

Search for supersymmetry in events with photons and missing transverse momentum

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on behalf of the CMS collaboration

RWTH Aachen University

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GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung

RWTHAACHEN
UNIVERSITY

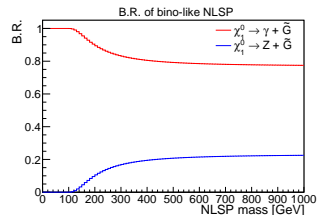
DFG



Motivation and Overview

$\gamma + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ final states well motivated in **Gauge Mediated Supersymmetry breaking (GMSB)** SUSY scenarios

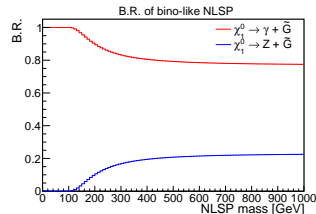
- Gravitino \tilde{G} (essentially massless) is LSP
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ is NLSP and promptly decaying
- Esp. **bino** NLSPs decay with high probability to $\gamma + \tilde{G}$
- **R-Parity conservation** \rightarrow stable LSPs lead to E_T^{miss}
- If strong production \rightarrow high jet activity



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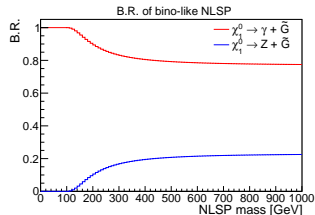
Public photon results:

Reference	Title	Journal (Date)
SUS-15-012	Search for supersymmetry in events with photons and missing transverse energy	PAS (April 2016)
SUS-14-016	Search for supersymmetry in electroweak production with photons and large missing transverse energy in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	PLB 759 (2016) (28 February 2016)
SUS-14-017	Search for SUSY with Higgs in the diphoton final state using the razor variables	PAS (August 2015)
SUS-14-013	Search for supersymmetry in events with a photon, a lepton, and missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	PLB 757 (2016) 6 (5 August 2015)
SUS-14-004	Search for supersymmetry with photons in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	PRD 92 (2015) 072006 (10 July 2015)
SUS-14-009	Search for stealth supersymmetry in events with jets, either photons or leptons, and low missing transverse momentum in pp collisions at 8 TeV	PLB 743 (2015) 503 (26 November 2014)

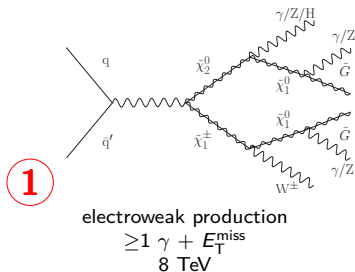
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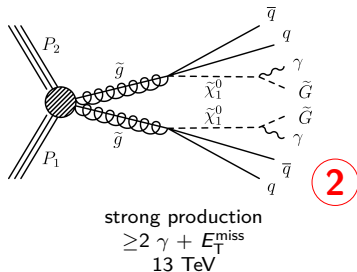
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Single Photon (CMS-SUS-14-016)



Diphoton (CMS-PAS-SUS-15-012)

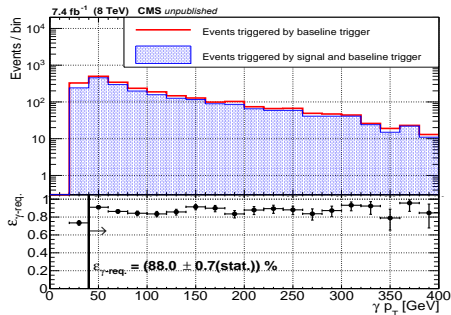
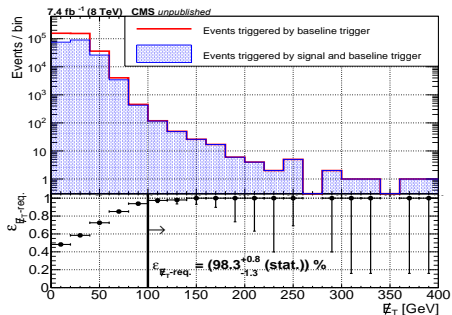


Single Photon \sim “Parked Data”

“Parked Data”:

- significantly lower trigger thresholds, reconstructed after data taking in 2012
- $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 7.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$
- **Signal trigger:** isolated γ with $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV} + E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$
- **Baseline triggers:** isolated γ with $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100 \text{ GeV}$
- $\epsilon_{\text{trigger}} = \epsilon_{E_T^{\text{miss}}\text{-req.}} \cdot \epsilon_{\gamma\text{-req.}} = (86.5^{+1.0}_{-1.3}(\text{stat.})) \%$

→ Higher sensitivity to **electroweak production** and **small mass differences** of the lightest gauginos



Single Photon \sim Selection

- **Preselection:**

- $\geq 1 \gamma$ with $p_T > 40$ GeV
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}, H_T > 100$ GeV

Single Photon \sim Selection

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● Signal region:

- $E_T^{\text{miss, signif}} > 80$

E_T^{miss} significance:



Single Photon \sim Selection

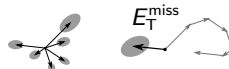
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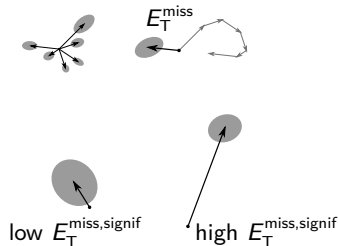
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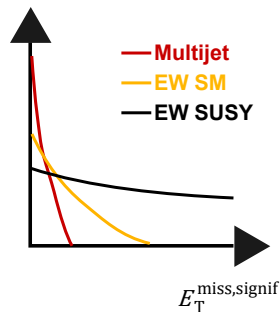
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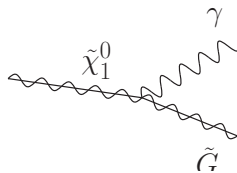
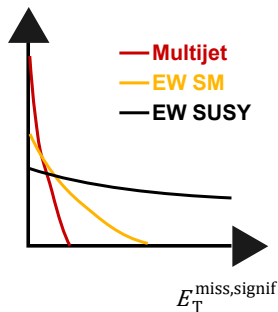
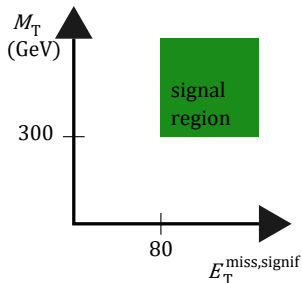
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- $M_T(1\text{st } \gamma, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 300$ GeV



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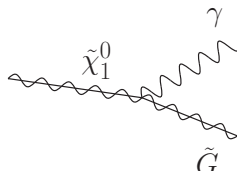
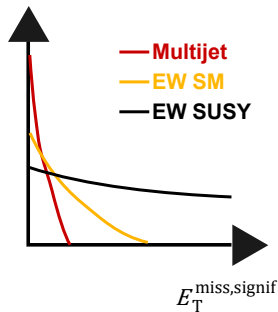
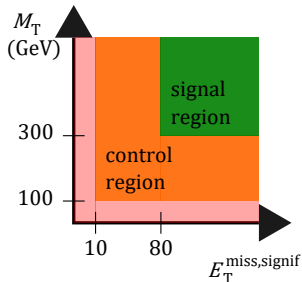
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• Control region:

- $E_T^{\text{miss, signif}} > 10$
- $M_T(1\text{st } \gamma, E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 100$ GeV



Single Photon \sim Background prediction

MC normalization in control region for $V\gamma$ and γ +jets:

Main backgrounds:

- $V\gamma$ ($W\gamma + Z\gamma$) LO MADGRAPH + NLO correction
- γ +jets LO MADGRAPH

Estimation method:

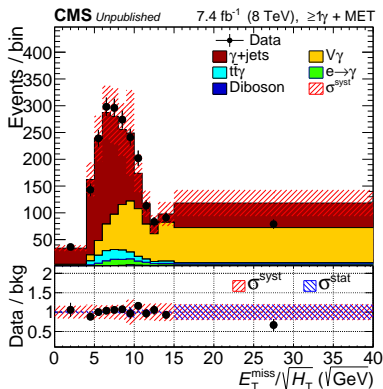
- $E_T^{\text{miss}}/\sqrt{H_T}$ separates the shapes of $V\gamma$ and γ +jets
- Fix other backgrounds
- Fix total scale
- Vary scales of $V\gamma$ and γ +jets and do χ^2 -test

Resulting scale factors:

- $V\gamma$: 0.94 ± 0.23 (dominant uncert.)
- γ +jets: 2.20 ± 0.31

Subdominant backgrounds:

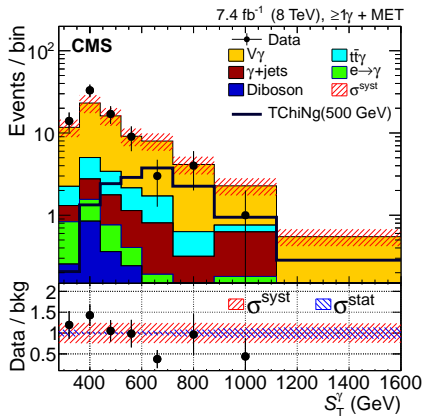
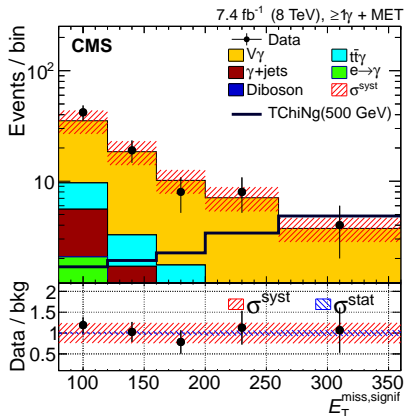
- $e \rightarrow \gamma$ fakes: data driven (11% uncert.)
scaling e control sample by fake probability
- $t\bar{t}\gamma$, Diboson (WW, WZ, ZZ):
MC simulation (26-50% uncert.)



Single Photon \sim Results

PLB 759 (2016), [arXiv:1602.08772](https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.08772)

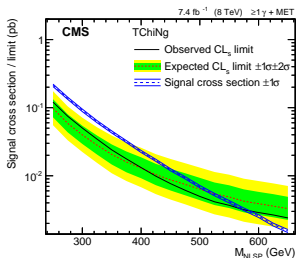
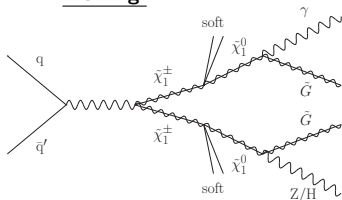
$$S_T^\gamma = \sum_i p_T(\gamma_i) + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$



$E_T^{\text{miss,signif}}$	> 200		< 200	
S_T^γ (GeV)	> 600		< 600	
Background	5.3 ± 1.2		9.7 ± 1.8	
Data	4		8	
	4		65	

Single Photon \sim Interpretation (SMS)

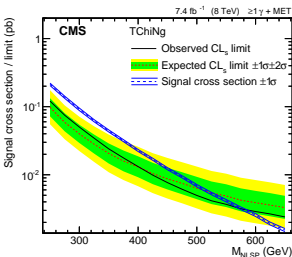
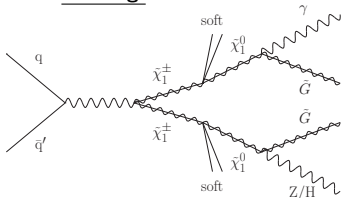
TChiNg:



- $M_{\text{NLSP}} < 570 \text{ GeV}$ excluded
- First limit in this scenario

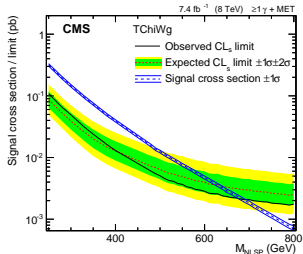
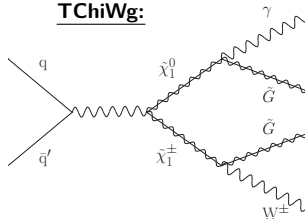
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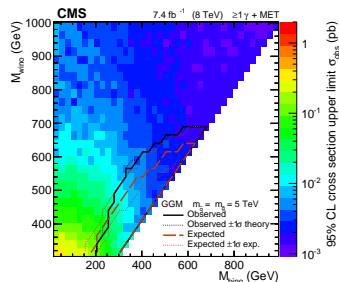
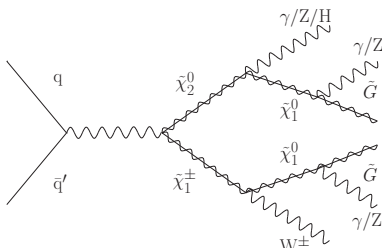
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TChiWg:



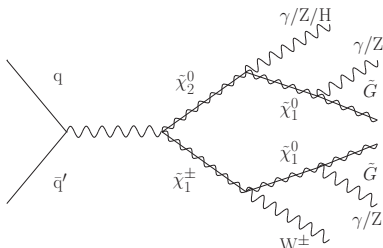
- $M_{\text{NLSP}} < 680 \text{ GeV}$ excluded
- Improving on other 8 TeV results by 140 GeV

Single Photon \sim Interpretation (GGM)

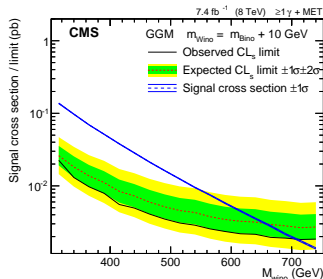
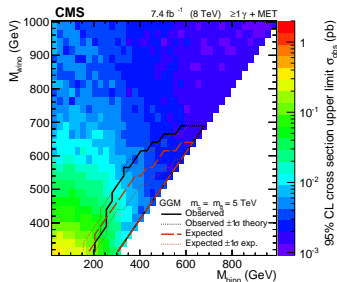


- $M_{\text{wino}} \hat{=} M_{\tilde{\chi}_2^0}, M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}$ and $M_{\text{bino}} \hat{=} M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$
- Analysis sensitive to electroweak production with mass splittings of M_{wino} and M_{bino} up to 200 GeV

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- Analysis sensitive to electroweak production with mass splittings of M_{wino} and M_{bino} up to 200 GeV
- Wino masses below approximately 710 GeV are excluded if $M_{\text{wino}} = M_{\text{bino}} + 10$ GeV
- Improvement of 220 GeV



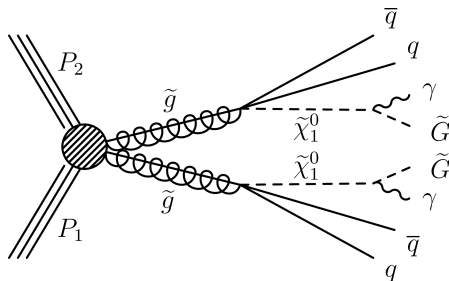
CMS-PAS-SUS-15-012

Diphoton analysis

Diphoton ~ Overview

Data set:

- $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$
- **Signal trigger:** 2 isolated γ with $p_T(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) > 30, 18 \text{ GeV} + M_{\gamma\gamma} > 95 \text{ GeV}$
- $\epsilon_{\text{trigger}} \cdot \epsilon_{\text{photon ID}} = 93.4 \pm 2.5 \%$



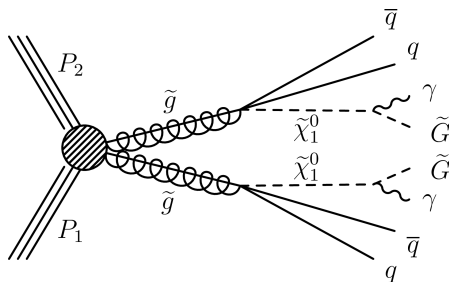
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Signal selection:

- 2 isolated γ with $p_T(\gamma_1, \gamma_2) > 40 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta(\gamma_1, \gamma_2)| < 1.44$
- $M_{\gamma\gamma} > 105 \text{ GeV}$
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 100 \text{ GeV}$



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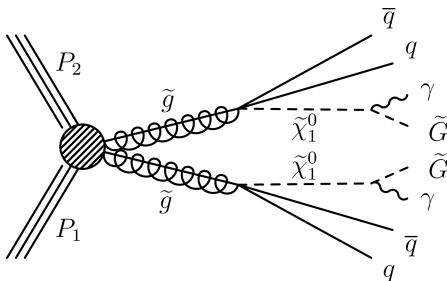
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Search region:

- 4 exclusive bins in E_T^{miss} :
 - (100 - 110) GeV
 - (110 - 120) GeV
 - (120 - 140) GeV
 - (140 - ∞) GeV



Diphoton ~ Strategy

fully data driven background estimation in $\gamma\gamma + E_T^{\text{miss}}$ signal selection



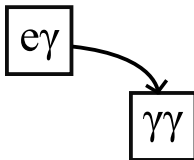
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Genuine E_T^{miss} contribution:

- from $W\gamma \rightarrow e\nu\gamma$, where e is misidentified as γ
- Misidentification rate $f_{e \rightarrow \gamma} = 0.021 \pm 0.002$ measured with tag&probe method on $Z \rightarrow ee$ resonance
- $e\gamma$ control sample scaled by factor $f_{e \rightarrow \gamma} / (1 - f_{e \rightarrow \gamma})$ to predict electroweak contribution

genuine E_T^{miss}



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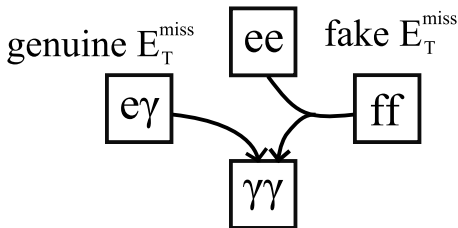
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Fake E_T^{miss} contribution:

- from QCD processes with mismeasured jets
- define fake γ -like objects (f)** with same γ ID, except for loosened ECAL cluster shape **or** charged hadron isolation criterion
- use ee and ff control sample to predict QCD contribution to $\gamma\gamma$ signal sample



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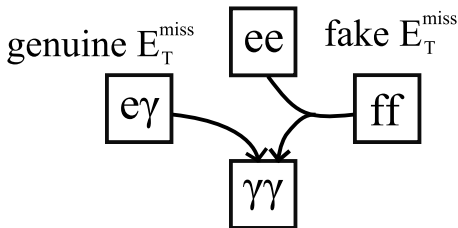
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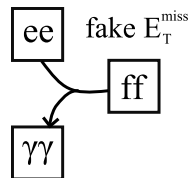
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Diphoton \sim QCD background

QCD contribution:

- Environment of ee and ff control and $\gamma\gamma$ signal event samples have different hadronic activity



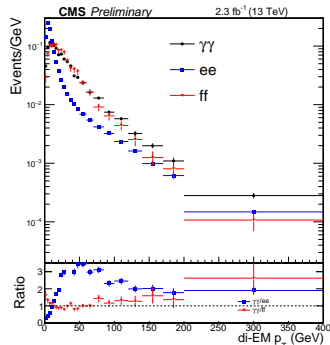
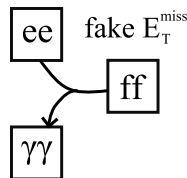
Diphoton \sim QCD background

QCD contribution:

- Environment of ee and ff control and $\gamma\gamma$ signal event samples have different hadronic activity
- As a measure, the di-EM p_T is defined as

$$\text{di-EM } p_T = | \vec{p}_T(EM_1) + \vec{p}_T(EM_2) |$$

- To account for this difference, the ee and ff control samples are reweighted by the ratio of the di-EM p_T distribution with respect to $\gamma\gamma$



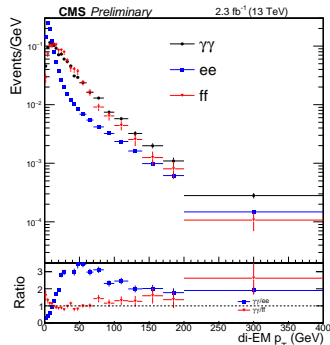
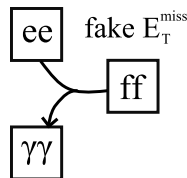
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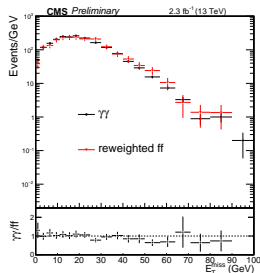
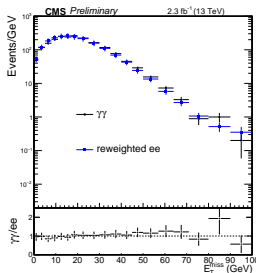
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- To account for this difference, the ee and ff control samples are reweighted by the ratio of the di-EM p_T distribution with respect to $\gamma\gamma$
- ee and ff control samples normalized to $\gamma\gamma$ sample in $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50$ GeV region
- Primary QCD estimate determined by ee control sample, ff sample serves as cross check \rightarrow difference in E_T^{miss} prediction taken as systematic uncertainty



Diphoton \sim QCD background

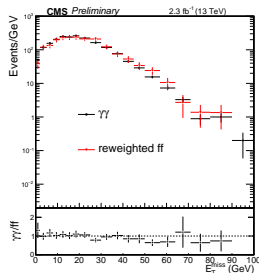
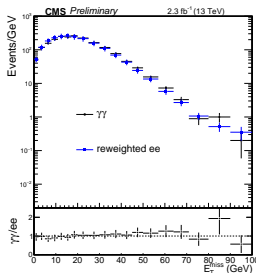
- $\gamma\gamma$ E_T^{miss} distribution compared to
 - reweighted ee (left)
 - reweighted ff (right)



Diphoton \sim QCD background

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- reweighted ee (left)
- reweighted ff (right)



- Systematic uncertainties:

- **di-EM p_T reweighting (15-39 %)**

→ propagation of different reweightings using toy di-EM p_T ratio distributions allowed to vary by $1 \sigma_{\text{stat}}$ of events in each bin of ee control sample

- **dependency on jet multiplicity (15-34 %)**

→ direct difference between di-EM p_T + jet multiplicity reweighting and di-EM p_T reweighting only

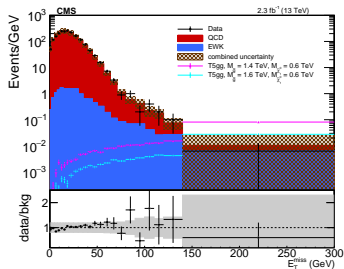
- **E_T^{miss} shape difference between ee and ff control sample (12-150%)**

→ fitting E_T^{miss} tail of ee and ff sample with the function $(E_T^{\text{miss}})^{p_0} e^{p_1 (E_T^{\text{miss}})^{p_2}}$.

Systematic uncertainty taken from fractional difference between the fitted functions

Diphoton ~ Results

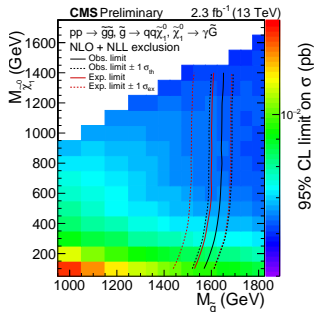
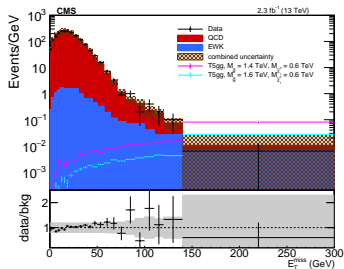
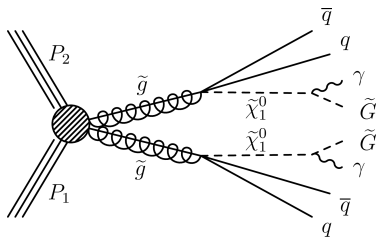
expected: 7.2 ± 2.5 , observed: 9



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- T5gg exclusion at 95% CL:
 - nearly independent from $M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$
 - $M_{\tilde{g}} \lesssim 1600$ GeV
 - improving on previous 8 TeV searches by approx. 300 GeV



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 - **GGM**: Mass splitting of M_{wino} and M_{bino} up to 200 GeV
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Thank you for your attention!

BACKUP

Single Photon \sim Systematic Uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties:

Source	Sample	Rel. uncertainty (on total BG)
$V\gamma$ normalization	$V\gamma$	24 % (19 %)
γ jets normalization	γ jets	14 % (1 %)
Tag&Probe fit	$e \rightarrow \gamma$	11 % (0.3 %)
Cross-section measurement	$t\bar{t}\gamma$	26 % (3 %)
MC simulation	diboson	50 % (1 %)
MC simulation	multijet	100 % (0 %)
PDF uncertainty on acceptance	signal	<0.1–11 %
PDF and scale uncertainty	signal	4–8 %
Luminosity	diboson, multijet, and signal	2.6 %
Trigger efficiency	diboson, multijet, and signal	1.2 %
Jet energy scale	diboson, multijet, and signal	1–2 %

Single Photon \sim Results

Event yields:

	E_T^{miss} sig. > 200, $S_T^\gamma > 600$ GeV	E_T^{miss} sig. < 200, $S_T^\gamma > 600$ GeV	E_T^{miss} sig. < 200, $S_T^\gamma < 600$ GeV	E_T^{miss} sig. > 200, $S_T^\gamma < 600$ GeV
$V\gamma$	4.7 ± 1.2	7.0 ± 1.8	42.3 ± 10.4	5.0 ± 1.3
γjets	0.1 ± 0.1	1.3 ± 0.3	3.4 ± 0.7	$0.0 \pm < 0.1$
$t\bar{t}\gamma$	0.3 ± 0.1	1.1 ± 0.3	5.5 ± 1.5	0.4 ± 0.1
Diboson	0.1 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.1	1.5 ± 0.8	0.2 ± 0.1
$e \rightarrow \gamma$	$0.1 \pm < 0.1$	$0.1 \pm < 0.1$	1.6 ± 0.2	0.2 ± 0.1
Multijet	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Background	5.3 ± 1.2	9.7 ± 1.8	54.3 ± 10.6	5.8 ± 1.3
Data	4	4	65	8
Signal	6.9 ± 0.2	1.7 ± 0.1	1.1 ± 0.1	$0.7 \pm < 0.1$
Acceptance [%]	26.5 ± 0.9	6.7 ± 0.3	4.2 ± 0.2	2.6 ± 0.2

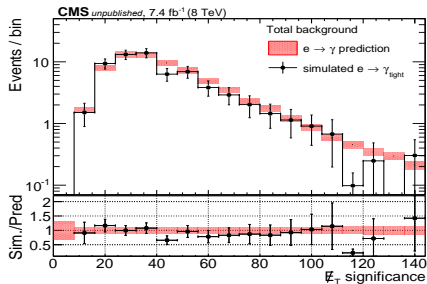
Single Photon \sim Subdominant Backgrounds

Datadriven $e \rightarrow \gamma$ fakes:

- Rerun analysis with same photon definition, but $N_{\text{Pixelseed}} > 0$ (γ_{pixel})
- Scale distributions with factor $f_{e \rightarrow \gamma} / (1 - f_{e \rightarrow \gamma})$
- MC: using MC truth info, Data: tag&probe on Z-resonance (Ref.: CMS AN-13-240, Yutaro et al.)
- Simulation: $f_{e \rightarrow \gamma}^{\text{sim}} = (0.95 \pm 0.05 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.09 \text{ (sample)}) \%$
- Data: $f_{e \rightarrow \gamma}^{\text{data}} = (1.48 \pm 0.10 \text{ (measur.)} \pm 0.13 \text{ (sample)}) \%$
- Closure: generated electron criterion: $\Delta R(\text{gen. } e, \gamma_{\text{tight}}) < 0.1$

From Simulation:

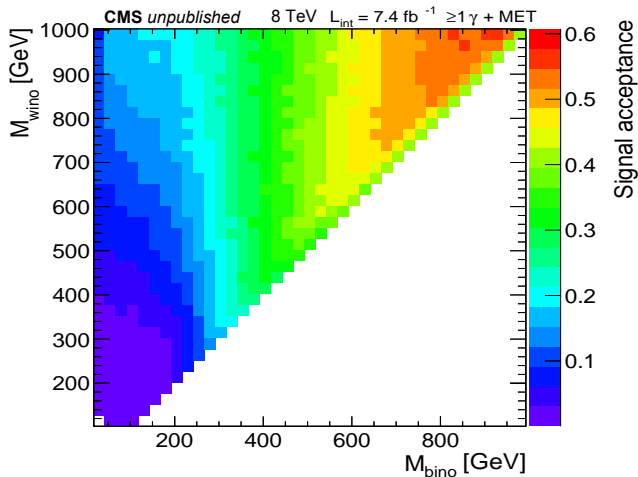
- $t\bar{t}\gamma$
- Diboson (WW, WZ, ZZ)
- QCD (negligible)



Single Photon \sim Cutflow Table

Cut	TChiNg_500		TChiWg_650		GGM_640_630	
	N _{signal}	ε	N _{signal}	ε	N _{signal}	ε
generated	51.0	1.0	21.2	1.0	29.9	1.0
\cancel{E}_T filters	50.98	1.0	21.16	1.0	29.86	1.0
$\cancel{E}_T > 100$ GeV	46.1	0.90	19.9	0.94	27.6	0.93
$\geq 1\gamma_{\text{tight}}$ ($p_T > 40$ GeV)	28.5	0.56	12.9	0.61	17.7	0.59
$r9(\gamma_{\text{tight}}) > 0.9, \eta(\gamma_{\text{tight}}) < 1.44$	26.7	0.52	12.3	0.58	17.0	0.57
$\Delta R(1^{\text{st}}\gamma, \text{nearest jet}) > 0.5$	26.1	0.51	12.1	0.57	16.6	0.56
$H_T > 100$ GeV	21.8	0.43	10.4	0.49	14.3	0.48
control + signal region	21.4	0.42	10.2	0.48	14.1	0.47
signal region	16.3	0.32	8.7	0.41	12.0	0.40

Single Photon \sim GGM Acceptance



Diphoton \sim ee and ff reweighting

