Positron annihilation spectroscopy in material research

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## Theory

Source of the positrons -  $\beta^+$  decay:

$$p \rightarrow n + e^+ + \nu_e$$
 (1)

Doppler effect dependence on the momentum of annihilating pair:

$$E_{\gamma} \simeq mc^2 + E_B \pm rac{p_{\parallel}c}{2}$$
 (2)



Figure: Two gamma quanta emission (511*keV*) from the pair  $e^+$  and  $e^-$  with momentum p annihilation.

## DB method description



#### Figure: Scheme of the measuring system.

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# Spectrum of <sup>22</sup>Na



# Figure: Spectrum of <sup>22</sup>Na

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## Annihilation line



Figure: Annihilation line.

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# Sample preparation







(b) Vacuum heater



(c) Cleaning with ethanol



(d) Ready samples

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# Results: Bronze sample - sandblasting



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# Results: Copper sample - sandblasting



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# Results: Copper sample - pressed



Figure 3a. S parameter in dependency on the etched depth.

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#### Results: Copper sample - comparison



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#### • The measurements:

we used DB spectroscopy to investigate three different samples: sandblasted copper, pressed copper and sandblasted bronze.

#### • The analysis:

in case of the sandblasted samples the S parameter was decreasing simultaneously with the depth. And in case of the pressed sample it was oscillating around the specific value for all depths.

#### • The result:

all the outcomes are consistent with the theoretical considerations.

# Thank you for your attention!







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