

# Searches for Heavy Resonances with CMS

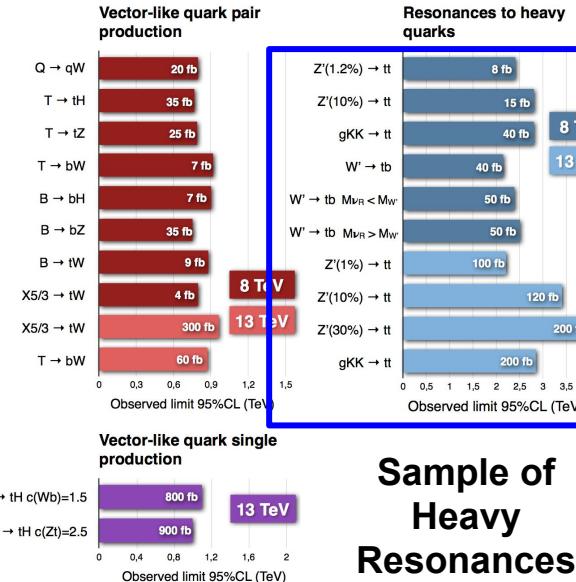
Christine McLean, on behalf of the CMS Collaboration  
June 17, 2016  
LHCP 2016, Lund, Sweden



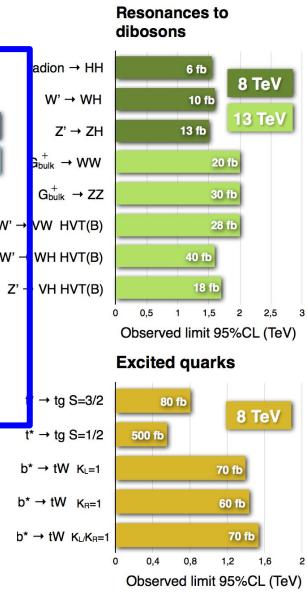
# Heavy Resonances at CMS

- Heavy resonances theorized in BSM physics
  - Little Higgs, extra dimensions, etc.
- Focus:
  - $W' \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{MET}$
  - $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$
  - top pair resonances
- Up to  $2.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of 13 TeV data
- Latest identification techniques for higher energy decay products
  - E.g. jet substructure

D. Marley  
(CMS & ATLAS)



J. Damgov (CMS)  
K. Gregersen (ATLAS)



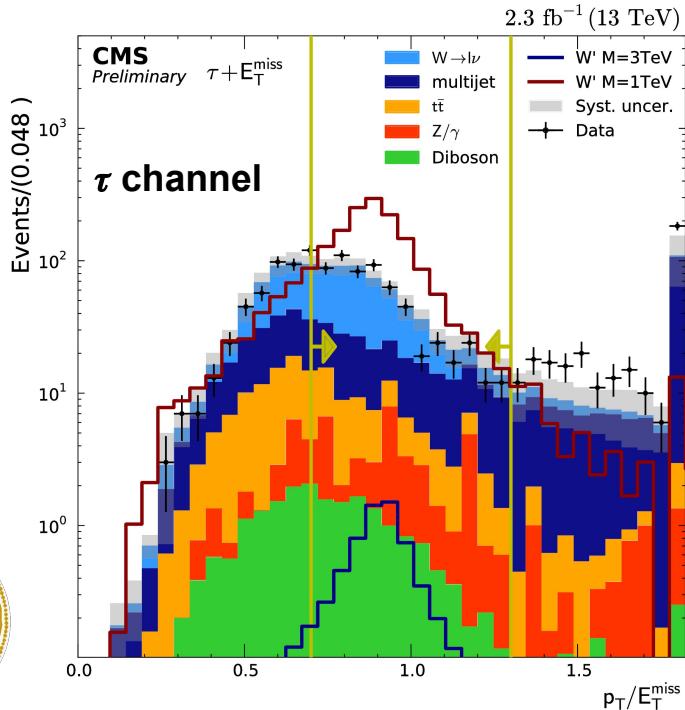
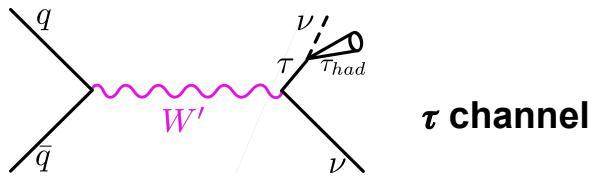
Sample of Heavy Resonances

See Also:

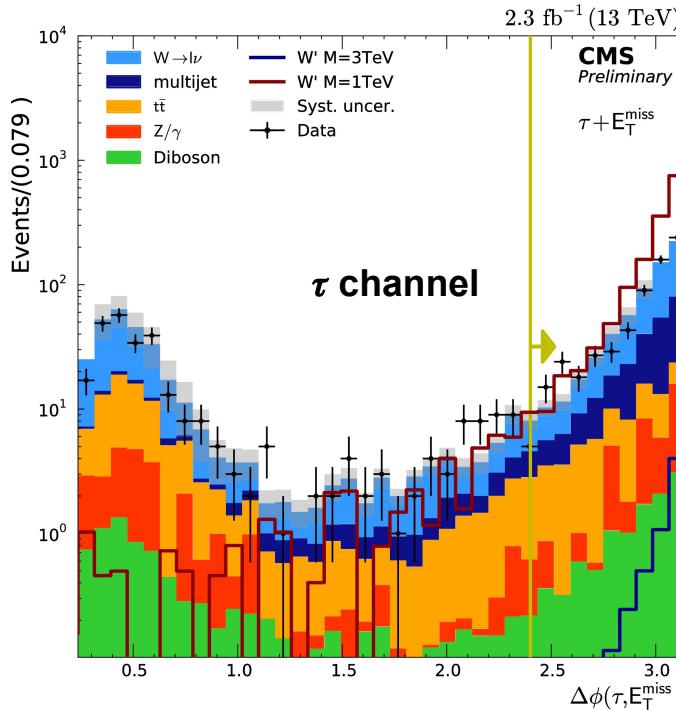
- SUSY: J. Schulte
- Exotics: A. Schmidt, A. Hinzmann, G. Fasanella, M. Chelstowska, R. Nandakumar, Y. Okumura
- Higgs: H. Ohman, M. Pickering, A. Tuna, A. De Wit

# $W' \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{MET}$

- $\mu$ ,  $e$ , and  $\tau_h$  channels
  - Look for a high  $p_T$  lepton and missing energy



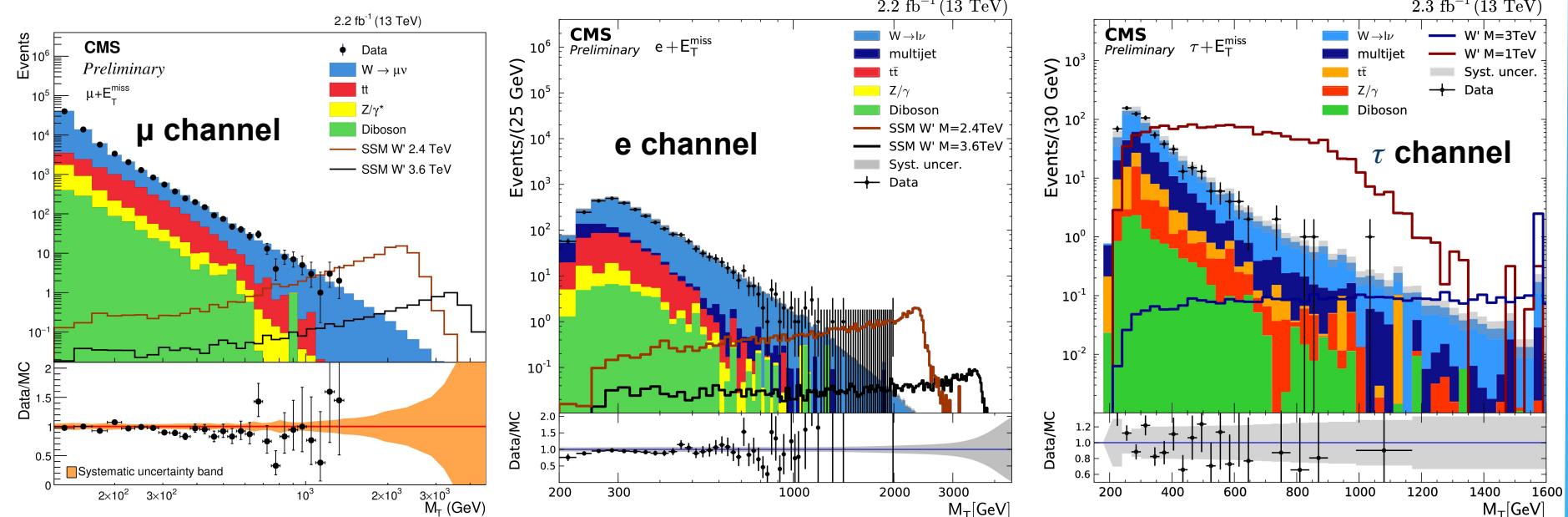
- Background rejection
  - $\Delta\phi(p_T^{\text{lep}}, p_T^{\text{miss}})$  and  $p_T^{\text{lep}}/E_T^{\text{miss}}$  cuts
  - Veto other high  $p_T$  leptons
  - QCD estimated from data



# $W' \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{MET}$

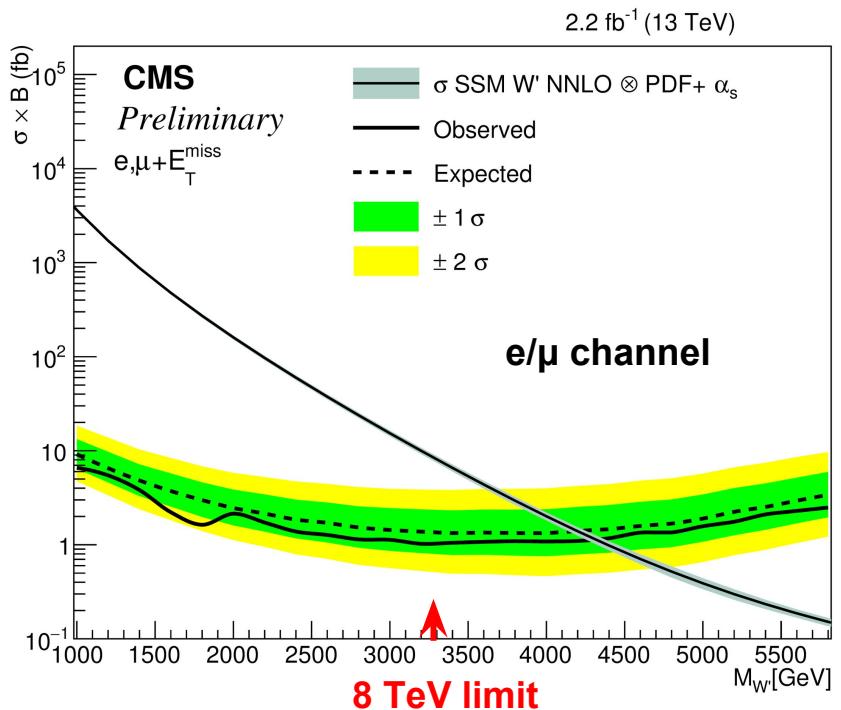
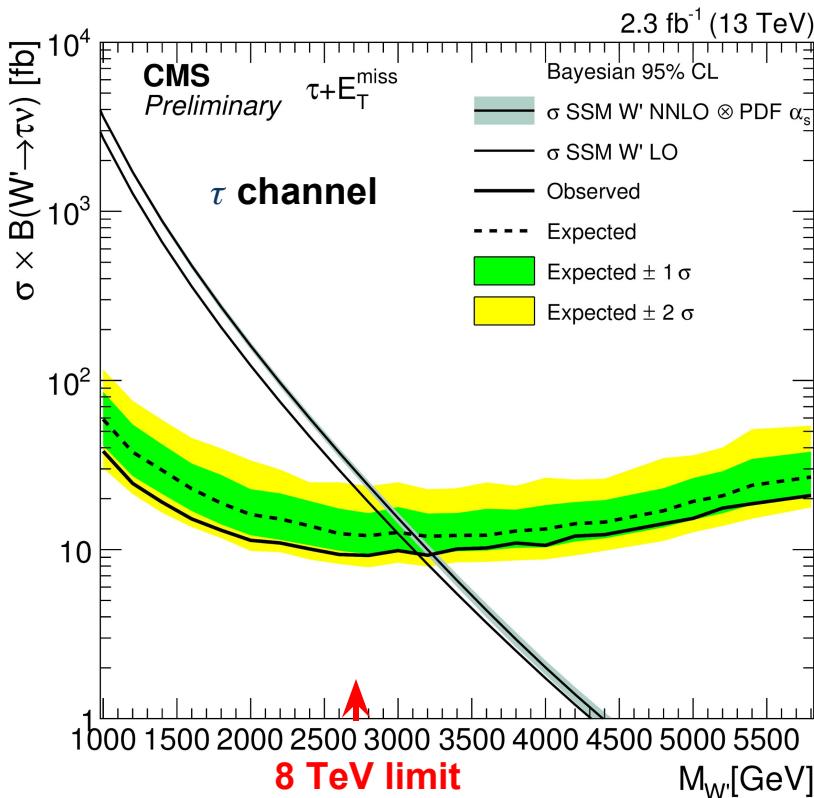
- Good discrimination with sensitive variable:

$$M_T = \sqrt{2p_T^l E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos[\Delta\phi(\vec{p}_T^l, \vec{p}_T^{\text{miss}})])}$$



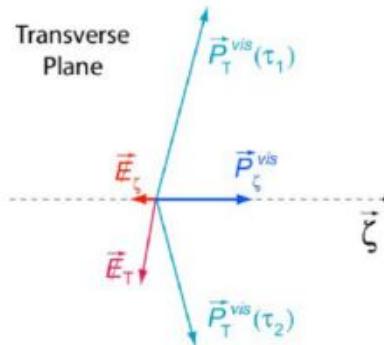
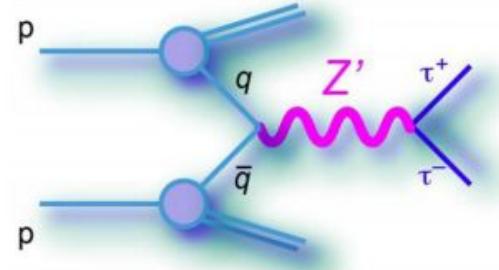
# $W' \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{MET}$

- Improved limits since Run I
  - $e/\mu$ : 4.4 TeV with  $2.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data; previously 3.28 TeV
  - $\tau$ : 3.3 TeV with  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data; previously 2.7 TeV



# $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- $Z'$  coupling preferentially to 3rd gen.
- $\tau_h\tau_h$ ,  $\tau_e\tau_h$ ,  $\tau_\mu\tau_h$ ,  $\tau_e\tau_\mu$  channels
- Selection:
  - High  $p_T$  lepton
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
  - Back-to-back  $\tau$  events:
    - $\tau_e/\tau_\mu$ : isolated lepton
    - $\cos\Delta\phi(\tau_1, \tau_2) < -0.95$
    - $p_\zeta - 3.1 * p_\zeta^{\text{vis}} > -50 \text{ GeV}$
- Backgrounds
  - QCD, W + jets, DY + jets estimated from data
  - ttbar - require 0 b-tagged jets

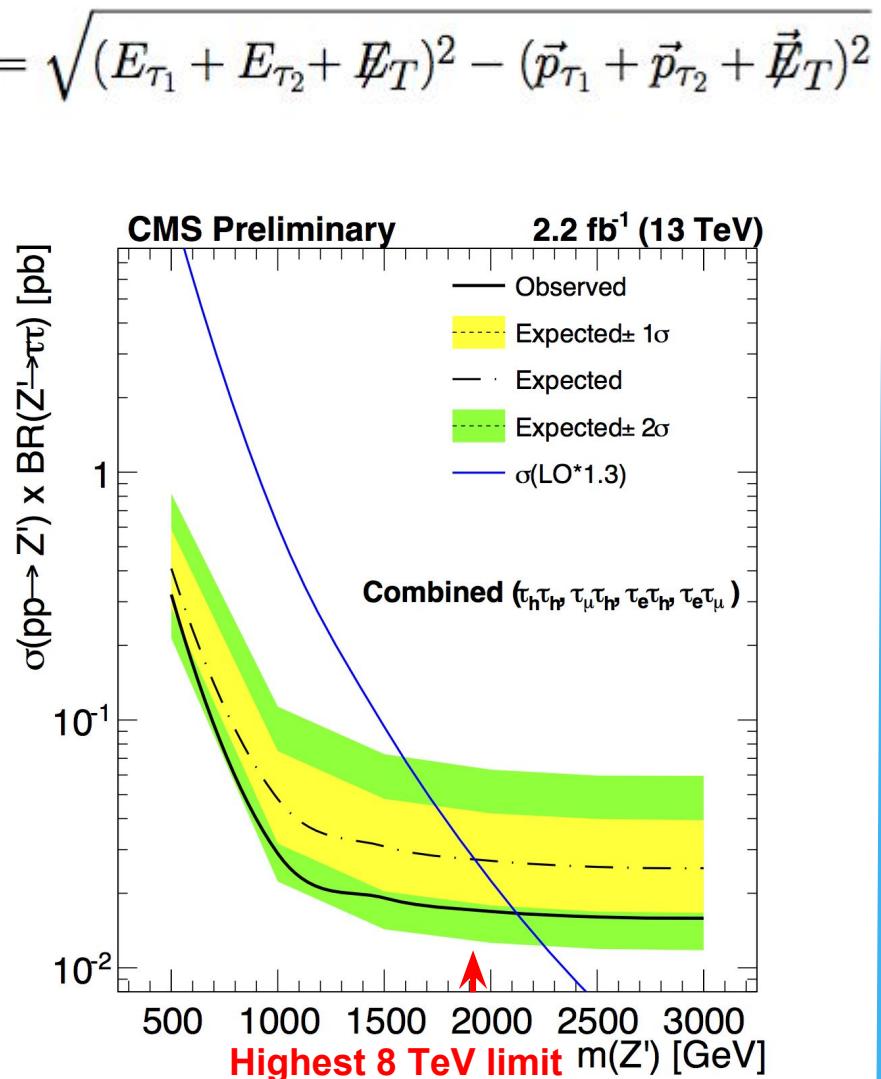
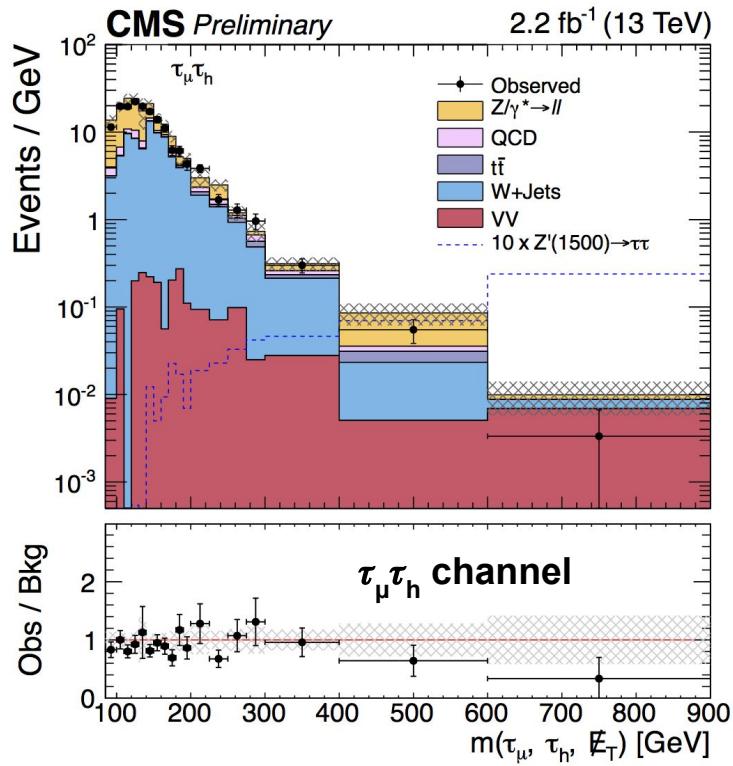


$$p_\zeta^{\text{vis}} = (\vec{p}_T^{\tau_1} + \vec{p}_T^{\tau_2}) \cdot \hat{\zeta}$$

$$p_\zeta = (\vec{p}_T^{\tau_1} + \vec{p}_T^{\tau_2} + \vec{E}_T) \cdot \hat{\zeta}$$

# $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- Sensitive variable:  $m(\tau_1, \tau_2, \cancel{E}_T) = \sqrt{(E_{\tau_1} + E_{\tau_2} + \cancel{E}_T)^2 - (\vec{p}_{\tau_1} + \vec{p}_{\tau_2} + \vec{\cancel{E}}_T)^2}$ 
  - Look for broad signal peak
- Strictest limits set so far!
  - First 13 TeV exotic  $\tau\tau$  results!



# Top Pair Resonances

- Event categories

  - All-hadronic:

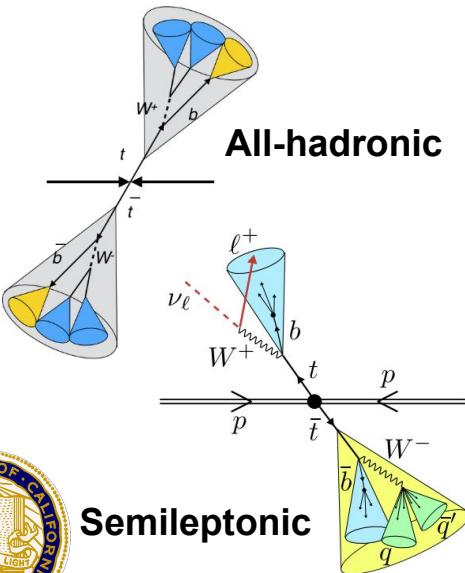
2 top-tags  $\Delta y < 1.0$   
 $\Delta y > 1.0$

0 b-tags  
 1 b-tag  
 2 b-tags

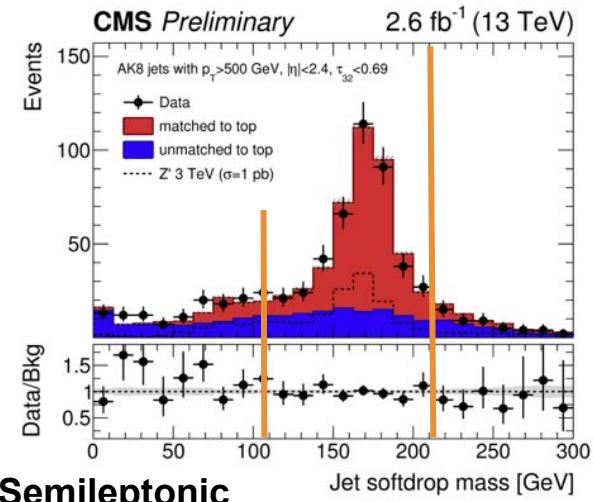
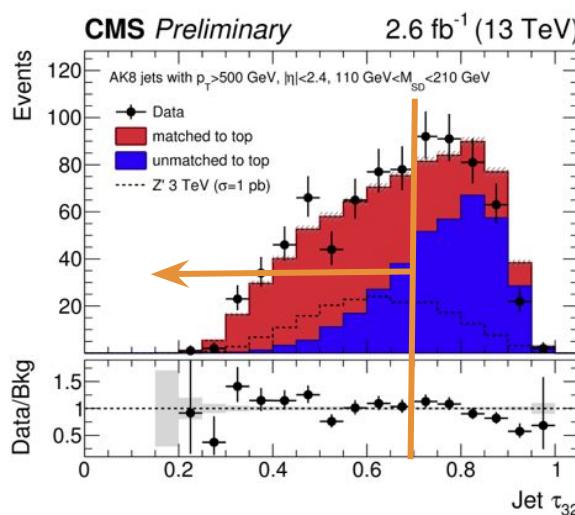
  - Semileptonic:

$\mu/e + jets$

1 top-tag  
 0 top-tags, 1 b-tag  
 0 top-tags, 0 b-tags



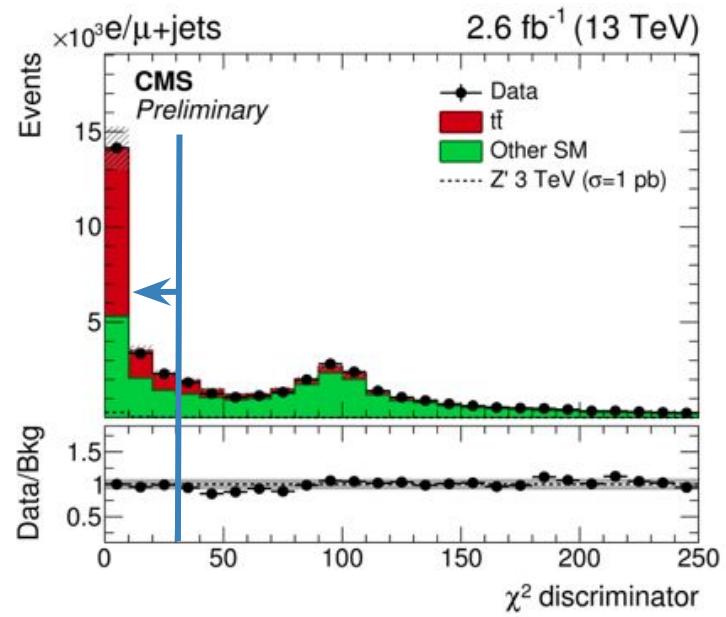
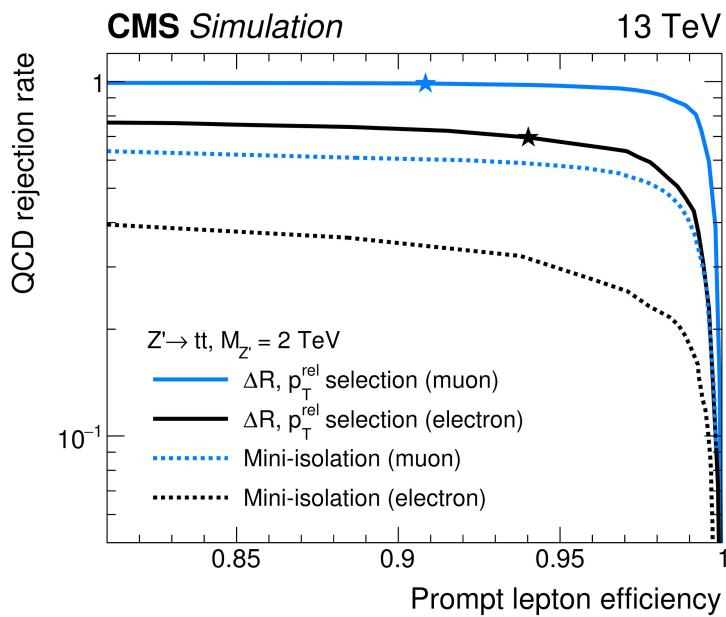
- Run II t-tagging - boosted tops!
- Soft drop jet mass = [110, 210] GeV
  - Removes soft and collinear radiation
- N-subjettiness ( $\tau_{32} < 0.69$ )
  - Distinguishes 3-prong jet substructure (top) from non-top jet



# Top Pair Resonances

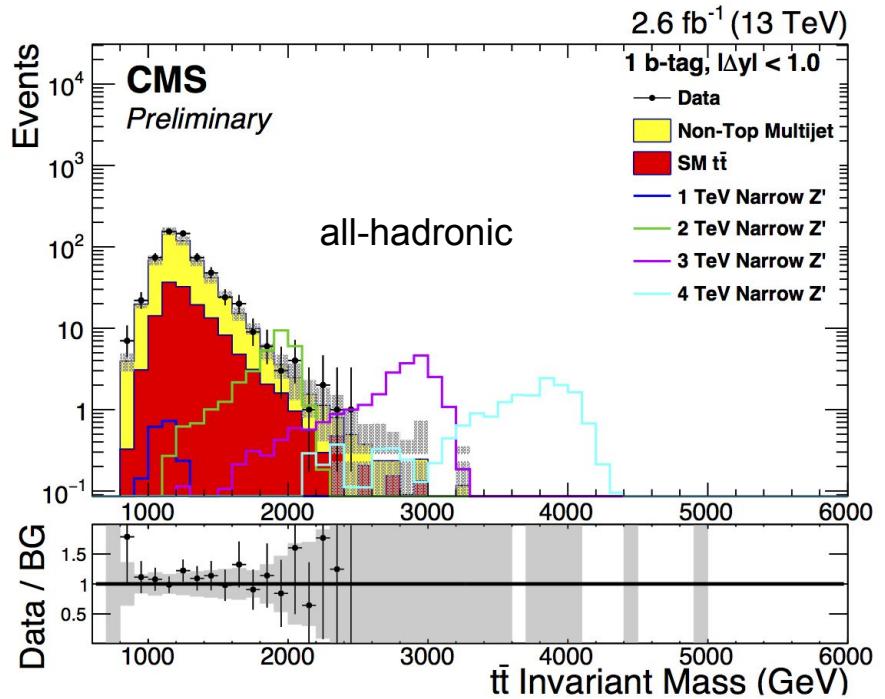
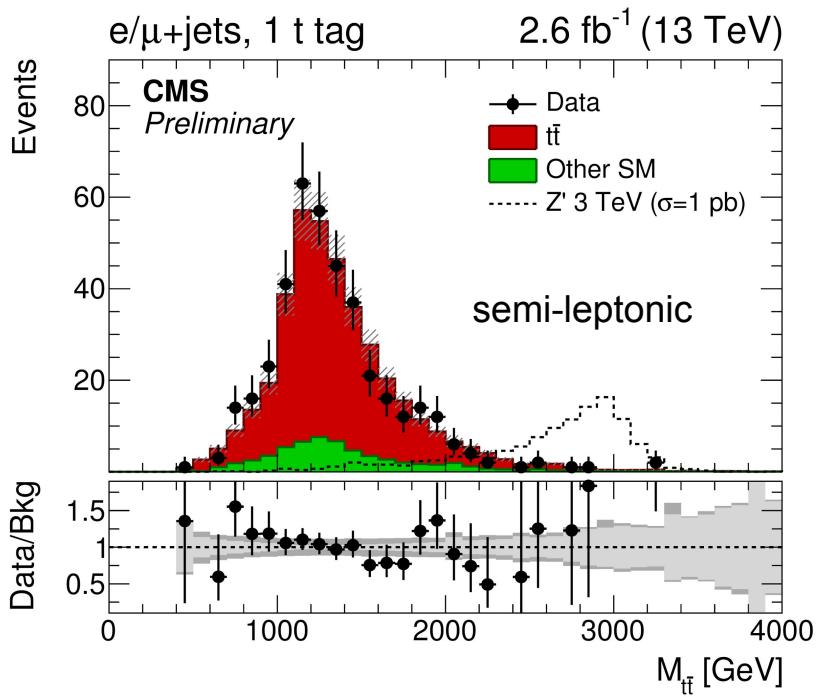
- All-hadronic: QCD background estimated from data
- Semileptonic background:
  - ttbar, W + jets, single top, Drell-Yan + jets, VV, QCD
  - Rejection methods
    - $\Delta R_{\min}(l,j) > 0.4 \parallel p_{T,\text{rel}}(l,j) > 20 \text{ GeV}$
    - $\chi^2 < 30$

$$\chi^2 = \left[ \frac{M_{\text{top}}^{\text{lep}} - \bar{m}_{\text{top}}^{\text{lep}}}{\sigma_M^{\text{lep}}} \right]^2 + \left[ \frac{M_{\text{top}}^{\text{had}} - \bar{m}_{\text{top}}^{\text{had}}}{\sigma_M^{\text{had}}} \right]^2$$



# Top Pair Resonances

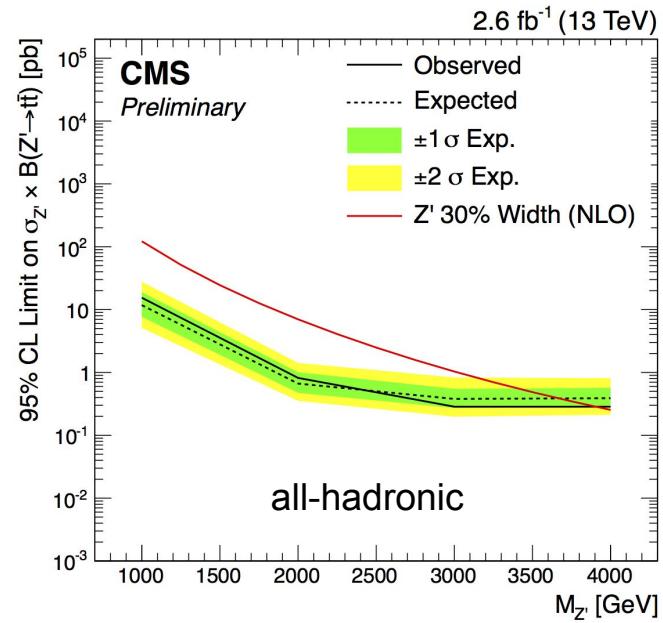
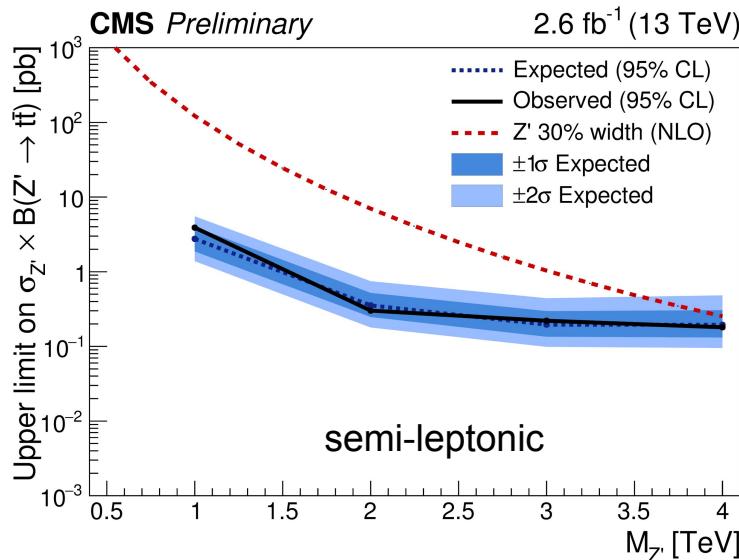
- Sensitive variable:  $t\bar{t}$  invariant mass



# Top Pair Resonances

- $g_{KK}$ ;  $Z'$   $\Gamma = 1\%, 10\%$ , NEW: 30%
- Stricter limits with  $2.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data!

Model	Observed Mass Exclusions (TeV)	
	All-Hadronic	Semileptonic
Narrow $Z'$ (1%)	1.4 - 1.6	0.6 - 2.3
Wide $Z'$ (10%)	1.0 - 3.3	0.5 - 3.4
Extra Wide $Z'$ (30%)	1.0 - 3.8	0.5 - 4.0
RS KK Gluon	1.0 - 2.4	0.5 - 2.9



Combination coming soon!



# Conclusions

- Many new heavy resonance search results from CMS
  - BSM W' and Z' models
- Run II analyses setting strictest limits so far!
  - With only 10% of the 8 TeV dataset!
- No signs of new physics yet
- Looking forward to more data in 2016!

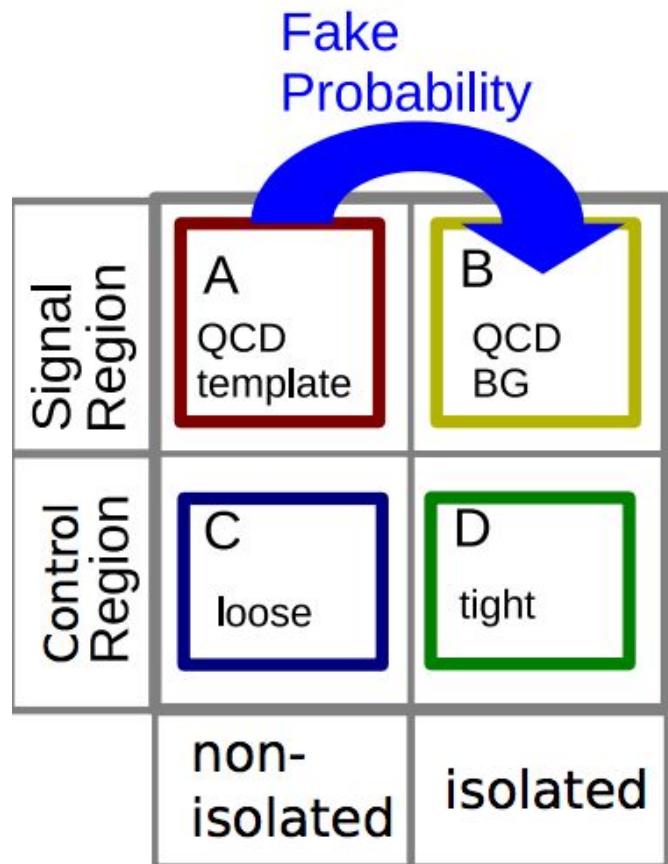


# BACKUP



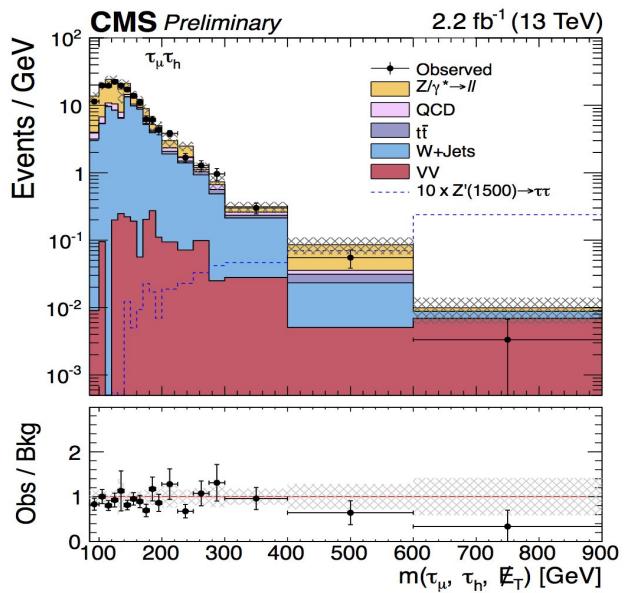
# $W' \rightarrow \text{lepton} + \text{MET}$ : QCD Estimation

- Method:
  - $P(\text{fake}) = D/C$
  - $\text{QCD estimate} = P(\text{fake}) * A$
- Signal Region:
  - $\tau$ : one  $\tau$
  - $\mu/e$ :  $0.4 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{lep}} / E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} < 1.5$
- Signal Region:
  - $\tau$ : one  $\tau$  + one  $\mu/e$
  - $\mu/e$ :  $0.4 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{lep}} / E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 1.5$

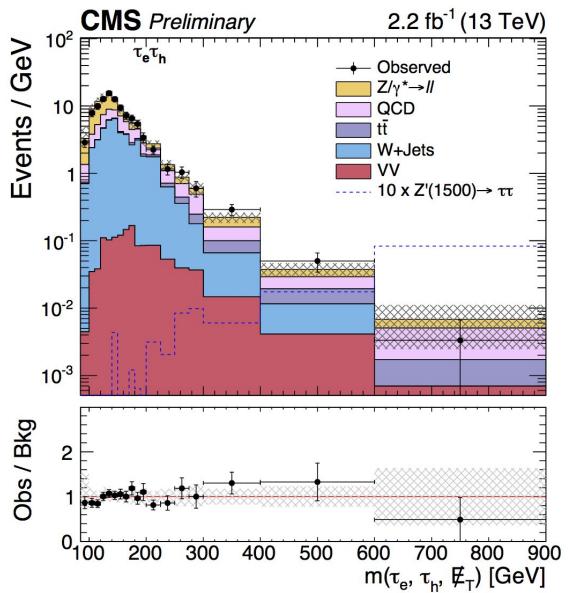


# $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Invariant Mass Plots

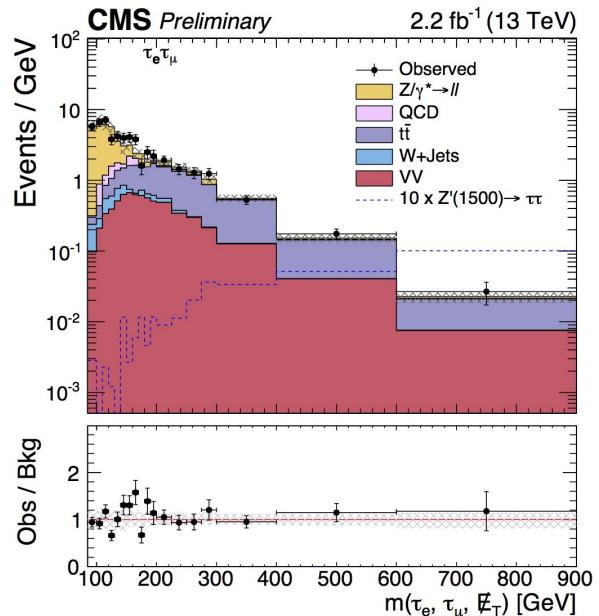
$\tau_{\mu h}$  channel



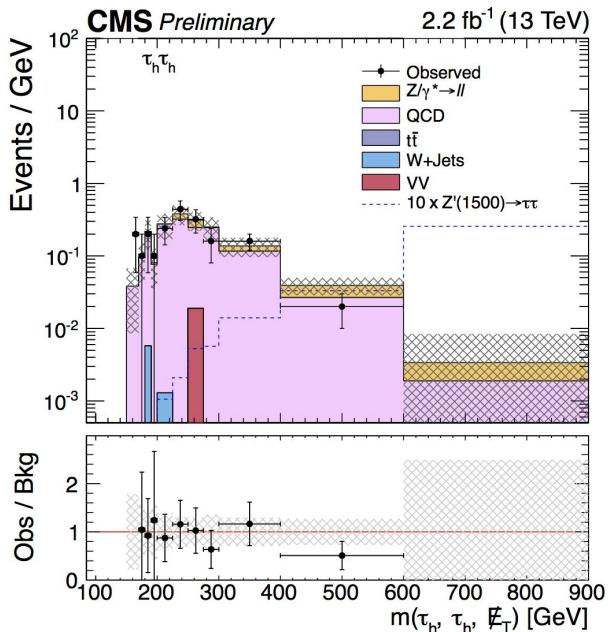
$\tau_{eh}$  channel



$\tau_{e\mu}$  channel

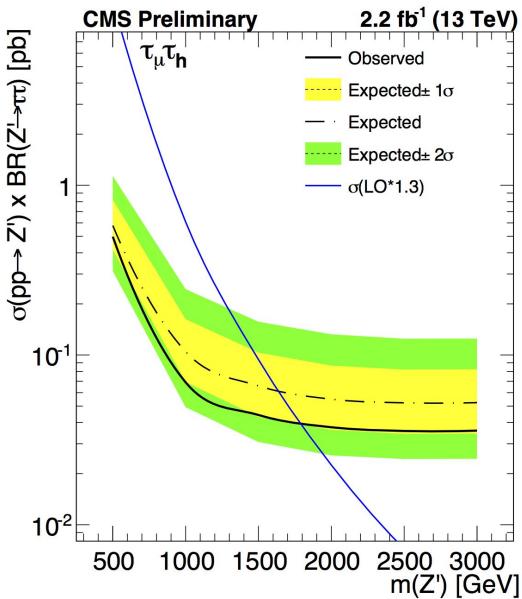


$\tau_{hh}$  channel

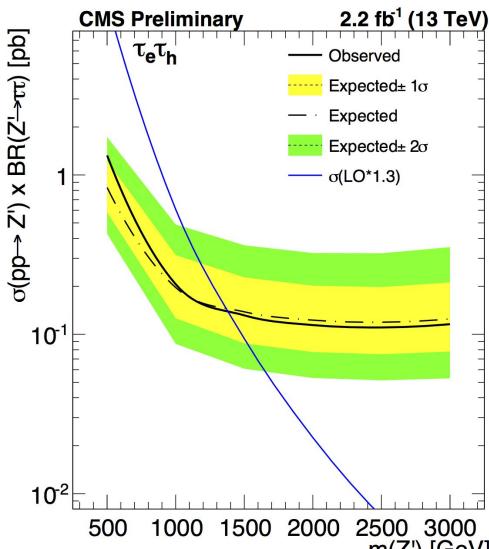


# $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$ : Limit Plots by Decay Channel

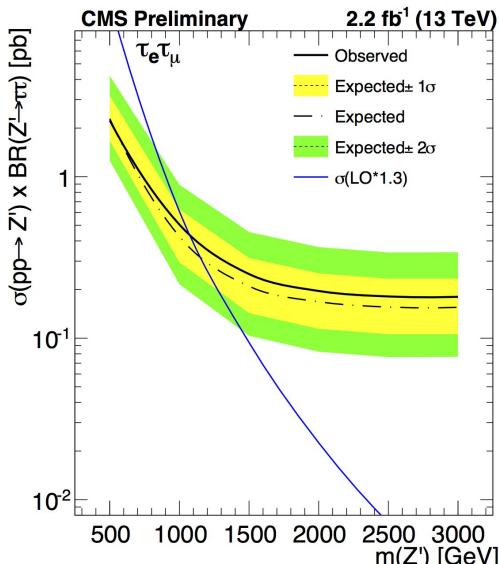
$\tau_{\mu h}$  channel



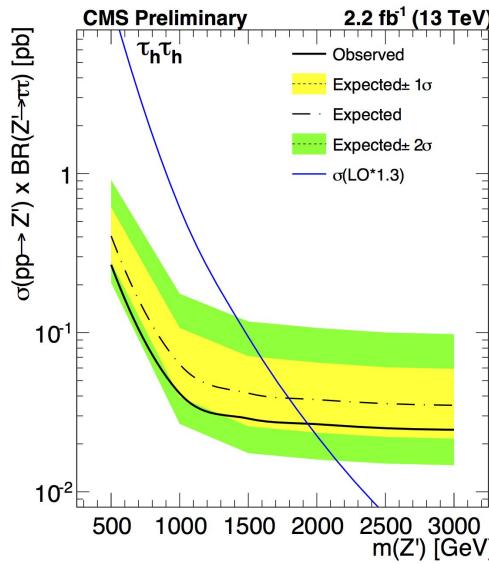
$\tau_{eh}$  channel



$\tau_{e\mu}$  channel



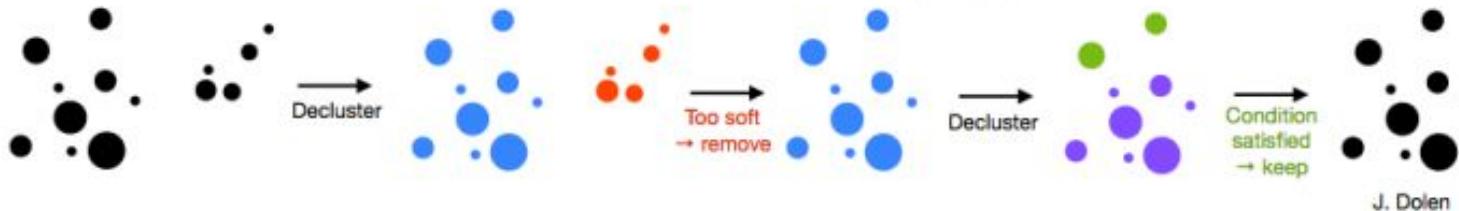
$\tau_{hh}$  channel



# Soft Drop Algorithm

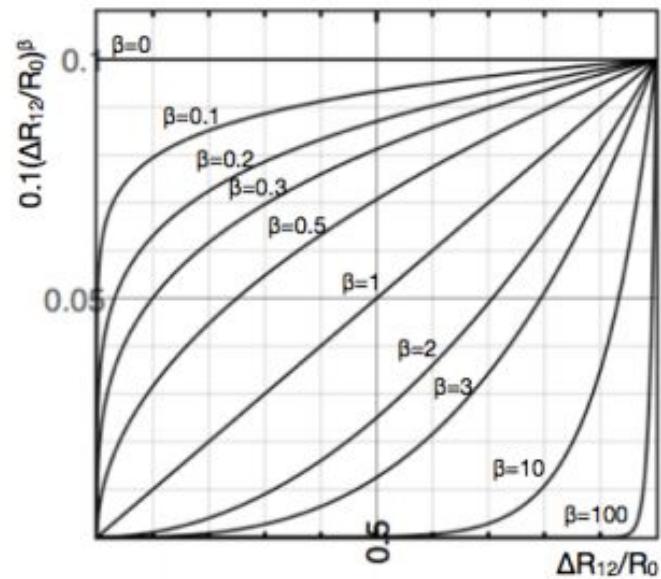
- Recursively decluster jet. Remove the softer component unless the soft drop condition is satisfied.

Soft Drop Condition:  $\frac{\min(p_{T1}, p_{T2})}{p_{T1} + p_{T2}} > z_{\text{cut}} \left( \frac{\Delta R_{12}}{R_0} \right)^\beta$



J. Dolen

- Soft wide angle radiation fails the condition
  - As  $z_{\text{cut}} \uparrow \Rightarrow$  more aggressive grooming
  - As  $\beta \downarrow \Rightarrow$  more aggressive grooming
- Example ( $z_{\text{cut}} = 0.1$ ) :
  - If  $\beta = 0$ , remove softer subjet if  $p_T$  fraction  $< 0.1$  (~equivalent to MMDT)
  - If  $\beta > 0$ , remove softer subjet if  $p_T$  fraction  $< x$ , where  $x$  increases with  $\Delta R$  and has maximum value 0.1
  - $\beta \rightarrow \infty$  no grooming
  - $\beta < 0$  soft drop becomes a tagger instead of a groomer (finds jets with hard, large angle subjets)



# N-subjettiness

- Jet shape variable to measure consistency of jet to have N subjets

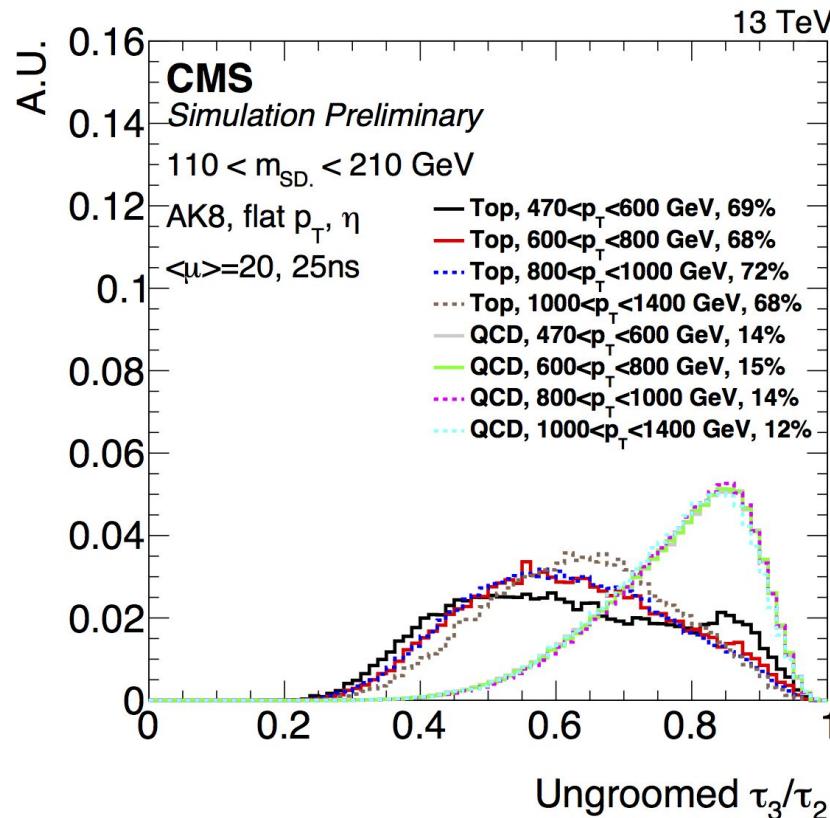
$$\tau_N = \frac{1}{d_0} \sum_k p_{Tk} \times \Delta R_k^{\min}$$

with  $d_0 \equiv \sum_k p_{Tk} \times R$

**large-R jet distance parameter**

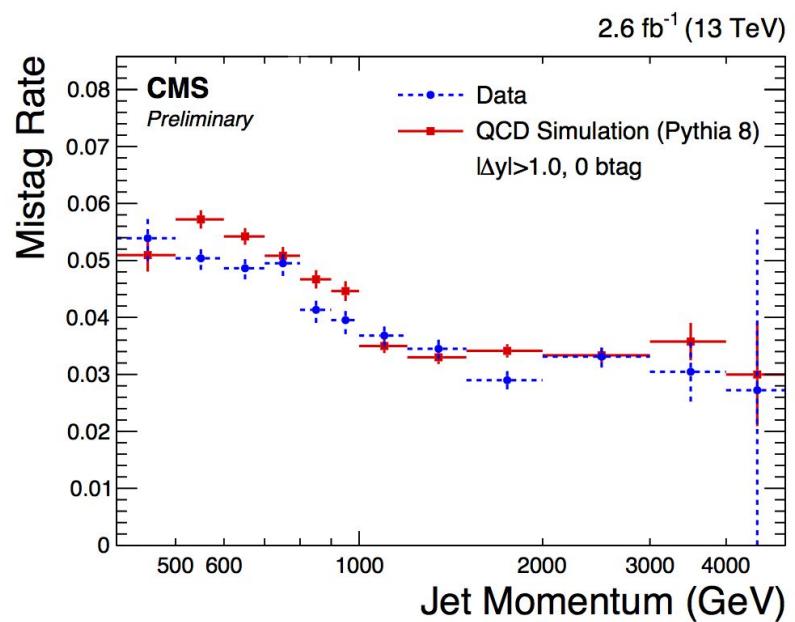
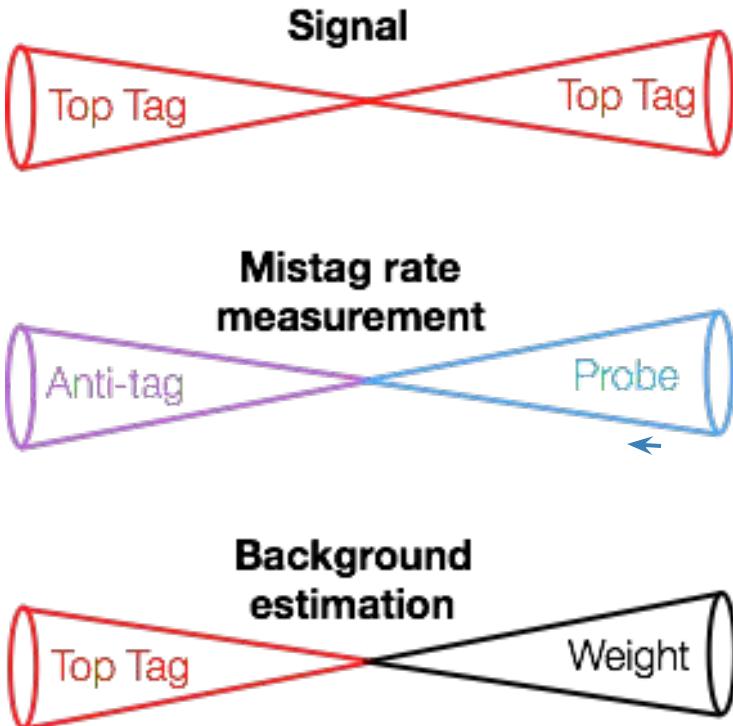
**distance between constituent k & axis of closest subjet**

**p<sub>T</sub> of constituent k**



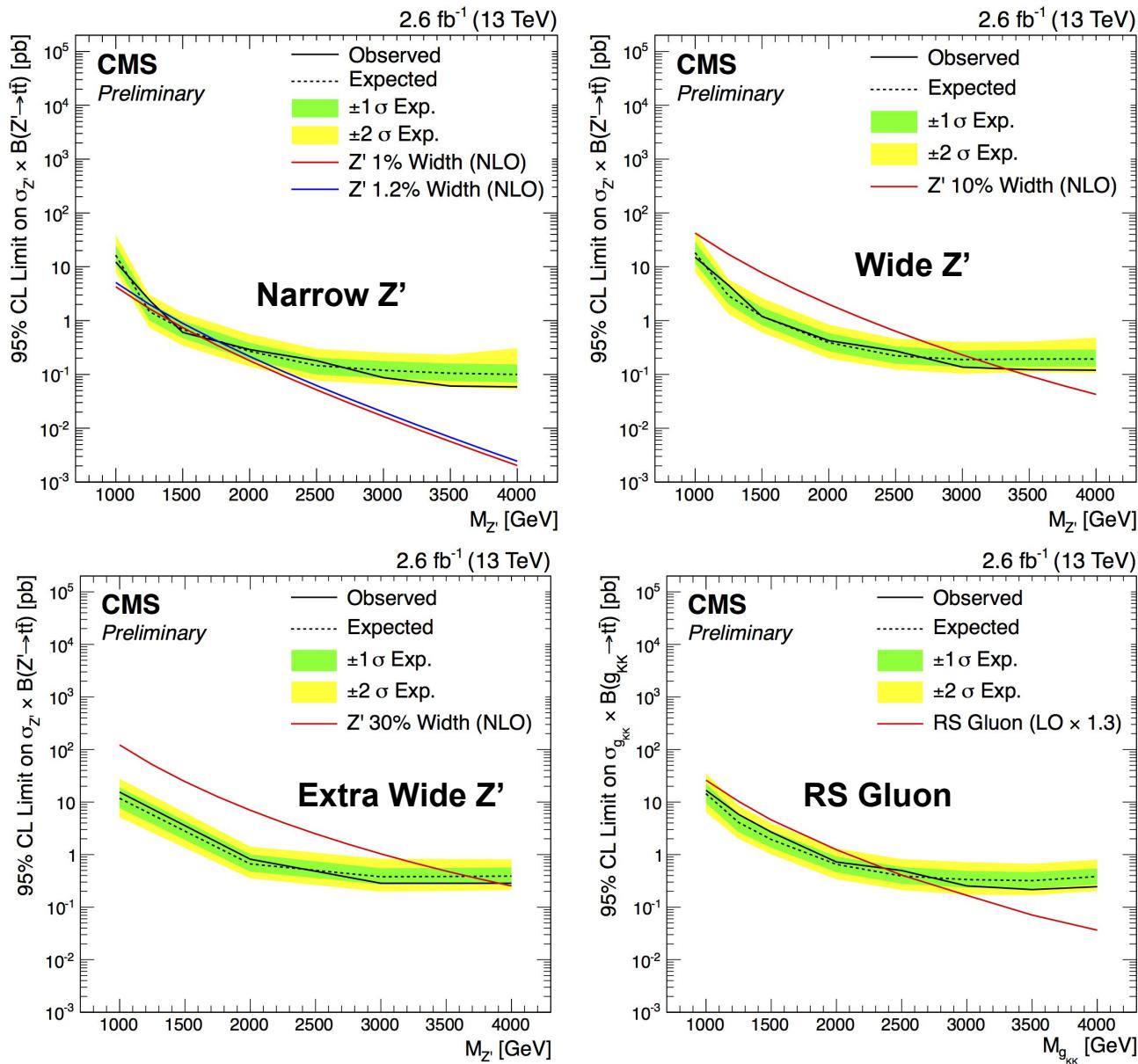
# Top Pair Resonances

- All-hadronic QCD background estimation
  - Model  $t\bar{t}$  invariant mass spectrum
  - Anti-tag:  $\tau_{32} > 0.69$ ,  $m_{SD} = [110, 210]$  GeV

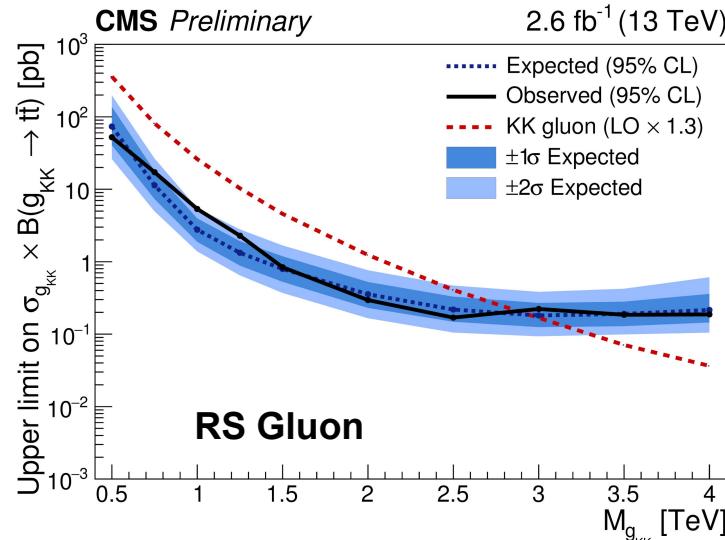
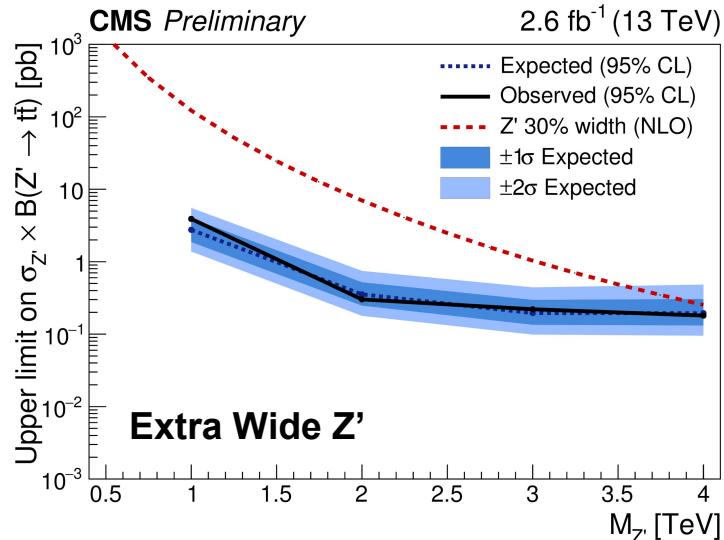
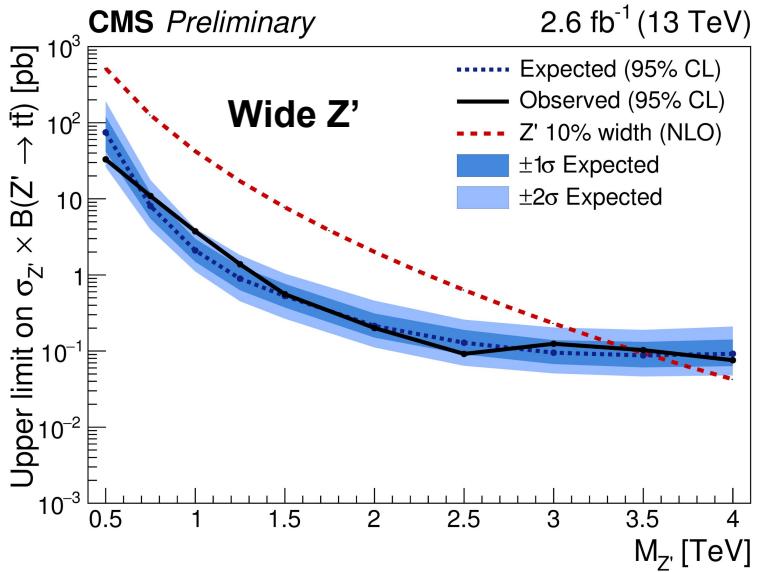
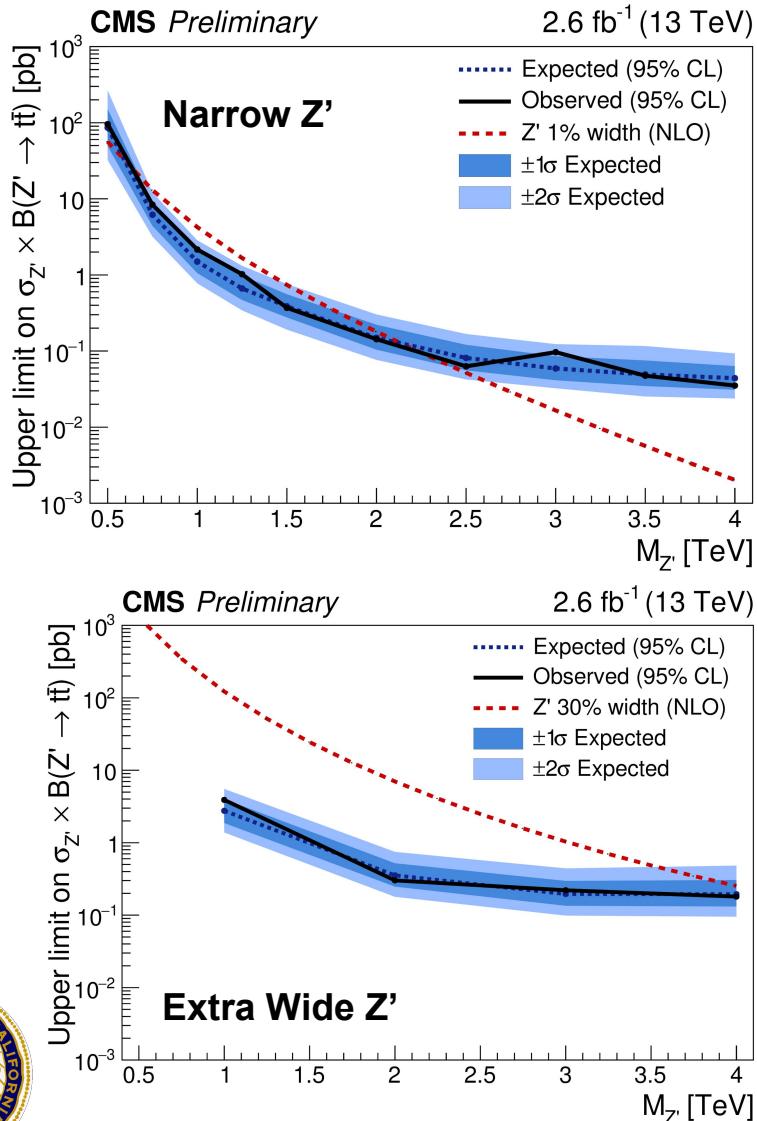


# Top Pair Resonances: All-hadronic Limits

CMS-PAS-B2G-15-002/3

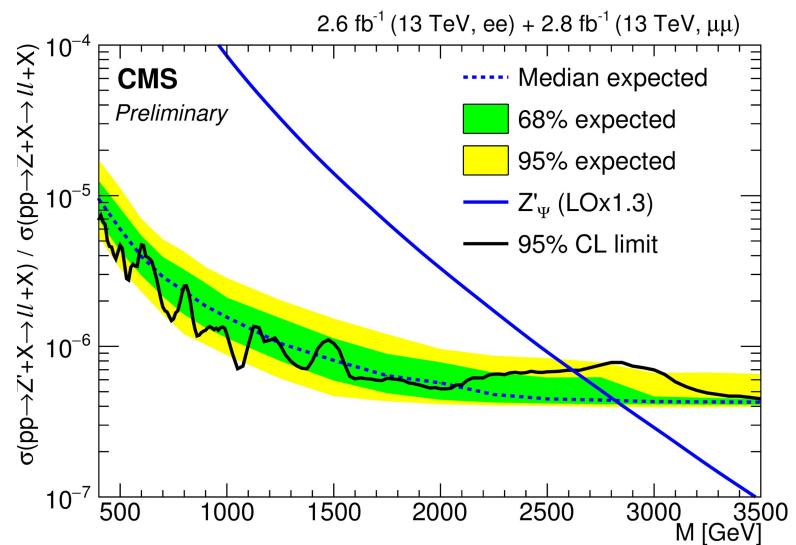
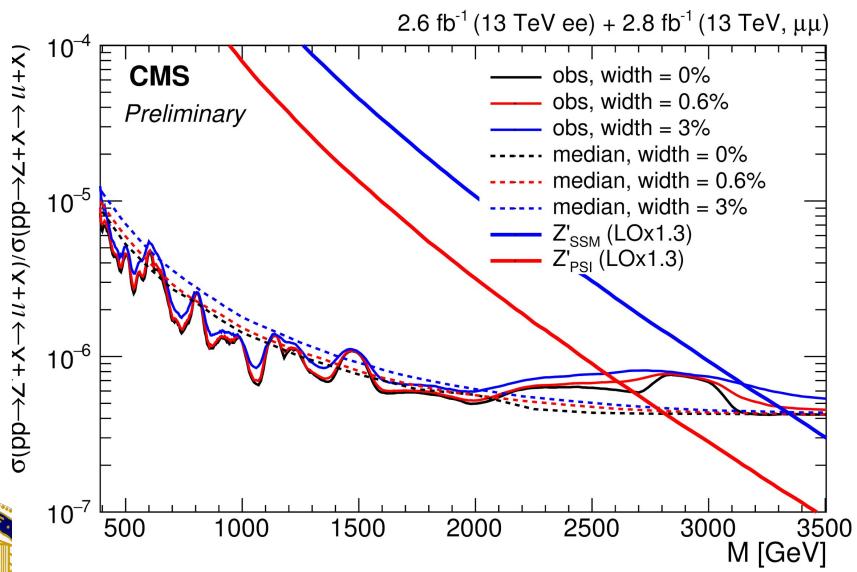
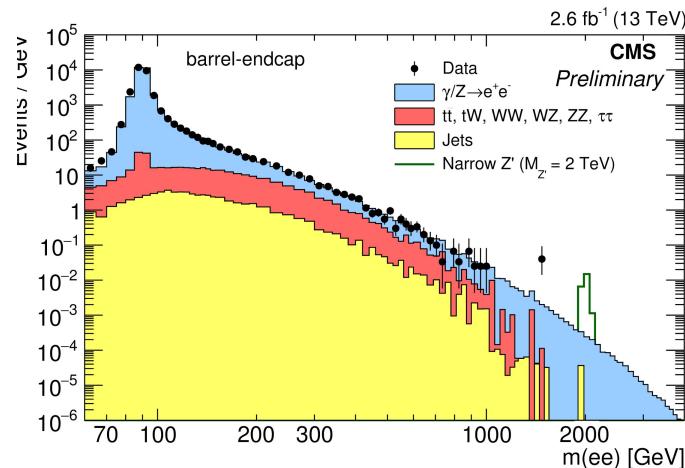


# Top Pair Resonances: Semileptonic Limits



# $Z' \rightarrow \text{leptons}$

- Search for  $Z' \rightarrow \mu\mu/\text{ee}$ 
  - Sensitive variable: dilepton invariant mass
  - electron channel divided into barrel and endcap categories
- Limits surpass Run I results



# $W' \rightarrow tb$ Search

- Search for  $W'_R$  decaying to top, bottom pair
  - Semileptonic channel
- New: no isolated lepton requirement due to boost
- At least one b-tagged jet
- Limits increased: 2.15 TeV → 2.38 TeV; 2.2  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  of data

