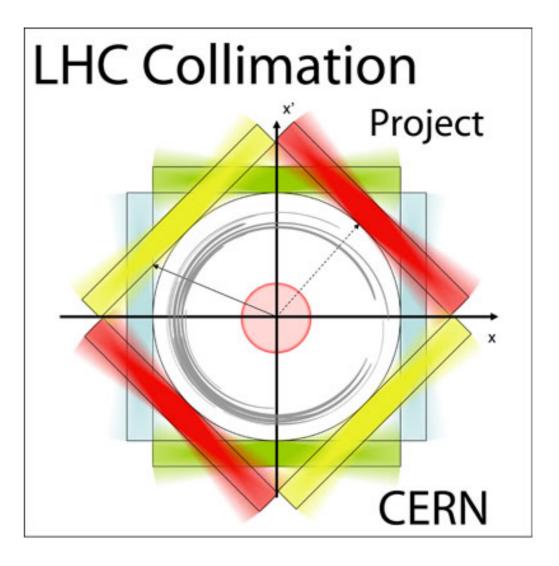
#### Collimation Qualification Needs



B.Salvachua, A.Mereghetti, D.Mirarchi, S.Redaelli and G.Valentino

C.Bracco and J.Uythoven

28/08/2015 - Machine Protection Panel



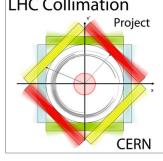
## Outline



- Introduction
- Betatron loss maps: procedure and validation
- Off-momentum loss maps: procedure, validation and new technique
- Validation results
- Requirements for after TS2

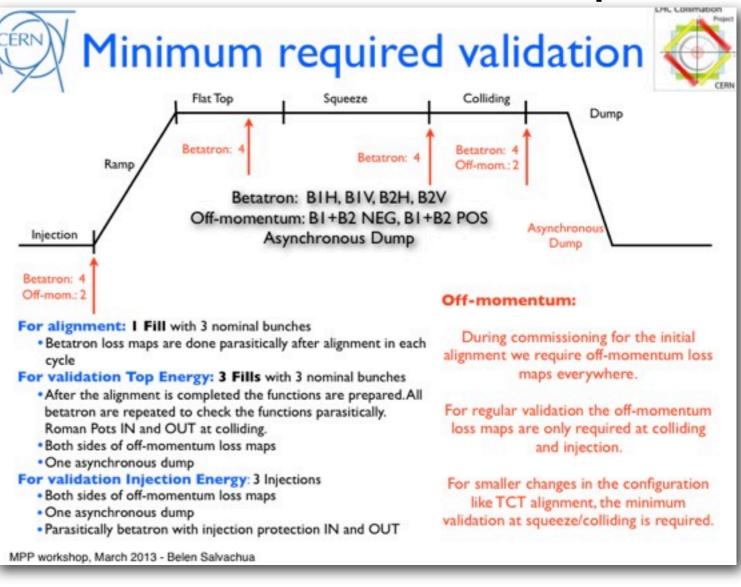


## Introduction



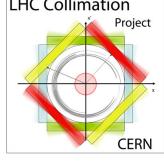
#### MPP workshop 2013

#### • Required Validation in Run I





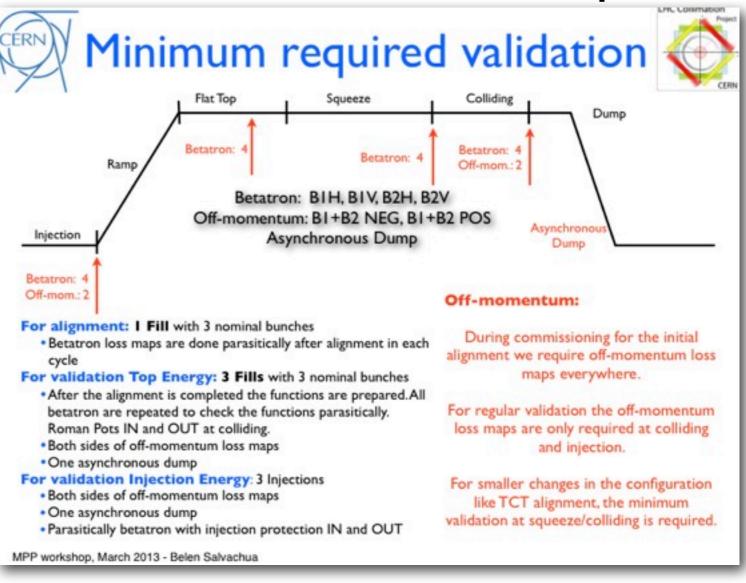
## Introduction



#### MPP workshop 2013

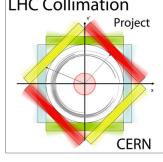
#### • Required Validation in Run I

# • 3 fills at each validation step





## Introduction

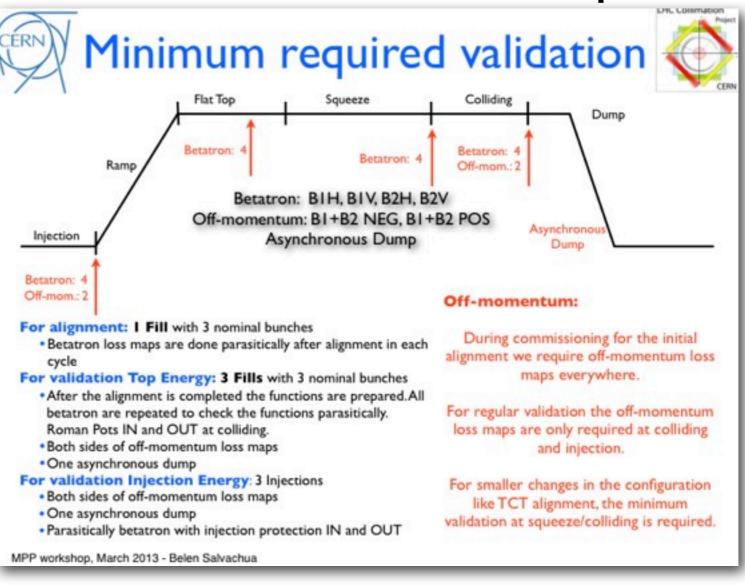


#### MPP workshop 2013

#### • Required Validation in Run I

• 3 fills at each validation step

• Could it be reduced?





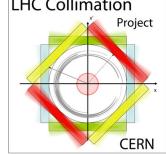
 Since the use of the ADT to blow up selected bunches all the betatron loss maps can be done in the same fill by exciting pilot bunches each time.

Project

CERN



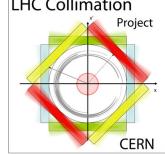
# Betatron Loss maps



- Since the use of the ADT to blow up selected bunches all the betatron loss maps can be done in the same fill by exciting pilot bunches each time.
- The advantage is clear we do not need dedicated fills for each machine mode, as when the loss maps were done with the tune resonance



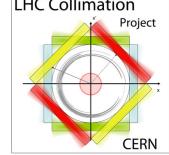
# **Betatron Loss maps**



- Since the use of the ADT to blow up selected bunches all the betatron loss maps can be done in the same fill by exciting pilot bunches each time.
- The advantage is clear we do not need dedicated fills for each machine mode, as when the loss maps were done with the tune resonance
- It needs to be slightly improved (tuned) to be get always loss rates high enough to resolve accurately losses at the 1e-4 level

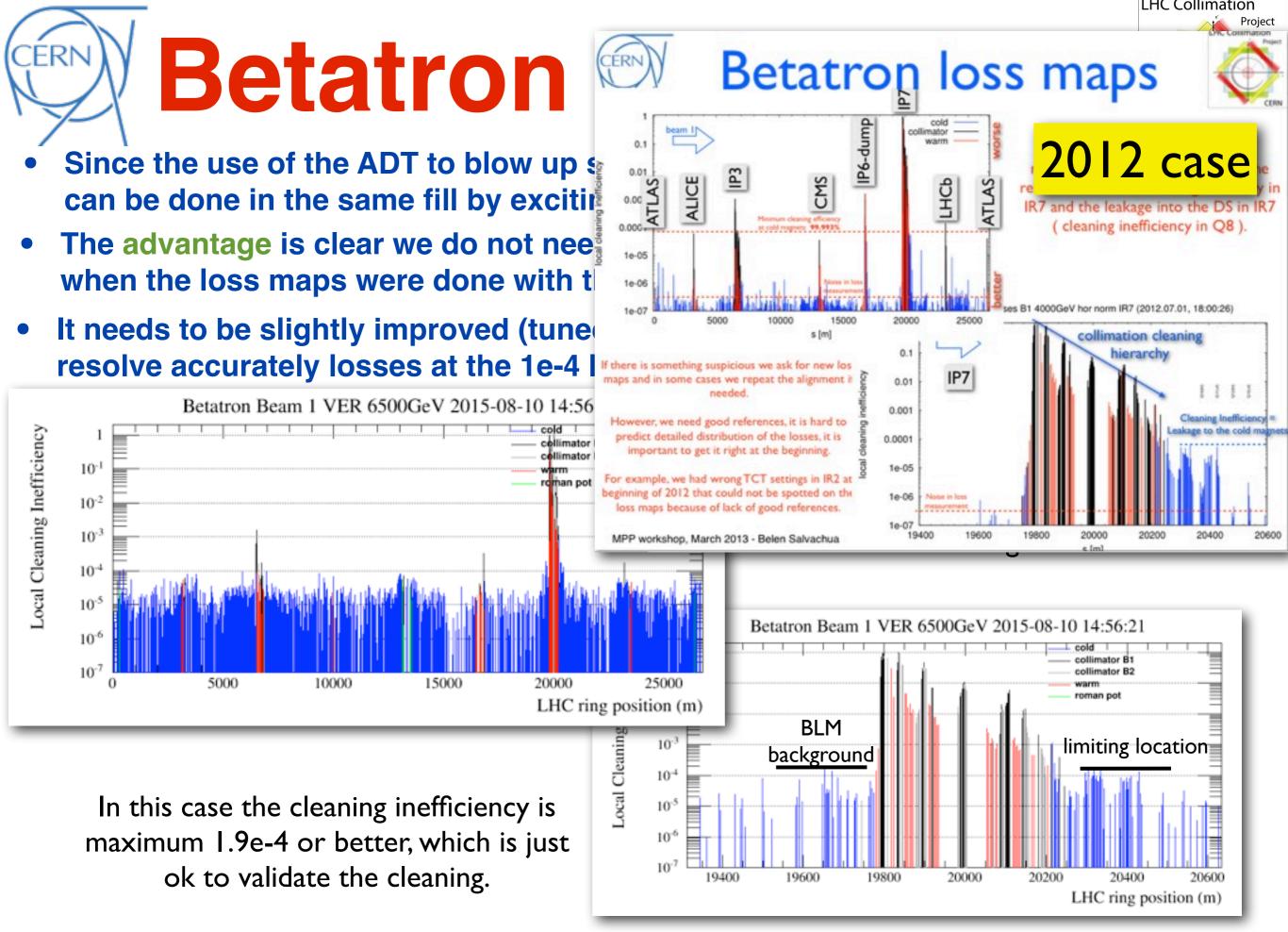


# **Betatron Loss maps**

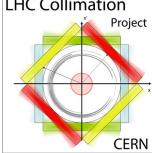


- Since the use of the ADT to blow up selected bunches all the betatron loss maps can be done in the same fill by exciting pilot bunches each time.
- The advantage is clear we do not need dedicated fills for each machine mode, as when the loss maps were done with the tune resonance
- It needs to be slightly improved (tuned) to be get always loss rates high enough to resolve accurately losses at the 1e-4 level

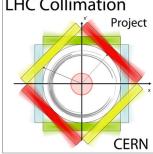
Betatron Beam 1 VER 6500GeV 2015-08-10 14:56:21 example of squeeze 80cm were the Local Cleaning Inefficiency Ilimator B2 TCT are hardly seen and the cleaning  $10^{-1}$ han pot inefficiency is IP7 is barely above the  $10^{-2}$ **BLM** background  $10^{-3}$  $10^{-4}$  $10^{-5}$ Betatron Beam 1 VER 6500GeV 2015-08-10 14:56:21 10.6  $10^{-7}$ collimator B2 25000 5000 10000 1500020000 varm oman pol LHC ring position (m) **BLM** Local Cleanin  $10^{-3}$ limiting location background  $10^{-4}$ In this case the cleaning inefficiency is  $10^{-5}$ maximum 1.9e-4 or better, which is just  $10^{-6}$  $10^{-7}$ ok to validate the cleaning. 19400 19600 19800 2000020200 20400 20600 LHC ring position (m)



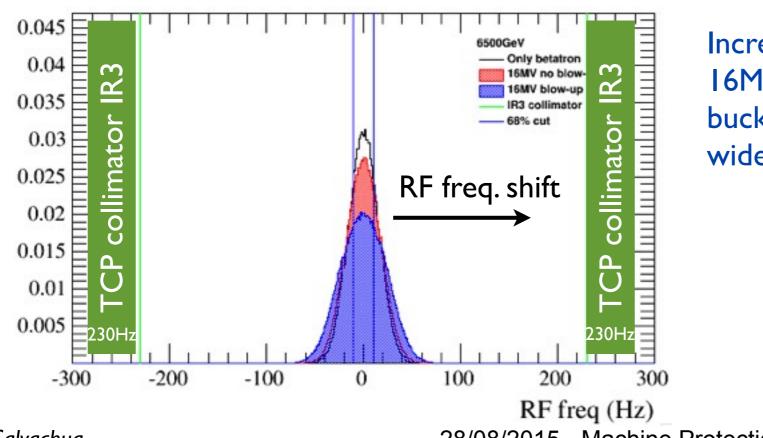




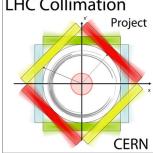
- Off-momentum loss maps require 1 fill per side (+/-500Hz RF freq shift)
- New techniques in collaboration with RF (*Ph. Baudrenghien, M.Jaussi, H.Timko*) are being explored. Three paths that could be combined are being explored:
  - blow-up the bunches longitudinally before doing the loss map so that a smaller frequency shift can be done.
  - add an RF noise so that you push the particles from the core to the off-momentum up to the separatrix, filling the buckets.
  - feedback based on BLM signals to control of the optimal frequency is being prepared.



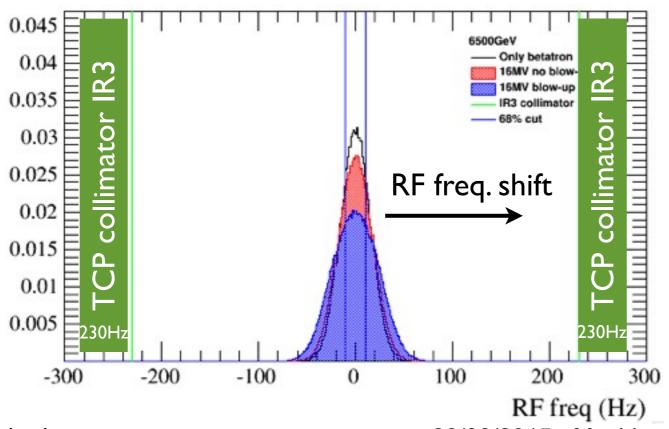
- Off-momentum loss maps require 1 fill per side (+/-500Hz RF freq shift)
- New techniques in collaboration with RF (*Ph. Baudrenghien, M.Jaussi, H.Timko*) are being explored. Three paths that could be combined are being explored:
  - blow-up the bunches longitudinally before doing the loss map so that a smaller frequency shift can be done.
  - add an RF noise so that you push the particles from the core to the off-momentum up to the separatrix, filling the buckets.
  - feedback based on BLM signals to control of the optimal frequency is being prepared.



Increasing RF voltage from 12MV to 16MV and adding noise to fill the bucket. The effects due to the dispersion wider beam



- Off-momentum loss maps require 1 fill per side (+/-500Hz RF freq shift)
- New techniques in collaboration with RF (Ph. Baudrenghien, M.Jaussi, H.Timko) are being explored. Three paths that could be combined are being explored:
  - blow-up the bunches longitudinally before doing the loss map so that a smaller frequency shift can be done.
  - add an RF noise so that you push the particles from the core to the off-momentum up to the separatrix, filling the buckets.
  - feedback based on BLM signals to control of the optimal frequency is being prepared.



Increasing RF voltage from 12MV to 16MV and adding noise to fill the bucket. The effects due to the dispersion wider beam

This technique combined with a fast controlled RF trim could potentially be used to gain 1-2 fills per beam mode validated.

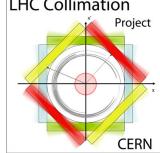
<sup>28/08/2015 -</sup> Machine Protection Panel





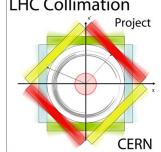
 In addition to the RF blow up we are setting up a feedback based on the BLM RS07 fast acquisition to stop the RF freq trim before the dump when losses are adequate for the validation.





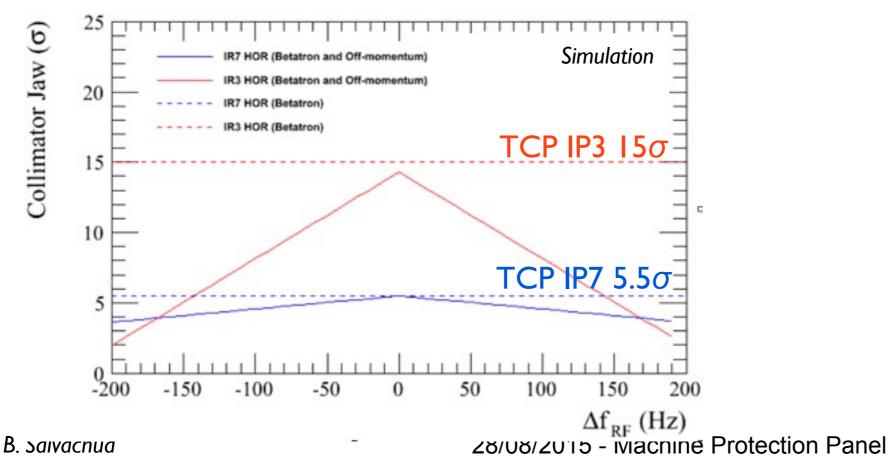
- In addition to the RF blow up we are setting up a feedback based on the BLM RS07 fast acquisition to stop the RF freq trim before the dump when losses are adequate for the validation.
- The selection of optimal losses is done by comparing IR3 and IR7 losses in addition with the DS losses in IR3



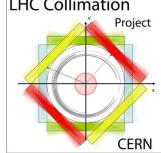


- In addition to the RF blow up we are setting up a feedback based on the BLM RS07 fast acquisition to stop the RF freq trim before the dump when losses are adequate for the validation.
- The selection of optimal losses is done by comparing IR3 and IR7 losses in addition with the DS losses in IR3

Shifting the RF frequency is equivalent to move the beam towards the collimators, but since the dispersion is higher in IR3, for the same  $\Delta f_{RF}$  the beam the shift is higher in IR3. Between 150Hz and 200Hz shift IR3 losses would dominate.



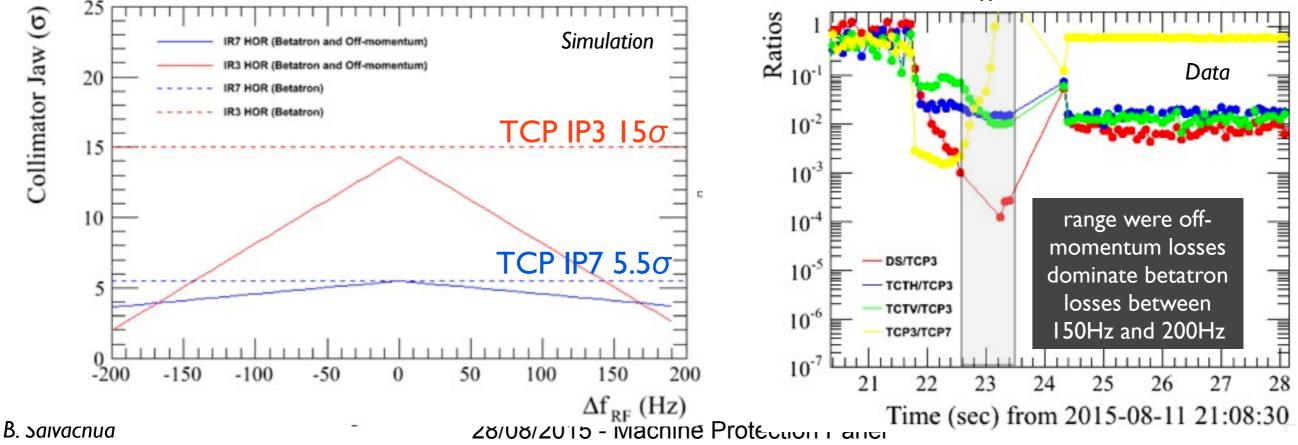




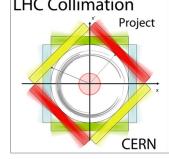
- In addition to the RF blow up we are setting up a feedback based on the BLM RS07 fast acquisition to stop the RF freq trim before the dump when losses are adequate for the validation.
- The selection of optimal losses is done by comparing IR3 and IR7 losses in addition with the DS losses in IR3

Shifting the RF frequency is equivalent to move the beam towards the collimators, but since the dispersion is higher in IR3, for the same  $\Delta f_{RF}$  the beam the shift is higher in IR3. Between 150Hz and 200Hz shift IR3 losses would dominate.

With the fast BLM data (80ms) we monitor the ration IR3/IR7 and the losses in DS and TCTs during the off-momentum loss maps. This gives the input to the feedback. The same range of I 50Hz to 200Hz is found from the measured data to observe off-momentum losses in IR3.

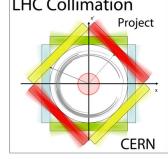






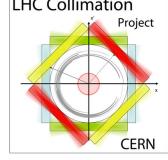
- We had the possibility to try the RF blow up and the feedback at injection and at top energy.
- In particular at injection it proved to be effective.
- At top energy the longitudinal blow-up seems not strong enough, BUT the feedback would be very advantageous.
- Last validation for the VdM was done with the feedback (no RF blow up) both offmomentum loss maps in the same fill.



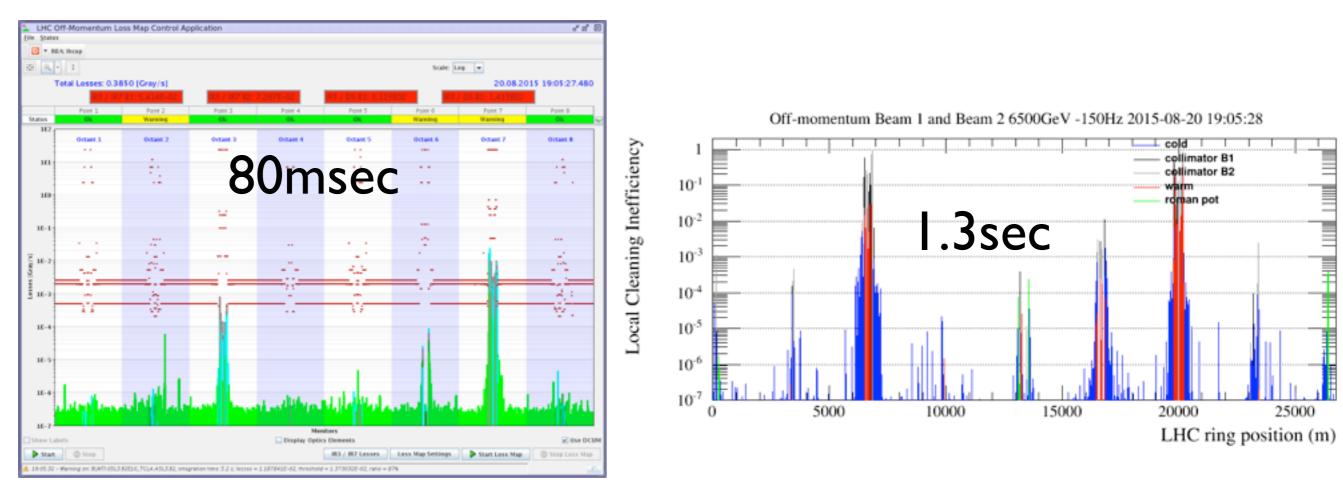


- We had the possibility to try the RF blow up and the feedback at injection and at top energy.
- In particular at injection it proved to be effective.
- At top energy the longitudinal blow-up seems not strong enough, BUT the feedback would be very advantageous.
- Last validation for the VdM was done with the feedback (no RF blow up) both offmomentum loss maps in the same fill.



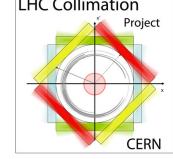


- We had the possibility to try the RF blow up and the feedback at injection and at top energy.
- In particular at injection it proved to be effective.
- At top energy the longitudinal blow-up seems not strong enough, BUT the feedback would be very advantageous.
- Last validation for the VdM was done with the feedback (no RF blow up) both offmomentum loss maps in the same fill.

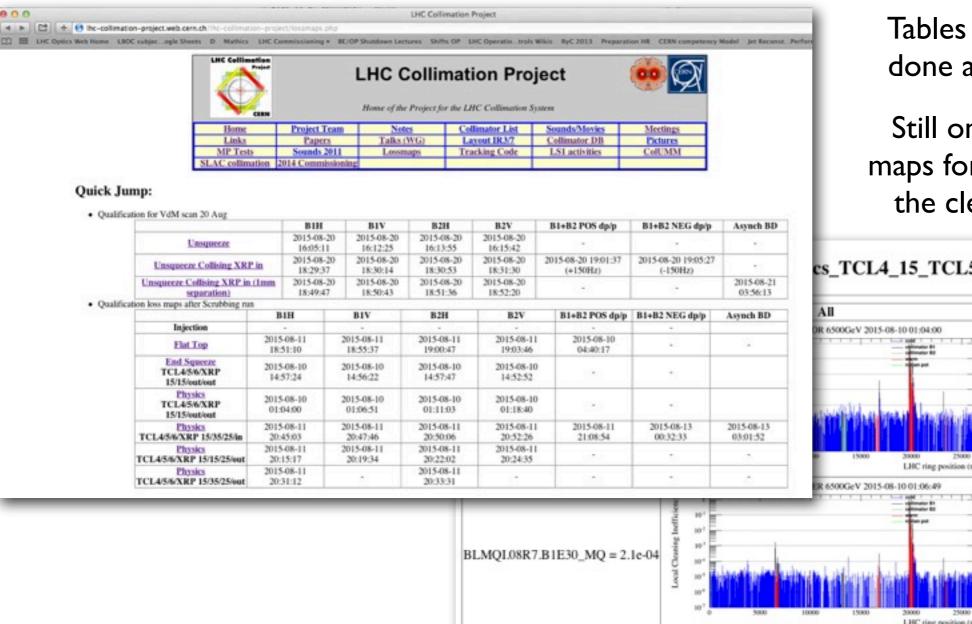




# Validation results



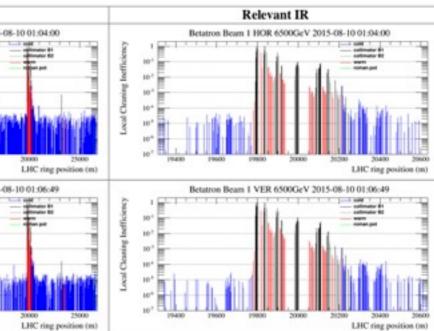
 The track of the loss maps validation is still done on the **Collimation Project web page but it should be more automatic,** this will allow faster comparison with previous loss maps.



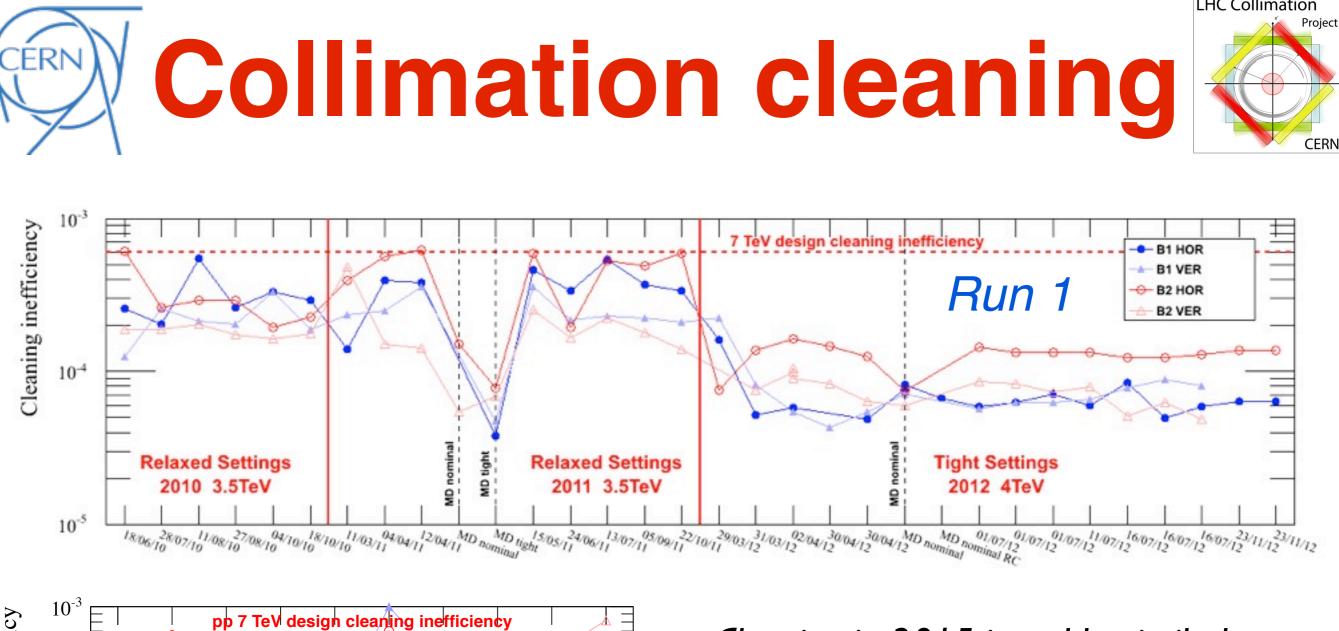
Tables showing what was done and what is missing

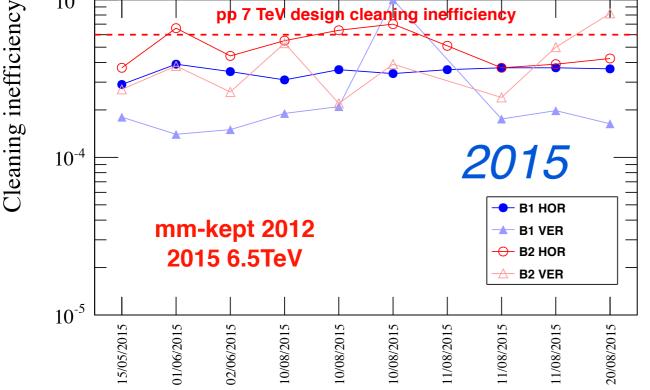
Still one can get the loss maps for different cases and the cleaning inefficiency.

#### cs\_TCL4\_15\_TCL5\_15\_TCL6\_out



#### 28/08/2015 - Machine Protection Panel

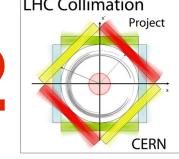




Cleaning in 2015 is stable, similarly to 2012 run. The few outliers correspond to cases were the excitation was not strong enough to distinguish losses from BLM background. Those cases are validated with another loss map.

#### 2010012010 - Machine Protection Panel



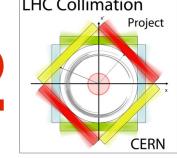


#### If no changes in the machine configuration

	Betatron Lossmaps	POSITIVE off-momentum	NEGATIVEAsynchronousoff-momentumDump		Fills
INJECTION	YES	YES	YES	YES	3
FLAT TOP	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Cancelled?	1
SQUEEZE	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Recommend to keep it	2-3
COLLISIONS	YES	YES	YES	YES	3

**Injection**: we do the FULL validation





#### If no changes in the machine configuration

	Betatron Lossmaps	POSITIVE off-momentum	NEGATIVEAsynchronousoff-momentumDump		Fills
INJECTION	YES	YES	YES	YES	3
FLAT TOP	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Cancelled?	I
SQUEEZE	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Recommend to keep it	2-3
COLLISIONS	YES	YES	YES	YES	3

**Injection**: we do the FULL validation

**Flat Top:** the cleaning betatron/off-mom. is stable, the settings are different in the IRs but is not the limiting location. We request betatron loss maps (because we can do them in the same fill) and one off-momentum side each validation. Asynchronous beam dump is the candidate to be cancelled.





#### If no changes in the machine configuration

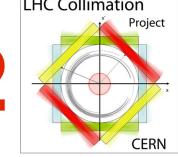
	Betatron Lossmaps	POSITIVE off-momentum	NEGATIVE off-momentum		
INJECTION	YES	YES	YES	YES	3
FLAT TOP	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Cancelled?	I.
SQUEEZE	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Recommend to keep it	2-3
COLLISIONS	YES	YES	YES	YES	3

#### **Injection**: we do the FULL validation

**Flat Top:** the cleaning betatron/off-mom. is stable, the settings are different in the IRs but is not the limiting location. We request betatron loss maps (because we can do them in the same fill) and one off-momentum side each validation. Asynchronous beam dump is the candidate to be cancelled.

**Squeeze**: is partially covered by the collisions case, however even though the TCTs are at the same Nsigma setting the orbit has the separation knob which could be more limiting in some cases. We request the betatron and one off-momentum side each time. For the asynchronous beam dump it is worth doing it.





#### If no changes in the machine configuration

	Betatron Lossmaps	POSITIVE off-momentum	NEGATIVE off-momentum	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
INJECTION	YES	YES	YES	YES	3
FLAT TOP	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Cancelled?	I
SQUEEZE	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Recommend to keep it	2-3
COLLISIONS	YES	YES	YES	YES	3

#### **Injection**: we do the FULL validation

**Flat Top:** the cleaning betatron/off-mom. is stable, the settings are different in the IRs but is not the limiting location. We request betatron loss maps (because we can do them in the same fill) and one off-momentum side each validation. Asynchronous beam dump is the candidate to be cancelled.

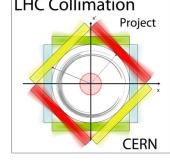
**Squeeze**: is partially covered by the collisions case, however even though the TCTs are at the same Nsigma setting the orbit has the separation knob which could be more limiting in some cases. We request the betatron and one off-momentum side each time. For the asynchronous beam dump it is worth doing it.

**Collisions**: we do the FULL validation. It is the most restrictive case and we spend most of the time.

B. Salvachua

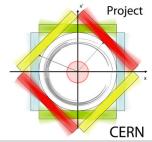






- Several activities on going to reduce the time spent in validation:
  - RF longitudinal blow-up, feedback to trim the RF frequency.
- The new technique of off-momentum loss maps is almost operational, we have gain already a couple of fills by using it, but it should be improved.
- Betatron loss maps are systematically done without losing the fill but the blow-up should be a bit more effective. A documented procedure with example on when to stop the blow up will be done for after TS2.
- Proposal for the revalidation after TS2:
  - 1 off-momentum at flat top and at squeeze (unless they can be done in the same fill)
  - 1 asynchronous beam dump at flat top

# **Collimator settings**

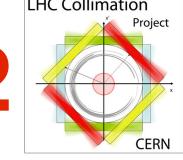


LHC Collimation

#### Recap of collimator settings for start of 2015

		450 GeV	6500TeV
IP7	TCP/TCSG/TCLA	5.6/6.7/10	5.5/8.0/14.0
IP3	TCP/TCSG/TCLA	8.0/9.3/12.0	15.0/18.0/20.0
IP6	TCSG/TCDQ	7.5/8.0	9.1/9.1
IPI and IP5	ТСТР	13.0	13.7
IP2	ТСТР	13.0	37.0
IP8	ТСТР	13.0	15.0
IP1 and IP5	TCL4/TCL5/TCL6	out/out/out	15.0/15.0/out





#### • If step on beta-star from 80cm to 60cm

	Betatron Lossmaps	POSITIVE off-momentum	NEGATIVE off-momentum	Asynchronous Dump
INJECTION	YES	YES	YES	YES
FLAT TOP	YES	ALTERNATE SIDE	ALTERNATE SIDE	Cancelled?
SQUEEZE	YES	YES	YES	YES
COLLISIONS	YES	YES	YES	YES