Searches for Higgs pair production by the ATLAS collaboration

Xiaohu SUN (CAS/IHEP)

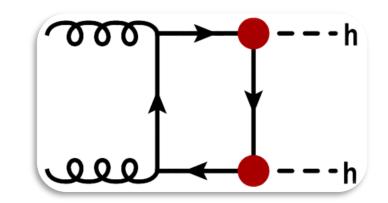
2016-07-11

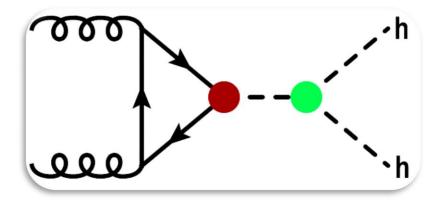
ICNFP2016, Kolymbari, Crete, Greece

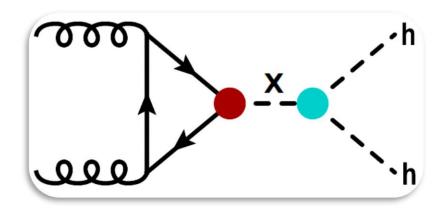


Motivation (theory)

- Higgs pair production has a very small cross section (10fb @ 8TeV, 33fb @ 13TeV) in SM with triangle and box destructive interference
- BSM can effectively enhance Higgs pair production
 - [Non-resonance]: altered Higgs self-coupling or ttH coupling
 - [Resonance]: BSM resonance decay, such as heavy Higgs and Kaluza-Klein graviton



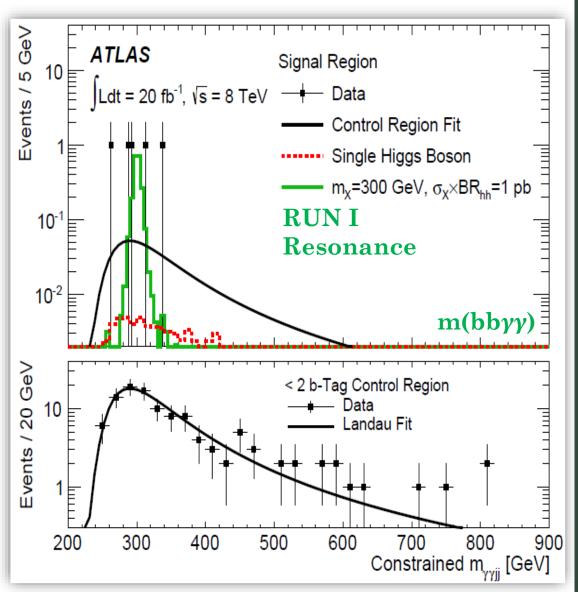






Motivation (experiment)

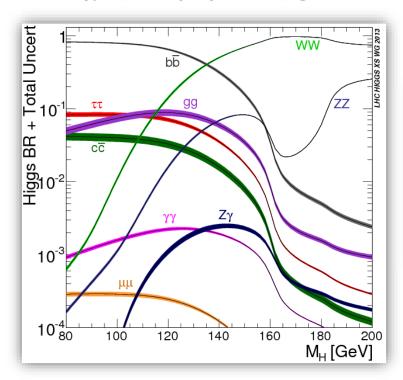
- There was an excess in data with the hh→bbyy search in RUN I
- 5 events were found in signal region (1.5 events expected in backgrounds)
 ~ local 2.4σ
- Experimentally, it is extremely important to check this excess with RUN II early data

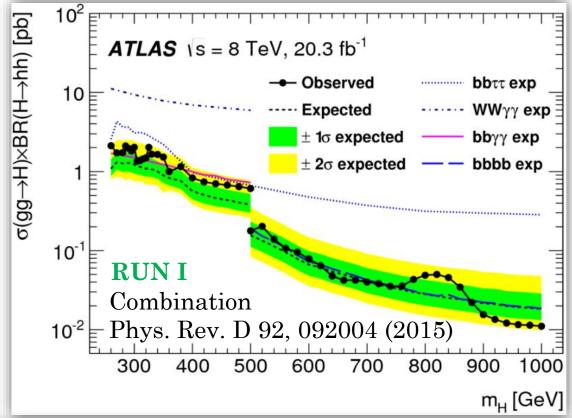




Final states

- One can look for Higgs pair via
 - bbyy, bbbb, bbtt, WWyy (done in RUN I)
 - · and more in RUN II

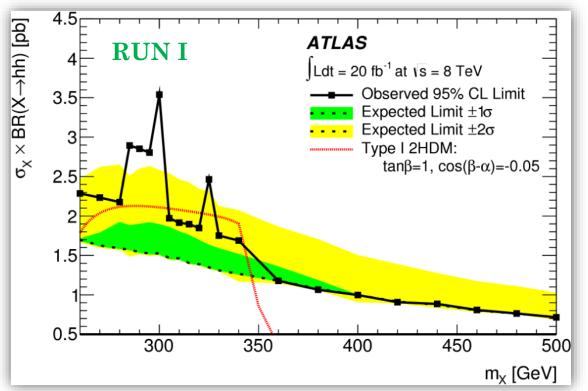




- RUN I -	$\gamma\gamma bb$	$\gamma \gamma WW^*$	bb au au	bbbb	Combined
- KUN I -		Upper limit of	n the cross s	section [pb]	
Expected	1.0	6.7	1.3	0.62	0.47
Observed	2.2	11	1.6	0.62	0.69
	Upper limit on the cross section relative to the SM prediction				
Expected	100	680	130	63	48
Observed	220	1150	160	63	70

RUN II so far: bbyy and bbbb (focus of this talk)



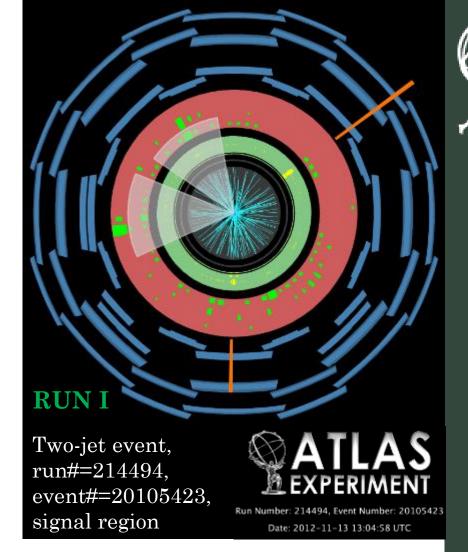


bbyy

RUN I: Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 081802 (2015);

Phys. Rev. D 92, 092004 (2015) (combination)

RUN II: ATLAS-CONF-2016-004 (Moriond2016; talk RUN II only)



Signature and selection

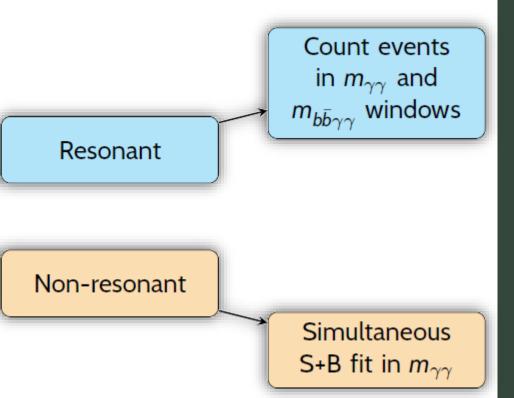
- Clean signature with
 - two bjets: largest branching ratio
 - two photons: best Higgs resolution

 $b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$

2-tag category:signal region0-tag category:control region

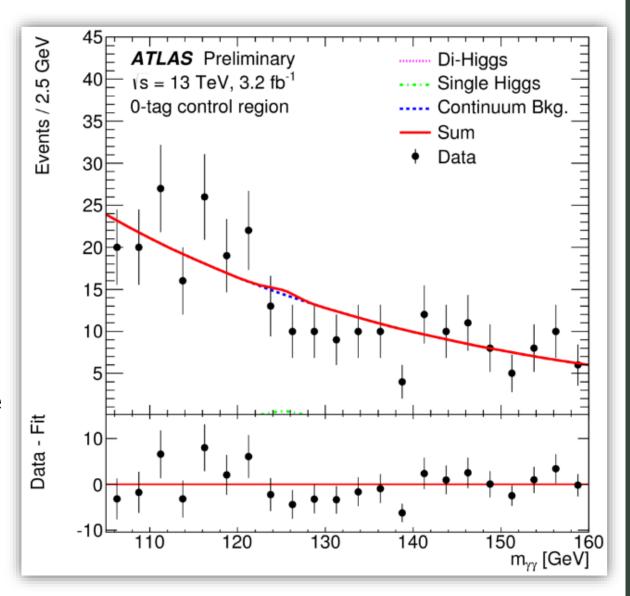
Event selection

- Diphoton trigger
- Two isolated high-pT photons
- Two high-pT b-tagged jet
 - With tag efficiency 85%
- 125 constraint on
 - m(bb) or m(jj)
 - Improve m(bbyy) resolution



Non-resonant signal & background

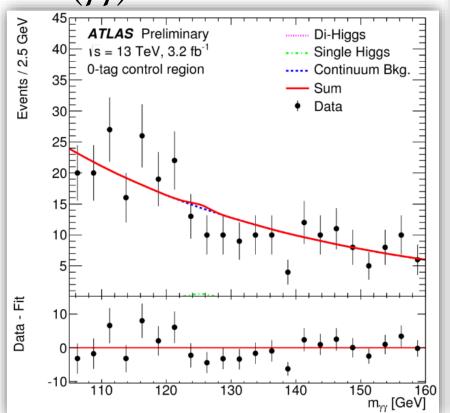
- Model signal with a double-sided crystal-ball function using MC
- Model continuum background with an exponential function fit in sideband
 - Background shape is determined in 0-tag region
- Use the determined signal/background shape in signal region
 - Background normalization is determined in 2-tag region

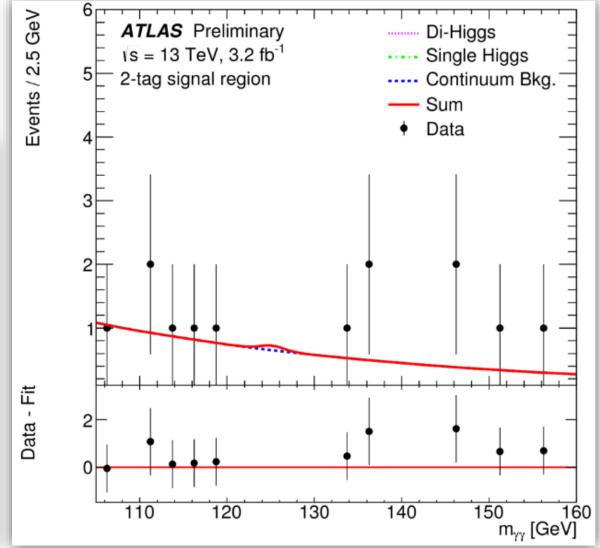




Non-resonant fit in signal region

• Simultaneous S+B fit is performed along m(yy)

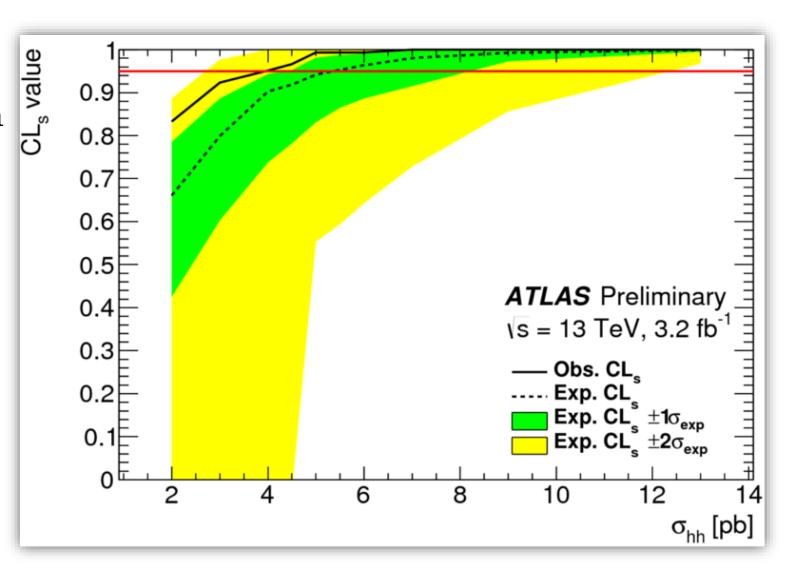






Non-resonant 95% CL upper limit on the Higgs pair production cross section

- Toys are used for statistical interpretation
- Expected limit is
- 5.4 pb
- Observed limit is
- 3.9 pb





Resonant strategy

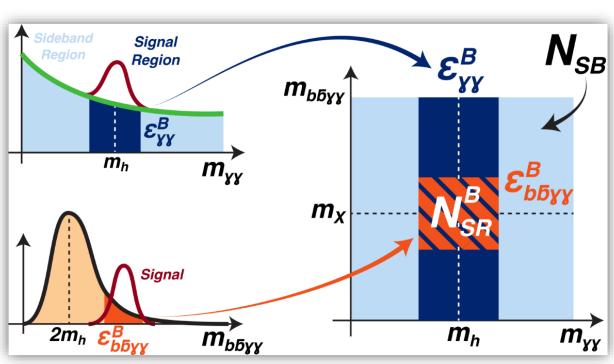


- Simply cut and count
- Windows on m(yy) around Higgs mass and m(bbyy) around heavy Higgs mass sequentially
- Background is estimated from sideband

$$\left| m{m_H} - m{m_{\gamma\gamma}}
ight| < 2\sigma_{yy}$$
 $N_{continuum}^{SR} = N_{continuum}^{sideband} imes rac{\mathcal{E}_{\gamma\gamma}^{SR}}{1 - \mathcal{E}_{\gamma\gamma}^{SR}} \mathcal{E}_{\gamma\gamma bb}^{SR}$

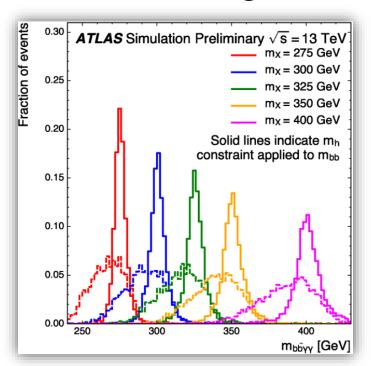
 $\varepsilon(\gamma\gamma)$ is measured by fitting an exponential to m($\gamma\gamma$) with data in 0-tag region

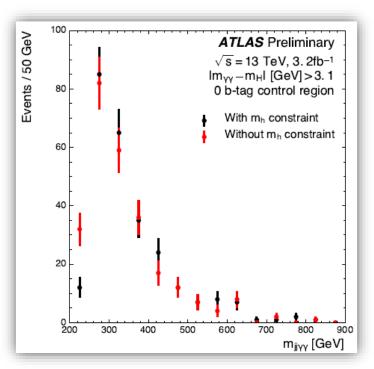
 $\varepsilon(bbyy)$ is measured from m(jjyy) with data in 0-tag region

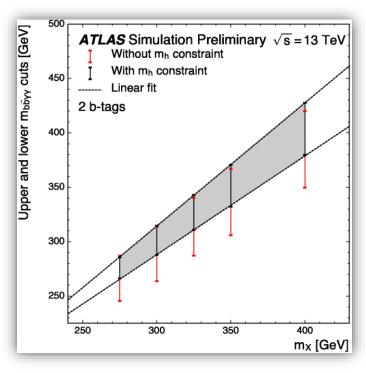


Improve m(bbyy) resolution

- Rescale the four-momentum of the bb system by
 - A factor of m(h)/m(bb)
- This improves the m(bbyy) resolution by 60% on average
- This does not strongly affect the shape or the normalization of the background









Resonant results

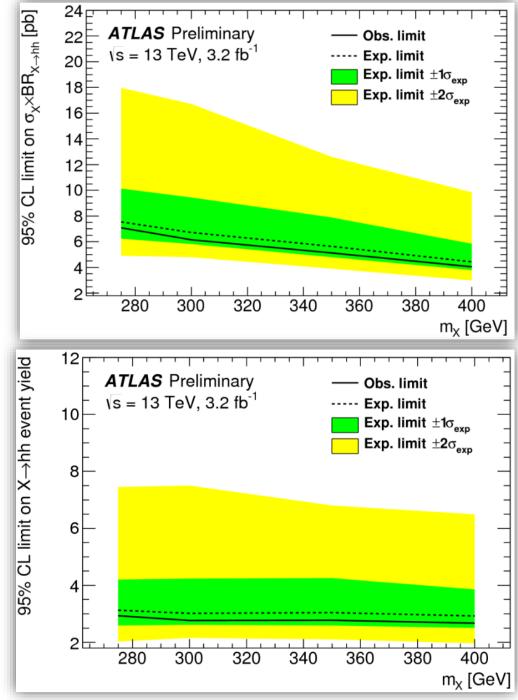
• There is no data observed in signal region

Process	0-tag	2-tag
Continuum background SM single-Higgs SM di-Higgs	1.8 ± 1.5	1.63 ± 0.30 0.14 ± 0.05 0.027 ± 0.006
Observed	27	0

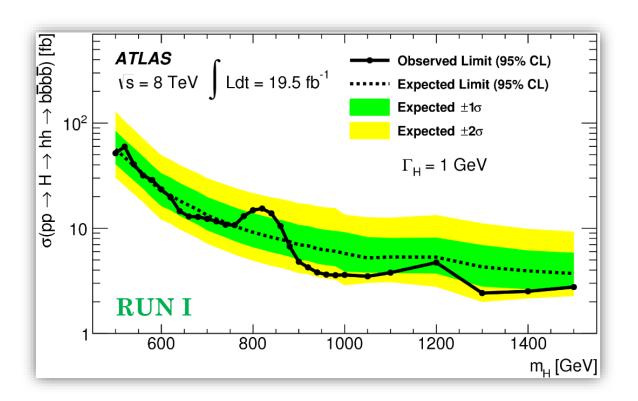
• This table shows the event yields in $m(\gamma\gamma)$ window, covering both resonant and non-resonant signal regions

Resonant 95% CL upper limit on $\sigma(ggH)*BR(H→hh)$

- Toys are used for statistical interpretation due to low statistics
- Resonant search sets limits in range 275 GeV to 400 GeV
 - Expected range from
 - [7.5, 4.4] pb
 - Observed range from
 - [7.0, 4.0] pb
- The RUN II upper limits do not exclude RUN I results





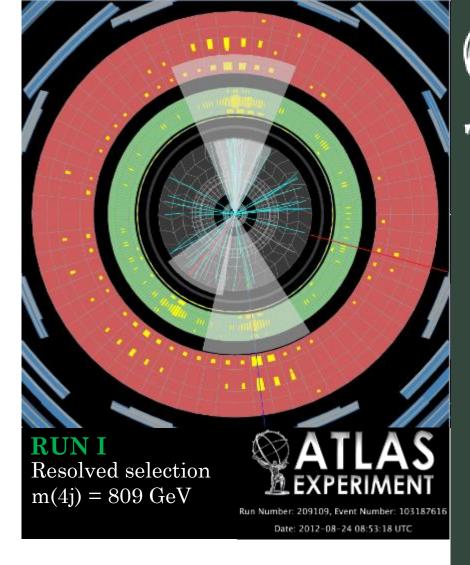


bbbb

RUN I: Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75:412;

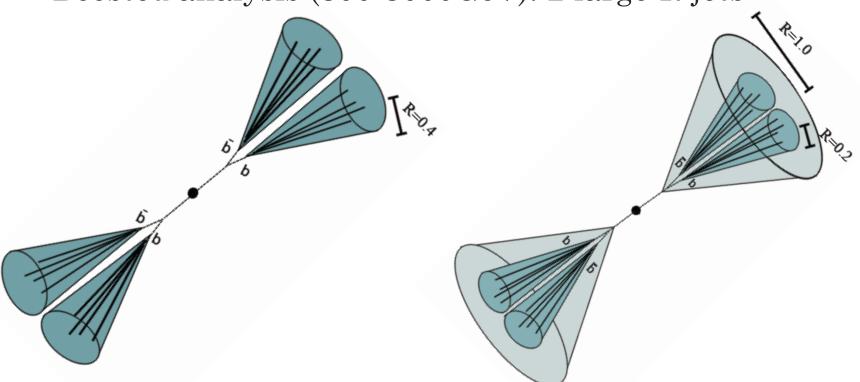
Phys. Rev. D 92, 092004 (2015) (combination)

RUN II: arXiv:1606.04782 [submitted to PRD] (discuss in this talk)



Signature

- Clear signature:
 - bb has largest branching ratio
 - · Resolved analysis (400-1500GeV): 4 jets
 - Boosted analysis (800-3000GeV): 2 large-R jets



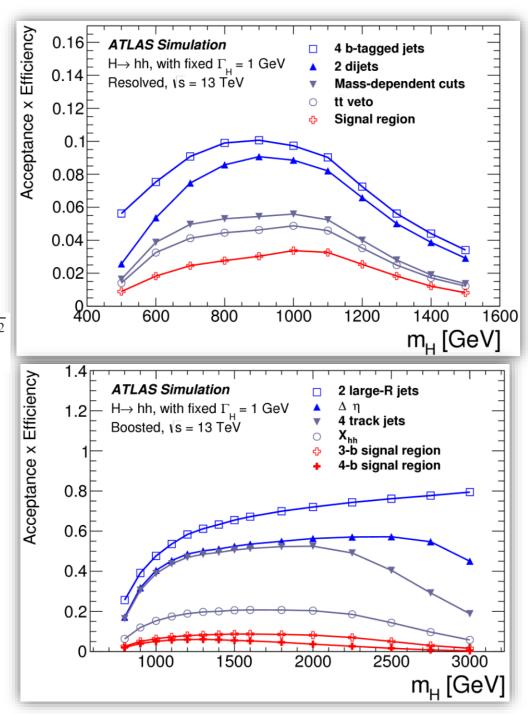


Event selection

- · Resolved:
- 4 b-tagged jets: Anti-kt 0.4, efficiency 70%
- Higgs candidates (2 dijets): $\Delta R(bb) < 1.5$, pT(dijet)>200(150)GeV
- Mass-dependent cut on dijet pT and $\Delta \eta$

• Top veto
$$X_{tt} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{m_W - 80.4 \text{ GeV}}{0.1 m_W}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{m_t - 172.5 \text{ GeV}}{0.1 m_t}\right)^2}$$

- Constraints on dijet mass
- Boosted:
- 2 large-R jets: Anti-kt 1.0, trimmed
- $\Delta \eta$ of two large R jets < 1.7
- Track jets associated to large R jets
- Constraints on dijet mass
- 3 or 4 b-tagged jets



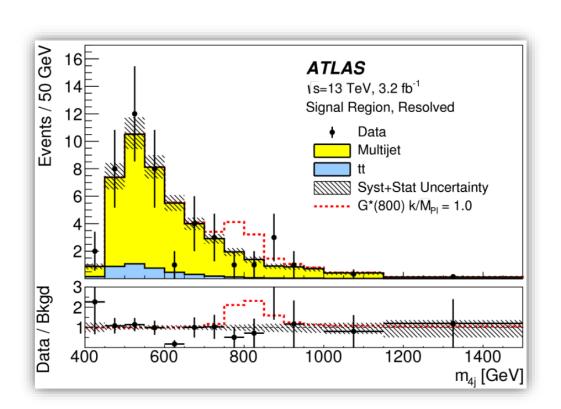


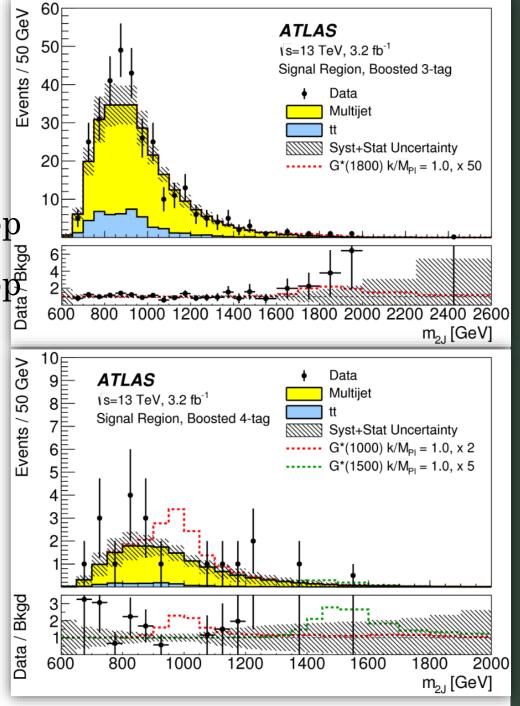
Backgrounds

• Resolved: 90% QCD, 10% top

• Boosted 3-tag: 80% QCD 20% top

Boosted 4-tag: 90% QCD 10% top

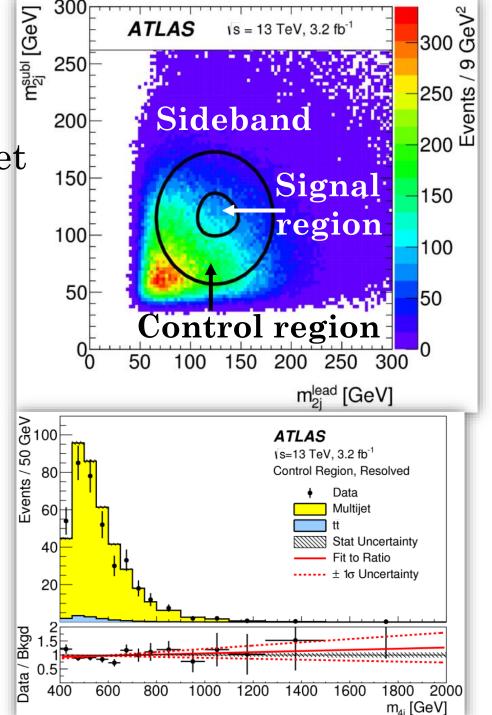






QCD (resolved)

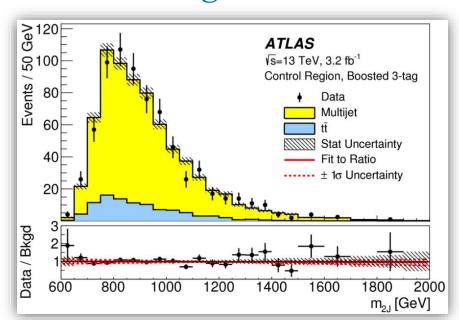
- 2-tag is used for QCD multijet modeling in 4-tag
- · Sideband:
 - Correct the modeling
 - Determine the normalization
- Control region:
 - Validate the modeling and normalization
 - Estimate uncertainties
- Signal region:
 - Apply estimated QCD

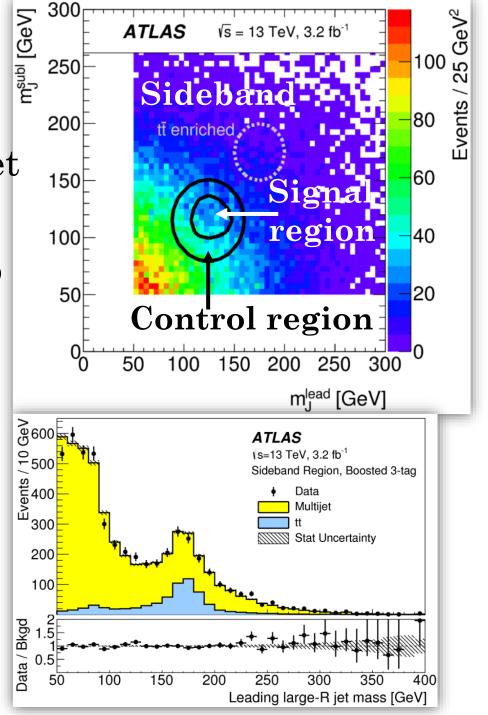




QCD (boosted)

- 2-tag is used for QCD multijet modeling in 3/4-tag
- Sideband: fit lead-jet mass to determine QCD and top
- Control region: validation







Event yields

Resolved

Sample	Signal Region Yield
Multijet $t\bar{t}$	43.3 ± 2.3 4.3 ± 3.0
Z+jets	-
Total	47.6 ± 3.8
Data	46
SM hh	0.25 ± 0.07
G_{KK}^* (800 GeV), $k/\bar{M}_{Pl} = 1$	5.7 ± 1.5

• Expected backgrounds agree will with observed data

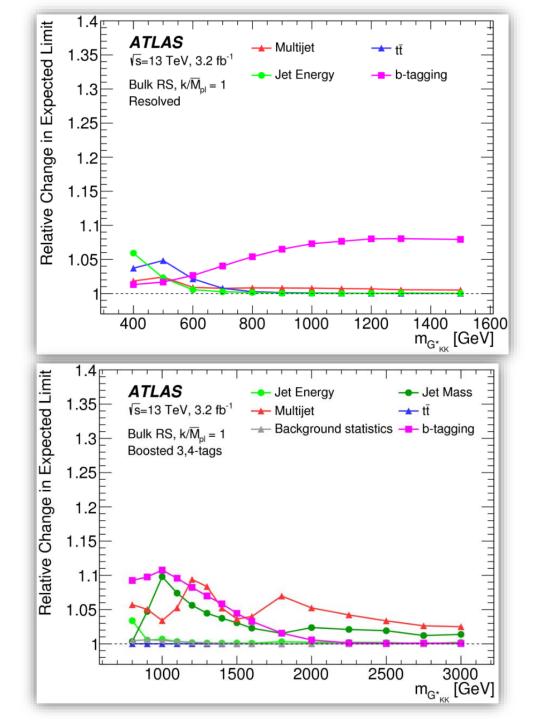
Boosted

Sample (3-tag)	Sideband Region	Control Region
Multijet	4328 ± 27	607 ± 10
$t\bar{t}$	683.5 ± 8.1	99.6 ± 3.1
Z+jets	31.8 ± 3.7	7.7 ± 1.8
Total	5043 ± 28	715 ± 11
Data	5043	724
C1- (4 t)	Cidahand Dagian	Ct1 D!
Sample (4-tag)	Sideband Region	Control Region
Multijet	247.4 ± 1.5	34.7 ± 0.6
Multijet	247.4 ± 1.5	34.7 ± 0.6
Multijet $t\bar{t}$	247.4 ± 1.5 28.4 ± 1.5	34.7 ± 0.6 5.1 ± 0.7
Multijet $t\bar{t}$ Z +jets	247.4 ± 1.5 28.4 ± 1.5 3.4 ± 1.2	34.7 ± 0.6 5.1 ± 0.7 0.6 ± 0.5



Impacts on limits

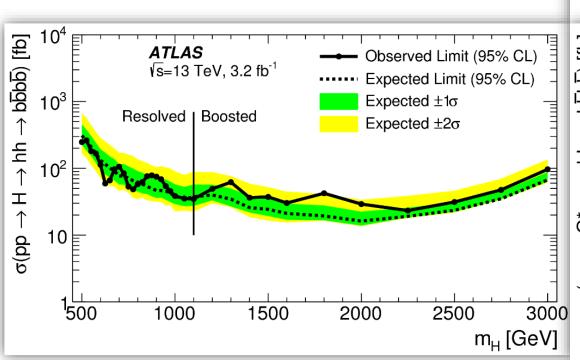
- The individual relative impact of systematic uncertainties on expected 95% confidence level exclusion limit
- B-tagging plays an important role in intermediate mass region
- Multijet dominates in high mass region

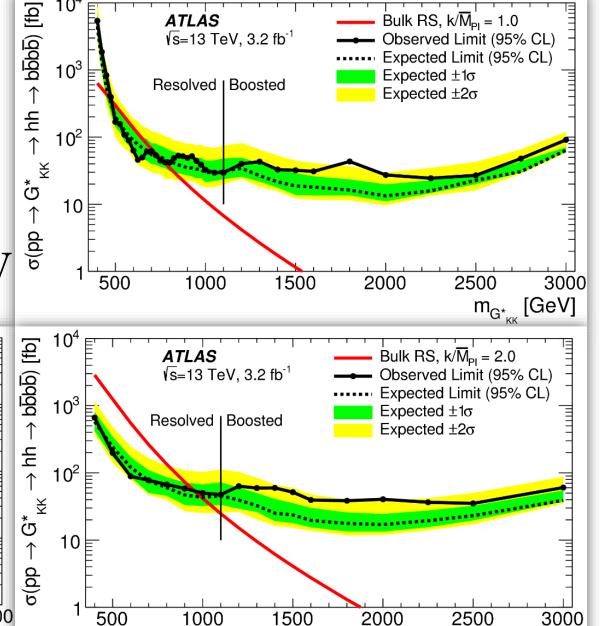




Results

- Upper limits on nonresonance is 1.22 pb
- Resolved has better sensitivity below 1.1TeV







Summary

- Higgs pair is an important decay if there are neutral resonances
- It would also provide the opportunity to probe Higgs self-coupling when more data is accumulated
- Higgs pair has been searched extensively during RUN I
- It will be explored with more interesting channels in RUN II, already seeing bbyy and bbbb



Backup

Systematic uncertainties in bbyy

Source of systematic		Impact in % on the search for diHiggs production in non-resonant mode resonance mode					
uncertainty		non-resonant mode		res	resonance mode		
		<i>hh</i> signal	Single-h bkg	Cont.	$X \rightarrow hh$ signal	SM <i>h</i> + <i>hh</i> bkg	Cont.
Luminosity	у	±5.0	±5.0	-	±5.0	±5.0	-
Trigger		±0.4	±0.4	-	±0.4	±0.4	-
Pileup rewe	eighting	±1.6	+2.4/-0.4	-	±1.0	±2.3	-
Generated	event statistics	±1.3	±16.8	-	±4.3	±12.6	-
	energy resolution	+30/-15	+30/-15	-	+7.0/-0.3	+0.0/-3.8	-
Photon	energy scale	±0.5	±0.5	-	+1.9/-3.5	+2.8/-3.0	-
1 HOTOH	identification	±2.5	±2.5	-	±2.5	±2.5	-
	isolation	±3.4	±3.4	-	±3.9	±3.9	-
Jet	energy resolution	±2.7	±24	-	±9.1	±1.6—9.8	-
jet	energy scale	+1.3/-1.1	±12	-	±12.1	±10.6	-
	<i>b</i> -jets	±12.9	±10.0	-	±12.6	±12.6	-
b-tagging	c-jets	±0.05	±4.1	-	±0.2	±3.0	-
<i>v</i> -tagging	light-jets	±0.5	+3.9/-4.6	-	±0.2	±0.5	-
	extrapolation	±5.1	±2.8	-	±5.2	±3.0	-
	$m_{\gamma\gamma}$ modelling	-	-	±11	-	±25.0	±11.0
Shape	$m_{b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma}$ modelling	-	-	-	-	-	±27—40
Theory	PDF+ α_S	-	+6.8/-6.6	-	-	+7.4/-7.3	-
Theory	Scale	-	+5.7/-8.2	-	-	+6.9/-10.9	-
	EFT	-	-	-	-	±5.7	-
Total		+34/-22	+43/-35	±11	+23/-22	+36/-35	±29—41



bbbb cuts

	Resolved	Boosted	
Event preselection	$\geq 4 \text{ jets with}$ $p_{\text{T}} > 40 \text{ GeV},$ $ \eta < 2.5$ $\geq 2 \text{ dijets with}$ $p_{\text{T}} > 200 (150) \text{ GeV}, \Delta R < 1.5,$ $p_{\text{T}} > f(m_{4j}), \Delta \eta < f'(m_{4j})$	$\geq 2 \text{ large-}R \text{ jets with}$ $350 (250) < p_{\text{T}} < 1500 \text{ GeV},$ $ \eta < 2.0, m_{\text{J}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$ $\geq 2 \text{ track jets associated to}$ each large- R jet with $p_{\text{T}} > 10 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5, \Delta\eta < 1.7$	
Top veto	$X_{tt} < 3.2$	_	
Tagging	4 b-tagged jets	3 or 4 b-tagged jets	
Signal region (SR)	X_{h}	h < 1.6	
Sideband region (SB)	B) Resolved: $\sqrt{(m_{2j}^{\text{lead}} - 124 GeV)^2 + (m_{2j}^{\text{subl}} - 115 GeV)^2} > 58 GeV$		
	Boosted: $\sqrt{(m_J^{\text{lead}} - 124 GeV)^2} +$	$-(m_{\rm J}^{\rm subl} - 115GeV)^2 > 36GeV$	
Control region (CR)	•	ry to SR and SB	
Multijet normalization	scaled yields from 2-tag SR, scaling derived from 4-tag to 2-tag ratio in SB	scaled yields from 2-tag SR, scaling derived from 3(4)-tag to 2-tag fit to leading jet mass in SB	
Multijet shape	derived fr	rom 2-tag SR	
$t\bar{t}$ normalization	scaled yields from $t\bar{t}$ CR, scaling derived from semileptonic $t\bar{t}$ events	scaled yields from MC simulation, scaling derived from 3(4)-tag to 2-tag fit to leading jet mass in SB	
$t\bar{t}$ shape	derived from	MC simulation	



Rate uncertainties in bbbb resolved



Source	Background	SM hh	$G_{KK}^{*} (500 \text{ GeV})$	$G_{KK}^{*} (800 \text{ GeV})$		H
			$\frac{k}{\bar{M}_{\mathrm{Pl}}} = 1$	$\frac{k}{\bar{M}_{\rm Pl}} = 1$	$\frac{k}{\bar{M}_{\rm Pl}} = 2$	
Luminosity	_	5	5	5	5	5
JER	_	2	3	3	3	4
JES	_	12	14	5	4	6
b-tagging	_	18	15	26	27	26
Theoretical	_	9	2	3	3	3
$\operatorname{Multijet}$	5	_	_	_	_	_
$t \bar{t}$	6	_	_	_	_	
Total	8	24	21	28	28	28

Rate uncertainties in bbbb boosted



Source	Background	$G^*_{ m KK}$		
		$k/\bar{M}_{\mathrm{Pl}}=1$	$k/\bar{M}_{ m Pl}=2$	
Luminosity	_	5.0	5.0	5.0
		3-tag		
JER	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
JES	2	< 1	< 1	< 1
JMR	1	12	12	11
$_{ m JMS}$	5	14	13	17
b-tagging	1	23	22	23
Theoretical	_	3	3	3
Multijet	3	_	_	_
Statistical	2	1	1	1
Total	7	31	30	33

Source	Background	G_1°	H	
		$k/\bar{M}_{\mathrm{Pl}}=1$	$k/\bar{M}_{\mathrm{Pl}}=2$	
Luminosity	_	5.0	5.0	5.0
		4-tag		
JER	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
JES	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
JMR	4	12	13	13
JMS	5	13	13	14
b-tagging	2	36	36	36
Theoretical	_	3	3	3
Multijet	14	_	_	_
Statistical	3	1	1	1
Total	15	42	42	43