

Distributed Source Code Management tools

Itaapy working experience

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Content

- Leaving CVS
- Distributed source control (DSC)
- Arch/tla
- Git/Cogito



Leaving CVS in 2002: Context

● What

- open source project localizer, itools
- customer projects: quality agent process
- full Unix environment

● How

- XP: pair programming
- XP: code review
- XP: test driven code
- ... more than two developers on each piece of code



Leaving CVS in 2002: Context

- **Using and making version control system**
 - Using version control to make software.
 - Making for our customers CMS applications with versionning
 - using Zope
 - using Plone
 - using CPS
 - using iKaaro

So ok let's go out of CVS



Leaving CVS in 2002

Centralized Version Control?



Leaving CVS in 2002

Centralized Version Control?

No thanks



Leaving CVS in 2002

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No thanks



Why do we need DSC?

- **To work offline, with no mass commit back from:**
 - the train, the sea, the beach, Montmartre
- **We don't need to give write access to the archive**
 - useful for itools contributors
 - useful in customer projects (each developer is the only responsible for the state of his tree)
 - lower infrastructure cost, no root access to set up a CVS repository, no +w on group, with umask funky config.



In 2002 we went to Arch/tla

In 2002 Arch/tla provide real Distributed Source Control:

- **Documentation**

- 100 pages of real documentation

- **Tools**

- tla
- tla-tools
- archzoom
- tla-cvs-sync

Our first real-life experience with DSC.



Two years after... in 2004

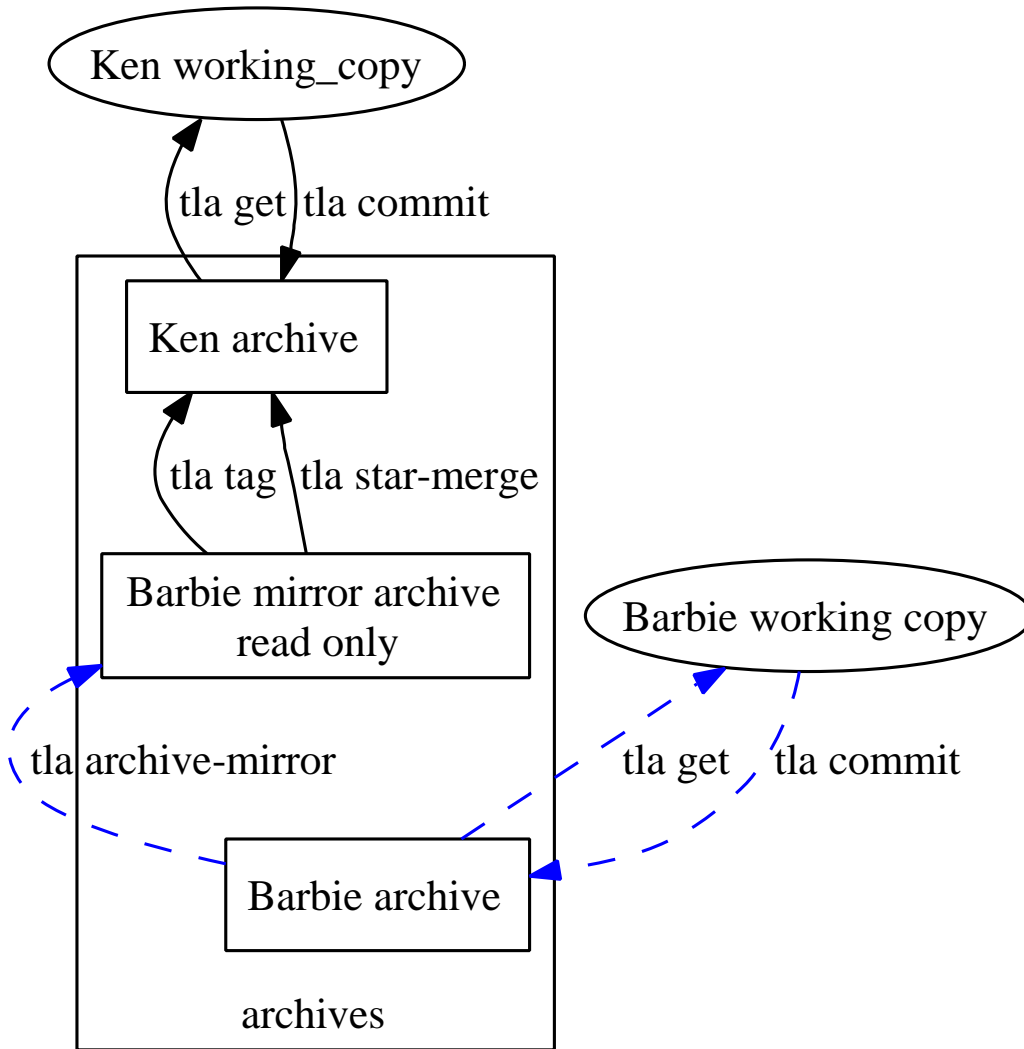
The target was reached

Big improvement of the QA process

- fine control of the business projects releases
- easing the simultaneous work of many developers at the same time on the same code.
- precise and reproducible state of each release of code.
 - fine control on the customer releases
 - each developer version of the code
 - old production server
 - pre-production server
 - customer preview server



Arch/tla: Distributed working

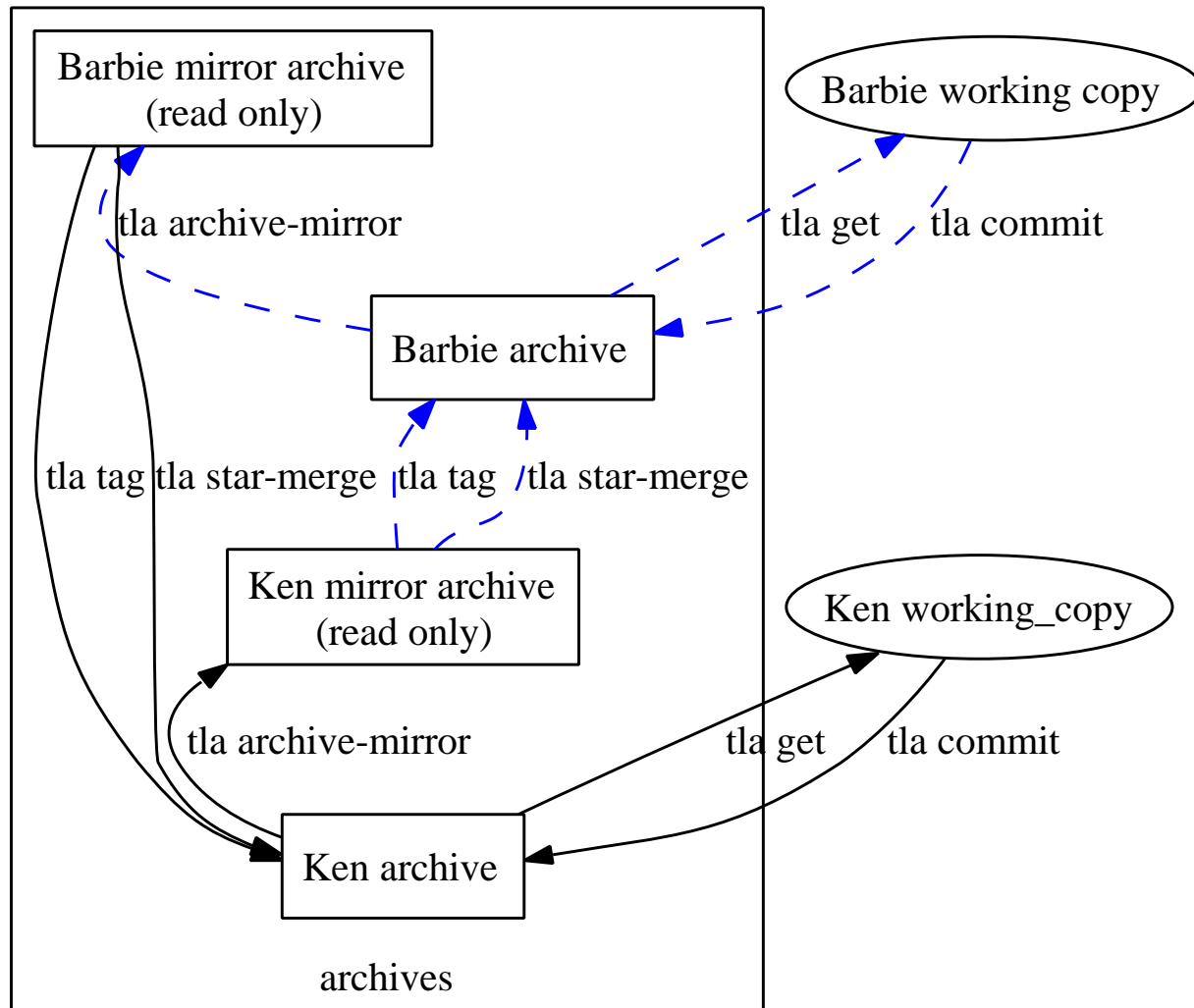


Target reached but we left arch/tla

- learning it is hard
- mastering it is very long
- programming interface is hard
- persistence layer is slow
- improving it with caching adds complexity
- mirror based sharing is good for customer projects but mail patch submit should be better for Open Source project developpement.
- bad feadback from the itools community



Target reached but we left arch/tla



Target reached but we left arch/tla

The hidden idea ...

- itools goes to a VirtualFileSystem layer, the persistence layer given by Zope, then ZODB, then File System files
- `itools.cms` aka iKaaro implement versioning for high level CMS objects.

In `itools` next releases we expect to use DSC for the direct persistent layer.

For this we need:

- Solid File System backend
- speed, speed, speed



Candidates to replace arch/tla

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- Monotone
 - the paranoid one (strong cryptography)
 - own network protocol
- Mercurial
 - written in Python
 - still beta at the time of choosing
- Codeville
 - best merge algorithm, own network protocol
- Darcs
 - stable and simple
 - scales not very well



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Candidates to replace arch/tla

Candidates "La finale"

- Bazaar-NG (bzd)
 - written in Python, supported by Canonical
 - still alpha at the time of choosing
- git/cogito
 - stable, many tools around, scales very well, strong community
 - best evidence: the Linux kernel



3 programming interfaces

● Cogito

- Very low learning cost (10 min)
- full power of Git with a set of 15 commands
- natural set of commands

● Git

- Controlling the internal index structure
- made in Bash, C, Perl, Python
- and soon available as **C library**

● The File System archive `.git/`

- The persistent layer is damn robust
- it's fast, fast, fast



Cogito A natural cmd Set

- `cg-add`, `cg-mv`, `cg-rm`, `cg-restore`
- `cg-status`, `cg-diff`, `cg-commit`, `cg-log`
- `cg-clone`, `cg-update`, `cg-merge`
- `cg-switch`



Git/Cogito tools

- Full migration tools SVN, CSV, arch
- Web Navigation gitweb
- Rich-client revision tree visualizer: gitk, qgit



References

- This slides
 - http://doc.ikaaro.org/DSC_management.pdf
- A day to day use of git/cogito documentation is available on the itools documentation, (11 pages).
 - <http://doc.ikaaro.org/itools-doc.pdf>
 - chapter "Keeping track of `itools` with *Git/Cogito*"
 - chapter "Contributing to `itools` with *Bugzilla* and *Git/Cogito*"
- The itools mailling list
 - itools@ikaaro.org

