LHC EXPERIMENTS COMMUNICATION & ENGAGEMENT WITH NEW AUDIENCES

4th Annual Large Hadron Collider Physics Conference 2016, Lund

Despina Hatzifotiadou INFN Bologna – ALICE outreach

On behalf of ALICE, ATLAS, CMS and LHCb outreach







COMMUNICATION

Communication is essential to the scientific process

- > TO WHOM do we communicate?
- > WHY do we communicate?
- ➤ WHAT do we communicate?
- ➤ HOW do we communicate?

Who is THE TARGET?

What are THE GOALS?

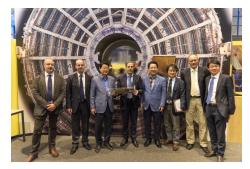
What are THE MESSAGES?

What are THE METHODS / TOOLS?

THE TARGET

- ➤ General public
- > Stakeholders
- > Students and teachers
- > The scientific community
- > The media











THE GOALS



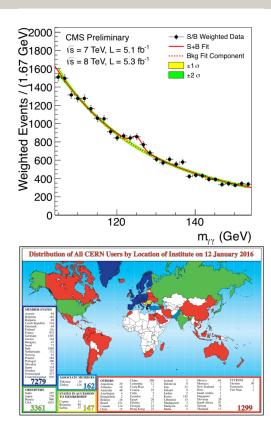




- ➤ Be open demystify scientific research
- Inform public increase awareness (scientific literacy)
- Inform public appreciation of our work
- ➤ Inspire youth prepare next generation of scientists
- > Ensure (continuation of) support and funding
- > Tell taxpayers how their taxes are used
- Inform media (strong amplification factor)

THE MESSAGES

- Necessity of science in society
- Role/impact of science in society
- Scientific method & results
- > Enthusiasm and love of science
- Excitement of discovery
- Science is for all
- Collaboration across borders
- Diversity (eg female role models to increase female involvement)





THE METHODS &TOOLS

- "TRADITIONAL"
- Visits, Exhibitions, Public talks
- Events (European Researchers Night, Open Days, Science Fairs)
- "ONLINE (web-based) "
- Web pages
- Blogs / Newsletters
- Social Media
- Virtual Visits
- "HANDS-ON" / EDUCATIONAL
- Masterclasses
- CERN Open Data portal
- Citizen Science (ATLAS@home, Higgs Hunters, Higgs Machine Learning)









Access to Collaboration Site

PATLAS

Discover

Resources

Updates

Search ATLAS

Access to Collaboration Site

RATLAS

Discover

Resources

Updates

Search ATLAS



One of the four major experiments at the Large Hadron Collider at CERN



Exploring the basic building blocks and fundamental forces of nature





ATLAS Blog

Spring celebrations in Pisa as the LHC restarts

frontier.

PP@LHC is an Italian conference with important contributions by foreign institutes, focused on the protonproton physics performed at the LHC by the ATLAS, CMS and LHCb experiments. The aim of this year's edition was not only to give an overview on the current status of LHC research, but to focus on future challenges with the upcoming new data.

Run 2 continues in 2016

The ATLAS experiment continues

its exploration of 13 TeV energy

Read more →



Recent Tweets



ATLAS News

Make music with ATLAS data

From techno beats to classical melodies, from jazz swinging to pop and rock riffs - the ATLAS experiment can play them all. Thanks to Quantizer, a platform that translates ATLAS events into notes and rhythms, one of the most complex scientific instruments in the world will not only search for new physics, but also generate music.

Read more →



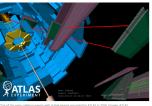
Recent News



Updates

Latest News, Physics Briefings, Collaboration Blog, and Press Statements from ATLAS.

ATLAS continues to explore the 13 TeV frontier



Geneva, 9 May 2016. ATLAS is back and better than evert With 13 TeV beams <u>circulating in the Large Hadron Collider</u>, the ATLAS experiment is now recording data for physics. This millestone marks the start of the second year of "Run_2" as ATLAS continues its exploration of 13 TeV energy frontier.

ATLAS News

Meet 7 inspiring women from the ATLAS experiment

Women play key roles in the ATLAS Experiment: from young physicists at the start of their careers to analysis group leaders and spokespersons of the collaboration. Celebrate International Women's Day by meeting a few of these inspiring ATLAS researchers.

Read more →



RATLAS Discover Resources Updates Latest News, Photo Essays, Physics Briefings, Collaboration Blog, and Press Statements from ATLAS. New insight into the proton-proton ridge **()** () () ATLAS has submitted a paper to Physical Review Letters that provides further insight on the origin of the ridge 2nd October 2015 The new results confirm that the ridges in proton-proton, proton-rucleus, and nucleus-nucleus collisions have a similar origin. The results also show that the observed weak dependence on the numbers of charged particles and the centre-of-mass energy should provide strong constraints on the mechanism responsible for producing the ridge in proton proton, and, maybe, proton-nucleus collisions. The term "ridge" is commonly used to refer to a feature observed in measurements of two-particle angular correlations in proton-proton, proton-nucleus, and nucleus-nucleus collision as a function ATLAS 0.5<p.*, <5.0 GeV N == >120 of &6. This is the difference between the azimuthal Pseudorapidity is related to the angle the particle makes with respect to the beam. The ridge is an enhancement seen in the correlation function at small &\$\phi\$ that extends over the measured &\$\eta\$ range The ridge in proton-nucleus and nucleus-nucleus collisions is known to result from a sinusoidal modulation of the single-particle azimuthal angle distributions that produce a corresponding modulation in the two production. ostrations that produce a corresponding modulation in the two perticle by distribution. In nucleus-nucleus collisions, this single-particle modulation is believed to result from collective expansion of the hot, dense medium created in the nuclear collisions. The possibility that similar collective expansion is responsible for the ridge in section of the hot.

Prior to the new ATLAS result, it was not known

8

Figure 1: Two-particle correlation function in 13 TeV pp collisions with Nchrec > 120. The ridge is seen as the enhancement at Δφ near zero that extends over the full range of Δη. (Image: CERN)

http://lhcb-public.web.cern.ch/lhcb-public/

http://cms.web.cern.ch/

CMS Public | CMS Experiment

A A D + http://lhcb-public.web.cern.ch/lhcb-public/Welcome.html#news

Reader & Q+ Goo

Public | CMS Experiment

A A C + Nttp://cms.web.cern.ch/

e Hadron Collider be

25 May 2016: The VELO team is the fastest.



Last week the LHCb Running Team, VELOcity, won the first place in its category (senior) during the traditional CERN Relay Race.

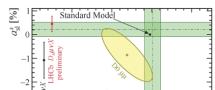
Contrary to statements of other competitors, based on the team's name, the LHCb team was not using bicycles to win the race. The VELO is the name of the LHCb VErtex LOcator, the precise silicon detector located around the proton-proton collision point. The detector has been "running" successfully since the LHC start up. Its winning formula of precision measurements and proximity to the beam line allows it to locate the point (vertex) precisely where the beauty particles decay, as seen in many images on this page. Today's race has shown that not only the VELO detector is on track to chase down more physics, but the VELO team is the fastest going.

click the image to see better the winner's smiling faces

9 May 2016: The most precise measurement of the a^ssl asymmetry.

$[a^{s}_{sl} = (0.45\pm0.26\pm0.20)\%$ preliminary]

Last week at the 16th International Conference on B-Physics at Frontier Machines, "Beauty 2016", Marseille, France, the LHCb collaboration presented the updated result of a measurement of the semileptonic asymmetry, as a difference between a probability of a beauty meson, B^0_s , to oscillate into its antimatter partner, \overline{B}^0_s , and a probability of the reverse process. (An introduction to beauty and charm oscillations can be found in the 7 November 2012 news item.) Any difference in this probability would be a manifestation of CP-violation, which is the difference between the properties of matter and anti-matter. The label "s" indicates decays of B_{s}^{0} mesons composed of anti-beauty \overline{b} and s quarks, while "sl" (semileptonic) indicates that leptons, in this case muons, are present among decay products. The full run 1 data sample of 3 fb-1 was used to obtain this update of the 1 fb-1 2012 measurement. The LHCb result is the most precise measurement of a^S_{sl} to date and is consistent with the value predicted in the framework of the Standard Model. For this particular quantity the amount of CP-violation is expected to be tiny and hence the predicted value of a^S_{sl} in the Standard Model is very small. Therefore the possible contribution of as yet undiscovered effects, which help to drive the B^0_s - \overline{B}^0_s oscillations, could lead to significant changes in a^s_{sl} . The precise LHCb result allows constraints to be placed on the properties of these possible new effects, and points the way for future theoretical and experimental studies.



The image shows the overview of the most precise measurements of a^{S}_{sl} and a^{d}_{sl} . The a^{d}_{sl} results were obtained from analogous measurements of $B^0-\overline{B}^0$ oscillations. The new LHCb result is shown, as well as the LHCb adsl 2014 result. The horizontal and vertical bands indicate the naive averages of pure as and ads measurements obtained by different experiments. These averages are consistent with the small values predicted by the Standard Model and show no evidence for new physics effects.

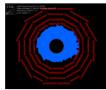
General News

CMS releases new batch of research data from LHC 2016-04-22, by Achintya Rao



The LHC is back online

2016-03-25, by Anonymous (not verified)



CMS is never idle

2015-03-27, Andre Tinoco Mendes

New CMS spokesperson: "An honour to be chosen to lead a spectacular collection of people" 2016-03-16, Achintya Rao

"Move over Mr Einstein!" A scientific experiment ignites creativity and dialogue

Physics Awards for the "Founding Fathers" of CMS 2015-07-21. Cms People

CMS is preparing for high-luminosity run at 13 TeV 2015-06-14. Tiziano Campores

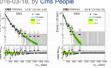
CMS embarks on data collection at 13 TeV 2015-06-03, Anonymous

CMS recognizes achievements of young collaborators

Physics News

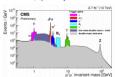
CMS intensifies search for new physics, closes in on H(125) at 13 TeV

2016-03-18, by Cms People



CMS presents new 13TeV results at end-of-year jamboree

2015-12-17, by Achintya Rao



CMS presents first results with 13 TeV at 2015 EPS-**HEP Conference**

2015-07-27, Cms People

Recent results in the search for supersymmetry 2014-07-24, Paris Sphicas

CMS closes major chapter of Higgs measurements 2014-07-03. Tiziano Camporesi

LHC collides protons at 13 TeV to tune accelerator 2015-05-21, Anonymous

A very rare decay has been seen by CMS 2015-05-13. Achintya Rao

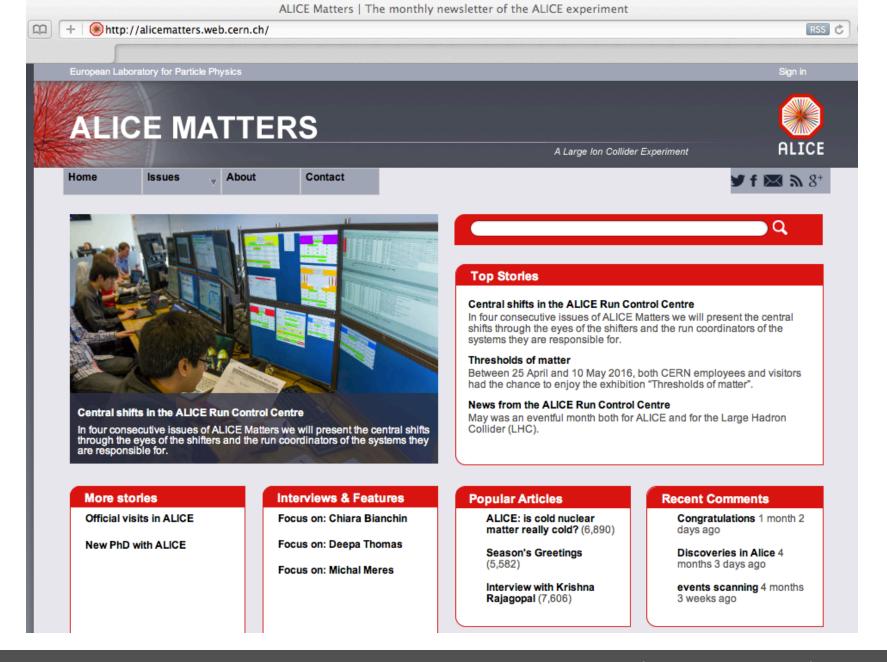
LHC delivers low-energy collisions to CMS and other experiments

2015-05-05, Anonymous

Quark Matter 2014: the full crop from CMS 2014-06-12, Matthew Nguyen

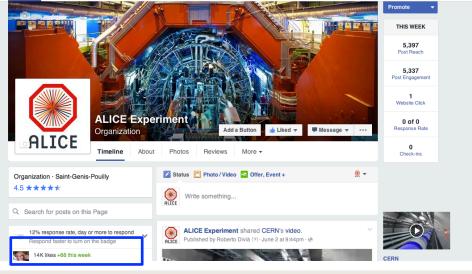
Quark Matter 2014: news from CMS 2014-05-27. Christof Roland

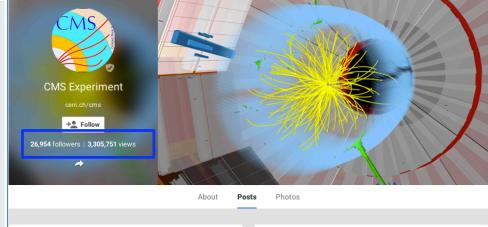
News from the Collaboration, Physics News, ... appear on first (public) page



Monthly newsletter: news from the collaboration, the detectors / the data taking / physics topics, interviews, « focus on » ALICE members, ...

SOCIAL MEDIA





CMS Experiment

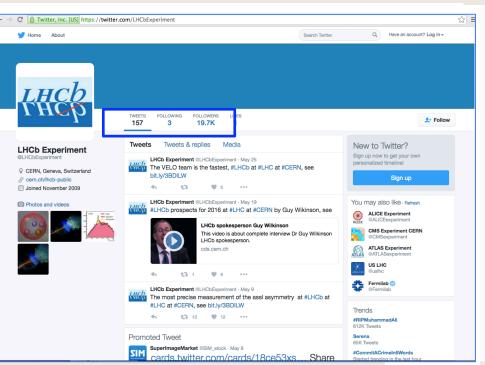
ATLAS Experiment at CERN ATLAS is a particle physics experiment on the LHC at

CERN. It is designed to explore the basic building blocks and fundamental forces

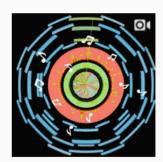
5 following

Shared publicly - 30 May 2016 CMS Experiment

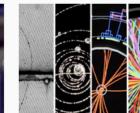
https://www.facebook.com/ALICE.EXPERIMENT/ http://www.google.com/+CMSexperiment



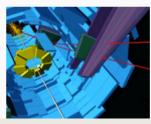




1,145 followers

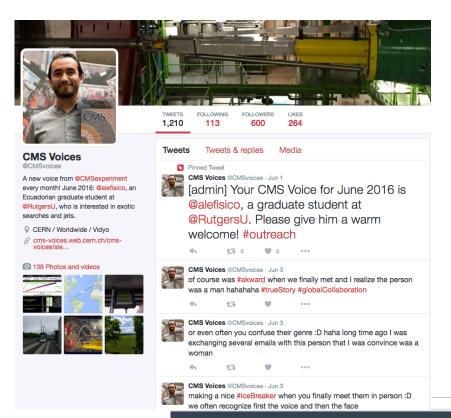






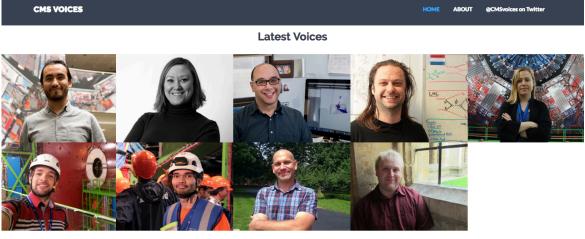
https://www.instagram.com/atlasexperiment/

https://twitter.com/lhcbexperiment/



@CMSVoices

- Controlled by a different CMS member every month
- Allows to show the flavours and colours in a large collaboration
- Enables members of the public to engage directly with a real CMS person instead of tweeting @CMSexperiment without response





- Interviews
- Videos from detector installation
- Physics topics
- Educational material

https://www.youtube.com/c/alicematters
https://www.youtube.com/c/cmsexperiment
https://www.youtube.com/user/TheATLASexperiment

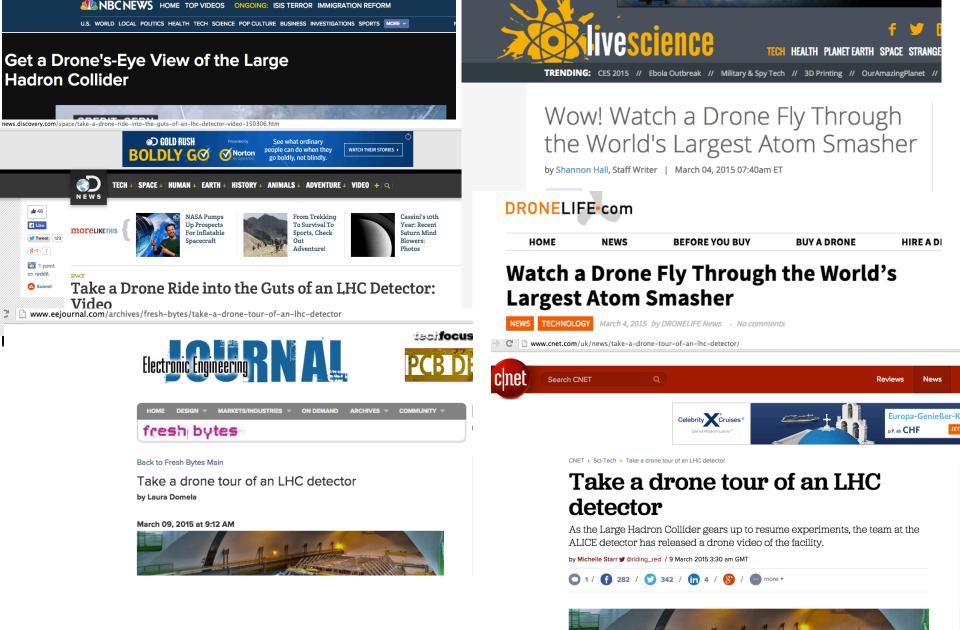
an example: Flying over ALICE

Video done with a drone flying

- over the ALICE site
- down the shaft
- in the cavern,
- over the L3 magnet
- over the muon arm

https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=yWBWzIUCNpw 62802 views





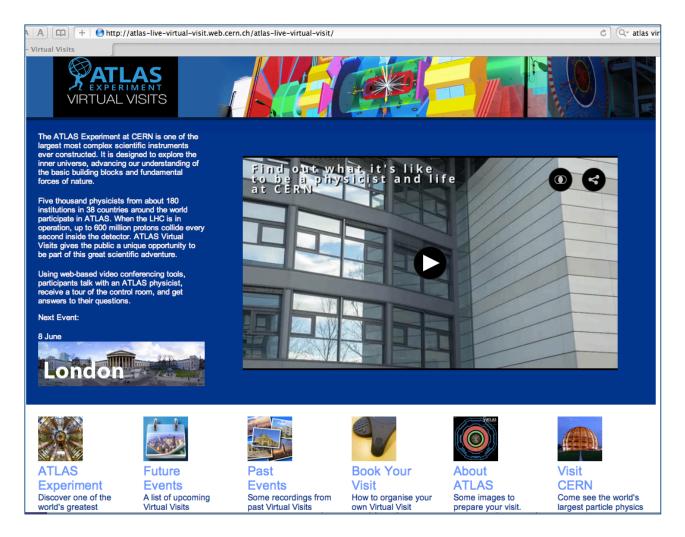
More than 18 k viewings in 12 days

VIRTUAL VISITS

ATLAS Virtual Visits

- Videoconference (+public webcast, + video recording)
- physicist in ATLAS Control Room (speaking the virtual visitors' language)
- Remote location(s) (typically high school class, University, local event)
- Introduction to CERN, LHC, ATLAS, particle physics
- Virtual tour of the Control Room
- Explanations about what is happening (shifts, data-taking,..)
- Q&A session: interaction with researcher highlights of the virtual visit





- Digital Communication Award 2012 for Best Online Event to ATLAS outreach
- > Finalists for European Excellence Award 2013
- ➤ 40 countries reached all over the world, > 250 virtual visits

CMS Virtual Visits



CMS Virtual Visits



The CMS Collaboration at CERN is a global scientific endeavour that is pushing the boundaries of fundamental research. CMS Virtual Visits offer students, teachers and the general public a unique opportunity to explore the experimental site of the CMS detector. The tours are guided by CMS scientists, who will explain the physics and technology behind the experiment and answer questions from the remote visitors.

For whom?

- · School or university classes
- · Exhibition visitors
- · Conference participants

With scientists from around 80 countries in our collaboration, we are doing our best to provide tours in your native language.

How to participate?

Check-list for remote locations interested in participating in the virtual visit:

- 1. Equipment:
 - recent computer with a (preferably wired) network of minimum 1.0 Mbps
 - video projector and a sufficiently dim room
 - it is highly recommended to have a microphone on a long cord or a radio microphone and a noise cancellation unit
- 2. Fill out this form to reserve a date for your virtual visit.
- 14.7 K participants
 (September 2014 May 2016)
- Korea and New Zealand coming up





CMS virtual visit with High School in Poland



LHCb virtual visits from LHCb Control Room + cavern (or Delphi) during moderation sessions, LHCb International Masterclasses 2016

After a short presentation, virtual visit of the ALICE Run Control Centre and lots of questions, the children played music, sang songs and danced to show their appreciation

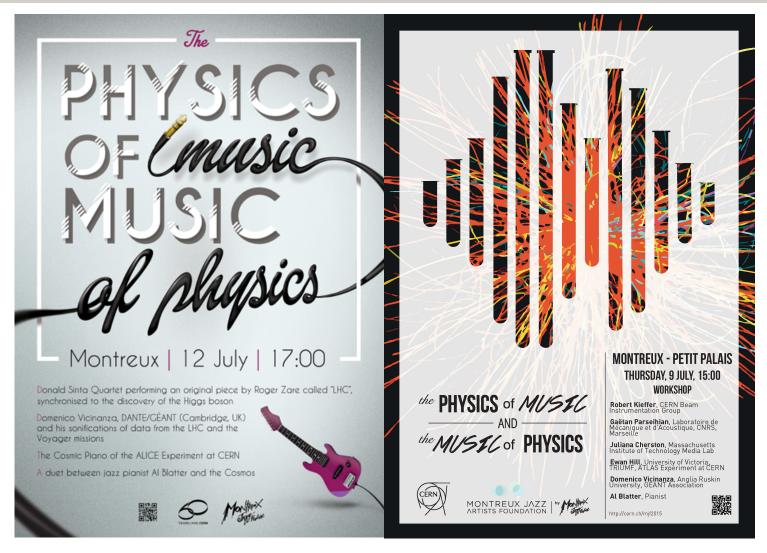


ALICE virtual visit with Elementary School in Greece

- Allow access to new audiences who cannot visit CERN due to geographical or economic limitations
- > Engage with the world of research and share the excitement

and some more..

PHYSICS OF MUSIC AND MUSIC OF PHYSICS



2014 2015

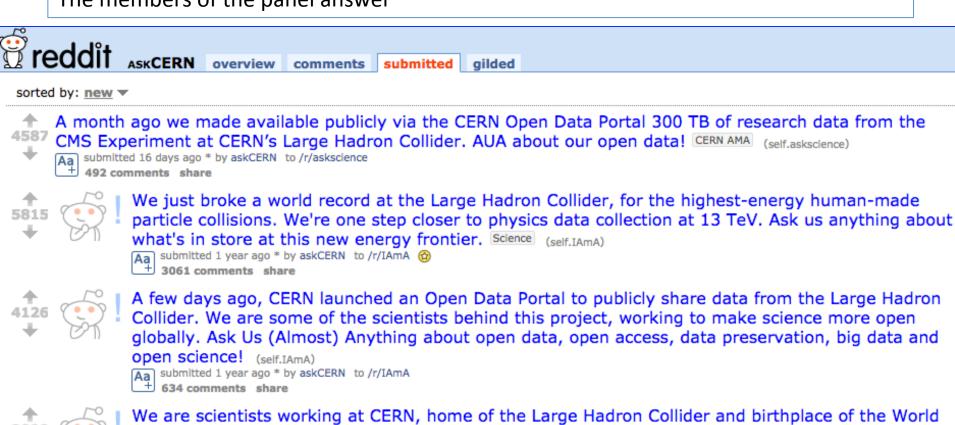
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ASK ME ANYTHING (AMA) on social media platform reddit

Reddit: entertainment, social news networking service, and news website.

Registered community members can submit content, such as text posts or direct links.

AMA on Reddit: During a defined time period reddit users ask questions to a panel The members of the panel answer



Wide Web! Ask Us (Almost) Anything! (self.IAmA)

Aa) submitted 2 years ago * by askCERN to /r/IAmA (2) x2



https://ideas.lego.com/projects/94885



Build CMS from KAPLA (wooden blocks) during local events





Papercraft A 3D paper model



English

Français

Deutscl

Italiano

Toys and games grab people's attention and generate interest

...Instead of conclusion

- Public is following us news, updates, blogs are appreciated
- Use huge potential of social media to engage new and wider audience
- 'Private' accounts on social media important engagement in first person!
- Use resources on the web to help the communication process
- Virtual visits: powerful tool to engage –especially young people- across the globe
- Encourage/help schools in your country/town to arrange virtual visit
- Act as guide for virtual visits*

^{*}Added benefit: virtual visits help develop/improve communication skills

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

ATLAS experiment

Claire Adam-Bourdarios Steve Goldfarb Kate Shaw Katarina Anthony Clara Nellist

CMS experiment

Marzena Lapka Achintya Rao

LHCb experiment

Antonis Papanestis Bolek Pietrzyk

THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!