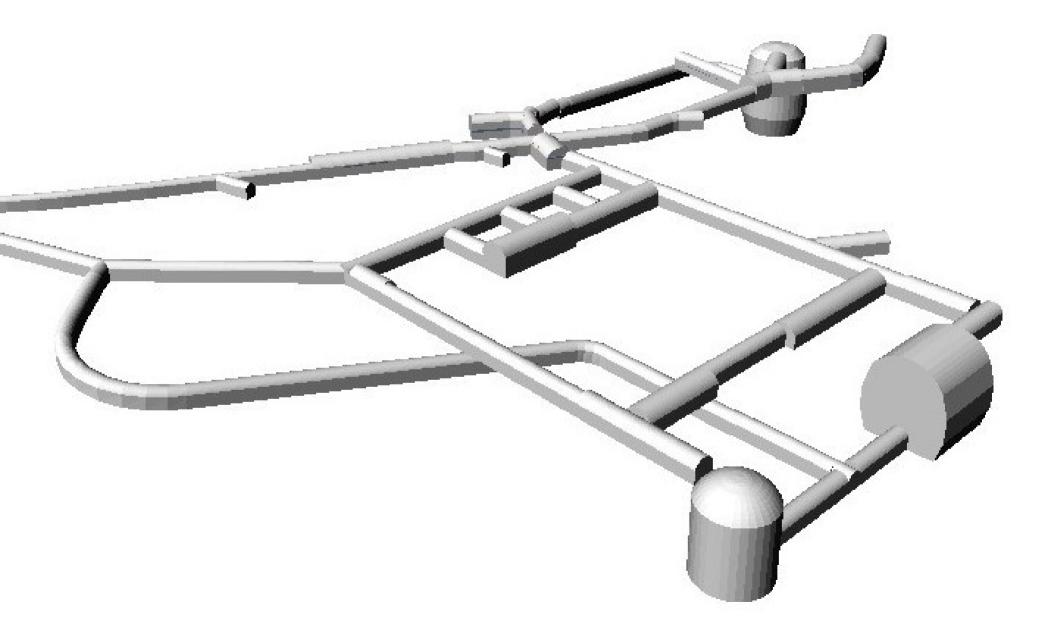
### The SNOLAB Community



- 149 faculty researchers from 70 institutions over 14 countries
- > 500 faculty, highly qualified personnel and technical support.
- ~11,000 underground person-shifts per year (~60/shift/day).

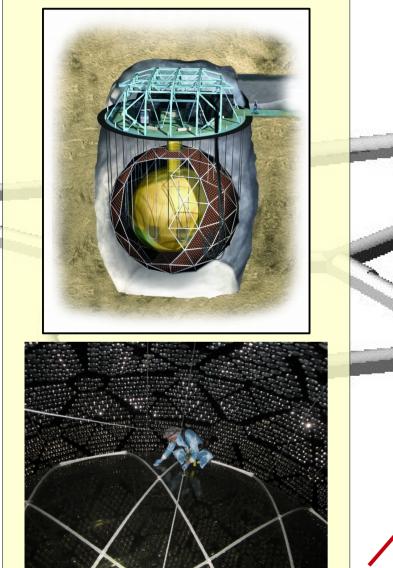


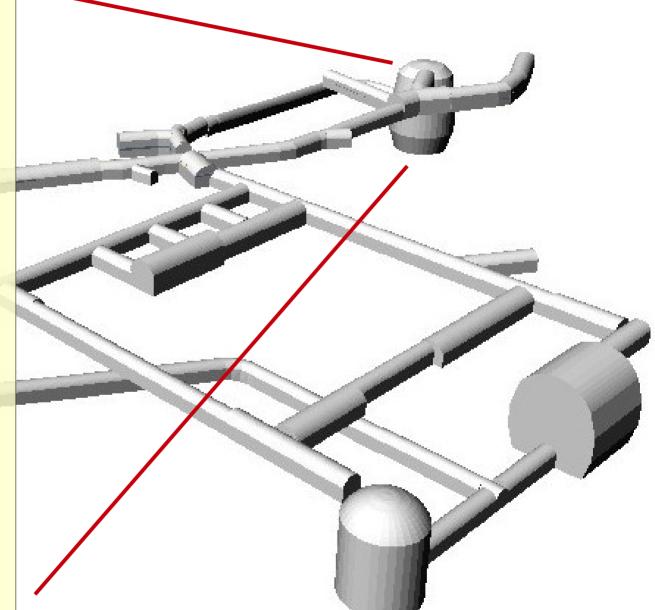




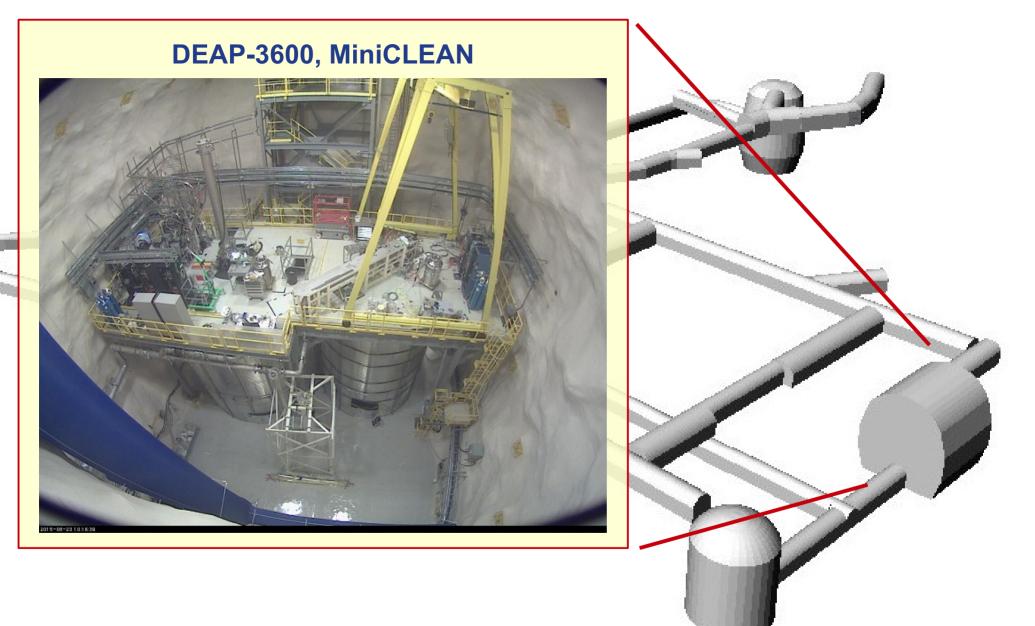


#### SNO+

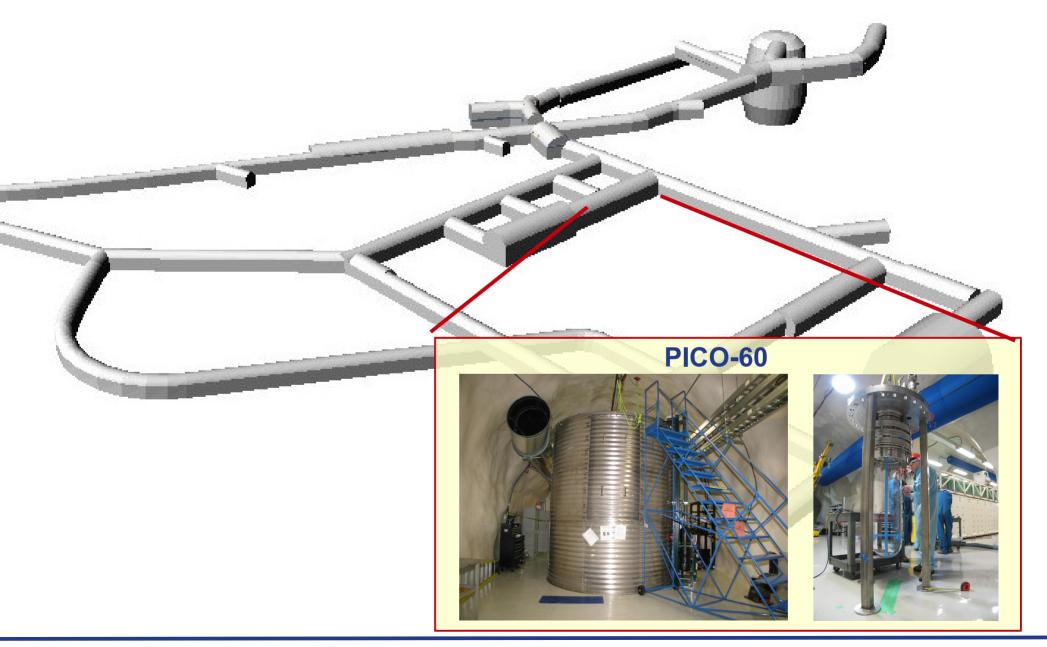








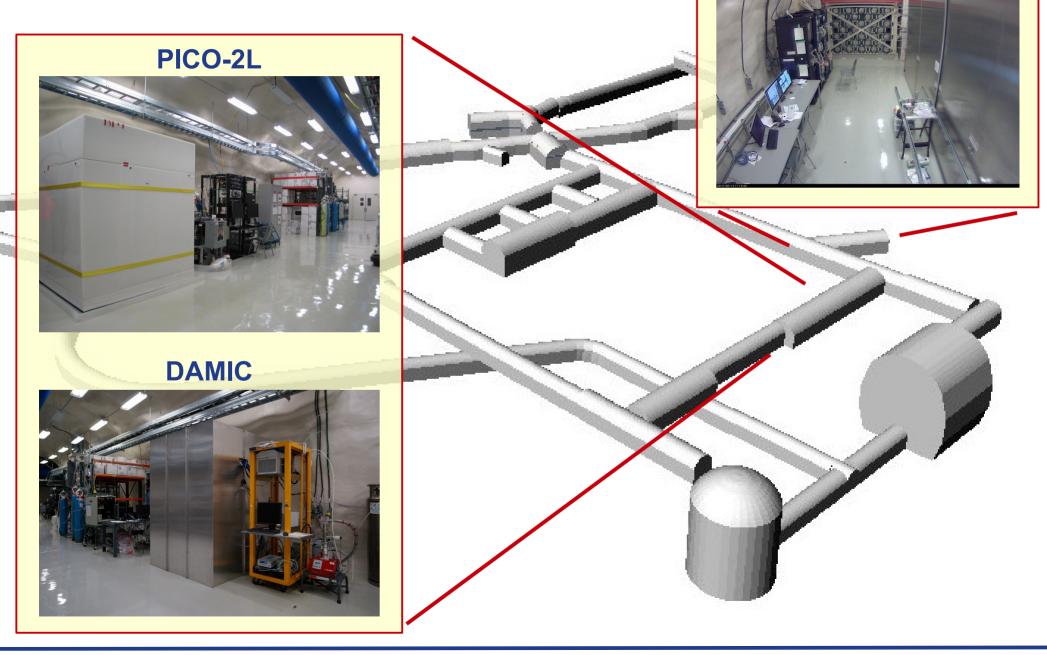




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#### nEXO Collaboration Meeting 9-10 Jul 2014



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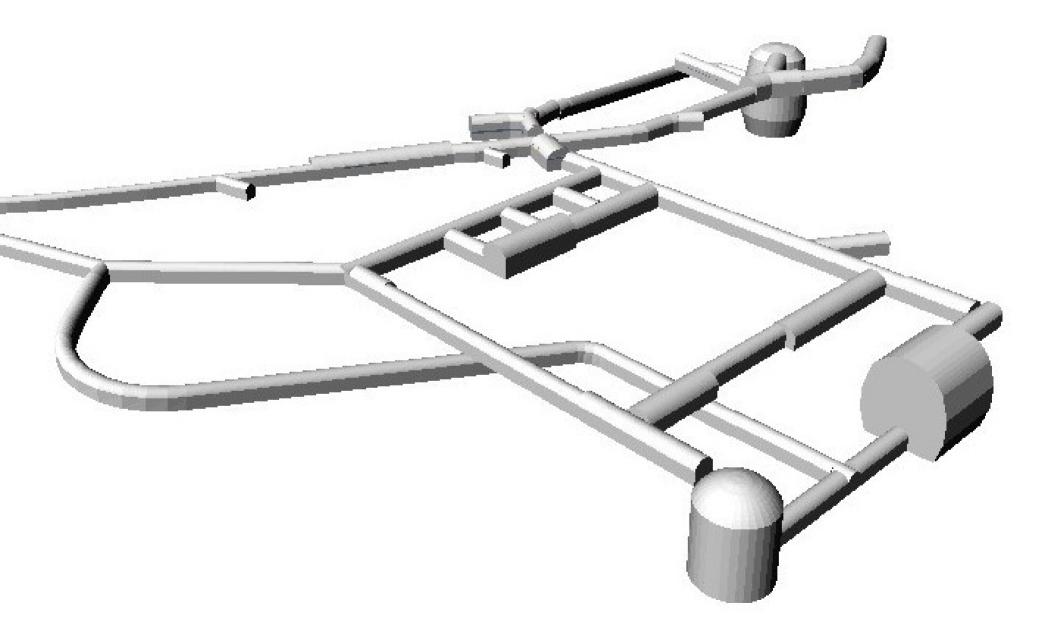
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**HALO** 

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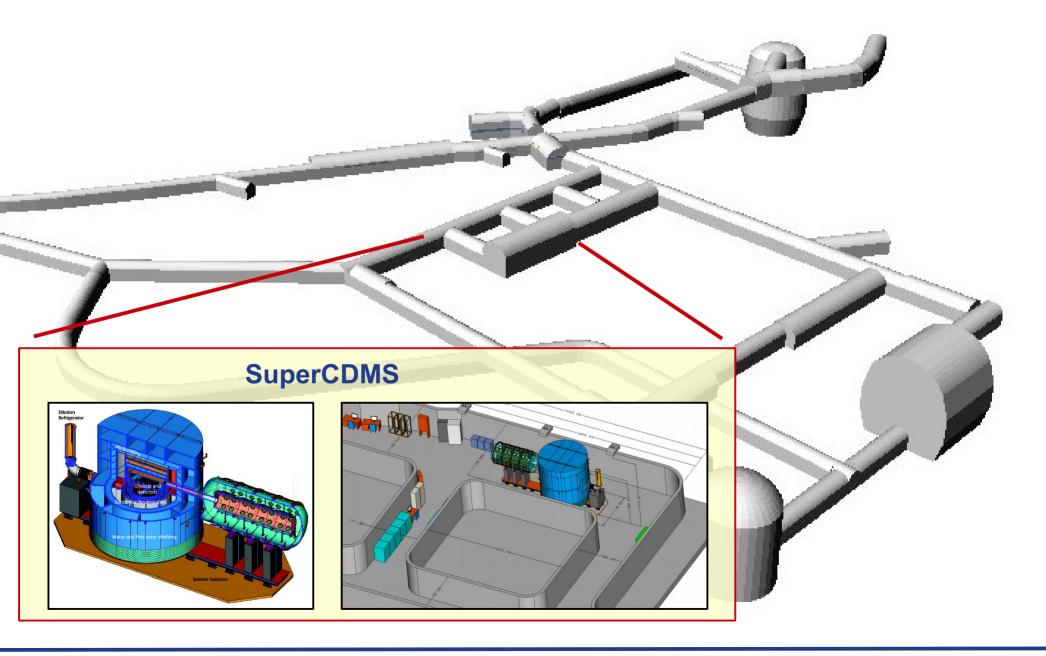
### **Near Future Experiments**





### **Near Future Experiments**





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#### nEXO Collaboration Meeting 9-10 Jul 2014

### **Near Future Experiments**

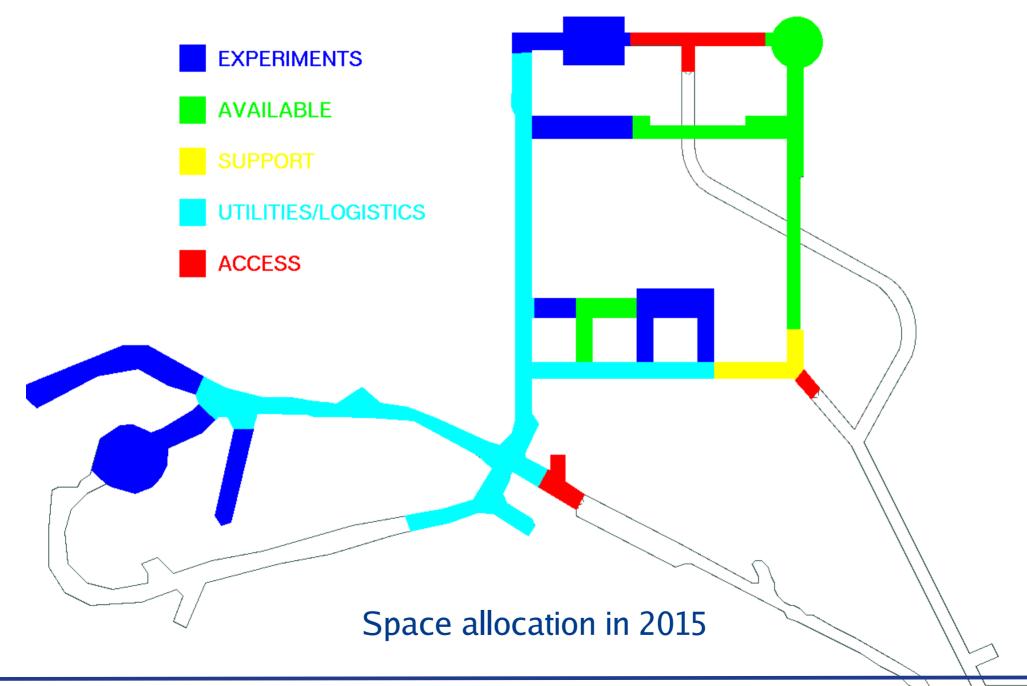




- MODCC (Mining Observatory Data Control Centre)
- Laurentian University Genomics.

### **Space Allocation**





### Programme Timeline



		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
NO avern	SNO+						
	DEAP						
ube Iall	MiniCLEAN						
ryopit							
adder.	PICO-60						
Labs	SuperCDMS						
-Drift	PICO-2L						
	DAMIC						
IALO stub	HALO						

Construction Operation

- Cryopit presently unallocated.
- J-Drift will open up over next 2 years.
- Space in Ladder Labs with more in 2 years.

## Allocating the Cryopit



- Within the SNOLAB Project Life Cycle space allocation occurs at GW-1, *Space Approval*, and requires completion of a Conceptual Design Review which will include:
  - Review of the technical fitness of the Project.
  - Review of the planned mitigation strategies for safety.
  - Assessment of the veracity of the Project's cost and viability of funding.
- 'Viability of Funding' might meant that while the Project does not yet have funding in place, it is expected with high probability. In that case space approval may be given conditionally upon receipt of funding within a reasonable time frame.

## Allocating the Cryopit



- The Chicken and the Egg: Ideally SNOLAB would like a Project asking for a major commitment like the Cryopit to have funding in place before we allocate the space. Conversely we expect funding agencies would like to know that there is a home for a Project before allocating funds.
- SNOLAB wants to avoid locking up the Cryopit and later find out that the Project selected is not funded. So...
- SNOLAB will work with the community and the funding agencies with the intent of coordinating the allocation of the Cryopit with the funding of the Project.

## Allocating the Cryopit



- Meanwhile, our current informal understanding of the time scales for next generation 0vββ and Dark Matter experiments is that the Cryopit will not be needed within the next five years.
- We are prepared to commit the Cryopit to a Project that fits within that window.

## Strategic Planning



- This workshop is part of our horizon scanning process.
- Within the next few months, there will be a SNOLAB strategic planning Workshop as input to our 5 year funding cycle which we apply for next year.
- This will be integrated with the NSERC (Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada) 5 year plan.

### Summary



### • Facility

- Recent upgrades to electrical distribution and surface facilities.
- Planning new surface backup generator, low background laboratory, expansion of the clean boundary.
- Restructuring of the organization to focus on science delivery and planning additions to the operations team.

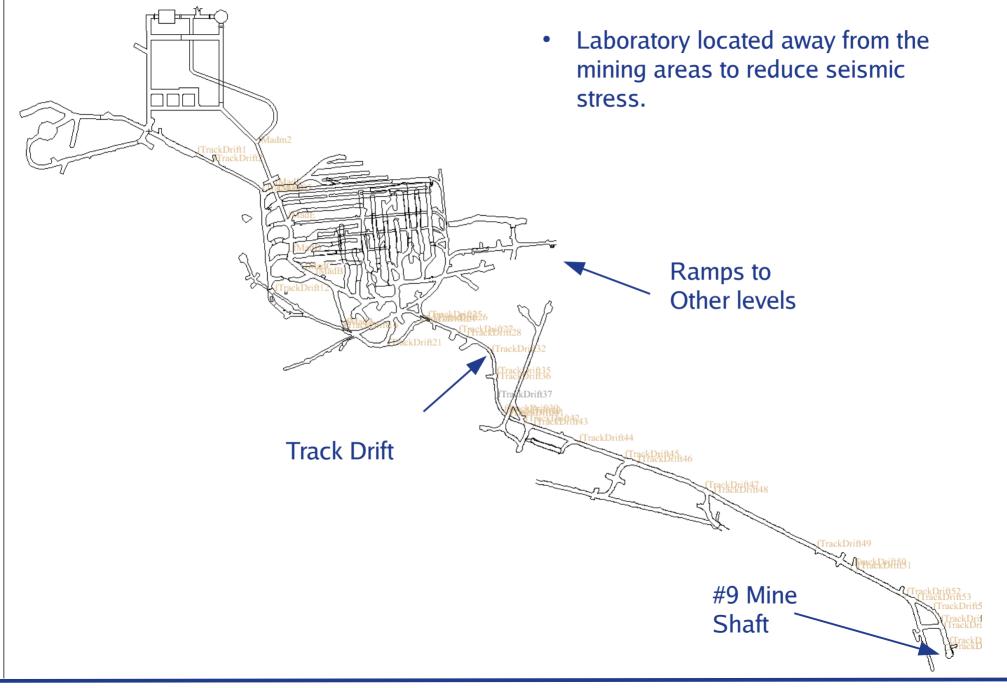
### Scientific Programme

- 4 experiments operational, 3 major experiments in construction, 1 in the planning stage. Others moving towards space allocation.
- Diversifying programme to other fields (mining data, biology).
- Putting a more formal Gateway driven Project Life Cycle in place.
- Strategic Planning for next 5 year grant cycle.

### End

### Creighton Mine 6800L





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