# Precision measurements and searches with single and multiple gauge bosons with the ATLAS detector



### **Evgeny Soldatov**

National Research Nuclear University "MEPhI"

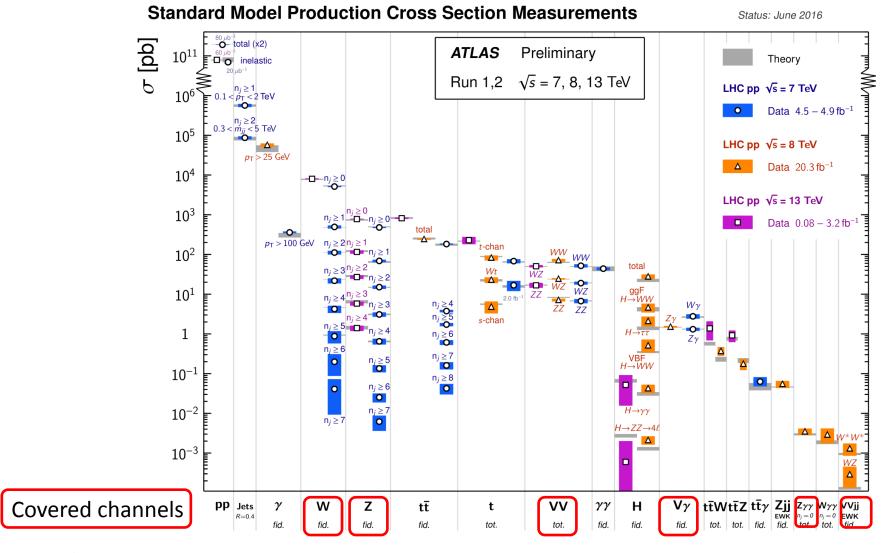


#### On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

5th International Conference on New Frontiers in Physics,
Kolumbari, Greece
July 9, 2016

### Introduction

> A lot of nice ATLAS SM results using Run1/Run2 data were currently produced.



Precision increased up to comparisons with NNLO theory predictions.

E. Soldatov | ICNFP'16 | 09.07.2016 | № 2

#### **Motivation**

> Two main goals of Standard Model (SM) measurements in ATLAS are: to test theory with high precision and to find signs of new physics.

#### More details:

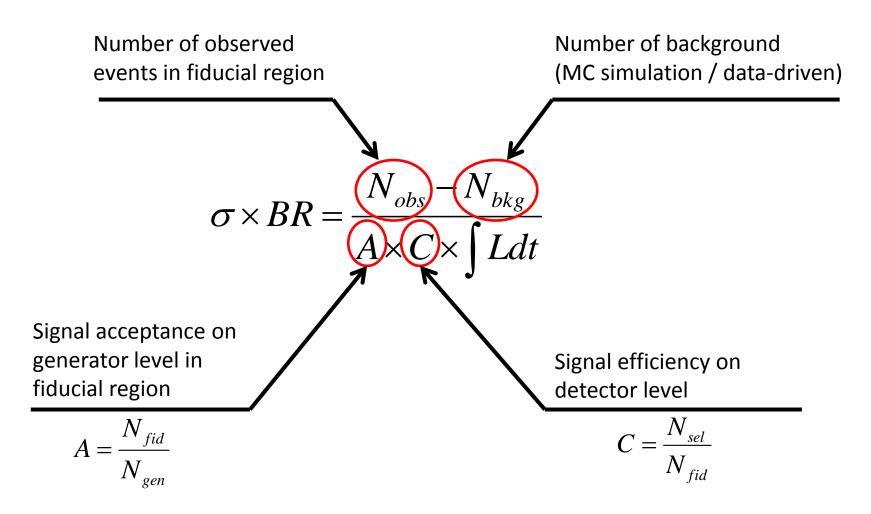
Measurement of integrated, differential cross sections and different angular distributions

- to prove validity of Standard Model at the TeV scale;
- to compare with theory predictions of higher order QCD and QED effects;
- to probe the proton structure;
- to understand irreducible diboson backgrounds into Higgs and exotic analyses.

Extrapolation of self-coupling structure of gauge bosons

- will improve our understanding of electroweak symmetry breaking and unitarity;
- intersect with determination of Higgs couplings;
- indicate "new physics" if anomalous triple/quartic gauge couplings are present.

### **Cross-section measurement in a nutshell**



<u>Differential cross section:</u> Study of unfolded differential distributions and probe high momentum events for anomalous TGC's and QGC's

Single gauge boson measurements

Inclusive W and Z @ 13 TeV

#### **Starting point:**

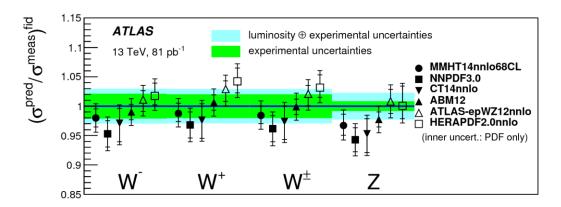
Data: L=81 pb $^{-1}$  ± 2.1% (50 ns)

MC signal: Powheg+Pythia8; Main bkgs: jet-jet, Z/W inc.

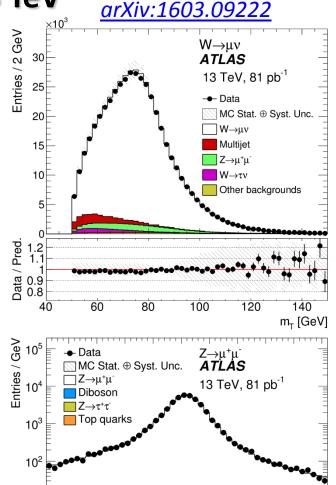
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

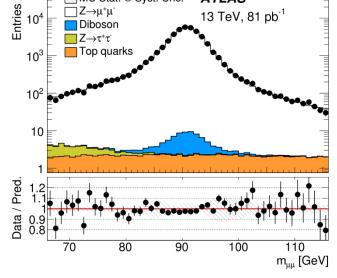
 $W \rightarrow ev/\mu v$   $m_T(W) > 50 \text{ GeV}$   $Z \rightarrow ee/\mu \mu$  66 GeV <  $m_{||}$  < 116 GeV  $p_T(I,v) > 25 \text{ GeV}$   $|\eta_I| < 2.5$ 

#### **Cross section measurement results:**



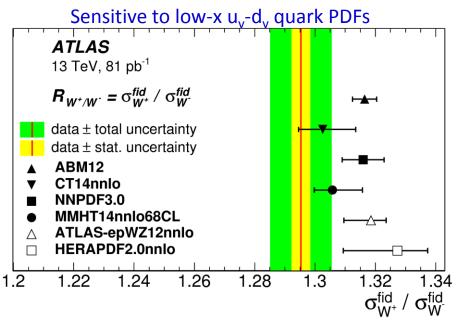
- Good agreement with NNLO QCD and NLO EW prediction (several different PDF sets were considered)
- Dominant uncertainties are from Luminosity, JES and multijet bkg.

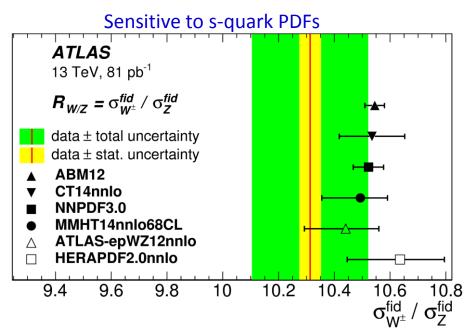




#### **Cross section ratios:**

	Measured ratio	Predicted ratio			
$W^+/W^-$	$1.295 \pm 0.003 \pm 0.010$	$1.30 \pm 0.01$			
$W^{\pm}/Z$	$10.31 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.20$	$10.54 \pm 0.12$			





- Some uncertainties are partially cancelled in ratios (lumi, lepton ID and trigger)
- W<sup>+</sup>/W<sup>-</sup>: better agreement with CT14nnlo and MMHT14nnlo (precision: ~1%: just uncorrelated part of multijet bkg uncertainty)
- W/Z: good agreement for all PDF sets (precision: ~2%: multijet bkg, JES, JER error).
  - To improve PDFs it needs higher precision.

# Angular coefficients in Z boson events @ 8 TeV

#### **Motivation:**

■ Measurement of production dynamics through a spin 1 Z via spin correlation between initial and final state partons.

■ Use Collins-Soper (CS) reference frame: it defines lepton  $\theta$  and  $\varphi$ . Coefficients can be expressed as a function of  $\theta$  and  $\varphi$ :

$$\frac{arXiv:1606.00689}{\rho}$$

$$\langle \frac{1}{2}(1-3\cos^{2}\theta)\rangle = \frac{3}{20}(A_{0}-\frac{2}{3}); \quad \langle \sin 2\theta \cos \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_{1}; \quad \langle \sin^{2}\theta \cos 2\phi \rangle = \frac{1}{10}A_{2};$$

$$\langle \sin \theta \cos \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_{3}; \quad \langle \cos \theta \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_{4}; \quad \langle \sin^{2}\theta \sin 2\phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_{5};$$

$$\langle \sin 2\theta \sin \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{5}A_{6}; \quad \langle \sin \theta \sin \phi \rangle = \frac{1}{4}A_{7}.$$
Deviations are due to higher-order QCD effects
$$\langle \sin 2\theta \cos 2\phi \rangle = \frac{1}{10}A_{2};$$

#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

 $Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$  80 GeV < m<sub>II</sub> < 100 GeV

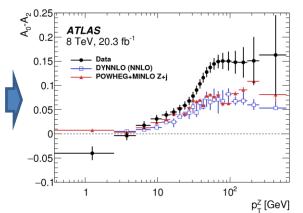
Central-central channel:  $p_T(I) > 25 \text{ GeV} \quad |\eta_I| < 2.4 \text{ OR}$ 

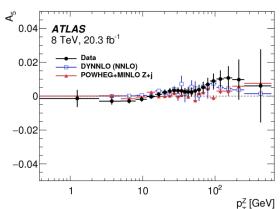
Central-forward channel:  $p_T(e) > 20 \text{ GeV} 2.5 < |\eta_e| < 4.9$ 

#### **Result:**

Coefficients  $A_{0-7}$  and comparison with theory:

- In general comparison with Powheg+MINLO and DYNNLO show good agreement with data.
- A<sub>0</sub>-A<sub>2</sub> confirms Lam-Tung breaking @ higher orders than NLO
   → very sensitive probe of higher order QCD corrections!





# Multiple gauge boson measurements

#### **Starting point:**

Phys. Rev. D 93, 092004

Data: L=20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> ± 1.9%

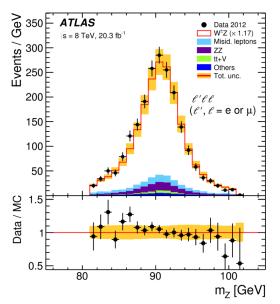
MC signal: Powheg+Pythia8; Main bkgs: misID leptons, ZZ (~20% total).

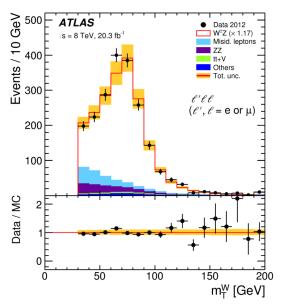
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

 $W^{\pm}Z \rightarrow l^{\pm}vl^{\pm}l^{\pm}$  ( $l=e/\mu$ ): On shell Z – II invariant mass within 10 GeV near Z peak;  $p_T(l) > 15(20)$  GeV for lepton from Z(W), lepton  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ;  $m_T(lv) > 30$  GeV

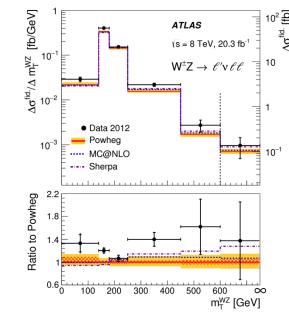
#### Measurements of:

- Integrated  $\sigma$ , differential  $\sigma$  distributions,  $\sigma(W^+Z)/\sigma(W^-Z)$  and limits set on aTGC's.
- Search for VBS WZ and limits set on aQGC's in VBS phase space.









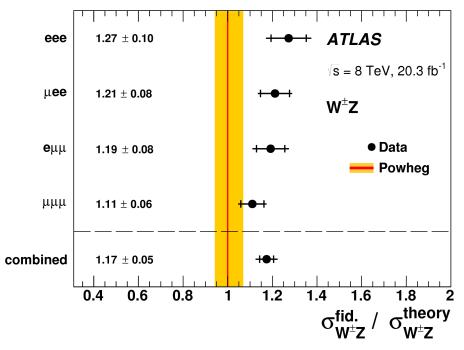
Fair agreement, NNLO can help

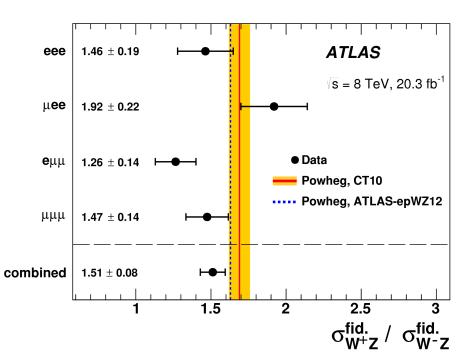
#### **Systematics:**

Phys. Rev. D 93, 092004

- Statistical and systematic uncertainties for the ratio  $\sigma(W^+Z)/\sigma(W^-Z)$  is roughly on the same order as for integrated  $\sigma$
- Uncertainty dominated by electron Id. efficiency, luminosity, muon reco. efficiency and knowledge of mis-id background.
- Dominant theory uncertainty due to QCD scale uncertainty.

$$\sigma_{W^{\pm}Z}^{\text{tot}} = 24.3 \pm 0.6 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.6 (\text{sys}) \pm 0.4 (\text{th}) \pm 0.5 (\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$
  $\sigma_{W^{\pm}Z}^{\text{theory}} = 21.0 \pm 1.6 \text{ pb}$ 





NNLO predictions can make agreement better.

#### **Starting point:**

Data:  $I = 3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1} + 2.1\%$ 

MC signal: Powheg+Pythia8; Main bkgs: misID leptons, ZZ (~20% total).

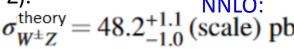
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

 $W^{\pm}Z \rightarrow l^{\pm}vl^{\pm}l^{\pm}$  ( $l=e/\mu$ ): On shell Z – II invariant mass within 10 GeV near Z peak;  $p_{\tau}(l) > 15(20)$  GeV for lepton from Z(W), lepton  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ;  $m_{\tau}(lv) > 30$  GeV

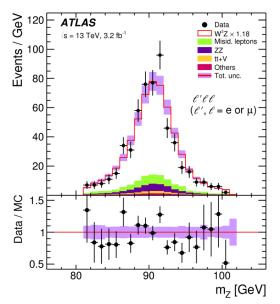
#### **Measurements of:**

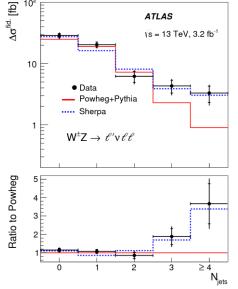
■ Integrated  $\sigma$ , differential  $\sigma$  vs jet multiplicity and  $\sigma(W^+Z)/\sigma(W^-Z)$ .

$$\sigma_{W^{\pm}Z}^{\text{tot.}} = 50.6 \pm 2.6 \, (\text{stat.}) \pm 2.0 \, (\text{sys.}) \pm 0.9 \, (\text{th.}) \pm 1.2 \, (\text{lumi.}) \, \text{pb.}$$



Comparison of data, NLO and





# **NNLO** predictions ATLAS √s=13 TeV (m<sub>z→1</sub> 66-116 GeV), 3.2 fb<sup>-1</sup> ATLAS √s=8 TeV (m<sub>2,11</sub> 66-116 GeV), 20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> ATLAS $\sqrt{s}$ =7 TeV (m<sub>Z $\rightarrow$ II</sub> 66-116 GeV), 4.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> ∇ D0 Vs=1.96 TeV (m<sub>7→11</sub> 60-120 GeV), 8.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> CDF \s=1.96 TeV (corr. to m\_ \_ 60-120 GeV), 7 MCFM NLO, pp→WZ (m, \_ 66-116 GeV) Ratio to NLO

Good overall agreement between data and predictions.

E. Soldatov

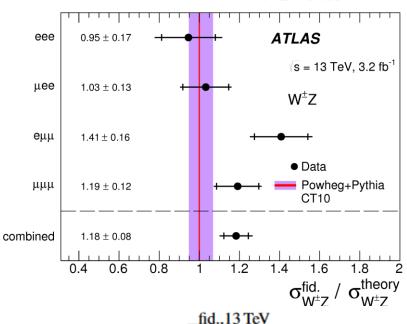
ICNFP'16

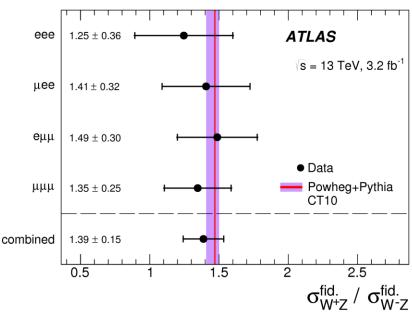
#### **Systematics:**

arXiv:1606.04017

- Statistical and systematic uncertainties for the  $\sigma(W^+Z)/\sigma(W^-Z)$  is roughly on the same order as for integrated  $\sigma$
- Uncertainty dominated by electron Id. efficiency, luminosity, muon reco. efficiency and knowledge of mis-id background.
- Dominant theory uncertainty due to QCD scale uncertainty.

$$\frac{\sigma_{W^+Z\to\ell'\nu\ell\ell}^{\text{fid.}}}{\sigma_{W^-Z\to\ell'\nu\ell\ell}^{\text{fid.}}} = 1.39 \pm 0.14 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.03 \text{ (sys.)}.$$





$$\frac{\sigma_{W^{\pm}Z}^{\text{fid.,13 TeV}}}{\sigma_{W^{\pm}Z}^{\text{fid.,8 TeV}}} = 1.80 \pm 0.10 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.08 \text{ (sys.)} \pm 0.06 \text{ (lumi.)}$$

#### **Starting point:**

Data:  $I = 3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1} + 2.1\%$ 

MC signal: Powheg+Pythia8; Main bkgs: ttZ, non-hadronic triboson(~1% total).

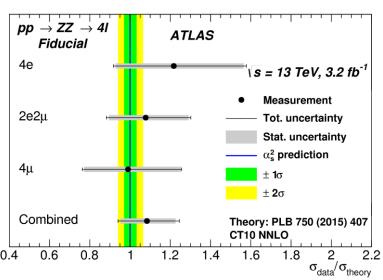
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

ZZ→ $4I(4I=4e/4\mu/2e2\mu)$ : for each Z - 66 GeV <  $m_{II}$  < 116 GeV;  $p_{\tau}(1) > 20 \text{ GeV, lepton } |\eta| < 2.7$ 

#### **Measurements of:**

Integrated σ

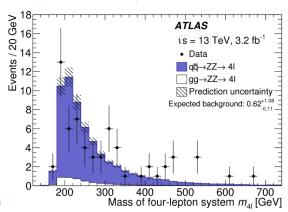
$$\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{tot}} = 16.7 ^{+2.2}_{-2.0} (\text{stat.}) ^{+0.9}_{-0.7} (\text{syst.}) ^{+1.0}_{-0.7} (\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$$
  $\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{th}} = 15.6 ^{+0.4}_{-0.4} \text{ pb}$ 

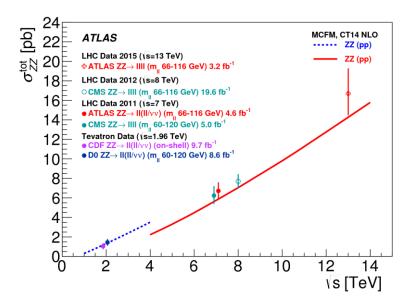


Measurement is statistically dominated.

**NNLO** prediction:

$$\sigma_{ZZ}^{\text{th}}$$
 = 15.6<sup>+0.4</sup><sub>-0.4</sub> pb





arXiv:1603.01702

#### **Starting point:**

Data:  $L=20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1} \pm 1.9\%$ 

MC signal: Powheg+Pythia8; Main bkgs: top quark, W+jets, DY (~25% total).

#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

 $W^+W^- \rightarrow llvv(l=e/\mu)$ :  $p_T(vv)>20(45)$  GeV for  $e\mu(ee/\mu\mu)$ ;  $|m_Z-m_{||}|>15$  GeV for  $ee/\mu\mu$  events.

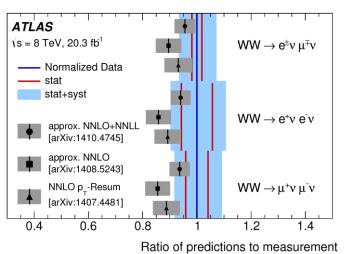
 $p_T(I) > 25(20)$  GeV for (sub)leading lepton, lepton  $|\eta| < 2.4(2.47)$  for  $\mu(e)$ .

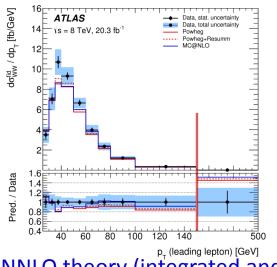
Jet veto applied.

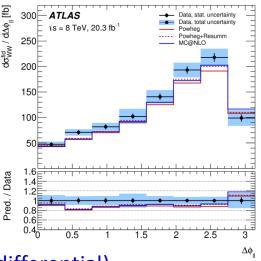
#### **Measurements of:**

• Integrated  $\sigma$ , differential  $\sigma$  distributions and limits set on aTGC's.

 $\sigma_{\text{tot}}(pp \to WW) = 71.1 \pm 1.1(\text{stat})^{+5.7}_{-5.0}(\text{syst}) \pm 1.4(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$   $\sigma(\text{NNLO}_{\text{tot}})_{\text{th}} = 63.2^{+1.6}_{-1.4}(\text{scale}) \pm 1.2(\text{PDF})$ 







Measurement is in agreement with NNLO theory (integrated and differential).

Main systematics from JES, multijet bkg, jet veto, soft QCD.

# γγ→WW @ 8 TeV

#### **Starting point:**

Data:  $L=20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1} \pm 1.9\%$ 

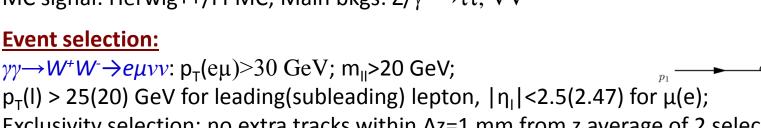
MC signal: Herwig++/FPMC; Main bkgs:  $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ , VV

#### **Event selection:**

 $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W^+W^- \rightarrow e\mu\nu\nu$ :  $p_T(e\mu)>30 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $m_{\parallel}>20 \text{ GeV}$ ;

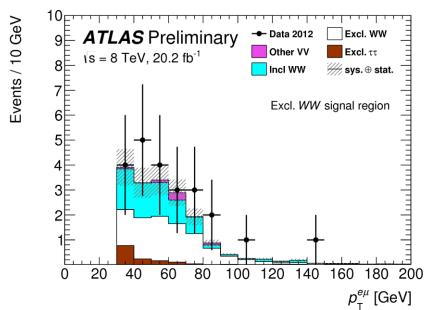
Exclusivity selection: no extra tracks within  $\Delta z=1$  mm from z average of 2 selected leptons.

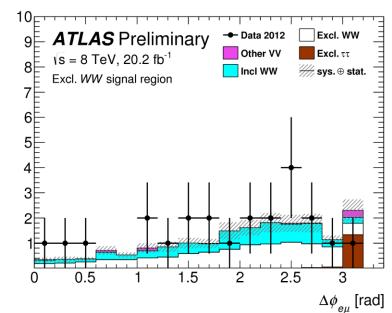
Events / 0.2 rad



#### **Measurements of:**

Integrated σ and limits set on aQGC's.





**Preliminary!** 

Measurement is in agreement with theory, uncertainty is statistically dominated.

#### **Starting point:**

Data:  $L=20.3 \text{ fb}^{-1} + 1.9\%$ 

MC signal: Sherpa; Main bkgs: Z+jets - for  $ll\gamma(\sim 15\%)$ ,  $\gamma$ +jets,  $W\gamma$ , W(ev) - for  $vv\gamma(\sim 40-60\%)$ .

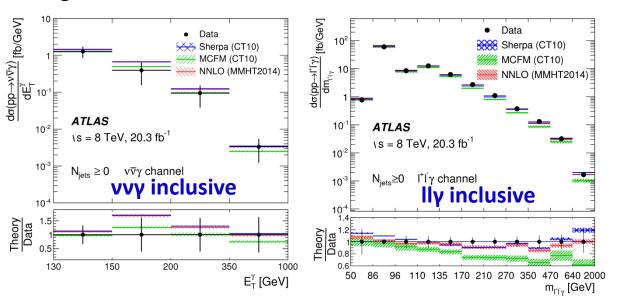
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

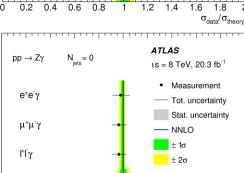
 $Z\gamma \rightarrow ll\gamma(l=e/\mu)$ : p<sub>T</sub>(1)>25 GeV, |η<sub>1</sub>|<2.47; m<sub>II</sub>>40 GeV; E<sub>T</sub>( $\gamma$ )>15 GeV, |η<sub> $\gamma$ </sub>|<2.37.

 $Z\gamma \rightarrow vv\gamma$ :  $E_T(\gamma) > 130 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta_v| < 2.37$ ;  $p_T(vv) > 100 \text{ GeV}$ ;  $\Delta \phi[\gamma, p_T(vv)] > \pi/2$ 

#### **Measurements of:**

• Integrated  $\sigma$ , differential  $\sigma$  distributions and limits set on aTGC's.



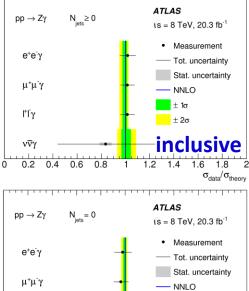


1.2 1.4

0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

- Measured cross section agrees well with SM within uncertainties
- Main uncertainty on: lepton ISO ( $ll\gamma$ ), JES, lumi,  $\gamma$ -ISO ( $vv\gamma$ )

E. Soldatov ICNFP'16 09.07.2016 Nο



#### **Starting point:**

Data: L=20.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> ± 1.9%

MC signal: Sherpa; Main bkgs: Zjets - for  $ll\gamma\gamma(\sim 15-30\%)$ ,  $\gamma$ +jets,  $W(ev)\gamma$  - for  $vv\gamma\gamma(\sim 50-60\%)$ .

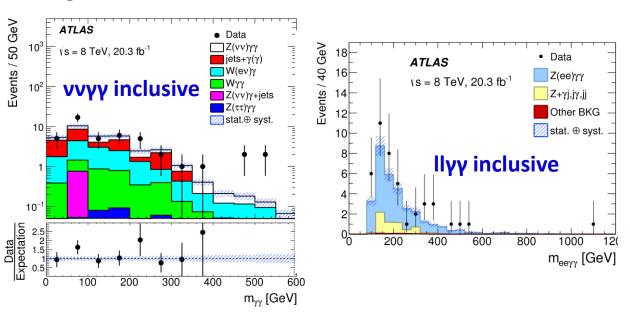
#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

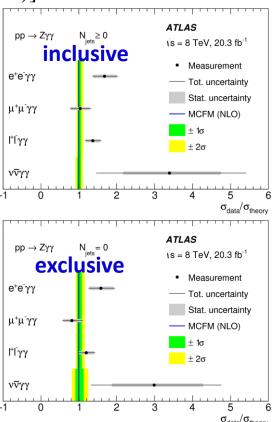
 $Z\gamma\gamma \to II\gamma\gamma (I=e/\mu)$ : p<sub>T</sub>(1)>25 GeV, |η<sub>I</sub>|<2.47; m<sub>II</sub>>40 GeV; E<sub>T</sub>( $\gamma$ )>15 GeV, |η<sub> $\gamma$ </sub>|<2.37.

 $Z\gamma\gamma\rightarrow vv\gamma\gamma$ : E<sub>T</sub>(γ)>22 GeV,  $|\eta_{\gamma}|<2.37$ ; p<sub>T</sub>(νν)>110 GeV;  $\Delta \phi[\gamma\gamma, p_{T}(vv)]>5\pi/6$ 

#### Measurements of:

• Integrated  $\sigma$  and limits set on aQGC's.





- Measured cross section agrees with SM within uncertainties
- Main uncertainty on: lepton ISO (ll $\gamma$ ),  $\gamma$ -ID, JES, lumi,  $\gamma$ -ISO ( $\nu\nu\gamma$ )

 $6\sigma$  combined  $II\gamma\gamma$  significance

### Multiple gauge boson measurements: aGC

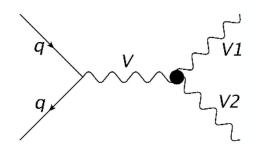
#### **Coupling combinations**

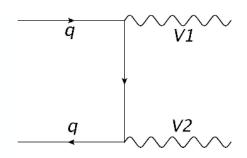
Charged couplings:

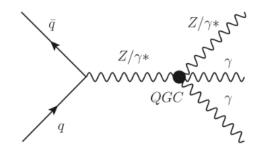
γWW, ZWW, WWZZ, WWZγ, WWγγ - allowed within the SM.

Neutral couplings:

ZZγ, γγZ, ZZZ, ZZγγ, Zγγγ - not allowed within the SM.







#### **Anomalous coupling approaches**

aTGC: effective Lagrangian

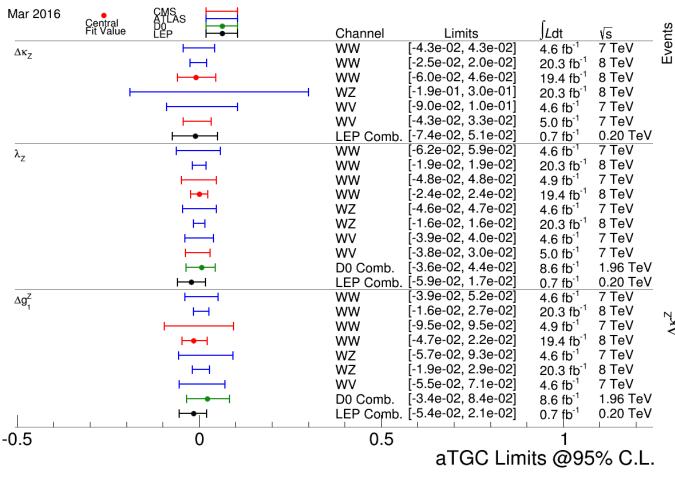
aQGC: effective field theory

#### Parameters of the couplings:

Coupling	Parameters	Channel
WWγ	λγ, Δ <i>k</i> γ	WW, Wγ
WWZ	$\lambda Z$ , $\Delta kZ$ , $\Delta g_1^Z$	WW, WZ
ZZγ	$h_3^Z, h_4^Z$	Ζγ
Ζγγ	$h_3^{\gamma}, h_4^{\gamma}$	Ζγ
ΖγΖ	$f_{40}^{\gamma}, f_{50}^{\gamma}$	ZZ
ZZZ	$f_{40}^{Z}, f_{50}^{Z}$	ZZ

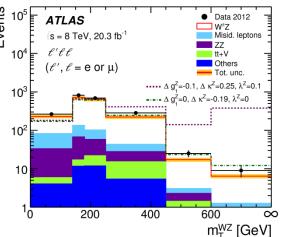
	WWWW	WWZZ	ZZZZ	$WW\gamma Z$	$WW\gamma\gamma$	ZZZγ	$ZZ\gamma\gamma$	$Z\gamma\gamma\gamma$	γγγγ
$\mathcal{L}_{S,0}, \mathcal{L}_{S,1}$	X	X	X	О	О	О	О	О	О
$\mathcal{L}_{M,0}, \mathcal{L}_{M,1}, \mathcal{L}_{M,6}, \mathcal{L}_{M,7}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O
$\mathcal{L}_{M,2}, \mathcal{L}_{M,3}, \mathcal{L}_{M,4}, \mathcal{L}_{M,5}$	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O
$\mathcal{L}_{T,0}, \mathcal{L}_{T,1}, \mathcal{L}_{T,2}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
$\mathcal{L}_{T,5}, \mathcal{L}_{T,6}, \mathcal{L}_{T,7}$	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
$\mathcal{L}_{T,8}, \mathcal{L}_{T,9}$	O	O	X	О	O	X	X	X	X

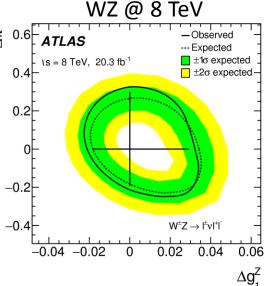
### Latest aTGC results: charged couplings



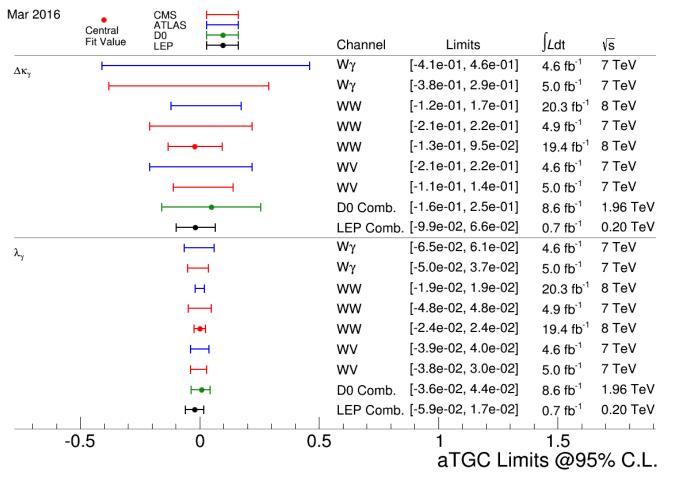
E. Soldatov

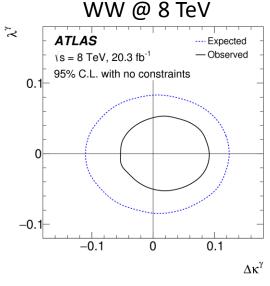
#### Effect of aTGC on kinematic distributions:





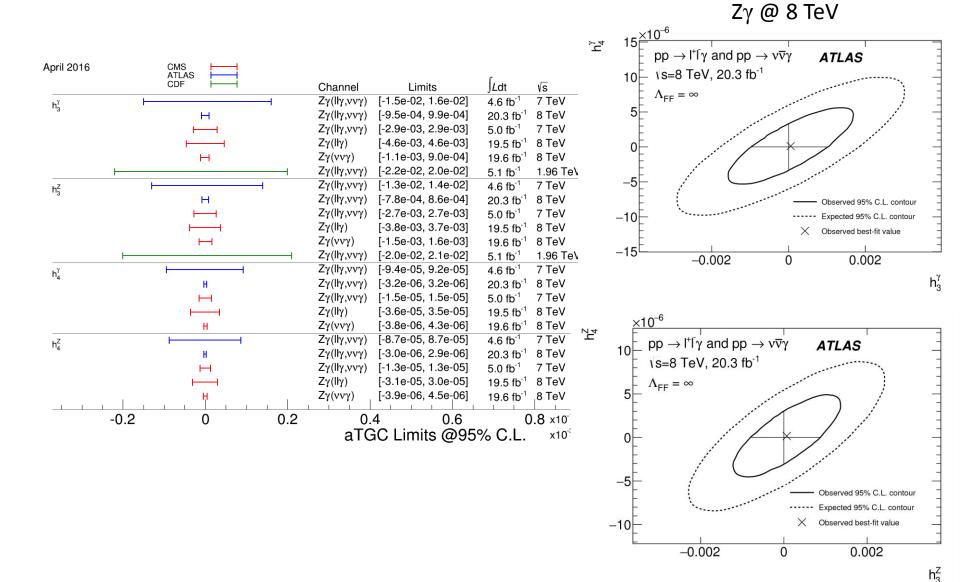
### Latest aTGC results: charged couplings II



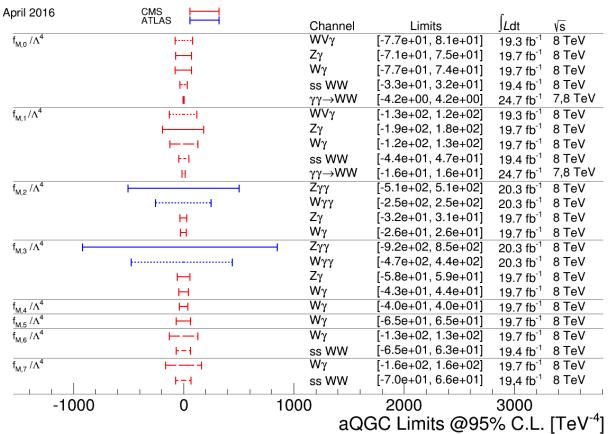


E. Soldatov ICNFP'16 09.07.2016 № 21

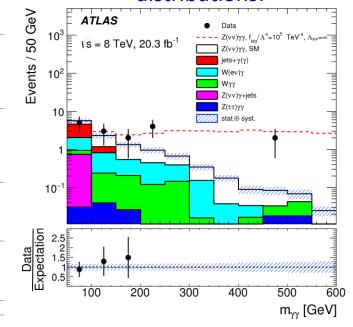
# Latest aTGC results: neutral couplings

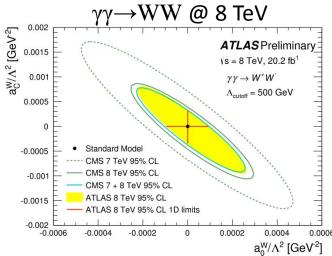


### Latest aQGC results

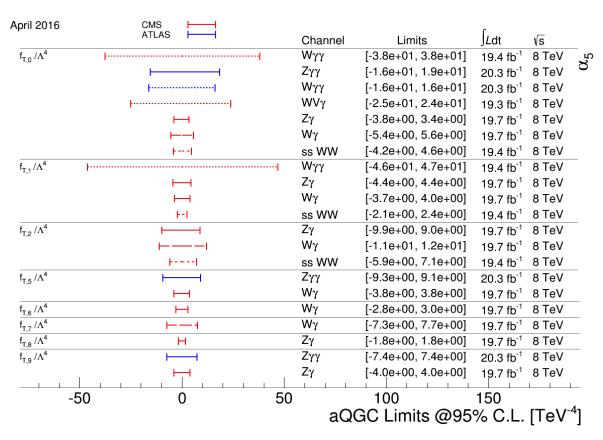


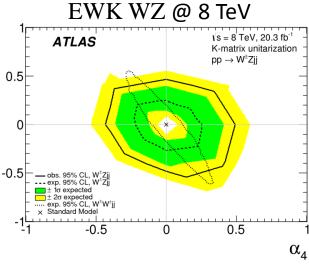
# Effect of aQGC on kinematic distributions:





### Latest aQGC results II





### **Conclusions**

- >A lot of new results from ATLAS experiment were shown.
- **►** Latest single and multiboson measurements using run1 and run2 datasets are compatible with SM expectations (NLO/NNLO).

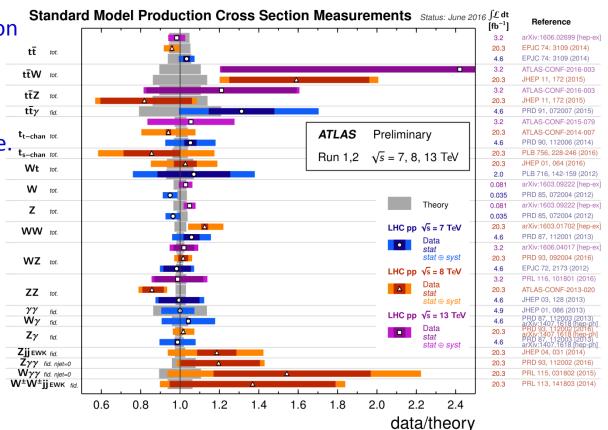
➤ Many differential cross-section distributions published.

➤ Ratios of the cross sections = allow to probe proton structure.

➤ Z boson decay angular coefficients allow to probe its production dynamics.

➤ Very strong aTGC and aQGC limits set. **No deviations from SM observed.** 

➤ Looking forward to the new run2 results!



# **Back-up slides**

# Drell-Yan lepton pairs transverse momentum and φ\* @ 8 TeV

#### **Motivation:**

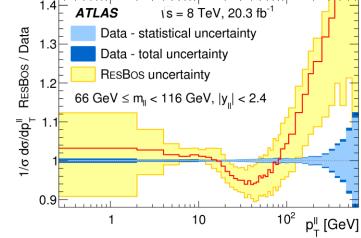
Testing different aspects of QCD:

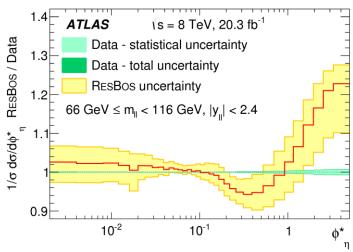
- > soft gluon resummation
- fixed-order perturbative QCD predictions
- > parton shower models



Study  $d\sigma/dp_T^{\parallel}$  and  $d\sigma/d\phi^*_{\eta}$  in bins of  $m_{\parallel}$  and  $|y_{\parallel}|$ 

Eur. Phys. J. C 76(5), 1-61 (2016)





#### **Selection for fiducial region:**

 $Z \to ee/\mu\mu$  66 GeV < m<sub>||</sub> < 116 GeV p<sub>T</sub>(I) > 20 GeV |  $|\eta_1|$  < 2.4

#### **Result:**

QCD predictions comparison with RESBOS

- Low  $\phi^*_{\eta}$  and  $dp_T^{\parallel}$ : dominated by soft-gluonresummation effects  $\rightarrow$  RESBOS predictions consistent with the data
- High  $\phi^*_{\eta}$  and  $dp_T^{II}$ : sensitive to hard parton emissions  $\rightarrow$  RESBOS differs from data

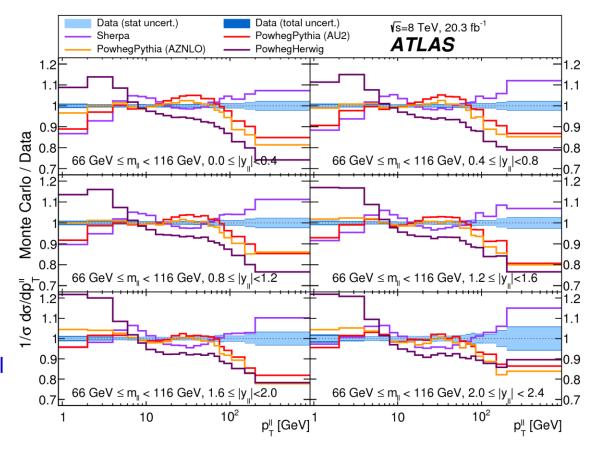
Comparison to PS approach and to fixed order QCD done also. Theoretical predictions describe data well.

# Drell-Yan lepton pairs transverse momentum and φ\* @ 8 TeV

Eur. Phys. J. C 76(5), 1-61 (2016)

#### **Comparison to PS approach:**

- For 5 < p<sub>T</sub>(II) < 100 GeV description of MC is compatible with data at 10% level
- Powheg-Pythia better agreement with data.
- Same study was performed for  $d\sigma/d\phi^*_{\eta}$ , which shows same behavior
- PS MC's describe well (maximal descrepancies 5%)

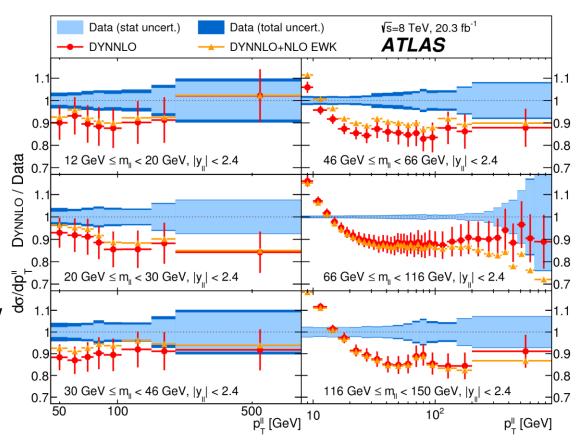


# Drell-Yan lepton pairs transverse momentum and φ\* @ 8 TeV

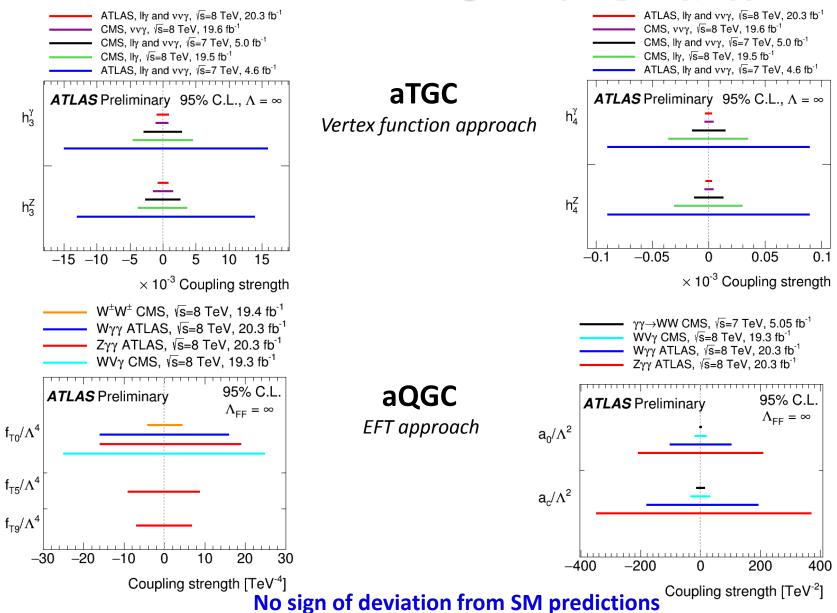
Eur. Phys. J. C 76(5), 1-61 (2016)

#### **Comparison to fixed-order QCD:**

- Low p<sub>T</sub> discrepancies expected because soft gluon emissions dominant
- Good shape description for p<sub>T</sub>|| >30 GeV, but normalization systematically 15% lower than d ■data
- Recent NNLO calculations show improved agreement with data



# **Limits on Anomalous Gauge Couplings: Ζγ/Ζγγ**



E. Soldatov | ICNFP'16 | 09.07.2016 | № 30

# **Events signatures**

